GENEALOGIES, BIOGRAPHIES AND HISTORIES OF THE KOLKE AND BERG FAMILIES

(INCLUDING REICH AND WIESE FAMILIES)

Volume Two

Mark A. Kolka

(2026)

INTRODUCTION (Volume 2)

This book is the second of two volumes dedicated to my paternal descendants, and the fifth and sixth books after four previous volumes of my maternal family genealogies and histories.[1] With the invaluable help of others, I am most proud to have extended the knowledge of the Kolke family.

Michal Kolke was born in Posen, Province of South Prussia, Prussia, territory taken from Poland, in 1795. Michal Kolke was probably part of the Prussian population of South Prussia caught up in the Napoleonic Wars, which began in 1803 and ended with Napoleon's defeat at Waterloo and the Congress of Vienna in 1815. In between, Napoleon abolished the Province of South Prussia, establishing the Duchy of Warsaw, where Michal Kolke (and his parents and any siblings) probably lived, until the area became Russian occupied Congress Poland in late 1815. Michal Kolke moved from Posen to Łanięta, Chodecz Parish, Congress Poland, where he married Eleonora Reich, and started their family. The family moved to Volhynia, Russia, sometime between 1826 and 1835, where they were successful and lived their lives. In the 1870s and 1880s, Russia withdrew many of the inducements which had originally lured the Prussians to settle in Volhynia, causing the emigration of some of Michal Kolke's grandchildren to North America, including my grandfather Eduard Kolke.

Those Germans who remained in Russia suffered repeated violations of their human rights, including: being deported to Russia's interior by the Tsar during World War I (and having their land confiscated, during which my great grandmother Wilhelmine Wiese Kolke died); undergoing the forced collectivization of their lands by the Bolsheviks; Stalin's genocide of deliberately starving the Ukrainian population (the Holodomor); Stalin's purges of the 1930s, where he either systematically murdered or removed Germans to Russian gulags, which was meticulously record as if it was just business as usual; and then at the beginning of Hitler's invasion of Russia, deporting the German population in Volhynia to Siberia, Kazakhstan and other remote outposts of the Soviet Union, where most remained until the fall of the Soviet Union. There are not enough adjectives to describe innate Russian brutality, cruelty, ruthlessness and immorality, which exists to this day and is being institutionally inflicted on the Ukrainian people by Vladimir Putin.

I used contemporary geographic and political designations to provide what I believe to be an accurate context of the historical events which influenced their journeys and shaped their lives. Biographies lend context to an individual's experience. I endeavored to provide a comprehensive and accurate genealogy and history, including covering several generations for some of those who were connected to my/our direct line ancestry. This work is not intended to be exhaustive, as there are gaps in the records known to most genealogists, as well as the impact of post-9/11 laws and various privacy and census acts which greatly limit information. I apologize for any typographical and transpositional errors, as I tried to be as thorough as possible in my editing. I used the given names and surnames as they appeared in the original records, many of which preceded universal literacy. I generally did not include unsourced births, marriages, deaths, or middle names or initials, unless their sources indicated they were probably correct. I personally reviewed every record and transcription referenced, and the endnotes and citations provide the avenue for others to confirm and reproduce my results and findings. Web based sites (e.g. *Ancestry*, *Family Search*, *Find My Past*, *Find-a-Grave, Society of German Genealogy in Eastern Europe Master Pedigree*

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[1] *Genealogy, Biographies and Histories of the Family of Richard Martin Born Circa 1730 in the Province of New Jersey* (2003); and *Genealogy, Biographies and Histories of the Goodman & Flaws Families*, 3 Vols (2024).

Database, etc.) were primarily used as search engines and as a means to access the original documents and records, or transcriptions. *Ancestry*DNA™ results were invaluable in confirming familial relationships, which were not possible to identify in the records. My *Ancestry* tree "Kolka-Berg-Martin-Flaws" was constructed with the contents of my research as well as additional supplemental documentation from *Ancestry*.

I wrote in a narrative format so I could "fill out" the individuals whom I researched, and explain my findings and conclusions. I found in most instances "family lore" was only fantasy. My direct ancestors are italicized so my descendants can more easily follow them; although many other ancestors and their associates have biographies and histories in the endnotes. I have entered thousands of names to the *Ancestry.com* database, which I have opened to the public, along with posting the books on *Archives.org* and *FamilySearch.org*.

Mark A. Kolka

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS (Volume 2)

This undertaking was greatly assisted by others who deserve to be recognized. First, is Jack Berg, son of Harry Berg, the original family genealogist, who meticulously documented the Berg family in a substantial "family tree."

My aunt Lydia (Lee) Kolka Hayner provided me with the photographs of the Edward and Ernestine Berg Kolka family.

Łukasz Jósef Bielecki, coordinator of the *Poznań Project* (indexing Poznań area marriages from 1800-1899), was crucial in locating, researching, evaluating and translating original Polish archival and church documents for the Kolke, Reich, Berg, Tober, Elgert and Fandrei families. Without Łukasz this book would be a shell of what his substantial expertise and diligence allowed it to be.

Amanda Kienlen of Estevan, Saskatchewan, a descendant of Andreas Kolke, was instrumental in putting me on to the EWZ documents, of which I was able to obtain hundreds of pages, which were essential to establishing and confirming relationships among the various Kolke families and their members. Amanda was also critical in sharing her years of research as well as discussing and determining fact from fiction in "family lore," which had developed over the decades. Amanda also graciously provided me with copies of the 1857 and 1858 Revisions (Censuses) for the German settlements of Annette and Josephine, Volhynia, and reviewed the drafts of the Kolke chapters. Her travels to Volhynia and the former Congress Poland area provided substantial insight into the lives of our mutual ancestors.

Kristi Schwaderer of the Germans From Russia Heritage Society searched for and provided me with hundreds of pages of EWZ documents, which were invaluable in establishing and confirming relationships among the various Kolke families and their members. I could not have gone as far as I did without Kristi's help.

Lenore Neuman, a descendant of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke through his son August Kolke, and an *Ancestry*DNA™ match with me, also provided reliable factual information relating to her branch of the Kolke family.

The *Odessa3* collection of digitized transcribed books and records plus indexes of microfilms and research aids enabled me to trace individual and family migrations since the early 1800s; which in turn allowed me to locate and review every available vital record between 1836-1885 through *FamilySearch.org* and the Family History Library. *Odessa3's* "*War Documents*" contained information obtained from Nazi EWZs, which I was able to obtain through the GRHS. My extreme gratitude goes to Marcia Momose and her *Odessa3* co-workers, who phenomenally transcribed the birth/baptism, marriage and death/burial records for Volhynia between 1836-1885, and created the *Odessa Digital Library (Odessa3)*: www.odessa3.org, which is an invaluable resource.

The Society for German Genealogy in Eastern Europe's translations of the Volhynian Evangelical Lutheran Church baptism, marriage and burial records circa 1900-1919, and its translations of NKVD records from the 1930s, was invaluable.

Finally, none of this would have been possible with the support of Pauline, my wife, who not only tolerated years of research and writing, but read and edited every word I wrote, sometimes several times. None of my books would have been possible without her.

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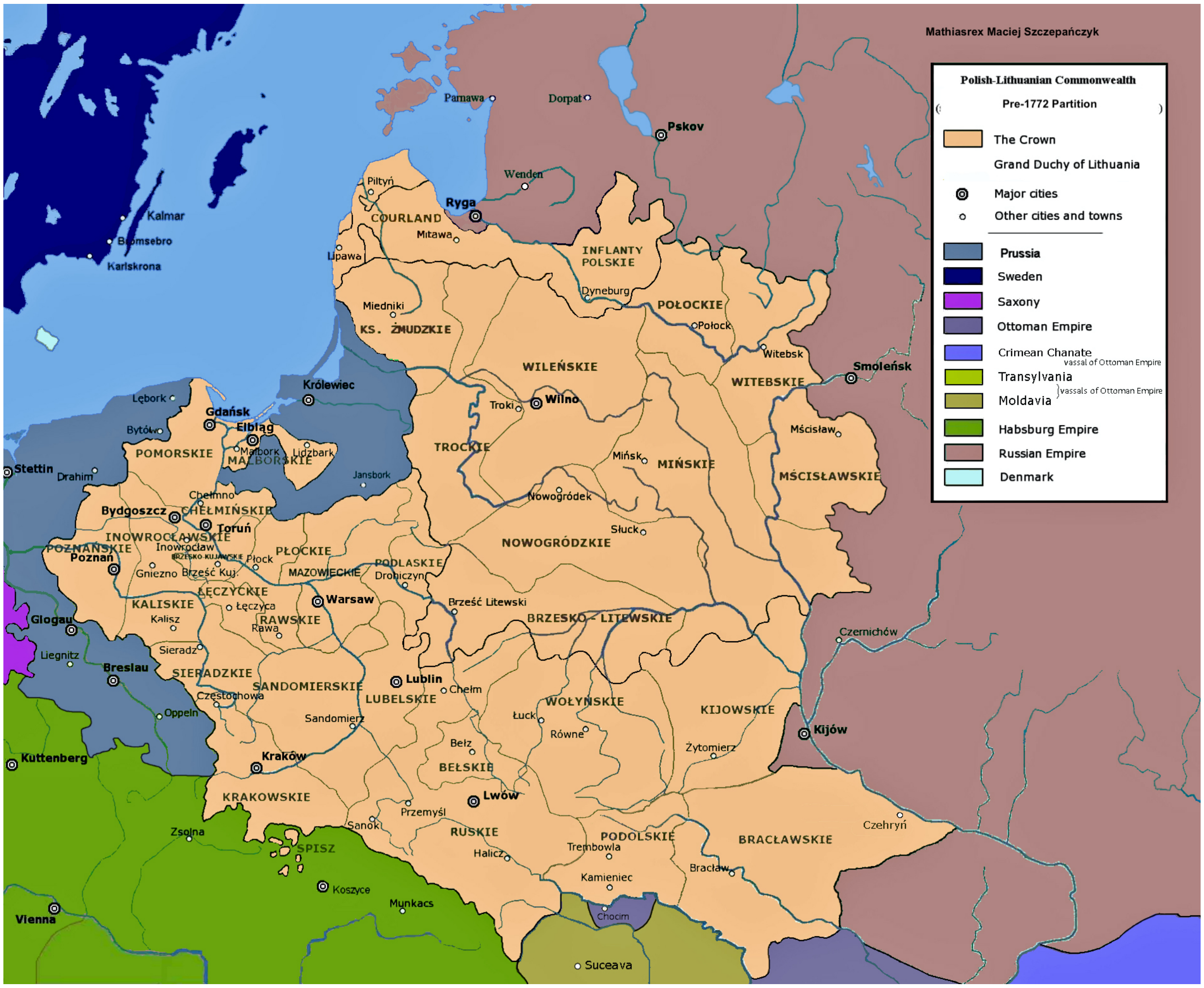
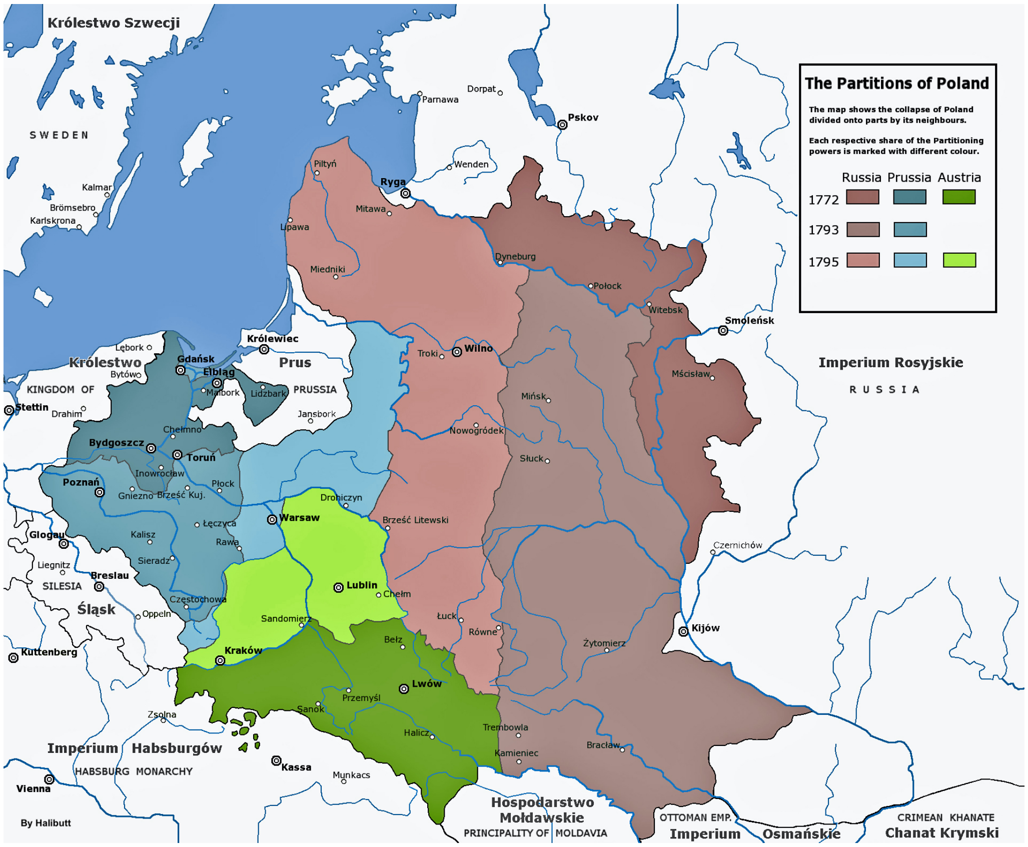
CH. 9: ANNEXATIONS OF THE POLAND-LITHUANIAN COMMONWEALTH; PRUSSIA; GRAND DUCHY OF WARSAW; CONGRESS POLAND; AND VOLHYNIA

The Polish-Lithuanian Commonwealth was formed by the union of the Kingdom of Poland and the Grand Duchy of Lithuania, by the 1569 Union of Lublin, which joined the two states and nations into one, and included West Pomerrelia, Ermeland, Courland, Samogitia, Podlersia, Podlachia, Masovia, and Volhynia. Liberty was the Commonwealth's foundation. Over time, Ruthenians, Germans, Jews, Armenians, Latvians, Tatars, Karaites, Wallachians, Gypsies, Dutchmen, Scots and Italians would form half the population. Most of the state institutions remained either Lithuanian or Polish, and the king was a king of both Lithuania and Poland. Only the Sejm was a parliament of the whole Commonwealth. Before unification Sejm, Poland strove to incorporate Lithuania, while the Lithuania wanted to preserve its *status quo*. Lithuania remained a separate political entity in internal relations, and retained a large, frequently abused, measure of independence in foreign policy, in particular with regard to Muscovy. However, by 1683, the Commonwealth's economic base had collapsed because of war and disease (which were greater in proportion than the losses Poland suffered in World War II). During the reign of Empress Catherine the Great (Catherine II), from 1762 to 1796, Prussian born empress of Russia, Russia intensified its manipulation in Commonwealth's affairs.[1]

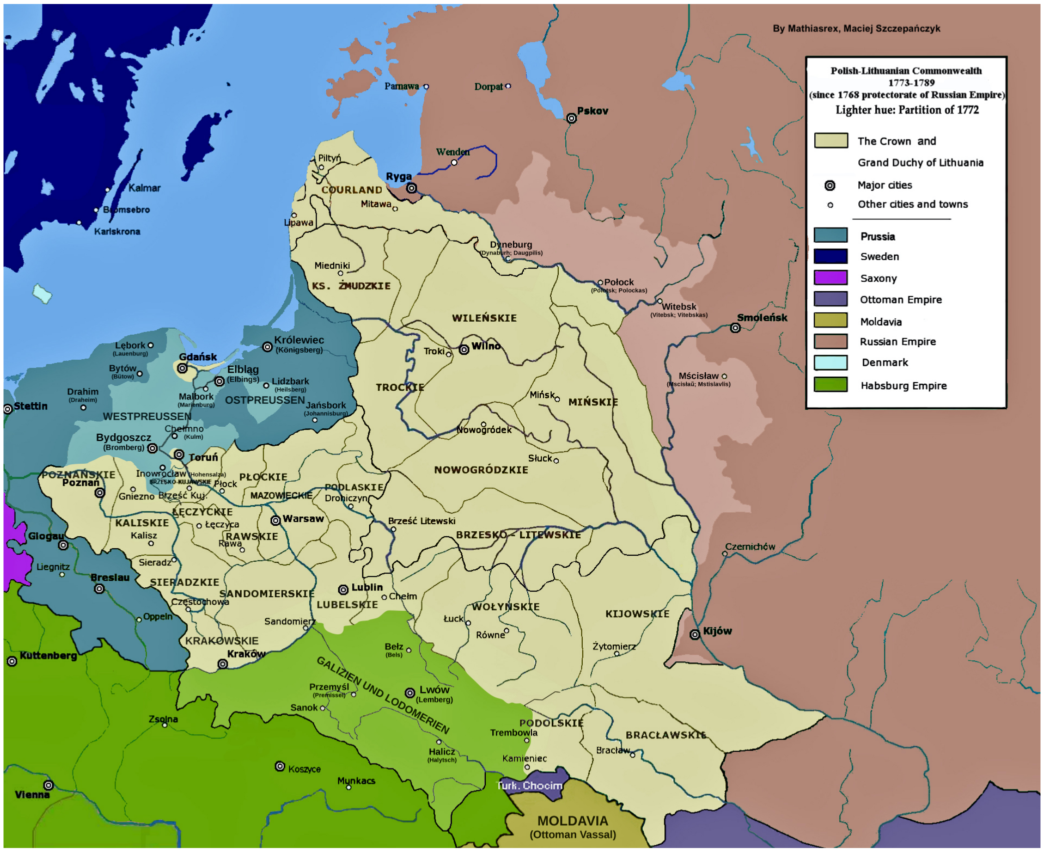

Mathiasrex Maciej Szczepańczyk
Polish-Lithuanian Commonwealth
Pre-1772 Partition
The Crown
Grand Duchy of Lithuania
Major cities
Other cities and towns
Prussia
Sweden
Saxony
Ottoman Empire
Crimean Chanate
vassal of Ottoman Empire
Transylvania
Moldavia
vassals of Ottoman Empire
Habsburg Empire
Russian Empire
Denmark
Parnawa
Dorpat
Pskov
Wenden
Piltyń
COURLAND
Ryga
Mitawa
Kalmar
Bromsebro
Karlskrona
Lipawa
INFLANTY POLSKIE
Dyneburg
Miedniki
KS. ŻMUDZKIE
POŁOCKIE
Połock
Witebsk
Smoleńsk
WILEŃSKIE
WITEBSKIE
Królewiec
Lębork
Gdańsk
Elbląg
Bytów
Malbork
Lidzbark
MALBORSKIE
POMORSKIE
Stettin
Drahim
Jansbork
Troki
Wilno
TROCKIE
Mińsk
MIŃSKIE
Mścisław
MŚCISŁAWSKIE
Chełmno
CHEŁMIŃSKIE
Bydgoszcz
Toruń
Nowogródek
Słuck
NOWOGRÓDZKIE
INOWROCŁAWSKIE
Inowrocław
POZNAŃSKIE
Poznań
Płock
PŁOCKIE
PODLASKIE
Drohiczyn
Gniezno
Brześć Kuj.
MAZOWIECKIE
ŁĘCZYCKIE
Łęczyca
Warsaw
Brześć Litewski
BRZESKO - LITEWSKIE
KALISKIE
Kalisz
RAWSKIE
Rawa
Glogau
Czernichów
Liegnitz
Sieradz
Breslau
SIERADZKIE
SANDOMIERSKIE
Lublin
LUBELSKIE
Chełm
Częstochowa
WOŁYŃSKIE
KIJOWSKIE
Oppeln
Sandomierz
Łuck
Równe
Kijów
Kuttenberg
Bełz
Żytomierz
Kraków
BEŁSKIE
Lwów
KRAKOWSKIE
Przemyśl
Sanok
Zsolna
SPISZ
RUSKIE
PODOLSKIE
BRACŁAWSKIE
Czehryń
Halicz
Trembowla
Bracław
Koszyce
Kamieniec
Munkacs
Vienna
Chocim
Suceava

In August 1772, the first of three partitions of the Poland-Lithuanian Commonwealth began when 30% of Polish-Lithuanian territory, and four to five million people, were annexed by the three powers.

CH. 9: ANNEXATIONS OF THE POLAND-LITHUANIAN COMMONWEALTH; PRUSSIA; GRAND DUCHY OF WARSAW; CONGRESS POLAND; AND VOLHYNIA


The Partitions of Poland
The map shows the collapse of Poland divided onto parts by its neighbours.
Each respective share of the Partitioning powers is marked with different colour.
Russia
Prussia
Austria
1772
1793
1795
Królestwo Szwecji
SWEDEN
Kalmar
Brömsebro
Karlskrona
Parnawa
Dorpat
Pskov
Wenden
Piltyń
Ryga
Mitawa
Lipawa
Miedniki
Dyneburg
Połock
Witebsk
Smoleńsk
Mścisław
Królewiec
Prus
PRUSSIA
Lębork
Królestwo
KINGDOM OF
Bytów
Gdańsk
Elbląg
Malbork
Lidzbark
Jansbork
Stettin
Drahim
Chełmno
Bydgoszcz
Toruń
Inowrocław
Poznań
Gniezno
Brześć Kuj.
Płock
Troki
Wilno
Mińsk
Nowogródek
Słuck
Imperium Rosyjskie
RUSSIA
Drohiczyn
Warsaw
Łęczyca
Rawa
Brześć Litewski
Glogau
Kalisz
Sieradz
Liegnitz
Breslau
SILESIA
Śląsk
Oppeln
Częstochowa
Lublin
Chełm
Sandomierz
Łuck
Równe
Czernichów
Kijów
Żytomierz
Kuttenberg
Kraków
Bełz
Lwów
Przemyśl
Sanok
Zsolna
Halicz
Trembowla
Kamieniec
Bracław
Imperium Habsburgów
HABSBURG MONARCHY
Kassa
Munkacs
Vienna
Hospodarstwo Mołdawskie
PRINCIPALITY OF MOLDAVIA
OTTOMAN EMP.
Imperium Osmańskie
CRIMEAN KHANATE
Chanat Krymski

By Halibutt


Polish-Lithuanian Commonwealth 1773-1789
(since 1768 protectorate of Russian Empire)
Lighter hue: Partition of 1772
The Crown and Grand Duchy of Lithuania
Major cities
Other cities and towns
Prussia
Sweden
Saxony
Ottoman Empire
Moldavia
Russian Empire
Denmark
Habsburg Empire
Kalmar
Brömsebro
Karlskrona
Parnawa
Dorpat
Pskov
Wenden
Piltyń
Ryga
COURLAND
Mitawa
Lipawa
Dyneburg
Miedniki
KS. ŻMUDZKIE
Połock
Witebsk
Smoleńsk
WILEŃSKIE
Troki
Wilno
Mścisław
Królewiec
Lębork
Gdańsk
Bytów
Elbląg
Lidzbark
Stettin
Drahim
Malbork
OSTPREUSSEN
Jańsbork
TROCKIE
Mińsk
MIŃSKIE
WESTPREUSSEN
Bydgoszcz
Chełmno
Nowogródek
Toruń
Słuck
POZNAŃSKIE
Poznań
Inowrocław
PŁOCKIE
Płock
Gniezno
Brześć Kuj.
PODLASKIE
MAZOWIECKIE
Drohiczyn
NOWOGRÓDZKIE
ŁĘCZYCKIE
KALISKIE
Łęczyca
Warsaw
Brześć Litewski
Kalisz
RAWSKIE
Rawa
BRZESKO - LITEWSKIE
Glogau
Czernichów
Liegnitz
Sieradz
Breslau
SIERADZKIE
SANDOMIERSKIE
Lublin
Częstochowa
LUBELSKIE
Chełm
WOŁYŃSKIE
KIJOWSKIE
Oppeln
Łuck
Równe
Sandomierz
Kijów
Żytomierz
KRAKOWSKIE
Kraków
Kuttenberg
Bełz
GALIZIEN UND LODOMERIEN
Lwów
Przemyśl
Sanok
Zsolna
PODOLSKIE
Trembowla
BRACŁAWSKIE
Bracław
Halicz
Kamieniec
Koszyce
Munkacs
Turk. Chocim
Vienna
MOLDAVIA
(Ottoman Vassal)

By Mathiasrex, Maciej Szczepańczyk

CH. 9: ANNEXATIONS OF THE POLAND-LITHUANIAN COMMONWEALTH; PRUSSIA; GRAND DUCHY OF WARSAW; CONGRESS POLAND; AND VOLHYNIA

On May 3, 1791, the Four Years Sejm produced Europe's first written constitution (the Government Act), conceived in the liberal spirit of the contemporaneous document in the United States. Although the 1791 Constitution contained reforms which in a long run could have transformed Poland-Lithuania into a more unitary and absolutist Poland, the partitions prevented this. The paramount importance of religion for identification purposes and for power legitimization was also supported by Article 1 of the 1791 Constitution, which elevated "the sacred Roman Catholic faith" to the status of the "reigning national religion" in Poland-Lithuania.[2]

In 1792, domestic and foreign reactionaries combined to end the democratization process. Polish conservative factions formed the Confederation of Targowica and appealed for Russian assistance in restoring the status quo. Empress Catherine used this opportunity and, with Prussian support, invaded Poland under the pretext of defending Poland's ancient liberties (Polish-Russian War of 1792). Prussia refused to come to Poland's defense under their 1790 pact. Frederick William II of Prussia demanded Tsarist Catherine of Russia compensate Prussia, preferably with parts of the Polish territory, for Prussia's abandoning Poland as a close ally, allowing for a Russian victory. Russia and Prussia abrogated the 1791 Constitution, carried out the Second Partition of Poland in 1793, and placed the remainder of the country under occupation by Russian troops. The Second Partition was ratified by the coerced Sejm, in September 1793. The Second Partition was far more injurious than the first, as Russia received a vast area of eastern Poland, extending southward from its gains in the First Partition nearly to the Black Sea. Prussia received an area nearly twice the size of its First Partition gains along the Baltic, as well as the port of Gdansk (then renamed Danzig).

A general Polish revolt broke out in 1794 under the leadership of Tadeusz Kosciuszko, a military officer who had rendered notable service in the American Revolution. Despite some initial successes, they eventually fell before the superior Russian forces. After the 1794 insurrection, Russia, Prussia and Hapsburg Austria carried out the third and final partition of Poland-Lithuania in 1795, erasing Poland and Lithuania from the map for 123 years.[3] Polish national identity and religion were never extinguished.

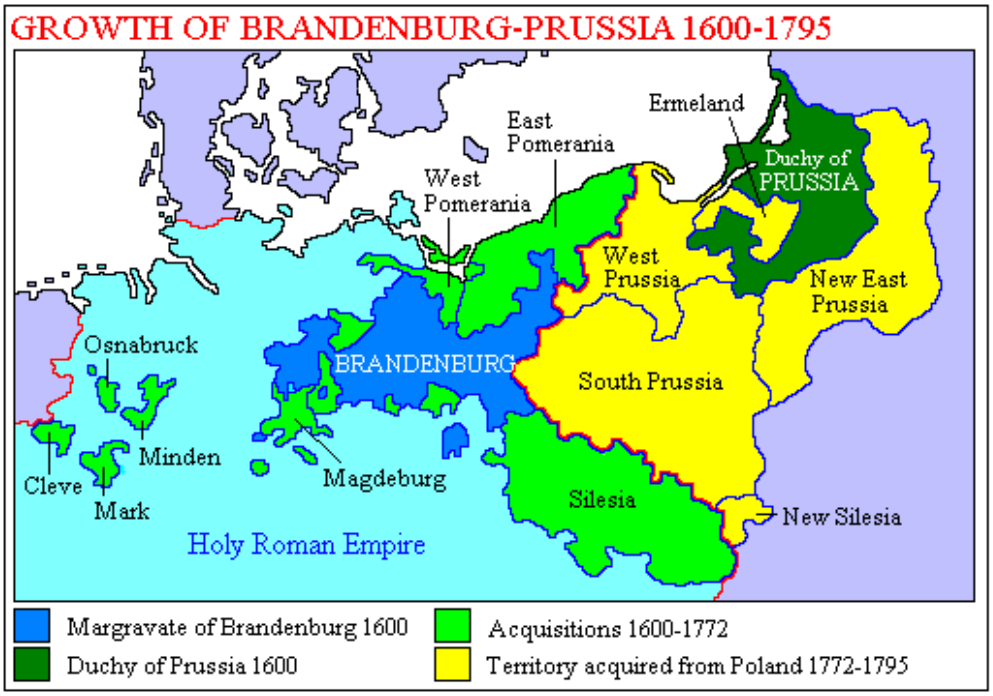
"Russia had received 62% of the Commonwealth's territory and 48% of its population. Its partition zone coincides with today's southern Latvia, Lithuania, Belarus, and west and central Ukraine. The Habsburgs, who only participated in the First and Third Partitions, gained 18% of Poland-Lithuania's lands and 30% of its inhabitants. Today, their zone is split between western Ukraine and southeastern and central Poland. Prussia helped itself to 20% of the Commonwealth's area and 22% of its populace. Nowadays, its sliver of the westernmost swath of the grand duchy is divided between Lithuania and Belarus, while the rest of the Prussian zone overlaps with central and northeastern Poland, including the Polish-Lithuanian and Polish capital of Warsaw."[4]

Kingdom of Prussia 1772-1815

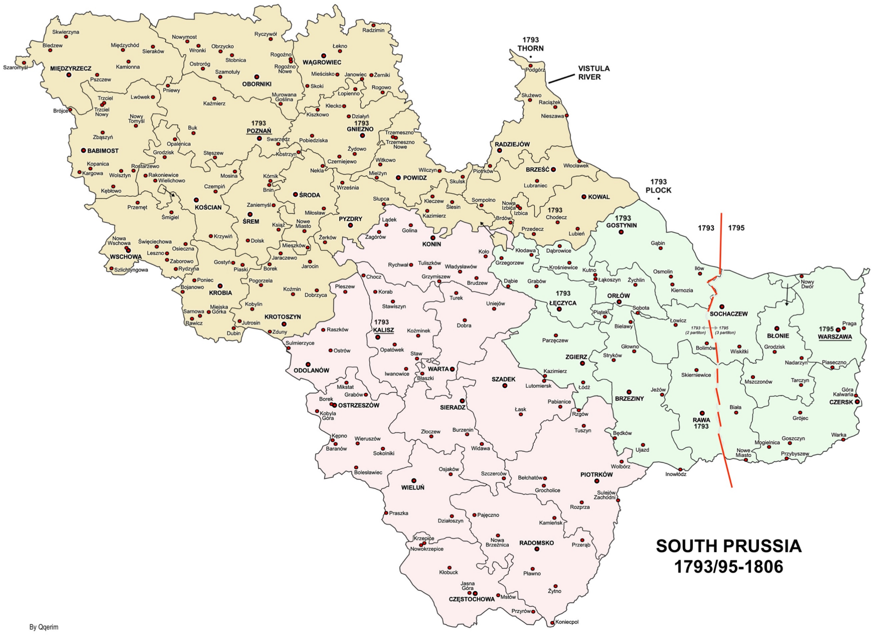
In 1763, Catherine the Great issued her second manifesto inviting foreigners to settle in Russia as part of her desire to "Westernize" Russia. Catherine sent agents into the "German"[5] states for the purpose of recruiting settlers ("kolonists") to develop fertile, uncultivated agricultural lands; offering free transportation to Russia; large tracts of free land; the free exercise of religion; interest-free loans to purchase equipment; freedom from taxes for ten to thirty years; exemption from military service; and local self-government. The Russian invitation was attractive to Prussians who were suffering from widespread poverty, malnutrition, and unemployment resulting from feudal infighting, wars and religious persecution. The largest concentrations of these early

Prussians settled in the Volga River and Black Sea regions of Russia. The extent of the emigration was so great (25,000 Prussians between 1763 and 1767) that Prussian Emperor Joseph II forbade further emigration.

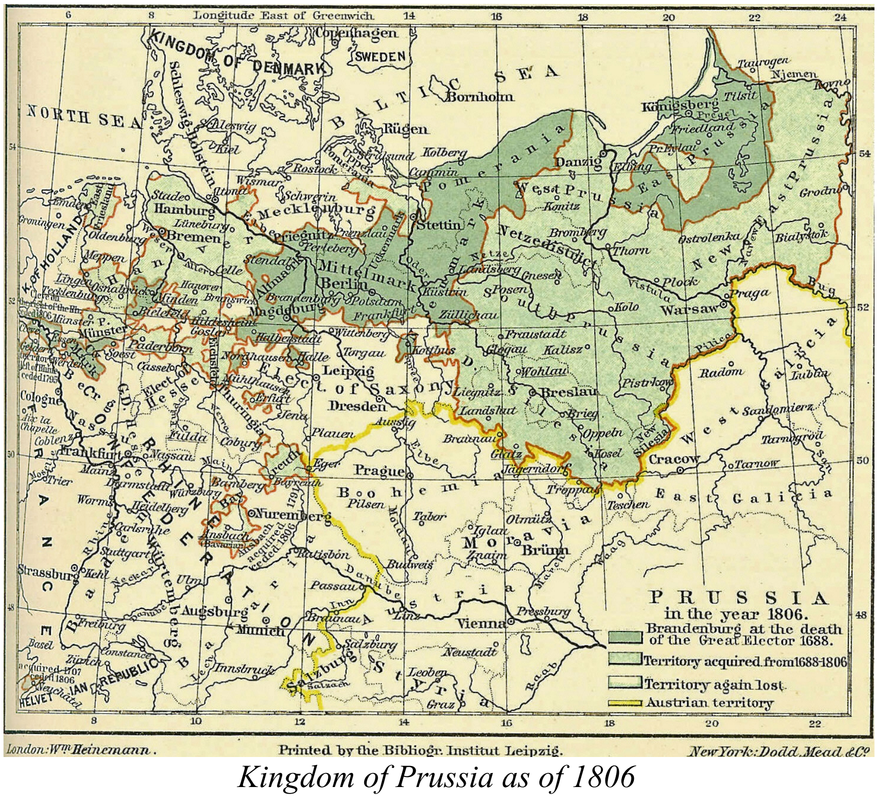
In 1772, the Kingdom of Prussia, seized Chełmno Land (with the exception of Toruń), and lands from the Baltic Sea to Bydgoszcz and Inowrocław. The Second Partition in 1793, made possible by Prussia's backstabbing of Poland, saw Prussia gain Polish territory from Poznań to Płock (west to east) and Toruń to Częstochowa (north to south), including Gniezno, Kalisz, Łęczyca, Gostynin and Chodecz. In the Third Partition of 1795, Prussian territory expanded to the east of Warsaw, north to the Neman/Nemunas/Nieman River, and bordered South Prussia (created in 1793) and East Prussia on the west.


GROWTH OF BRANDENBURG-PRUSSIA 1600-1795
Ermeland
East Pomerania
Duchy of PRUSSIA
West Pomerania
West Prussia
New East Prussia
Osnabruck
BRANDENBURG
South Prussia
Minden
Cleve
Mark
Magdeburg
Silesia
New Silesia
Holy Roman Empire
Margravate of Brandenburg 1600
Duchy of Prussia 1600
Acquisitions 1600-1772
Territory acquired from Poland 1772-1795

The Province of South Prussia was created in 1793, and included Posen/Poznań and Warsaw/Warshau. "Germans" who came to central Poland in the 18th century originated from Brandenburg, West Pomerania, Saxony, Greater Poland, and Silesia; sought to escape the concentration of land ownership and economic stratification of peasants which existed in these provinces/states. Many Polish villages had been destroyed, and the population decimated by plagues and wars with Sweden, Russia and Turkey. Polish nobles, who retained significant land holdings, invited "German" colonists (known as "Hauländer" "Hollander") to settle on their estates. Their settlements were known as "Holendry," and those who settled on royal crown lands were known as "Kolonists." Polish law was replaced by the Landrecht of 1794. The German language replaced Polish in the civil service, judiciary and schools.[6] The settlement of primarily agricultural colonists intensified in the final two decades of the 18th century. In 1798, peasants of Baden and Württemberg were encouraged to migrate to sparsely populated South Prussia, and were reimbursed for travel expenses and granted several years' exemptions from taxes and military service. In 1800, a more organized massive influx brought German farmers to central Poland from Württemberg, Baden, Prussia, Bavaria, Neumark, Bohemia, and the Poznań region. The goal was to restore economic function to abandoned lands. It is estimated between 6,000 and 13,800 people settled in South Prussia between 1793 and 1806.[7]


1793 THORN
VISTULA RIVER
1793 PLOCK
1793
1795
1793 POZNAŃ
1793 GNIEZNO
1793 KALISZ
1793 ŁĘCZYCA
1793 GOSTYNIN
1795 WARSZAWA
RAWA 1793
PIOTRKÓW
CZĘSTOCHOWA
SOUTH PRUSSIA 1793/95-1806
By Qqerim

The Province of West Prussia was initially created in 1773, after the First Partition, and included Chełmno Land (with the exception of Toruń), and lands from the Baltic Sea to Bydgoszcz and Inowrocław. In 1792, Toruń (renamed Thorn) and Gdańsk (renamed Danzig) were added to West Prussia.


Longitude East of Greenwich
KINGDOM OF DENMARK
SWEDEN
NORTH SEA
BALTIC SEA
Königsberg
Danzig
West Prussia
East Prussia
New East Prussia
Netze District
South Prussia
Warsaw
Berlin
Breslau
Cracow
East Galicia
West Galicia
PRUSSIA in the year 1806.
Brandenburg at the death of the Great Elector 1688.
Territory acquired from 1688-1806
Territory again lost.
Austrian territory
London: Wm. Heinemann.
Printed by the Bibliogr. Institut Leipzig.
New York: Dodd, Mead & Co.

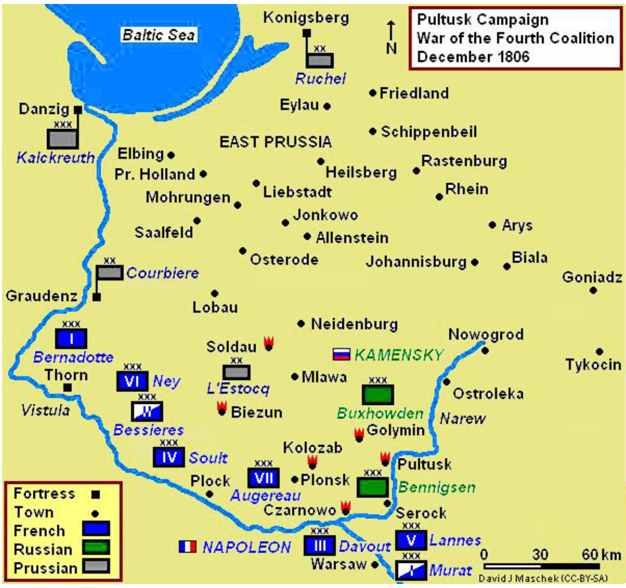
Kingdom of Prussia as of 1806

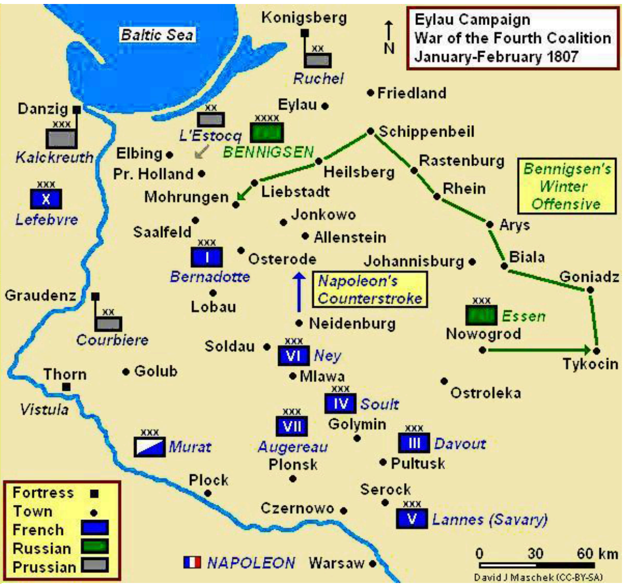
CH. 9: ANNEXATIONS OF THE POLAND-LITHUANIAN COMMONWEALTH; PRUSSIA; GRAND DUCHY OF WARSAW; CONGRESS POLAND; AND VOLHYNIA

The Napoleonic Wars were a series of major conflicts occurring between 1803 and 1815. On one side was the French Empire led by Napoleon (Bonaparte) I, with fluctuating coalitions of countries (depending upon the period and participants).

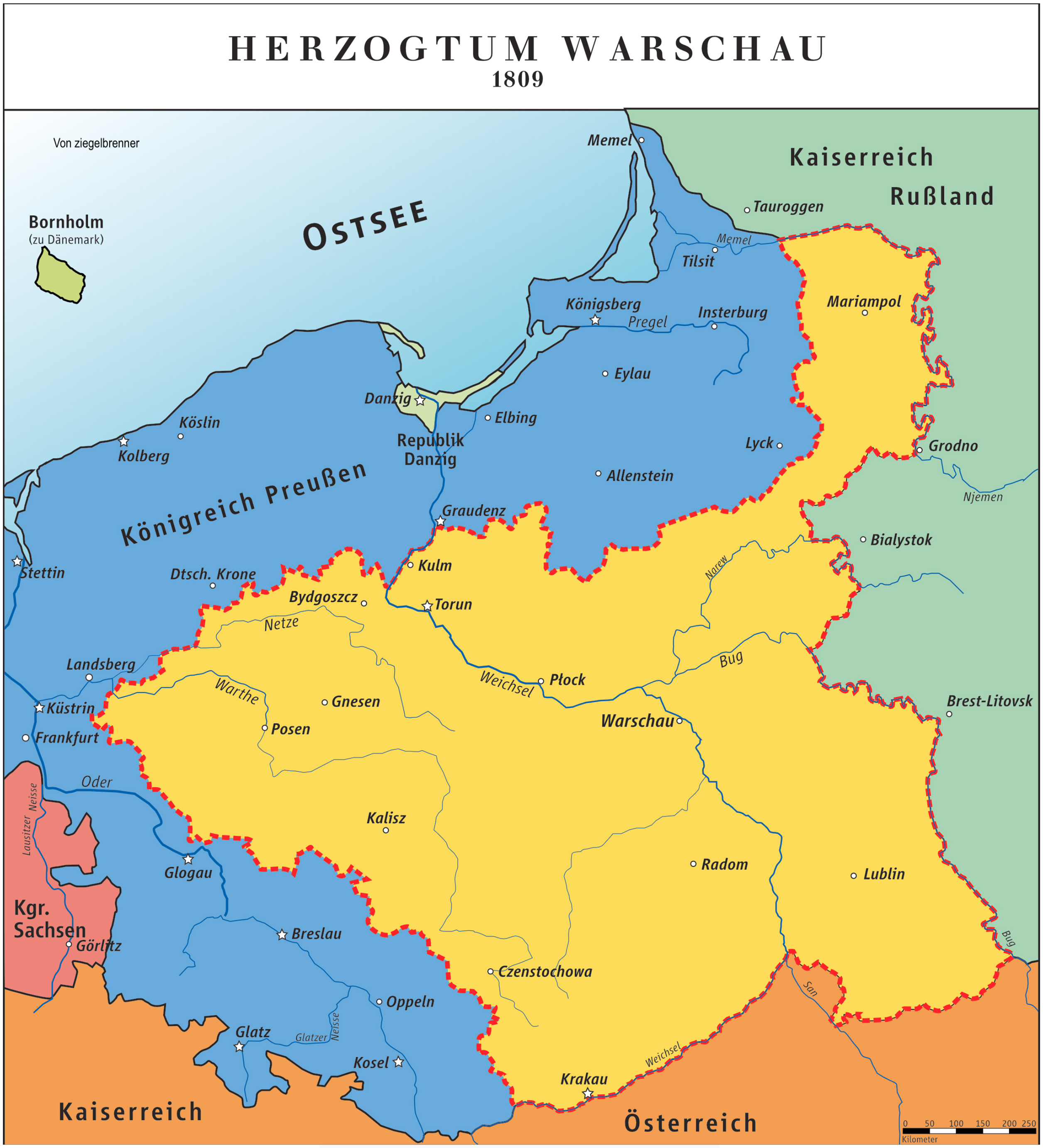
In August 1806, Frederick William III, the King of Prussia, was concerned about the increasing French power (after the Third Coalition), and formed the Fourth Coalition, with Britain, Russia, Saxony and Sweden. On September 20, 1806, Napoleon I issued orders to form a new division from Polish deserters from the Prussian army. There were so many that two days later, Napoleon decided to form a second division. General Jan Henryk Dąbrowski was selected by Napoleon to form a Polish army of 40,000 soldiers, and to lead the Wielkopolska (Greater Poland) Uprising in assisting the French forces in liberating "Poland" (which had ceased to exist in 1795) from Prussian occupation. The Poles hoped for the re-establishment of an independent Poland, as it existed before the three Partitions.

On October 8, 1806, French forces east of the Rhine went on the attack, defeating Prussian armies at Jena and Auerstädt on October 14, 1906, and destroying the entire Prussian army as an effective military force. In only nineteen days, 250,000 Prussian troops sustained 25,000 casualties; lost 150,000 as prisoners; 4,000 artillery pieces; and over 100,000 muskets. Saxony left its alliance with Prussia, and allied with France. On November 3, 1806, Dąbrowski and the Polish Army entered Poznań leading the first units of the French army. Józef Rufin Wybicki was designated to become the future head of the civilian authorities. Fighting continued throughout Poland into 1807. The French also decisively defeated the Russians at Friedland on June 14, 1807.


Pultusk Campaign
War of the Fourth Coalition
December 1806
Baltic Sea
Konigsberg
N
Ruchel
Friedland
Eylau
Danzig
Kalckreuth
Schippenbeil
EAST PRUSSIA
Elbing
Pr. Holland
Heilsberg
Rastenburg
Mohrungen
Liebstadt
Rhein
Jonkowo
Saalfeld
Allenstein
Arys
Osterode
Johannisburg
Biala
Courbiere
Goniadz
Graudenz
Lobau
Neidenburg
Soldau
Nowogrod
KAMENSKY
Bernadotte
Thorn
Ney
L'Estocq
Mlawa
Tykocin
Vistula
Bessieres
Biezun
Buxhowden
Ostroleka
Narew
Golymin
Kolozab
Soult
Pultusk
Plock
Plonsk
Bennigsen
Augereau
Czarnowo
Serock
Fortress
Town
French
Russian
Prussian
NAPOLEON
Davout
Lannes
Warsaw
Murat
0
30
60 km
David J Maschek (CC-BY-SA)


Eylau Campaign
War of the Fourth Coalition
January-February 1807
Baltic Sea
Konigsberg
N
Ruchel
Friedland
Eylau
Danzig
L'Estocq
Kalckreuth
BENNIGSEN
Schippenbeil
Elbing
Pr. Holland
Heilsberg
Rastenburg
Bennigsen's Winter Offensive
Lefebvre
Mohrungen
Liebstadt
Rhein
Jonkowo
Saalfeld
Allenstein
Arys
Osterode
Johannisburg
Biala
Bernadotte
Goniadz
Napoleon's Counterstroke
Graudenz
Lobau
Neidenburg
Essen
Courbiere
Nowogrod
Soldau
Ney
Thorn
Golub
Mlawa
Tykocin
Vistula
Soult
Ostroleka
Golymin
Murat
Augereau
Davout
Plonsk
Pultusk
Plock
Serock
Czernowo
Lannes (Savary)
Fortress
Town
French
Russian
Prussian
NAPOLEON
Warsaw
0
30
60 km
David J Maschek (CC-BY-SA)

On July 9, 1807, in the Treaty of Tilsit, Napoleon officially established the Napoleonic client state, the Duchy of Warsaw, to be ruled by his new ally the king of Saxony. By 1807, the Duchy of Warsaw was inhabited by over 10,000 "German" settlers.[8] Prussia was reduced to half its former population, losing all possessions west of the Elbe and almost all the territory gained in the three partitions of Poland. In 1809 the Grand Duchy of Warsaw was augmented with territory ceded to it by Austria in the Treaty of Schönbrunn.


HERZOGTUM WARSCHAU
1809
Von ziegelbrenner
Bornholm
(zu Dänemark)
OSTSEE
Memel
Kaiserreich
Rußland
Tauroggen
Memel
Tilsit
Königsberg
Pregel
Insterburg
Mariampol
Eylau
Danzig
Elbing
Köslin
Kolberg
Republik
Danzig
Lyck
Grodno
Allenstein
Njemen
Königreich Preußen
Graudenz
Bialystok
Stettin
Dtsch. Krone
Kulm
Narew
Bydgoszcz
Torun
Netze
Landsberg
Bug
Weichsel
Płock
Brest-Litovsk
Küstrin
Warthe
Gnesen
Warschau
Frankfurt
Posen
Oder
Lausitzer Neisse
Kalisz
Glogau
Radom
Lublin
Kgr.
Sachsen
Görlitz
Breslau
Bug
Czenstochowa
San
Oppeln
Glatz
Glatzer Neisse
Kosel
Krakau
Weichsel
Kaiserreich
Österreich
0 50 100 150 200 250
Kilometer

Grand Duchy of Warsaw, 1809–1815

The Duchy of Warsaw was a constitutional monarchy recognizing Roman Catholicism as the state religion. The newly recreated state, although formally an independent duchy, was a satellite state of the French Republic/French Empire. Its prime ministers were Polish, and its Legislature (Sejm) was essentially powerless. Those enfranchised to vote included landowners (and peasants if landowners), owners of large businesses, clergy, artists, scientists, and the military. Poles expected the Duchy would be upgraded to the status of a Kingdom, and they hoped that after Napoleon's invasion of Russia, they would be joined by the liberated territories of the Grand Duchy of Lithuania, restoring the former Polish–Lithuanian Commonwealth. "The Constitution of the Duchy of Warsaw which was officially called the Constitutional Act and was in fact imposed by Napoleon on the Poles did not provide for any legal possibility of it being changed. … Polish sovereignty being thus subject to a considerable limitation."[9]

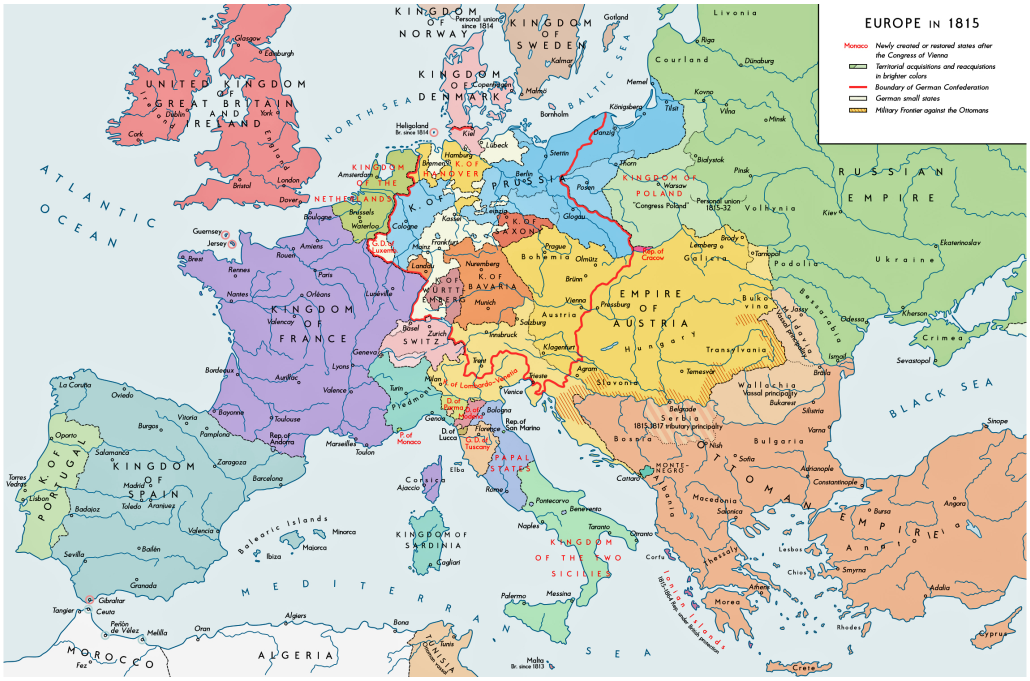
In 1808, the Duchy of Warsaw introduced the Napoleonic Code establishing state secular law, to be applied to all religions and denominations. Civil status activities (i.e. recordation of births, marriages and deaths) were to continue to be performed by clergy. Significantly, many records are replete with information describing not only the participants, event and dates, but its location, ages and parents, occupations and other information.

Over 90% of the German settlers who arrived in the second half of the 18th century and at the beginning of the 19th century were Lutheran.[10] The first Augsburg Evangelical parishes in central Poland had been established in in Władysławowo and Stawiszyn in the 1770s. As of the establishment of the Duchy of Warsaw, six parishes were established: Kalisz (1795), Babiak (1796), Grodziec (1796), Brużyca Wielka (1801), and Dąbie (1806). Four more parishes appeared between 1808 and 1815: Prażuchy (1808), Sobiesęki (1808), Łask (1809), and Ozorków (1814).[11]

In the 1810 census, the Duchy of Warsaw had a population of 4,334,000, of whom a clear majority were ethnic Poles. 363,300 representatives of the German minority of the Augsburg Evangelical faith lived in the Duchy of Warsaw, constituting 8.3% of the total population. The largest number of Augsburg Evangelicals lived in the departments of Poznań (138,500) and Bydgoszcz (107,700), and somewhat less in the departments of Warsaw (35,000) and Kalisz (32,800).[12]

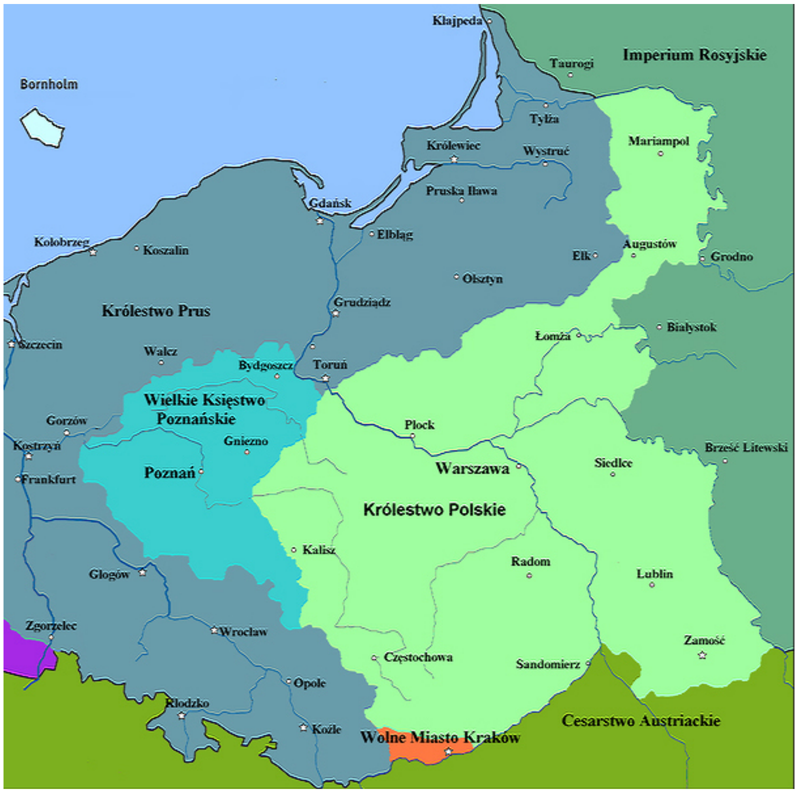
After Napoleon's failed invasion of Russia in 1812, the Duchy of Warsaw fell to Russian forces in January 1813, and remained occupied by Prussian and Russian troops until 1815. Polish expectations of an independent kingdom ended with Napoleon's surrender in May 1814.

The Congress of Vienna was commenced in September 1814, and continued meeting until June 1815. In January 1815, Britian, Austria and France signed a treaty to thwart Russia from acquiring most of Poland, and Prussia from acquiring Saxony.


EUROPE IN 1815
Monaco Newly created or restored states after the Congress of Vienna
Territorial acquisitions and reacquistions in brighter colors
Boundary of German Confederation
German small states
Military Frontier against the Ottomans
UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND
KINGDOM OF NORWAY
KINGDOM OF SWEDEN
KINGDOM OF DENMARK
KINGDOM OF THE NETHERLANDS
K. OF HANOVER
PRUSSIA
KINGDOM OF POLAND
Congress Poland
K. OF SAXONY
K. OF BAVARIA
EMPIRE OF AUSTRIA
KINGDOM OF FRANCE
SWITZ.
KINGDOM OF SPAIN
K. OF PORTUGAL
KINGDOM OF SARDINIA
PAPAL STATES
KINGDOM OF THE TWO SICILIES
OTTOMAN EMPIRE
RUSSIAN EMPIRE
ATLANTIC OCEAN
NORTH SEA
BALTIC SEA
BLACK SEA
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
MOROCCO
ALGERIA
Livonia
Courland
Volhynia
Podolia
Galicia
Ukraine
Bessarabia
Moldavia
Wallachia
Serbia
Bosnia
Bulgaria
Transylvania
Hungary
Bohemia
Warsaw
Berlin
Vienna
Cracow
Rep. of Cracow
Danzig
Königsberg
Posen
Lemberg
Kiev
Paris
London
Madrid
Rome
Naples
Constantinople

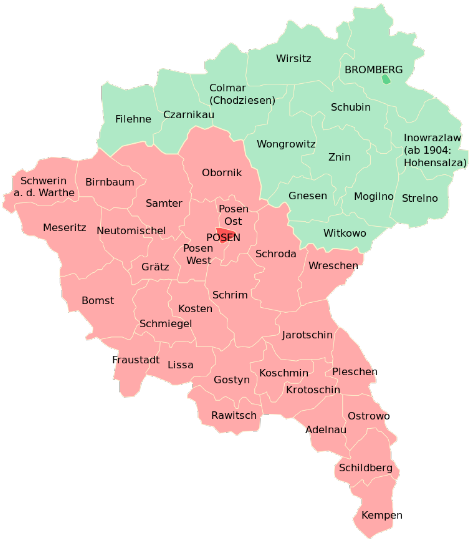
The Congress' "Final Act" was adopted on June 9, 1815, and in October 1815, the Duchy of Warsaw was formally partitioned between Russia and Prussia.

The Kingdom of Prussia reacquired the territory it annexed in the First and Second Partitions, including Chełmno Land, Kuyavia, the majority of Greater Poland (Wielkopolskie), Posen (newly formed Grand Duchy of Posen), Gniezno, Thorn and Danzig. However, most of South Prussia and territory annexed by Prussia in the Third Partition of Poland was ceded to Russia.


Klajpeda
Taurogi
Imperium Rosyjskie
Bornholm
Tylża
Królewiec
Wystruć
Mariampol
Pruska Iława
Gdańsk
Elbląg
Kołobrzeg
Koszalin
Augustów
Grodno
Ełk
Olsztyn
Grudziądz
Królestwo Prus
Białystok
Łomża
Szczecin
Wałcz
Bydgoszcz
Toruń
Wielkie Księstwo Poznańskie
Gorzów
Kostrzyń
Gniezno
Płock
Brześć Litewski
Siedlce
Warszawa
Frankfurt
Poznań
Królestwo Polskie
Kalisz
Radom
Lublin
Głogów
Zgorzelec
Wrocław
Zamość
Częstochowa
Sandomierz
Opole
Kłodzko
Cesarstwo Austriackie
Koźle
Wolne Miasto Kraków

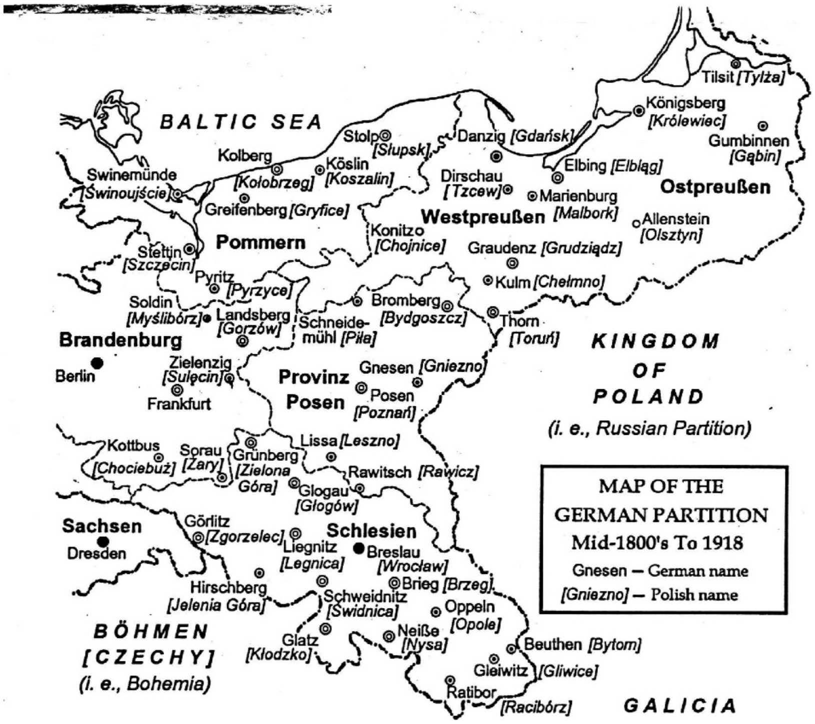
1815 Grand Duchy of Poznań & Kingdom of Poland

Prussia split the Grand Duchy of Posen into two administrative parts: Bromberg (Bydgoszcz) in the north and Posen (Poznań) in the south.


Wirsitz
BROMBERG
Colmar (Chodziesen)
Schubin
Filehne
Czarnikau
Inowrazlaw (ab 1904: Hohensalza)
Wongrowitz
Znin
Oborník
Schwerin a. d. Warthe
Birnbaum
Gnesen
Mogilno
Strelno
Samter
Posen Ost
Meseritz
Neutomischel
POSEN
Witkowo
Posen West
Schroda
Grätz
Wreschen
Bomst
Schrim
Kosten
Schmiegel
Jarotschin
Fraustadt
Lissa
Gostyn
Koschmin
Pleschen
Krotoschin
Rawitsch
Ostrowo
Adelnau
Schildberg
Kempen

The Prussian government supported the colonization of Posen with vast amounts of money. As they had for centuries, Prussians and other "Germans" continued to settle in Posen and Congress Poland, which were also used as a stepping off point for future eastward migration. Most of the Prussian and German settlers were Evangelical Lutheran. German speaking inhabitants lived primarily in the northern and western parts of the province. The central and southern parts of the province generally retained their Polish and Catholic identity.

In 1815, Prussian King Wilhelm III assured the Poles of the "Grand Duchy of Posen," also known as the Province of Posen, that they could maintain their nationality and language, except that German would be the language of administration. The Archdiocese Gniezno-Poznań was created in 1821, and by 1823 peasants were freed of their feudal obligations. Poles supported the 1830 rebellion in Russian occupied Poland, which resulted in the Grand Duchy of Posen losing its special status, and was thereafter treated the same as all other Prussian provinces. A policy of "Germanification" was established to reduce the influence of the Polish nobility and clergy. The Archbishop of Gniezno-Poznań was removed. In 1848, a military rebellion erupted in Posen in conjunction with revolution which was occurring throughout Prussia.


BALTIC SEA
Tilsit [Tylża]
Königsberg [Królewiec]
Gumbinnen [Gąbin]
Stolp [Słupsk]
Danzig [Gdańsk]
Kolberg [Kołobrzeg]
Köslin [Koszalin]
Swinemünde [Świnoujście]
Dirschau [Tczew]
Elbing [Elbląg]
Marienburg [Malbork]
Ostpreußen
Greifenberg [Gryfice]
Westpreußen
Allenstein [Olsztyn]
Konitz [Chojnice]
Stettin [Szczecin]
Pommern
Graudenz [Grudziądz]
Pyritz [Pyrzyce]
Kulm [Chełmno]
Soldin [Myślibórz]
Landsberg [Gorzów]
Bromberg [Bydgoszcz]
Thorn [Toruń]
Schneidemühl [Piła]
Brandenburg
KINGDOM OF POLAND
(i. e., Russian Partition)
Berlin
Zielenzig [Sulęcin]
Provinz Posen
Gnesen [Gniezno]
Posen [Poznań]
Frankfurt
Kottbus [Chociebuż]
Sorau [Żary]
Grünberg [Zielona Góra]
Lissa [Leszno]
Rawitsch [Rawicz]
Glogau [Głogów]
Sachsen
Dresden
Görlitz [Zgorzelec]
Schlesien
Liegnitz [Legnica]
Breslau [Wrocław]
Hirschberg [Jelenia Góra]
Schweidnitz [Świdnica]
Brieg [Brzeg]
Oppeln [Opole]
BÖHMEN [CZECHY]
(i. e., Bohemia)
Glatz [Kłodzko]
Neiße [Nysa]
Beuthen [Bytom]
Gleiwitz [Gliwice]
Ratibor [Racibórz]
GALICIA
MAP OF THE GERMAN PARTITION
Mid-1800's To 1918
Gnesen – German name
[Gniezno] – Polish name

In 1871, Bismarck believed Poland's nobility and Catholic clergy was threatening the newly established German Empire. The archbishop was deposed and jailed, as were most high level Catholic Church officials. Many Catholic parishes went decades without a priest. German became the only official language in Posen, and the names of towns and villages were slowly Germanized.

Between 1808 and 1874, vital records (births, baptism, marriage and death) were created and maintained by the religious authorities (i.e. parish priest, pastor or rabbi), who also prepared duplicate records for the local justice court. After 1874, the German administration for the local territory called "Standesämt" registered these events, although some pastors continued to keep parish registers for internal use.

The Catholic Church also kept records for the Polish. Even though they were eliminated from official and public life, original Polish names were still used by the Polish-speaking inhabitants and by the Catholic Church. By 1885 Posen was home to 725,000 Germans, out of a total population of 1.7 million.

Kingdom of Poland (Congress Poland)

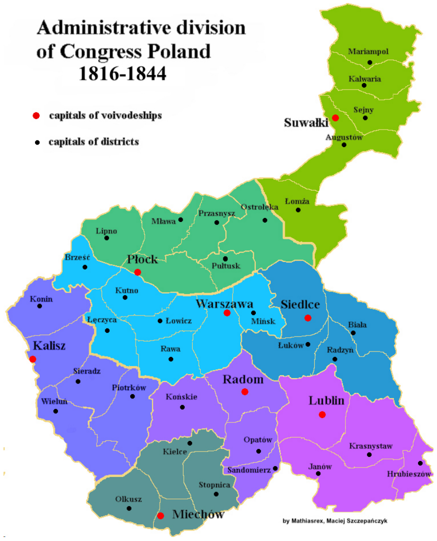
Russia received most of the Duchy of Warsaw, which it renamed the "Kingdom of Poland," an area of 128,500 sq km and a population of nearly 3.3 million. Russia was prohibited from incorporating the parts of Poland it received in the 1790s into Russia. Russian Tsar Alexander I was also the king of the Kingdom of Poland, also known as "Congress Poland." The Kingdom of Poland was granted a quite liberal constitution, its own army, and limited autonomy, within the tsarist empire. In the 1820s, Russian rule grew more arbitrary, and secret societies were formed by intellectuals in several cities to plot an overthrow.

The pro-immigration policy initiated during the Duchy of Warsaw period was continued by the authorities of the Kingdom of Poland in an effort to address low population density and a lack of a qualified workforce. The publication of the *Decision on the settlement of useful foreigners - manufacturers, craftsmen as well as farmers*, on March 2, 1816, encouraged emigration to the Russian occupied Polish territory. The law guaranteed immigrants, farmers, and craftsmen, who settled in the Kingdom:

- A six-year exemption from all charges and taxes.
- Exemption from military service.
- The possibility of obtaining a passport to return to their home country.
- Customs duty exemption on imported livestock and movable property.

These incentives were supplemented by the decision adopted in the same year with the creation of a fund for the development of industry. Money from the fund could be used to establish factories, build houses for craftsmen, and regulate factory settlements, as well as for loans and grants for "useful foreigners." The government encouraged similar efforts by private estate owners to settle foreign craftsmen and develop industry.[13]

Russia established administrative districts in Congress Poland:


Administrative division of Congress Poland 1816-1844
● capitals of voivodeships
• capitals of districts
Mariampol
Kalwaria
Sejny
Suwałki
Augustów
Łomża
Ostrołęka
Przasnysz
Mława
Lipno
Brześć
Płock
Pułtusk
Kutno
Warszawa
Siedlce
Konin
Łęczyca
Łowicz
Mińsk
Biała
Łuków
Radzyń
Kalisz
Rawa
Sieradz
Piotrków
Radom
Końskie
Lublin
Wieluń
Opatów
Krasnystaw
Kielce
Sandomierz
Janów
Hrubieszów
Stopnica
Olkusz
Miechów
by Mathiasrex, Maciej Szczepańczyk

CH. 9: ANNEXATIONS OF THE POLAND-LITHUANIAN COMMONWEALTH; PRUSSIA; GRAND DUCHY OF WARSAW; CONGRESS POLAND; AND VOLHYNIA

In the first three decades of the 19th century, along with the increasing scale of migration, representatives of agricultural professions constituted an ever smaller share of the total number of settlers, while the influx of craftsmen was rapidly increasing. Most of the Germans who migrated between 1815 and 1830 were industrial settlers – specialists in the field of textile production including weavers, and spinners, as well as particularly sought after fullers, combers, and dyers. Representatives of other professions including bricklayers, carpenters, workshop manufacturers, saddlers, etc. also emigrated to the Kingdom. At the turn of the 1820s, most of the industrial settlers came from the Prussian partition (Poznań, Lubuskie region), Pomerania, Brandenburg, and Silesia. From 1827, a growing influx of newcomers from West Prussia[14] was observed.[15]

The strongest binding force of the agricultural colonists and craftsmen originating from the territory of the German Reich and bordering regions, and settling in Polish territory, was language and religion. The scope of contact between the settlers and the native Polish population was relatively small, because assimilation processes were counteracted by the religious distinctiveness of the majority of the settlers, who belonged to the Augsburg Evangelical Church; which established its presence in the Kingdom of Prussia, Duchy of Warsaw and Congress Poland beginning in 1775.[16] The Catholic Church kept records for the Germans, who were members of the Church of the Augsburg Confession (Lutherans), until they were able to establish their own churches in the area.

In 1825, the Civil Code of the Kingdom of Poland combined civil status records with church records, and the head of a parish also served as a civil registrar. Records of the Church of the Augsburg Confession were frequently kept by the Catholic church in many towns and villages.

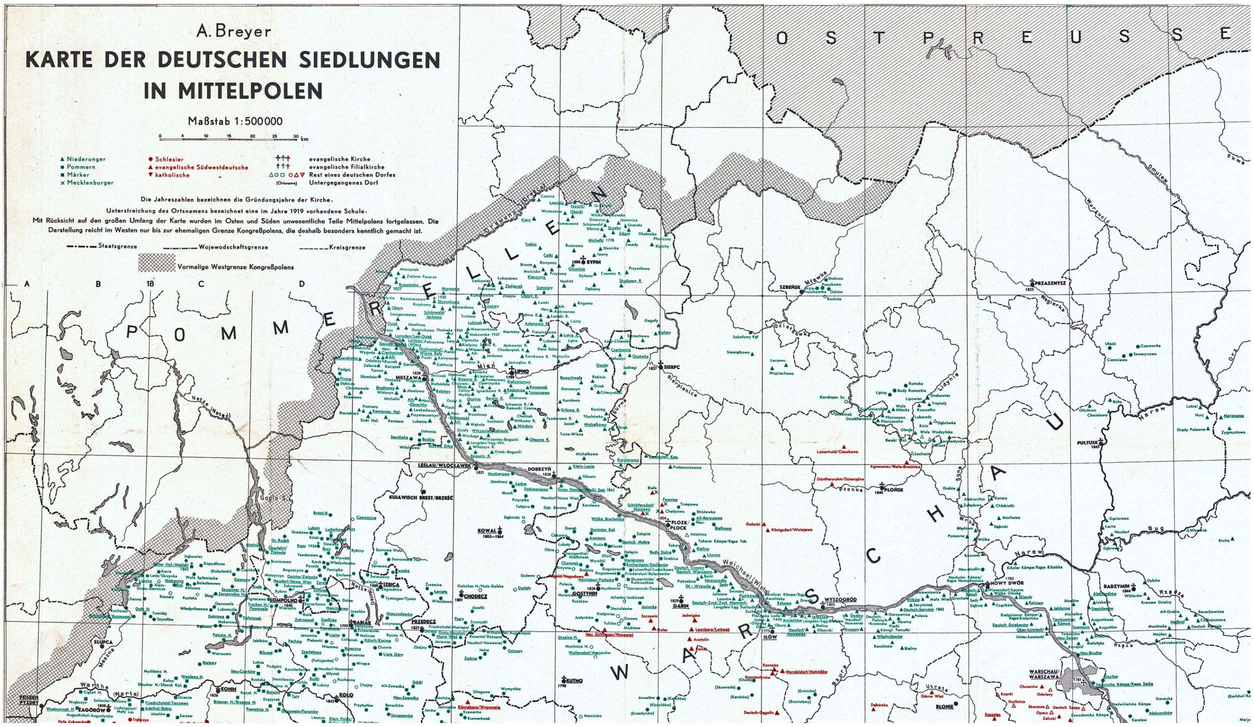
By the outbreak of the 1830 November Uprising, the territory of the Kingdom of Poland was inhabited by about 260,000 settlers of German origin, who arrived during the previous 50 years. Just under 40% lived in two provinces of Mazovia and Kalisz.[17]

In November 1830, Polish troops in Warsaw rose in revolt. When the government of Congress Poland proclaimed solidarity with the insurrectionists shortly thereafter, a new Polish-Russian war began. The rebels' requests for aid from France were ignored, and their reluctance to abolish serfdom cost them the support of the peasantry. By September 1831, the Russians had subdued Polish resistance and began a time of harsh repression of intellectual and religious activity throughout Poland."[18] After the Polish uprising of 1830–31, Tsar Nicholas I replaced the kingdom's constitution with the Organic Statute, which imposed a military dictatorship and a policy of "Russification" upon the Poles, disbanding the Polish legislature and army.

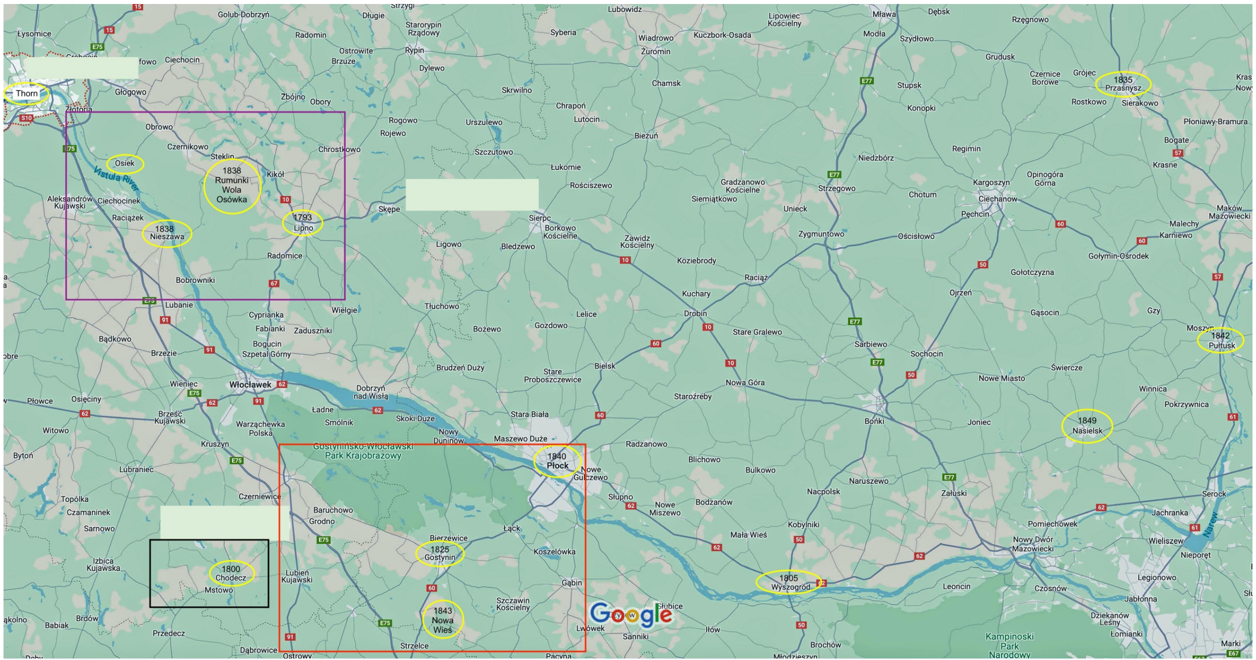
After another rebellion in 1863, the Kingdom of Poland became a province of the Russian Empire, and its government was reorganized into a combined civil and military administration headed by a Russian governor general. Russian was the only language to be used in the administration of Congress Poland. Starting in 1868, the record books were required to be in Russian, although duplicate records in Polish also were kept. Even though Russians did not adopt the Gregorian calendar until 1918, Russian occupied Poland adopted the Gregorian calendar before 1878, which accounts for two dates, twelve days apart, with the Russian (Roman calendar) as the earlier date, while the later date is the Gregorian calendar.

There were hundreds, if not thousands, of German settlements in Congress Poland.

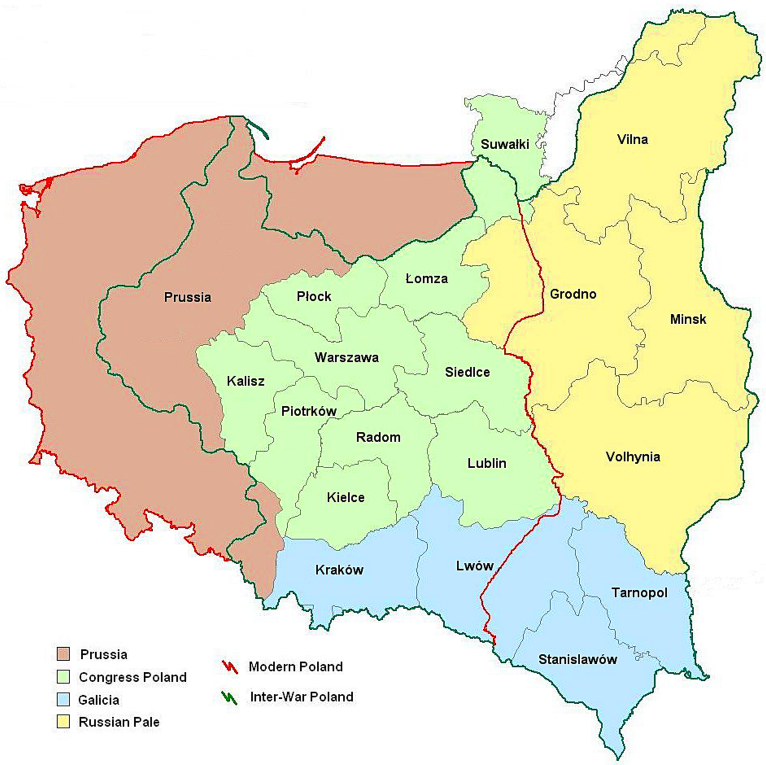
CH. 9: ANNEXATIONS OF THE POLAND-LITHUANIAN COMMONWEALTH; PRUSSIA; GRAND DUCHY OF WARSAW; CONGRESS POLAND; AND VOLHYNIA


A. Breyer
KARTE DER DEUTSCHEN SIEDLUNGEN IN MITTELPOLEN
Maßstab 1:500000
0 5 10 15 20 25 30 km
▲ Niederunger
● Pommern
■ Märker
× Mecklenburger
● Schlesier
▲ evangelische Südwestdeutsche
▼ katholische „
evangelische Kirche
evangelische Filialkirche
Rest eines deutschen Dorfes
(Ortsname) Untergegangenes Dorf
Die Jahreszahlen bezeichnen die Gründungsjahre der Kirche.
Unterstreichung des Ortsnamens bezeichnet eine im Jahre 1919 vorhandene Schule.
Mit Rücksicht auf den großen Umfang der Karte wurden im Osten und Süden unwesentliche Teile Mittelpolens fortgelassen. Die Darstellung reicht im Westen nur bis zur ehemaligen Grenze Kongreßpolens, die deshalb besonders kenntlich gemacht ist.
Staatsgrenze
Wojewodschaftsgrenze
Kreisgrenze
Vormalige Westgrenze Kongreßpolens
A B 18 C D
POMMERELLEN
OSTPREUSSE
WARSCHAU
NIESZAWA
LIPNO
PRZASNYSZ
PULTUSK
PLOCK
WYSZOGRÓD
GOSTYNIN
WARSCHAU/WARSZAWA

Area of German settlements in Congress Poland in areas settled by Berg and related families


Thorn
Osiek
1838 Rumunki Wola Osówka
1838 Nieszawa
1793 Lipno
1835 Przasnysz
1842 Pułtusk
1849 Nasielsk
1840 Płock
1825 Gostynin
1843 Nowa Wieś
1800 Chodecz
1805 Wyszogród
Vistula River
Włocławek
Google

Locations of Kolke/Reich Berg Wandrey/Fandrej Elgert Tober and related families and of Parishes and sub-Parishes of the Church of the Augsburg Confession in the Kingdom of Prussia and Congress Poland 1772-1918



Historical view of Poland's boundaries

Volhynia

Volhynia's name comes from the fortified town of Volyn and was a province of the Polish-Lithuanian Commonwealth. In 1772 and 1793, Polish Volhynia was annexed by Russia.

Catherine the Great did not promote Volhynia for settlement by Germans. In 1797, Volhynia became an administrative district ("gubernia") of Russia, and Mennonite Germans began settling in rural Volhynia during the first years of the 19th Century. In 1801, an Evangelical Lutheran Church parish, covering 33,000 square miles, was established in Shitomir (Zhytomyr in Russian). Its clergy served all Evangelical German colonies in Volhynia.

In 1803, Tsar Alexander I reissued the Second Manifesto of Catherine II. Shitomir was established as Volhynia's capital in 1804. Significant migration into Volhynia did not occur until after the first Polish rebellion in the Kingdom of Poland in 1831. Between 1830 and 1860 over 11,000 German artisans and farmers emigrated to Volhynia. The abolishment of serfdom in Russia (1861) and the second Polish rebellion (1863-1864) led to greater emigration of Prussian settlers from Prussia and Congress Poland to Volhynia. As of 1860, about 5,000 Germans lived in 35 villages. The peak of German migration to Volhynia occurred between 1860 and 1875, the vast majority of whom were Evangelical Lutherans. Prussians/Germans rented or bought land from the Polish gentry. German settlers in Volhynia did not receive the incentives, tax breaks and military service exemptions the tsars had granted German settlers in other parts of Russia. By 1869, a new parish in Heimtal (Staraja Buda) had about 6,000 parishioners in twenty communities. By 1871, the ethnic German population in Volhynia had reached 28,000.

In 1871, Tsar Alexander II repealed the manifestos of Catherine the Great and Alexander I, essentially ending new German immigration into Russia; and resulted in the emigration of ethnic

Germans from Russia to North (and South) America. In 1874, Germans became subject to immediate compulsory military conscription, and lost more of their freedoms and privileges. Population growth came from the existing residents. The decades of the 1880s and 1890s saw increased the emigration from Russia to the rich farmlands of the central and western United States and Canada.

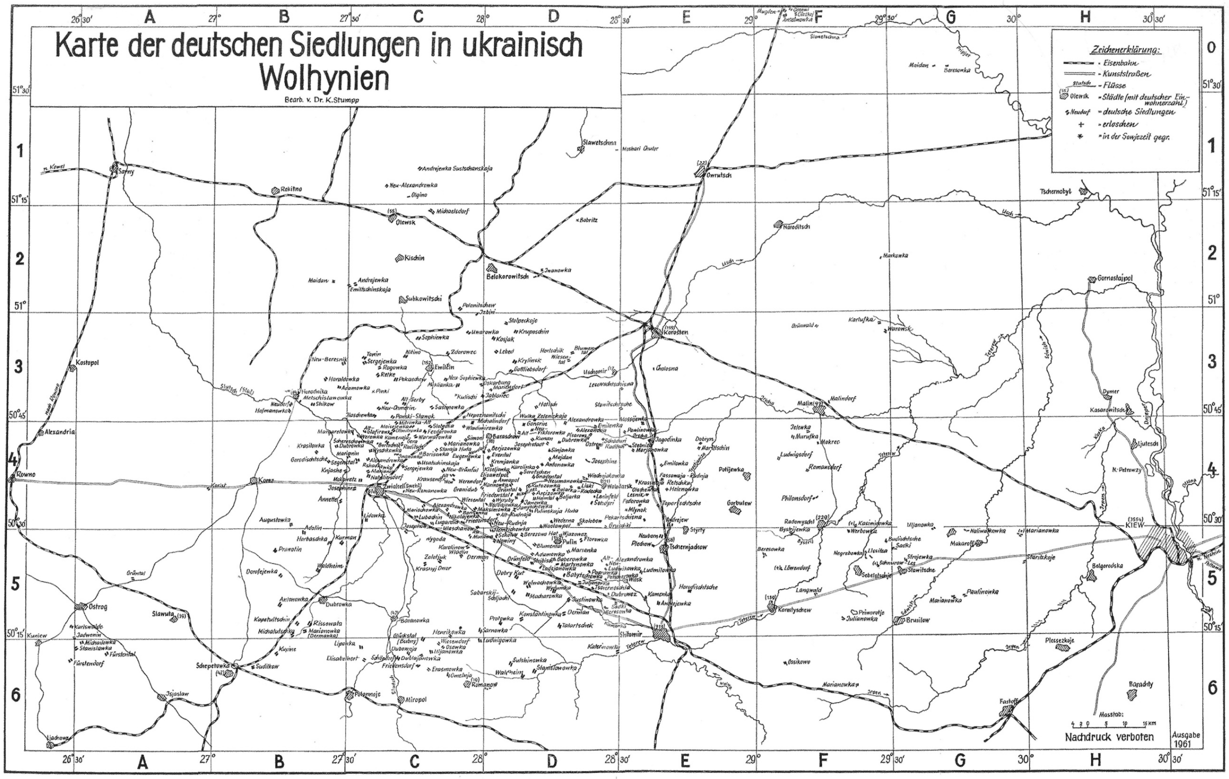
Volhynian Evangelical Lutheran parishes kept the vital records (birth/baptism, marriage, and death/burial) for their congregants.[19] While the documents don't contain most of the births, marriages and deaths which occurred, particularly in the first several decades when a pastor may only appear in an area once or twice a year, they do verify the explosive migration of German settlers to the Shitomir Parish region of Volhynia, which is reflected in the following chart of the approximate number of recorded entries of the Evangelical Lutheran Church for each category:

Year	#Births Baptisms	#Marriages	#Deaths Burials
1836	120	36	57
Mid-1840s	~185	~85	<36 (1847)
1850s	~1,075	~435	~350
1860s	~3,850	~1,100	~1,200
1870-75	~8,400	~1,680	~1,950
1876-79	~10,500	~1,950	~2,850
1880-85	~21,450	~3,750	~10,000

Hundreds of towns and villages are identified in the records, which when located help determine whether one family may have been related to another. Many of the villages do not appear on any map. Similarly, the Godparents of a "kolonist's" children indicate possible family connections between the sponsors and the child's parents.

As the Evangelical Lutheran German population increased, Shitomir Parish was sub-divided: 1862 Rozyszcze; 1869 Heimtal (from which Emilchin Parish was created in 1896); 1888 Tuczyn (from which Rowno Parish was created in 1902); and in 1889, Nowograd Wolhynsk. The Kolke surname has been located in all of parishes.

The *1897 Russian Imperial Census* counted 171,331 German-speaking people in Volhynia, or 5.73% of the total population of almost 3 million. The Volhynian ethnic German population reached a peak of about 200,000, scattered over 1,400 villages, in 1900. The ethnic Germans generally lived in closed communities, and appear to have had little social contact with their Russian neighbors; and inter-marriage was rare.

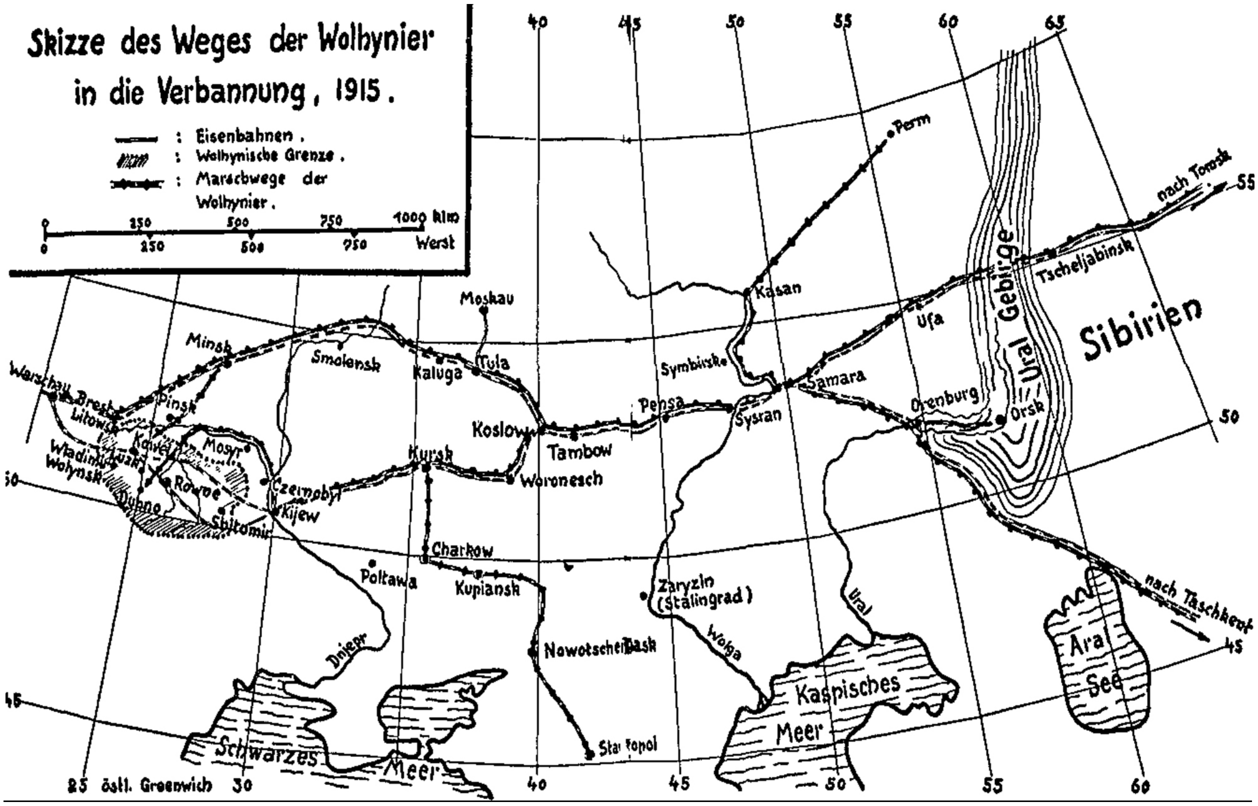

Karte der deutschen Siedlungen in ukrainisch Wolhynien
Bearb. v. Dr. K. Stumpp
Zeichenerklärung:
Eisenbahn
Kunststraßen
Flüsse
Städte (mit deutscher Einwohnerzahl)
deutsche Siedlungen
erloschen
in der Sowjetzeit gegr.
Rowno
Kostopol
Sarny
Korosten
Shitomir
Kiew
Nowograd-Wolynsk
Ostrog
Fastow
Nachdruck verboten
Ausgabe 1961

Stumfpp Map of German Settlements in Eastern Volhynia

The first half of the 20th Century was hell on earth for ethnic Germans living in Volhynia. My grandfather *Eduard Kolke*, his brother Johann Kolke and sister Emilie Kolke Schlak were fortunate to emigrate to the United States before World War I and the Russian Revolution.

During the early part of World War I on the Eastern Front, the front lines were west of Warsaw and in eastern Austria. On February 2, 1915, the Tsar's Government issued an "Expropriation Decree," which required all German, Austrian and Hungarian held land in Poland and Volhynia to be sold within ten months. A Peasant Land Bank, which set the price and terms of sale, was the privileged purchaser for land which was not liquidated. When the tide of war turned against Russia in 1915, Tsar Nicholas II ordered ethnic Germans living in Volhynia deported, as enemies of the state (i.e. the Germans were spies for the German army), to established German colonies on the lower Volga River, as well as to the Ural Mountains, Kazakhstan and Siberia. The land expropriation and deportations were seen as the solution to the "German problem," which Russians had complained about since the 1870s. and which had included repeated efforts to confiscate their land. Wives and children of those serving in the Russian army (who had been moved to the Turkish front) were allowed to remain temporarily, but were also eventually deported. Pastors, teachers, judges and other community leaders were imprisoned as hostages to assure an orderly and uncontested deportation. By June/July 1915, Volhynia was being emptied of its ethnic German population. The Germans had no idea where they were being sent, often with only a few hours' notice. They started out in their wagons/carts, with their possessions, but at the end of the initial trek, were loaded into boxcars, and forced to sell their horses and wagons for whatever they could get. Many fell victim to hunger, typhus and other diseases. The dead were buried along the route, in forests, riverbanks and makeshift cemeteries. Most families suffered half of their members, or more, dying during the trip. The *1915 Volhynia Expropriations List*, published in the *Volhynian*

Gubernia News, No. 56, on June 2, 1916, listed 7,526 families (identified using the name of the head of the family, including the patronymic (father's) name) from 407 towns, whom the Tsarists had stripped of their property, usually without compensation, and relocated to the Russian interior. An estimated 150,000 ethnic Germans were deported.[1]


Skizze des Weges der Wolhynier
in die Verbannung, 1915.
: Eisenbahnen.
: Wolhynische Grenze.
: Marschwege der Wolhynier.
0
250
500
750
1000 klm
Werst
40
45
50
55
60
65
Perm
nach Tomsk
55
Tscheljabinsk
Ural Gebirge
Sibirien
Kasan
Ufa
Moskau
Minsk
Smolensk
Kaluga
Tula
Symbirsk
Samara
Warschau
Brest Litowsk
Pinsk
Pensa
Sysran
Orenburg
Orsk
50
Koslow
Tambow
Kowel
Mosyr
Wladimir Wolynsk
Rowno
Dubno
Kursk
Czernobyl
Woronesch
Kijew
Shitomir
Charkow
Poltawa
Kupiansk
Zaryzin (Stalingrad)
Ural
nach Taschkent
Dnjepr
Nowotscherkask
Wolga
Aral See
Kaspisches Meer
Stavropol
Schwarzes Meer
45
25 östl. Greenwich
30
40
45
50
55
60

Volhynian German Deportation Routes

Kolke, Wiese and related family members were among those ethnic Germans forced to sell their properties and forced into exile in the interior of Russia. Several, including my great-grandmother *Wilhelmine Wiese Kolke*, are known to have died, either en-route, during their exile, or attempting to return to their homes in Volhynia. Many were never seen or heard from again, and presumably died. A fortunate few actually returned to their homes in Volhynia, only to become victims of the Bolsheviks and Stalin. The Kolke and Wiese families (not individuals) who are known or believed to have had had their land seized and been deported by the Tsar in 1915 include:

- Drude, August, son of Anna Christina Pekruhl (d/o Wilhelmine Kolke and Jakob Pekeruhl) and Christian Drude.
- Drude, Friedrich, son of Helene Pekruhl (d/o Wilhelmine Kolke and Jakob Pekeruhl) and Peter Drude.
- Drude, Reinhold, husband of Mathilde Frederking; ___ died East of the Ural Mountains, Russia.

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[1] The principal source for reporting this tragedy is the *Deportation of Germans in 1915*, by Donald N. Miller, which I cite as the *1915 Expropriation List*.

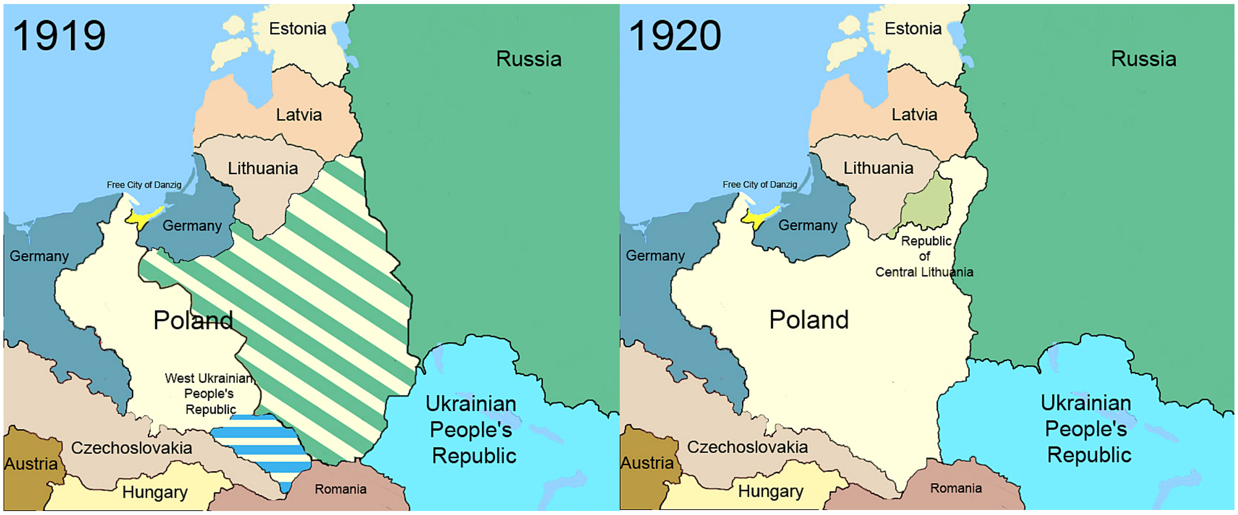
- Frederkind/Frederking, Adolph/Adolf (s/o Charlotte Fredericke Wiese and Wilhelm Frederking); 1916 died in Kursk, Russia.
- Frederkind/Frederking, Ewald (s/o Robert Frederking and Emma Dräger); 1917 died in Samara, Russia.
- Frederkind/Frederking, Robert Wilhelm (s/o Charlotte Fredericke Wiese and Wilhelm Frederking), his wife Emma Dräger and four children (Elisabeth, Ewald, Sidonie and Irene); 1916 to Samara, Russia.
- Frederkink/Frederking, Wilhelm (h/o Charlotte Fredericke Wiese); 1917 died in Samara, Russia.
- Grip, Karl, his wife Juliane Kolke (d/o Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass), and up to nine children; 1916 died in Siberia, Russia.
- Jabs, Michael and his wife Pauline Kolke (d/o *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*).
- Kolke, August, son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass, and Helene Biberdorf.
- Kolke, August, son of Julius Kolke.
- Kolke, Ferdinand, son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass; 1916 died in Orenburg, Russia.
- Kolke, Friedrich, son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass.
- Kolke, Heinrich, son of Andreas Kolke and Maria Biberdorf; and his wife Emilie Hoffman.
- Kolke, Julius, son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass; 1916 died in Tambov, Russia.
- Kolke, Marie Pedde, wife of August Kolke: 1915 died in Maljasowka, Russia.
- Kolke, Robert (s/o Heinrich Kolke and Emilie Hoffman) and his wife Emilie Polinski.
- Kolke, Rudolf (s/o Heinrich Kolke and Emilie Hoffman) and his wife Hulda Mathilde Hemminger.
- Kolke, Wilhelm, son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass, and his wife Natalie Eggert.
- Kolke, Wilhelmine Gall, wife of Julius Kolke; 1916 died in Granburg, Russia.
- *Kolke, Wilhelmine Wiese*, wife of *Ludwig Kolke* and my great-grandmother; 1915-16 died in Woronesch (Voronezh), Russia.
- Kühn, Ferdinand, and his wife Pauline Biberdorf.
- Lechner, Adolf Ludwig and his wife Auguste Kolke (d/o Friedrich Kolke and Auguste Rode).
- Lechner, Gottlieb and his wife Emilie Frederkind, parents of Adolf Ludwig Lechner.
- Neumann, Marie Ottilie Kolke (d/o Ferdinand Kolke and Henriette Schön), widow of Gustav Neumann, and probably their five children.
- Pede, Marie Heise, mother of Ferdinand Pede (h/o Johanna Kolke d/o August Kolke s/o Julius Kolke); 1915 died in Russia.

- Pekruhl, Andreas, son of Wilhelmine Kolke and Jakob Pekeruhl, and his wife Juliana Klink/Kling.
- Pekruhl, Ferdinand, son of Wilhelmine Kolke and Jakob Pekeruhl.
- Pekruhl, Friedrich heirs of (s/o Wilhelmine Kolke and Jakob Pekeruhl).
- Pekruhl, Henriette Kolke, wife of Friedrich Pekruhl (d/o *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*).
- Pekruhl, Hulda Kolke, wife of Ferdinand Pekruhl (d/o Julianne Kolke d/o Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass).
- Pekruhl, Peter (s/o Wilhelmine Kolke).
- Schilling, Julius, and possible wife Ida Kolke (d/o Friedrich Kolke and Justine Rode).
- Sonnenberg, Daniel (s/o Gottfried Sonnenberg).
- Sonnenberg, Jakob (s/o Gottfried Sonnenberg and Karoline Wiese).
- Wiese, Gustav Wilhelm and his wife Emilie Holweger; both died in 1916 in Samara, Russia.
- Witzke, Christina Krause, mother of Hulda Witzke Schmidt, wife of Albert Kolke.
- Ziesak, Gottlieb, h/o Wilhelmine Lydia Kolke.
- Ziesak, Wilhelmine Lydia Kolke (d/o Julius Kolke); 1916 died in Dnepropetrowsk, Russia.
- Ziesmann, Karl Traugott and his wife Susanna Drude (d/o Helene Pekruhl s/o Wilhelmine Kolke and Jakob Pekeruhl).

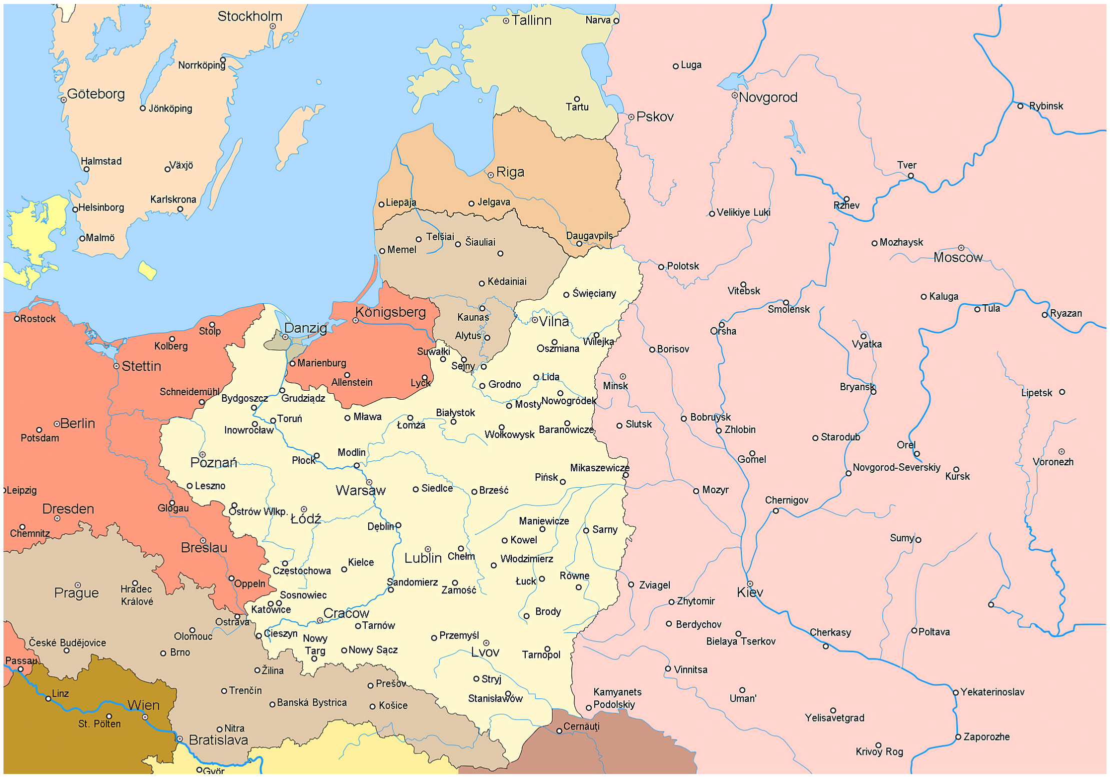
At the time of the Russian Revolution in the fall of 1917, the front lines were near western Volhynia. The German army moved into Volhynia, and Ukraine was proclaimed to be a sovereign country on January 22, 1918. The 1918 Brest-Litovsk Treaty with the Central Powers (Germany, Austro-Hungary, and the Ottoman Empire) allowed Russia to exit the war and concentrate on eliminating opposition to Bolshevik rule. Communist Russia also renounced tsarist claims to Poland. At the end of the war in November 1918, Volhynia was occupied by Germany.

Ethnic German Volhynians started to make their way “home” from Russia’s interior. Those arriving in 1918-19 were helped by the German military and civil authorities to retake possession of their farms, many of which had been confiscated and destroyed by their Russian neighbors. It is estimated only one-half of the deported Germans returned to Volhynia. The other half either died in exile, couldn’t afford or find a way to get home and remained in remote Russia, or emigrated to Germany.[20]

The June 28, 1919, Treaty of Versailles re-established Poland as an independent nation, i.e. the Second Polish Republic. On December 14, 1919, Western Ukraine was awarded to Poland.

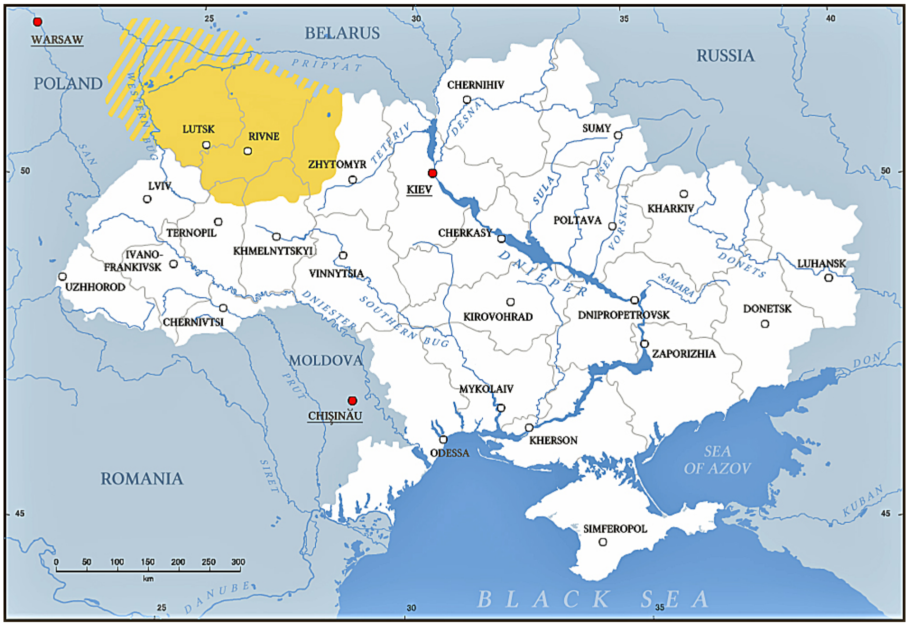

1919
Estonia
Russia
Latvia
Lithuania
Free City of Danzig
Germany
Germany
Poland
West Ukrainian People's Republic
Ukrainian People's Republic
Austria
Czechoslovakia
Hungary
Romania
1920
Estonia
Russia
Latvia
Lithuania
Free City of Danzig
Germany
Germany
Republic of Central Lithuania
Poland
Ukrainian People's Republic
Austria
Czechoslovakia
Hungary
Romania

In 1920, Poland went to war with Russia and defeated the Soviets to the extent Poland held territory well within Ukraine. In the March 18, 1921, Treaty of Riga, Poland, despite its victories, accepted a Polish-Soviet border substantially to the west of what the Soviets offered, leaving hundreds of thousands of ethnic Poles on the Soviet-side of the border (i.e. western Ukraine and Belarus). The Polish delegation did not want non-Polish minorities in the reborn Polish state to constitute more than one-third of the overall population. An estimated 100,000 ethnic Germans remained in Volhynia. Volhynia was split between Poland and Russia, with about 50,000 ethnic Germans in each part.


Stockholm
Tallinn
Narva
Luga
Norrköping
Göteborg
Jönköping
Novgorod
Rybinsk
Pskov
Tartu
Halmstad
Växjö
Riga
Tver
Karlskrona
Helsinborg
Liepaja
Jelgava
Rzhev
Velikiye Luki
Malmö
Telšiai
Šiauliai
Daugavpils
Memel
Mozhaysk
Moscow
Polotsk
Kėdainiai
Święciany
Vitebsk
Kaluga
Rostock
Königsberg
Smolensk
Tula
Ryazan
Kaunas
Danzig
Vilna
Stolp
Alytus
Wilejka
Orsha
Borisov
Kolberg
Oszmiana
Vyatka
Stettin
Marienburg
Suwałki
Sejny
Allenstein
Lyck
Grodno
Lida
Minsk
Bryansk
Lipetsk
Schneidemühl
Bydgoszcz
Grudziądz
Mosty
Nowogródek
Berlin
Toruń
Mława
Białystok
Slutsk
Bobruysk
Potsdam
Inowrocław
Łomża
Wołkowysk
Baranowicze
Zhlobin
Starodub
Orel
Modlin
Poznań
Płock
Gomel
Voronezh
Pińsk
Mikaszewicze
Novgorod-Severskiy
Kursk
Leipzig
Leszno
Warsaw
Siedlce
Brześć
Mozyr
Dresden
Głogau
Ostrów Wlkp.
Łódź
Chernigov
Chemnitz
Dęblin
Maniewicze
Kowel
Sarny
Sumy
Breslau
Lublin
Chełm
Włodzimierz
Częstochowa
Kielce
Prague
Hradec Králové
Oppeln
Sandomierz
Zamość
Łuck
Równe
Zviagel
Kiev
Sosnowiec
Zhytomir
Katowice
Cracow
Brody
Ostrava
Tarnów
Berdychov
Olomouc
Cieszyn
Nowy Targ
Nowy Sącz
Przemyśl
Cherkasy
Poltava
České Budějovice
Brno
Lvov
Tarnopol
Bielaya Tserkov
Passau
Žilina
Vinnitsa
Prešov
Stryj
Linz
Trenčín
Stanisławów
Kamyanets Podolskiy
Uman'
Yekaterinoslav
Wien
Banská Bystrica
Košice
St. Pölten
Yelisavetgrad
Nitra
Černăuţi
Zaporozhe
Bratislava
Krivoy Rog
Győr

1921 Treaty of Riga, by Halibutt

The Ukraine Soviet Socialist Republic (SSR) was created on December 30, 1922, and included eastern Volhynia. Ukrainian nationalists, having failed to create their own state, became subjects of constant repression by Josef Stalin; which also befell all non-Russians, especially ethnic Germans. Volhynia is currently located in northwestern post-World War II Ukraine.


WARSAW
POLAND
BELARUS
PRIPYAT
RUSSIA
WESTERN BUG
LUTSK
RIVNE
ZHYTOMYR
TETERIV
CHERNIHIV
DESNA
SUMY
KIEV
SULA
PSEL
SAN
LVIV
TERNOPIL
KHMELNYTSKYI
VINNYTSIA
IVANO-FRANKIVSK
UZHHOROD
CHERNIVTSI
DNIESTER
SOUTHERN BUG
CHERKASY
DNIEPER
POLTAVA
VORSKLA
KHARKIV
DONETS
LUHANSK
SAMARA
DNIPROPETROVSK
KIROVOHRAD
DONETSK
ZAPORIZHIA
MOLDOVA
PRUT
CHIȘINĂU
MYKOLAIV
KHERSON
ODESSA
SEA OF AZOV
DON
KUBAN
ROMANIA
SIRET
SIMFEROPOL
BLACK SEA
DANUBE
0 50 100 150 200 250 300
km
25
30
35
40
50
45

GULAGs (Chief Administration of Corrective Labor Camps) began under Lenin as a system of forced labor, and were populated by “enemies of the people,” counter-revolutionaries, and criminals. Stalin greatly expanded the system to hundreds of prisons and camps in the most remote areas of the Soviet Union. Millions of “Soviet” citizens were transported to the gulags, and a large percentage never returned. Living conditions were poor at best, and prisoners were literally worked to death, as Stalin’s system of repression and paranoia had the ability to replace those who perished.

In the late 1920s, Stalin instituted a policy of full mandatory collectivization of farmland, accompanied by unrealistic agricultural production demands to finance his industrialization plans. Ukraine had been the most productive agricultural area in the Soviet Union. 85% of Ukrainians lived in rural settings. Stalin was determined to crush all remaining vestiges of Ukrainian nationalism through purges of its “intelligentsia” and “kulaks.” A “kulak” was a successful peasant and included a large number of ethnic Germans, who could afford to rent or buy farms, as well as buy more land and livestock. Five million kulaks, including ethnic German Volhynians, were seen as (and probably were) an obstacle to forced collectivization. They lost their land and farms without compensation, and either became a part of a collective farm or were considered by the Soviets to be enemies of the state and were transported to the Komi and Karélia Republics north of St. Petersburg (Leningrad), the Urals, Kazakhstan, Turkmenistan or Siberia. It is estimated 80% of Ukraine’s “cultural elite” were “repressed” (i.e. imprisoned, exiled or killed).

ALZhIR (named by the inmates as the Akmol Labour Camp for Wives of Traitors of the Motherland) (officially 26th labor village) and the other Akmolinsk forced labor camps were a part of the massive Karlag (Karaganda Corrective Labor Camp), Kazakhstan, opened in 1931 and disbanded in 1959, to hold violators of Article 58 of the Russian SRSR Penal Code, broadly covering anyone who might be “an enemy of the people.” “The people arrested and tried in the

1930s were usually charged under Article 54 of the Ukrainian Criminal Code, which deals with counter-revolutionary crimes designed to overthrow, undermine or weaken Soviet power.

"Article 54 had 14 basic components:
Article 54-1: high treason
Article 54-2: bourgeois separatism and nationalism
Article 54-3: being an accomplice to the enemy
Article 54-4: being an agent of the world bourgeoisie
Article 54-5: inciting a foreign state to declare war on the USSR
Article 54-6: espionage
Article 54-7: conducting subversive activities
Article 54-8: terrorism
Article 54-9: committing acts of sabotage of the transport, communications or water supply system
Article 54-10: conducting anti-Soviet propaganda and agitation
Article 54-11: being a member of an anti-Soviet organization
Article 54-12: not informing the Soviet authorities about the forthcoming or already perpetrated counter-revolutionary crimes
Article 54-13: committing crimes against the working class or revolution movement
Article 54-14: committing sabotage and not fulfilling the duties in order to weaken the Soviet power."

To Stalin and his henchmen, ethnic Germans clearly fell within the "counter-revolutionary" definition. Over 800,000 prisoners went through Karlag, and mass graves and execution sites may hold as many as 50,000 people. "Karlag was not just one camp but a whole system of gulags, consisting mostly of various separate hard labour camps spread out over a huge area in the endless steppe. The type of forced labour the inmates had to perform ranged from the construction of roads, canals and other industrial infrastructure, even cultural palaces, to manufacturing of army uniforms and agriculture. Karlag was so powerful that it operated outside of the jurisdiction of local or national authorities, answering only to Moscow." *Dark Tourism in Kazakhstan's Gulag Heartland, The Diplomat*, by Peter Ford, May 25, 2017; *and dark-tourism.com*, by Peter Hohenhaus.

Early victims of Stalin included Kolkes and related family members:

- 1930/31 – August Kühn and Karoline Lockstädt Kühn (parents of Elsa Kühn, w/o Reinhard Ziesak) banished. In 1937, both were sent to Siberia.
- 1931 – Gustav Freitag, his wife Maria Kolke (d/o Heinrich Kolke and Emilie Hoffman), and four of their children (Hugo, Theodor, Lokadia and Maria).
- 1931 – Rudolf Kolke, son of Heinrich Kolke and Eleonore Hoffman.

Two letters from those who remained in Volhynia reflect the repression and deprivation, and their despair and hopelessness:[2]

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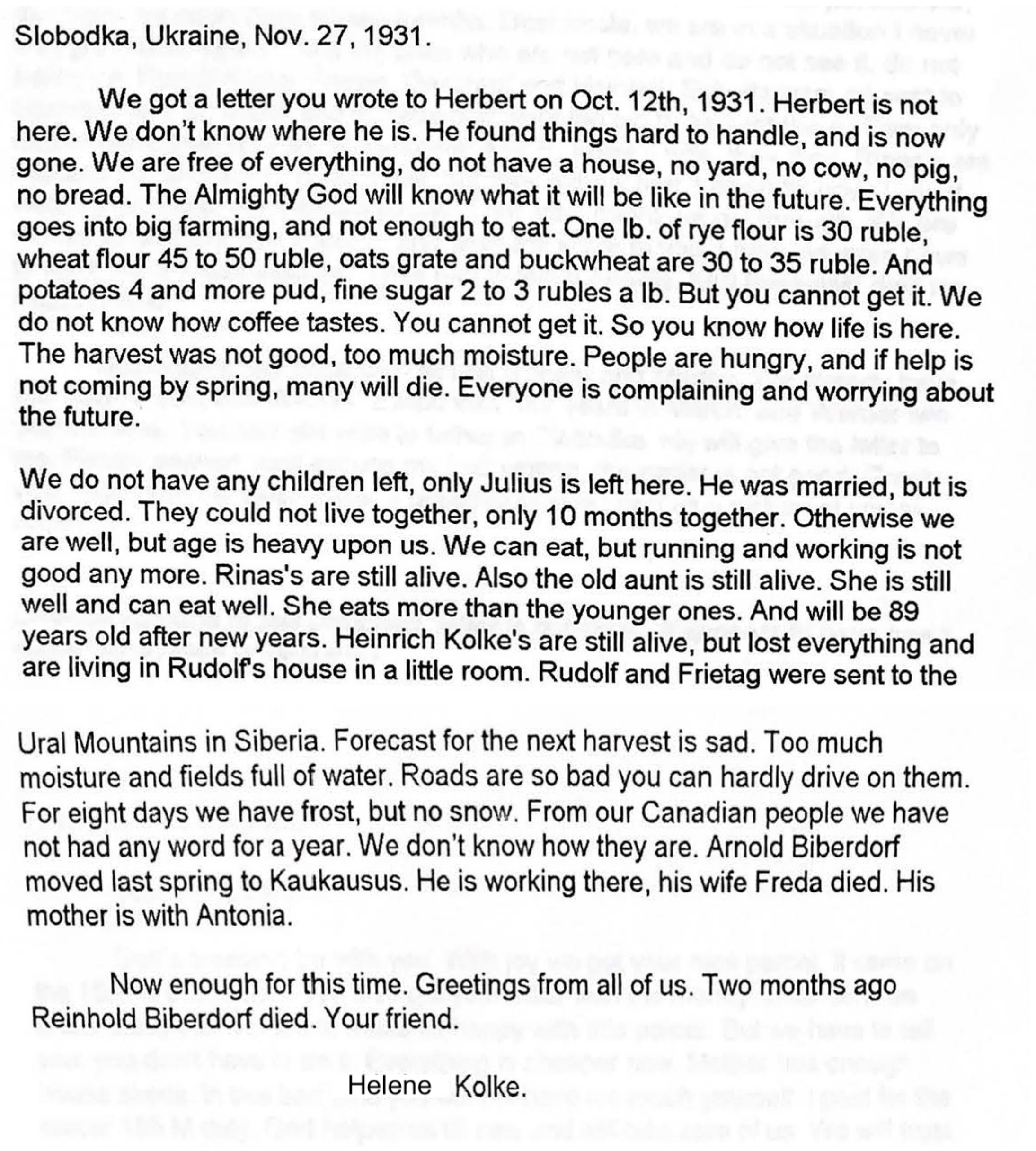
[2] The transcriptions of the letters were graciously provided to me by Amanda Kienlen of Estevan, Saskatchewan, for use in this document.



Slobodka, Ukraine, Nov. 27, 1931.

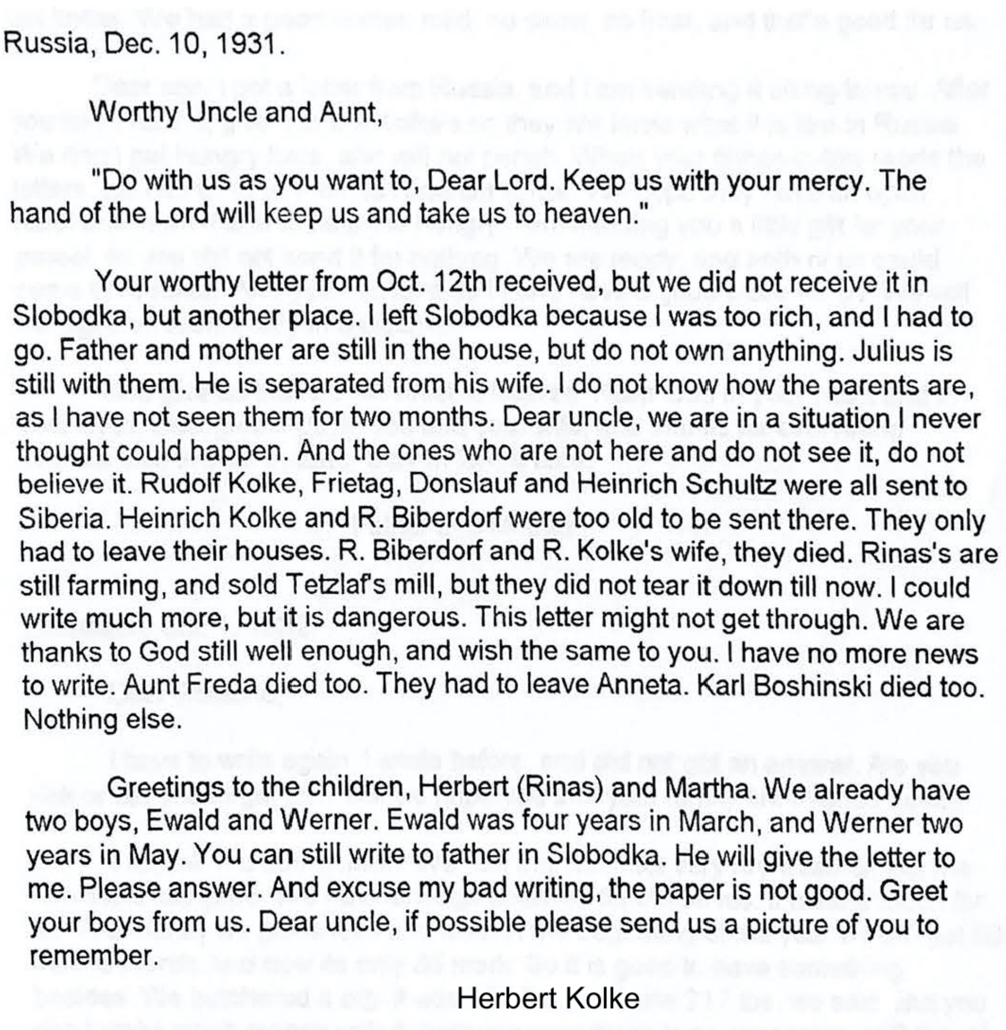
We got a letter you wrote to Herbert on Oct. 12th, 1931. Herbert is not here. We don't know where he is. He found things hard to handle, and is now gone. We are free of everything, do not have a house, no yard, no cow, no pig, no bread. The Almighty God will know what it will be like in the future. Everything goes into big farming, and not enough to eat. One lb. of rye flour is 30 ruble, wheat flour 45 to 50 ruble, oats grate and buckwheat are 30 to 35 ruble. And potatoes 4 and more pud, fine sugar 2 to 3 rubles a lb. But you cannot get it. We do not know how coffee tastes. You cannot get it. So you know how life is here. The harvest was not good, too much moisture. People are hungry, and if help is not coming by spring, many will die. Everyone is complaining and worrying about the future.

We do not have any children left, only Julius is left here. He was married, but is divorced. They could not live together, only 10 months together. Otherwise we are well, but age is heavy upon us. We can eat, but running and working is not good any more. Rinas's are still alive. Also the old aunt is still alive. She is still well and can eat well. She eats more than the younger ones. And will be 89 years old after new years. Heinrich Kolke's are still alive, but lost everything and are living in Rudolf's house in a little room. Rudolf and Frietag were sent to the Ural Mountains in Siberia. Forecast for the next harvest is sad. Too much moisture and fields full of water. Roads are so bad you can hardly drive on them. For eight days we have frost, but no snow. From our Canadian people we have not had any word for a year. We don't know how they are. Arnold Biberdorf moved last spring to Kaukausus. He is working there, his wife Freda died. His mother is with Antonia.

Now enough for this time. Greetings from all of us. Two months ago Reinhold Biberdorf died. Your friend.

Helene Kolke.

Helene Biberdorf Kolke (daughter of Friedrich and Charlotte Biberdorf), wife of August Kolke (son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass)[21]



Russia, Dec. 10, 1931.

Worthy Uncle and Aunt,

"Do with us as you want to, Dear Lord. Keep us with your mercy. The hand of the Lord will keep us and take us to heaven."

Your worthy letter from Oct. 12th received, but we did not receive it in Slobodka, but another place. I left Slobodka because I was too rich, and I had to go. Father and mother are still in the house, but do not own anything. Julius is still with them. He is separated from his wife. I do not know how the parents are, as I have not seen them for two months. Dear uncle, we are in a situation I never thought could happen. And the ones who are not here and do not see it, do not believe it. Rudolf Kolke, Frietag, Donslauf and Heinrich Schultz were all sent to Siberia. Heinrich Kolke and R. Biberdorf were too old to be sent there. They only had to leave their houses. R. Biberdorf and R. Kolke's wife, they died. Rinas's are still farming, and sold Tetzlaf's mill, but they did not tear it down till now. I could write much more, but it is dangerous. This letter might not get through. We are thanks to God still well enough, and wish the same to you. I have no more news to write. Aunt Freda died too. They had to leave Anneta. Karl Boshinski died too. Nothing else.

Greetings to the children, Herbert (Rinas) and Martha. We already have two boys, Ewald and Werner. Ewald was four years in March, and Werner two years in May. You can still write to father in Slobodka. He will give the letter to me. Please answer. And excuse my bad writing, the paper is not good. Greet your boys from us. Dear uncle, if possible please send us a picture of you to remember.

Herbert Kolke

Herbert Kolke, son of August Kolke and Helene Biberdorf[22]

The Great Famine of 1932-33 (The Holodomor) was the result of Stalin's unrelenting repression. Even though Ukrainians produced enough to feed themselves in 1932, they were forced to give up the majority of their crops and farm animals to Soviet Russia, which had priority over Ukraine's agricultural production. Peasants who were caught with grain, or even just looked better than their starving neighbors, were shot. The Soviet military and secret police sealed the border so Ukrainians could not leave their country to find food. Stalin's policy of mass starvation, effectively genocide, resulted in an estimated four to seven million Ukrainian deaths; as much as 25% of Ukraine's population. The famine, "de-kulakization," and other repressive measures, broke the peasants' will to contest collectivization, and the Ukraine became a completely reliable and denationalized satellite; which was Stalin's intent. Russian peasants had to be imported in order to have enough labor to run the collective farms, because Stalin had wiped out its peasant population. During the Holodomor, Kolke and Wiese family members were imprisoned and deported:

- 1932-33 – Ottilie Kolke Pedde, daughter of August Kolke and Helene Biberdorf, to Ural Mountains.

- 1933 – Arnold Henke, his wife Emma Kolke (d/o Heinrich Kolke and Emilie Hoffmann), and four of their children: Werner, Herta, Jutta and Wilma (and husband Edmund Giesbrecht) Henke, to Siberia and then Kazakhstan.
- 1933 – Albert Kolke, son of Wilhelm Kolke and Natalie Eggert.
- 1933 – Michael Mielnickel husband of Wilhelmine Wiese (d/o Erdmann Wiese and Emilie Wiese).
- 1933 – Herbert Sonntag, son of Emma Frieda Kolke (d/o Friedrich Kolke and Justine Rode) and Emil Sonntag, sentenced to three years hard labor.
- 1934/35 – Gottlieb Zissak, husband of Lydia Kolke (d/o Julius Kolke and Wilhelmine Gall) verbanut (lost/banished). Lydia and Gottlieb had been deported by the Tsar in 1915, and she died in Dnepropetrowsk, Russia, in 1916.
- 1935 – Maria Ottilie Kolke Neumann, daughter of Ferdinand Kolke and Henriette Schön, verschleppt.
- 1935 – Ernst Neumann, husband of Adeline Freitag (d/o Maria Kolke Freitag).
- 1932-35 – Auguste Kolke Lechner, daughter of Wilhelm Kolke (s/o *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*) and Auguste Rode/Rohde, and wife of Adolf Ludwig Lechner, who remarried probably after being notified of Auguste's death in Siberia.

The NKVD (People's Commissariat of Internal Affairs) had far greater powers than its predecessors, the Cheka and GPU. Its duties included the elimination of political and ethnic enemies of the Soviet Union, such as ethnic Germans, through imprisonment, deportation and execution. The Great Terror (Great Purge) of 1936-38 was Stalin's campaign to eliminate all remaining dissent and opposition (real or imagined).[23] At least 750,000 were killed, and more than a million people sent to the gulags. No one was safe. The Great Terror extended into all of the Soviet republics, including the Ukraine, where thousands of ethnic Germans were killed by the NKVD, who acted as accuser, judge, jury and executioner. The record of each arrest, trial and sentence are eerily complete and orderly, as if what was occurring was not unusual or extreme, but just the normal course of business.[24]

In August 1937, Nikolai Yezhov, head of the NKVD, signed NKVD Order No. 00486 for "the repression of wives and the placement of children of convicted 'traitors of the Motherland.'" The order was based upon the failure of wives, mothers, sisters and daughters, to report the criminal activities of the head of the family. During 1937-38, about 8,000 "wives" were arrested after their husband and imprisoned in the forced labor camp of ALZhIR for five to eight years. The women and children in the camp would go days or weeks without food; lived in barely heated barracks; were forced to work long hours in sub-human conditions; were prohibited from communicating with anyone on the outside; and were never told the fate of their husbands, fathers and children. Thousands of illegitimate births, miscarriages and forced abortions resulted from the serial rape by the guards of the camps. Once a child was no longer breastfed, it was removed from its mother and placed in an orphanage for eventual adoption - if the child survived. *The Gulag Camp "ALZHIR": Memorialization Practices*, by Satymbekova Raikhan (2017); *and ALZHIR — The Horrific Soviet Labor Camp for Women & Children, An Injustice!,* by Alexander Leslie, March 5, 2021.

Kolke, Wiese and their related family members were shot (i.e. "sentenced to the maximum penalty: death") by the NKVD during the Great Terror/Purge:

- 1937 – Friedrich Krüger/Krueger, husband of Melitta Kolke (d/o Friedrich Kolke and Anna Wolf).
- 1937 – Eduard Pedde, son of Ottilie Kolke (d/o August Kolke and Helene Biberdorf) and Ludwig Pedde.
- 1937 –Friedrich Westhoff, son of Alwine Wiese and Wilhelm Westhoff.
- 1937 – Robert Wiese, son of Ernst Wiese and Emilie Wiese.
- 1938 – Karl Hartfelder, son of Wilhelmine Wiese and Georg Hartfelder.
- 1938 – Albert Kolke, son of Wilhelm Kolke and Natalie Eggert.
- 1938 – Julius Kolke, son of August Kolke (s/o Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass) and Helene Biberdorf.
- 1938 – Herman Müller, son of Mariane Kolke (d/o Daniel Kolke and Maria Richter) and Ludwig Müller.
- 1938 – Gerhard Pekrul, son of Hulda Kolke (d/o Julianne Kolke; d/o Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass) and Ferdinand Pekruhl (s/o Wilhelmine Kolke and Jakob Pekeruhl).
- 1938 – August Milchert/Melchert, husband of Auguste Drude (d/o August Drude, s/o Anna Christina Pekrul and Christian Drude.
- 1938 – Gustav Klettke, husband of Olga Augusta Drude (d/o August Drude).
- 1938 – August Zotzmann, husband of Maria Lydia Böhm, daughter of Karl Böhm and Wilhelmine Kolke.

During the Great Terror/Purge dozens, and probably hundreds, of Kolke, Wiese and related family members were imprisoned or exiled/deported/banished to the East, which Germans called “verschleppt,” which literally means carried away or kidnapped:[25]

- 1936 – Wilhelmine Kolke Böhm, daughter of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass, wife of Karl Böhm, to Murmansk, USSR.
- 1936 – Robert Böhm, son of Wilhelmine Kolke and Karl Böhm, to Karélia Republic.
- 1936 – Reinhold Drews, father of Alvin Drews (h/o Erna Kühn (d/o Johanna Kolke)).
- 1936 – Julius Jabs, son of Pauline Kolke and Michael Jabs; sentenced to 5 years in Gulag.
- 1936 – Pauline Fischbu Jabs, wife of Friedrich Jabs.
- 1936-38 – Frederkind/Frederking, Robert Wilhelm (s/o Charlotte Fredericke Wiese and Wilhelm Frederking), his wife Emma Dräger and at least two of their children (Elisabeth and Sidonie), to Karaganda, Kazakhstan, where Robert and Emma died.
- 1936-38 – Samuel Holland, son of Pauline Wiese and Julius Holland, his wife Mathilda and their three children (Alexander, Ewald and Linda).
- 1936-38 – Jabs, Adolf (b1920, Beresowka), son of Pauline Kolke (d/o *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*) and Michael Jabs, convicted and sent to Komi Republic.
- 1936-38 – Jabs, Gerta/Herta (b1928, Dombrowka), daughter of Pauline Kolke (d/o *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*) and Michael Jabs, repatriated from Kostram.

- 1936-38 – Amalie Kolke, daughter of August Kolke and Lydia Wagner; resettled to Kazakhstan.

- 1936-38 – Adina Kolke Neumann, daughter of Ferdinand Kolke and Henriette Schön, to Kazakhstan.

- 1936-38 – August Kolke, son of August Kolke and Maria Pedde, to Komi Republic.

- 1936-38 – Kolke, Edmund and Leo, sons of Joseph Kolke (s/o Friedrich Kolke and Justine Rode) and Helene Hiller.

- 1936-38 – Kolke, Ewald and Werner, sons of Herbert Kolke and Martha Gras.

- 1936-38 – Kolke, Kuno, Maria and Werner, children of Rudolf Kolke and Hulda Hemminger.

- 1936-38 – Maria Kolke (b1916), daughter of Rudolph Kolke (s/o *Ludwig Kolke* or Heinrich Kolke).

- 1936-38 – Reinhold Kolke, son of Robert Kolke and Emilie Polinski.

- 1936-38 – Kolke, Robert and Emma, children of Theodor Kolke.

- 1936-38 – Bernhard Mund(t), son of Henriette Kolke (d/o Ferdinand Kolke and Henriette Schön) and Ludwig Mundt, and wife Lydia Gall, to Kazakhstan.

- 1936-38 – Erna Mundt Neumann (husband Ewald Neumann and their four children: Ira, Bruno, Melitta and Alfred), daughter of Henriette Kolke (d/o Ferdinand Kolke and Henriette Schön) and Ludwig Mundt, probably to Kazakhstan.

- 1936-38 – Johanna Mundt Neumann, daughter of Henriette Kolke (d/o Ferdinand Kolke and Henriette Schön) and Ludwig Mundt, and her husband Reinhold Neumann and three children: Ernst, Ella and Otto, to Kazakhstan.

- 1936-38 – Ida Mundt, daughter of Henriette Kolke and Ludwig Mundt, to Kazakhstan.

- 1936-38 – Ewald Pedde, son of Ottilie Kolke and Ludwig Pedde, to Komi Republic.

- 1936-38 – Albert Ziesak and Daniel Ziesak, sons of Wilhelmine Lidia Kolke and Gottlieb Ziesak.

- 1936-38 – Robert Milchert, son of Augusta Drude, sentenced to ten years in ITL (corrective labor camp).

- 1936-38 – Augusta Drude Milchert and son Artur/Arthur Milchert repatriated from Molotowskaja Oblast.

- 1937 – Friedrich Böhm, son of Wilhelmine Kolke and Karl Böhm, arrested and released.

- 1937 – Bernhard Brem/Brehm, husband of Olga Ziesmann (d/o Susanna Drude and Ludwig Ziesmann) and his father Anton Brem. In 1941 Bernhard Brem was in the Archangel ITL (corrective labor camp).

- 1937 – Erdmann Grohn, son of Justine Kolke and Heinrich Grohn.

- 1937 – Hermann Kakoschke, husband of Helene Grip (d/o Julianne Kolke).

- 1937 – Adolf Kelm, husband of Olga Kolke (d/o Wilhelm Kolke and Natalie Eggert).

- 1937 – Friedrich Krüger, husband of Melitta Kolke (d/o Friedrich Kolke and Anna Wolf).

- 1937 – August Kühn and Karoline Lockstädt Kühn (parents of Elsa Kühn, w/o Reinhard Ziesak) sent to Siberia.
- 1937 – Ferdinand Pede, husband of Johanna Kolke (d/o August Kolke and Marie Pedde).
- 1937 – Heinrich Potratz, husband of Amanda Krause (d/o Wilhelmine Kolke and Ludwig Krause).
- 1937 – Emil Ziesmann, husband of Herta Ziesmann (d/o Wilhelmine Drude; gd/o Helene Pekeruhl), to Kazakhstan.
- 1937-38 – Böhm, Friedrich, son of Wilhelmine Kolke and Karl Böhm, resettled to Alma-Atinsk, Kazakhstan, with wife Alma and children Irina and Elma (#12195).
- 1938 – Emil Pekrul, son of Henriette Kolke (d/o *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*) and Friedrich Pekrul (s/o Wilhelmine Kolke and Jakob Pekeruhl), sentenced to 10 years hard labor in a gulag.
- 1938 – Gustav Wiese, son of Friedrich Wiese and Anna Wolfram.
- 1932-38 – Christian Wiese, son of Wilhelm Wiese and Euphrosine Pollratz/Potratz.
- ____ – Friedrich Drude, son of Helene Pekruhl and Peter Drude, verschollen/lost.

At the start of World War II in September 1939, the Soviet Union and Germany divided Poland. Western Volhynia was given to the Soviets, and thousands of western Volhynian Germans were resettled in German occupied Poland, on land which the Germans ruthlessly expropriated from their Polish owners. In 1939, the ethnic German population in the Soviet Union numbered in the millions.

In 1939, in furtherance of their plans to Germanize conquered Soviet territories, the Nazi's set up the Einwandererzentralstelle (Immigration Control Center) or EWZ, to control and manage the immigration and naturalization of ethnic Germans. An "EWZ form" (also known as *Stammblatt or Personalblatt*), and other documents, were completed by everyone over the age of 15. They contain the name of the person; marital status and date of marriage; date and place of birth; citizenship and religion; last residence; parent's names, dates and places of birth and death; and spouse and their parents' names, dates and places of birth and death; and children's names, dates and places of birth. The *EWZ Personalblatt* covered three generations. The *EWZ* forms were completed either in the village where the person lived, or after a person's arrival in German-occupied Poland, or in Germany itself. By war's end, one million EWZ forms had been processed. EWZ registrants were also required to establish their German ethnicity by completing a "*Feststellung der Deutschstämmigkeit*," (*Determination of German Descent*) on which the names of their parents and grandparents were listed (i.e. adding another generation to the *Personalblatt*), along with the percentage of their German ethnicity (family/pedigree chart), which apparently remains in use today for those seeking German citizenship.[26]

The homogeneity of Volhynian German society after 120 years is clearly demonstrated in the hundreds of *Feststellung* forms I reviewed, which universally declared those identified in the document were of 100% German descent.

Hitler invaded the Soviet Union on June 22, 1941, in Operation Barbarossa. By July 9, 1941, Zhitomir/Shitomir, Volhynia, was in German hands.

After experiencing the tsars reneging on their promises; forced collectivization and confiscation of their farms; the Holodomor; the Great Terror/Purge; show trials and executions; and multiple mass deportations of a large number of its members, the remaining ethnic Volhynian German population surely knew their fate at Stalin's hand if the Soviet Union regained control of German-occupied Volhynia. Thus, becoming German citizens and cooperating with the invading Wehrmacht had to be seen as a better alternative.

Stalin deported 900,000 ethnic Germans under his control to the interior of Russia and its far east republics, as they represented "possible" enemies of the state, which was the same rationale the United States used in placing over 300,000 Japanese Americans in concentration camps. However, treatment of the internees was vastly different. Surely, Japanese Americans were victims of systemic racism and poor living conditions, but they had not endured two decades of Stalin's paranoia, repression and genocide, and were eventually freed from the camps. The ethnic German's conditions and fate was different.

> "Millions of people including ethnic Germans and Russian dissidents died between 1930 and 1960, unable to survive starvation and torture in a network of gulag camps scattered from Russia's Arctic tundra to the inhospitable Kazakh steppe. …" *Forgotten Stalin victims despair in Kazakh steppe*, by Maria Golovnina, Reuters, December 21, 2009.
>
> "Amidst the madness of World War II the Soviet Union mobilized dozens of military units, hundreds of railway cars and hundreds of thousands of troops to carry out mass deportations. Entire ethnic groups were uprooted and scattered across the vast corners of the Soviet Empire. Approximately two million Germans, Kalmyks, Karachais, Balkars, Chechens, Ingush, Crimean Tatars, Poles, Armenians, Greeks, Finns and Bulgarians were subjected to wholesale or partial deportation, collectively uprooted and forced to live out their lives in 'special settlements' or labor camps. Kazakhstan was by far the most popular land of relocation and between 1941 and 1944 – it absorbed close to a million people; roughly 462,694 Germans …" *The Russian-German Exiles in Kazakhstan: 1940 & 1990 Migrations*, Irina Rudenko, University of Portland (2016), Page 4.
>
> "Over the course of 1941 and 1942 a total of 1,209,430 Germans … were deported to the Soviet east, and more than half of all Germans were sent to Kazakhstan.
>
> "Records for calculated deaths also vary because in many cases men were taken to the labor army or other areas for work and never accounted for. Those who were too slow packing up their things, didn't return onto the train car after a stop, or resisted were often shot on the spot. Of the approximately 1.2 million Germans deported, by 1948 only about 928,000 remained.
>
> "The massive human loss was in large part due to the conditions of the deportations, starvation and disease being the most common causes. While the elderly, the ill, and children were among those suffering the highest death rates … at times entire families died. … Deportees were allowed to bury their dead during short stops, but lacked the proper tools or adequate time to complete burials properly; many bodies were simply thrown out of the wagons." *The Russian-German Exiles in Kazakhstan: 1940 & 1990 Migrations*, Irina Rudenko, University of Portland (2016), Pages 11 and 12.

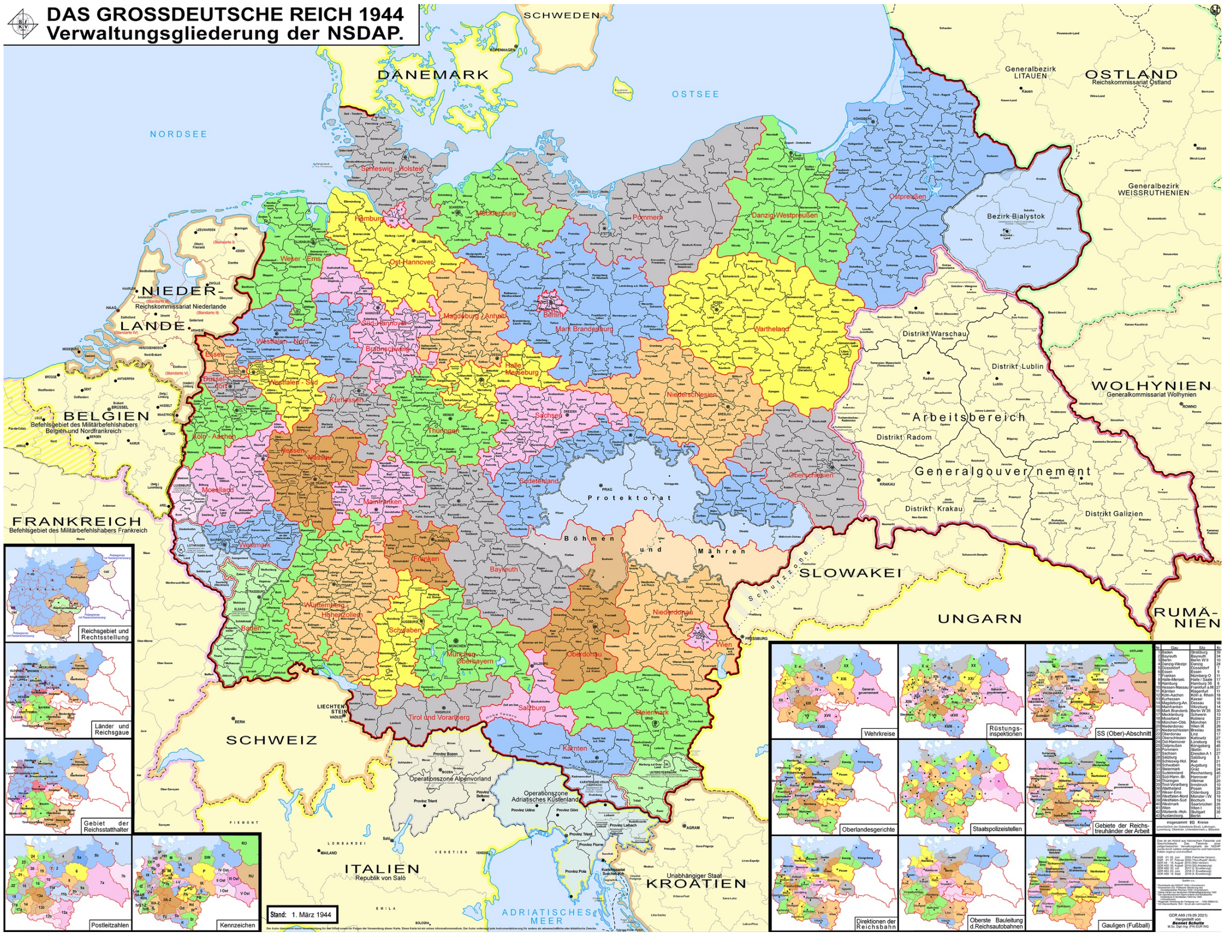
The 1941 "resettlements," essentially a continuation of Stalin's "ethnic cleansing," included Kolkes, Wieses and members of their extended families being removed (verschleppt) from eastern

Volhynia and sent to the vast expanses of Russia's interior. Many were the children of those who had been removed during the Great Terror. As with other removals by the Soviets, many never returned and presumably died in the gulags or their exile communities.

- Deblitz, David, husband of Lydia Lechner (d/o Auguste Kolke and Adolf Ludwig Lechner).
- Drews, Alvin, husband of Erna Kühn (d/o Johanna Kolke), and s/o Reinhold Drews (1936 verschleppt).
- Fröhlich, Otto, husband of Hertha Sonnenberg (d/o Karoline Wiese and Wilhelm Sonnenberg).
- Henke, Emma Kolke, daughter of Heinrich Kolke and Emilie Hoffman, died in 1947 in Russia.
- Kakoschke, Daniel, son of Helene Grip (d/o Julianne Kolke; d/o Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass), whose father was verschleppt in 1937.
- Kallasch, Gustav, son of Pauline Wiese and Johann August Kallasch.
- Kelm, Ewald, Alfred and Bruno, sons of Olga Kolke (d/o Wilhelm Kolke and Natalie Eggert) and Adolf Kelm.
- Krause, Meta, daughter of Wilhelmine Kolke & Ludwig Krause.
- Kühn, Gustav, husband of Johanna Kolke (d/o August Kolke and Helene Bieberdorf).
- Lechner, Gustav, husband of Ottilie Kallasch, daughter of Pauline Wiese and Johann August Kallasch, and their son Artur Lechner.
- Neumann, Marie Ottilie Kolke, daughter of Ferdinand Kolke and Henriette Schön.
- Neumann, Rudolf, husband of Marta Grohn (d/o Justine Kolke and Heinrich Grohn).
- Potratz, Heinrich, husband of Amanda Krause (d/o Wilhelmine Kolke and Ludwig Krause), and children Elsa and Ervin Potratz. Likely, the entire family was verschleppt.
- Schmidt, Herbert, husband of Frieda Lechner (d/o Auguste Kolke and Adolf Ludwig Lechner).
- Wiese, Gustav and Oswald, sons of Ernst Wiese and Emilie Wiese, sentenced to 10 years in a gulag in 1942.

By the end of 1943, the Soviet's fall offensive had stopped just east of Shitomir/Zhitomir. As of March 1, 1944, Zhitomir, Volhynia, was in Soviet possession. In 1943-44, about 40,000 ethnic German Volhynians were among 350,000 Germans who fled the Soviet Union with the retreating German Army, and received German citizenship. The Nazis were certainly on par with Stalin for savagery, ruthlessness and complete disregard for human life, but staying with the devil you know all too well was not an option. A map of the Third Reich reflects the state of the war from the German perspective:

CH. 9: ANNEXATIONS OF THE POLAND-LITHUANIAN COMMONWEALTH; PRUSSIA; GRAND DUCHY OF WARSAW; CONGRESS POLAND; AND VOLHYNIA


DAS GROSSDEUTSCHE REICH 1944
Verwaltungsgliederung der NSDAP.
SCHWEDEN
DÄNEMARK
OSTSEE
NORDSEE
OSTLAND
Reichskommissariat Ostland
Generalbezirk LITAUEN
Generalbezirk WEISSRUTHENIEN
Bezirk Bialystok
NIEDER-LANDE
Reichskommissariat Niederlande
BELGIEN
Befehlsgebiet des Militärbefehlshabers Belgien und Nordfrankreich
FRANKREICH
Befehlsgebiet des Militärbefehlshabers Frankreich
Distrikt Warschau
Distrikt Lublin
Distrikt Radom
Distrikt Krakau
Distrikt Galizien
Arbeitsbereich
Generalgouvernement
WOLHYNIEN
Generalkommissariat Wolhynien
Protektorat
Böhmen und Mähren
SLOWAKEI
UNGARN
RUMÄNIEN
SCHWEIZ
ITALIEN
Republik von Salò
KROATIEN
Unabhängiger Staat
Operationszone Alpenvorland
Operationszone Adriatisches Küstenland
ADRIATISCHES MEER
Stand: 1. März 1944
Reichsgebiet und Rechtsstellung
Länder und Reichsgaue
Gebiet der Reichsstatthalter
Postleitzahlen
Kennzeichen
Wehrkreise
Rüstungsinspektionen
SS (Ober)-Abschnitt
Oberlandesgerichte
Staatspolizeistellen
Gebiete der Reichstreuhänder der Arbeit
Direktionen der Reichsbahn
Oberste Bauleitung d.Reichsautobahnen
Gauligen (Fußball)

The Kolke, Wiese and related refugees were mostly women and children who had completed *EWZs*, and were primarily located in Poland or eastern Germany:

- Helene Grip Kakoschke, daughter of Julius Kolke (s/o Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass) and Wilhelmine Gall, was in Cholm on June 28, 1942.
- Augustine (Auguste) Kolke Kleinfeld, daughter of *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*, was in Tuschin on September 28, 1943.
- Erna Neumann and Ewald Neumann, children of Gustav Neumann and Marie Ottilie Kolke (daughter of Ferdinand Kolke and Henriette Schön), were in Litzmannstadt (Łódź) on October 8, 1943.
- Erich Ziesmann, son of Wilhelmine Drude, was in Tuschin on October 11, 1943, but was with his wife Nadeshda Michalotschkin and daughter Elfriede, in Litzmannstadt (Łódź) in 1944.
- Marta Grohn Neumann, daughter of Justine Kolke and Heinrich Grohn, and her four children, were in Soldau on December 13, 1943.
- Adolfine Neumann Grohn, wife of Erdmann Grohn (s/o Justine Kolke and Heinrich Grohn), is in Soldau on December 13, 1943.
- Ewald Seifert, son of Lydia Wiese and Hermann Seifert, and three daughters, in Sudetenland (Czechoslovakia) on December 13, 1943.

• Ewald Wiese, son of Friedrich Johann Wiese and Rosina Jabs, is in Drohobyez on January 5, 1944.

• Emilie Wiese Pohl, daughter of Friedrich Wiese and Anna Wolfram, is in Rundhausen on April 3, 1944.

• Anna Wolfram Wiese, widow of Friedrich Wiese, was in Lauban, Schlesien (Silesia), on April 4, 1944.

• Anna Ziebart Wiese, widow of Gustav Wiese (s/o Friedrich Wiese and Anna Wolfram), is in Lauban, Schlesien (Silesia), on April 4, 1944.

• Meta Wiese Schlag, daughter of Friedrich Wiese and Anna Wolfram, is in Lauban, Schlesien (Silesia), on April 4, 1944.

• Henriette Kolke Mundt (daughter of Ferdinand Kolke and Henriette Schön), and her children Erhard and Margarethe Mundt, were in Hermannsbad (Bad Muskau), Germany, on April 12, 1944. Her husband Ludwig Mundt was ill in Wegliki-Borki, Poland.

• Emil Kallasch, son of Pauline Wiese and Johann August Kallasch, is in Hermannsbad (Bad Muskau), Germany, on April 22, 1944.

• Hertha Sonnenberg Frohlich and her children were in Hermsdorf, Waldenburg, on April 22, 1944.

• Alma Beutler Böhm, wife of Friedrich Böhm (s/o Wilhelmine Kolke and Karl Böhm), and her children Irene and Elvira were in Hermannsbad (Bad Muskau), Germany, on April 23, 1944.

• Olga Ziesmann Brem, daughter of Susanna Drude (d/o Helene Pekeruhl and Peter Drude), and her niece Metha Ziesmann (her sister Hulda's child) were in Hermannsbad (Bad Muskau), Germany, on April 26, 1944.

• Ottilie Kallasch Lechner, daughter of Pauline Wiese and Johann August Kallasch, is in Hermannsbad (Bad Muskau), Germany, on April 26, 1944.

• Pauline Wiese Kallasch, daughter of Friedrich Heinrich Casper Wiese and Karoline Keller, is in Hermannsbad (Bad Muskau), Germany, on April 28, 1944.

• Lydia Wiese, daughter of Friedrich Johann Wiese and Rosina Jabs, is in Zirke, Lärchensee, Gemeindehaus, on May 14, 1944.

• Pauline Kolke Jabs Seidel (daughter of *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*) and her husband Adolf Seidel were in Zirke, Lärchensee, Gemeindehaus, on May 14, 1944.

• Meta Potratz Schulz, daughter of Heinrich and Amanda Krause Potratz, and her husband Arnold Schulz, were in Zirke, Lärchensee, Gemeindehaus, on May 18, 1944.

• Friedrich Böhm, son of Friedrich Böhm and Alma Beutler, was in Posen/Poznan, Poland, on May 23, 1944.

• Ottilie Kolke Pedde (daughter of August Kolke and Helene Biberdorf), and daughter Lilly Pedde, in Posen/Poznan, Poland, on May 24, 1944. Her husband Ludwig Pedde died in April 1944.

• Melitta Kolke Krüger, daughter of Friedrich Kolke and Anna Wolf, wife of Friedrich Krüger (verschleppt in 1937), was in Posen/Poznan, Poland, on May 24, 1944.

• Ewald Neumann, his wife Erna Mundt and four children (Ira, Bruno, Melitta and Alfred), were in Posen/Poznan, Poland, on May 27, 1944.

• Henriette Kolke and her husband Ludwig Mundt, and their daughter Erna Mundt Neumann, are in Posen/Poznan, Poland, on May 27, 1944.

• Herta Kallasch Forntail, daughter of Pauline Wiese and Johann August Kallasch, and her husband Emil Forntail, are in Rädichau on May 30, 1944.

• Marie Block Kolke, wife of Leo Kolke (verschleppt in 1941) (son of Joseph Kolke and Helene Hiller), and son Arnhold Kolke, were in Posen/Poznan, Poland, on May 31, 1944.

• Maria Buller Kolke, wife of Edmund Kolke (verschleppt in 1941) (son of Joseph Kolke and Helene Hiller), was in Puderitz, Posen/Poznan, Poland, on June 3, 1944.

• Hulda Witzke Kolke, wife of Albert Kolke, son of Wilhelm Kolke and Natalie Eggert, was in Lissa/Liese, Wartheland, on July 2, 1944.

• Erna Kühn Drews, daughter of Johanna Kolke (d/o August Kolke and Helene Biberdorf), was in Görnau on July 7, 1944.

• Eduard Kolke (son of Friedrich Kolke and Anna Wolf), and his children Leo and Ida Kolke, his second wife Lydia Stange, and their son Eduard Kolke, were in Gnesen/Gniezno, Poland, on July 9, 1944.

• Maria Kolke Freitag (daughter of Heinrich Kolke and Emilie Hoffman) was in Gemünden, Bavaria, Germany, on July 16, 1944. In 1931, her husband Gustav Freitag and four children (and possibly Maria) were deported to the Ural Mountains.

• Antonie Freitag Laparow, daughter of Maria Kolke Freitag, and daughter Luise Laparow, are in Hammelburg, Gemünden, on July 16, 1944. Her husband Alexander Laparow, who was Russian, was "lost" on the way to Gemünden.

• Adeline Freitag Neumann, and her five children (Theodor, Marie, Margareta, Kuno and Leokadia), are in Hammelburg, Gemünden, on July 16, 1944.

• Amanda Krause Potratz (daughter of Wilhelmine Kolke and Ludwig Krause), wife of Heinrich Potratz who had been deported in 1937, and sons Eduard and Edwin Potratz, were in Gnesen, Poland, on July 16, 1944.

• Melitta Kolke Krüger, daughter of Friedrich Kolke and Anna Wolf, is in Gnesen on July 26, 1944.

• Emilie Wiese Wiese, widow of Ernst Wiese (d/o Martin Wilhelm Wiese and Wilhelmine Rösler), was in Scharnikau on August 20, 1944.

• Olga Kolke Kelm, wife of Adolf Kelm, daughter of Wilhelm Kolke and Natalie Eggert, and sons Willibald and Otto Kelm, were in Lissa, Wartheland, on August 22 and 24, 1944.

• Edwin Pede, son of Johanna Kolke and Ferdinand Pede, was in Sichenfeld on September 20, 1944.

- August Kolke, son of Julius Kolke and Wilhelmine Gall, and daughter Johanna Kolke Pede, were in Sichenfeld (Lesmierz, Kr. Lentschutz), Wartheland, on October 31, 1944.
- Maria Lugin Kolke, wife of Werner Kolke (s/o Rudolf Kolke and Hulda Hemminger), completed an EWZ in 1944.
- Harald Schmidt, son of Frieda Lechner (daughter of Auguste Kolke) and Herbert Schmidt, was in Hohensalza, Wartheland, on November 4, 1944.
- Sidonia Lechner, daughter of Auguste Kolke and Adolf Lechner, and half-brother Herbert Lechner, were in Hohensalza, Wartheland, on November 4, 1944.
- Lydia Lechner Deblitz, daughter of Auguste Kolke (d/o Friedrich Kolke and Auguste Rode) and Adolf Ludwig Lechner, and daughters Adeline and Irene Deblitz, were in Hohensalza, Wartheland, on December 6, 1944.
- Reinhard Zissak, son of Wilhelmine Lidia/Lydia Kolke (d/o Julius Kolke and Wilhelmine Gall) and Gottlieb Zissak, his wife Else and son Richard, were in Tkaczen, Litzmannstadt, Wartheland, on December 21, 1944.
- Agathe Kühn Jabs, wife of Theobald Jabs (s/o Pauline Kolke (d/o *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*) and Michael Jabs, with three children (Alex, Banida and Waldemer), are in Wreschen, Wartheland, on January 6, 1945. However, they were deported to Irkutsk, Siberia, and then moved to Kazakhstan.

I have been unsuccessful in tracing most of those who completed *EWZs* and were located in German occupied Poland or Germany to determine where they may have settled in East or West Germany, or elsewhere.

The Soviet Army launched Operation Bagration on June 22, 1944, three years after the German invasion, to capture the rest of the Ukraine, and move into eastern Poland, stopping just east of Warsaw on August 19, 1944. By February 25, 1945, the Russian Army had substantially seized Posen/Poznan, and the Soviets occupied all of Poland by the end of March 1945.

Volhynian ethnic German Kolke and Wiese family members also served in the German military during World War II:

- Corporal Richard Treptow, son of August Treptow and Mathilde Sommerfeldt, (1913 – 1944 killed-in-action, Ukraine).
- Ewald Kolke, possibly the son of Herbert Kolke and Martha Gras, was photographed in a German uniform with Margarete Mundt (d/o Henriette Kolke and Ludwig Mundt), in Hermannsbad (Polen), in 1944.
- Reinhard Potratz, son of Amanda Krause (d/o Wilhelmine Kolke and Ludwig Krause) and Heinrich Potratz, in Wehrmacht.
- Erwin Pede, son of Ferdinand Pede and Johanna Kolke (d/o August Kolke and Maria Pedde), in Waffen SS.
- Reinhard Zissak may have been in the Waffen SS in 1944.
- Emil Pohl, husband of Emilie Wiese, was in the Waffen SS in 1944.
- Theobald Jabs, son of Pauline Kolke and Michael Jabs, was in the Waffen SS in April 1944.

• Paul Kelm and Alfred Kelm, sons of Olga Kolke Kelm, were in the Waffen SS. Alfred Kelm was in Warshau/Warsaw during the Warsaw Uprising when Warsaw was obliterated.

• Reinhard Holweger, son of Auguste Wiese and August Holweger, was an Obergefreiter in the Wehrmacht, and was killed-in-action in Lower Saxony, Germany, in 1945.

• Jabs, Theodor, son of Wilhelmine Marie Sonnenberg and Johann Jabs, was a Staff Sergeant in the Wehrmacht, and was killed-in-action in Berlin in 1945, one week before the war ended.

Ethnic Germans also arrived in Nazi Germany to work in its factories. During World War II, the Nazis abducted twelve million people from its occupied territories to work as forced laborers. Europe's Jews clearly suffered the most at the hands of the Nazis, but harsh deportation and forced labor policies were also imposed on Russia, Ukraine and Belarus (half of its population was deported or killed). More than 2,000 German companies used forced labor. Eleven million foreigners within Germany at war's end were classified as displaced persons/refugees, and relief agencies opened files on more than 17.5 million European refugees and German persecutees. Several *Kolke* family members appear as "foreigners and German persecutes" in documents maintained by the Arlosen Archives:

• Hubert Kolke (s/o Rudolf Kolke and Hulda Hemminger) (and wife Irene Jaschenko) worked for Joseph Hebel Construction Company, in Emmering and Memmingen, Bavaria, Germany (1943-45).

• Werner Kolke (s/o Rudolf Kolke and Hulda Hemminger) (and wife Maria Lugin) worked for Schwenk Cement Company, in Allmendingen, Germany (1944-1945).

• Emma Erna Neubauber Dikerts (d/o Karolina Kolke and Samuel Neubauer), husband Albertus Dikerts and two children, were in the Ludwigsburg Resettlement Center, US Zone, Germany.

At the end of World War II, the remaining ethnic Germans were expelled from Volhynia and Poland, primarily to Germany; part of the post-war mass population transfer. Germany was divided into four Zones of Occupation (US, Britain, France, and USSR). However, if ethnic Germans ended up in the Soviet Zone, which became East Germany, they again fell under Stalin's and the USSR's boot.

It wasn't until after the breakup of the Soviet Union in 1991, when some of the *Kolkes* who had been exiled in the farthest reaches of the Soviet Union found their way to a unified Germany. They were forbidden from returning to their homelands (i.e. Volhynia, Volga, etc.), which had been successfully ethnically cleansed. Between 1989 and 1999 over 1.8 million people emigrated out of Kazakhstan, of which over 425,000 were ethnic Germans.[27]

CH. 9: ANNEXATIONS OF THE POLAND-LITHUANIAN COMMONWEALTH; PRUSSIA; GRAND DUCHY OF WARSAW; CONGRESS POLAND; AND VOLHYNIA

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[1] Matthew Martin, School of Slavonic and East European Studies University College London*; and The Nations of the Polish-Lithuanian Commonwealth, Controversial Questions*, by Henryk Litwin, *Acta Poloniae Historica*, Vol. 77 (1998).

[2] *Germanization, Polonization, and Russification in the Partitioned Lands of Poland-Lithuania*, by Tomasz Kamusella, School of History, University of St. Andrews, St. Andrews, Scotland, UK (Received 5 January 2012; final version received 10 October 2012).

[3] *Poland: A Country Study*, Glenn E. Curtis, ed., Washington: GPO for the Library of Congress, 1992.

[4] *Germanization, Polonization, and Russification in the Partitioned Lands of Poland-Lithuania*, by Tomasz Kamusella, School of History, University of St. Andrews, St. Andrews, Scotland, UK (Received 5 January 2012; final version received 10 October 2012).

[5] Although there was no "Germany" until at least the 1815 German Confederation, a union of 39 independent states, the people who inhabited the region were labeled "Germanic," because they had similar language, customs and culture. The Kingdom of Prussia was one of the largest and most powerful of the Germanic states. In 1871, the German Empire was formed under Otto von Bismarck, with Wilhelm I crowned the first Kaiser.

[6] *The Constitution of the Duchy of Warsaw 1807. Some remarks on occasion of 200 years' anniversary of its adoption*, by Andrzej Dziadzio.

[7] *German immigrants in Central Poland in the late 18th and early 19th centuries, by Tadeusz Marszał*, European Spatial Research and Policy, Vol. 29, No. 1, pp 27-30 (2022).

[8] *German immigrants in Central Poland in the late 18th and early 19th centuries, by Tadeusz Marszał*, European Spatial Research and Policy, Vol. 29, No. 1, p31 (2022).

[9] *The Constitution of the Duchy of Warsaw 1807. Some remarks on occasion of 200 years' anniversary of its adoption*, by Andrzej Dziadzio.

[10] In 1517, Martin Luther (1483-1546) sparked the Protestant Reformation by publishing *95 Theses*, which were originally intended as an invitation to discuss abuses associated with the sale of indulgences, but encouraged the widespread rejection of ecclesiastical authority in Germany. In 1521, the Holy Roman emperor, Charles V, outlawed Martin Luther and his teaching at the imperial Diet of Worms and ordered the suppression of all attempts to reform the church in his lands according to Luther's program for reformation. In January 1530, Charles called for the Lutheran princes and cities to explain their religious program before an imperial diet, which he called for late spring in the city of Augsburg. In preparation for the diet, Elector John of Saxony commissioned his theologians, led by Martin Luther and Philip Melanchthon (1497-1560), to prepare working papers on the issues which had led to reform in Saxony and other territorial churches influenced by Luther's teaching. The Torgau Articles were developed in a series of drafts and treated the subjects of human ordinances, marriage of priests, both kinds (bread and wine) in the Lord's Supper, the sacrifice of the Mass, confession, ecclesiastical jurisdiction, ordination, monastic vows, invocation of saints, and use of the vernacular in worship. Seven Lutheran princes and two municipal governments presented Melanchthon's Confession to the emperor and the assembled princes and representatives of imperial cities in the diet on June 25, 1530. The emperor rejected the Lutheran claim to legitimacy, and at the end of the diet he commanded the Lutheran governments to return to the Roman

obedience by April 15, 1531, or face suppression. Despite the emperor's ultimatum, the Confession of Faith by Certain Princes and Cities Presented to His Imperial Majesty in Augsburg in the Year 1530 (i.e. the "Augsburg Confession"), consisting of twenty eight articles, seven of which challenged the corrupt practices and abuses of the Roman Catholic Church, became the primary confession of faith of the Lutheran Church.

[11] *German immigrants in Central Poland in the late 18th and early 19th centuries, by Tadeusz Marszał*, European Spatial Research and Policy, Vol. 29, No. 1, pp 33 and 46 (2022).

[12] *The Duchy of Warsaw, 1807-1815: A Napoleonic Outpost in Central Europe,* by Czubaty, Jarosław, Bloomsbury Publishing, p109 (2016)*; and German immigrants in Central Poland in the late 18th and early 19th centuries, by Tadeusz Marszał*, European Spatial Research and Policy, Vol. 29, No. 1, p33 (2022).

[13] *German immigrants in Central Poland in the late 18th and early 19th centuries, by Tadeusz Marszał*, European Spatial Research and Policy, Vol. 29, No. 1, p35 (2022).

[14] West Prussia was originally created as a province of the Kingdom of Prussia in 1773, after the First Partition. The province was occupied by the French from 1807 to 1815, and returned to the Kingdom of Prussia in 1815, where it was again identified as "West Prussia" until 1829, when it was dissolved and merged with East Prussia to form the Province of Prussia.

[15] *German immigrants in Central Poland in the late 18th and early 19th centuries, by Tadeusz Marszał*, European Spatial Research and Policy, Vol. 29, No. 1, pp 37-39 (2022).

[16] *German immigrants in Central Poland in the late 18th and early 19th centuries, by Tadeusz Marszał*, European Spatial Research and Policy, Vol. 29, No. 1, pp 40-41 (2022).

Beginning in 1775, churches were established in Warsaw and Iłów, followed by Łipno (1793), Chodecz (1800), Płock (1804), Wyszogrod (1805, including Płonsk and Pułtusk), Gostynin (1825), Przasnysz (1835), Nieszawa (1838), Rumunki Wola / Osówka (1838), Płonsk (1840); Pułtusk (1842-48), Nowa Wies (1843, split from Gostynin) and Nasielsk (1849). *SGGEE.*

[17] *German immigrants in Central Poland in the late 18th and early 19th centuries, by Tadeusz Marszał*, European Spatial Research and Policy, Vol. 29, No. 1, p43 (2022).

[18] *Poland: A Country Study*, Glenn E. Curtis, ed., Washington: GPO for the Library of Congress, 1992; *Britanica.org; and Napoleon.org.*

Map *By Mathiasrex, Maciej Szczepańczyk, based on layers of User: Poznaniak – Own work, CC BY-SA 4.0.*

[19] Baptism/birth, death/burial and marriage records for the years 1836, 1843, 1845, 1847, and 1850-1885 are stored in the *St. Petersburg (Russia) Consistory Archives*, and have been transcribed into English or made available in their original form (*see* www.odessa3.org; FamilySearch.org). The *Society for German Genealogy in Eastern Europe* (*SGGEE*) transcribed parish records for the period 1900-1919.

[20] *The 1915 Deportation of the Volhynian Germans*, by Alfred Krüger (1937)*; The Old Country*, by Donald N. Miller, excerpt "Deportation of Germans in 1915" (2006), published by the American Historical Society of Germans from Russia (AHSGR), Lincoln, Nebraska*; and Volhynian Legacy*, by Irmgard Hein Ellingson, FEEFHS Journal, Vol. IX, pp 29 and 31.

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[21] Herbert Kolke and Julius Kolke are the sons of August Kolke (son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass) and Helene Biberdorf.

Heinrich Kolke, son of Andreas Kolke and Maria Biberdorf, and his wife Emilie Eleonore Hoffman, are alive as of November 1931, and are the parents of Rudolf Kolke and Maria Kolke, who married Gustav Freitag, who were sent to Siberia.

Reinhold Biberdorf was the husband of Auguste Kolke, daughter of Heinrich Kolke and Emilie Hoffman.

[22] Herbert Kolke and Julius Kolke are the sons of August Kolke (son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass) and Helene Biberdorf.

Rudolf Kolke and Gustav Freitag (married Rudolf's sister Maria Kolke, who were sent to Siberia) were the son and son-in-law of Heinrich Kolke, son of Andreas Kolke and Maria Biberdorf, and his wife Emilie Eleonore Hoffman.

Heinrich Kolke is Herbert's uncle, and R. Biberdorf probably refers to Reinhold Biberdorf, who married Auguste Kolke, Heinrich's daughter. Reinhold Biberdorf died as of December 1931.

R. Kolke's wife could refer to either Rudolf Kolke's second wife Hulda Hemminger or to Robert Kolke's second wife Emilie Polinski. Rudolf and Robert were brothers and sons of Heinrich Kolke.

Ewald and Werner Kolke are the sons of Herbert Kolke and his wife Martha Gras.

[23] Information provided by Dave Obee of the Foundation for East European Family History Studies (*FEEFHS*).

"25 July 2012 was the 75th anniversary of the repressive actions against Soviet citizens of German ethnic origin. On that day in 1937, mass reprisals were initiated in accordance with the decree No. 00439, issued by the People's Commissariat for Internal Affairs (NKVD). The discovery of previously secret archival documents after the collapse of the USSR has yet to reduce the gaps in our understanding of the mechanism of reprisals committed by the Soviet secret service. The fate of thousands of political victims of the Soviet regime remains unknown, and their relatives still wait for their rehabilitation. The politics of terror against Ukrainian Germans undertaken by the Soviet secret services during the Purges remains a pressing scholarly issue. During the Soviet era, the German population in Ukraine diminished fifteen-fold. The official data of the 1937 census showed over 408,000 ethnic Germans, or 1.5% of the population, while nowadays their number does not exceed 33,000 (0.1%) in Ukraine." *The Routledge History of Genocide, The Great Purge in Ukraine, The German Operation of the NKVD (1937-8)*, by Volodymyr Semystyaha and Igor Tatarinow (May 2015).

[24] Most of the victims were "rehabilitated" by government prosecutors/panels beginning in 1956. This expungement made no difference to those who had been summarily shot after show trials, those who had been deported to the far reaches of the Soviet Union, or those who had their husbands, wives or children taken away, never to be seen again.

[25] The *SGGEE KGB* database for Relocations/Repatriations is the principal source for the deportation of ethnic Germans in the 1930s. The *SGGEE* database doesn't always identify the year or location of the exile. *EWZs* completed by family members are the primary source of the World War II deportations, but also contain information concerning Tsarist and Stalin removals (as well as deaths).

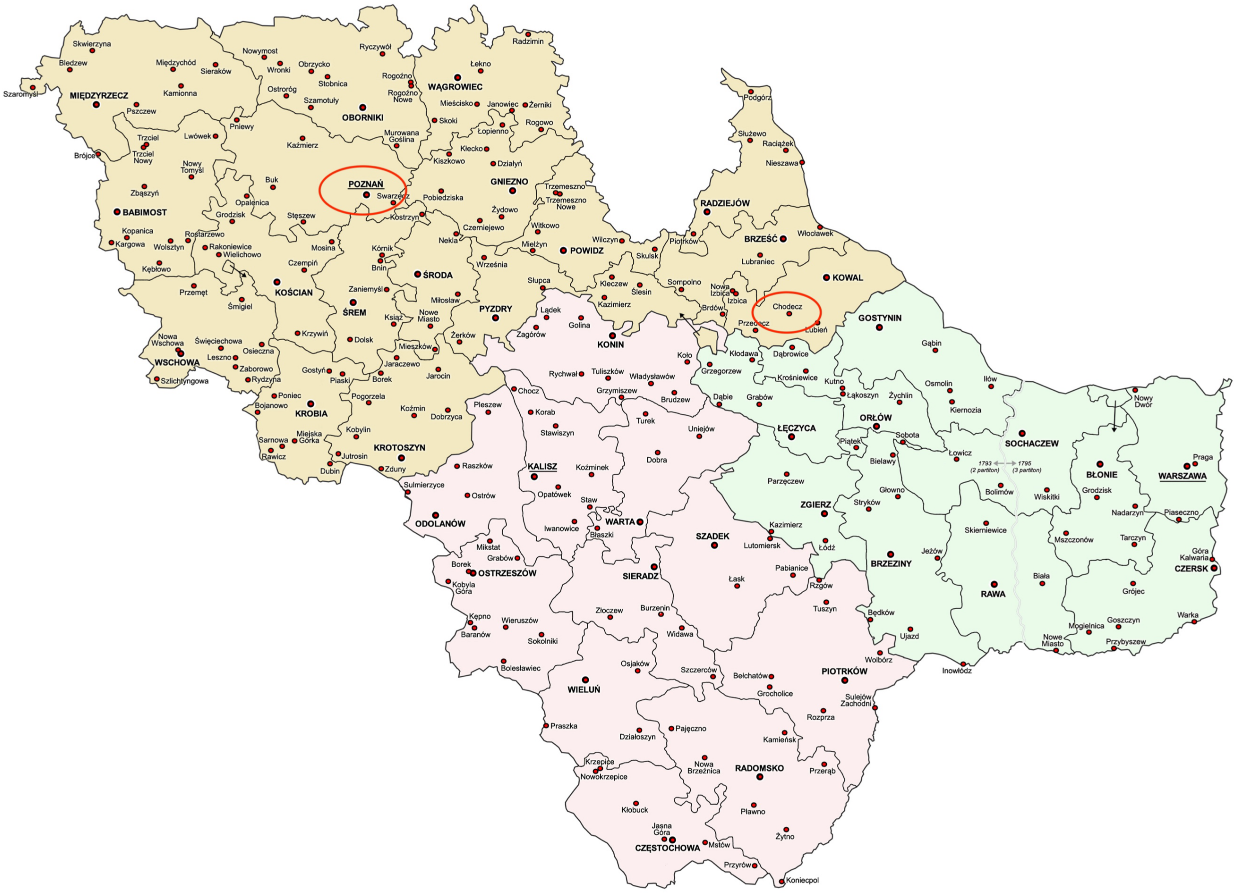
[26] The information contained in an EWZ (used collectively) includes the following:

- Personalblatt (Personal Sheet, usually two pages containing personal and family history)
- Aufenthalt des anstragsteller (visit; stay/residence of applicant)
- Einbürgerungsurkunde/Einbürgerungsurfund (naturalization certificate)
- Photos, memoranda, letters and other documents
- Volkstumsausweis (passport)
- Feststellung der Deutschstämmigkeit (determination of German descent) (pedigree chart)

[27] *The Russian-German Exiles in Kazakhstan: 1940 & 1990 Migrations*, Irina Rudenko, University of Portland (2016), pp 5 and 29.

CH. 2: MICHAL KOLKE AND ELEANORA REYCH/REICH FAMILY (Part 1)

Michal Kolke[1] is the earliest known patriarch of the *Kolke* family. He was born in 1795 in "Posen," (formerly and currently Poznań, Poland) the then capital of Province of South Prussia, Prussia, which had been annexed from the Polish-Lithuanian Commonwealth, in 1792 and 1795.[28]


MIĘDZYRZECZ
OBORNIKI
WĄGROWIEC
POZNAŃ
GNIEZNO
BABIMOST
RADZIEJÓW
BRZEŚĆ
KOWAL
POWIDZ
ŚRODA
KOŚCIAN
ŚREM
PYZDRY
GOSTYNIN
KONIN
WSCHOWA
KROBIA
KROTOSZYN
KALISZ
ŁĘCZYCA
ORŁÓW
SOCHACZEW
BŁONIE
WARSZAWA
ZGIERZ
ODOLANÓW
WARTA
SZADEK
BRZEZINY
OSTRZESZÓW
SIERADZ
RAWA
CZERSK
PIOTRKÓW
WIELUŃ
RADOMSKO
CZĘSTOCHOWA
1793 (2 partition)
1795 (3 partition)

South Prussia circa 1792-1806[29] (eastern part of the green area was added in Third Partition in 1795); annexed by Russia and named the Kingdom of Poland (Congress Poland) in 1815.

During the period of the Napoleonic Wars from 1806 to 1815, Posen/Poznań was part of the Duchy of Warsaw. If *Michal Kolke* and his family were still in Posen/Poznań, their life was interesting to say the least. By January 1813, when Russia removed France and its Polish allies from Posen/Poznań and the Duchy of Warsaw, *Michal Kolke* would have been around seventeen years of age; probably old enough to serve in the Prussian or Russian army. As of the 1815 Congress of Vienna, *Michal Kolke* would have been about twenty years of age. Posen/Poznań remained part of Prussia.

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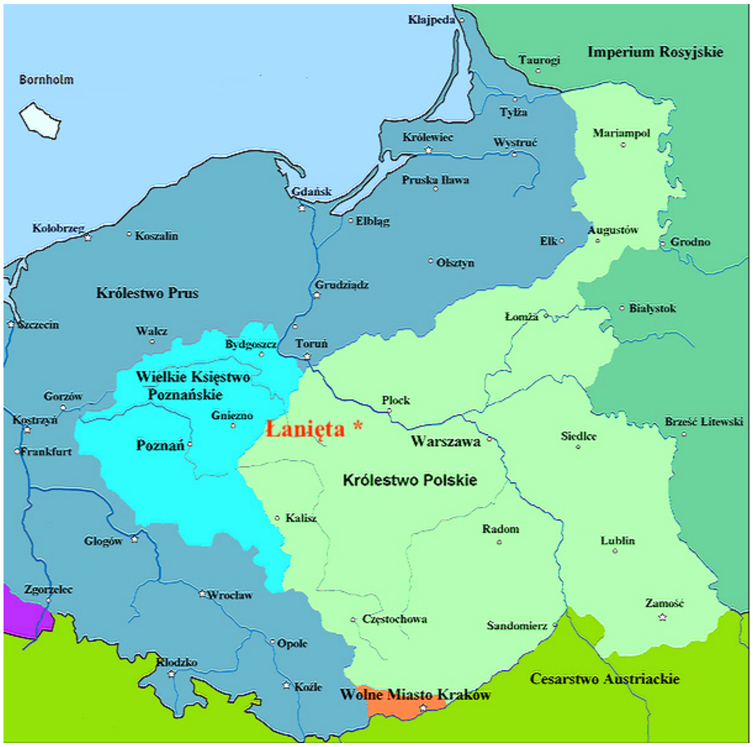
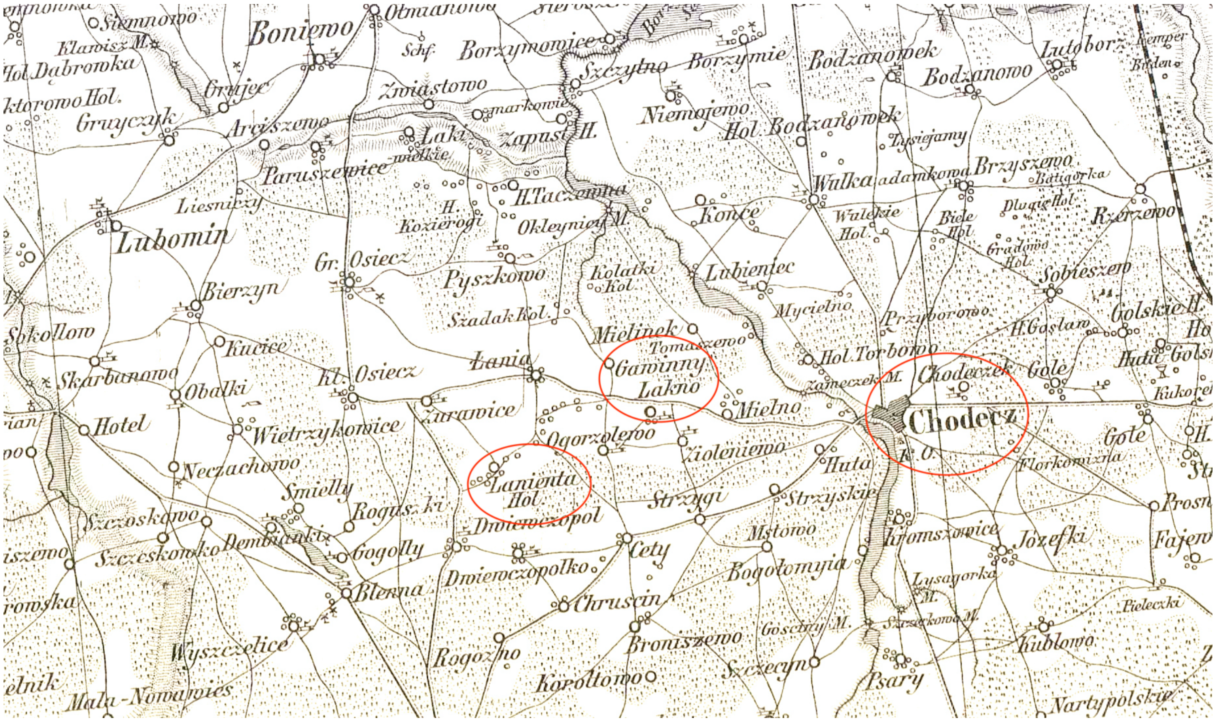
[1] I have italicized the names of individuals who are in my direct line of descent. The *Kolke Family Tree* is found in Appendix D.


Klajpeda
Taurogi
Imperium Rosyjskie
Bornholm
Tylża
Mariampol
Królewiec
Wystruć
Pruska Iława
Gdańsk
Elbląg
Kołobrzeg
Koszalin
Augustów
Grodno
Ełk
Olsztyn
Królestwo Prus
Grudziądz
Białystok
Łomża
Szczecin
Wałcz
Bydgoszcz
Toruń
Wielkie Księstwo Poznańskie
Gorzów
Płock
Kostrzyn
Gniezno
Łanięta *
Brześć Litewski
Frankfurt
Poznań
Warszawa
Siedlce
Królestwo Polskie
Kalisz
Radom
Głogów
Lublin
Zgorzelec
Wrocław
Zamość
Częstochowa
Sandomierz
Opole
Kłodzko
Koźle
Cesarstwo Austriackie
Wolne Miasto Kraków

1815 Grand Duchy of Poznań and Kingdom of Poland

Michal Kolke next appears in the village of Łanięta, Congress Poland, Russia; part of the Chodecz (Evangelical Lutheran) Parish, which was established in 1800.[30] After the Congress of Vienna, and Prussia's relinquishment of lands annexed in 1793 and 1795, Łanięta became part of western Congress Poland, under Russian authority. Łanięta is about 160km southeast of Posen/Poznań, and 7km west of Chodecz.


Boniewo
Borzymowice
Szczytno
Borzymie
Bodzanowek
Bodzanowo
Lutobórz
Zwiastowo
Niemojewo
Gruyczyk
Areiszewo
Laki wielkie
Zapust
Paruszewice
Walka
Lubomin
Lubieniec
Pyszkowo
Bierzyn
Sokolłow
Kucice
Mielnik
Przyborowo
Skarbanowo
Obalki
Kl. Osiecz
Łania
Gawinny
Lakno
Chodeczek
Golskie
Mielno
Zamęczek M.
Chodecz
Hotel
Wietrzykowice
Ogorzelewo
Ziolenievo
Neczachowo
Smielly
Rogusz
Lanienta Hol.
Dwierszopol
Strzygi
Strzyskie
Krumszewice
Józefki
Szczeskowo
Gogolly
Blenna
Dwieroczopolko
Cety
Mstowo
Bogołomyja
Chruscin
Wyszczelice
Rogozno
Broniszewo
Szczecyn
Psary
Kublowo
Mała-Nowawies
Korotlowo

Łanięta and Chodecz appear to have had a significant Prussian population, who were primarily farmers.[31] *Michal Kolke* (and possibly his parents and any siblings) could have been in Łanięta before the Napoleonic Wars impacted the area; or he/they could have moved from Posen to Łanięta during the 1806-1815 period; or settled in Łanięta after the Treaty of Vienna, which ended the wars and divided up the conquered territory. Why they didn't return to Prussian controlled territory is unknown.

Around 1818 (based upon the birthdate of their first known child and age of his wife), *Michal Kolke* married *Eleonora (Anna Lenora) Reych/Reich* (1801, Gawin (located a couple of kilometers northeast of Łanięta), South Prussia, Prussia; baptized on March 25, 1801, Chodecz Church of the Augsburg Confession, sponsored by Andreas Sonnenberg[32] and Elisabeth Konig - >November 20, 1847).[33] *Eleonora (Anna Lenora) Reich/Reych* was the daughter of *Johannes Christoph Reych/Reich and Anna Rosine/Rosina/Rosilia Liszkowska/Liskowski* (b November 15, 1783, Jaworze, Poland; bap November 23, 1873, Chodecz Catholic Parish; daughter of *Andreas Liszkowska/Liskowski* (____ - >February 1792 <February 26, 1811, probably Gawin, South Prussia, Prussia, or Duchy of Warsaw) *and Anna Katarzyna Günther* (____ - >February 26, 1811)),[34] who were married in Gawin, South Prussia, Prussia, on January 27, 1799.[35]

Michał Kolke, a farmer, and *Eleanora/Eleanore Reich* had three confirmed children in Łanięta, Congress Poland, Russia.[36] [2]

- Jan Andry (Johann Andreas) Kolke was born at 10:00 pm on August 26, 1820, House #28, Łanięta, Congress Poland, Russia. He was baptized by Pastor Henryk Ortmann of the Chodecz Lutheran Parish on August 28, 1820. Jan Andry's Godparents were Christoph Belke,[37] age 27, and Gottfried Brehm/Bohm, age 47, both farmers. His father *Michał Kolke* was 24 years old, and his mother *Eleanore Reich* was 18 years of age at the time of his baptism.[38]

- Fryderyk (Friedrich) Wilhelm Kolke was born at 2:00 am on March 17, 1823, in House #20, Łanięta, Congress Poland, Russia. He was baptized on March 20, 1823, by Pastor Henryk Ortmann of the Chodecz Lutheran Parish, and his Godparents were Friedrich/Fryderyk Lange, age 30, and Ludwig Harmel,[39] age 50, both farmers. His father *Michał Kolke* was 30 years old, and his mother was incorrectly listed as *Eleanora* "Neumann,"[40] who was 23 years of age at the time of his baptism. On November 23, 1835, Friedrich Wilhelm Kolek (sic), age 13, born in Kolanie Leinanta, Chodecz, was confirmed in the Toviele (probably Theophil/Teofil) Evangelical Lutheran Church, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia.[41] His father was *Michael Kolek* (sic), Kolonist, age 40, born in Polen. His mother was *Anna Linoro Reich*, age 35, born in Kreis Chodecz, Polen.[42] Friedrich (Wilhelm) Kolke's burial record identifies his father as "*Michael Kolke*," and Chodecz as his place of birth.[43]

- Wilhelmina/Wilhelmine Kolke was born at 10:00 am on December 22, 1825, House #20, Łanięta, Congress Poland, Russia. She was baptized on December 26, 1825, by Pastor Henryk Ortmann of the Chodecz Parish, and her Godparents were Michał Werner,[44] age 30, and Jan

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[2] In an effort to organize the Generation #2 Kolkes (i.e. the children of *Michal Kolke and Eleanore Reich)*, I have color coded each family so they can be followed/traced and evaluated in their relationships with each other to establish they were children of *Michal Kolke and Leonora Reich* (four of whom were already confirmed by baptism records, and one (*Ludwig*) by *Ancestry*DNA™). The coding assigned to each: Andreas Kolke, Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke, Wilhelmine Kolke, Daniel Kolke, Gottlieb Kolke, Anna Susanna Kolke, *Ludwig Kolke* and Helene Kolke.

(Johann) Sonnenberg, age 40, farmers. Her father *Michał Kolke* was 30 years old, and her mother *Eleanora nee Reich* was 26 years of age at the time of her baptism.[45]

Michal Kolke and Eleanore Reich, and their young family, probably began their long eastward journey to Volhynia (Zwiahel/Nowograd Wolhynsk is 780km east of Chodecz) sometime after Wilhelmina Kolke's birth, as she was their last child known to be baptized in Chodecz.[46] The first record mention of *Michal Kolke and Eleanore Reich* in Volhynia comes a little more than nine years later, in 1835, when they were Godparents in separate baptisms (as well as the baptism of their daughter Susana Ana Kolke (*see below*), and the confirmation of their son Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke (*see above*):

(1) *Michal Kolke*, age 40, sponsored Ludwig Pahl, son of Kristian Pahl and Elizabeth Quast, in Kolonie Toviele (Theophil/Teofil), on March 5, 1835.[47]

(2) *Anna Leonora Kolk* sponsored Gottfried Schroeter, son of Friedrich Schroeter and Susanna Lang, on October 16, 1835, in Kolonie Tiopsil(?) (Theophil/Teofil).[48]

Michal Kolke and Eleanore Reich had two confirmed children born in Volhynia.

- Susana Ana (Anna Susanna) Kolk/Kolke (1834; bap June 21, 1835, Zorflau/Torflau/Torsdav (?), probably part of Kolonie Toviele (Theophil/Teofil), Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - March 21, 1914, Salatuik, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia). Her Godparents were Johan Karl Stepan[49] (50); Ana Kristina Shankin (46); Martin Lentz (25); and Elisabet Pof/s___ (40).[50]

- *Ludwig Kolke* (1842-43, possibly Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – March 3, 1906, Marianowka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia), my great grandfather. *Ludwig Kolke's* 1906 death/burial record states he was 63 years old at the time of his death,[51] which if accurate means he was born in 1842 or 1843. *Eleanore Reich* would have been 41/42 years old in 1842/43, which was within the range of child-bearing years during this period.[52]

I suspect, based upon their children's marriages in the early 1840s to Biberdorf's, Grass', Pekruhl's, Klein's and Wagner/Glaubitz's, that the *Michal Kolke and Eleanore Reich* family was probably living in or very near to Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia, as of the late 1830s.

I believe there is sufficient evidence to include three others as children of *Michal Kolke and Eleanore Reich*.

- Daniel Kolke was probably born around 1827, in Congress Poland or Volhynia, Russia. One of the most compelling pieces of evidence Daniel Kolke was a child of *Michal Kolke and Eleanore Reich* is found in the 1852 baptism record of his son Julius Theodor Kolke, where his Godparents/sponsors were the four confirmed children of *Michal Kolke and Eleanore Reich*, or their spouses. Daniel Kolke was alive as of March 28, 1877, when he was a Godparent for his niece Auguste Kolke, daughter of *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*.[53]

  Julius Theodor Kolke's baptism was sponsored by Andreas Kolke, Karoline (Grass) Kolke (wife of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke), Jacob Pekruhl (husband of Wilhelmine Kolke), and Susanna Kolke.[54]

- Gottlieb Kolke was probably born between 1829 and 1833, in Congress Poland or Volhynia, Russia.[55]

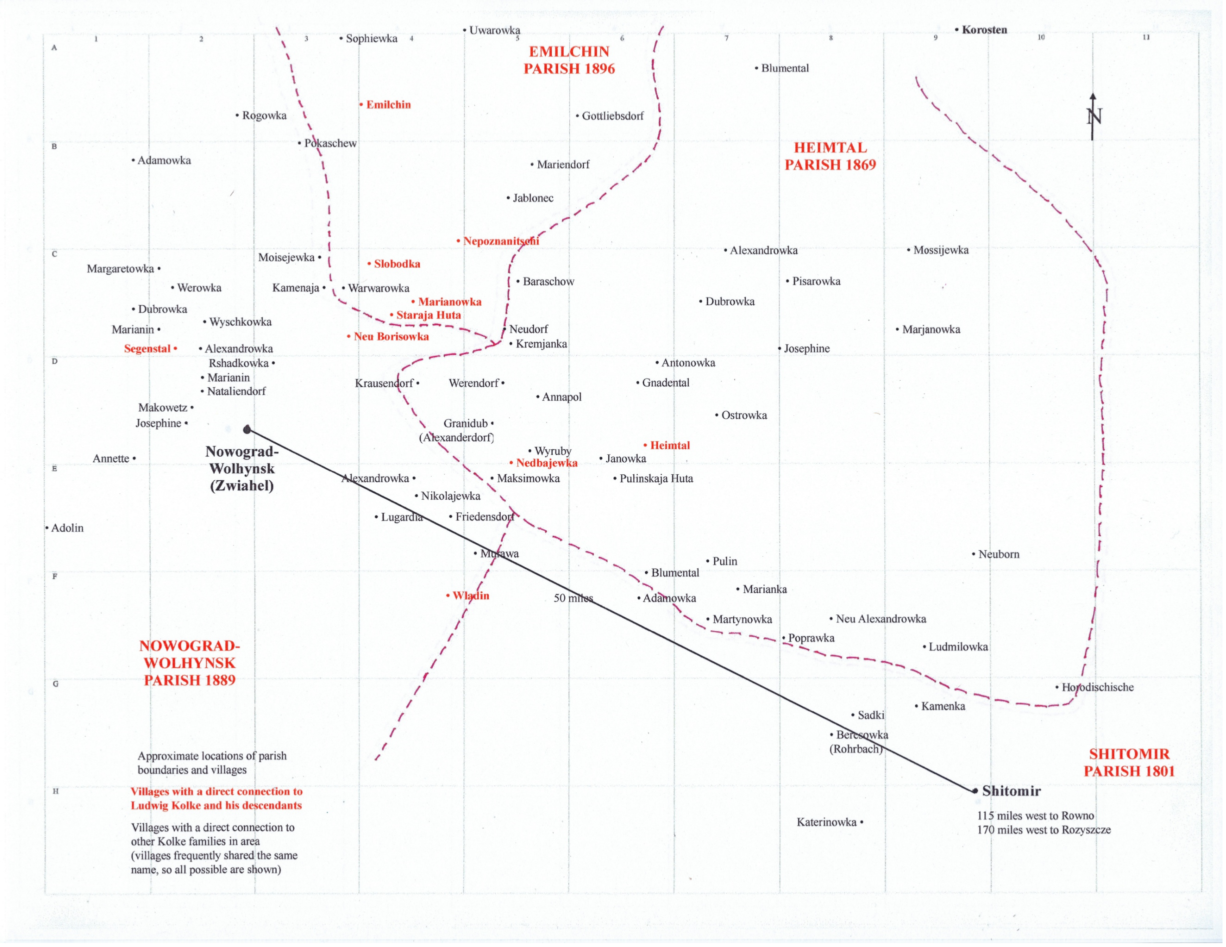
- Helene/Helena Kolke **(DNA)** (~1844, possibly Annette, Volhynia, Russia - ≥August 5, 1885, possibly Wladin, Volhynia, Russia).[56]

One thing is certain from my research: Andreas Kolke **(DNA)**, Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke **(DNA)**, Wilhelmina Kolke, Daniel Kolke, Gottlieb Kolke, Anna Susanna Kolke, *Ludwig Kolke* **(DNA)**, and Helene/Helena Kolke **(DNA)**, were clearly closely related to each other as evidenced by: (1) their baptism records; (2) their frequency as Godparents of each other's children; (3) their children frequently inter-married; (4) their residences; and (5) their descendants share **DNA** (*see* Appendix A).

One other individual may have been a child of *Michal Kolke and Eleanore Reich*, although the evidence is scant and circumstantial.

- Michael Kolke (____ - >February 28, 1866) may have been their son, because his given name was shared with his father and he married Regina Treptow (____-____), who may have been the sister of August Treptow, who married Helene/Helena Kolke **(DNA)**, on February 28, 1866, in the Shitomir Parish.[57] However, there is no record of their existence from before or after their marriage, so I could not even determine their geographical location.

The remainder of this chapter will be dedicated to laying out each family group and their relationship to each other.[58] The general geographic focus of this work is the area of Russian-occupied Volhynia between Nowograd Wolhynsk (formerly Zwiahel) and Shitomir, a distance of about 80km/50 miles; where many of my *Kolke* family ancestors have been located.


1
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10
11
A
B
C
D
E
F
G
H
• Sophiewka
• Uwarowka
EMILCHIN PARISH 1896
• Blumental
• Korosten
• Emilchin
• Rogowka
• Gottliebsdorf
• Pokaschew
• Adamowka
• Mariendorf
HEIMTAL PARISH 1869
N
• Jablonec
• Nepoznanitschi
• Alexandrowka
• Mossijewka
Moisejewka •
• Slobodka
Margaretowka •
• Werowka
Kamenaja •
• Warwarowka
• Baraschow
• Pisarowka
• Dubrowka
• Marianowka
• Staraja Huta
• Dubrowka
• Wyschkowka
Marianin •
Neudorf
• Kremjanka
• Neu Borisowka
• Marjanowka
Segenstal •
• Alexandrowka
• Josephine
Rshadkowka •
• Antonowka
• Marianin
• Nataliendorf
Krausendorf •
Werendorf •
• Gnadental
• Annapol
Makowetz •
Josephine •
• Ostrowka
Granidub •
(Alexanderdorf)
• Heimtal
• Wyruby
• Nedbajewka
• Janowka
Annette •
Nowograd-Wolhynsk (Zwiahel)
Alexandrowka •
• Maksimowka
• Pulinskaja Huta
• Nikolajewka
• Lugardia
• Friedensdorf
• Adolin
• Murawa
• Pulin
• Neuborn
• Blumental
• Marianka
• Wladin
50 miles
• Adamowka
• Martynowka
• Neu Alexandrowka
• Poprawka
NOWOGRAD-WOLHYNSK PARISH 1889
• Ludmilowka
• Horodischische
• Kamenka
• Sadki
• Beresowka
(Rohrbach)
SHITOMIR PARISH 1801
Approximate locations of parish boundaries and villages
Villages with a direct connection to Ludwig Kolke and his descendants
Villages with a direct connection to other Kolke families in area (villages frequently shared the same name, so all possible are shown)
• Shitomir
115 miles west to Rowno
170 miles west to Rozyszcze
Katerinowka •

Michal Kolke died at the age of 85, in Janowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia, on November 5, 1880.[59] Janowka was located between Nedbajewka/Wyruby and Heimtal, where many Kolke families married, had children and died. I could not locate any record of *Eleanore Reich Kolke's* death or burial in Volhynia, although she was certainly in Volhynia in 1844, and as late as November 20, 1847, when she (and Michael Bartz and Maria Luther Becker, wife of Johann Becker (HH#1, Josephine)) sponsored the baptism of Johann Langholz, son of Johann Langholz and Anne Luther, in Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia.[60]

Johann Andreas Kolke **(DNA)**[61] married Maria Biberdorf (1824, Zwiahel or Slobodka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – January 19, 1913, Slobodka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia),[62] daughter of Johann Biberdorf/Bieberdorf/Bewersdorf (June 28, 1799, possibly Schönbaum, Prussia - >November 30, 1857, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; son of Gottlieb Biberdorf) and Helene/Helena Drews (1808/09, Duchy of Warsaw – 1890, Annette, Novograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia; daughter of Johann Drews; granddaughter of Andreas Drews),[63] on October 11, 1843, in the Shitomir Parish of Volhynia, Russia.[64] Andreas Kolke died before his wife, possibly between 1886 and 1899, for which records are unavailable. Andreas Kolke and Maria Biberdorf allegedly had only one child.[65]

- Heinrich Kolke **(DNA)**[66] (May 11, 1848, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – May 1936, Slobodka, Emilchin District, Ukraine SSR).[67]

Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke **(DNA)**[68] married Karoline Grass (March 3, 1827, Kolonia Krzywiec, Konstantynów, Łódź, Congress Poland, Russia – February 4, 1906, Heimtal, Volhynia, Russia),[69] daughter of Krystian Grass (1792/93, Kalisz, Poland - ____) and Anna Krystyna Neumann (1796/97, Kalisz, Province of South Prussia, Prussia - ____), on November 26, 1843, in the Shitomir Parish of Volhynia, Russia. Their marriage occurred about six weeks after his brother Andreas Kolke married Maria Biberdorf, and may have occurred when Karoline Grass was only sixteen years of age. It appears they settled, probably farmed, and remained in Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia. Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke died on January 6, 1909, in Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia.[70]

Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass had ten known (eleven possible) children. Seven of their sons (and daughters-in-law) and daughters (and sons-in-law) had their land expropriated in July 1915, by Tsarist Russia, and were deported to various locations within Russia[3] (*see* map in Chapter 1).[71] Most appear to have returned to Volhynia after the fall of the Tsar and the end of Russia's involvement in World War I, and probably regained their lands with the help of the German Army who occupied and administered the area. Several died in Russia.

- Helene Kolke[72] (~1845, probably Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - ≥June 26, 1883).[73]
- Julius Kolke (~1847, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – 1916, Tambov, Russia).[74]

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[3] Highlighted in red are the dates and places where family members are known to have died and/or suffered and probably died at the hands of Russians or Soviets as a result of deportation and exile (i.e. Komi Republic, Karélia Republic, Ural Mountains, Central Asia and/or Siberia) in 1915; 1930s (including the Holodomor and Great Terror/Purge); arrests and executions by Stalin's NKVD in the 1930s; and in 1941, after Nazi Germany invaded Russia. *See* Chapter 1.

- Ferdinand Kolke (October 3, 1849, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - ~1916, Orenburg, Russia).[75]
- Friedrich Kolke (~1851, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - ≥July 1915, possibly Russia).[76]
- August Kolke **(DNA)**[77] (July 26, 1853, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 7, 1853, Shitomir Parish (GP: Cornelius Becker, Maria Ströbel, Andreas Kolke and Helene Bartel) – April 4, 1933, Slobodka, Emilchin District, Ukraine SSR).[78]
- Wilhelm Kolke (1855-56, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – 1920, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia).[79]
- Andreas Kolke (January 14, 1860, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 24, 1860, Shitomir Parish - July 16, 1862, Sophiewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia).[80]
- Wilhelmine Kolke (~1862, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – 1936, Murmansk, Russia, USSR).[81]
- Julianne Kolke (March 28, 1866, Gnadenthal, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 1, 1866, Shitomir Parish - <June 28, 1942, Uwarowka, Emilchin Parish/District, Volhynia, Russia/Ukraine SSR).[82]
- Ernestine Karoline Kolke (July 13, 1868, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >June 11, 1885, possibly Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia/Ukraine SSR).[83]
- Emilie Kolke (August 12, 1870, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >May 24, 1913).[84]

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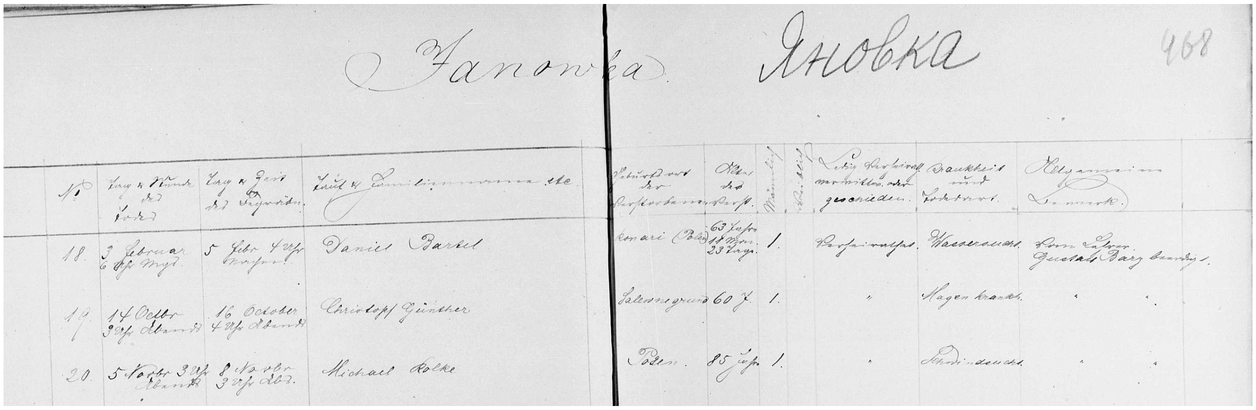
[28] *Michal Kolke's 1880 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p468 #20 (85Y, born in Posen, died in Janowka).



Janowka Яновка 468

No	Tag u. Stunde des Todes	Tag u. Zeit der Beerdigung	Tauf- u. Familienname etc.	Geburtsort des Verstorbenen	Alter des Verst.	Männlich	Weiblich	Ledig verheirathet verwittwet oder geschieden	Krankheit und Todesart	Allgemeine Bemerk.
18.	3 Februar 6 Uhr Morg.	5 Febr 4 Uhr Nachm.	Daniel Bartel	Konari (Polen)	63 Jahr 11 Mon. 23 Tage	1.		Verheirathet.	Wassersucht.	Vom Lehrer Gustav Barz beerdigt.
19.	14 Octbr 9 Uhr Abends	16 October 4 Uhr Abends	Christoph Günther	[illegible]	60 J.	1.		,,	Magenkrankh.	,, ,,
20.	5 Novbr 3 Uhr Abends	8 Novbr 3 Uhr Abd.	Michael Kolke	Posen.	85 Jahr	1.		,,	Schwindsucht.	,, ,,

1820 Chodecz Kirchenbuch Taufen (Chodecz Church Book Baptisms) (*Chodecz Evangelical Church of the Augsburg Confession*), p6 #71 (*Michal* age 24=1795/96 at the baptism of his son Jan Andry Kolke, on August 28, 1820).

1823 Chodecz Kirchenbuch Taufen (Chodecz Church Book Baptisms) (*Chodecz Evangelical Church of the Augsburg Confession*), p90*,* #28 (*Michal* age 30=1792/93 at the baptism of his son Fryderyk Wilhelm Kolke, on March 20, 1823).

1825 Chodecz Kirchenbuch Taufen (Chodecz Church Book Baptisms) (*Chodecz Evangelical Church of the Augsburg Confession*)*,* p45 #85 (*Michal* age 30=1795 at the baptism of his daughter Wilhelmina Kolke, on December 26, 1825).

1835 Toviele/Theophil Evangelical Lutheran Church, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia, Baptism Record, p26 #1*; and Family History Library*, Film #007769319,* p15 of 343 (*Michal Kolke*, age 40=1795, sponsoring child of Kristian Pahl).

*This microfilm is part of *Evangelische Kirche Zhitomir* (Wolhynien), of The Genealogical Society of Utah for the period 1827-1841, and contains the Protestant register of births/baptisms, marriages, deaths/burials, and membership lists for the Zhitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia. The Zhitomir Parish was the only Lutheran Evangelical Church Parish in Volhynia between 1801 and 1863.

1835 Toviel/Theophil e Evangelical Lutheran Church, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia, Baptism Record, p26 #6*; and Family History Library*, Film #007769319, p15 of 343 (*Michal* age 40=1794/95 at the baptism of his daughter Susana Ana Kolke, on June 21, 1835).

1835 Toviele/Theophil Evangelical Lutheran Church, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia, Confirmation and Communion Record, p20 #1 (*Michal* age 40=1795 at his son Friedrich Wilhelm Kolek/Kolke's confirmation, on November 23, 1835).

I have designated *Michal Kolke* as "Generation #1" even though the identities and records of his wife *Eleonora Reich/Reych* and her sisters identify her parents.

All translations and the vast majority of the documents have been provided by Łukasz Bielecki of the Poznań Project, without whom this project could not have been successful.

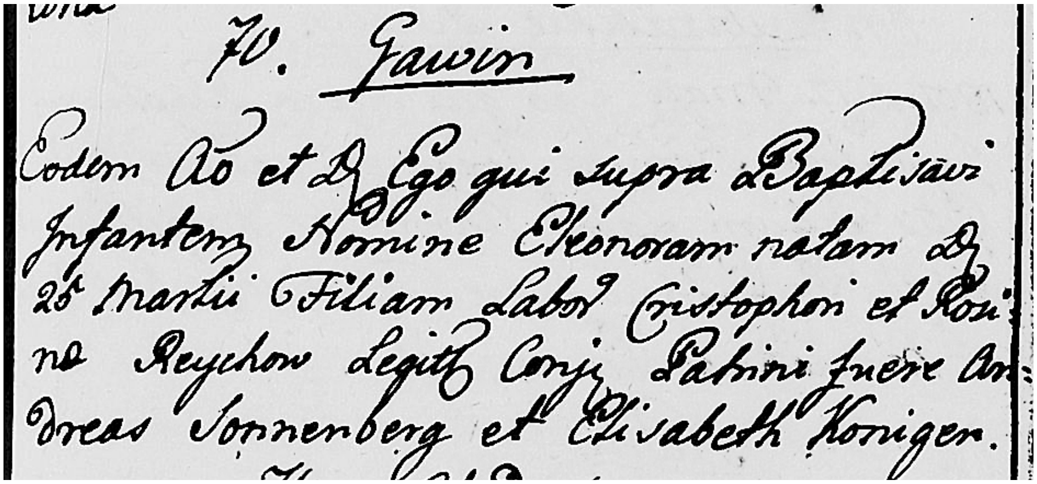
[29] *By Qqerim - Own work, CC BY 3.0.*

[30] *Society for German Genealogy in Eastern Europe (SGGEE).*

[31] The *Society for German Genealogy in Eastern Europe's (SGGEE) Master Pedigree Database (MPD)* has about 1,215 entries for the Chodecz Parish: 625 entries (baptisms and marriages) for Łanięta; 365 entries for Chodecz; and 225 entries for Gawin (located 2km northeast of Łanięta). Even though many entries are undocumented, the sheer number (over 1,200) indicates a significant Evangelical Lutheran population.

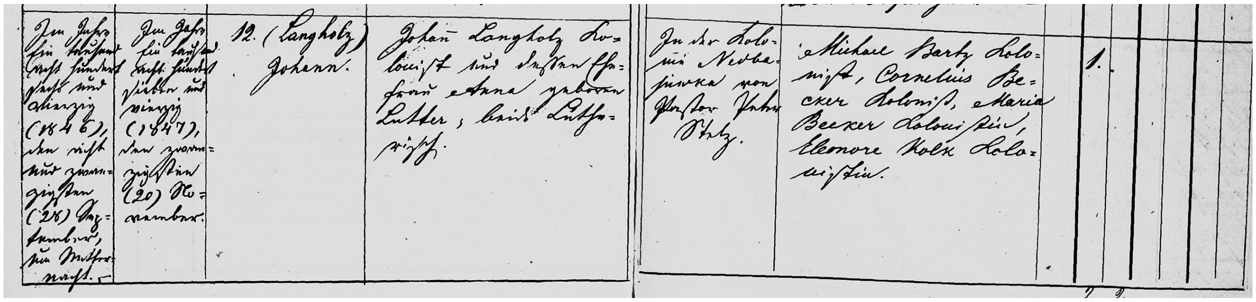
[32] Andreas Sonnenberg was the husband of Christine Steinke, whom he married on April 28, 1792, in Chodecz, Poland. They had two known sons: Martin Sonnenberg (b/bap October 20, 1796, Bogolmia); and Andreas Sonnenberg (b/bap January 30, 1799, Gawin, South Prussia, Prussia). *1796 and 1799 Chodecz Catholic Parish Marriage and Baptism Records* (*Geneteka*).

[33] *1801 Chodecz Kirchenbuch Taufen* (Chodecz Church Book Baptisms)*,* p89 #70. The Chodecz Evangelical Church of the Augsburg Confession was established in 1800, but the records of its first decade of existance are sparce.



70. Gawin
Eodem Ao et Dj Ego qui supra Baptisavi
Infantem Nomine Eleonoram natam Dj
25 Martii Filiam Labor. Cristophori et Rosi-
nae Reychow Legit. Conj. Patrini fuere An-
dreas Sonnenberg et Elisabeth Konigen.

On November 20, 1847, *Eleonore Reich Kolke*, and Michael Bartz and Maria Becker, were Godparents to Johann Langholz, in Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia. *1847 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p208 #12.

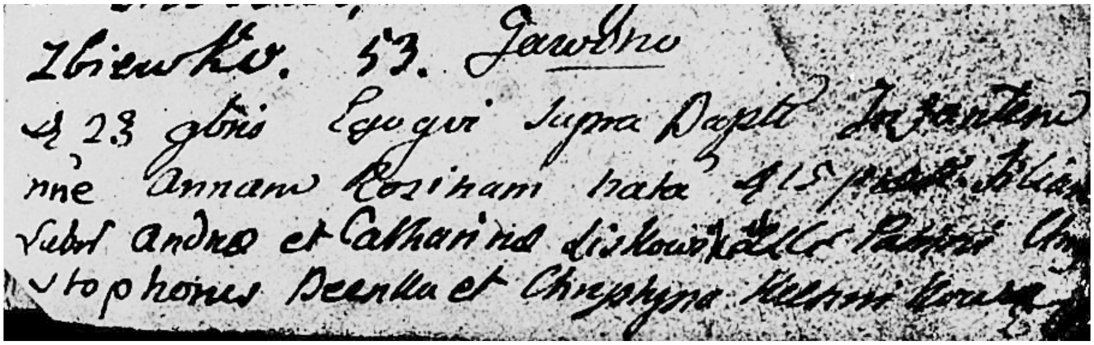


Im Jahr ein tausend acht hundert sechs und vierzig (1846), den acht und zwanzigsten (28) December, um Mitternacht.	Im Jahr ein tausend acht hundert sieben und vierzig (1847), den zwanzigsten (20) November.	12. (Langholz) Johann.	Johan Langholz Kolonist und dessen Ehefrau Anna geborne Lutter, beide Lutherisch.	In der Kolonie Nedbajewka von Pastor Vater Stelz.	Michael Bartz Kolonist, Cornelius Becker Kolonist, Maria Becker Kolonistin, Eleonore Kolz Kolonistin.	1.

[34] *Andreas Liskowski and Anna Katarzyna Günther* were in Gawin, Poland, as of 1783, where they had at least four children. Their daughter Zusanna's 1811 marriage record states her father "died long ago," while her mother was still alive and consented to her marriage.

- *Anna Rozyna Liszkowska* (b November 15, 1783, Jaworze, Poland; bap November 23, 1783, Chodecz Catholic Parish) who married *Christoph Reych/Reich* in Gawin, South Prussia, Prussia, on January 27, 1799. *1783 Chodecz Catholic Parish Birth/Baptism Record,* p207 #53.

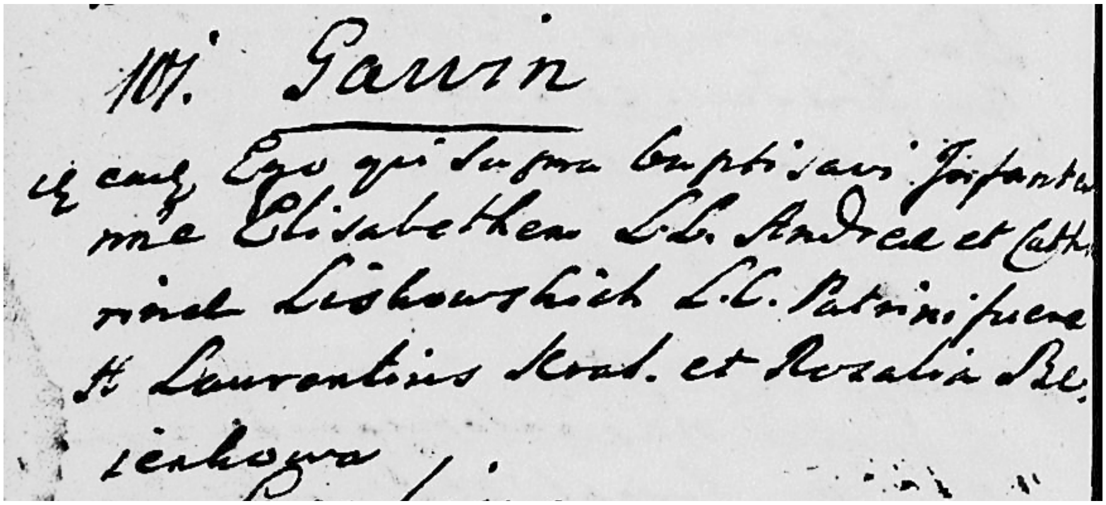
> Rosina – 1783
> #53, Jaworze
> On 23 Nov I as above, baptised the baby named Anna Rosina, born on 15 Nov, daughter of Andreas and Catharina, Liskowski married couple. Godparents: Christophorus Beenka and Christina Kielnikowska(?).



Zbiewko. 53. Gawlno
d 23 9bris Ego qui supra Bapti Infantem
nne Annam Rosinam nata d 15 praes. filiam
Nobil Andreae et Catharinae Liskowskich LL Patrini Chri
stophorus Beenka et Chrystyna [illegible]

• Elisabeth Liszkowska (b November 13, 1785, Gawin, Poland; bap November 13, 1785, Chodecz Catholic Parish). *1785 Chodecz Catholic Parish Birth/Baptism Record,* p243 #101.

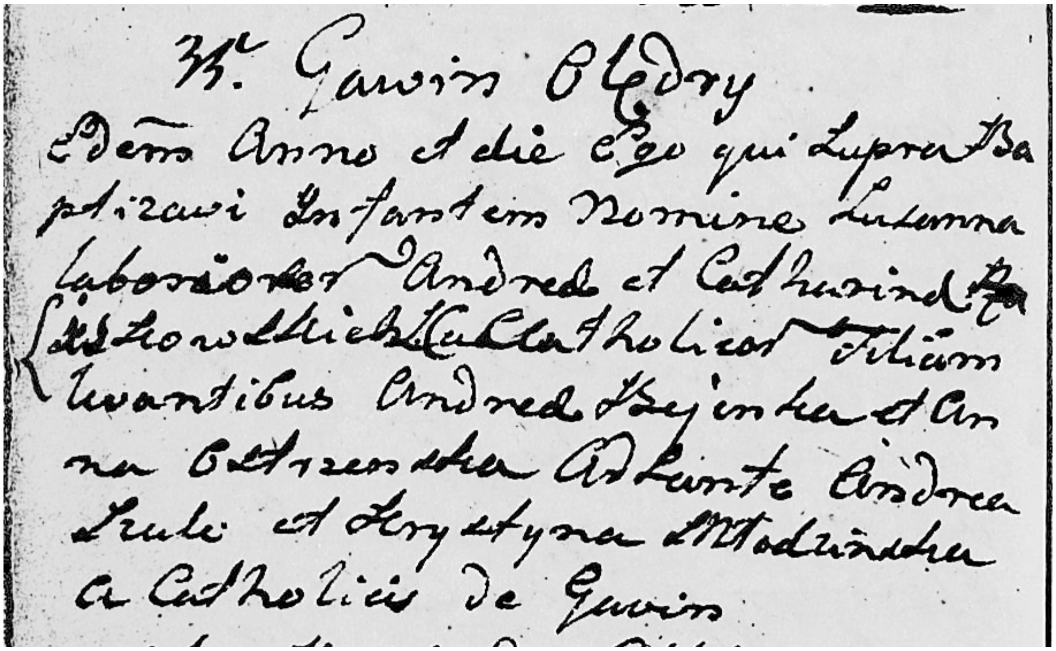
> Elisabeth – 1785
> #101, Gawin
> On the same day [13 Nov] I as above baptized the baby named Elisabeth, daughter of Andreas and Catharina, Liskowski married couple. Godparents were: Laurentius Krol and Rosalia Beienkowa.



101. Gawin
d eod. Ego qui supra baptisavi Infantem
nne Elisabetham L.L. Andreae et Catha
rinae Liskowskich L.C. Patrini fuere
H. Laurentius Krol. et Rosalia Be
ienkowa

• Zuzanna/Susanna Liszkowska (b April 17, 1791, Gawin, Poland; bap April 17, 1791, Chodecz Catholic Parish), who was working as a servant for Cety/Cetty farmer Marcin Stark, married Marcin Reyter (b September 1786), son of Marcin Reyter and Anna Dorothea Ziehlke, both deceased, on November 26, 1811, in the Chodecz Parish of the Church of Augsburg Confession, Duchy of Warsaw. *1791 Chodecz Catholic Parish Birth/Baptism Record,* p376 #135*; and 1811 Chodecz Church of the Augsburg Confession Marriage Record,* p26 #20.

> Susanna – 1791
> #35, Gawin Oledry
> On the same day and year [which seems to be 17 Apr 1791 inferred from the previous page] I baptized the baby named Susanna, daughter of the legitimate non-Catholic couple the worker Andreas and Catharina, Liskowski. The godparents: Andreas Bejenka and Anna Ostrzenska(?), present were: Andreas Szulc and Krystyna Mlodzinska, non-Catholics from Gawin.

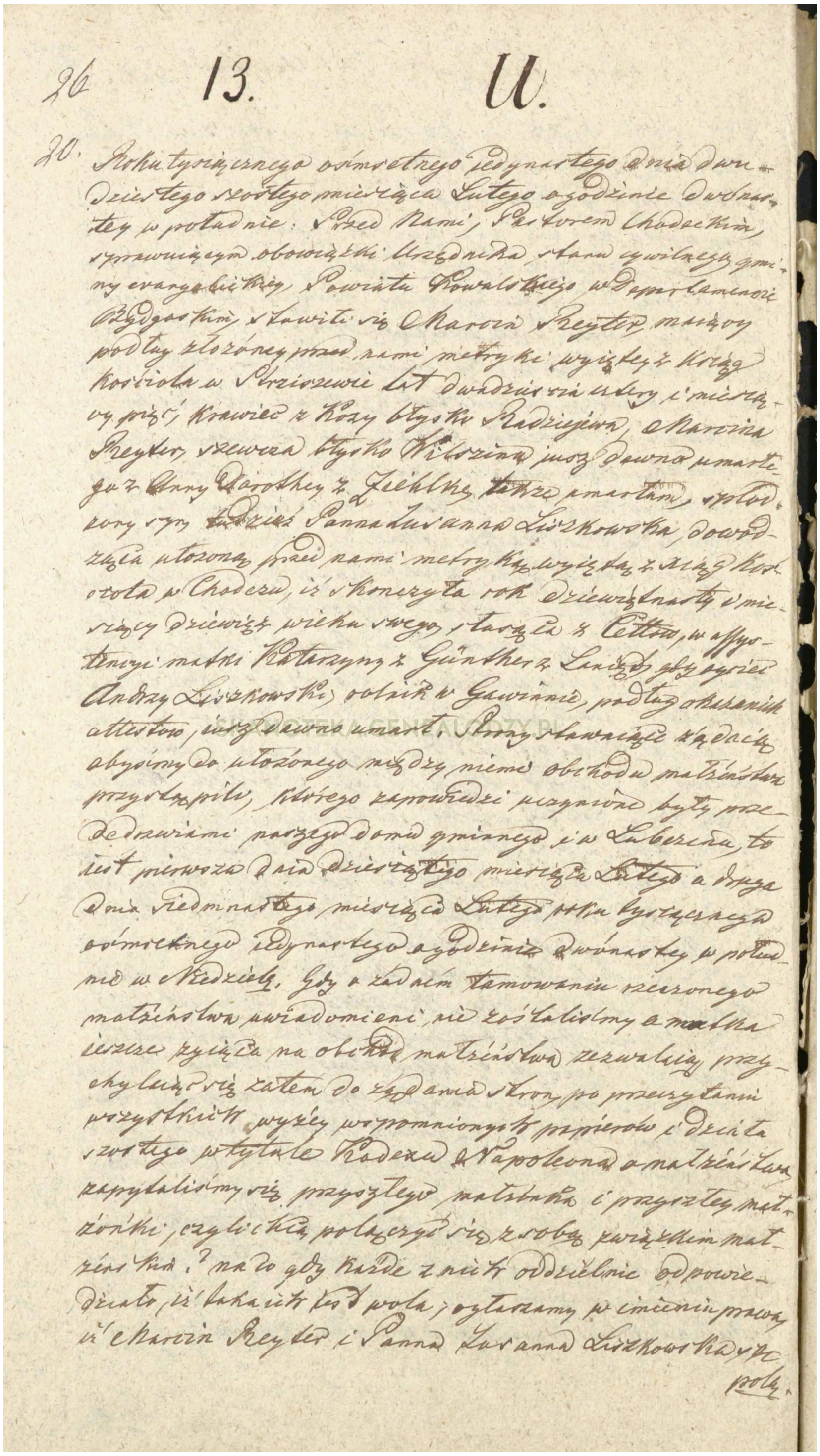


Kl. Gawin Olędry

Eodem Anno et die Ego qui supra Ba
ptizavi Infantem Nomine Zuzanna
laborioso Andrea et Catharina
Kitzowskich ~~Ca~~ Catholicor filiam
levantibus Andrea Krejinka et An
na Olszewska Adstante Andrea
Krule et Krystyna Modzinska
a Catholicis de Gawin

#20

AD 1811, on 26 Feb at noon. At us, the pastor of Chodecz, acting as civil registrar of the Lutheran community, Kowal district, Bydgoszcz Province, there appeared Marcin Reyter, documenting by a certificate of the Strziszewo [Straszewo? Strzyżewo?] church to be 24 years and 5 months old, tailor from Koza near Radziejow, son of Marcin Reyter, shoemaker from near Wilszin [Wilczyn?], long deceased, and Anna Dorothea nee Ziehlke, also deceased. Also appeared the unmarried Zusanna Liszkowska documenting by a certificate of the Chodecz church to be 19 years and 9 months old, servant maid from Cetty, in assistance of her mother Katarzyna nee Gunther from Lanieta, as her father Andrzej Liszkowski, farmer from Gawinna, according to the documents produced, died long ago. The parties requested to proceed with the ceremony for the marriage agreed by them, the banns for which were proclaimed at the door of our community hall, as well as in Lubczin [Lubsin?], namely the first one on 10 Feb, the second one on 17 Feb AD 1811, on Sunday at noon. As we were not informed of any impediment to this marriage, and the mother, still alive, consents to the ceremony of marriage, we agreed on proceeding to the request of the parties, after reading the aforementioned documents and the Section Six of the Code Napoleon about Marriage, we asked the husband-to-be and wife-to-be whether they intend to get married, and when both separately confirmed this to be their will, we declared in the name of law that Marcin Reyter and miss Zusanna Liszkowska have become a lawfully married couple which we recorded in presence of Andrzej Kunkel, farmer from Koza, 37 years old, the groom Marcin Reyter's brother-in-law, Michal Glimm, farmer from Cetty, 65 years old, as well as Marcin Stark, farmer from Cetty, 36 years old, to whom the aforementioned miss Zusanna Liszkowska serves, and Michal Bloch, farmer from Cetty, 44 years old. This record was read to those present, and signed by us only, as all the other persons mentioned in the record, are illiterate.



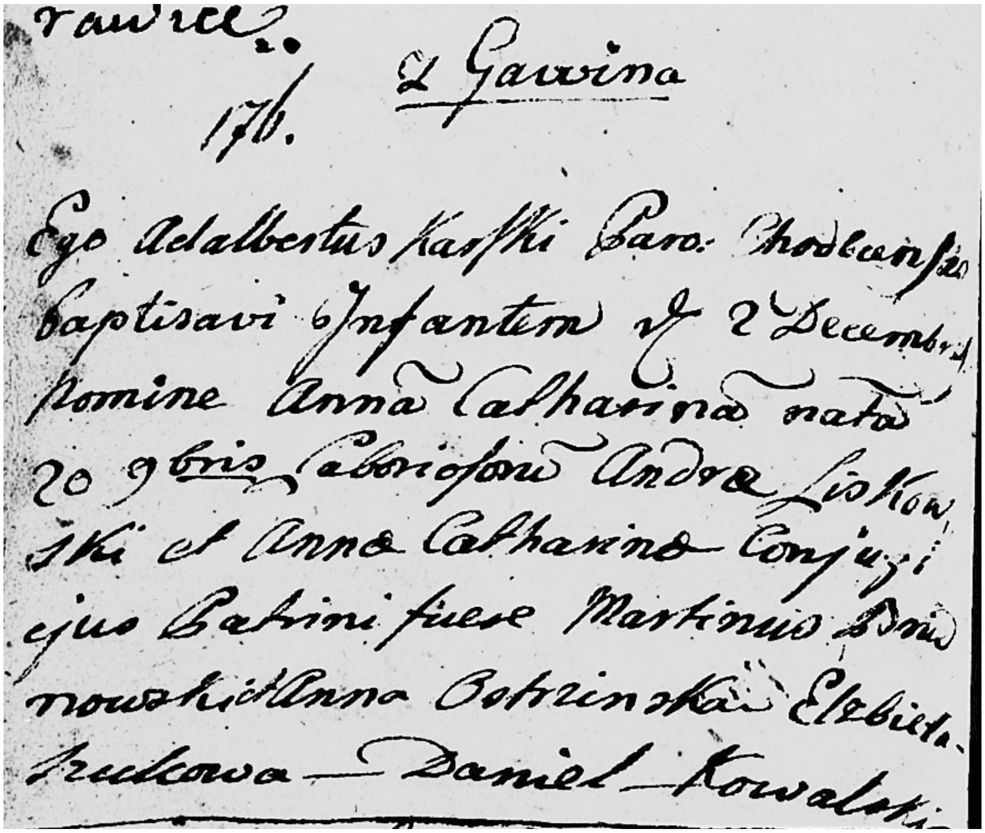
26 13. U.

20. Roku tysiącznego ośmsetnego iedynastego dnia dwu-
dziestego szóstego miesiąca Lutego o godzinie dwunas-
tey w południe: Przed Nami, Pastorem Chodeckim,
sprawującym obowiązki Urzędnika stanu cywilnego gmi-
ny ewangelickiey Powiatu Kowalskiego w Departamencie
Bydgoskim, stawił się Marcin Reyter, mający
podług złożoney przed nami metryki wyiętey z ksiąg
kościoła w Strzyżewie lat dwadzieścia cztery i miesię-
cy pięć, krawiec z Kozy blisko Radziejowa, Marcina
Reyter, szewca blisko Witoszina iuż dawno umarłe-
go z Anny Dorothey z Ziehlke ~~także~~ umarłey, spłod-
zony syn, ~~tudzież~~ Panna Zuzanna Liszkowska, dowod-
ząca złożoną przed nami metryką wyiętą z ksiąg koś-
cioła w Chodczu, iż skończyła rok dziewiętnasty i mie-
sięcy dziewięć wieku swego, stawaiąca z Cettow, w assys-
tencyi matki Katarzyny z Günther z [illegible] gdy oyciec
Andrzey Liszkowski, [illegible] w Gawinie, podług okazanych
attestow, iuż dawno umarł. Którzy stawaiące żądali
abyśmy do ułożonego między niemi obchodu małżeństwa
przystąpili, którego zapowiedzi uczynione były prze-
de drzwiami naszego domu gminnego i w Lubieniu, to
iest pierwsza dnia dziesiątego miesiąca Lutego a druga
dnia siedmnastego miesiąca Lutego roku tysiącznego
ośmsetnego iedynastego o godzinie dwunastey w połud-
nie w Niedzielę. Gdy o żadnym tamowaniu rzeczonego
małżeństwa uwiadomieni nie zostaliśmy a matka
iszcze żyiąca na obchód małżeństwa zezwalaią, przy-
chylaiąc się zatem do żądania stron po przeczytaniu
wszystkich wyżey wspomnionych papierów i działa
szóstego w tytule Kodexu Napoleona o małżeństwie
zapytaliśmy się przyszłego małżonka i przyszłey mał-
żonki, czyli chcą połączyć się z sobą związkiem mał-
żeńskim? na co gdy każde z nich oddzielnie odpowie-
działo, iż taka iest ich wola, ogłaszamy w imieniu prawa
iż Marcin Reyter i Panna Zuzanna Liszkowska są
połą.

• Anna Catharina Liszkowska (b November 20, 1792, Gawin, Poland; bap December 2, 1792, Chodecz Catholic Parish). *1792 Chodecz Catholic Parish Birth/Baptism Record,* p426 #176.

Anna Catharina – 1792
#176, from Gawin

> I, Adalbertus Karski, parish priest of Chodecz, baptized the baby on 2 Dec with the name Anna Catharina, born on 20 Nov to the worker Andreas Liskowski, and Anna Catharina, his wife. Godparents: Martinus Bronowski and Anna Ostrzinska, Elzbieta Bukowska, Daniel Kowalski.



rawce.

176. 2 Gawina

Ego Adalbertus Karski Paro. Chodecensis baptisavi Infantem d 2 Decembris nomine Anna Catharina natam 20 9bris Laboriosorum Andrea Liskowski et Anna Catharina Conjugi ejus Patrini fuere Martinus Bronowski et Anna Ostrzinska Elzbieta Bukowa — Daniel Kowalski.

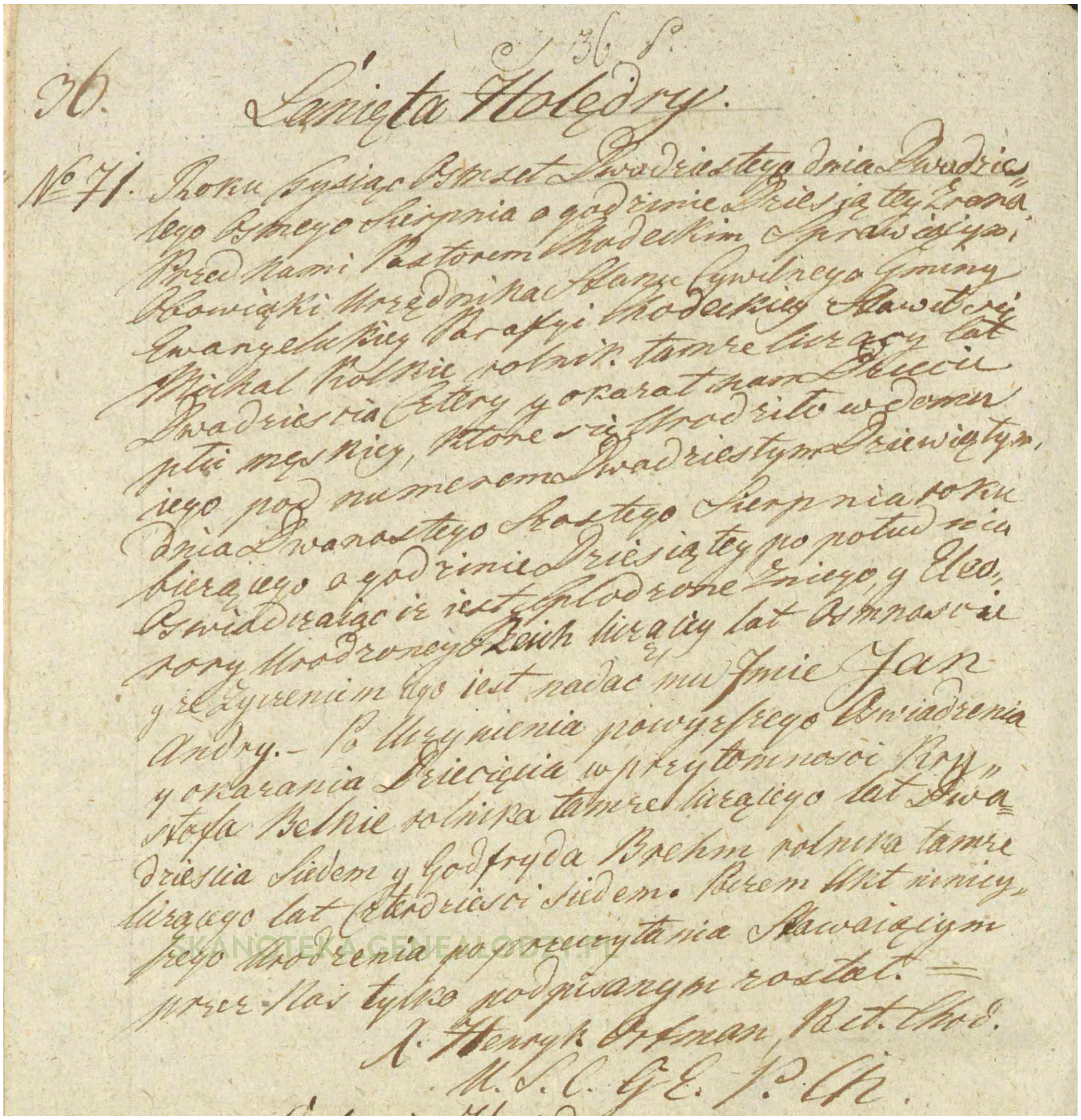
[35] *1799 Chodecz Parish Marriage Record,* #6 (Geneteka). Researcher Łukasz Bielecki states the *Kolke-Reich* marriage is not in the Chodecz Catholic or Lutheran Registers. *November 28, 2022, email.* However, the *Family History Library Remote Access Lookup* located the actual record, but could not provide a copy because of restrictions imposed by the Polish archives:

> "Marriage Record No. 6, Chodecz, Gawin, dated 27th January 1799, of Joannes Crisztofor Reych and Rosalia Liszkowska, both young, single people (Jovenes), after three Marriage Banns published before congregation. No impediments detected. Witnesses: Martinus Kulesza, Martinus Zgeberch, and Joannes Reych." *FHL Film No. 1885092*, Image 445/586.

[36] Researcher Łukasz Bielecki reviewed the *Chodecz Kirchenbuch Taufen* between 1817 and 1834, and located no other baptisms for children of *Michal Kolke and Eleonora Reich*. *November 29, 2022, email.*

[37] Christopher Belke married Anna Kristine Stolz, and they had seven children born in Łanięta between 1813 and 1828. *SGGEE MPD.*

[38] *1820 Chodecz Kirchenbuch Taufen* (Chodecz Church of the Augsburg Confession Book of Baptisms), p6 #71.



136

36. Łanięta Holędry.

No 71. Roku tysiąc ośmset dwudziestego dnia dwudziestego ósmego sierpnia o godzinie dziesiątey z rana przed nami Pastorem Chodeckim sprawującym obowiązki Urzędnika Stanu Cywilnego Gminy Ewangelickiey Parafii Chodeckiey Stawił się Michał Kolkie rolnik tamże liczący lat dwadzieścia cztery y okazał nam dziecię płci męskiey, które się urodziło w domu iego pod numerem dwudziestym dziewiątym, dnia dwunastego sierpnia roku bieżącego o godzinie dziesiątey po południu oświadczaiąc iż iest spłodzone z niego, y Eleonory urodzoney Reich liczącey lat osmnaście y że życzeniem iego iest nadać mu imie Jan Andry. – Po uczynieniu powyższego oświadczenia y okazania dziecięcia w przytomności Krzysztofa Belkie rolnika tamże liczącego lat dwadzieścia siedem y Godfryda Brehm rolnika tamże liczącego lat czterdzieści siedem. Przeto akt nisze szego urodzenia po przeczytaniu stawaiącym przez nas tylko podpisanym został. =

X. Henryk Orfman, Past. Chod.
U. S. C. G. E. P. Ch.

SKANOTEKA.GENEALODZY.PL

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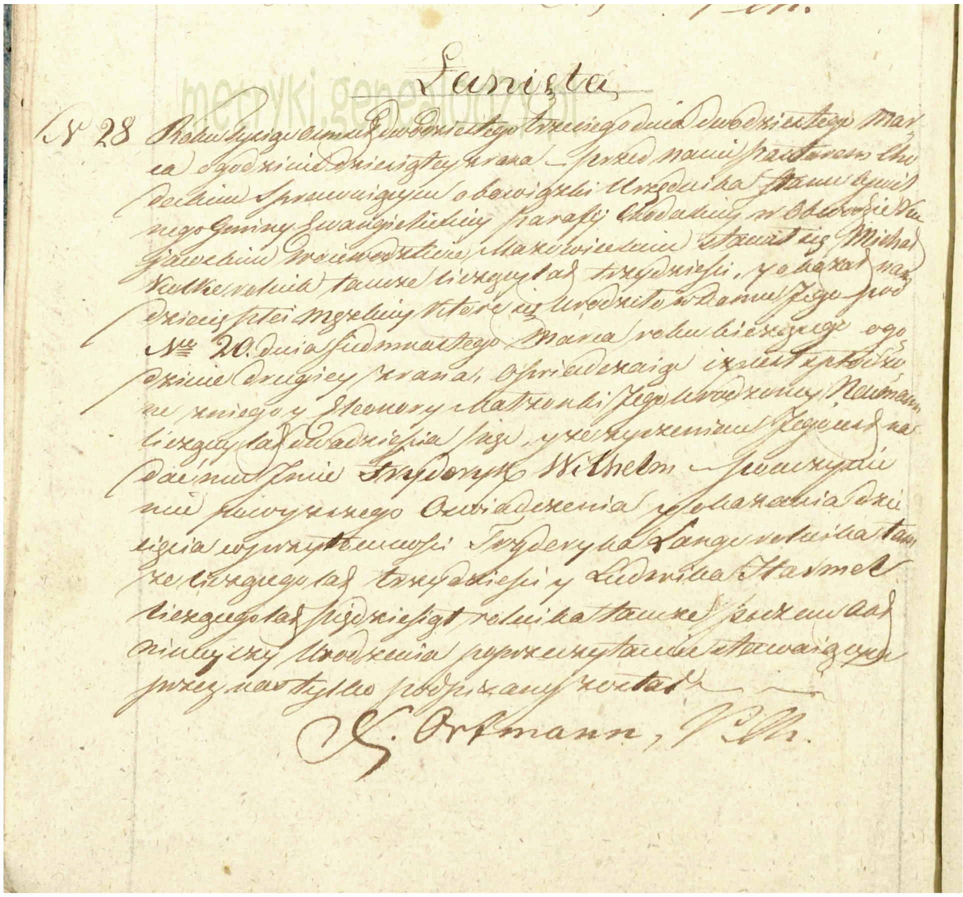
[39] Ludwig Harmel (1773, Poland – June 28, 1829, Łanięta, Chodecz Parish, Congress Poland, Russia) married Maria Katherina Fritz. *1829 Łanięta, Chodecz Parish, Burial Record; and SGGEE MPD.*

[40] The entry of the surname "Neumann" was clearly an error. The marriage record and confirmation record as well as the bracketing baptism records of *Eleonora Reich Kolke's* other children in 1820 (Jan Andry) and 1825 (Wilhelmina) confirm Fryderyk Wilhelm Kolke's mother's maiden name was "*Reich*."

[41] Shitomir Parish was the first (established in 1801) and sole (until 1863) Evangelical Lutheran Parish. Toviele probably refers to the village of Theophil/Teofil located 25km northeast of Lutsk, 75km north of Dubno, and 75km northwest of Rowne; probably established circa 1835. *SGGEE Gazetteer.*

[42] *1823 Chodecz Kirchenbuch Taufen* (Chodecz Church of the Augsburg Confession Book of Baptisms), #28.

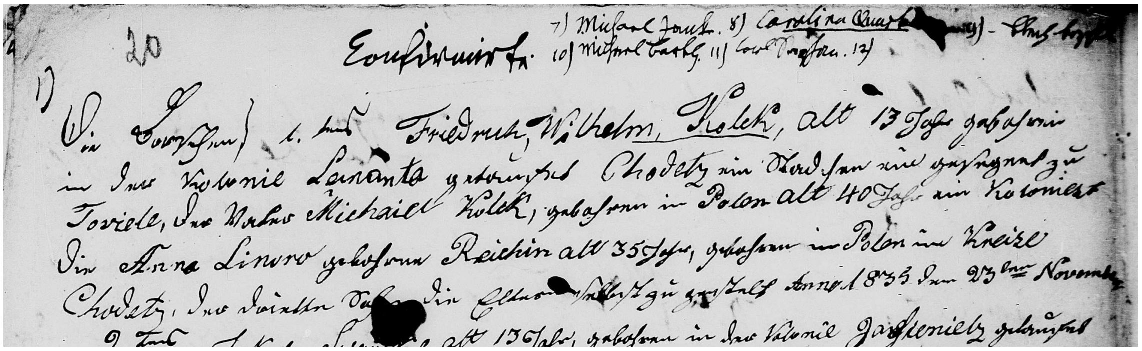


Łanięta

N 28 Roku tysiącznego ośmsetnego dwudziestego trzeciego dnia dwudziestego Mar-
ca o godzinie dziesiątey z rana — Przed nami Pastorem Cho-
deckim sprawującym obowiązki Urzędnika Stanu Cywil-
nego Gminy Ewangelickiey parafii Chodeckiey w Obwodzie Ku-
jawskim Województwie Mazowieckiem stawił się Michał
Kolke rolnik tamże liczący lat trzydzieści, y okazał nam
dziecię płci męzkiey które się urodziło w domu jego pod
No 20. dnia siedmnastego Marca roku bieżącego o go-
dzinie drugiey z rana, oświadczając iż jest spłodzo-
ne z niego y Eleonory z Matzenki jego małżonki Neuman-
liczącey lat dwadzieścia pięć, y że życzeniem jego jest na-
danie mu imie Fryderyk Wilhelm — Po uczynie-
niu niniejszego oświadczenia y okazania dzie-
cięcia w przytomności Fryderyka Lange rolnika tam-
że liczącego lat trzydzieści y Ludwika Harmel
liczącego lat pięćdziesiąt rolnika tamże, świadków, akt
niniejszy urodzenia przeczytany stawającym
przez nas tylko podpisany został.

J. Ortmann, Pl.

1835 Toviele/Theophil Evangelical Lutheran Church, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia, Confirmation and Communion Record, p20 #1*; and Family History Library*, Film #007769319, p12 of 343.



20 Confirmirte. 7) Michael Jaub. 8) Carolina Quast [illegible] 9) - [illegible]
10) Michael Barth. 11) Carl [illegible]. 12)

1) Die Confirmanden 1. der Friedrich, Wilhelm, Kolek, alt 13 Jahr geboren
in der Kolonie Lananta gehörig zu Chodetz im Königreich Polen gegenwärtig zu
Toviele, der Vater Michaiel Kolek, geboren in Polen alt 40 Jahr ein Kolonist
die Anna Linore geborene Reichin alt 35 Jahr, geboren in Polen im Kreise
Chodetz, der [illegible] [illegible] die Eltern [illegible] zu [illegible] Anno 1833 den 23ten November
2. der [illegible] alt 13 Jahr, geboren in der Kolonie Jasieniec gelangt

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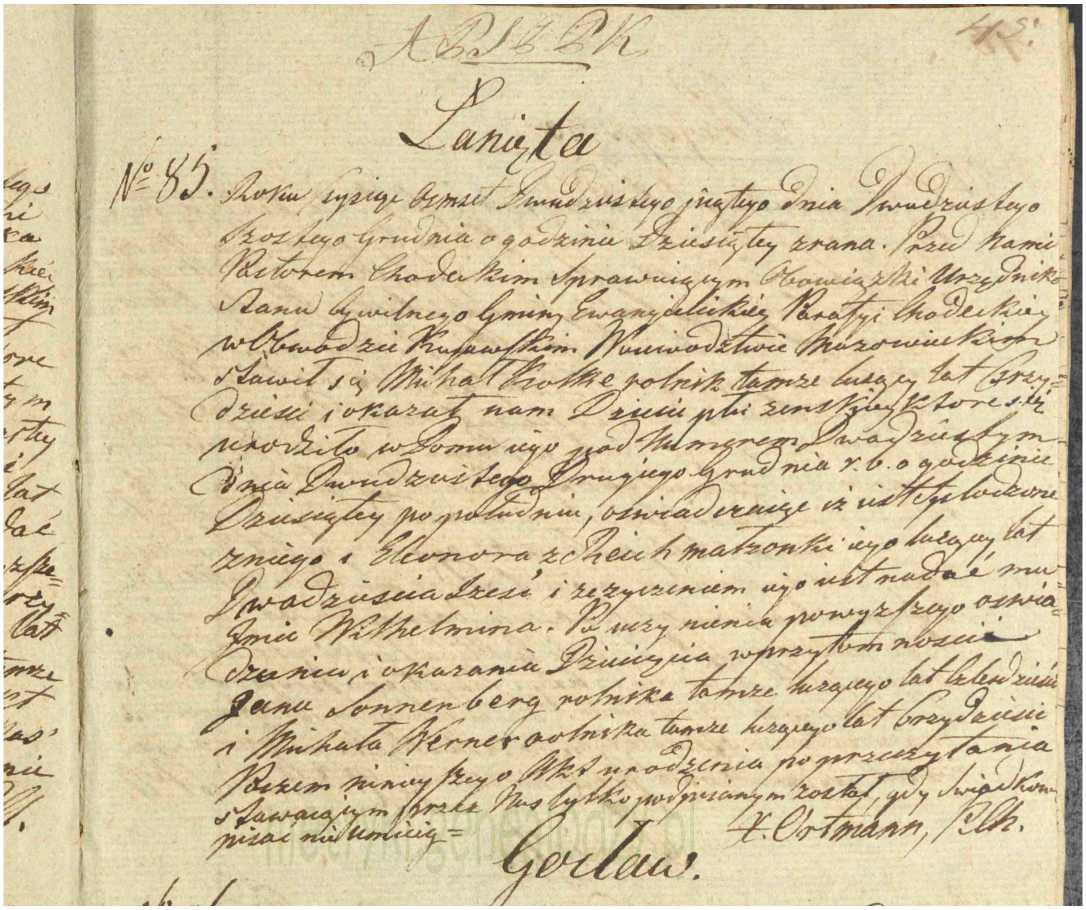
[43] *1909 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p151 #282 (85Y 10M, born Chodecz, widower).

[44] Michał Werner married Eva Rosine Harmel, one of the daughters of Ludwig Harmel. They had nine children born in Łanięta, Congress Poland, Russia, between 1817 and 1835. *SGGEE MPD.*

[45] *1825 Chodecz Kirchenbuch Taufen* (Chodecz Church of the Augsburg Confession Book of Baptisms), p45 #85.



45.

Łanięta

No. 85. Roku tysiąc ośmset dwudziestego piątego dnia dwudziestego szóstego Grudnia o godzinie dziesiątej zrana. Przed nami Pastorem Chodeckim sprawującym obowiązki Urzędnika Stanu Cywilnego Gminy Ewangelickiej Parafji Chodeckiej w Obwodzie Kujawskim Województwie Mazowieckim stawił się Michał Kolke rolnik tamże mieszkający lat trzydzieści i okazał nam Dziecię płci żeńskiej które się urodziło w Domu jego pod Numerem Dwudziestym dnia Dwudziestego Drugiego Grudnia r. b. o godzinie dziesiątej po południu, oświadczając iż iest spłodzone z niego i Eleonora z Reich małżonki jego mieszkającej lat dwadzieścia trzy, i życzeniem jego iest nadać mu imię Wilhelmina. Po uczynieniu powyższego oświadczenia, i okazania Dziecięcia w przytomności Jana Sonnenberg rolnika tamże mieszkającego lat czterdzieści i Michała Werner rolnika tamże mieszkającego lat trzydzieści. Przeto niniejszy Akt urodzenia po przeczytaniu stawającym przez Nas tylko podpisanym został, gdy świadkowie pisać nie umieją =

X. Ortmann, Pleb.

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Revision of November 28, 1857 in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #3 (Wilhelmine Pekrull (32), daughter of Michael)*; and 1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk Burial Record*, p179 #118 (79Y, widower, born Josephine).

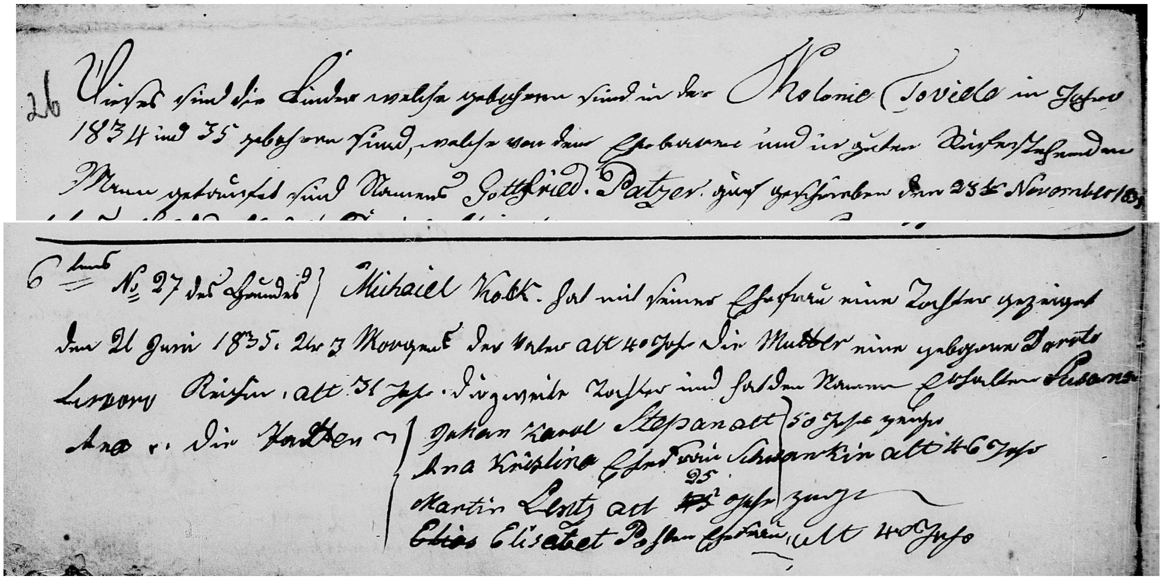
[46] Researcher Łukasz Bielecki reviewed the *Chodecz Kirchenbuch Taufen* between 1817 and 1834, and located no other baptisms for children of *Michal Kolke and Eleonora Reich*. *November 29, 2022, email.*

[47] *1835 Toviele/Theophil Evangelical Lutheran Church, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia, Baptism Record,* p26 #1*; and Family History Library,* Film #007769319, p15 of 343.

[48] *1835 Toviele/Theophil (Tiopsil) Evangelical Lutheran Church, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia, Baptism Record,* p77; *and Family History Library,* Film #007769319, p38 of 343.

[49] Johan Karl Stephan (December 26, 1786, Lohsa, Saxony – March 11, 1853, Rozyszcze, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia) married Maria Rosina Christoph (b August 21, 1785, Lohsa, Saxony). They had seven children, all born in Lohsa, Saxony and Kingdom of Saxony, after which they apparently emigrated to Volhynia, Russia. *1853 Rozyszcze, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia, Burial Record,* p341 #50*; and SGGEE MPD.*

[50] *1835 Toviele/Theophil Evangelical Lutheran Church, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia, Baptism Record,* p26 #6*; and Family History Library,* Film #007769319, p15 of 343.



26 Dieses sind die Kinder welche geboren sind in der Kolonie [illegible] im Jahre 1834 und 35 geboren sind, welche von dem [illegible] und [illegible] Manne getaufet sind Namens Gottfried. Patzer. [illegible] den 28te November 18

6te Juni No 27 [illegible] Michaill Kolk. hat mit seiner Ehefrau eine Tochter gezeuget den 21 Juni 1835. Um 7 Morgens der Vater alt 40 Jahr Die Mutter eine geborene Doroty [illegible] Reicher. alt 31 Jahr. Dieselbe Tochter und hat den Namen erhalten Susana Ana. Die Pathen

Johan Karol Stepan alt 50 Jahre Zeuge
Ana Kristina Ehefrau Schwankin alt 46 Jahr
Martin Lentz alt ~~45~~ 25 Jahr Zeuge
~~Ebis~~ Elisabet [illegible] Ehefrau alt 40 Jahr

"Anna Susanna Kolke" is her name in the *1853 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p331 #15. Her burial record states she was the wife/daughter of "Michael" (i.e. actually identifying her father), and died at age 78 (=1835/36). *1914 Novograd-Wolhynsk Burial Record,* p132 #185.

As of November 1857, "Susanna" Klein (23=1834), wife of Samuel Klein, was living in Josephine, Volhynia, Russia, with her husband's family. Her father was identified as "Michael." *Revision of November 28, 1857 in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #7.

[51] *1906 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p103 #162.

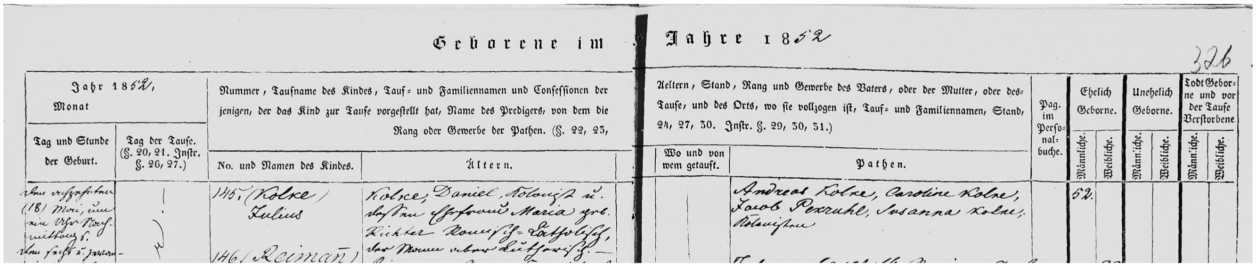
[52] *Ancestry*DNA™ (95% to 99% level of confidence) links *Ludwig Kolke* to *Michal and Eleanore Reich Kolke* through Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke, and his sons August Kolke and Rheinhardt Kolke. *Ancestry*DNA™ also links *Ludwig Kolke* with Helene Kolke (Treptow), who may have been a daughter of *Michal and Eleanore Reich Kolke*, Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke* (or of Andreas Kolke, or another son) (15% to 50%, moderate confidence). The same level of DNA found in Helene Kolke Treptow's descendants is also found in descendants of Andreas/Heinrich Kolke. *See* Appendix A.

*It is possible the Helene Kolke whom I have designated as the daughter of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke, was Helene Kolke Treptow, daughter of *Michal and Eleanore Reich Kolke*; and Helene Kolke Treptow was Helene Kolke, daughter of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke.

When *Ludwig Kolke* is identified as the son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke, *Ancestry*DNA™ designates those who would be his siblings in this scenario (i.e. August, Rheinhardt, and Helene) as "half" great-granduncles and "half" great-grandaunt to *Ludwig Kolke's* descendants (i.e. me). The "half" means we only share one common ancestor, who has to be Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke, not his wife Karoline Grass; which eliminates them as *Ludwig Kolke's* parents. More importantly, when *Ludwig Kolke*, Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Andreas Kolke are identified as brothers and sons of *Michal Kolke and Eleanore Reich*, they are designated as the sons of both *Michal Kolke and Eleanore Reich*. *See* Appendix A.

[53] *1877 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p617 #294.

[54] *1852 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record*, p326 #145.



Geborene im Jahre 1852

326

Jahr 1852, Monat		Nummer, Taufname des Kindes, Tauf= und Familiennamen und Confeſſionen derjenigen, der das Kind zur Taufe vorgeſtellt hat, Name des Predigers, von dem die Rang oder Gewerbe der Pathen. (§. 22, 23, 24, 27, 30. Inſtr. §. 29, 30, 31.)		Aeltern, Stand, Rang und Gewerbe des Vaters, oder der Mutter, oder des Taufe, und des Orts, wo ſie vollzogen iſt, Tauf= und Familiennamen, Stand,		Pag. im Perſonalbuche.	Ehelich Geborne.		Unehelich Geborne.		Todt Geborne und vor der Taufe Verſtorbene.	
Tag und Stunde der Geburt.	Tag der Taufe. (§. 20, 21. Inſtr. §. 26, 27.)	No. und Namen des Kindes.	Ältern.	Wo und von wem getauft.	Pathen.		Männliche.	Weibliche.	Männliche.	Weibliche.	Männliche.	Weibliche.
Den achtzehnten (18) Mai, um ein Uhr Nachmittags.		145. (Kolke) Julius	Kolke, Daniel, Kolonist u. deſſen Ehefrau Maria geb. Richter Römiſch-Katholiſch, der Mann aber Lutheriſch.—		Andreas Kolke, Caroline Kolke, Jacob Pekruhl, Susanna Kolke; Kolonisten		52.					
		146. (Reiman)										

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[55] Gottlieb Kolke's birth range is based upon his brother Daniel Kolke's probable birth circa 1827, and his wife Justine/Justina Glaubitz' first marriage (to Peter Wagner) in 1850, with an imputed 1832 (or earlier) year-of-birth for her.

[56] There were two known and distinct Helene Kolkes of roughly the same age, born circa 1844-46, with four possibilities as to their parentage. One Helene Kolke married August Treptow circa 1865; and the other Helene Kolke married Friedrich Klein in November 1866. I examined four possible families to which Helene Kolke born circa 1846 could have been connected. I utilized what I believed were relationships with other Kolke (and related) family members as well as their ages to try to determine which of the two out of four options were most probable; without excluding the possibility that another option was viable. The *SGGEE MPD* has no Helene Kolkes of Generations #1 or #2, even though they clearly existed.

Helene/Helena Kolke who married Friedrich Klein is a different person from Helene Kolke who married August Treptow, as the births/baptisms of their children overlap, and her surname in the post-marriage records would not have been "Kolke." While I have postulated which Helene Kolke married either August Treptow or Friedrich Klein, I cannot rule out that it was vice versa.

In 1864, Helene/Helena "Kolke" was a Godparent with Julius Kolke of Caroline Gall, daughter of Andreas Gall and Caroline Boettger; and in 1866 with Heinrich Kolke she sponsored her probable niece Susanna Kolke (as one of the Helene Kolke's surname was now "Treptow").

In 1869, August Treptow was a Godparent to Wilhelmine Kolke and Jacob Pekruhl's son Peter Pekruhl; and in 1873, Helene Kolke Treptow sponsored Wilhelmine Kolke and Jacob Pekruhl's son Ferdinand Pekruhl; which implies Helene Kolke Pekruhl was on the same level (i.e. Generation #2) as Wilhelmine Kolke Pekruhl, i.e. her sister. Helene Kolke is an *Ancestry*DNA™ match with *Ludwig Kolke's* descendants, through her son Heinrich Treptow; although the strength of the match only has a level of confidence in the range of 15% to 50%, which is probably due to the remoteness of the relationship (i.e. two additional generations). *See* Appendix A. *1869 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p286 #110*; and 1873 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p299 #110.

The four options/alternatives I explored:

#1 The first Helene Kolke was possibly/probably the youngest child of *Michal Kolke and Eleonora Reich*, and thus would have been *Michal Kolke and Eleonora Reich's* youngest known child.

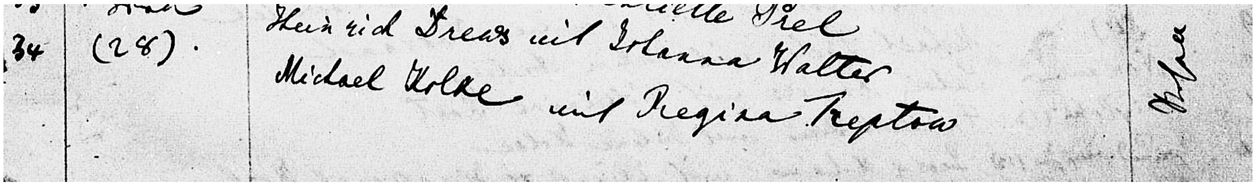
#2. The second Helene Kolke could have been, and probably was, the first child of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass, as there is a four year gap between their marriage and first known child Julius Kolke.

#3 Helene Kolke could have been the first child of Andreas Kolke and Maria Bieberdorf, as there was a four year gap between their marriage and first known child Heinrich Kolke. However, no one has postulated that Heinrich Kolke was anything but a solo child. Further, Helene Kolke was not a sponsor/Godparent to any of Heinrich Kolke's children.

#4 Helene Kolke could have been the first child of Daniel Kolke and Maria/Mariane Richter, but that is unlikely because Daniel Kolke probably wasn't born until 1827, at the earliest; so he would not have been old enough to marry and have children circa 1844.

The Godparents of Helene Kolke and August Treptow's eight known children were members of the Wilhelmine Kolke/Jacob Pekruhl and Daniel Kolke families.

[57] *1866 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p649 #34.



34 (28).
Heinrich Dreas mit Johanna Walter
Michael Kolke mit Regina Treptow

[58] In attempting to determine whether various Kolke families were related, I began with Volhynian Evangelical Lutheran Church baptism records, because they contain the maiden name of the mother, and the identities of the Godparents/sponsors. Godparents during this period may have been called upon to raise, or contribute to the raising of, their Godchild in the event of their parents' death, so it is likely they would have been at least teenagers or young adults when asked to serve. Those with the same surname were probably siblings or first cousins of the parents. Those with different surnames were probably in-laws, neighbors, close friends and/or fellow church parishioners. It is unlikely parents, or older aunts and uncles, would have been chosen as Godparents, given the life expectancies at the time. Evangelical Lutheran Church marriage and burial records also contained significant information of maiden names, parents, locations and relationships. *EWZ* records were extremely valuable to determine and confirm familial relationships. *NKVD/KGB* records were also important in determining relationships and the fate of my Kolke ancestors. *Ancestry*DNA™ matches confirmed genetic relationships. *See* Appendix A.

Throughout this work, Evangelical Lutheran Church Records are cited by parish, year of recording of the baptism/marriage/burial, page where the record is found, and entry number for the event. *"NKVD"* records of arrests/trials/sentences/executions and of relocations/repatriations cite the *SGGEE* database number from its "*KGB*" records. *EWZ* records cite the actual EWZ File No. and the (United States') National Archives film/frame number.

Vital information contained in the *St. Petersburg Archive's Evangelical Lutheran Church* records from the Shitomir (1836+), Heimtal (1869+), Nowograd Wolhynsk (50 miles west of Shitomir) (1889+), and Emilchin (1896+) Parishes, covers the periods from 1836-1885 and 1900-1919, although with more omissions than inclusions, and mis-translations. I have concentrated on the Shitomir, Heimtal, Nowograd Wolhynsk and Emilchin Parishes, where most of my *Kolke* related family resided in Volhynia. I have not included information from the databases for the Rozyszcze (Roschischtsche), Tuczyn, Wladimir Wolhynsk or Rowno Parishes, because they are 100 to 150 miles west of Shitomir; even though some of my *Kolke* ancestors probably resided in those areas. I have used the German spelling of the places (corrected for consistency), because I was concentrating on the period of German habitation. My extreme gratitude goes to Marcia Momose and her *Odessa3* co-workers, who phenomenally transcribed the birth/baptism, marriage and death/burial records for Volhynia between 1836-1885, and created the *Odessa Digital Library (Odessa3)*: www.odessa3.org, which is an invaluable resource (although most of the events were never formally recorded due to the lack of available pastors who had to cover the entire Shitomir Parish). I reviewed every line of their published work searching for Kolkes and their related family members, and was successful in locating many other Kolke's through their maiden names and misspellings. *Odessa3* also contains a wealth of information from the area including village histories and transcribed "War

Documents," consisting, in part, of captured German documents from World War II, including *EWZ* files and marriage records. I also reviewed every available original document corresponding to the *Odessa3* entries for my family, which are located at *FamilySearch.org*. The *Society for German Genealogy in Eastern Europe* (*SGGEE*) transcribed the records of births/baptisms, marriages and deaths/burials in Volhynia from the Heimtal, Emilchin, Nowograd Wolhynsk and Shitomir Parishes for the period 1900-1919. The *SGGEE* also has a "Master Pedigree Database" (*MPD*) containing over 565,000 names of Prussians/Germans in Eastern Europe, including Poland and the Ukraine, as well as listings of marriages, children and siblings. However, the *SGGEE MPD* relies upon the contributions of members, who may or may not possess or utilize records or other documents to substantiate the listed familial relationships. I have found that many of its entries are frequently undocumented and based upon "family lore;" in the same manner as *Ancestry.com*, *FamilySearch.org* and *Find-a-Grave* allow members to enter (and repeat) information without evidence of its accuracy or documentary support. I found multiple instances of inaccurate entries in the *SGGEE MPD*, which like *Ancestry* and *Find-a-Grave* result in the perpetuation of incorrect family information and relationships.

Absent birth/baptismal records, years of birth are estimated as occurring 18 years before the date of the earliest of either marriage or birth of the individual's first known child, as reflected in a documented record. I had located research which generally stated the age of first marriage during this period for German Lutheran males was 20-26, and for females 18-25. However, in my research I found it was not unusual to see females marry as young as 15-16 years of age (with her parent's permission), and many females (and males) were married and had children by age 18. "Illegitimate" children were fairly common. If someone appears as a Godparent whose age is unknown, an arbitrary age of 16 years was assigned as of the date of the event, unless other information was available about the sponsor. Thus, a sponsor in 1860 was arbitrarily assigned a birth year of 1844 (or earlier). Dates/years of marriage were also arbitrarily assigned as occurring the year prior to the first recorded birth for the couple (i.e. "<"). Most of the births were not recorded, because not all children were baptized probably due to the unavailability of pastors, nor born in Volhynia. The fourteen year gap (i.e. 1886-1899) in the Evangelical Lutheran Church records occurs during a critical time period when "4th Generation" was getting married and having children. Because couples could have married and started a family as early as 1886, resulting in the possibility, if not probability, several children were missed (unless picked up in births, marriages and deaths occurring between 1900 and 1919). Because it was not unusual for couples to have large families over 20+ years, the 1886-1899 gap undoubtedly contains significant unrecovered family histories.

In an effort to provide some degree of accuracy and reliability to the parental and sibling relationships, I have broken down the families into generations. I used 25 year periods for the generational charts, because many women had children from age 18 (or earlier) to well into their 40s; thus the generations are not set in stone. Further, the use of estimated dates of birth and/or age at the time of marriage because specific birth/baptism records were unavailable, requires flexibility. Known or probable members of a generation, regardless of their birth year, were placed with their generation.

Michal Kolke and Eleonora Reich are designated as Generation #1.

Generation #2 (1820-1845) individuals are their known or suspected children, for whom a significant number of records of life's events exist, including important information about the Godparents/sponsors of their children. Generation #2 would include all of *Michal Kolke and Eleonora Reich's* known or suspected children.

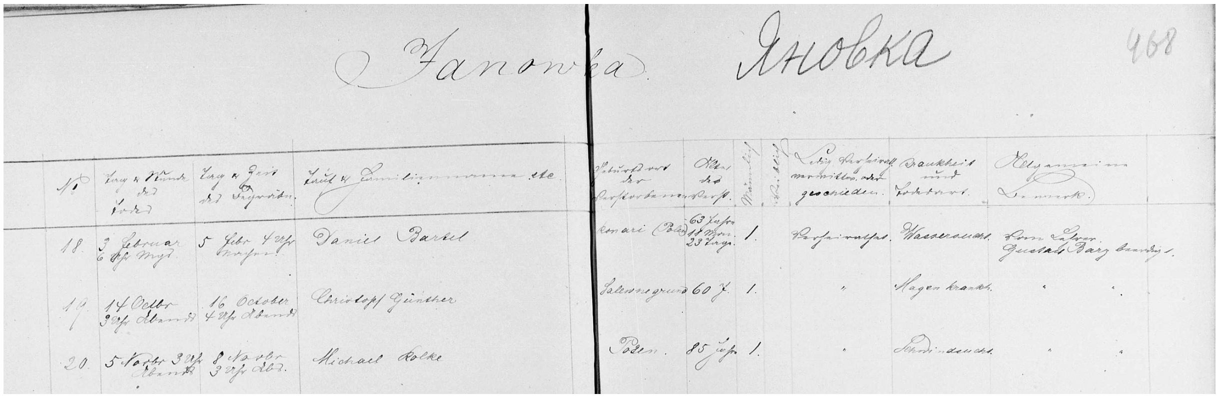
Generation #3 are those known (or strongly suspected) to be the children of Generation #2, or those born between 1845-1870 for whom specific parents have not been identified.

Generation #4 are those known (or strongly suspected) to be the children of Generation #3, or born between 1870-1895 for whom specific parents have not been identified.

Generation # 5 are those born after 1895 (including those known to be the children of Generation #4).

I have generally postulated the siblings in Generation #2 would have been the individuals who were the sponsors/Godparents of each other's children (i.e. Generation #3), with the possibility that early children of the oldest members of Generation #2 could have performed in that capacity for the children of later born members of Generation #2.

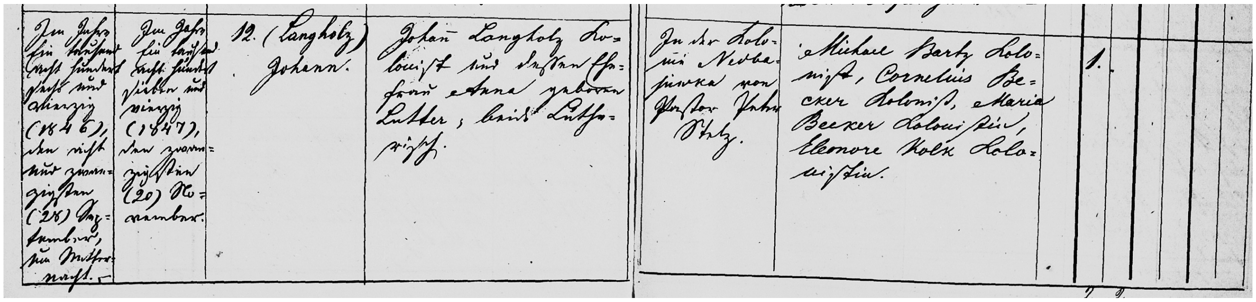
[59] *Michal Kolke's 1880 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p468 #20.



Janowka Яновка 468

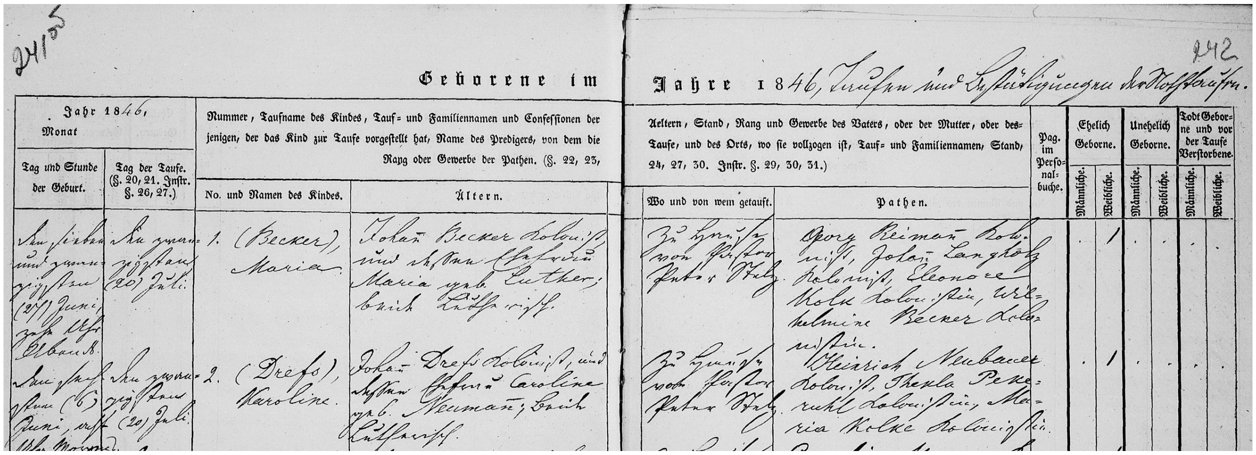
№	Tag & Stunde des Todes	Tag & Zeit des Begräbnis	Tauf & Familiennamen etc	Geburtsort des Verstorbenen	Alter des Verst.	Männlich	Weiblich	Ledig, verheirathet, verwittwet oder geschieden	Krankheit und Todesart	Allgemeine Bemerk.
18.	3 Februar 6 Uhr Morg.	5 Febr 4 Uhr Nachm.	Daniel Bartel	Konari (Polen)	63 Jahr 11 Mon. 23 Tage	1.		Verheirathet.	Wassersucht.	Vom Lehrer Gustav Barz beerdigt.
19.	14 Octbr 3 Uhr Abends	16 October 4 Uhr Abends	Christoph Günther	[illegible]	60 J.	1.		"	Magenkrankh.	"
20.	5 Novbr 3 Uhr Abends	8 Novbr 3 Uhr Abd.	Michael Kolke	Posen.	85 Jahr	1.		"	Schwindsucht.	"

[60] *1847 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p208 #12.



Im Jahr ein tausend acht hundert sechs und vierzig (1846), den acht und zwanzigsten (28) September, um Mitternacht.	Im Jahr ein tausend acht hundert sieben und vierzig (1847), den zwanzigsten (20) November.	12. (Langholz) Johann.	Johann Langholz Colonist und dessen Ehefrau Anna geborene Lutter; beide Lutherisch.	In der Colonie Neudorf? Pastor Pohl?	Michael Barz Colonist, Cornelius Becker Colonist, Maria Becker Colonistin, Eleonore Kolk Colonistin.	1.

On July 20, 1846, *Eleonore Reich Kolke*, with Johann Langholz and Wilhelmine Becker, sponsored Maria Becker, daughter of Johann Becker and Maria Luther (sister of Helene Luther, wife of Friedrich Bieberdorf) (HH#1, Josephine), probably in Josephine or Annette, Shitomir Parish. Theis entry was next to that where Tekla Wasilewska Pekeruhl (HH#3, Josephine) and Maria Biberdorf Kolke sponsored Karoline Drews on the same day. 1846 Shitomir Parish Baptism Records, pp 241 and 242 #s 1 and 2.



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Geborene im Jahre 1846, Taufen und Bestätigungen der Nothtaufen.

Jahr 1846, Monat Tag und Stunde der Geburt.	Tag der Taufe. (§. 20, 21. Inſtr. §. 26, 27.)	Nummer, Taufname des Kindes, Tauf= und Familiennamen und Confeſſionen derjenigen, der das Kind zur Taufe vorgeſtellt hat, Name des Predigers, von dem die Rang oder Gewerbe der Pathen. (§. 22, 23, No. und Namen des Kindes.	Ältern.	Aeltern, Stand, Rang und Gewerbe des Vaters, oder der Mutter, oder des Taufe, und des Orts, wo ſie vollzogen iſt, Tauf= und Familiennamen, Stand, 24, 27, 30. Inſtr. §. 29, 30, 31.) Wo und von wem getauft.	Pathen.	Pag. im Perſonalbuche.	Ehelich Geborne. Männliche.	Ehelich Geborne. Weibliche.	Unehelich Geborne. Männliche.	Unehelich Geborne. Weibliche.	Todt Geborne und vor der Taufe Verſtorbene. Männliche.	Todt Geborne und vor der Taufe Verſtorbene. Weibliche.
Am siebenundzwanzigsten (27) Juni, zehn Uhr Abends.	Am zwanzigsten (20) Juli.	1. (Becker), Maria.	Johan Becker Kolonist und dessen Ehefrau Maria geb. Luther; beide lutherisch.	Zu [illegible] von Pastor Pastor [illegible].	Georg Reiman Kolonist, Johan Langholz Kolonist, Eleonore Kolk Kolonistin, Wilhelmine Becker Kolonistin.		.	1	.	.	.	.
Am sechsten (6) Juni, acht Uhr Morgens.	Am zwanzigsten (20) Juli.	2. (Drefs), Karoline.	Johan Drefs Kolonist, und dessen Ehefrau Caroline geb. Neuman; beide lutherisch.	Zu [illegible] von Pastor Pastor [illegible].	Heinrich Neubauer Kolonist, Thekla Pekruhl Kolonistin, Maria Kolke Kolonistin.		.	1	.	.	.	.

[61] *See Appendix A*.

[62] According to Maria Biberdorf Kolke's death/burial record, she died in Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia, at the age of 88 years, and was preceded in death by her husband Andreas Kolke. *1913 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p100 #189*; and SGGEE MPD.*

[63] Helene/Helena Drews could not have been born in "Poland," as it did not exist. Most probably, she was born in the Duchy of Warsaw created by Napoleon, which became Congress Poland in late 1815. She would have been between 15-17 years of age at the time of her marriage to Johann Bieberdorf, if Maria Bieberdorf was their first child born in 1824-25. *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #3.*

*I have reorganized the *Revision of November 28, 1857 in the Village of Josephine* and the *Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette* into family groups within each household to make it easier to interpret who was in each home and who were their parents. I have supplemented the census' data with information obtained from other sources, including birth/baptism, marriage, and death/burial records from *Odessa3* and the *FHL*. *See* Appendix D.

Helene Drews was the daughter of Johann Drews (1777 – 1854, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; son of Andreas Drews) and Katharina ____ (1779, Prussia – August 1, 1850, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia), who lived in Josephine, Volhynia, Russia, until their deaths. In addition to Helene Drews, Johann Drews and Katharina ____ had four sons living in Josephine as of 1849, three of whom were there in 1857. *1850 Shitomir Parish Burial Record, p263 #30* (71Y, born Prussia, wife of Johann Drews)*; The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #3*; and Revision of November 28, 1857 in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 4 and 5.

- Johann Drews (1805 – 1855, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia) married Karoline Neumann (____ - <November 28, 1857, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia), who was probably the daughter of Simon Neumann; whose other children lived in HH#20 Annette and HH#s 4, 9, 12 and 13 in Josephine. *Revision of November 28, 1857 in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #5.

- Benjamin Drews (43=1814) married Rosine Neumann (43=1814), daughter of Simon Neumann; whose other children lived in HH#20 Annette and HH#s 5, 9, 12 and 13 in Josephine. *Revision of November 28, 1857 in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #4.

- George Drews (41=1816) married Magdalena/Helene Wagner (38=1819), daughter of Carl Wagner. *Revision of November 28, 1857 in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #4.

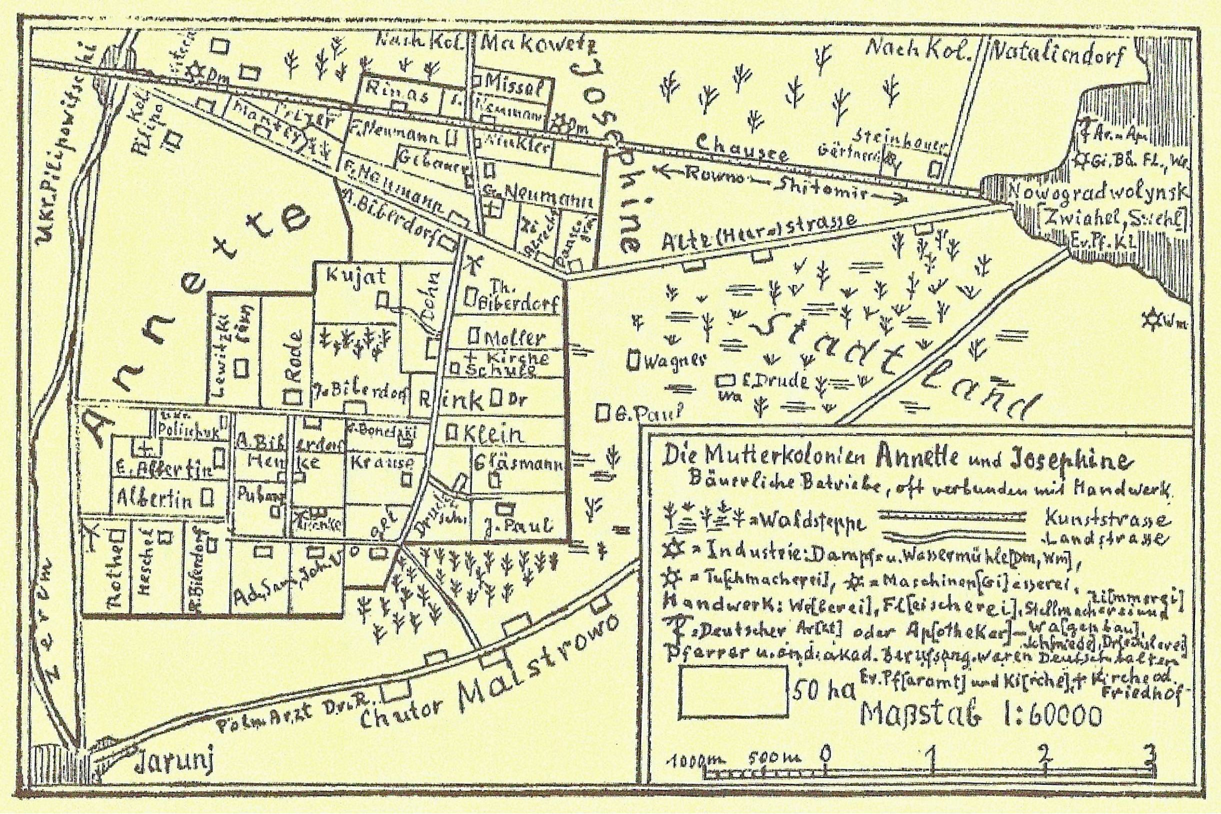
- Christian Drews (38=1819) married Charlotte ____ (34=1823), daughter of Michael ____. *Revision of November 28, 1857 in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #4.

The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #s 3 (Johann), 4 (Peter) and 5 (Friedrich) (which in the Russian manner uses the father's given name as the individual's middle name, in this case "Gottlieb"), provides the structure of the Bieberdorf family as of that date, with the patriarch as Gottlieb/Gottfried Bieberdorf (1742 – April 15, 1811, Gdańsk, Duchy of Warsaw) (and his second wife Christine Barck(?) (February 18, 1778, Schnakenburg(?)* - ____; married November 5, 1797, Schnakenburg(?)*, Prussia), had three known sons, and possibly a daughter, who are connected to various members of the extended Kolke family.

*The only Schnakenburg I could locate is Schnackenburg 680km southwest of Gdańsk, and certainly not within the Gdańsk geographic area. It is a significant distance from the town of Schönbaum, where some of the Bieberdorf's are alleged to have been born, is probably the current Polish town of Drewnica, which is located just southeast of Danzig/Gdańsk, which was occupied by Prussia after the First Partition.

When formed in 1816, villages of Annette and Josephine were among the earliest colonies in the Shitomir Parish of Volhynia. They were separated by the Rowno-Shitomir Road. The settlements were established by "Germans" from Bohsack (now Sobieszewo Island situated on the Baltic Sea coast, bounded by the Gdańsk Bay and the Vistula River), Galicia and Prussia. The first chapel and manse were built in 1854, and by 1859, 45 colonies with 6,000 occupants existed in the Annette-Josepine area. Settlers who had connections with the Kolke family, who didn't arrive in the area until the 1830s, and are identified on the following map (and identified in the *1857 Revisions for Annette and Josephine*), included:

G. (Gottlieb), Th., R., __ and __Biberdorf, all in Annette;
Drude (probably Michael and E.) in Annette/Stadtland;
Henke (probably Jakob) in Annette;
Klein (probably Filip) in Annette;
F., G. and I(?) Neumann, all in Josephine. One was probably Simon Neumann;
Pansegrau (probably Christian) in Josephine;
____ Rinas in Josephine;
Rink (probably Filip) in Annette, possibly was a doctor;
Rode (probably Andreas) in Annette;
Wagner (probably Karl) in Annette/Stadtland.


Ukr. Pilipowitschi
Nach Kol.
Makowetz
Josephine
Nach Kol.
Natalindorf
Annette
Chaussee
Rowno – Shitomir
Alte (Heer-) strasse
Nowogradwolynsk [Zwiahel, Swiehl]
Ev. Pf. Ki.
Stadtland
Rinas
Missal
F. Neumann
Gebauer
G. Neumann
A. Biberdorf
Kujat
Th. Biberdorf
Moller
Kirche Schule
J. Biberdorf
Rink
Klein
Gläsmann
J. Paul
Wagner
E. Drude
G. Paul
Lewitzki
Rode
Polischuk
E. Albertin
Albertin
Henke
Krause
Rothe
Heschel
R. Biberdorf
Zerem
Chutor Malstrowo
Jarunj
Die Mutterkolonien Annette und Josephine
Bäuerliche Betriebe, oft verbunden mit Handwerk.
Waldsteppe
Kunststrasse
Landstrasse
Industrie: Dampf- u. Wassermühle [Dm, Wm],
Tuchmacherei, Maschinen[gi]eßerei,
Handwerk: Weberei, Fl[eischerei], Stellmacher und Zimmerei
Deutscher Ar[zt] oder Ap[othe]ker
Pfarrer u. and. akad. Berufe
Ev. Pf[arramt] und Ki[rche], Kirche od. Friedhof
50 ha
Maßstab 1:60000
1000m 500m 0 1 2 3

Colonies of Annette and Josephine – 1816 (Source: *GRHS*)

The Gottlieb/Gottfried Bieberdorf and Christine Barck family settled in Annette, Volhynia, Russia, by 1816, as most if not all of their grandchildren by their three sons were born in Annette.

- Johann Bieberdorf (58=June 28, 1799, possibly Schönbaum, Prussia - >November 30, 1857, Annette, Volhynia, Russia) and his wife Helena Drews (48=1809 - 1890, Annette, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Johann Drews (1777 – 1854, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; son of Andreas Drews) (*see above*), had three daughters in their Annette home as of November 30, 1857, but appear to have been the parents of ten known children. *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #3.

1. Maria Bieberdorf (b1824/25) married Andreas Kolke.

2. Florentine Bieberdorf (28=1829, probably Annette, Volhynia, Russia – April 2, 1906, Moisejewka, Volhynia, Russia) married August Maier/Meier/Meyer (29=1828 – July 1, 1880, probably Annette, Volhynia, Russia), son of Christian Maier, possibly around 1850, in Annette, where both of their families lived. As of November 1857, they were living in Annette with August Maier's uncle Christian Maier (son of Johann Maier) and his five brothers, with their daughter Anna Maier (6=1851) and son Adolf Maier (3=1854). They lived in Murawi, Annette and Blumenthal, Volhynia, Russia. *1852* (p326 #155; August Meier)*, 1855* (p293 #41; Adolph Meyer; GP: Friedrich Klebe (m Anna Bieberdorf) and Helene (Bieberdorf) Ströbel)*, 1858* (p806 #42; Helene Meyer)*, 1861* (p425 #74; Karl Meyer)*, 1867* (p509 #135 and p119 #252; Eduard Meier) *and 1871* (p560 #287; Ernst Rudolph Meyer) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #16*; 1863 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p31 #13 (Karl Meyer)*;*

SGGEE MPD; and 1906 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record, p183 #416 (Florentine Bieberdorf Meier, 77Y, born Annette, widow).

3. Anna Bieberdorf (25=1832, probably Annette, Volhynia, Russia – 1917 Charkow, Russia (unverified)) married Friedrich Wilhelm Klebe (January 30, 1830, Prussia; bap March 7, 1830, Liebenow Arnswalde, Brandenburg, Prussia – December 2, 1904, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia), son of Karl Wilhelm Klebe (70=1787; son of Wilhelm Klebs) and Dorothea Sophia Stock (62=1795; daughter of Johann ____), on June 16, 1850, probably in Annette, Volhynia, Russia. As of November 1857, the family was living with his widowed father, Friedrich's brothers, and their daughter Maria Klebs (4=1853) and son Friedrich Klebs (2=1855), in Josephine, Volhynia, Russia. *1830, Liebenow Arnswalde, Brandenburg, Prussia, Baptism Record* (Friedrich Wilhelm Klebe, identifies parents)*; 1850 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p255 #22*; 1853* (p315 #15; Maria Klebe)*, 1858* (p806 #43; Anna Klebe)*, 1861* (p425 #75; Adolph Klebe)*, 1864* (p15 #110; Eduard Reinhold Klebe)*, 1866* (p509 #132; Ernst Klebe) *and* 1869 (p285 #226; Ernestine Klebe) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; Revision of November 28, 1857, in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #15; 1904 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p188 #358 (74Y, father Karl Klebe, born in Prussia, married Anna Bieberdorf)*; and 1948 Minot, Ward County, North Dakota, Death Certificate* (Adolph H. Klebe, identifies parents).

4. Helene (Magdalena) Bieberdorf (22=1835, probably Annette, Volhynia, Russia – November 26, 1904, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia) married Jacob Ströbel (23=1834, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – March 16, 1915, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia), son of Jakob Ströbel (60=1797 - <May 16, 1861, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; son of Paul Ströbel) and Anna Sorec (53=1804; daughter of Peter Sorec), on August 10, 1853, probably in Annette. As of November 1857, Jacob and Magdalena Bieberdorf Ströbel were living with his parents, his brother Johann Ströbel (26=1831) and his wife Susanne Bieberdorf (22=1825; d/o uncle Friedrich Biberdorf and aunt Helene Luther), and his sister Susanne Ströbel (19=1838), in Annette, next to the Henke family, with their son August Ströbel (1=1856). Anna Sorec Ströbel married Peter Bieberdorf, son of Gottlieb/Gottfried and Christine Bieberdorf, on May 16, 1861, in Annette. *1853 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p331 #16*; The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #35; 1861 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p437 #13 (maiden name "Sorec")*; 1867* (p119 #257; Ernst Ströbel)*, 1870* (p205 #426; Emilie Ströbel) *and 1872* (p498 #312; Emil Herrmann Strebel) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; 1904* (p187 #355; Helene Bieberdorf Strebel, d/o Johann Bieberdorf, born Annette, 70Y, married to Jacob) *and 1915* (p354 #19; Jakob Strebel, 81Y, born Annette, widower, son of Jakob) *Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Records.*

5. Johann Bieberdorf (December 1, 1836, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – June 12, 1908, Annette Volhynia, Russia) married twice. *1908 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p157 #37 (71Y, born Annette, married to Eva Richert).

M#1 Married Justine Bieberdorf (1840, Streczuwka/Strishewka, Volhynia, Russia – May 11, 1866, Annette, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Peter Bieberdorf and Helen Könke, on February 19, 1857, in Annette. *1857 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p390 #8*; 1860* (p167 #61; Adolph Bieberdorf) *and 1863* (p15 #110; Gustav Bieberdorf; GP Friedrich Bieberdorf and Susanna (Bieberdorf) Ströbel) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; and 1866 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p655 #82 (26Y, born in Streczuwka).

M#2 Less than four months after the death of Justine Bieberdorf, Johann Bieberdorf married Eva Richert (9=1848, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – 1921, Kapetultschin, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Peter Richert (51=1806; son of Peter Richert) and Susanna Funk (48=1809; daughter of Gottlieb Funk), on September 2, 1866, in Annette, Volhynia, Russia. Her sister Helena Richert was the first wife of

Johann Bieberdorf, son of Friedrich Bieberdorf and Helene Luther. *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #7*; 1866 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p650 #36*; and 1868* (p108 #43; Emilie Juliana Bieberdorf)*, 1870* (p201 #378; Hermann Biberdorf)*, 1871* (p491 #15; Adolphine Juliane Biberdorf)*, 1874* (p553 #63; Pauline Emilie Biberdorf)*, 1877* (p469 #237; Ottilie Susanna Biberdorf)*, 1878* (p613 #1222; Jakob Wilhelm Biberdorf)*, 1880* (p187 #915; Albert Ewald Biberdorf)*, 1882* (p563 #121; Leopold Reinhold Biberdorf)*, 1883* (p428 #407; Emil Ernst Biberdorf) *and 1885* (p14 #130; Arthur Karl Biberdorf) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records.*

6. Christine Bieberdorf (18=1839 - ~July 1915, Russia; deported by Tsar) married Adolf Henke (18=1839 – 1914, Volhynia, Russia), son of Andreas Henke (56=1801; son of Jakob) and Maria ____ (46=1811; daughter of Daniel ____), on April 1, 1858, in the Shitomir Parish. Christine Bieberdorf and Adolf Henke were living with their respective parents in Annette as of November 1857. They lived in Gnadenthal and Annette. Adolf Henke's brother Karl Ferdinand Henke (23=1834; February 1, 1833, Gostynin, Congress Poland, Russia – October 13, 1915, Toptscha, Rowne Parish, Volhynia, Russia) married Justine (Ernestine?) Bieberdorf (February 28, 1837, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – October 24, 1903, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia), Annette, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Friedrich Bieberdorf and Helene Luther. *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 3 and 36*; 1858 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p819 #7*; 1859* (p276 #47; Auguste Emilie Biberdorf)*, 1860* (p168 #65; Justina Henke)*, 1865* (p630 #8; Florentine Henke)*, 1867* (p108 #44; Gustav Henke)*, 1870* (p169 #55; Mathilde Henke*) *and 1871* (p491 #18; Agatte Henke) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; 1866 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p652 #11 (Pauline Henke, 1Y)*; and SGGEE MPD.*

*According to Carine Würch on *Geneanet*, citing an email from Alfred Schön, Mathilde Henke (b January 11, 1870, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 23, 1870, Shitomir Parish) married widower Friedrich Kolke, son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass (who were not identified), in circa 1886, and they had three children.

7. Elisabeth Bieberdorf (b May 25, 1842, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 1, 1842, Shitomir Parish). *1842 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p175 #4.

8. Susanne Bieberdorf (12=March 24, 1845, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – November 17, 1911, Rice Lake, Barron County, Wisconsin) was living with her parents in Annette, as of November 1857. She married Gottfried (Fred) Klein (19=February 23, 1838, probably Annette or Josephine, Volhynia, Russia – October 16, 1917, Rice Lake, Barron County, Wisconsin), son of Johann Klein (42=1815; son of Filip/Philip Klein (71=1786; son of Jakob Klein) and brother of Samuel Klein* (33=1824)) and Charlotte Juliane Müller (37=1820; daughter of Johann Gottfried Müller), who were living in Filip Klein's Josephine home, in November 1857, on September 25, 1862, probably in Annette. They emigrated to the United States, arriving in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on June 18, 1889. *1836 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p300 #6 (Johann Klein (23), son of Phillip Klein, and Juliana Müller (20), daughter of Johann Gottfried Müller)*; The Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #7; *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #3*; 1862 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p451 #38*; 1866* (p631 #23; Karl Gustav Klein)*, 1867* (p508 #126; Auguste Wilhelmine Klein)*, 1870* (p201 #374; Helena Ernestine Klein) *and 1872* (p533 #436; Ernst Emil Klein) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; 1889 München Manifest; 1900 US Census; 1911 and 1917 Barron County, Wisconsin, Death Records; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Nora Cemetery, Rice Lake, Wisconsin).

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*Samuel Klein's second wife was Susanne Kolke (23=1834), daughter of *Michal Kolke and Eleanora Reich*, who was also in Filip Klein's home in November 1857, with his three children by his first wife, and his daughter Rosine Klein (2=1855) with Susanne Kolke.

9. Justine Bieberdorf (9=1848, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – 1936, Willow Creek, McHenry County, North Dakota) was living with her parents in Annette as of November 1857. On June 23, 1864, she married Friedrich Gottlieb Bieberdorf (14=April 14, 1843, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – September 28, 1927, Willow Creek, Bottineau/McHenry County, North Dakota), son of Friedrich Bieberdorf and Helen Luther. The family emigrated to the United States in 1888-89, and lived in Willow Creek, North Dakota. *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 3 and 5*; 1864 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p437 #10*; 1866* (p640 #190; Ottilie Wilhelmine Bieberdorf)*, 1869* (p285 #225; Auguste Bieberdorf)*, 1871* (p521 #309; Maria Bieberdorf)*, 1874* (p495 #293; Adolphine Bieberdorf)*, 1876* (p580 #509; Anna Emilie Bieberdorf)*, 1878* (p539 #335; Helene Albertine Bieberdorf)*, 1880* (p175 #660; Friedrich Wilhelm Bieberdorf) *and 1885* (p60 #666; Wilhelmine Bieberdorf) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; 1900, 1910 and 1930 US Census; 1927 Willow Creek, Bottineau County, North Dakota, Death Certificate* (84Y 5M 14D, wife Justina Biberdorf, son of Frederick Biberdorf)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Immanuel Lutheran Cemetery, Upham, North Dakota).

10. Adolf Bieberdorf (January 25, 1852, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 1, 1852, Shitomir Parish - November 30, 1857, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1852 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p315 #27*; and The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #3.

• Peter Bieberdorf (55=1802, Schönbaum, Prussia - >May 16, 1861, Annette, Volhynia, Russia) married twice. *SGGEE MPD; and The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #4.

M#1 Helene Könke (____ - <November 30, 1857, probably Annette, Volhynia, Russia), may have been the daughter of Jakob Könke, whose son (her brother?) Gottfried Könke (62=1795) was living in the Village of Susly, in May 1858. As of November 1857, three of their children were in their Annette home, with their widowed father: Peter Bieberdorf (27=1830); Friedrich Bieberdorf (20=1837); and Helena Bieberdorf (19=1838). They had five known children. *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #4*; and The Revision of May 17, 1858, in the Village of Susly, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #3.

1. Peter Bieberdorf (27=1830, probably Annette, Volhynia, Russia – <February 5, 1864, Annette, Volhynia, Russia) married twice. *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #4.

M#1 Maria Bieberdorf (26=1831, probably Annette, Volhynia, Russia – ~July 13, 1860, Annette, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Friedrich Bieberdorf and Helen Luther, may have died in or as a result of the birth of their daughter Julie Biberdorf (b July 13, 1860). In November 1857, they were living in Annette with two identified daughters: (1) Anna Bieberdorf (5=1852); and (2) Emilie Bieberdorf (4=1853). *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #4*; and 1858* (p806 #39; Ernst Bieberdorf) *and 1860* (p167 #64; Julie Bieberdorf).

M#2 Widower Peter Bieberdorf married Dorothea Bieberdorf (16=1841, probably Annette, Volhynia, Russia – November 29, 1919, Ponca, Dixon County, Nebraska; Imm 1909), daughter of Friedrich Bieberdorf and Helen Luther, and sister of his deceased wife, on May 3, 1861, in Annette. They had two known children before Peter Bieberdorf's death: (1) Eduard Bieberdorf (b March 30, 1862, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 25, 1862, Shitomir Parish); and (2) Karl Bieberdorf. On February 5, 1864, widow Dorothea Bieberdorf married Josephine resident Karl Rudolf Klein (17=1840, Annette or Josephine, Volhynia, Russia – January 30, 1906, Annette, Volhynia, Russia), son of Johann Klein (42=1815; son of Filip/Philip Klein (71=1786, Prussia – September 13, 1862, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; son of Jakob Klein)) and Charlotte Juliane Mueller (37=1820; daughter of Gottfried Mueller). *The Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #7; *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 4 and 5*; 1861* (p437 #10) *and 1864* (p26 #6) *Shitomir Parish Marriage Records; 1862 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p456 #20 (Philip Klein (78Y, born in Prussia, married)*; 1862* (p439 #91; Eduard Bieberdorf)*, 1865* (p631 #24; Auguste Beate Klein)*, 1867* (p110 #88; Rudolf Arnold Klein)*, 1870* (p169 #57; Auguste Lydia Klein) *and 1872* (p532 #434; Ernst Emil Klein) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; 1906 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p143 #28 (Karl Klein, 66Y, born Annette, married to Dorothea)*; and December 11, 1919, The Ponca Nebraska Journal Leader Obituary*.

2. Friedrich Johann Bieberdorf (20=1837, probably Annette, Volhynia, Russia – March 15, 1906, Annette, Volhynia, Russia) was married twice. *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #4; and 1906 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p143 #29 (Friedrich Johann Bieberdorf, 68Y, married to Wilhelmine (Klebe)).

M#1. Married Charlotte Bieberdorf (18=1839, probably Annette, Volhynia, Russia – ~January 27, 1868, Annette, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Friedrich Bieberdorf and Helen Luther, on June 23, 1857, probably in Annette. As of November 1857, they were living with his parents in Annette. Charlotte Bieberdorf may have died during or as a result of the birth of their daughter Pauline Bieberdorf (b January 27, 1868). Their daughter Helene Bieberdorf (April 19, 1858, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – 1941, Slobodka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Ukraine SSR) married August Kolke (July 26, 1853, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – April 4, 1933, Slobodka, Emilchin District, Ukraine SSR), son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass. *1857 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record; The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #4*; 1858* (p806 #38; Helene Bieberdorf)*, 1861* (p423 #59; Augusta Bieberdorf)*, 1863* (p15 #109; Julius Bieberdorf) *and 1869* (p275 #50; Pauline Bieberdorf) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; and 1864 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p36 #29 (Julius Bieberdorf).

M#2 Married Wilhelmine Klebe (6=1851, Annette, Volhynia, Russia - >March 15, 1906, Annette, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Karl/Carl Klebe (38=1819 (alt. 1815) – February 4, 1908, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia; son of Karl Klebe (70=1787; son of Wilhelm Klebe) and Dorothea Sophia Stock ((62=1797 - >February 4, 1908; daughter of Johann Stock) and Elisabeth Böse (28=1829; daughter of Benjamin Böse)), on August 23, 1868, in Annette. *Revision of November 28, 1857, in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #15*; 1868 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p144 #55*; 1870* (p201 #376; Ernst Bieberdorf)*, 1874* (p297 #80; Ernestine Emilie Bieberdorf)*, 1877* (p469 #233; Robert Bieberdorf)*, 1878* (p528 #342; Reinhold Bieberdorf, son of Friedrich Johann Bieberdorf) *and 1882* (p428 #403; Emilie Antonne Bieberdorf) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; and 1908 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p308 #187 (93Y, married, son of Wilhelm Friedrich Klebe,* born in Germany).

*Karl Klebe's father was Karl (s/o Wilhelm) Klebe, not Wilhelm (s/o Friedrich) Klebe, as was established in the *Revision of November 28, 1857, in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #15.

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3. Helena Bieberdorf (19=1838, probably Annette, Volhynia, Russia) married Eduard Seidel (___-___), on August 14, 1859, probably in Annette. *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #4*; 1859 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p291 #16*; and 1862* (p439 #90; Wilhelm Reinhold Seidel)*, 1866* (p631 #22; Juliane Auguste Seidel)*, 1867* (p501 #41; Friedrike Dorothea Seidel) *and 1870* (p189 #273; Emma Pauline Seidel) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records*.

4. Justine Bieberdorf (1840, Streczuwka/Strishewka, Volhynia, Russia – May 11, 1866, Annette, Volhynia, Russia) married Johann Bieberdorf (December 1, 1836, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – June 12, 1908, Annette Volhynia, Russia), son of Johann Bieberdorf and Helena Drews, on February 19, 1857, in Annette. *1857 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p390 #8*; 1860* (p167 #61; Adolph Bieberdorf) *and 1863* (p15 #110; Gustav Bieberdorf; GP Friedrich Bieberdorf and Susanna (Bieberdorf) Ströbel) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; 1866 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p655 #82 (26Y, born in Streczuwka)*; and 1908 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p157 #37 (71Y, born Annette, married to Eva Richert).

5 Eduard Bieberdorf (December 5, 1855, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – March 2, 1857, Annette, Volhynia, Russia). *1857 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p395 #17 (Son of Peter, 1Y 3M, born Annette).

M#2 Widower Peter Bieberdorf married widow Anna Sorec* Ströbel (1804-____) on May 16, 1861, probably in Annette, Volhynia, Russia. There were three Ströbel families in Annette in November 1857, each of whom had an Anna Ströbel, two of whom were widowed as of November 1857; and one of whom who could have been widowed by May 1861. I suspect that the Anna Ströbel who married Peter Bieberdorf probably had some prior connection to the Bieberdorf family. *1861 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p437 #13 (maiden name "Sorec").

#1 Anna Krüger Ströbel (49=1808 - >August 24, 1878), daughter of Peter Krüger, widow of Paul Ströbel (1798 – 1851, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; son of Paul Ströbel), was living with their sons: (1) Josef Ströbel (22=1825); and (2) Johann Ströbel (21=June 12, 1836,* Annette, Volhynia, Russia) and his wife Fredericke ___, daughter of Fedor ____, in Annette. Anna Krüger Ströbel (53=1804; daughter of Peter Krüger) married Michael Kelm (1814/15, Dubno, Volhynia, Russia - May 14, 1876, Heimtal, Volhynia, Russia) on December 11, 1857, probably in Annette. Widow Anna Krüger married widower Heinrich Krüger on August 24, 1878, in the Heimtal Parish. *1836 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p283 #11 (son of Paul Stroebel and Anna Krüger)*; The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #24*; 1857 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p399 #66 (Anna Krüger Ströbel and Michael Kelm)*; 1876 Heimtal Parish Burial Record, p782 #37* (62Y, born Dubno, wife is Anna Krüger)*; and 1878 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p814 #9.

*This Johann Ströbel would not have been old enough to marry Susanna Bieberdorf (b1834), daughter of Friedrich Bieberdorf and Helene Luther, in May 1853. In November 1857, Johann Ströbel's wife is identified as Fredericke ____ (20=1837), daughter of Fedor ______; which would be inconsistent with an 1853 marriage to Susanna Bieberdorf, who was still alive.

#2. Anna Dahlmann Ströbel (42=1815; daughter of Johann ___) was the widow of Christian Ströbel (1822 – October 1, 1847, probably Annette, Volhynia, Russia; son of Christian Ströbel, son of Peter Ströbel (81=1776)). She was living next to the Paul Ströbel family in Annette, in November 1857, with their daughter Anna Ströbel (12=May 1846, Annette, Volhynia, Russia). *1846 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p244 #14 (daughter of Christian Ströbel and Anna Dahlmann)*; 1847 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p227 #10 (25Y)*; and The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 23 and 24.

#3 Anna Sorec Ströbel (53=1804; daughter of Peter Sorec) and her husband Jakob Ströbel (60=1797 - <May 16, 1861, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; son of Paul Ströbel) were living next to the Henke family, in Annette, as of November 1857, with their sons: (1) Johann Ströbel (26=1831) and his wife Susanne Bieberdorf (22=1825), daughter of Friedrich Bieberdorf and Helene Luther; and (2) Jacob Ströbel (23=1834, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – March 16, 1915, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia) and his wife Helene (Magdalena) Bieberdorf (22=1835, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – November 26, 1904, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Johann Bieberdorf and Helene Drews. Also in the home was their daughter Susanne Ströbel (19=1838). She was the only Anna Ströbel who was not a widow in November 1857; and she would not have been the Anna Krüger Ströbel who married Michael Kelm only two weeks after the census, even if Peter Bieberdorf died immediately after the census was taken. The relationship of her sons to the Bieberdorf family is probably an important factor in the determination of Peter Bieberdorf's second wife. I suspect it was this Anna Sorec Ströbel who married Peter Bieberdorf on May 16, 1861. *1853 Shitomir Parish Marriage Records,* p331 #12 (Johann Ströbel and Susanna Biberdorf) and p331 #16 (Jacob Ströbel and Helene Bieberdorf)*; and The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #35.

- Friedrich Bieberdorf (52=1805, Schönbaum, Prussia - >November 30, 1857) and his deceased wife Helene Luther (~1810, Prussia - ≤1849,* Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia), who may have been the daughter of Matthias Luther and Marianna ____ (71=1786; daughter of Peter ____).** He had four identified children in his Annette home as of the end of 1857. They had ten known children. *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 2, 5 and 8.

*The census also included individuals who were enumerated in the *1849 Revision*, but had died in the eight years before the *1857 Revision*.

**Two sons of Matthias Luther and Marianna ____ (71=1786; daughter of Peter ____) were living next to and close to the three Bieberdorf brothers in Annette, as of November 30, 1857: (1) Heinrich Luther (45=1812) and his wife Caroline ____ (49); and (2) Johann Luther (44=1813) and his wife Henrietta Klebe (31=1826), daughter of Karl Wilhem Klebe and Dorothea Sophie Stock; which provides an additional connection to the Biberdorf families, as do the Godparents to their children (i.e. Anna Luther (b1845) was sponsored by Friedrich Biberdorf, Helene Luther Biberdorf, Peter Richert and Susanna Funk Richert; Martin Lutter (b1847) was sponsored by Peter Richert; and Maria Lutter (b1850) was sponsored by Friedrich Biberdorf, Juliane Müller Klein, Jacob Ströbel and Susanna Funk Richert). Their ages are close to what I would expect for Helene Luther, who was probably born circa 1810. *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 2 (Heinrich Luther), 3 (Johann Biberdorf), 4 (Peter Biberdorf), 5 (Friedrich Biberdorf), 7 (Peter Richert) and 8 (Johann Luther and his mother Marianna ____ Luther).

**Others have Helene Luther's parents as Johann Heinrich Luther and Justine Funk, with her born in Congress Poland, Russia, between 1802 and 1805; but it looks like they found someone named Helene Luther in the records and assumed it was her. There was a Johann Funk (b1828; son of David Funk) family next to Friedrick Biberdorf's family in November of 1857, but he was too young to be Helene Luther's sibling and never appeared as a Godparent in the records I examined. *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #6.

1. Johann Bieberdorf (30=1827, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – November 19, 1903, Marianowka, Nowograd Wolhynsk, Volhynia, Russia) married twice. *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #5*; and 1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk*

Parish Burial Record, p211 #438 (77Y, son of Friedrich Biberdorf, Maria Tetzlaff, mistakenly listed as his mother, rather than his second wife).

M#1 Married Helene/Helena Richert (September 1829, Volhynia, Russia – March 13, 1852, Annette, Volhynia, Russia, daughter of Peter Richert and Susanna Funk,* on November 23, 1847, in Annette. Their son Ephraim Ernst Bieberdorf (6=February 21, 1850, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 30, 1950, Shitomir Parish – 1922, Willow Creek, McHenry County, North Dakota) was in the Friedrich/Johann Bieberdorf Annette home in November 1857. They also had a daughter Helene Biberdorf (b March 13, 1852, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 1, 1852, Shitomir Parish - <November 30, 1857, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia) who was not in the census, and whose mother died as a result of her birth. Her sister Eva Richert was the second wife of Johann Bieberdorf, son of Johann Bieberdorf and Helena Drews. *1847 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p224 #14*; 1850* (p241 #40) *and 1852* (p315 #28) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 5 and 7*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Ephraim Biberdorf, Immanuel Lutheran Cemetery, Upham, North Dakota).

*The Peter Richert (51=1806; son of Peter Richert) and Susanna Funk (48=1809; daughter of Gottlieb Funk) family lived very close to the three Bieberdorf (Johann, Peter and Friedrich) families in Annette as of November 1857, and included their children: David (25=1832), Heinrich (21=1836 – 1858, Annette, Volhynia, Russia), Benjamin (19=1838), Johann (17=1840), Charlotte (15=1842), Susanne (13=1844), Eva (9=1848), Maria (7½ =1850) and Andreas (5=1852) Richert; all probably born in Annette. *1836* (p282 #4; Heinrich Richert)*, 1840* (p176 #6; Johann Richert) *and 1850* (p241 #36; Maria Richert) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 3, 4, 5 and 7*; and 1858 Shitomir Parish Burial Record*, p824 #13 (Heinrich Richert, 22Y, born Annette).

M#2 His second wife was Maria Tetzlaff (21) (1836, Prussia – April 14, 1912, Rissowata, Nowograd Wolhynsk, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Michael Tetzlaff (56=1800/01; son of Michael Tetzlaff) and Catherine ____ (58=1799/1800; daughter of Michael ___), whom he married on November 9, 1853. They had two daughters living in their Annette home as of the end of 1857: (1) "Reina" Bieberdorf (3=1854); and (2) Ernestine Bieberdorf (2=1855). They also had a son Eduard Biberdorf (March 4, 1857, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – May 2, 1857, Annette, Volhynia, Russia). Their son Reinhold Bieberdorf (b February 26, 1861, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 27, 1861, Shitomir Parish (GP: Friedrich Müller and Helene Biberdorf Seidel)) married Auguste Kolke (b1860/70), daughter of Heinrich Kolke and Emilie Eleonore Hoffmann. Maria Tetzlaff Bieberdorf had two brothers: Johann Tetzlaff (26=1831/32) and Peter Tetzlaff (24=1833/34) living with their parents in Annette as of May 16, 1858; next to the Wilhelm Grass (brother of Karoline Grass Kolke) family. I suspect Maria Tetzlaff Bieberdorf had a sister Christine Tetzlaff, who married Robert Hoffmann; and their daughter Emilie Eleonore Hoffmann married Heinrich Kolke, son of Jan Andreas Kolke and Maria Biberdorf, daughter of Johann Biberdorf and Helene Drews. *1853 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p333 #51*; 1857* (p375 #44; Eduard Bieberdorf)*, 1861* (p423 #58; Reinhold Bieberdorf)*, 1868* (p122 #309; Gustav Adolph Bieberdorf)*, 1873* (p298 #81; Adolphine Bieberdorf) *and 1879* (p526 #4; Mathilde Bieberdorf) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; 1857 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p396 #19 (Eduard Bieberdorf, 2M, born Annette)*; The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #5; Revision of May 16, 1858, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 1 and 2*; 1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p211 #438 (Johann Bieberdorf, mis-identifies wife Maria "Tetzlaw" as his mother)*; and 1912 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p164 #324 (76Y, widow, born "Germany").

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2. Anna Bieberdorf (27=1829/30, probably Annette, Volhynia, Russia – April 17, 1903, Annette, Volhynia, Russia) married Friedrich Müller (1823/24, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – October 27, 1915, Tscheremoschnja (northeast of Bolarka; northwest of Shitomir), Volhynia, Russia), son of Gottfried Müller (____ - <November 30, 1857, Annette, Volhynia, Russia) and Agathe ____ (61=1796; daughter of Johann ____), on May 2, 1846, in Annette. As of November 1857, Friedrich Müller (33; s/o Gottfried Müller) and Anna Bieberdorf (27; d/o Friedrich Bieberdorf) were living close to her parents in Annette, with Friedrich's mother and two brothers: Teodor Müller (42=1815); and Johann Müller (29=1828). Also in the home were their three children: (1) Johann (8½=1849); (2) Ernst (4=March 25, 1853, Annette, Volhynia, Russia); and (3) Justine (2=1855). *1846 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p258 #5*; 1850* (p241 #41; Karl Müller)*, 1853* (p315 #8; Ernst Müller)*, 1863* (p15 #111; Regina Müller, bap by Pastor Stelz, GP: Helene Bieberdorf Rode and Michael Rink (neighbor #11)) *and 1868* (p275 #54; Eduard Müller) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; 1852* (p334 #17; Maria Müller, 4Y, born Annette) *and 1857* (p396 #20; Karl Müller, son of Friedrich and Anna Müller, 6Y 9M, born Annette) *Shitomir Parish Burial Records; The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #10*; and 1903* (p169 #22; Anna Bieberdorf Müller, 74Y, born Annette, married to Friedrich Müller) *and 1915* (p280 #300; Friedrich Müller, son of Gottfried Müller, 92Y, widower, born Annette) *Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Records.*

3. Maria Bieberdorf (26=1831, probably Annette, Volhynia, Russia – ~July 13, 1860, Annette, Volhynia, Russia) married Peter Bieberdorf (27=1830, probably Annette, Volhynia, Russia – <February 5, 1864, Annette, Volhynia, Russia), son of Peter Bieberdorf and Helen Könke. She may have died in or as a result of the birth of their daughter Julie Biberdorf (b July 13, 1860). In November 1857, they were living in Annette with two identified daughters: (1) Anna Bieberdorf (5=1852); and (2) Emilie Bieberdorf (4=1853). *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #4*; 1858* (p806 #39; Ernst Bieberdorf) *and 1860* (p167 #64; Julie Bieberdorf) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; and 1861 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p437 #10 (Peter Bieberdorf and Dorothea Bieberdorf).

4. Helena Bieberdorf (25=1832) married Daniel Rode (26=1831), son of Christian Rode (60=1797; son of Andreas Rode) and Elizabeth ____ (57=1800; daughter of Peter ____), on July 30, 1850, probably in Annette. In November 1857, they were living in Annette with their three children: (1) Reina Rode (6=1851); (2) Julius Rode (3=1854); and (3) August Rode (1=1856), and Daniel Rode's parents. *1850 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p255 #26*; The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #12*; and 1853* (p315 #11; Helene Rode)*, 1856* (p376; August Rode)*, 1859* (p277 #52; Justina Rode)*,* 1864* (p14 #97; Michael Rode)*, 1866* (p502 #46; Ernst Rode)*, 1868* (p276 #57; Heinrich Eduard Rode) *and 1871* (p527 #8; Reinhold Rode) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records.*

*Justina Rode married Friedrich Kolke (b1851), son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karolina Grass, on June 7, 1879.

5. Susanna Biberdorf (March 23, 1834, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – March 8, 1912, near Clear Lake, Skagit County, Washington) married Johann Ströbel (26=1831, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – April 11, 1910, Burlington, Skagit County, Washington), son of Jakob Ströbel (60=1797 - <May 16, 1861, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; son of Paul Ströbel) and Anna Sorec (53=1804; daughter of Peter Sorec), on May 21, 1853, probably in Annette. As of November 1857, Johann Ströbel and Susanne Bieberdorf were living with his parents, his brother Jacob Ströbel (23=1834) and is wife Magdalena (Helena) Bieberdorf (22=1835), and his sister Susanne Ströbel (19=1838), in Annette, next to the Henke family, with two of their children: (1) Julius Ströbel (2=1855); and (2) Magdalene Ströbel (3=1854). Anna Sorec Ströbel married Peter Bieberdorf, son of Gottlieb/Gottfried and Christine Bieberdorf, on May 16, 1861, in Annette. *1853 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p331 #12*; The Revision of November 30,*

1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #35*; 1861 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p437 #13 (maiden name "Sorec")*; 1861* (p423 #61; Friedrich Ströbel)*, 1863* (p115 #113; Maria Ernestine Ströbel)*, 1866* (p502 #47; Regina Ströbel)*, 1868* (p276 #56; Anna Ströbel)*, 1870* (p560 #289; Auguste Ströbel)*, 1872* (p498 #311; Heinrich Albrecht Strebel) *and 1881* (p555 #3; Albrecht Gustav Strebel) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; and 1910* (John James Stroble, 80Y, s/o Jack) *and* 1912 (Susie Ströbel, 77Y 11M 14D, d/o Fred Biberdorf) *Skagit County, Washington, Death Certificates*.

6. Justine Bieberdorf (February 28, 1837, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – October 24, 1903, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia), Annette, Volhynia, Russia) married Karl Ferdinand Henke (23=1834; February 1, 1833, Gostynin, Congress Poland, Russia – October 13, 1915, Toptscha, Rowne Parish, Volhynia, Russia), son of Andreas Henke (56=1801; son of Jakob Henke) and Maria ____ (46=1811; d/o Daniel ____). As of November 1857, Justine (23=1834 (vs. 1837)) and Karl Henke were living in Annette, with their son Eduard Henke (2=1855) and daughter Emilie Henke (6 months = 1857). Also in the home was Karl's brother Adolf Henke (18=1839) who married Christina Bieberdorf, daughter of Johann Bieberdorf and Helene Drews. It appears "Justine" was also known as "Christine." They lived in Annette and Blumenthal, Volhynia, Russia. Their son Arnold Henke (December 9, 1869, Blumenthal, Volhynia, Russia – 1933, east of the Ural Mountains, Russia), who was a twin of Adolph Henke, married Emma Kolke, daughter of Heinrich Kolke and Emilie Eleonore Hoffmann. *1855* (p293 #42; Eduard Henke, GP: Christian Giesbrecht, Friedrich Klebe and Maria Becker)*, 1857* (p376 #49; Emilie Henke; married Stephan Böttcher)*, 1867* (p509 #136; Rudolf Ephraim Henke)*, 1869* (p205 #423; Adolph Henke, father Karl, mother Christine Biberdorf)*, 1876* (p580 #510; Reinhold Emilie Henke, female child) *and 1878* (p532 #386; Karl Edmund Henke) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #36*; 1866* (p656 #92; Florentine Henke, 11 months, born Blumenthal; and p656 #93; Pauline Henke, 5Y 6M, born Blumenthal) *Shitomir Parish Burial Records; 1877 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record, p540 #171* (Emilie Hannke and Stephan Böttcher)*; and 1903* (p189 #217 ("Christine Henke," d/o Friedrich Biberdorf, married to Karl Henke, "killed," age 16 (should be 76)) *and 1905* (p258 #338; Rudolf Henke) *Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Records*.

7. Charlotte Bieberdorf (18=1839, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – ~January 27, 1868, Annette, Volhynia, Russia) married Friedrich Bieberdorf (20=1837, probably Annette, Volhynia, Russia – March 15, 1906, Annette, Volhynia, Russia), son of Peter Bieberdorf and Helen Könke, on June 23, 1857, probably in Annette. As of November 1857, they were living with his parents in Annette. Charlotte Bieberdorf may have died during or as a result of the birth of their daughter Pauline Bieberdorf (b January 27, 1868). Their daughter Helene Bieberdorf (April 19, 1858, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – 1941, Slobodka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Ukraine SSR) married August Kolke (July 26, 1853, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – April 4, 1933, Slobodka, Emilchin District, Ukraine SSR), son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass. *1857 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record; The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 4 and 5*; 1858* (p806 #38; Helene Bieberdorf)*, 1861* (p423 #59; Augusta Bieberdorf)*, 1863* (p15 #109; Julius Bieberdorf) *and 1868* (p275 #50; Pauline Bieberdorf) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; 1864 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p36 #29 (Julius Bieberdorf)*; and 1906 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p143 #29 (Friedrich Johann Bieberdorf, 68Y, married to Wilhelmine (Klebe)).

8. Dorothea Bieberdorf (16=June 7, 1841, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – November 29, 1919, Ponca, Dixon County, Nebraska) was living with her father in Annette as of November 1857. Dorothea Bieberdorf married twice. *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #5*; 1919 Dixon County, Nebraska, Death Record* (Dorothy Klein, 1919)*; and December 11, 1919, The Ponca Nebraska Journal-Leader Obituary*.

M#1 On May 3, 1861, in Annette, Dorothea Bieberdorf married widower Peter Bieberdorf (27=1830, probably Annette, Volhynia, Russia – <February 5, 1864, Annette, Volhynia, Russia), son of Peter Bieberdorf and Helen Könke, whose first wife was her sister Maria Bieberdorf (26=1831, probably Annette, Volhynia, Russia – ~July 13, 1860, Annette, Volhynia, Russia). They had two known children before Peter Bieberdorf's death: (1) Eduard Bieberdorf (b March 30, 1862, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 25, 1862, Shitomir Parish – September 14, 1911, Spokane County, Washington); and (2) Karl Bieberdorf (October 5, 1863, Annette, Shitomir, Volhynia, Russia – December 20, 1916, Petty, Noble County, Oklahoma). *1861 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record* (p437 #10)*; 1862 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p439 #91 (Eduard Bieberdorf)*; 1911 Spokane County, Washington, Death Record; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Karl Bieberdorf, Salem Lutheran Cemetery, Stillwater, Oklahoma).

M#2 On February 5, 1864, widow Dorothea Bieberdorf married Josephine resident Karl Rudolf Klein (17=1840, Annette or Josephine, Volhynia, Russia – January 30, 1906, Annette, Volhynia, Russia), son of Johann Klein (42=1815; son of Filip/Philip Klein (71=1786, Prussia – September 13, 1862, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; son of Jakob Klein)) and Charlotte Juliane Müller (37=1820, Annette, Shitomir, Volhynia, Russia – October 8, 1908, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; daughter of Gottfried Müller). *The Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7*; *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #5; 1864 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p26 #6*; 1862 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p456 #20 (Philip Klein, 78Y, born in Prussia, married)*; 1866* (p631 #24; Auguste Beate Klein)*, 1868* (p110 #88; Rudolf Arnold Klein)*, 1870* (p169 #57; Auguste Lydia Klein)*, 1872* (p532 #434; Ernst Emil Klein)*, 1876* (p552 #58; Reinhold Friedrich Klein)*, 1879* (p528 #338; Ewald Rudolph Klein)*, 1882* (p564 #125; Arthur Leopold Klein) *and 1885* (p15 #136; Cicilie Klein) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; and 1906* (p143 #28; Karl Klein, 66Y, born Annette, married to Dorothea) *and 1908* (p157 #44; Julianna Klein geb Müller, 88Y, widow of Johann, born and buried in Annette) *Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Records*.

On September 23, 1909, Dorothea Biberdorf Klein, traveling with sons Karl Bieberdorf, Ewald Klein and Friedrich Klein, boarded the *SS Breslau* in Bremen, Germany, and arrived at Galveston, Texas, on October 14, 1909. *1909 SS Breslau Manifest*.

9. Friedrich Bieberdorf (14=April 14, 1843, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – September 28, 1927, Willow Creek, McHenry County, North Dakota) married Justine Bieberdorf (9=1848, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – 1936, Willow Creek, McHenry County, North Dakota), daughter of Johann Bieberdorf and Helene Drews, who was living with her parents in Annette as of November 1857, on June 23, 1864, in Annette. The family emigrated to the United States in 1888-89, and lived in Willow Creek, North Dakota. *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 3 and 5*; 1864 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p437 #10*; 1866* (p640 #190; Ottilie Wilhelmine Bieberdorf)*, 1869* (p285 #225; Auguste Bieberdorf)*, 1871* (p521 #309; Maria Bieberdorf)*, 1873* (p495 #293; Adolphine Bieberdorf)*, 1876* (p580 #509; Anna Emilie Bieberdorf)*,* ___ (p539 #335; Helene Albertine Bieberdorf)*, 1880* (p175 #660; Friedrich Wilhelm Bieberdorf) *and 1885* (p60 #666; Wilhelmine Bieberdorf) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; 1900, 1910 and 1930 US Census; 1927 Willow Creek, Bottineau County, North Dakota, Death Certificate* (84Y 5M 14D, wife Justina Biberdorf, son of Frederick Biberdorf)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Immanuel Lutheran Cemetery, Upham, North Dakota).

10. Rudolf Bieberdorf (b1844) is unverified. Where was he in November 1857? *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #5; and SGGEE MPD.*

11. Heinrich Bieberdorf (11=January 2, 1846, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 5, 1846, Shitomir Parish (GP: Andreas Henke, Julie Klein and Helene Biberdorf) - 1926, Blumental, Ukraine SSR) was living with his parents in Annette in November 1857. He married twice. *1846 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p243 #8*; and The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #5.

M#1 Married Luise-Pauline Röthe (November 20, 1849, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – September 28, 1890, Blumenthal/Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia) on June 18, 1867, probably in Annette. I could not determine the identity of her parents, as her family was not in the November 1857 census for Annette. They lived in Blumenthal. *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia; 1867 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p528 #24*; 1868* (p119 #251; Maria Huelde Bieberdorf)*, 1871* (p561 #294; Adolphine Auguste Bieberdorf)*, 1872* (p497 #310; Rudolph Friedrich Bieberdorf)*, 1874* (p462 #424; Bertha Lydia Bieberdorf)*, 1876* (p518 #801; Emma Maria Bieberdorf)*, 1880* (p193 #1011; Robert Reinhold Bieberdorf) *and 1882* (p598 #741; Olga Julianna Bieberdorf) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; Gravemarker for Luise-Pauline Rothe Bieberdorf; and 1909 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Marriage Record,* p159 #33 (Otto Ernst Bieberdorf, alleged son, married Emma Henke).

M#2 Juliane Grözinger is the alleged second wife of Heinrich Bieberdorf; for whom no one has any verifiable documentation. I located a Luise Julianna Groetzinger (b November 1, 1876, Neumanowka, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Johann Grözinger and Emma Ditske, but whether she is the same person, or if these are her parents could not be determined. An August Grözinger and Kristine Kuppe also had children in the 1870s. *1871 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p549 #188 (Maria Magdalene Grözinger, daughter of Johann Grözinger and Emma Ditske, was born in Protowka); *and 1876 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p768 #567 (Luise Julianna Grözinger).

• Anna Christina Bieberdorf (September 9, 1909, Schönbaum, Prussia; bap September 12, 1909 - ≥July 4, 1845, possibly Volhynia, Russia) married Cornelius Becker, son of Carl Becker (66=1791; son of Peter Becker). They had one known child. *1909 Schönbaum Evangelical Lutheran Church Baptism Record,* p91 #92*; and The Revision of November 28, 1857, for the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #1.

1. Friedrich Becker (b July 4, 1845, probably Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 5, 1845, Shitomir Parish (GP: Georg Klein, Helene Drews and Charlotte Drews)). *1845 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p231 #9.

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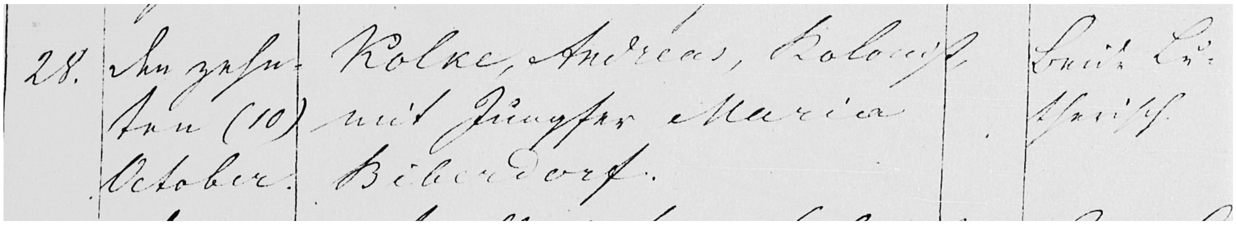
[64] *1843 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p192 #28.



28. [illegible] den (10) October.
Kolke, Andreas, Colonist mit Jungfer Maria Bieberdorf.
[illegible]

[65] While the possibility exists for another child, I have not seen sufficient evidence to contradict the one child history.

[66] *See Appendix A.*

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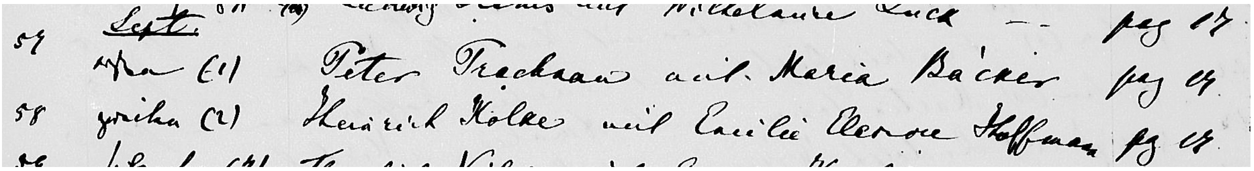
[67] Heinrich Kolke **(DNA)** married Emilie Eleonore Hoffmann (April 13, 1847, Volhynia (alt. Congress Poland), Russia – September 5, 1933, Slobodka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Ukraine SSR), daughter of Robert Hoffmann and Christine Tetzlaff, on September 2, 1868, in Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia. *1868 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p144 #58.



Sept.
57 [illegible] (1) Peter Trachaan mit Maria Bäcker pag 14.
58 [illegible] (2) Heinrich Kolke mit Emilie Eleonore Hoffman pg 14.

I strongly suspect that Christine Tetzlaff was the daughter of Michael Tetzlaff (56=1800/01 - ≥May 16, 1858; son of Michael Tetzlaff) and Catherine ____ (58=1799/1800 - ≥May 16,_1858; daughter of Michael ___), who were living in Annette, Volhynia, Russia, as of May 16, 1858. Their daughter Maria Tetzlaff (21) (1836, Prussia – April 14, 1912, Rissowata, Nowograd Wolhynsk, Volhynia, Russia) was the second wife of Johann Biberdorf, son of Friedrich Biberdorf and Helene Luther (and first cousin of Maria Biberdorf), whose son Reinhold Biberdorf married Auguste Kolke, daughter of Heinrich Kolke and Emilie Eleonore Hoffmann. Johann and Maria Tetzlaff Biberdorf, and their son Heinrich Biberdorf, were also residents of Annette, as of late 1857. *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #5; and Revision of May 16, 1858, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #1.

In 1865, Heinrich Kolke was the Godfather of Wilhelm Kolke, son of Gottlieb Kolke and Justina Glaubitz, in Marianowka. The following year Heinrich Kolke and Helene Kolke sponsored Susanna Kolke, daughter of Daniel Kolke and Maria/Mariane Richter, in Nedbajewka.

In 1914, Heinrich Kolke traveled to Canada to see his sons Edward, Emil and Leopold Kolke, and was in Saskatchewan when World War I broke out. Heinrich Kolke returned to Volhynia to protect his family. Heinrich Kolke had his land expropriated by Tsarist Russia in July 1915, and he and Emilie (and sons Rudolf and Robert Kolke and their families) were deported to Siberia. After returning from exile, Heinrich Kolke received permission from the government (probably the German authorities who occupied the area) to return to his farm. However, as of November 27, 1931, Heinrich Kolke and Emilie Hoffmann had lost everything, due to Stalin's forced collectivization policy, and were living in a little room in their son Rudolf Kolke's house in Slobodka, where they died in 1936 and 1933, respectively. Rudolf Kolke had been sent to Siberia. According to Herbert Kolke, son of August and Helene Biberdorf Kolke, Heinrich Kolke was too old (he would have been about age 83) to be sent to Siberia, circa 1931; which is a surprising statement given how many others of his age were deported and the Soviet's utter disregard for human life regardless of age.

1865 (p308 #100) *and 1866* (p633 #48) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; 1915 Expropriation List; Zhitomir Archive Land Records* (per Amanda Kienlen)*; November 27, 1931, Helene Biberdorf Kolke Letter; December 10, 1931, Herbert Kolke Letter; 1944EWZ929166* (Maria Kolke Freitag) *(A3342EWZ50-B076 0490, 0498); 1944EWZ929167* (Antonie Freitag Laparow) *(A3342EWZ50-E072 1724); 1944EWZ929168* (Adeline Freitag Neumann) *(A3342EWZ50-F080 2300); 1944EWZ982662* (Maria Lugin Kolke) *(A3342EWZ50-E028 1104); Kuhn and Kolke Family,* by Amanda Kienlen (February 2020)*; and Appendix A.*

Heinrich and Emilie Hoffmann Kolke had nine known children.*

*In her *1943 EWZ Feststellung, 1943EWZ764082 (A3342EWZ50-E014 1940), Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese's* sixth child, daughter Auguste (Augustine) Kolke ("Kolge") Kleinfeld (b1877,

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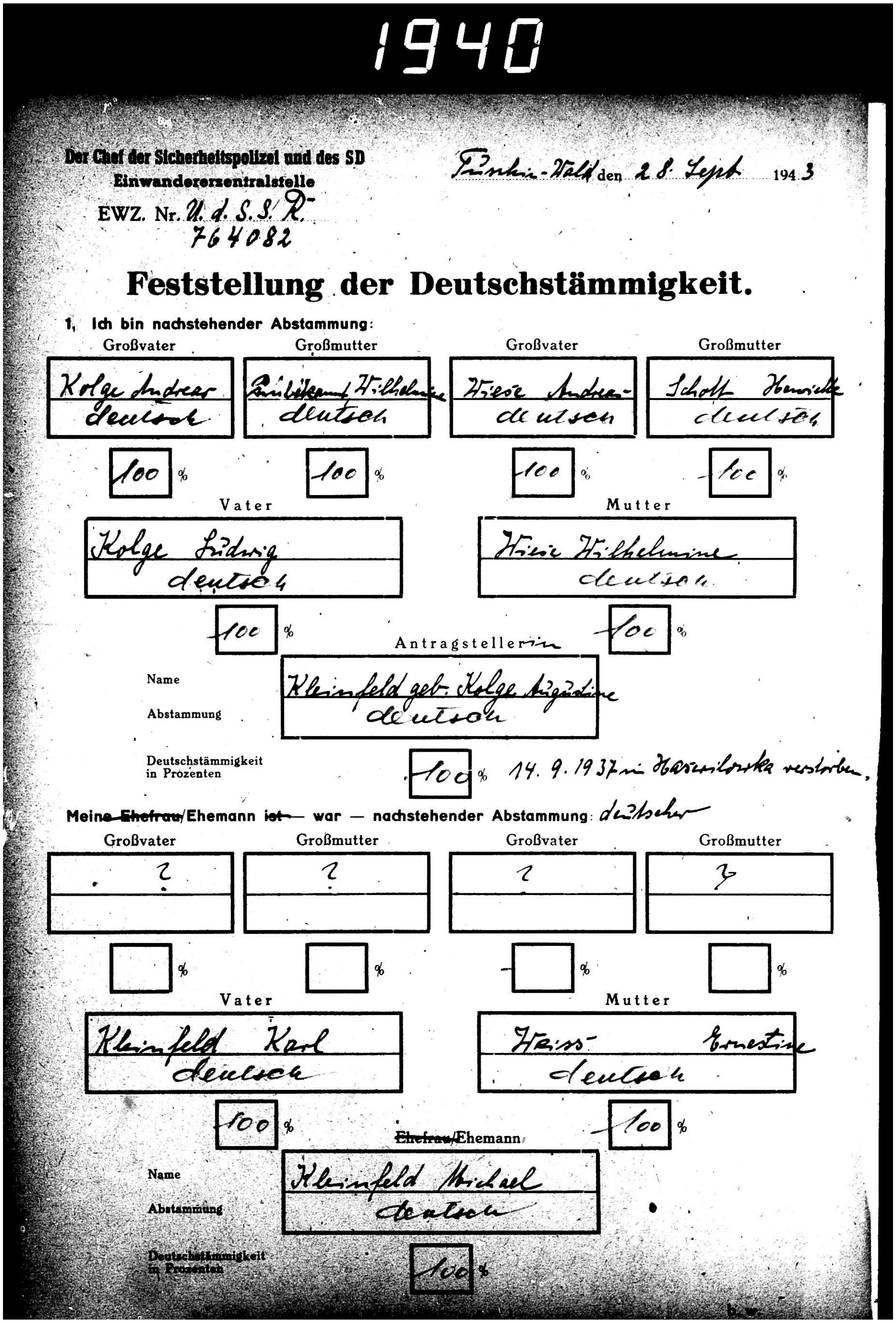
Nedbajewka), who should have had personal knowledge of her grandparents, identified *Ludwig Kolke's* parents as "Andreas Kolke and Wilhelmine ________," (possibly Biberdorf?). This is the only *Feststellung* for the *Ludwig Kolke* family which contains the generation above *Ludwig Kolke*, i.e. *Ludwig Kolke* and *Wilhelmine Wiese's* possible parents.



1940

Der Chef der Sicherheitspolizei und des SD
Einwandererzentralstelle
EWZ. Nr. U. d. S. S. R. 764082

Finken-Wald den 28. Sept 1943

Feststellung der Deutschstämmigkeit.

1, Ich bin nachstehender Abstammung:

Großvater	Großmutter	Großvater	Großmutter
Kolge Andreas	[illegible] Wilhelmine	Wiese Andreas	Schott Henriette
deutsch	deutsch	deutsch	deutsch
100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

Vater	Mutter
Kolge Ludwig	Wiese Wilhelmine
deutsch	deutsch
100 %	100 %

Antragsteller~~in~~
Name: Kleinfeld geb. Kolge Augustine
Abstammung: deutsch
Deutschstämmigkeit in Prozenten: 100 % 14. 9. 1937 in Hasenilowka verstorben,

Meine ~~Ehefrau~~/Ehemann ~~ist~~ — war — nachstehender Abstammung: deutscher

Großvater	Großmutter	Großvater	Großmutter
?	?	?	?
%	%	%	%

Vater	Mutter
Kleinfeld Karl	Weiss Ernestine
deutsch	deutsch
100 %	100 %

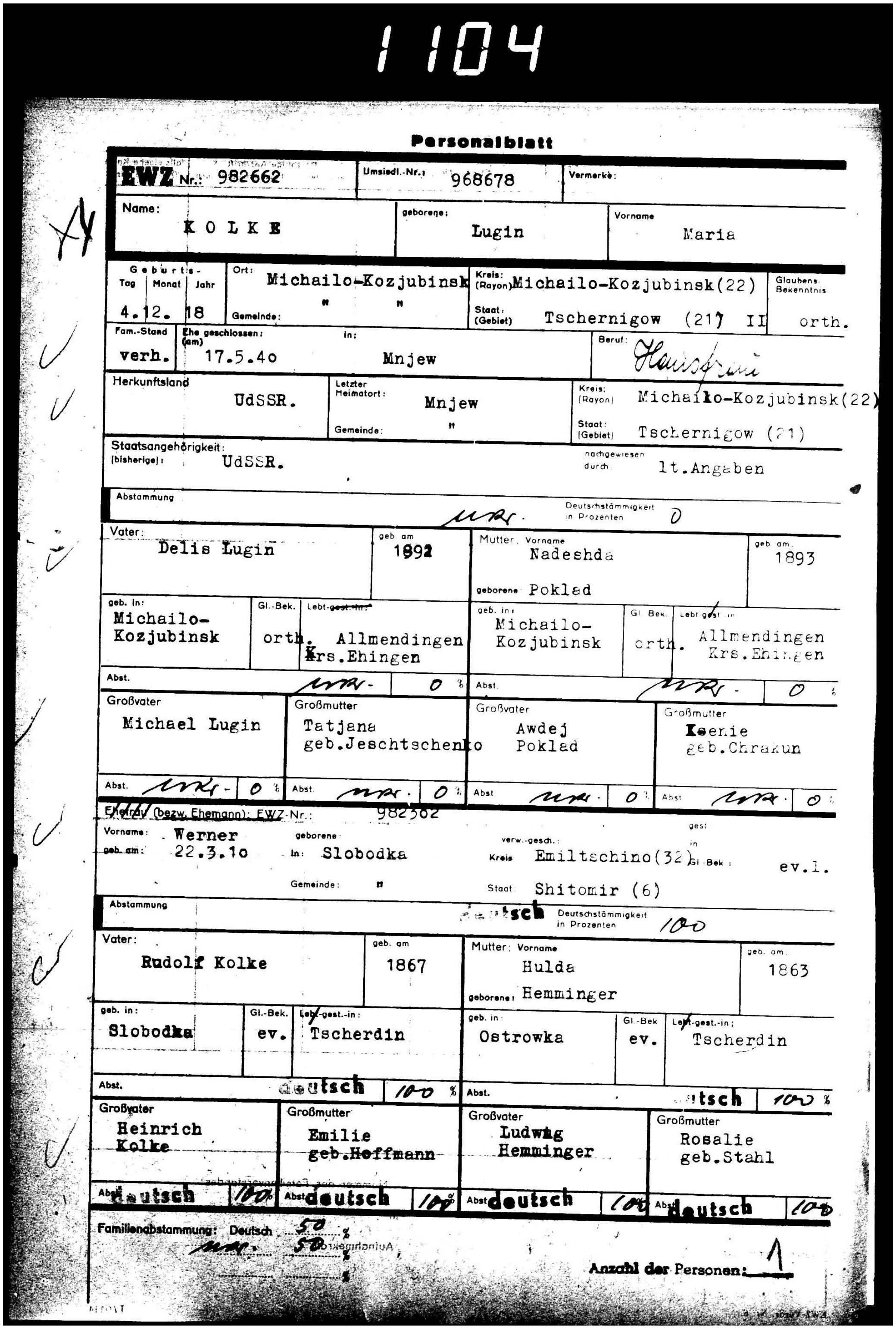
~~Ehefrau~~/Ehemann
Name: Kleinfeld Michael
Abstammung: deutsch
Deutschstämmigkeit in Prozenten: 100 %

I have been unable to locate any record which confirms Auguste/Augustine Kolke Kleinfeld's assertions. Andreas Kolke's wife was not Wilhelmine, but Maria Bieberdorf. Also, Auguste Kolke Kleinfeld's identification of her *Wiese* maternal grandparents is questionable. I was unable to locate any Andreas Wiese or Henriette Schott who were married. Thus, with three out of the four grandparents questionable, I'm not sure how much weight should be given to the designation of "Andreas Kolke" as her paternal grandfather; yet the *Feststellung* can't be completely ignored.

- Rudolf Kolke (1869, Slobodka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - ~1931, Cherdyn, Russia, USSR) probably wasn't born in 1867 as indicated in his daughter-in-law's *EWZ Personalblatt*, because his parents weren't married until September 1868. Rudolf Kolke is identified as having his land expropriated by Tsarist Russia in July 1915, and was deported to Siberia, but returned to Volhynia after World War I. Around 1931, Rudolf Kolke and his brother-in-law Gustav Freitag (husband of Maria Kolke) were deported (verschleppt) to Siberia, east of the Ural Mountains, where he died in "Tscherdin," which may be Cherdyn, Russia. Rudolf Kolke married twice. *1915 Expropriation List; November 27, 1931, Helene Biberdorf Kolke Letter; December 10, 1931, Herbert Kolke Letter; and 1944EWZ982662* (Maria Lugin Kolke) *(A3342EWZ50-E028 1104).*

M#1 Rudolf Kolke married Luise Polinski (1874/75, Congress Poland, Russia – May 1, 1906, Slobodka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia) sometime before May 1, 1900, when she was the sponsor of Herbert Kolke, son of August Kolke and Helene Bieberdorf, under the name "Luise Kolke." In 1903, with brother-in-law Robert Kolke, Luise Polinski Kolke sponsored Edmund Freitag, son of Maria Kolke and Gustav Freitag. Both baptisms occurred in Slobodka, which is where Luise Polinski and Rudolf Kolke lived (which is confirmed in the 1906 burial record and 1931 letters). Luise Polanski was the daughter of Christoph Polinski (____ - >July 27, 1914) and Susanna Wotzki (1834/35 – July 27, 1914, Janowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). Emilie Polinski Kolke died at the age of 31 years, and does not appear to have had children with Rudolf Kolke. *1900* (p26 #165) *and 1903* (p263 #459) *Emilchin Parish Baptism Records; and 1906* (p111 #233) *and 1914* (p347 #476; 79Y, married) *Heimtal Parish Burial Records*.

M#2 On August 16, 1906, in Slobodka, Rudolf Kolke married Hulda Mathilde Hemminger (1863, Ostrowka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – 1931, Slobodka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Ukraine SSR, or Cherdyn, Russia), daughter of Ludwig Hemminger and Rosalie Stahl. On December 10, 1931, Herbert Kolke reported Hulda Mathilde Hemminger Kolke had died in Slobodka; another victim of Stalin's repression. Her daughter-in-law's (son Werner Kolke's wife) *EWZ Personalblatt* confirmed her death, stating Hulda Mathilde Hemminger Kolke died in Tscherdin, Russia USSR. Rudolf Kolke and Hulda Mathilde Hemminger had six known children, and a seventh possible child. *1906 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record*, p130 #180*; December 10, 1931, Herbert Kolke Letter; and 1944EWZ982662* (Maria Lugin Kolke, wife of Werner Kolke) *(A3342EWZ50-E028 1104).*



1104

Personalblatt

EWZ Nr.: 982662
Umsiedl.-Nr.: 968678
Vermerke:

Name: KOLKE
geborene: Lugin
Vorname: Maria

Geburts- Tag: 4. Monat: 12. Jahr: 18
Ort: Michailo-Kozjubinsk
Gemeinde: " "
Kreis: (Rayon) Michailo-Kozjubinsk(22)
Staat: (Gebiet) Tschernigow (21) II
Glaubens-Bekenntnis: orth.

Fam.-Stand: verh.
Ehe geschlossen: (am) 17.5.40
in: Mnjew
Beruf: Hausfrau

Herkunftsland: UdSSR.
Letzter Heimatort: Mnjew
Gemeinde: "
Kreis: (Rayon) Michailo-Kozjubinsk(22)
Staat: (Gebiet) Tschernigow (21)

Staatsangehörigkeit: (bisherige): UdSSR.
nachgewiesen durch: lt.Angaben

Abstammung: ukr.
Deutschstämmigkeit in Prozenten: 0

Vater: Delis Lugin
geb. am: 1892
geb. in: Michailo-Kozjubinsk
Gl.-Bek.: orth.
Lebt-~~gest.-in~~: Allmendingen Krs.Ehingen
Abst. ukr. 0 %

Mutter: Vorname: Nadeshda
geb. am: 1893
geborene: Poklad
geb. in: Michailo-Kozjubinsk
Gl. Bek.: orth.
Lebt ~~gest.~~ in: Allmendingen Krs.Ehingen
Abst. ukr. 0 %

Großvater: Michael Lugin
Abst. ukr. 0 %

Großmutter: Tatjana geb.Jeschtschenko
Abst. ukr. 0 %

Großvater: Awdej Poklad
Abst. ukr. 0 %

Großmutter: Ksenie geb.Chrakun
Abst. ukr. 0 %

Ehefrau (bezw. Ehemann): EWZ-Nr.: 982562
Vorname: Werner
geborene:
geb. am: 22.3.10
in: Slobodka
Gemeinde: "
verw.-gesch.:
Kreis: Emiltschino(32)
Staat: Shitomir (6)
gest. in:
Gl.-Bek.: ev.l.

Abstammung: deutsch
Deutschstämmigkeit in Prozenten: 100

Vater: Rudolf Kolke
geb. am: 1867
geb. in: Slobodka
Gl.-Bek.: ev.
~~Lebt~~-gest.-in: Tscherdin
Abst. deutsch 100 %

Mutter: Vorname: Hulda
geb. am: 1863
geborene: Hemminger
geb. in: Ostrowka
Gl.-Bek.: ev.
~~Lebt~~-gest.-in: Tscherdin
Abst. deutsch 100 %

Großvater: Heinrich Kolke
Abst. deutsch 100 %

Großmutter: Emilie geb.Hoffmann
Abst. deutsch 100 %

Großvater: Ludwig Hemminger
Abst. deutsch 100 %

Großmutter: Rosalie geb.Stahl
Abst. deutsch 100 %

Familienabstammung: Deutsch 50 %
ukr. 50 %
%

Anzahl der Personen: 1

1. Edmund Kolke (b October 24, 1907, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 7, 1907, Emilchin Parish (GP: Andreas Polinsky and Johanna Kolke)). *1907 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p180 #567.

2. Hubert Kolke (January 30, 1909, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 15, 1909, Emilchin Parish (GP: Robert Kolke and Maria (Kolke) Freitag) - >April 30, 1945, ____) married Irene Jaschenko (March or October 14, 1914, Gubitschi, Russia - >April 30, 1945, ____). From October 22, 1943 to April 30, 1945, Hubert Kolke and Irene Jaschenko Kolke lived in Emmering and Memmingen, Fürstenfeldbruck District, Bavaria, Germany, where he worked for the Joseph Hebel Construction Company. They were identified as foreigners (i.e. Ukrainians and Russian nationals) who were living in the location during the war, permanently or temporarily. I could not locate any information confirming the Fa. Joseph Hebel, a heavy and civil engineering and construction company, used forced labor during World War II. *1909 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p87 #93*; and Arolsen Archives, Registration of Foreigners and German Persecutees by Public Institutions, Social Securities and Companies (1939-1947)* [*Arolsen Archives*], Ref. No. 02010101 oS; Doc. Nos. 69914019, 69914190, 69914396, 69915031, 69915135, and 70019822.

3. Werner Kolke (March 9, 1910, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 13, 1910, Emilchin Parish (GP: August Kolke (probably born in 1869) and Emilie Kolke*) - >January 13, 1945, ____) married Maria Lugin (December 4, 1918, Michailo-Kozjubinsk (Tscherniger), Ukraine - >January 13, 1945, ____), daughter of Delie Lugin (b1892, Michailo-Kozjubinsk) and Nadeshda Polkad (b1893, Michailo-Kozjubinsk), on May 17, 1940, in Mnjew (USSR?). They had one known child: son Gerhard Kolke (b August 21, 1942, Tscherniger, Ukraine SSR). On October 27, 1944, Werner Kolke was rejected from joining the SD/RSHA (Gestapo & Kripo) in Bad Wörishofen. From December 18, 1944, to January 13, 1945, Werner Kolke and his wife lived in Allmendingen Ehingen, Alb-Donau District, Baden-Württemburg, Germany, where he worked for the Schwenk Cement Company. Werner Kolke and Maria Lugin Kolke were identified as foreigners (i.e. Ukrainians and Russian nationals) who were living in the location during the war, permanently or temporarily. Tscherniger is northeast of Kiev. I could not locate any information the Fa. Schwenk Cement, the oldest family-owned cement factory in Germany, used forced labor during World War II. *1910 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p31 #274*; Arolsen Archives*, Ref. No. 02010301 oS; Doc. Nos. 70803455, 70803578, 70803588, 70803605 and 80018136; *1944EWZ982662* (Maria Lugin Kolke); *and (A3342EWZ50-E028 1104, 1114).*

*I don't believe the Emilie Kolke who witnessed the March 9, 1910, baptism of Werner Kolke, son of Rudolf Kolke and Hulda Mathilde Hemminger, was Emilie Polinski Kolke, as she did not marry Robert Kolke until June 1910. I am trying to locate August Kolke. He may have been August Kolke (b1869), son of Julius Kolke and Wilhelmine Gall, but he would have been fifty years old in 1910.

4. Kuno Kolke (February 14, 1912, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 29, 1912, Emilchin Parish (GP: Gustav Freitag and Henriette Krause) - >1936-38, Molotow, Turkmenistan) was resettled from Lugowoje, Ukraine SSR, 4,500km to Molotow, Turkmenistan USSR, sometime between 1936-38. *1912 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p12 #120*; and NKVD Repatriation #3009* (*see also* Ewald Kolke s/o Herbert Kolke).

5. Luise Kolke (b October 19, 1913, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 21, 1913, Emilchin Parish (GP: Emil Hemminger and Luise Hemminger)). *1913 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p37 #320.

6. Ella Kolke (b April 16, 1915, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 3, 1915, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Gottlieb Polinski and Maria (Kolke) Freitag)). *1915 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* pp 173/228 #520.

7. Maria Kolke** (1916 - >1936-38, Komi Republic, Russia) was resettled from Nedbajewka, Ukraine SSR, 2,500km to the Komi Republic, Russia USSR, in 1936-38. *NKVD Repatriation #16750.*

**Maria Kolke could also be the daughter of Rudolf Kolke, son of *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*.

- Auguste Kolke was probably born in 1871, as her parents were married in late 1868, and Rudolf Kolke was their first born. Auguste Kolke married Reinhold Bieberdorf (February 26, 1861, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 27, 1861, Shitomir Parish - >December 10, 1931, probably Slobodka, Volhynia, Ukraine SSR) probably in the mid-1880s (as their first known child was born in February 1886, when Auguste Kolke Bieberdorf was only in her mid-teens). Reinhold Bieberdorf was the son of Johann Bieberdorf (1825/26, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – November 19, 1903, Marianowka, Nowograd Wolhynsk, Volhynia, Russia; son of Friedrich Bieberdorf and Helene Luther) and his second wife Maria Tetzlaff (1835/36, "Germany" – April 14, 1912, Rissowata, Nowograd Wolhynsk, Volhynia, Russia), who were married on November 9, 1853, in Shitomir Parish. Auguste Kolke Bieberdorf died in Slobodka, Volhynia, Ukraine SSR, sometime before Herbert Kolke's December 10, 1931, letter, in which he indicated "R. Biberdorf" was too old to be sent to Siberia with his brothers-in-law Rudolf Kolke and Gustav Freitag. Whether Reinhold Biberdorf was deported later or died in Slobodka is unknown. Auguste Kolke and Reinhold Bieberdorf had seven known children. *1853 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p333 #51*; 1861 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record*, p423 #58*; 1903* (p211 #438) *and 1912* (p164 #324) *Nowograd Wolhynsk Burial Records; and December 10, 1931, Herbert Kolke Letter*.

1. Adolphine Bieberdorf (February 15, 1886, Beresowka Hat, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia - <1983, Akmolinsk, Kazakhstan) married August Noske* (b February 15, 1886, Beresowka Hat or Alexandrowka, Volhynia, Russia), son of Trogan Noske, on February 10, 1909, in Slobodka, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia. They had five known children: (1) Oskar Noske (b1919, Alt-Serby, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia); (2) Traugott/Traubert Noske (b1921 Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; m Erna/Ernestine Schadura (b1926); daughter of Gustav Schadura); (3) Burkhardt Noske (1921, Alt-Serby, Volhynia, Russia – 1942, Alt-Serby, Volhynia, German occupied Ukraine SSR); (4) Adolf Noske (b1923, Ukraine SSR); and (5) Werner Noske (b1925, Wyschkowka, Ukraine SSR). In 1936-38, the family was resettled to Akmolinsk, Kazakhstan USSR. *1909 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Marriage Record,* p160 #53*; and NKVD Repatriation #s 17298, 17299, 17300, 17301 and 17302*.

*August Noske may have been married to Pauline Deppner before Adolphine Bieberdorf.

2. Emma Bieberdorf (January 6, 1891, Slobodka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia – March 8, 1989, Oxbow, Saskatchewan) married Gustav/Gustaf Kundt (1883, Volhynia, Russia - <1963, Moose Mountain, Saskatchewan). They had seven known children: (1) Reinhold Kundt (b May 9, 1913, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 15, 1913, Emilchin Parish (GP: Adolf Bieberdorf and Hertha Bieberdorf)); (2) Selma Kundt (b1921 – November 2, 2021, Estevan, Saskatchewan; m Emil Gall); (3) Wilma Kundt; (4) Gustav Kundt; (5) Heinrich Kundt (6) Emil Kundt; and (7) Johan Kundt. *1913 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p29 #245*; March 10, 1989, The Regina Leader-Post Obituary; and November 11, 2021, Estevan Mercury Obituary*.

3. Herta Bieberdorf** (1893, Slobodka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia - <March 10, 1989) married Eduard Freitag (b1891, Volhynia, Russia). They had two known children born in Ukraine SSR: (1) Kuno Freitag (b1923); and (2) Wilhelm Freitag (b1925). *March 10, 1989, The Regina Leader-Post Obituary* (sister Emma Bieberfort Kundt).

**Herta Bieberdorf never married "Sangster" (it was her sister-in-law Hertha Neuman, sister of Hedwig Neumann, who married Heinrich (Henry) Bieberdorf).

July 30, 1927, SS Antonia Manifest; April 28, 1928, SS Metagama Manifest; June 2, 1928, SS Empress of Australia Manifest; 1958 The Regina Leader-Post Wedding Announcement (Bieberdorf-Gillis)*; 1963 and 1965 Moose Mountain, Saskatchewan, Voters List* (widow Emma Kundt)*; August 3, 1979* (Hedwig

Neumann Biberdorf)*, January 4, 1983* (Adolf Biberdorf)*, March 10, 1989* (Emma Kundt)*, May 24, 1989* (Henry Biberdorf)*, and October 3, 1991* (Meta Henke Bieberdorf) *The Regina Leader-Post Obituaries; November 10, 2021, Estevan Mercury Obituary* (Selma Kundt Gall)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Adolf & Meta Biberdorf, Souris Valley Memorial Gardens Cemetery, Estevan; and Gravemarker Henry & Hedwig Biberdorf, Oxbow Cemetery).

4. Adolf Bieberdorf (November 25, 1895, Volhynia, Russia – January 3, 1983, Estevan, Saskatchewan) married his first cousin Meta Henke (August 7, 1905, Marianka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 28, 1905, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Edmund Henke and Bertha Henke) – October 1, 1991, Estevan, Saskatchewan), daughter of Arnold Henke and Emma Kolke, in 1924, in Nowograd Wolhynsk, Ukraine SSR. They emigrated to Canada in 1928. They had five known children: (1) Elmira Bieberdorf (1926, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia – 2012, Saskatchewan; m 1956 Robert Addie); (2) Leopold Bieberdorf (1930, Steelman, Saskatchewan – 2012); (3) Sina Eleonora Bieberdorf (1933, Estevan, Saskatchewan – 2015; m 1958 William Gillis); (4) Henry Bieberdorf (1937-2013); and (5) Unknown Infant. *1905 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p173 #1551*; 1928 Empress of Australia Manifest; and January 4, 1983, The Regina Leader-Post Obituary*.

5. Sophie Biberdorf (1898, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia – January 19, 1900, Slobodka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1900 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p85 #128 (1.5Y).

6. Heinrich (Henry) Bieberdorf (1900/01, Slobodka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia – May 21, 1989, Oxbow, Saskatchewan) emigrated to Canada at Québec, in August 1927. He married Hedwig Neumann (November 16, 1908, Rissowata, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 18, 1908, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish – August 3, 1979, Oxbow, Saskatchewan), daughter of August Neumann and Ottilie Henke (m January 4, 1906, Nowograd Wolhynsk). Hedwig Neumann emigrated to Canada at Québec, arriving on May 3, 1928. *1906 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Marriage Record,* p130 #8*; 1908 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p116 #1031*; 1927 SS Antonia Manifest; 1928 SS Metagama Manifest; 1931 Canada Census* (Neumann)*; and August 7, 1979, and May 24, 1989, The Regina Leader-Post Obituaries*.

7. Selma Biberdorf (b November 29, 1903, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap 1903 Emilchin Parish (GP: Rudolf Kolke and Adolphine Kolke)) married twice. *1903 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p283 #460.

M#1 Otto Rinas* (1886-99, Slobodka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >December 10, 1931, Serbo-Slobodka, Ukraine SSR), son of Friedrich Wilhelm Rinas (May 31, 1860, Faustendorf, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – ≥July 1915, Russia; s/o Peter Rinas and Emilie Jäger) and Eva Kühn (February 19, 1864, Angelicuwka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - 1952, Russia; d/o Ludwig Kühn and Wilhelmine Böttcher), who were married on June 15, 1880, in the Shitomir Parish. In July 1915, Otto Rinas and Selma Biberdorf's land was expropriated and the family deported to Russia. They had one known child, which indicates Selma Biberdorf Rinas probably returned to Volhynia after World War I: Robert Rinas (Lenz) (April 15, 1930, Slobodka, Volhynia, Ukraine SSR – ____; m 1952, Bertha Waras). Robert Rinas Lenz and Bertha Waras had four known children, one of whom was Willigard Lenz (1955, Komi Republic, Russia – 1975, Kazakhstan USSR), who would have been born after his parents were removed to Russia (probably at the start of World War II) and never returned. *1860* (p162 #7) *and 1864* (p23 #164) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; 1880 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p223 #135*; 1915 Expropriation List; November 27, 1931, Helene Kolke Letter; and December 10, 1931, Herbert Kolke Letter.*

M#2 _________ Lenz, whom she probably married in Volhynia, Ukraine SSR, sometime after the birth of Robert Rinas, in April 1930.

> *His parents Friedrich Wilhelm Rinas and Eva Kühn were clearly in Slobodka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia, between 1897 and 1912, as evidenced by the *Emilchin Parish Baptism Records* of his siblings, even though no record of Otto Rinas' birth/baptism has been located, nor has the alleged date of his birth (March 6, 1899) been verified: Emma Rinas (b1897, Slobodka; bap 1912 (p1 #5)); Olga Rinas (b1903; bap 1903 (p283 #456)); and Herbert Rinas (b1906; bap 1906 (p63 #431)). Otto Rinas allegedly died in Serbo-Slobodka, Ukraine SSR, and it would have been after December 10, 1931, when he and his wife were specifically mentioned in a letter from Herbert Kolke. *See* Chapter 1.
>
> An Otto Rinas with the same date of birth (March 6, 1899, Poland or Germany – August 31, 1989, Portland, Clackamas County, Oregon) shows up in Buffalo, Erie County, New York, for the first time in 1931. This individual's date-of-birth appears to have been (mis)appropriated for the date-of-birth of Selma Bieberdorf's husband. The *1935 Buffalo City Directory* identified his wife as "Martha," but is unclear whether she is a resident of Buffalo. He was naturalized as a US citizen in 1934, and issued a US Passport in May 1937, prior to a visit to Poland, probably to see the family he left behind. The manifest for his trip identifies him as married. This is not the same person who married Selma Bieberdorf, because as of April 1, 1950, he is living in San Francisco with his wife Paula (February 2, 1907 – July 2, 1975, Clackamas County, Oregon) and his two children, who were born in Poland with his first wife. His daughter Hilda Hertha Rinas (b February 22, 1928, Dab, Wielki, Poland), was classified as a "displaced person" and emigrated to the US in January 1949. Hilda Hertha Rinas' place of birth was Dab, Wielki, Poland, which is west of Warsaw. Her brother Henry Otto Rinas' (March 28, 1929, "Germany" – January 16, 1956, Winston-Salem, Forsyth County, North Carolina) death certificate identifies his mother as "Martha Hammermister," which matches the 1935 city directory entry. Their birth dates and locations as well as their mother's identity would eliminate their father Otto Rinas as the husband of Selma Bieberdorf, and father of Robert Rinas, who he would have had to marry after Henry Otto Rinas' birth and 700km to the southeast in the Ukraine SSR. *1931, 1933, 1934, 1935 and 1938 Buffalo, New York, City Directories; 1934 US Naturalization Certificate; 1937 SS Pilsudski Manifest; 1940 and 1950 US Census; WWII Draft Reg; 1945, 1948 and 1958 San Francisco, California, City Directories; 1949 SS Ernie Pyle Manifest* (Hilda Rinas)*; Arlosen Archives, Bad Arlosen, Germany; 1953 San Francisco, San Francisco County, California, Marriage Record* (Hilda Rinas – John W. Seltman)*; 1950 US Naturalization Certificate* (Henry Otto Rinas)*; 1956 Forsyth County, North Carolina, Death Certificate; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Henry Otto Rinas, Forsyth Memorial Park, Winston-Salem, North Carolina)*; 1972 and 1974 Palo Alto, Santa Clara County, California, City Directories; 1975 and 1989 Clackamas County, Oregon, Death Records; 1975 and 1989 US Deaths; 1989 US Apps/Claims; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Paula E. and Otto J. Rinas, Rose City Cemetery, Portland, Oregon).

• Emma Kolke (December 16, 1874, Janowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 17, 1874, Heimtal Parish (GP: Eduard Hoffmann) – 1947, Russia) married Arnold Henke (December 9, 1869, Blumental, Volhynia, Russia – 1933, verschleppt to Russia), son of Karl Ferdinand Henke (23=1834; February 1, 1833, Gostynin, Congress Poland, Russia – October 13, 1915, Toptscha, Rowne Parish, Volhynia, Russia; son of Andreas Henke (56=1801; son of Jakob Henke) and Maria ____ (46=1811; daughter of Daniel ____)) and Justine Bieberdorf (February 28, 1837, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – October 24, 1903, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia; daughter of Friedrich Bieberdorf and Helene Luther) around 1892, in Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia. Arnold Henke's brother Karl Edmund Henke (b December 21, 1878, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia) was the Godparent of Arnold Henke's daughters Kunigunde (1899) and Meta (1905); and his twin brother Adolph Friedrich Henke (b December 2, 1869, Blumenthal, Volhynia, Russia) was Godparent of daughter Jutta Henke (1907). They were Godparents to the children of Wilhelmine Klein (daughter of Friedrich Klein and Helene Kolke) and Karl Leophold Tiefensee, in 1908 and 1910. Arnold Henke died in Russia in 1933, presumably close in time to being "verschleppt;" and Emma Kolke Henke died in Russia in 1947. She and some of their children were probably deported at the same time as her husband, and her date of death in Russia probably means she died where she had been exiled, possibly Kazakhstan. Arnold Henke and Emma Kolke had ten known children. *Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #36*; 1870 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p205 #423 (twin Adolph Friedrich Henke, son of Carl Henke and Justine Biberdorf (incorrectly identified as Christine, wife of Adolf Henke)*; 1874 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p655 #559*; and (A3342EWZ50-C068 2884)* (Edmund Henke).

1. Herta Henke (1893, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia – May 2, 1987, Issyk Lake/Almaty-Turgen, Kazakhstan USSR) married Reinhold Giesbrecht (November 8, 1884, Blumental, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 18, 1884, Shitomir Parish (GP: Theodor Henke) – April 2, 1939, Poznań, Poland), son of Karl Giesbrecht (1861, Warsaw, Congress Poland, Russia – 1922, Dubrowka, Volhynia, Russia; July 1915, Land confiscated and family deported to Russia) and Ernestine Wegner (1865, Leszno, Congress Poland, Russia – 1952, Kazakhstan USSR), on September 22, 1911, in Blumental, Volhynia, Russia. They had three known children (1) Willi Giesbrecht (b June 17, 1912, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 1, 1912, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Rudolf Giesbrecht and Alice Henke) – January 14, 1964, Essen, West Germany); (2) Kuno Giesbrecht (b July 21, 1914, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 27, 1914, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Friedrich Rösler and Elsa Giesbrecht)); and (3) Georg Giesbrecht (b January 10, 1919, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 2, 1919, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Karl Giesbrecht and Elfriede Henke)). *1885 Shitomir Baptism Record,* p60 #660*; 1912* (p31 #264)*, 1914* (p10 #79) *and 1919* (p234 #229) *Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Records; and 1915 Expropriation List.*

2. Alisa/Alice Henke (September 2, 1895, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia – March 22, 1989, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada) married Rainmund (Raymond) Adolf Henke (May 20, 1886, Blumental, Volhynia, Russia – October 18, 1959, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada), son of Eduard Henke (August 19, 1855, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – 1925, Toptscha, Russia; s/o Karl Henke and Justine Biberdorf) and Lydia Littwock, in 1918, in Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia. They had six known children, including Leonard George Henke (1924-1944). They emigrated to Canada in 1949. *1855 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p293 #42 (Eduard Henke)*; and March 26, 1989, The Winnipeg Sun Obituary.*

3. Elfriede Henke (August 24, 1897, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia – August 6, 1981, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada) married Karl Giesbrecht III (March 5, 1897, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia – September 11, 1971, Glendale, Los Angeles County, California; July 1915, Deported to Russia(?)), son of Karl Giesbrecht II and Ernestine Wegner, around 1919, probably in Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia (after Karl Giesbrecht would have returned to Volhynia after being deported in July 1915). They and two of their four known children emigrated to Canada in 1928, arriving at St. John, New Brunswick, Canada: (1) Elmira Giesbrecht (May 7, 1920, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia – May 30, 1920, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia); (2) Richard Giesbrecht MD (November 29, 1921, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia – June 23, 2016, Surrey, British Columbia; m 1949, Winnipeg, Louise Margarette Marie (Tupper) Kendel); (3) Leonhard Giesbrecht (August 29, 1923, Dermanka, Volhynia, Ukraine SSR – December 3, 1923, Dermanka, Ukraine SSR); and (4) Holdegard/Arnold Giesbrecht MD (May 11, 1925, Dermanka, Ukraine SSR – March 17, 2011, Glendale, Los Angeles County, California; m 1950, Toronto, Ontario, Bettie May Flaxman; Imm 1957 Noyes, Minnesota). *1915 Expropriation List.*

4. Kunigunde Henke (b June 10, 1899, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 20, 1899, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Edmund Henke)) married Ferdinand Lange (November 7, 1896, Cholo, Congress Poland, Russia - 1937, Dermanka, Ukraine SSR; July 1915, Deported to Russia(?)), son of Ernst Lange (1866-1916) and Augusta Rode (1868-1949). *1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p41 #347 (1899 baptism)*; 1915 Expropriation List; and (A3342EWZ50-E071 0810).*

5. Werner Henke (July 20, 1903, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 1, 1903, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish - 1978, Kazakhstan USSR). *1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p44 #375.

6. Metha/Meta (Margarete) Henke (b August 7, 1905, Marianka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 28, 1905, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Edmund Henke and Bertha Henke)) married Adolf Bieberdorf (November 25, 1895, Volhynia, Russia – January 3, 1983, Estevan, Saskatchewan), son of Auguste Kolke and Reinhold Bieberdorf, in 1924, in Nowograd Wolhynsk, Ukraine SSR. In 1928, they emigrated to Canada. They had four known children: (1) Elmira Bieberdorf; (2) Leopold Bieberdorf; (3) Sina Eleonora Bieberdorf; and (4) Henry Bieberdorf. *1905 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p173 #1551.

7. Jutta Henke (December 25, 1907, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 6, 1908, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Adolph Henke) - 1983, Almaty Alta, Kazakhstan USSR). *1908 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p22 #188.

8. Wilhelm Henke (March 13, 1909, Dermanka/Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 30, 1909, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish – August 18, 1909, Dermanka, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1909 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record* (p44 #380)*; and 1909 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record* (p202 #331)

9. Wilma Henke (August 21, 1910, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 22, 1910, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish - 1991, Kazakhstan) married Edmund Giesbrecht (December 9, 1903, Tutschin, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 23, 1903, Tutschin Parish (GP: Eduard Henke and Luise Neuman) – 1937, Shot by NKVD), son of Karl Giesbrecht and Ernestine Wegner, in 1930, in Nowograd Wolhynsk, Ukraine SSR. Edmund Giesbrecht was verbannung (exiled) to Siberia in 1930, probably shortly after their marriage, but may have returned to Blumenthal, Ukraine SSR. In 1937, he was arrested/jailed/tried/convicted/shot shot by NKVD. They may have had four children between their marriage and his execution. Sometime between 1936-41, probably in 1937, at the same time her husband was convicted/shot by the NKVD, the family was exiled from Blumenthal, Ukraine SSR, to Kazakhstan, USSR. *1903 Tutschin Parish Baptism Record,* p46 #223*; and 1910 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p21 #177.

10. Wera (Vera) Henke (April 17, 1913, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 12, 1913, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Otto Bieberdorf) – July 26, 1978, San Francisco, California) married Johann Pelikovsky (___ - <1963), in 1932, in Kharkov, Ukraine SSR. They had one known child: Johann Pelikovsky (b1940, Vienna, Austria). Wera (Vera) Henke emigrated to Canada before 1963; and emigrated to the United States on October 20, 1965, at Noyes, Minnesota. *1913 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p17 #136.

An interesting source for Henke genealogy is Arno Giesbrecht (b1947, Hamburg, Germany), who is a professor and author in Hagen, Germany. His information appears to be reliable and includes information on those in the Henke and other families who were exiled to Kazakhstan.

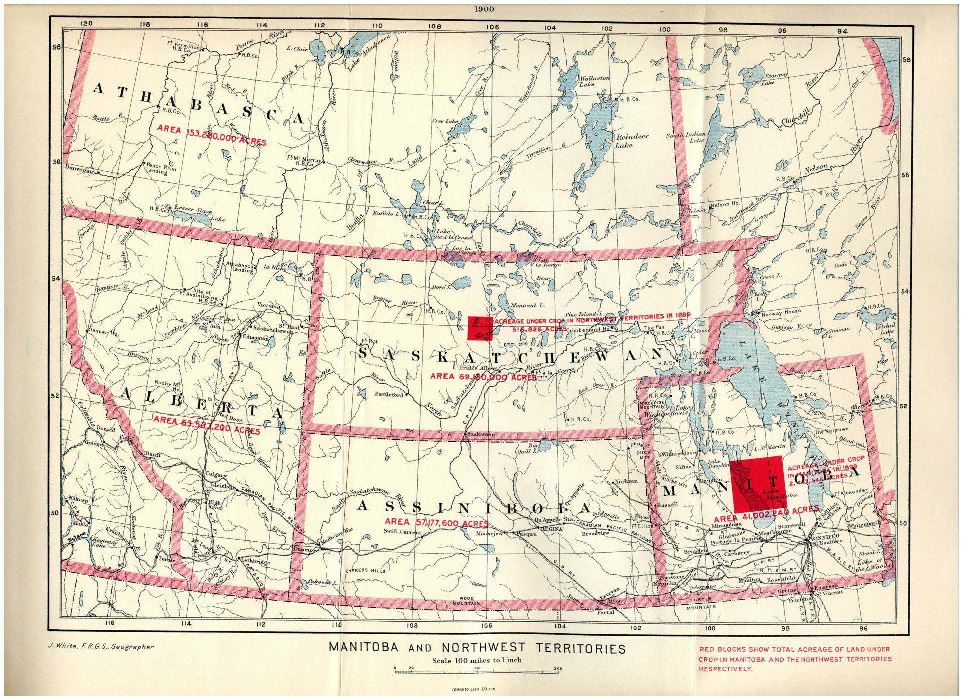
1915 Expropriation List; (A3342EWZ50-C068 2884) (Edmund Henke)*; January 18, 1949, Winnipeg Free Press Article* (M/M Raymond Henke and five children, ages 7-28, arrive in Winnipeg)*; 1957 Winnipeg Voters List; 1963 and 1965 Winnipeg Voters Lists* (widow Vera Pelikovsky)*; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Alice and Raymond Henke, Elmwood Cemetery, Winnipeg)*; 1928 SS Metagama Manifest; 1949 Winnipeg, Manitoba, Marriage Record; 1950 Toronto, Ontario, Marriage Record; 1957 and 1965 Noyes, Minnesota, Border Crossing Records; 1962 US Petition for Naturalization; 1967 US Apps/Claims* (Karl Giesbrecht)*; 1971 Los Angeles County, California, Death Record; 1974 Woolwich, Waterloo Township, Ontario, Voters*

List; 1975 Los Angeles, California, Record of Alien Arrivals; 1978 San Francisco, San Francisco County, California, Death Record; 1981 Vancouver, British Columbia, Death Record; 1978, 1981, 2006 and 2011 US Deaths; Find-a-Grave (Gravemarkers Karl and Elfrieda Giesbrecht, and Arnold and Bettie Giesbrecht, Forest Lawn Memorial Park, Glendale, California)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Richard and Louise Giesbrecht, and Frederick Richard Giesbrecht, Victory Memorial Park, Surrey, British Columbia).

- Eduard Kolke (June 26, 1877, Gnadenthal, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 10, 1877, Heimtal Parish - January 5, 1958, Estevan, Saskatchewan, Canada) emigrated to the United States arriving in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on May 7, 1896, intending to join his brother-in-law Rudolf Biberdorf in Cando, North Dakota. In December 1899, he married Adolfine/Adolphine Meier (November 8, 1880, Blumental, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 16, 1880, Shitomir Parish (GP: Eduard Henke) – January 19, 1968, Estevan, Saskatchewan, Canada), daughter of Adolf/Adolph Meier* (3=April 6, 1855, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – May 15, 1901, Kramer, Bottineau County, North Dakota) and Emilie Bieberdorf** (February 1855, probably Annette, Volhynia, Russia - >June 1, 1921, Saskatchewan, Canada), who had emigrated to the US earlier in 1899. In 1902/03, Edward Kolke and his brother Emil Kolke emigrated to the Assiniboia District of the Northwest Territory, Canada, which was largely incorporated into Saskatchewan by 1905. Eduard Kolke and Adolfine Meier had fourteen known children. *Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 4 and 16.

*Adolf/Adolph Meier was the son of August Maier/Meier (29=1828 – July 1, 1880, probably Annette, Volhynia, Russia; s/o Christian Maier) and Florentine Bieberdorf (28=1829, probably Annette, Volhynia, Russia – April 2, 1906, Moisejewka, Volhynia, Russia; d/o Johann Bieberdorf and Helene Drews. *1855 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p293 #41 (Adolph Meyer; GP: Friedrich Klebe (m Anna Bieberdorf) and Helene (Bieberdorf) Ströbel)*; and Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 3 and 16.

**Emilie Bieberdorf was the daughter of Peter Bieberdorf (s/o Peter Biberdorf and Helene Köhne) and Maria Bieberdorf (d/o Friedrich Bieberdorf and Helen Luther). *Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #4*; and 1921 Canada Census*.


1900
ATHABASCA
AREA 153,280,000 ACRES
ALBERTA
AREA 63,523,200 ACRES
SASKATCHEWAN
AREA 69,120,000 ACRES
ACREAGE UNDER CROP IN NORTHWEST TERRITORIES IN 1899
515,826 ACRES
ASSINIBOIA
AREA 57,177,600 ACRES
MANITOBA
AREA 41,002,240 ACRES
ACREAGE UNDER CROP IN MANITOBA IN 1899
LAKE WINNIPEG
WINNIPEG
REGINA
Estevan
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY
J. White, F.R.G.S., Geographer
MANITOBA AND NORTHWEST TERRITORIES
Scale 100 miles to 1 inch
RED BLOCKS SHOW TOTAL ACREAGE OF LAND UNDER CROP IN MANITOBA AND THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES RESPECTIVELY.
TORONTO LITH. CO. LTD.

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1. Arthur Adolf August Kolke (October 24, 1900, Arndt, Towner County, North Dakota – February 16, 1996, Portage la Prairie, Manitoba) married Julia Sophia Ryan (June 25, 1900, Rushford, Fillmore County, Minnesota – January 22, 1996, Portage la Prairie, Manitoba), daughter of Sven Ryan and Caroline Rugg, on June 14, 1924, in South Fork, Fillmore County, Minnesota.

2. Orla Kornika Verinika Kolke (May 22, 1902, Arndt, Towner County, North Dakota – April 8, 1971, Sequim, Clallam County, Washington) married Carl/Karl William Kettel (November 11, 1894, Minsk, Russia – February 17, 1971, Sequim, Clallam County, Washington), son of August Kettel and Augusta ____, on 10/28/1923, in North Dakota. Their son Arthur Fred Kettel (August 12, 1924, Wildrose, North Dakota – September 30, 1944, Lorraine, France) was a private in the US Army during World War II at the time of his death.

3. Sabena Kolke (December 9, 1903, Assiniboia, Saskatchewan – July 10, 1996, Torquay, Saskatchewan) married Carl John Johnson (November 18, 1906, Taylorton, Saskatchewan – August 20, 1962, Torquay, Saskatchewan), son of Mons Johnson and Maria Schroder, on September 25, 1931, in Estevan, Saskatchewan. They had two known children: (1) Donald Wayne Johnson (1935-2018); and (2) Carol Joanne Johnson (1942-2011). *1903 Saskatchewan Birth Record.*

4. Heinrich (Henry) Kolke (August 20, 1905, Assiniboia, Saskatchewan – October 17, 1980, Weyburn, Saskatchewan) married Ella Melvina Cote (October 1906, South Valley, Rolette County, North Dakota – December 29, 1984, Regina, Saskatchewan), daughter of Alberie Cote and Melvina ____, on January 21, 1930. *1905 Saskatchewan Birth Record.*

5. Lydia (Leona) Kolke (December 17, 1907, Loweton/Outram, Saskatchewan - >September 6, 1996, possibly Central Butte, Saskatchewan) married Orlin Coleman Olson (March 18, 1905, United States – 1980, Central Butte, Saskatchewan; Imm 1907/08 Canada), son of Christ Olson and Clarisa ____, in Moose Jaw/Outram, Saskatchewan, in 1932. *1907 Saskatchewan Birth Record.*

6. Emilie (Emelia) Kolke (September 1, 1909, Outram, Saskatchewan – April 4, 1996, Estevan, Saskatchewan) married Chad Harry/Harry Chad Cooley (September 9, 1904, Frazee, Becker County, Minnesota – January 3, 1983, Estevan, Saskatchewan), son of Orin Jasper Cooley and Nellie Olive Doane, on October 31, 1936.

7. Leonora Kolke (April 1911, Outram, Saskatchewan – July 9, 2006, Midale, Saskatchewan) married Johan Edvin Berglöf (January 24, 1903, Färila, Västernorrland, Sweden – December 19, 1984, Estevan, Saskatchewan; Imm 1909 to Canada), son of Johann Berglöf and Karin Jönsdotter, on April 6, 1939, in Divide County, North Dakota.

8. Bruno Kolke (December 15, 1912, Outram, Saskatchewan – August 3, 1982, Estevan, Saskatchewan) married Charlotte Edith Ribling (September 23, 1922, Outram, Saskatchewan – October 28, 2002, Estevan, Saskatchewan), daughter of Albert Wilhelm Ribling (1891-1962) and Adelheid Alice Mantei (1896-1964), on April 10, 1946. They had three known children: (1) Sherry Lee Anne Kolke (1957-1975); (2) Daryl Kolke (1951-2020); and (3) Michael Kolke. *1912 Saskatchewan Birth Record.*

9. Twin of Paul Hugo Kolke (February 19, 1915, Outram/Weyburn, Saskatchewan - February 19, 1915, Outram/Weyburn, Saskatchewan).

10. Paul Hugo Kolke (February 19, 1915, Outram/Weyburn, Saskatchewan – December 13, 2005, Estevan, Saskatchewan) married Ida Helen Olischefski (September 10, 1926, Estevan, Saskatchewan

– August 4, 2013, Regina, Saskatchewan), daughter of David Olischefski and Ida ___, on May 10, 1950. They had one known child: Marilyn Kolke. *1915 Saskatchewan Birth Record*.

11. Edith Adelheide Kolke (January 19, 1917, Weyburn, Saskatchewan – April 17, 1989, Vancouver, British Columbia) married John (Jack) Reid Paterson (April 6, 1903, Stewarton, Scotland – November 26, 1991, Vancouver, British Columbia). *1917 Saskatchewan Birth Record*.

12. Gordon Edward Kolke (December 10, 1918, Weyburn, Saskatchewan – January 24, 2006, Regina, Saskatchewan) married Lydia Bernice Sweitzer (March 31, 1925, Outram, Saskatchewan – January 8, 2002, Outram, Saskatchewan), daughter of Ira Sweitzer (November 1879, Iowa – June 1943, Saskatchewan) and Carrie May McMillan (July 1883, Iowa – 1954, Weyburn, Saskatchewan), in 1945. *1918 Saskatchewan Birth Record*.

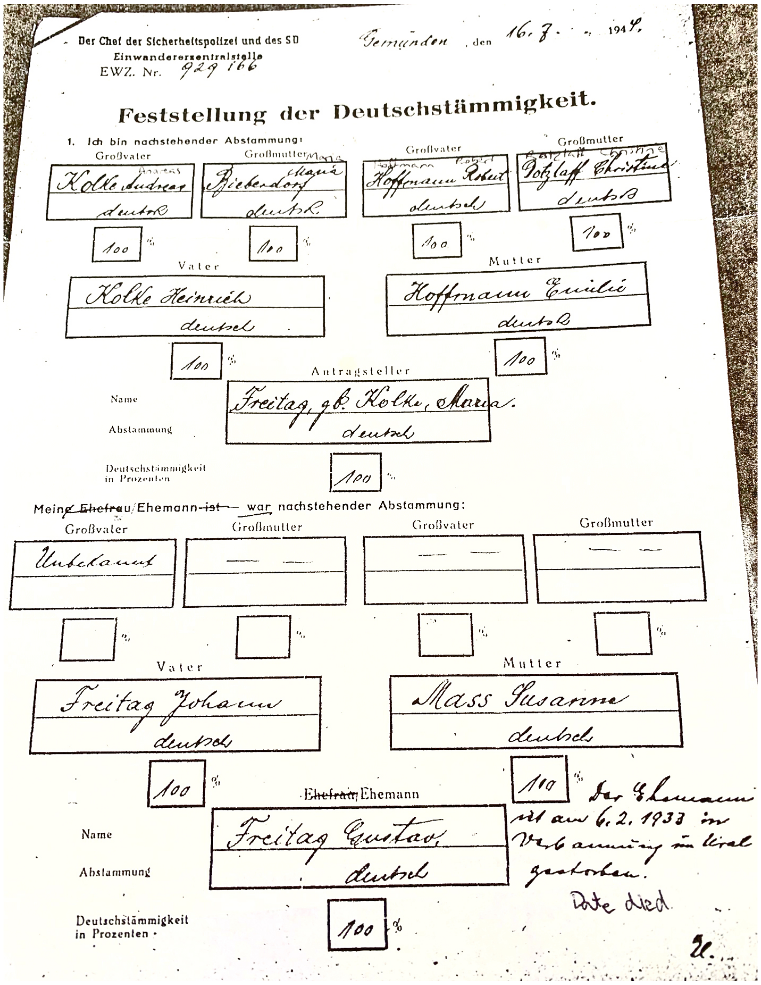
13. Hildegard Kolke (1920, Weyburn, Saskatchewan - 1920, Weyburn, Saskatchewan). *1920 Saskatchewan Birth Record; and 1920 Saskatchewan Burial Record*.

14. Hubert Kolke (July 21, 1922, Weyburn, Saskatchewan – March 8, 2014, Calgary, Alberta) married Augusta Arlena Lien (1923/24 – March 25, 1999, Edmonton, Alberta). Hubert Kolke served in the RCAF in World War II. Their son Mark Milford Kolke married Susan Elaine Boys on February 26, 1972, in Calgary, Alberta.

1878 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record, p783 #18*; 1880 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p175 #661*; 1896 SS Roland Manifest; Estevan, Saskatchewan, Cemetery Records; Saskatchewan Cemetery Transcripts; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Estevan Cemetery)*; 1898 US Naturalization Declaration; 1899 North Dakota Marriage Record; 1900 US Census* (Adolf Meier, Alberic Cote)*; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Adolf Meier, Kramer Cemetery, Kramer North Dakota)*; 1906, 1916 and 1926 Saskatchewan/Prairie Census; 1911, 1921 and 1931 Canada Census; 1900 and 1902 Towner County, North Dakota, Birth Records; 1932 Saskatchewan Marriage Record; 1939 Divide County, North Dakota, Marriage Record; 1996 Manitoba Death Records; 1924 Fillmore County, Minnesota, Marriage Record; WWI&II Draft Reg* (Karl/Carl Kettel)*; 1925 North Dakota Census; 1930 and 1940 US Census; WWII Draft Reg* (Arthur F. Kettel)*; US Army Internment Records, St Avold, France; 1971 Clallam County, Washington, Death Records; 1971 Port Angeles Evening News Obituary* (Carl William Kettel)*; 1971 US Deaths; Find-a-Grave* (Mt. Angeles Memorial Park, Port Angeles, Washington)*; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Torquay Trinity Lutheran Cemetery)*; 1906 Saskatchewan Birth Record; 1906 Crosby, North Dakota, Lutheran Church Baptism Record; Find-a-Grave* (Rolling Prairie Cemetery: Orlin, Christ and Clarissa Olson)*; 1904 Becker County, Minnesota, Birth Record; 2006 Estevan Mercury Obituary* (Leonora Kolke Berglof)*; 1909 SS Empress of Britain Manifest; 1972 Qu' Appelle Voters List; 1972 Calgary Herald Marriage Announcement* (Kolke-Boys)*; 1980, 1984, 2002, 2005, 2006 and 2013 The Regina Leader-Post Obituaries* (Henry Kolke, Ella Melvina Cote Kolke, Paul Hugo Kolke, Bernice Sweitzer Kolke, Charlotte Edith Ribling Kolke, Gordon Edward Kolke and Ida Helen Olischefski Kolke)*; 1989 and 1991 The Vancouver Province Obituaries* (Edith Adlide Kolke and John Reid Paterson)*; and 1999 and 2014 Calgary Herald Obituaries* (Augusta Arlena Lien Kolke and Hubert Kolke).

- Maria Kolke (September 15, 1879, Warwarowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 25, 1879, Heimtal Parish - April 11, 1958, Alameda, Saskatchewan) married Gustav Freitag (October 4, 1870, Lublin, Congress Poland, Russia – February 6, 1933, Tschertin (Cherdyn?), Ural Mountains, Russia USSR; son of Johann Freitag (____ - <July 16, 1944, Janowka, Volhynia, Russia) and Susanne Mass (____ - <July 16, 1944, Janowka, Volhynia, Russia), on October 24, 1896, in Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia. In July 1915, Gustav Freitag family's land was confiscated, and the family was deported to Pesotschin, Russia. In 1916, their daughters Maria and Martha Freitag were born in Pesotschin, which is located 600km east of Shitomir by Kharkov. The family returned to Slobodka by the end of 1918. In 1931, Gustav Freitag, his wife Maria

Kolke Freitag, and at least four of their children (Hugo, Theodor, Leokadia and Marie), were sent to Tschertin, Siberia (east of the Ural Mountains). Herbert Kolke and Helene Biberdorf Kolke mentioned Gustav Freitag being sent to Siberia with Maria Kolke's brother Rudolf Kolke in their 1931 letters, but nothing about his wife and children being exiled, which is found in Maria Kolke Freitag's *EWZ Personalblatt* list of residences (i.e. Aufenthalt des Antragstellers). Maria Kolke Freitag was probably present for her husband's death, and she was in the Urals/Siberia into 1934. Daughter Adeline Freitag states she was in Slobodka from 1897 until 1920, and then lived in Dubrowka between 1920 and 1933, apparently escaping the fate suffered by her parents and some of her siblings. Daughter Antonia Freitag lived in Slobodka until 1930, and moved to Dubrowka where she lived until 1934, also escaping being verschleppt. Between 1934 and 1936, Maria Kolke Freitag was in Dnepropetrovsk (Dnipro), Ukraine SSR, located 600km southeast of Shitomir. She returned to Shitomir province in 1936, living in Denischi, 21km southwest of Shitomir, and by 1940 was living in Kortachak, 15km southwest of Shitomir. During the first two years of World War II she was in Shitomir, and in November 1943, began living in the Hammelburg Hotel, in Gemünden, Bavaria, Germany, with parts of her family. On July 16, 1944, Maria Kolke Freitag was issued her *German Naturalization Certificate* in Gemünden. On August 6, 1953, Maria Kolke Freitag was flown from Amsterdam to Québec, Canada, by her son Rudolf Freitag, to join her family in Alameda, Saskatchewan, where she died on April 11, 1958. Maria Kolke and Gustav Freitag had eleven known children. *1881 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p545 #130*; November 27, 1931, Helene Biberdorf Kolke Letter; December 10, 1931, Herbert Kolke Letter; 1944EWZ929166* (Maria Kolke Freitag) *(A3342EWZ50-B076 0490, 0494, 0498, 0500); and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Alameda Cemetery, Estevan, Saskatchewan: Maria Kolke Freitag (marker clearly has a 1958 year of death).



Der Chef der Sicherheitspolizei und des SD
Einwandererzentralstelle
EWZ. Nr. 929 166

Gemünden, den 16.7. 1944.

Feststellung der Deutschstämmigkeit.

1. Ich bin nachstehender Abstammung:

Großvater	Großmutter	Großvater	Großmutter
Kolke Andreas	Bieberdorf Maria	Hoffmann Robert	Potzlaff Christine
deutsch	deutsch	deutsch	deutsch
100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

Vater	Mutter
Kolke Heinrich	Hoffmann Emilie
deutsch	deutsch
100 %	100 %

Antragsteller
Name: Freitag, gb. Kolke, Maria.
Abstammung: deutsch
Deutschstämmigkeit in Prozenten: 100 %

Mein~~e Ehefrau~~/Ehemann ~~ist~~ — war nachstehender Abstammung:

Großvater	Großmutter	Großvater	Großmutter
Unbekannt	— —	— —	— —
%	%	%	%

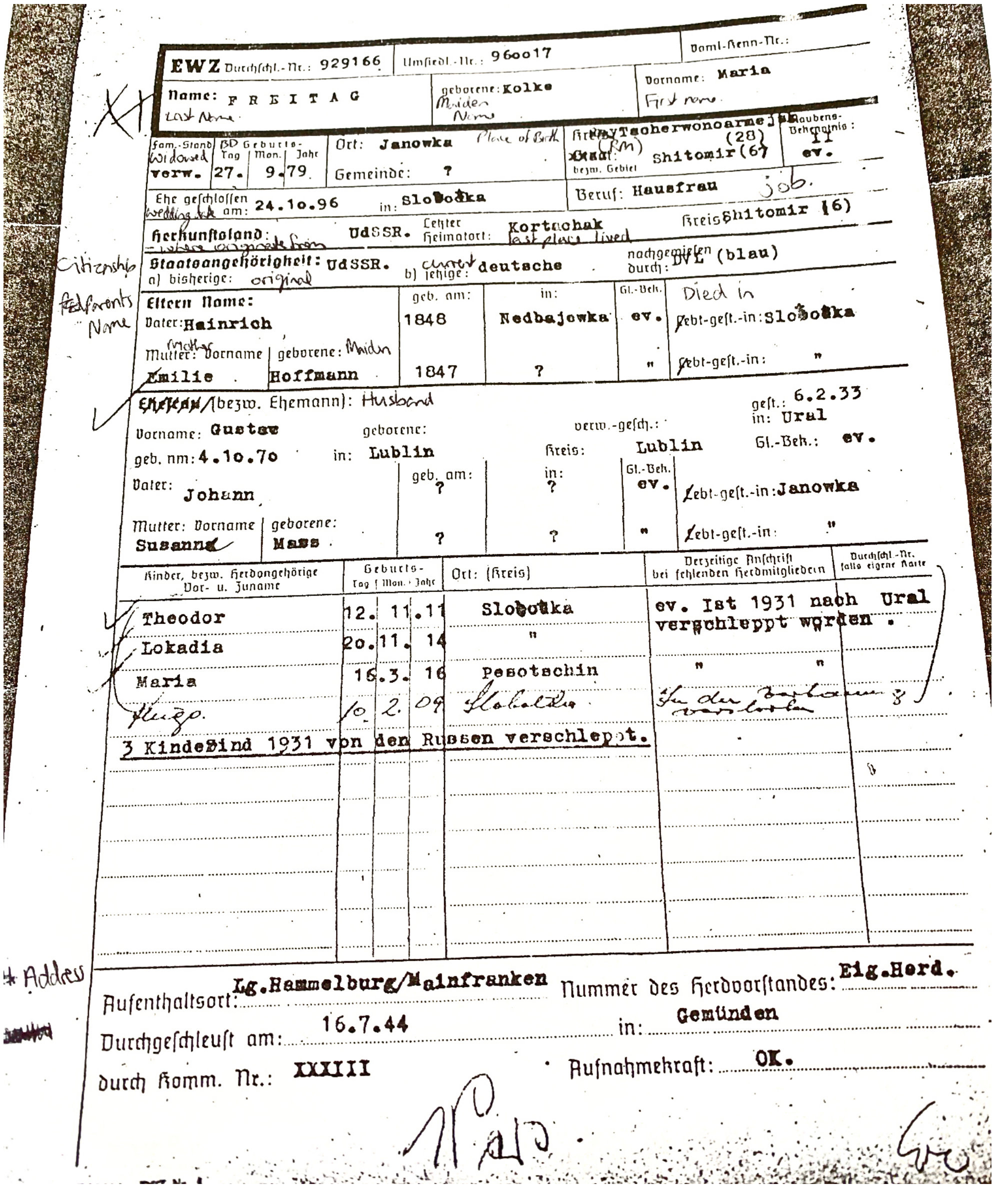
Vater	Mutter
Freitag Johann	Mass Susanne
deutsch	deutsch
100 %	110 %

~~Ehefrau~~/Ehemann
Name: Freitag Gustav.
Abstammung: deutsch
Deutschstämmigkeit in Prozenten: 100 %

Der Ehemann ist am 6.2.1933 in Verbannung im Ural gestorben.

Date died

U.



EWZ Durchſchl.-Nr.: 929166 Umſiedl.-Nr.: 960017 Vomi-Kenn-Nr.:

Name: FREITAG Last Name geborene: Kolke Maiden Name Vorname: Maria First name

Fam.-Stand Widowed: verw. BD Geburts- Tag 27. Mon. 9. Jahr 79 Ort: Janowka Place of Birth Gemeinde: ? Kreis: Tscherwonoarmejsk (28) (RM) ~~Stadt~~: bezw. Gebiet Shitomir (67) Glaubens-Bekenntnis: II ev.

Ehe geſchloſſen wedding date am: 24.10.96 in: Slobodka Beruf: Hausfrau job.

Herkunftsland: where originate from UdSSR. Letzter Heimatort: last place lived Kortschak Kreis Shitomir (6)

Citizenship Staatsangehörigkeit: a) bisherige: original UdSSR. b) current jetzige: deutsche nachgewieſen durch: DVL (blau)

Parents Name

Eltern Name:		geb. am:	in:	Gl.-Beh.	Died in
Vater: Heinrich		1848	Nedbajowka	ev.	Lebt-geſt.-in: Slobodka
Mother Mutter: Vorname Emilie	geborene: Maiden Hoffmann	1847	?	"	Lebt-geſt.-in: "

~~Ehefrau~~ (bezw. Ehemann): Husband

Vorname: Gustav geborene: verw.-geſch.: geſt.: 6.2.33 in: Ural

geb. am: 4.10.70 in: Lublin Kreis: Lublin Gl.-Beh.: ev.

		geb. am:	in:	Gl.-Beh.	
Vater: Johann		?	?	ev.	Lebt-geſt.-in: Janowka
Mutter: Vorname Susanna	geborene: Mass	?	?	"	Lebt-geſt.-in: "

Kinder, bezw. Herdangehörige Vor- u. Zuname	Geburts- Tag	Mon.	Jahr	Ort: (Kreis)	Derzeitige Anſchrift bei fehlenden Herdmitgliedern	Durchſchl.-Nr. falls eigene Karte
Theodor	12.	11.	11	Slobodka	ev. Ist 1931 nach Ural verschleppt worden.	
Lokadia	20.	11.	14	"		
Maria	16.	3.	16	Pesotschin	"	"
Hugo.	10.	2.	09	Slobodka	In der Verbannung verloren	8

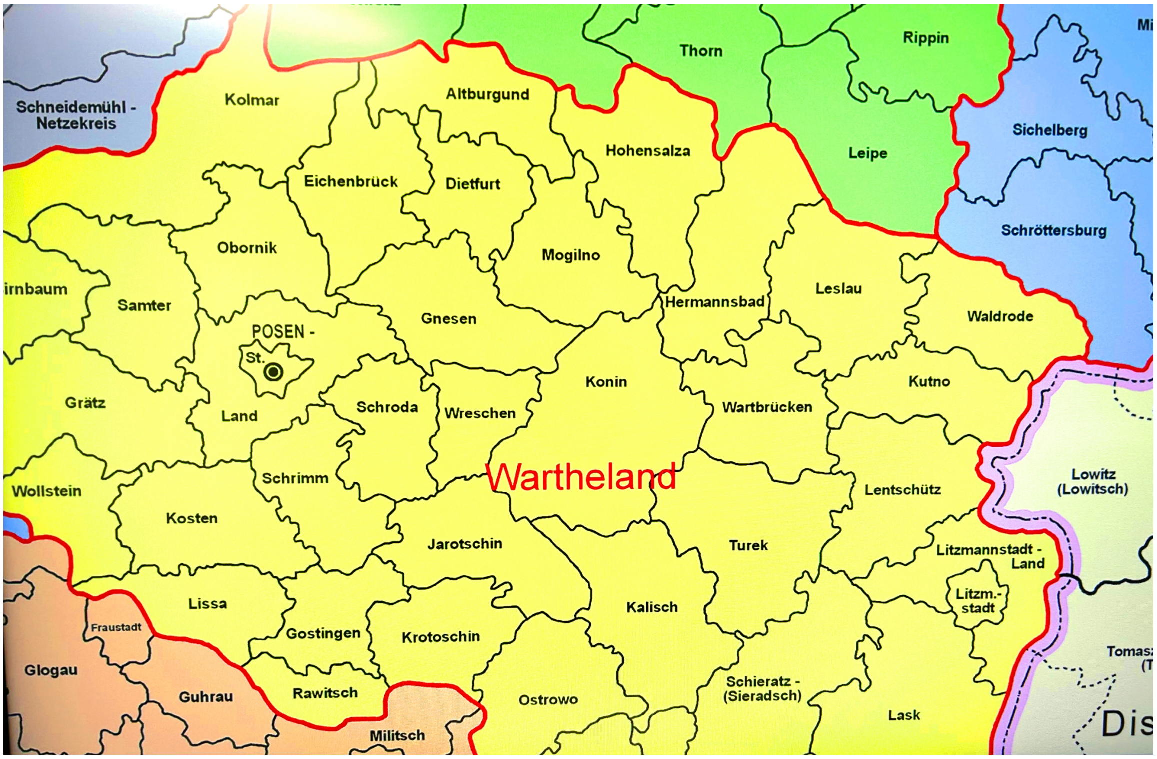
3 Kinder sind 1931 von den Russen verschleppt.

* Address Aufenthaltsort: Lg. Hammelburg/Mainfranken Nummer des Herdvorſtandes: Eig. Herd.

Durchgeſchleuſt am: 16.7.44 in: Gemünden

durch Komm. Nr.: XXXIII Aufnahmekraft: OK.

1. Adeline (Lena) Freitag (September 21, 1897, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 5, 1912, Emilchin Parish (GP: Rudolph Kolke) – 1977, West Germany) married Ernst Neumann (b April 29, 1894, Margaretowka, Volhynia, Russia - ≥April 19, 1935 <November 24, 1944, probably Russia USSR), son of August Neumann and Julianne Peter, on June 11, 1920, in Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia. Ernst Neumann was a teacher and head of the primary school in Warwarowka, and father of five children, when he was arrested by the Kiev NKVD on January 6, 1935, under Articles 54-4 and 54-10 (being an agent of the world bourgeoise and conducting anti-Soviet propaganda and agitation). On April 19, 1935, he was tried by the Kiev Provincial Court, found guilty and sentenced to imprisonment in a corrective labor camp for a period of five years; from which he apparently did not survive. As of November 24, 1944, Adeline (Lena) Freitag Neumann was a resident of Gemünden, Wartheland (occupied Poland). They had six known children. *1912 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p1 #6; *NKVD Arrest #1310; and 1944EWZ929168* (Adeline Freitag Neumann) *(A3342EWZ50-F080 2274, 2278, 2280, 2300).*


Schneidemühl - Netzekreis
Kolmar
Altburgund
Thorn
Rippin
Mi
Sichelberg
Leipe
Hohensalza
Eichenbrück
Dietfurt
Obornik
Mogilno
Schröttersburg
irnbaum
Samter
Hermannsbad
Leslau
Waldrode
POSEN - St.
Gnesen
Konin
Kutno
Grätz
Land
Schroda
Wreschen
Wartbrücken
Lowitz (Lowitsch)
Wollstein
Schrimm
Wartheland
Lentschütz
Kosten
Jarotschin
Turek
Litzmannstadt - Land
Lissa
Litzm.-stadt
Fraustadt
Kalisch
Gostingen
Krotoschin
Tomas
Glogau
Guhrau
Rawitsch
Ostrowo
Schieratz - (Sieradsch)
Lask
Dis
Militsch

a. Theodor Neumann (September 22, 1923, Dubrowka, Ukraine SSR – November 20, 2002, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada) was living in Bad Kissingen, Bavaria, Germany, between December 14, 1943, and April 10, 1945; which was probably when the US Army captured that part of Germany. In 1948, he emigrated to Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada. He had four known children with Martha ____ (1932-2017): Astrid Neumann, Carmen Neumann, Erica Neumann and Evelyn Neumann. *NKVD Arrest #1310; and Arolsen Archives* (Theodor Neuman: Ref #02010101 os; Doc. Nos. 69831299 & 69831714).

b. Marie (Mary S.) Neumann (August 24, 1925, Dubrowka, Ukraine SSR – December 24, 2017, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada) was a resident of Gemünden with her mother in November 1944. She emigrated to Canada in 1948. Sometime before 1956, she married Peter Dyck Falk (February 7, 1929, Rosenfeld, Manitoba – January 21, 2011, Winnipeg, Manitoba). They had three known children: Peter Edwin Falk (1956 – October 26, 2018, Winnipeg, Manitoba); Karl Falk; and Roswieta Falk. *NKVD Arrest #1310.*

c. Margarete Neumann (June 3, 1930, Dubrowka, Ukraine SSR – February 19, 2022, Winnipeg, Manitoba) was a resident of Gemünden with her mother in November 1944. She emigrated to Canada and married Richard Dorber (September 29, 1924 – February 5, 2001, Winnipeg, Manitoba). *NKVD Arrest #1310.*

d. Kuno Neumann (March 1, 1933 Dubrowka, Ukraine SSR – ____) was a resident of Gemünden with her mother in November 1944. He married Magda ____. *NKVD Arrest #1310.*

e. Leokadia (Lola) Neumann (July 3, 1935 Denischi, Ukraine SSR – <November 20, 2002) was a resident of Gemünden with her mother in November 1944. *NKVD Arrest #1310.*

f. Hugo Neumann (____ - <December 24, 2017) would be a sixth child which contradicts the NKVD record.

2. Rudolf Freitag (April 16, 1900, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 7, 1900, Emilchin Parish (GP: Gottlieb Freitag and Emilie Wiese) – February 28, 1975, Oxbow, Saskatchewan) married Maria Stelter (September 1, 1899, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia – December 16, 1989, Oxbow, Saskatchewan), daughter of Wilhelm Stelter and Emma Tetzlaw/Tetzlaff. They emigrated to Canada on June 23, 1927, at Québec. They had twelve known children: Heinrich Freitag, Emma Freitag, Leo Freitag (1927-2013), Paul Freitag, Hugo Freitag, Kuno Rudolf Freitag (1931-2019), Hubert Freitag (1933-2022), Edwin Freitag (1934-2019), Lilly Freitag, William Freitag, Melvin Freitag and Gerhardt Freitag. *1899 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p140 #1243*; 1900 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p26 #163*; 1927 SS Montroyal Manifest; and 1931 Canada Census*.

3. Edmund Freitag (June 6, 1903, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap 1903, Emilchin Parish (GP: Robert Kolke and Luise (Polinski) Kolke) – July 17, 1903, Slobodka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1903 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p283 #459*; and 1903 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p320 #196.

4. Robert Freitag (1904, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia - 1918, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia).

5. Berthold (Bert) Freitag (July 9, 1907, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 22, 1907, Emilchin Parish (GP: Robert Kolke and Hulda (Hemminger) Kolke) - June 17-18, 1975, Regina, Saskatchewan) emigrated to Canada in June 1928 at Québec. He married Martha _____ (1910, Russia - 2002, Alameda, Saskatchewan) on March 28, 1935, in Estevan, Saskatchewan. They had three known children: Gerturde Freitag, Ted Freitag and Ben Freitag. *1907 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p180 #566*; and SS Empress of Scotland Manifest*.

6. Hugo Freitag (January 10, 1909, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 22, 1909, Emilchin Parish (GP: Karoline Freitag) – July 29, 1933 or 1935, possibly Tschertin (Cherdyn?), Ural Mountains, Russia USSR) may have been verschleppt to Tschertin, Siberia (east of the Ural Mountains) in 1931, with his parents, brother Theodor Freitag and sisters Leokadia and Maria Freitag. *1909 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p86 #90*; and 1944EWZ929166* (Maria Kolke Freitag) *(A3342EWZ50-B076 0490)*.

7. Theodor Freitag (November 12, 1911, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 25, 1911, Emilchin Parish (GP: Gottlieb Freitag and Helene (Hiller) Kolke) - ≥1994, probably Siberia, Russia) was verschleppt to Tschertin, Siberia (east of the Ural Mountains) in 1931, with his parents, brother and sisters Leokadia and Maria Freitag. In 1994, he was a resident of Siberia, Russia. *1911 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p14 #109*; and 1944EWZ929166* (Maria Kolke Freitag) *(A3342EWZ50-B076 0490)*.

8. Leokadia Freitag (11/20/1914, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap 12/3/1914, Emilchin Parish (GP: Adolf Krause and Emilie (Polinski) Kolke) - ≥1994, probably Siberia, Russia) was verschleppt to Tschertin, Siberia (east of the Ural Mountains) in 1931, with her parents and brother Theodor Freitag and sister Maria Freitag. In 1994, she was a resident of Siberia, Russia. *1914 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p42 #273*; and 1944EWZ929166* (Maria Kolke Freitag) *(A3342EWZ50-B076 0490)*.

9. Maria Freitag (b March 16, 1916, Pesotschin (Kharkov), Volhynia, Russia) was verschleppt to Tschertin, Siberia (east of the Ural Mountains) in 1931, with her parents, sister Leokadia Freitag, and brother Theodor Freitag. *1944EWZ929166* (Maria Kolke Freitag) *(A3342EWZ50-B076 0490)*.

10. Martha Freitag (b March 16, 1916, Pesotschin (Kharkov), Volhynia, Russia).

11. Antonie (Tony) Freitag (December 20, 1918 Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia – December 16, 2012, High River, Alberta, Canada) married twice. As of July 16, 1944, she was a resident of Gemünden, Germany (probably with her mother); and in 1945 was a resident of Bad Kissingen, Bavaria, Germany. She emigrated to Canada between 1945 and 1948, as she was a resident of Alameda, Saskatchewan, between 1948 and 1975. In 1994, Toni Freitag Ternes traveled to Russia and visited her siblings Theodor Freitag and Leokadia Freitag in Siberia.

M#1 On May 15, 1939, in Denischi, Ukraine SSR, Antonie Freitag married Alexander Laparow (November 4, 1911, Uspenskaja, Russia – July 16, 1944, lost on the way to Gemünden), son of Gregor and Eudokie Laparow. They had one known child: Luise (Louise) Laparow (April 20, 1941, Kortachak; m Edward Schmidt). This was one of rare instances I have found where an ethnic German married an ethnic Russian (Ukrainian). Alexander Laparow "got lost" on the way to Gemünden, Germany. An ethnic Russian (Ukrainian) attempting to get into Germany near the end of World War II with the retreating German Army, and in front of the advancing Russian Army, probably had no chance of succeeding, let alone living, if picked up by either side. *1944EWZ929167* (Antonie Freitag Laparow) *(A3342EWZ50-E072 1708, 1712, 1724, 1728, 1730); 1944EWZ929166* (Maria Kolke Freitag) *(A3342EWZ50-B076 0490, 0494, 0498, 0500); and Arolsen Archives* (Antonie (Freitag) Labarow: Ref #02010101 os; Doc. No. 69832461)

M#2 Mathew Ternes (1918 - 2009 Alberta, Canada), son of Hieronymus Ternes and Katharina Miller, on November 8, 1955, in Burke County, North Dakota. *1926 Prairie Census; and 1955 Burke County, North Dakota, Marriage Record.*

1945 Alameda, Saskatchewan, Voters List; 1957, 1962 and 1974 Moose Mountain, Saskatchewan, Voters Lists; 2002, 2011, 2017 and 2018 Winnipeg Free Press Obituaries (Theodor Neumann (owned Neumann's Import and Fine Jewelry), Peter Dyck Falk, Mary S. Neumann Falk (survived by sister Margarete and brother Kuno; predeceased by Lola, Hugo and Theodor), and Peter Edwin Falk)*; 1962 SS Bremen Manifest; Gravemarker Kelowna, British Columbia, Memorial Park; Find-a-Grave* (Glen Eden Memorial Gardens, West Saint Paul, MB; Falk)*; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Saint Vital Cemetery, Winnipeg, MB; Dorber)*; 1927 SS Montroyal Manifest* (Rudolf Freitag (father in Slobodka))*; 1934 Saskatchewan Residents Index; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Alameda Cemetery, Estevan, Saskatchewan: Maria Stelter Freitag, Martha Freitag, Berthold Freitag and Mathew Ternes)*; 1975 and 1989 The Regina Leader-Post Obituaries* (Bert Freitag and Maria Stelter Freitag)*; 1928 SS Marloch Manifest* (Berthold Freitag)*; 1948 Saskatchewan Resident Index* (Antonie Freitag Laparow)*; 1953 KLM Royal Dutch Airlines Manifest; Amanda Kienlan; and The Freitag Family,* by Marla Schlenker, pp 186-189.

- Emil Arnold Kolke **(DNA)** (March 26, 1882, Mossijewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap 1882 Heimtal Parish (GP: Johan Kelm and Maria Kelm) - June 21, 1973, Estevan, Saskatchewan), emigrated from Volhynia to Cando, North Dakota, US, in 1902, before moving to Assiniboia/Saskatchewan. He married Ottilie Rink (December 16, 1887, Rohrbach/Berezowka, Volhynia, Russia – November 6, 1978, Estevan, Saskatchewan), a resident of Ossinike Township, Alpena County, Michigan, on July 9, 1907, in Wilson Township, Alpena County, Michigan. Ottilie Rink was the daughter of Daniel Rink* (September 5, 1858, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – October 10, 1894, Moisejewka, Volhynia, Russia) and Pauline Bergsträsser (October 6, 1865, Rohrbach/Berezowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 24, 1865, Shitomir Parish (GP: Fredericke Kolke) – February 28, 1936, Lincoln, Lancaster County, Nebraska; d/o Johann Bergsträsser and Juliana Vogel), who were married on October 13, 1885, in the Shitomir Parish. Emil Arnold Kolke died in Estevan, Saskatchewan, on June 21, 1973. Emil Arnold Kolke and Ottilie Rink had five known children. Emil Arnold Kolke's descendants are *Ancestry*DNA™ matches with me. *See* Appendix A. *1866 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record*, p647 #325*; 1885 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p709 #184*; 1902 Heimtal Baptism Record* (Emil Arnold Kolke baptized in 1882), p29 #259*; 1902 SS Bulgaria Manifest* (Emil Kolke

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to join brother Eduard Kolke in Cando, North Dakota)*; and 1907 Alpena County, Michigan, Marriage Record; 1911 and 1921 Canada Census;.*

*Daniel Rink was the son of Michael Rink (36=1821; son of Filip Rink) and Helena Ströbel (34=1823; daughter of Jakob Ströbel (b1797; son of Paul Ströbel and Anna Sorec)), who were living close to the three Bieberdorf brother's families in Annette, in November 1857. Daniel Rink was not in the census, but seven of his siblings were: (1) Johann Rink (14=1843); (2) Anna Rink (12=1845); (3) Maria Rink (10=1847; (4) Andreas Rink (5=1852); (5) Samuel Rink (3=1854); (6) Ludwig Rink (1=1856); and Helena Rink (6M=1857). An eighth child Magdalena Rink (b February 24, 1850, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia) apparently died. Helena Ströbel's brother Jacob Ströbel married Helene Bieberdorf (daughter of Johann Bieberdorf and Helena Drews), and her brother Johann Ströbel married Susanna Bieberdorf (daughter of Friedrich Bieberdorf and Helene Luther). *1850 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p241 #31*; and The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 3, 5, 11 and 35.

1. Olga Kolke (May 11, 1908, Loweton/Outram, Saskatchewan – November 26, 1944, Estevan, Saskatchewan) married Edmund Kühn* (August 20, 1898, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 6, 1898 – July 6, 1979, Regina, Saskatchewan; 1917-19 Russian POW; Imm April 19, 1924, St. John, New Brunswick, Canada), son of Ferdinand Kühn (February 5, 1869, Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia – 1952, Kinslaken, Wesel, North Rhine-Westphalia, West Germany; July 1915, Land expropriated and deported to Siberia) and Pauline Biberdorf** (January 3, 1868, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 14, 1868, Shitomir Parish – 1957, Kinslaken, Wesel, North Rhine-Westphalia, West Germany), on February 9, 1930, in Outram, Saskatchewan. They had five known children: (1) Enid Helen Kühn (1930-2003; m Robert M. Hasselback, September 3, 1955, Midale, Saskatchewan); (2) Edgar Arthur Kühn (1932-2016); (3) Ferdinand Robert Kühn (1934-2013); (4) Irene Irma Kühn (1937-2015); and (5) Margarete Kühn. *1869 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p307 #637*; and 1908 Saskatchewan Birth Record.*

**Kuhn and Kolke Family History*, by Amanda Kienlen (February 2020), daughter of Ferdinand Robert Kühn. Amanda Kienlen of Estevan, Saskatchewan, granddaughter of Edmund Kühn and Olga Kolke, has provided invaluable assistance in sharing her research of the genealogy of the Kolke family in Volhynia and Canada.

**Pauline Biberdorf was the daughter of Friedrich Johann Bieberdorf (s/o Peter Biberdorf (s/o Gottlieb Biberdorf) and Helene Konke) and Charlotte Bieberdorf (d/o Friedrich Biberdorf (s/o Gottlieb Biberdorf) and Helene Luther); and the sister of Helene Biberdorf who married August Kolke, son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass. *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 4 and 5*; and 1869 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p275 #50.

2. Selma Pauline Kolke (June 20, 1909, Loweton/Outram, Saskatchewan – July 6, 1992, Morris, Manitoba) married Waldemar Bergsträsser (September 3, 1903, Borisowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 7, 1903, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Ewald Klein and Emilie Bartz) – April 20, 1998, Morris, Manitoba; Imm June 3, 1928, Québec, Canada), son of Friedrich Bergsträsser and Emma Steinhauer, on March 26, 1931, in Estevan, Saskatchewan. They had five known children, including Leo Bergsträsser (1935-1980). *1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p11 #82.

3. Erna Alma Kolke (May 19, 1911, Loweton/Outram, Saskatchewan – June 10, 2012, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada) married Friedrich Otto Christian Heinrich Schröder (March 7, 1904, Mühlhausen, Waldeck, Hessen, Germany – November 2, 1982, Estevan, Saskatchewan; Imm 1928, Halifax, Nova Scotia), son

of Karl Friedrich Heinrich Schröder and Friedericke Marie Luise Weidemann, on November 11, 1942, in Midale, Saskatchewan. They had one known child: Louise Schröder.

4. (Leo) Edwin Kolke (May 19, 1911, Loweton/Outram, Saskatchewan – October 1, 1992, Estevan, Saskatchewan) married Ferne Elizabeth Sweitzer (September 25, 1917, Cambria, Saskatchewan – December 1999, Estevan, Saskatchewan), daughter of Ira Sweitzer and Carrie Mae McMillan, on November 30, 1936, in Crosby, Divide County, North Dakota.

5. Robert Otto Kolke **(DNA)** (March 26, 1914, Loweton/Outram, Saskatchewan – July 8, 1997, Penticton, British Columbia, Canada) married Marjory Jowett*** (September 16, 1921, Darlington, Durham, England – May 28, 2016, Medicine Hat, Alberta), daughter of Charles Jowett and Dorothy McNiff, on August 16, 1945, in Darlington, Durham, England. They had five known children: (1) Christine Lynn Kolke **(DNA)** (m on September 27, 1980, Grenville Danny Ralph Almas (February 16, 1952, St. Louis, Missouri – May 12, 2006, Saskatchewan; one known child: Carly Almas **(DNA)**); (2) Bryan Kolke; (3) Enid Kolke (m Gary Hill); (4) Clifford Kolke; and (5) Donna Kolke (m Doug Goertzen). *See* Appendix A. *1914 Saskatchewan Birth Record.*

***Marjory Jowett was the widow of John William Peart (1922, Durham, England – August 4, 1944, Normandy, France), a member of the Coldstream Guards, who was killed-in-action. He is buried in the Saint Charles de Percy War Cemetery in Normandy. They married in April 1942, in Darlington, England. *1942 Darlington, Durham County, England, Marriage Record; and Gravemarker Saint Charles de Percy War Cemetery.*

Robert Otto Kolke authored a book in the 1980s or so, which advanced the theory that Friedrich Kolke was the patriarch (i.e. Generation #1) of the family, and his sons were Andreas Kolke, Ferdinand Wilhelm Kolke and Ludwig Kolke (i.e. Generation #2).

> "We generally agree that the first Kolke to settle in Russia was named Fredrick, and came there in the early eighteen hundreds. That he or they had lived in Poland prior to coming to Russia; that the name Kolke was a polish translation of their German name Pfahl …" *Robert Kolke Book*, p3.
>
> "The village where the Kolkes settled at was called Slobodka, about twenty five kilometers northeast of the present city of Nowograd (Volinski), at that time the town or village of Swehl or Zwiahel, settled by Germans. When Fredrick Kolke married or to whom is not known; however they had three sons, Ludwig, Ferdinand and Andreas." *Robert Kolke Book*, p4.

However, it is indisputable *Michal Kolke*, not Friedrich Kolke, is the patriarch of the family. Robert Otto Kolke's book passage specifically implies brothers Ludwig, Ferdinand and Andreas Kolke were born in Slobodka, with a father named Friedrich. No Friedrich Kolke has been located in Generation #1 (1780-1820). Andreas Kolke, Robert Otto Kolke's ancestor was definitely born in Łanięta, Chodecz Parish, Congress Poland, Russia. Conspicuously absent from the three identified sons is Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke, an undisputed brother of Andreas Kolke. No Ferdinand Kolke has been located in Generation #2 (1820-1845).

Estevan, Saskatchewan, Cemetery Records; Saskatchewan Cemetery Transcripts; 1906 and 1916 Saskatchewan/Prairie Census; 1908 and 1914 Saskatchewan Birth Records; 1911, 1921 and 1931 Canada Census; 1924 SS Montclare Manifest; 1928 SS Cleveland Manifest; 1978, 1979, 1982 and 1992 The Regina Leader-Post Obituaries (Ottilie Rink Kolke, Edmund Kuhn, Otto Schroder and Leo Edwin Kolke)*; 1930 The Regina Leader-Post Marriage Announcement* (Kühn-Kolke)*; 1955 The Regina Leader-Post Marriage Announcement* (Hasselback-Kühn)*; 1944 Saskatchewan Residents Index; 1928 SS Empress of Scotland*

Manifest (Waldemar Bergstraesser)*; 1917 Saskatchewan Birth Record; 1936 Divide County, North Dakota, Marriage Record; 3rd Quarter 1945 Darlington, England, Marriage Record; 1999 Ferne Elizabeth Kolke Obituary; 1992 and 1999 Souris Valley Memorial Gardens Cemetery Records; 1997 Saskatoon Star-Phoenix Obituary* (Robert Otto Kolke)*; 2016 Marjory Kolke Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Robert Otto and Marjorie Kolke, Estevan City Cemetery).

- Robert Kolke (April 12, 1884, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 26, 1884, Heimtal Parish (GP: Helene (Biberdorf) Kolke) - ≥1921, ____). Between 1903 and 1910, Robert Kolke was a Godfather to two of his sister Maria Kolke and Gustav Freitag's children, and to two children of his brother Rudolf Kolke and Hulda Hemminger. Robert Kolke married twice. *1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p624 #286*; and NKVD Repatriation #3674* (son Reinhold Kolke).

M#1 Paulina Polinski (August 1886, Heimtal, Volhynia, Russia – January 27, 1910, Slobodka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia), on February 7, 1907, in the Heimtal Parish. Robert Kolke and Paulina Polinski had three children before Paulina Polinski Kolke's death at the age of 23 years, 5 months, probably as a result of the birth of their last child Meta Kolke, one week earlier. *1907 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p2 #30*; and 1910 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p27 #245.

1. Alfred Kolke (October 18, 1907, Staraja-Huta, Volhynia, Russia; October 19, 1907, Heimtal Parish (GP: Gottlieb Freitag and Ottilie Polinski) – November 13, 1907, Slobodka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1907 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p43 #376*; and 1907 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p210 #232.

2. Erich Kolke (b October 23, 1908, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 13, 1908, Emilchin Parish (GP: Gustav Freitag and Maria Kolke Freitag)). *1908 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p16 #147.

3. Meta Kolke (b January 20, 1910, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 21, 1910, Emilchin Parish (GP: Arnold Henke and Emma Kolke Henke)). *1910 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p30 #269.

M#2 On June 23, 1910, Robert Kolke married Emilie Polinski* (____ - ≥1921, ____) in Heimtal Parish. Emilie Polinski may have been Paulina Polinski Kolke's sister. Robert Kolke and Emilie Polinski had four known children. Robert Kolke is identified as having his land expropriated by Tsarist Russia in July 1915, and he and his family were deported to Siberia; but they apparently returned to Volhynia, where their son Reinhold Kolke was born in 1921. *1910 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p116 #130*; and 1915 Expropriation List.*

1. Wilma Kolke (b March 14, 1912, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 26, 1912, Emilchin Parish (GP: Rudolph Kolke and Hulda Hemminger Kolke)). *1912 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p12 #121.

2. Werner Kolke (b May 31, 1913, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 14, 1913, Emilchin Parish (GP: Heinrich Kolke and Auguste Kolke Bieberdorf)). *1913 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p37 #317.

3. Bruno Kolke (b April 4, 1915, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 9, 1915, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Gustav Freitag and Maria Kolke Freitag)). *1915 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* pp 173 and 228 #519.

4. Reinhold Kolke (b1921, probably Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia - >1936-38, possibly Karélia Republic, Russia USSR) was resettled from Pulin, Ukraine SSR, 1,900km to the Karélia Republic, Russia, in 1936-38. *NKVD Repatriation #3674.*

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*I don't believe the Emilie Kolke who witnessed the March 9, 1910, baptism of Werner Kolke, son of Rudolf Kolke and Hulda Mathilde Hemminger, was Emilie Polinski Kolke, as she did not marry Robert Kolke until June 1910. Rudolf Kolke's first wife was Luise Polinski (1874/75-1906), daughter of Christoph Polinski and Susanna Wotzki. Both of Robert Kolke's wives were surnamed "Polinski," but I have been unable to determine their relationship to Luise Polinski Kolke or her parents; although I suspect they were sisters or first cousins.

- Leopold (Leo) Kolke (b1886/87, Heimtal, Volhynia, Russia - November 28, 1958, Frobisher, Saskatchewan) (21) and his first cousin Rheinhardt Kolke **(DNA)** (21) emigrated to the United States on the *SS Chemnitz*, arriving in New York on April 12, 1908; after which they emigrated to Canada. In 1912, probably in Saskatchewan (possibly Manitoba), Leopold Kolke married Olga Biberdorf (July 1888, Volhynia, Russia – November 11, 1964, Estevan, Saskatchewan), daughter of Rudolph Bieberdorf (January 1865, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – 1928, Frobisher, Saskatchewan; s/o Johann Biberdorf and Maria Tetzlaff) and Maria Kunkel (February 21, 1868, Heimthal, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia –1951, Frobisher, Saskatchewan; d/o Johann Kunkel and Christine Radke), who had emigrated to the United States in 1895, and then to Canada in 1904. Leo Kolke and Olga Biberdorf had seven known children. *1868 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p107 #21*; 1885 Heimtal Burial Record,* p720 #133 (Rudolph Biberdorf, son of Rudolph Biberdorf and Maria Kunkel)*; 1908 SS Chemnitz Manifest* (Leopold Kolke and first cousin Rheinhardt Kolke)*; 1900 US Census* (Rudolph Biberdorf)*; 1928 Saskatchewan Cemetery Transcripts; November 18, 1964, The Regina Leader-Post Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Frobisher Resthaven Cemetery (Leopold Kolke, Rudolph Biberdorf, Olga Biberdorf Kolke, Arnold Robert Kolke and Elsie Kolke Robinson)).

1. Elsie Kolke (March 27, 1913, Estevan, Saskatchewan – November 2, 1970, Regina, Saskatchewan) married James Robinson (April 22, 1901, Portage la Prairie, Manitoba – June 18, 2002, Oxbow, Saskatchewan), son of James Robinson and Elizabeth Brant, in 1935. They had two known children: (1) Wayne Robinson; and (2) Dolores Robinson. *1901 Manitoba Birth Record; 1913 Saskatchewan Birth Record; and November 13, 1970, and June 20, 2002, Regina Leader-Post Obituaries*.

2. Arnold Robert Kolke (June 8, 1915, Frobisher, Saskatchewan – December 12, 1971, probably Frobisher or Regina, Saskatchewan). *1915 Saskatchewan Birth Record; and 1971 Saskatchewan Cemetery Transcript*.

3. Mary Helen Kolke (September 21, 1917, Frobisher, Saskatchewan – August 4, 2012, Trail, British Columbia) married Garnet Wolsley Andrews (January 3, 1919, Danville, Richmond County, Québec – June 11, 2005, Trail, British Columbia), son of Garnet Wolsley Andrews and Josephine Dewey Lamphere, after 1940, probably in Trail, British Columbia; to which Garnet and his brother Andrew Webber Andrews (1921-2018) traveled to from Québec in 1940, and remained for the rest of both of their lives. Mary Helen Kolke and Garnet Wolsley Andrews had a son Percy Everett Andrews (April 29, 1944, Trail, British Columbia – December 19, 2020, Trail, British Columbia). *1917 Saskatchewan Birth Record; 1919 Danville, Québec, Methodist Church Baptism Record; March 23, 2018, Castlegar News Obituary* (Andrew Webber Andrews)*; 2012 Mary Helen Kolke Andrews Obituary; December 19, 2020, Trail Times Obituary* (Percy Everett Andrews)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Garnet W. and M. Helen Andres, Mountain View Cemetery, Trail, British Columbia).

4. Oscar Ernest Kolke (October 19, 1919, Frobisher, Saskatchewan – April 11, 2006, Hemet, Riverside County, California) married Gwendoline Violet King (May 22, 1920, Perdue, Saskatchewan – October 6, 2001, Hemet, Riverside County, California), daughter of Freeman Ford King and Elsie Grace Culver, on April 24, 1945, in Victoria, British Columbia. They emigrated to the United States in 1950. They had two known children: (1) Dale Kolke; and (2) Caryn Kolke. *1919 and 1920 Saskatchewan Birth*

Records; May 1, 1945, Victoria Daily Times Marriage Announcement (Kolke–King)*; 2001 and 2006 US Deaths; 2001 and 2006 US Apps/Claims; and 2012 Military Service Recognition Book, Saskatchewan Command of The Royal Canadian Legion* (Oscar Kolke), Vol. XI, p173.

5. Elma Emilia Kolke (June 17, 1921, Frobisher, Saskatchewan – July 21, 2015, Kamloops, British Columbia) married August (Bud) Suran (April 11, 1905, Edmonton, Alberta – June 10, 1975, Chilliwack, British Columbia). They had one known child: son Keith Earle Suran (m February 14, 1968, to Diane Maria Jamieson, in Chilliwack, British Columbia). *1921 Saskatchewan Birth Record; 1968 The Chilliwack Progress Engagement and Marriage Announcements* (Suran – Jamieson)*; 1975 Chilliwack, British Columbia, Death Record; and June 11, 1975, and July 31, 2015, The Chilliwack Progress Obituaries*.

6. Ruth Doris Kolke (August 15, 1923, Frobisher, Saskatchewan – September 8, 1991, Trail, British Columbia) married Harold Vernon Smith (1926-2020), in 1961, in Saskatchewan. *1923 Saskatchewan Birth Record; 1961 Saskatchewan Residents Index* (Ruth Doris Kolke marriage)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Mountain View Cemetery, Trail, British Columbia).

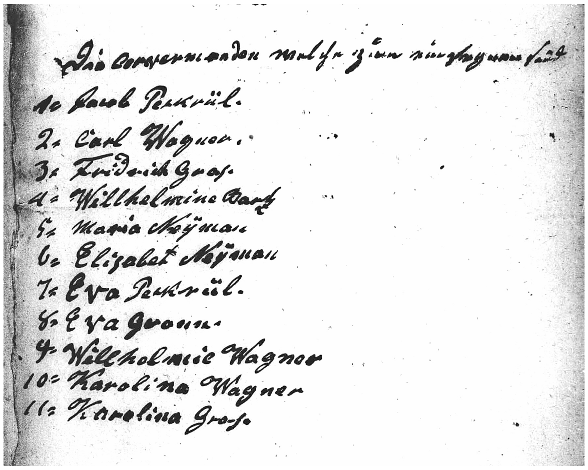
7. Alice Edith Kolke (1928, Frobisher, Saskatchewan – June 4, 2020, Calgary, Alberta) married Donald Clayton Campbell (1925, Shaunavon, Saskatchewan – July 31, 1991, Bow Valley, Calgary, Alberta). *1928 Saskatchewan Residents Index* (Alice Kolke birthdate*; September 3, 1965, The Regina Leader-Post Obituary (Agnes Campbell); August 2, 1991, and June 13, 2020, Calgary Herald Obituaries; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Campbell, Eden Brook Memorial Gardens, Calgary).

1911, 1921 and 1931 Canada Census; and 1906, 1916 and 1926 Saskatchewan/Prairie Census.

- Adolphine Kolke (~1887, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia - >December 1903 (at age 16)). In December 1903, Adolphine Kolke and Rudolf Kolke sponsored the baptism of Selma Biberdorf, daughter of Auguste Kolke and Reinhold Biberdorf. *1903 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p283 #460.

[68] *See Appendix A*.

[69] In 1838, Karoline Grass and her brother Friedrich Grass were part of the same confirmation class as Jakob Pekrul and Eva Pekrul; Wilhelmine Bartz; Eva Grön; Maria and Elisabet Neumann; and Carl, Wilhelmine and Karolina Wagner. The confirmations probably occurred when the children were 13-15 years of age in the Shitomir Parish of the Evangelical Lutheran Church, probably in Annette. *1838 Confirmation Record, Family History Library Film #007769319,* page 116 of 343.



Die Confirmanden welche zum [illegible]

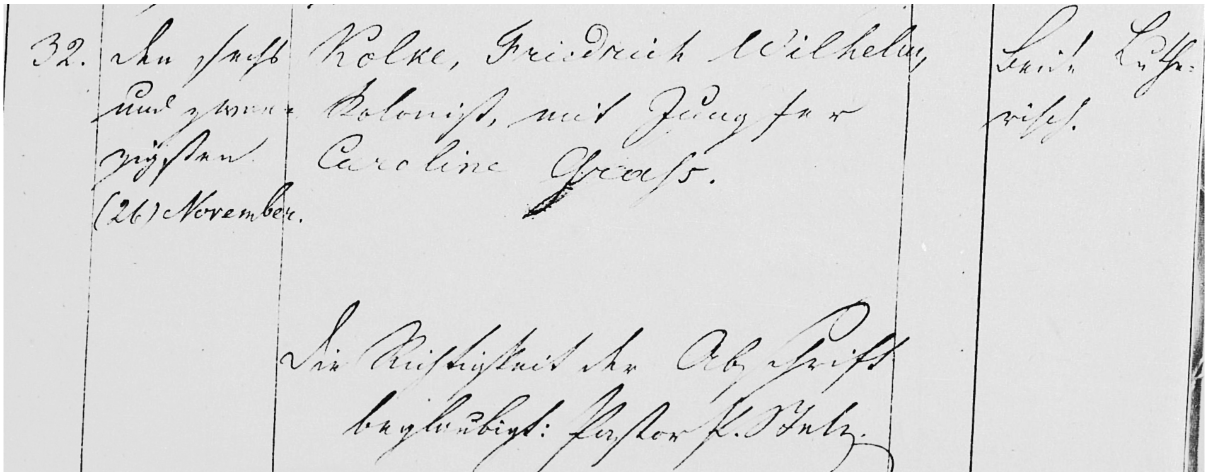
1. Jacob Pekrül.
2. Carl Wagner.
3. Friedrich Graſs.
4. Willhelmine Bartz
5. Maria Neÿman
6. Elizabet Neÿman
7. Eva Pekrül.
8. Eva Groen.
9. Willhelmine Wagner
10. Karolina Wagner
11. Karolina Graſs.

The *SGGEE MPD* has Friedrich Grass born in 1822, also in Łęczyca, citing the same FHL Film; but he would have been at the very upper age for a confirmation in 1838. I suspect he was born circa 1825.

Karoline Grass' brother Wilhelm Grass (39=1818/19, ____ - ____), his wife Elisabeth Felbel (39=1818/19, ____ - ____; daughter of Jakob Felbel (63=1794) and Elisabeth ____ (62=1795)), and five of their children were living in Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia, as of May 16, 1858. *Revision of May 16, 1858, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #2; and *Revision of November 30, 1857 in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia*, #28 (Jakob Felbel extended family).

The Grass, Pekrül, Grön and Neumann families were living in Annette or Josephine in 1857-58, and probably had been for some time. *Revision of November 30, 1857 in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia; and Revision of May 16, 1858, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia.*

[70] *1843 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p192 #32.



32. (26) November

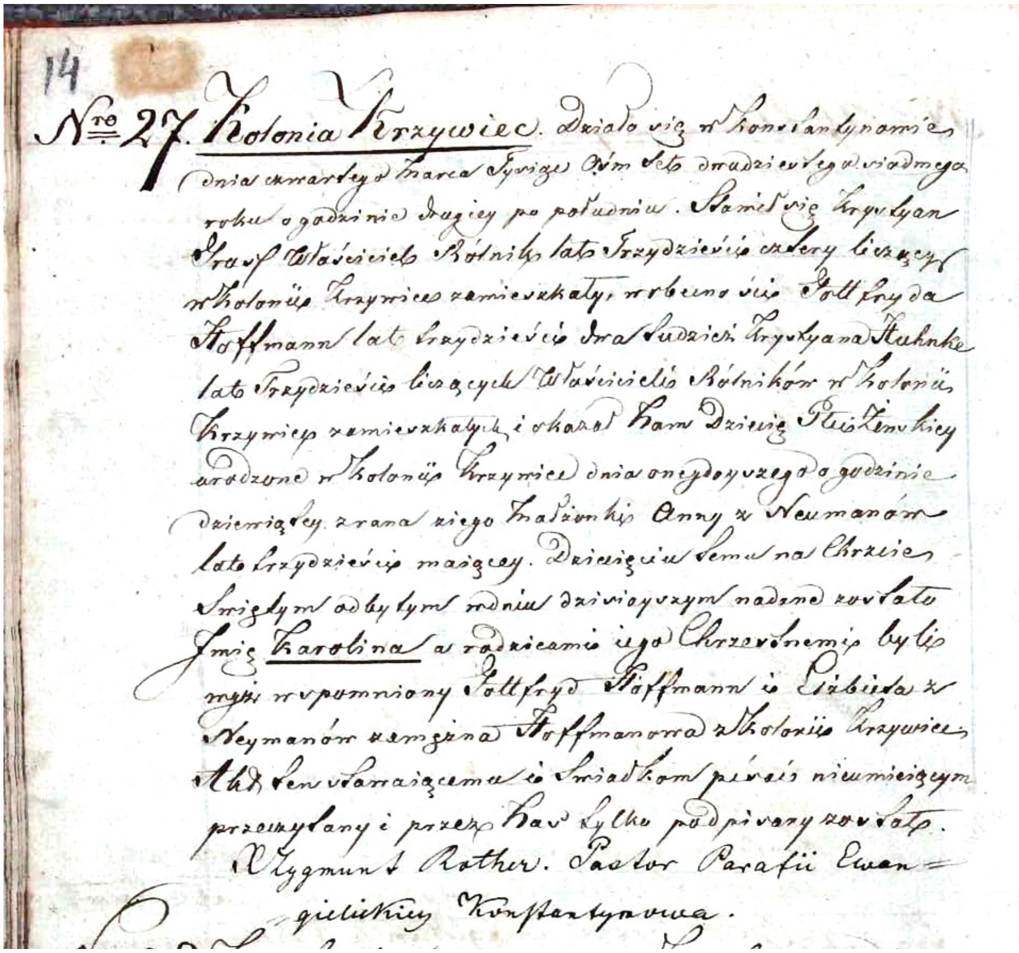
Kolke, Friedrich Wilhelm, Colonist, mit Jungfer Caroline Graß.

Die Richtigkeit der Abschrift beglaubigt: Pastor

Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke's burial record states he was an 85 year, 10 month, old widower at the time of his death; identified his father as "Michael Kolke;" and identified Chodecz, Congress Poland, as his place of birth. Karoline Grass Kolke died in 1906 at the age of 80 years, in Heimtal Parish, and her burial record states she was married at the time. If she was born in March, she would have been 80 years and 11 months of age at the time of her death. *1827 Kolonia Krzywiec, Konstantynów, Łódź, Evangelical Lutheran Church Baptism Record,* p14 #27 (Pastor Zygmund Rother)*; 1906 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p152 #231*; and 1909 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p151 #282.

Using the *Geneteka* database from the Poland Genealogical Society (and reviewing the birth/baptism documents) I attempted to reconstruct the Grass family in the same manner as I had done for the *Kolke* family, i.e. searching the Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, baptisms, and identifying the sponsors to see if they had a relationship to either Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke or Karoline Grass. Fortunately, Łukasz Bielecki was able to locate three Kolke (Jan Andry/Andreas Kolke, Frydrych Wilhelm Kolke, and Wilhelmina Kolke) birth/baptism records from Lanieta, and Amanda Kienlen located Susana Ana Kolke's birth record in Kolonie Toviele/Theophil; which confirmed my findings and conclusions for the Kolke family using the baptism/sponsor approach.

Based upon my research, which is documented below, I believe a strong case can be made that Krystian Grass and Anna Krystyna Neumann were the parents of the Karoline Grass, who married Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke, even if she was age 16.



14

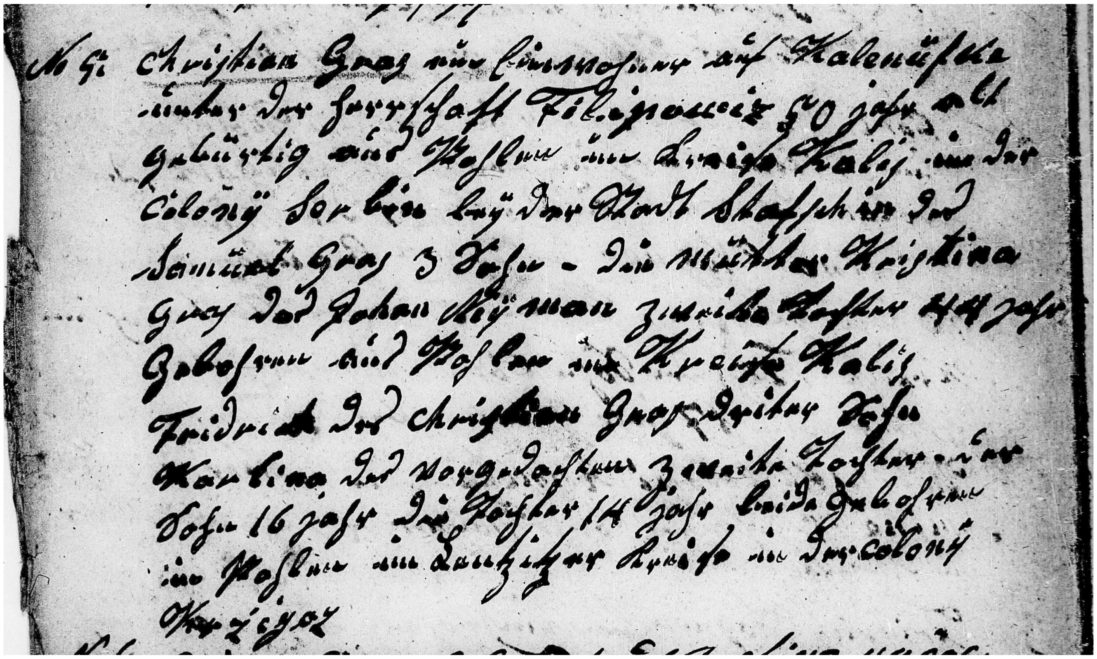
Nro 27. Kolonia Krzywiec. Działo się w Konstantynowie
dnia czwartego Marca Tysiąc Ośmset dwudziestego siódmego
roku o godzinie drugiey po południu. Stawił się Krystyan
Grass Właściciel Rólnik lat Trzydzieście cztery liczący
w Kolonii Krzywiec zamieszkały, w obecności Gottfryda
Hoffmann lat trzydzieście dwa tudzież Krystyana Hahnke
lat Trzydzieście liczących Właścicieli Rólników w Kolonii
Krzywiec zamieszkałych, i okazał Nam Dziecię Płci Żeńskiey
urodzone w Kolonii Krzywiec dnia onegdayszego o godzinie
dziewiątey zrana z iego Małżonki Anny z Neumanów
lat trzydzieście maiącey. Dziecięciu temu na Chrzcie
Świętym odbytym w dniu dzisieyszym nadane zostało
Imię Karolina a rodzicami iego Chrzestnemi byli
wyżey wspomniony Gottfryd Hoffmann i Elżbieta z
Neymanów zamężna Hoffmanowa z Kolonii Krzywiec.
Akt ten stawaiącemu i Swiadkom pisać nieumieiącym
przeczytany i przez Nas tylko podpisany został.
Zygmunt Rother. Pastor Parafii Ewan=
gielickiey Konstantynowa.

Łukasz Bielecki provided the translation:

> "#27, Kolonia Krzywiec [birthplace]
>
> "Happened in Konstantynów, on 4 March AD 1827, at 2 pm. There appeared Krystyan Grass, landowner and farmer, 34 years old, resident in Kolonia Krzywiec, in the presence of Gottfryd Hoffmann, 32 years old, and Krystyan Hahnke, 30 years old, both landowners and farmers resident in Kolonia Krzywiec, and showed us a baby of female sex born in Kolonia Krzywiec the other day at 9 am of his wife Anna nee Neumann, 30 years old. This baby was given, at the Holy Baptism conferred today, the name Karolina and her godparents were the aforementioned Gottfryd Hoffmann and Elzbieta Hoffmann nee Neyman from Kolonia Krzywiec. This record was read to the informant and the witnesses, all illiterate and signed by us only. Pastor Zygmunt Rother of the Konstantynów parish."

The *SGGEE MPD* has Karoline Grass (1824, Korzcgoz(?), Łęczyca (45km south of Chodecz), Congress Poland, Russia – February 4, 1906, Heimtal, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Krystian (Christian) Grass (b1788 Kalisz, Poland) and Joanna Krystyna (Christine) Neumann (b1794 Kalisz, Province of South Prussia, Prussia). Its "source" is *FHL Film No. 007769319*, without reference to the page in the film.

Presumably, it was the record of her confirmation, which unfortunately is of very poor quality. It appears to identify parents as Christian Grasz, age 50 (=1787/88), born in Kalisz, father's name of Samuel Grasz, and Kristina Grasz, age 44 (=1793/94), born in Kalisz, father's name was Johan Neumann. They may have been residents of Kalinowka, for which I could find two comparables: (1) near Volodymyr Volhynsk; and (2) west of Rowno. The Pekrul, Wagner, Neuman, Bartz and Grön confirmations occurred in Annette/Josephine, near Zwiahel/Nowograd Wolhynsk, and Friedrich and Karoline Grass were also confirmed in the same location. Łęczyca is 40km north of Krzywiec (the birth location in *Geneteka*) and 100km northeast of Kalisz. *See 1838 Confirmation Record, Protestant Register of baptisms, marriages, deaths and membership lists for Zhitomir, Volhynia, Russia, Family History Library Film #007769319,* page 111 of 343 (which is a companion to 277/343), Entry #5, p224.



A Krystian Grass (age 26 (=1790/91), mother was Anna Elisabeth Günther) and Joanna Krystyna Neumann (age 23 (=1793/94), daughter of Anna Elisabeth Koch) married in Prażuchy in 1817, which is located 70km southwest of Łęczyca. *Poznan Project* transcription of Entry #4 for 1817, for the Protestant community. They had a son Traugott born in Prażuchy in 1825, while a couple of the same name had children (including a Karoline, whose mother is listed as "Anna") born from 1822 on in the Łódź area. *Łukasz Bielecki, January 31, 2023, email.*

I located eight possible/probable siblings of Karoline Grass, children of Krystian Grass and Anna Krystyna Neumann.

- Wilhelm Grass (39=1818/19; son of Christian Grass) and his wife Elizabeth Felbel (39=1818/19; daughter of Jakob Felbel (63=1794; son of Adam Felbel) and Elizabeth ____ (62=1795; daughter of Jakob ____)) and five of their children, were living in Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia, as of May 16, 1858. *Revision of November 30, 1857 in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #28; and Revision of May 16, 1858, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #2.*

    1. Johann Grass (16=1841/42, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia) married Charlotte Becker (16=1841), daughter of Carl Becker (36=1821; s/o Carl Becker (66=1791; s/o Peter Becker) and

Wilhelmine ____ (32=1825; d/o Michael ____), on July 13, 1864, in the Shitomir Parish. *Revision of November 30, 1857 in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #28; *Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #1; *and 1864 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p29 #45.

2. Susanne Grass (14=1843/44, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia) married Johann Krönig on May 29, 1866, in the Shitomir Parish. *Revision of May 16, 1858, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #2; *and 1866 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p649 #22.

3. Wilhelm Grass (6=1851/52, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia) may have married Anna Hempek on November 19, 1872, in the Heimtal Parish. *Revision of May 16, 1858, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #2; *and 1872 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p664 #52.

4. August Grass (3=1854/55, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *Revision of May 16, 1858, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #2.

5. Maria Grass (1=1856/57; b November 15, 1856, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 2, 1857, Shitomir Parish). *1857 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p375; *and Revision of May 16, 1858, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #2.

6. Florentine Grass (b January 13, 1859, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 6, 1859, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Biberdorf)). *1859 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p276 #45.

7. Eduard Grass (b July 29, 1861, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 27, 1861, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Biberdorf and Helene Biberdorf Seidel)). *1861 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p423 #60.

8. Helene Grass (b June 9, 1863, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 18, 1863. Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Biberdorf and Anna Rink)). *1863 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p15 #114.

- Rozyna (Rosine) Grass (34=1823, Kazimierz, Congress Poland, Russia (about 20km west of Łódź)) married Johann Ziesmann (37=1820, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – March 8, 1885, Gottliebsdorf, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia), son of Michael Ziesmann (74=1783; son of Johann Ziesmann) and his unknown first wife. They had six known (possibly seven) children, probably born in Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia. In November 1857, they were living in Annette, with Johann's father Michael Ziesmann, and his brothers Benjamin Ziesmann (29=1828) and Gottlieb Ziesmann (31=1826). His uncle Johann Ziesmann (b1789) was in Household #25, with his family, as of November 30, 1857. *Revision of November 30, 1857 in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 25 and 31; *and 1885 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p717 #96.

1. Johann Ziesmann (13=1844, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *Revision of November 30, 1857 in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #31.

2. August Ziesmann (12=1845, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *Revision of November 30, 1857 in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #31.

3. Wilhelm Ziesmann (9=1848, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *Revision of November 30, 1857 in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #31.

4. Susanna Ziesmann (7½ = b January 17, 1850, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 30, 1850, Shitomir Parish (GP: Benjamin Ziesmann and Anna (Sorec) Ströbel). *1850 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p241 #38*; and Revision of November 30, 1857 in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #31.

5. Benjamin Ziesmann (January 2, 1852, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 1, 1852, Shitomir Parish). *1852 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p315 #24.

6. Heinrich Ziesmann (5=1852, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *Revision of November 30, 1857 in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #31.

7. Ernst Ziesmann (2=1855, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *Revision of November 30, 1857 in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #31.

- August Grass married Maria Neumann on May 16, 1843, in Shitomir Parish; six months before the marriage of his sister Karoline Grass to Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke (the last recorded marriage in 1843). I could not locate birth/baptism or death/burial records for August Grass or Maria Neumann. They had three known children. *1843 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p190 #5.

1. Ferdinand Grass (b July 15, 1860, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 24, 1860, Shitomir Parish (GP: Karoline Grass Kolke, Friedrich Kolke, and Thekla Pekeruhl (mother of Jakob Pekeruhl, husband of Wilhelmina Kolke)). *1860 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p165 #39.

2. Christina Grass (b January 20, 1863, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 6, 1863, Shitomir Parish (GP: Friedrich Klein, Maria Neumann, Julius Kolke (son of Karoline Grass and Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke), and Julianne Neumann)). *1863 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p9 #65.

3. Rosina Grass (b November 2, 1865, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 2, 1865, Shitomir Parish (GP: Jacob Drude and Georg Pekrul (probably the father of Jakob Pekruhl, husband of Wilhelmina Kolke)). *1865 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record*, p638 #145.

- Fryderyk (Friedrich) Grass (b1825,* Kazimierz, Congress Poland, Russia) married Eleonore Rindfleisch, and they had six known children. In 1838, Karoline Grass and her brother Friedrich Grass were part of the same confirmation class as Jacob Pekrul and Eva Pekrul; Wilhelmine Bartz; Eva Grön; Maria and Elisabet Neumann; and Carl, Wilhelmine and Karolina Wagner. The confirmations probably occurred when the children were 13-15 years of age in the Shitomir Parish of the Evangelical Lutheran Church, probably in Annette. Eleonore Rindfleisch Grass was a Godparent to Helene Pekeruhl, daughter of Jakob Pekeruhl and Wilhelmina Kolke. *1825 Kazimierz Parish Baptism Record,* p18, #102; and *1838 Confirmation Record, Family History Library Film #007769319,* page 116 of 343.

*The *SGGEE MPD* has Friedrich Grass born in 1822, also in Łęczyca, citing the same FHL Film; but he would have been at the very upper age for a confirmation in 1838. I suspect he was born circa 1825.

1. Susanna Grass (b June 17, 1853, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 7, 1853, Shitomir Parish (sponsored by Johann Kühn and Wilhelmine Kolke Pekruhl) married Heinrich Kelm. They had a daughter Justina Kelm (b October 30, 1874, Alexanderdorf, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1853 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p325 #106 (next to #107 baptism of Andreas Kolke)*; and 1874 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p599 #30.

2. Ferdinand Grass (b January 7, 1858, Murawi, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 19, 1858, Shitomir Parish (GP: Jacob Felbel and Helene Rindfleisch)). *1858 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p805 #29.

3. Peter Grass (b March 21, 1860, Murawi, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 25, 1860, Shitomir Parish). *1860 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p165 #42.

4. Ephraim Grass (b July 21, 1862, Murawi, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 16, 1862, Shitomir Parish, by Pastor Peter Stelz) may have married Karoline Hoch on September 5, 1879, in Heimtal Parish. *1862 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p436 #70*; and 1879 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p831 #73.

5. Justina Grass (b September 31, 1867, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 24, 1867, Shitomir Parish). *1868 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record*, p138 #614 (next to Marie Mantei, daughter of Anna Grass and Daniel Mantei).

6. Helene Grass (b September 6, 1872, Bolarka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 7, 1872, Heimtal Parish). *1876 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record*, p736 #220.

- Krystyna Grass (b1829) could not be located.

- Anna Dorota Grass (b1833, Ujazd, Lodz, Congress Poland, Russia (about ten miles southeast of Łódź)) married Daniel Mantei on June 19, 1861, in Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia. They had six known children. *1861 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p438 #14.

1. Wilhelm Mantei (May 1, 1865, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia – February 8, 1867, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1867 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p534 #45 (age 1Y 9M 7D).

2. Marie Mantei (b May 31, 1867, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 24, 1867, Shitomir Parish) *1868 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p138 #613 (next to Justina Grass).

3. Rosine Mantei (b January 16, 1870, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 17, 1870, Heimtal Parish). *1870 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p273 #285 (next to Emilie Kolke, daughter of Karoline Grass and Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke).

4. Alwine Mantei (b January 7, 1872, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 8, 1872, Heimtal Parish (GP: Karl Rink and Karoline Grass)). *1875 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p632 #291.

5. Friedrich Arnold Mantei (b January 23, 1876, Janowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 25, 1876, Heimtal Parish (GP: Maria Kelm)). *1877 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p598 #24.

6. Adolf Eduard Mantei (September 9, 1878, Heimtal Parish (GP: Ferdinand Grass and Helene Barz)). *1879 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p795 #300 (record is illegible).

- Gottlieb Grass (1845, "Heimtal" – January 2, 1909, Neu Alexandrowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia) married Susanna Rindfleisch (1846/47 – March 10, 1913, Alexandrowka/Granidub, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Benjamin Rindfleisch and Anna Huebsch/Hutsch, on November 27, 1866, in Shitomir Parish. They had five possible/known children. *Revision of November 30, 1857 in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #2; 1866 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p650 #79*; and 1909* (p153 #309; age 63) *and 1913* (p144 #161; 66Y, widow of Gottlieb, buried Granidub) *Heimtal Parish Burial Records.*

1. August Grass (April 1866* – November 7, 1867, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1867 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p535 #50 (father Gottlieb, age 1Y 7M).

> *His birth would have occurred before his parent's marriage (assuming Susanna Rindfleisch was the mother).
>
> 2. Michael Grass (b August 29, 1868, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1869 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p306 #635.
>
> 3. Amalie Grass (b August 17, 1873, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 19, 1873, Heimtal Parish). *1876 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p731 #165.
>
> 4. Johann Hermann Grass (b March 29, 1875, Granidub/Alexanderdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 14, 1874, Heimtal Parish (GP: Johann Grass)). *1876 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p732 #176.
>
> 5. Wilhelmine Auguste Grass (b February 26, 1878, Granidub/Alexanderdorf, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1879 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p812 #502.

[71] *1915 Expropriations List.*

[72] There were two known and distinct Helene Kolkes of roughly the same age, born circa 1844-46, with four possibilities as to their parentage. One Helene Kolke married August Treptow circa 1865; and the other Helene Kolke married Friedrich Klein in November 1866. I examined four possible families to which Helene Kolke born circa 1844-46 could have been connected. I utilized what I believed were relationships with other Kolke (and related) family members as well as their ages to try to determine which of the two out of four options were most probable; without excluding the possibility that another option was viable. The *SGGEE MPD* has no Helene Kolkes of Generations #1 or #2, even though they clearly existed.

The Helene/Helena Kolke who married Friedrich Klein is a different person from the Helene Kolke who married August Treptow, as the births/baptisms of their children overlap, and her/their surname in the post-marriage records would not have been "Kolke." I have postulated the oldest Helene Kolke married August Treptow based upon the probable date of marriage as occurring circa 1865 (or very early 1866, based upon their first child's birth in October 1866). The youngest Helene Kolke who married Friedrich Klein (who according to the Russian Revisions of Josephine was born in 1846-47) in November 1866 (one month after the Treptow-Kolke's first child was born) was also probably born circa 1846-47 (which would have been close to the birthyear of her husband; not two years before if she was the oldest Helene Kolke). However, I cannot rule out it was vice versa.

In 1864, Helene/Helena Kolke was a Godparent with her probable brother Julius Kolke of Caroline Gall, daughter of Andreas Gall and Caroline Boettcher. In 1866, Helene/Helena Kolke and her first cousin Heinrich Kolke sponsored her probable first cousin Susanna Kolke (as the other Helene Kolke's surname was "Treptow").

In 1869, August Treptow was a Godparent to Wilhelmine Kolke and Jacob Pekruhl's son Peter Pekruhl; and in 1873, Helene Kolke Treptow sponsored Wilhelmine Kolke and Jacob Pekruhl's son Ferdinand Pekruhl; which implies Helene Kolke Pekruhl was on the same level (i.e. Generation #2) as Wilhelmine Kolke Pekruhl, i.e. her sister. Helene Kolke is an *Ancestry*DNA™ match with *Ludwig Kolke's* descendants, through her son Heinrich Treptow; although the strength of the match only has a level of confidence in the range of 15% to 50%, which is probably due to the remoteness of the relationship (i.e. two additional generations). *See* Appendix A. *1869 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p286 #110*; and 1873 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p299 #110.

The four options/alternatives I explored:

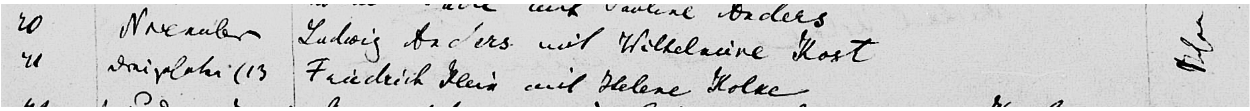
#1 The first Helene Kolke was possibly/probably the youngest child of *Michal Kolke and Eleonora Reich*.

#2. The second Helene Kolke was probably the first child of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass, as there was a four year gap between their marriage and first known child Julius Kolke.

#3 Helene Kolke could have been the first child of Andreas Kolke and Maria Bieberdorf, as there was a four year gap between their marriage and first known child Heinrich Kolke. However, no one has postulated that Heinrich Kolke was anything but a solo child. Further, Helene Kolke was not a sponsor/Godparent to any of Heinrich Kolke's children.

#4 Helene Kolke could have been the first child of Daniel Kolke and Maria/Mariane Richter, which is unlikely because Daniel Kolke probably wasn't born until 1827, at the earliest; so he would not have been old enough to marry and have children circa 1844-46.

[73] Helene/Helena Kolke was probably the first child of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass. On November 13, 1866, in Shitomir Parish, Helene Kolke married Friedrich Klein (1846/47, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia – >September 1882), son of Samuel Klein (33 = April 14, 1824, Zwiahel, Volhynia, Russia - >September 13, 1881, ____) and his first wife Elisabeth/Elise Rode (1825, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – March 18, 1853, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). Samuel Klein's second wife was Anna Susanna Kolke, Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke's sister. Helene Kolke and Friedrich Klein had seven known children. *1853 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p338 #22 (27Y, born Annette, wife of Samuel)*; Revision of November 28, 1857, in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #7 (Friedrich Klein, age 3 in 1849, and age 10 in 1857)*; and 1866 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p650 #71.



70 November Ludwig Anders mit Wilhelmine Kost

71 dreizehnten (13 Friedrich Klein mit Helene Kolke

- Ernst Heinrich Klein (b August 29, 1867, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 8, 1867, Shitomir Parish (GP: Julius Kolke)), also known as Heinrich Ernst Klein, married Ida Therese Franziska Idler/Ideler, probably in the early or mid-1890s. An Ida Franziska Therese Idler was born on July 7, 1868, in Dresden, Kingdom of Saxony, Prussia. She was the daughter of Heinrich Adolph Ideler, and was baptized on September 6, 1868, in Dresden. On February 2, 1929, an Ida Klein (b June 7, 1868, Flemsdorf), a resident of Berlin, departed Hamburg, Germany, on the *Ubena*, for Durban, South Africa. Whether they were the same person, or the person who married Ernst Heinrich Klein, cannot be determined with any degree of accuracy; but the date of birth and change in surnames from Ideler to Klein, indicates a possible connection. Flemsdorf is about 90km northeast of Berlin, while Dresden is about 190km south of Berlin. Additionally, an Ida F.T. Klien, age 79, died in Conway, Caernarvonshire, Wales, in January 1948, which would translate into a June/July 1869, date of birth. However, the combination of given name and middle initials also raises the possibility she was the same person. *1868 Dresden Church Report of Birth and Baptism; 1867 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p525 #434*; 1929 Ubena Manifest; and 1st Quarter 1948 Conway, Wales, Death Record*. Ernst Heinrich Klein and Ida Therese Franziska Idler/Ideler had six known children, but there were probably others given the lack of records between 1886-1899.

    1. Emma Klein (b November 30, 1899, Pokaschew, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 6, 1899, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1899 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p48 #367.

    2. Olga Klein (b February 3, 1902, Pokaschew, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 26, 1902, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1902 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p33 #288.

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3. Frieda Klein (June 28, 1903, Pokaschew, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 17, 1903, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish – July 31, 1903, Pokaschew, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p97 #854*; and 1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p220 #531.

4. Ida Klein (b September 6, 1904, Pokaschew, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 21, 1904, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1904 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p64 #570.

5. Hulda Klein (b December 21, 1906, Zdorovets, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 4, 1907, Emilchin Parish). *1907 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p121 #13.

6. Otto Klein (b January 15, 1909, Oskarowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 7, 1909, Emilchin Parish). *1909 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p94 #145.

- Susanna Klein (b August 28, 1869, Alexanderdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 7, 1869, Shitomir Parish (GP: Christoph Kolke and *Wilhelmine (Wiese) Kolke*)). *1869 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p307 #652.

- Rudolph August Klein (b November 16, 1873, Alexanderdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 20, 1873, Heimtal Parish (GP: Christoph Kolke)) married Ottilie Dräger (b June 12, 1878, Eugenowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 25, 1878, Heimtal Parish), daughter of August Friedrich Dräger and Elisabeth Arndt, on January 27, 1910, in the Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish. Rudolph August Klein and Ottilie Dräger had two known children. *1873* (p612 #44)*, 1876* (p738 #232; Wanscha Dräger)*, 1879* (p786 #209) *and 1885* (p658 #740; Karoline Dräger) *Heimtal Parish Baptism Record*s*; and 1910 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Marriage Record,* p121 #18.

1. Jonathan Klein (b December 7, 1910, Eugenowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 26, 1910, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1910 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p58 #512.

2. Else Klein (b June 24, 1913, Eugenowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 7, 1913, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1913 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p55 #483.

- Wilhelmine Klein (b April 3, 1876, Alexanderdorf (Granidub), Volhynia, Russia; bap April 11, 1876, Heimtal Parish (GP: Friedrich Kolke and Christina Kolke)) married Karl Leophold Tiefensee (b~1870), probably in the mid to late-1890s. The family was in Marianowka as of July 1904, and at least into 1906, which may have been where *Ludwig Kolke* died and where his sons Johann Kolke and *Edward Kolke* stated was their last residence prior to emigrating to the United States; assuming it was the same town (which was in Emilchin Parish versus Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, which also had a village of the same name). Wilhelmine Klein and Karl Tiefensee had eight known children, at least two of whom emigrated to Canada *1876 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p732 #175.

1. Olga Tiefensee (January 7, 1900, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 7, 1900, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Theodor Henke) – September 30, 1979, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada), emigrated to Canada arriving in Québec on June 21, 1928. She married twice. *1900 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p17 #109.

M#1 On July 3, 1929, in Vancouver, British Columbia, Olga Tiefensee married Julius Albert (March 11, 1862, Volhynia, Russia – December 18, 1937, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada), widower of Melina Kuhlman). They had three known children: (1) Otto Joseph Albert (1929-2002; m November 10, 1950, in Vancouver, British Columbia, to Verna Lillian Barclay); (2) Lillian Albert (1931-1994);

and (3) Melita Albert (1937-2002; m July 2, 1955, in Vancouver, British Columbia, to Harold Cadwallader).

M#2 Married and divorced Albert Betker.

2. Edmund Tiefensee (b October 15, 1902 Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 2, 1902, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1902 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p39 #337.

3. Stillborn Infant Boy Tiefensee (July 13, 1904, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia - July 13, 1904, Marianowka, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia), twin of Lydia Tiefensee. *1904 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p103 #916.

4. Lydia Tiefensee (July 13, 1904, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 13, 1904, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish – October 10, 1904, Marianowka, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia), twin of Stillborn Infant Boy Tiefensee. *1904 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p103 #915*; and 1904 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p187 #353.

5. Reinhold Tiefensee (b December 11, 1905, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 11, 1906, Marianowka, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1906 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p23 #191.

6. Ferdinand (Fred) Tiefensee (June 24, 1908, Dermanka, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 24, 1908, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Ernst Bieberdorf and Emma (Kolke) Henke) – February 8, 1994, Squamish, British Columbia) emigrated to Québec, Canada, on April 22, 1928. On December 24, 1940, in Quesnel, British Columbia, Ferdinand (Fred) Tiefensee married Marjorie Olena Blundell (December 3, 1913, Edson, Alberta – November 15, 1998, Williams Lake, British Columbia). They had three known children: (1) Harvey Tiefensee (1948-2010); (2) Marian Tiefensee (m Larry Rosse); and (3) Dianne Marjorie Tiefensee (m Orville Stowell on June 27, 1962, Riske Creek). *1908 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p23 #198.

7. Meta Tiefensee (b March 1, 1910, Marianka, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 10, 1910, Dermanka, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Arnold Henke and Bertha Bieberdorf)). *1910 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p20 #165.

8. Ernst Tiefensee (b March 29, 1912, Rissowata, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 15, 1912, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1912 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p35 #304.

1928 SS Montroyal Manifests (Ferdinand and Olga Tiefensee)*; 1929 Vancouver, British Columbia, Marriage Record; 1979 Vancouver, British Columbia, Death Record; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Ocean View Burial Park, Vancouver (Olga and Julius Albert))*; 1916 Alberta/Prairie Census; 1940 Quesnel Cariboo Observer Marriage Announcement; 1950 The Vancouver Sun Marriage Announcement* (Arnold-Barclay)*; 1955 The Vancouver News Marriage Announcement* (Cadwallader-Albert)*; 1962 The Vancouver Sun Marriage Announcement* (Tiefensee-Stowell)*; 1968 US Petition for Naturalization* (Joseph Otto Albert)*; 1994 The Vancouver Sun Obituary* (Fred Tiefensee)*; 1998 The Williams Lake Tribune Obituary; and 2002 US Apps/Claims.*

- Friedrich Wilhelm Klein (b June 29, 1878, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap 1878, Heimtal Parish (GP: Wilhelm Kolke and Justina (Rode) Kolke)). *1878 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p811 #368.

- Ferdinand August Gustav Klein (b April 10, 1881, Mossijewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 18, 1881, Shitomir Parish) married Emilie Elsa/Else Pufal/Pufahl, on July 9, 1908, in Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish.

Ferdinand Klein and Emilie Pufal had three known children. *1883 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p421 #268*; and 1908 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Marriage Record,* p148 #101.

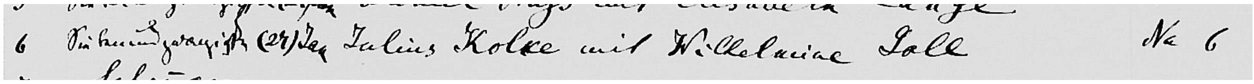
1. Ewald Klein (b August 10, 1909, Nowograd Wolhynsk, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 20, 1909, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1909 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p9 #71.

2. Ferdinand Klein (b May 15, 1913, Nowograd Wolhynsk, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 3, 1913, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish – January 3, 1915, Nowograd Wolhynsk, Volhynia, Russia). *1913 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p32 #273*; and 1915 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p264 #122.

3. Margarethe Klein (b March 26, 1918, Nowograd Wolhynsk, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 6, 1919, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1919 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p220 #100.

- Eduard Friedrich Klein (b June 26, 1883, Pokaschew, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 1, 1883, Shitomir Parish). *1885 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p50 #541.

[74] Julius Kolke is firmly established as a son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass in multiple *EWZ Personalblatts*, which is further confirmed by the relationships found in the baptismal records. Julius Kolke married Wilhelmine Gall (~1848, Rowno or Marcelindorf (Wolke), Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – 1916, Granburg, Russia), daughter of Andreas Gall (1812, Erazmów, Grand Duchy of Warsaw - >July 1863) and Carolina Böttcher (1820, Gośniewice/Warka, Congress Poland, Russia – October 20, 1907, Heimtal Parish), on January 27, 1867, in Shitomir Parish. Julius Kolke died in Tambov, Russia, which is 260 miles southeast of Moscow, and is 650 miles northeast of Shitomir. Wilhelmine Gall Kolke died the same year as her husband in Granburg, which I have been unable to geographically identify, but was probably in Russia. Julius Kolke and Wilhelmine Gall died after having their lands confiscated and being deported by Tsar Nicholas II as "enemies of the state" in July 1915. Julius Kolke and Wilhelmine Gall had ten known children. *1867 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p528 #6*; 1907 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p322 #160 (widow Karoline Gall (no maiden name), age 87, born in "Poland")*; 1915 Expropriation List; 1944EWZ1009457* (Reinhard Zissak) *(A3342EWZ58-H035 1964, 2930, 2938); 1944EWZ1020649* (August Kolke) (*A3342EWZ50-E028 0974*)*; and 1944EWZ1020550* (Johanna Kolke Pede) *(A3342EWZ50-G022 1322).*



6 [illegible] (27) Jan Julius Kolke mit Wilhelmine Gall № 6

*At least four known siblings of Wilhelmine Gall were born in Marcelindorf (Wolke), which is located just north of Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia:

1. Henriette Gall (b March 4, 1852, Marcelindorf, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1852 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p318 #59.

2. Johann Friedrich Gall (b March 20, 1855, Marcelindorf, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1855 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p295 #61.

3. Stephan Gall (December 1857, Marcelindorf, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – January 7, 1860, Marcelindorf, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1860 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p186 #18 (born Marcelindorf).

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4. Caroline Gall (b March 6, 1864, possibly Marcelindorf, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1864 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p9 #58.

• August Kolke (April 21, 1869, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 14, 1869, Shitomir Parish (GP: *Ludwig Kolke* and Emilie Kolke) - >October 31, 1944, ____) was living with his parents in Nedbajewka until 1873. In 1873, the family moved to Wyruby, where August Kolke lived into 1930.* In 1892, August Kolke married Marie/Maria Pedde (February 2, 1871, Heimtal, Volhynia, Russia – ≥July 1915, Maljasowka, Russia), daughter of Gottlieb Pedde (b ____, Polen (Congress Poland) – d ____, Heimtal) and Luise Steinke (b ____, Polen (Congress Poland)), who were also deported by the Tsar in July 1915. In July 1915, August Kolke's land in Wyruby was expropriated by Tsarist Russia, and he and his family were deported to Russia. August Kolke's *EWZ* states he lived in Wyruby between 1873-1930, with no mention of deportation. Marie Pedde Kolke's circa July 1915 death was the result of Tsarist Russian action in expropriating their land and deportation. August Kolke and Maria Pedde had nine known children. On April 4, 1944, August Kolke completed an *EWZ Personalblatt*. He was a resident of Sichelfeld, Wartheland, which was located in Nazi occupied Polish territory. On October 31, 1944, August Kolke was issued a *German Naturalization Certificate* and a *National Identity Card*, in Sichelfeld. *1869 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p307 #639*; 1915 Expropriation List; 1944EWZ1020649 (A3342EWZ50-E028 0974, 0978, 0980, 0982); 1944EWZ1020650* (Johanna Kolke Pede) *(A3342EWZ50-G022 1322); and 1944EWZ980327* (Edwin Pede) *(A3342EWZ50-G022 1238).*

*"August Kolke" is alleged to have been the natural father of Emilie Kolke (b October 8, 1884, Cholosna, Heimtal, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 10, 1884, Shitomir Parish), daughter of Gottlieb Kolke and Ernestine ____. August Kolke, son of Julius Kolke, would have been 15½ years old, and could have been the father. More likely, it was August Kolke, son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass, and brother of Julius Kolke, this August Kolke's father. *1885 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p128 #1504.

1. Johanna Kolke (August 1, 1896, Wyruby, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >October 31, 1944, ____) married Ferdinand Pedde (December 28, 1897, Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia – 1937, Verschleppt), son of Karl Pedde (Polen (Congress Poland, Russia) – 1921, Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia) and Marie Heise (November 8, 1868, Shitomir, Volhynia, Russia – July 1915, verschickung/died during deportation by the Tsar; m Karl Pede on February 16, 1885, in Heimtal Parish; daughter of Friedrich Heise and Anna Runge), on May 1, 1919, in Maksimowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia. They had two known children: (1) Erwin Pedde (July 28, 1925, Nedbajewka, Ukraine SSR - ≥1944, ____; 1944 in Waffen SS); and (2) Edwin Pedde (February 28, 1928, Nedbajewka, Ukraine SSR - >April 4, 1944, ___; was in Sichelfeld, Wartheland (occupied Poland), with his mother). As of April 4, 1944, Johanna Kolke Pedde was in Sichelfeld, Wartheland (occupied Poland); and as of October 31, 1944, was in Litzmannstadt,* Wartheland (occupied Poland), after the ghetto had been cleared out of its Jewish and Roma population.

   *Litzmannstadt was established as a ghetto in Łódź, Poland, in 1940. The Łódź Ghetto or Litzmannstadt Ghetto was a Nazi ghetto established by the German authorities for Polish Jews and Roma following the Nazi invasion of Poland. It was the second-largest ghetto in all of German-occupied Europe after the Warsaw Ghetto. On April 30, 1940, when the gates closed on the ghetto, it housed 163,777 residents. Because of its remarkable productivity, the ghetto managed to survive until August 1944. Less than a thousand of the 210,000 people who passed through the Łódź Ghetto survived the war.

   1868 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record, p138 #612*; 1885 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p707 #54*; 1944EWZ1020650* (Johanna Kolke Pede) *(A3342EWZ50-G022 1322, 1323, 1326, 1328, 1330, 1334); 1944EWZ980327* (Edwin Pede) *(A3342EWZ50-G022 1238, 1242,1244; and January 20, 1950, Arlosen*

Archives 02010101os #7043957 (Edwin Pedd, age 20 (b June 8, 1925, Nedbajewka), served in German Army, was in Giessen, West Germany, in July 1945, may have emigrated to America).

2. Olga Kolke (b June 27, 1900, Granidub/Alexanderdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 1, 1900, Wyruby Heimtal Parish). *1900 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p18 #136.

3. Reinhold Kolke (June 27, 1900, Granidub, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 1, 1902, Heimtal Parish – September 12, 1902, Wyruby, Volhynia, Russia). *1902 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p2 #17*; and 1902 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p164 #121.

4. Martha Kolke (b August 16, 1902, Wyruby, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 24, 1902, Heimtal Parish (GP: Anna Pedde and Gottlieb Ziesak)). *1902 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p2 #18.

5. Otto Kolke (b January 12, 1907, Wyruby, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 28, 1907, Heimtal Parish (GP: Karl Pedde and Anna Pedde)). *1907 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p14 #112.

6. Maria Kolke (b October 12, 1908, Wyruby, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 19, 1908, Heimtal Parish). *1908 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p137 #1058.

7. Alma Kolke (b October 27, 1909, Wyruby, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 6, 1909, Heimtal Parish (GP: Gottlieb Ziesak and Lydia (Kolke) Ziesak)). *1909 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p105 #103.

8. August Kolke (b March 18, 1911, Wyruby, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 28, 1911, Heimtal Parish (GP: (Julius) Reinhold Kolke and Lydia (Rakowski) Kolke)) - ≥1936-38, possibly Karélia, Komi Republic, Russia USSR). In 1936-38, August Kolke was resettled from Adolin (SW of Nowograd Wolhynsk) 1,900km to Karélia, Komi Republic, Russia. *1911 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p2 #9*; and NKVD Repatriation #2953.*

9. Adine Kolke (b December 1, 1912, Wyruby, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 14, 1912, Heimtal Parish). *1912 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p93 #908.

- Eva Kolke (January 27, 1871, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap 1871, Heimtal Parish (GP: Eva Gall)). *1872 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p651 #123.

- Helene Kolke (b November 1, 1873, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 17, 1873, Heimtal Parish (GP: Friedrich Kolke*)). *1873 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p609 #6.

*Friedrich Kolke, the sponsor of Helene Kolke and Arnold Ernst Kolke, would be Julius Kolke's brother, not his nephew (i.e. the son of *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*).

- Juliane Kolke (June 1876, Nedbajewka (Wyruby), Volhynia, Russia – August 28, 1876, Heimtal Parish). *1876 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p780 #14 (2M, born Wyruby).

- Wilhelmine Lidia Kolka (September 17, 1877, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 16, 1877, Heimtal Parish (GP: *Wilhelmine Wiese Kolke*) – 1916, Dnepropetrowsk, Russia). "Lydia" Kolke married Gottlieb Ziesak/Zissak (1872, Wyruby, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia - ≥1934, probably Russia USSR), son of Michael Zissak and Julia Sawal, sometime before 1897. Every generation of the Zissak family suffered at the hands of the Russians. Wilhelmine Lydia/Lidia Kolke Zissak died in 1916 in Dnepropetrowsk, Russia, about 450 km southeast of Kiev, when she was being deported by Tsar Nicholas II. Gottlieb Zissak was banished (verbannt/verschicht) in 1934/35, and probably died in exile. Lydia Kolke and Gottlieb Ziesak had six known children. Their known children and in-laws were also the victims of

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Stalin's repression in the 1930s. *1877 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p811 *#365; 1915 Expropriation List; 1944EWZ1009457* (Reinhard Zissak) *(A3342EWZ58-H035 1964) (A3342EWZ50-J048 2930); and 1944EWZ1045595* (Elsa Kühn Zisack) *(A3342EWZ50-J048 2426, 2437).*

1. Martha Zisack (b1897, probably Wyruby, Volhynia, Russia). *1944EWZ1045595 (A3342EWZ50-J048 2437).*

2. Reinhard Ziesak/Zissak/Zisack (July 31, 1903, Wyruby, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 3, 1903, Heimtal Parish (GP: August Kolke and Maria (Pedde) Kolke) – >October 10, 1944, ____) married Else/Elsa Kühn* (January 28, 1907, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 6, 1907, Heimtal Parish - >December 21, 1944, ____), on July 18, 1928, in Nedbajewka, Ukraine SSR. They had a son Richard Zissak (May 17, 1929, Wyruby, Ukraine SSR - >December 21, 1944, ____) who was "repatriated" from the Komi Republic in 1931. On October 10, 1944, Else Kühn Zissak was a resident of Kloster, Iglau, and Reinhard Zissak may have been in Waffen SS. As of December 21, 1944, Else Kühn Zissak was in Litzmannstadt, Wartheland (Łódź, occupied Poland), with their son. *1903* (p14 #115) *and 1907* (p121 #1073) *Heimtal Parish Baptism Records; NKVD Repatriation Record #7108; 1944EWZ1009457* (Reinhard Zissak) *(A3342EWZ58-H035 1964, 1965) (A3342EWZ50-J048 2930, 2931, 2934, 2936, 2938, 2940, 2944, 2946); and 1944EWZ1045595* (Elsa Kühn Zisack) *(A3342EWZ50-J048 2426, 2427, 2430, 2432, 2434, 2436, 2437, 2438).*

*Elsa Kühn was the daughter of August Kühn (1877 Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia – 1937, Verschleppt; m November 8, 1900, Heimtal Parish; s/o Andreas Kühn and Friedrike Sprenger) and Karoline Lokstädt (February 14, 1883, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia - >1930, possibly Siberia, Russia USSR). August Kühn and Karoline Lokstädt were verbannt (banished) in 1930 to Siberia, and August Kühn was verschleppt in 1937. Elsa Kühn Zisack wrote a five page addendum to her *EWZ*, which in great detail identified her family and their fates at the hands of the Bolsheviks. *1877 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p617 #291*; 1883 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p611 #107*; and 1900 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record*, p163 #165.

3. Albert Ziesak (July 10, 1906, Wyruby, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 16, 1906, Heimtal Parish - ≥1936-38, probably Russia USSR) married Elizabeth _____ (1909 - ≥1936-38, probably Russia USSR; daughter of Adam ____) and were resettled from Blisnitsa to Karélia, Komi Republic, Russia, in 1936-38. *1906 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p6 #44*; NKVD Repatriation #s 7104 and 7044; and 29531944EWZ1045595 (A3342EWZ50-J048 2437).*

4. Daniel Ziesak (1909, Wyruby, Volhynia, Russia - ≥1936-38, probably Russia USSR) may have married Wilhelmine _____ (1905 - ≥1936-38, probably Russia USSR; daughter of Adam ____). In 1936-38, they and their daughter Rita Ziesak (b1930, Raditsch, Ukraine SSR) were resettled from Kamenka/Shitomir 1,900km to Karélia, Komi Republic, Russia. *NKVD Repatriation #3691.*

5. Maria Ziesak (December 3, 1910, Wyruby, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 5, 1910, Heimtal Parish (GP: (Julius) Reinhold Kolke and Emilie (Polinski) Kolke) – January 2, 1911, Wyruby, Volhynia, Russia. *1910 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p95 #934*; and 1911 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p136 #104 (age 1M).

6. Robert Ziesak (b July 22, 1913, Wyruby, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 28, 1913, Heimtal Parish). *1913 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p12 #90.

- Justine Kolke (b December 20, 1879, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 26, 1879, Heimtal Parish (GP: August Kolke)) was not born in Rohrbach as *Odessa3* has recorded. A review of the original baptism record confirms her birth was in Nedbajewka. Justine/Justina Kolke married August Wesinger.

Aside from two children, I have been unable to locate any additional information about the Wesinger family. *1880 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record*, p437 #89.

1. Berthold Wesinger (b October 29, 1908, Bobritzkaja Buda, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 9, 1908, Heimtal Parish). *1908 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p95 #634.

2. Adele Wesinger (b January 31, 1913, Sorochin, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 24, 1913, Heimtal Parish (GP: Emil Drews)). *1913 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p82 #718.

- Arnold Ernst Kolke (b January 13, 1882, Wyruby, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 24, 1882, Heimtal Parish (GP: Friedrich Kolke* and Julie (Julianne) Kolke)). *1882 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p942 #110.

*Friedrich Kolke, the sponsor of Helene Kolke and Arnold Ernst Kolke, would be Julius Kolke's brother, not his nephew (i.e. the son of *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*).

- Ernestine Kolke (b October 27, 1885, Wyruby, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 29, 1885, Heimthal Parish). *1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p672 #936.

- Hertha Kolke (b1887-1893, Wyruby, Volhynia, Russia) married Emil Friedrich Drews* on May 25, 1911, in Heimtal Parish. They had two known children. *1911 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record*, p120 #77.

*Emil Drews was the brother of Reinhold Drews, whose son Alvin Drews who married Erna Kühn, daughter of Johanna Kolke (d/o August Kolke and Helene Biberdorf) and Gustav Kühn.

1. Erna Drews (b February 20, 1912, Wyruby, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 26, 1912, Heimtal Parish (GP: Friedrich Drews and Luise Drews)). *1912 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p3 #2.

2. Johanna Drews (b July 13, 1913, Sorochin, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 21, 1913, Bobritzkaja Buda, Heimtal Parish (GP: August Kolke and Maria Pedde Kolke)). *1913 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p82 #718.

- Julius Reinhold (a/k/a Reinhold) Kolke (b<1892, Wyruby, Volhynia, Russia).

[75] Ferdinand Kolke died in Orenburg, Russia, 1350 miles east of Shitomir, near Kazakhstan; after his deportation by Tsarist Russia. His wife was Henriette Schön (September 3, 1853, Marzelinhof, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - November 28, 1906, Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Michael Schön (b1814, Łódź, Grand Duchy of Warsaw) and Caroline Wittlef/Wittlief (1818 – July 23, 1908, Rohrbach, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). Henriette Schön Kolke and their daughter Juliane Kolke (1878-1894) died before July 1915, and are buried in the Nedbajewka Cemetery. Ferdinand Kolke and Henriette Schön had seven known children, although the gap between 1884 and 1897 leaves open the possibility for several others. *1853 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p318 #46 (confirms birth in Marzelinhof, not Beresowka per *EWZ*)*; 1906 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p153 #237*; 1915 Expropriations List; 1944EWZ905457* (Henriette Kolke Mundt) (*A3342EWZ50-F069 2260+*)*; and Gravemarkers Nedbajewka Cemetery* (Henriette Schön Kolke and Juliane Kolke (1878-1894)) (photos provided by Amanda Kienlen).

- Samuel Kolke (March 25, 1872, Rohrbach/Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 18, 1872, Heimtal Parish – June 23, 1872, Rohrbach, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1872 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p654 #199*; and 1872 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p667 #37.

- Auguste Kolke (b September 30, 1873, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 21, 1873, Heimtal Parish (GP: August Kolke)). *1873 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p609 #3.

- Karoline Kolke (November 4, 1875, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 15, 1875, Heimtal Parish (GP: *Wilhelmine Wiese Kolke*)) married Ludwig Lökstadt* probably before 1902, in Nedbajewka, where she and all of their six known children were born. *1875 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record*, p734 #193.

*Ludwig Lökstadt may have been related to Karoline Lökstadt, whose daughter Elsa Kuhn married Reinhard Ziesak, son of Lydia Kolke.

1. Leopold Lökstadt (November 2, 1902, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 4, 1902, Heimtal Parish (GP: Ludwig Mundt and Ottilie Kolke) – December 23, 1902, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia). *1902 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p133 #1189*; and 1902 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p175 #255.

2. Gustav Lökstadt (1904, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia – October 25, 1909, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia). *1909 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p152 #290 (age 5Y).

3. Blandine Lökstadt (b September 28, 1906, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 28, 1906, Heimtal Parish (GP: Natalie (Eggert) Kolke)). *1906 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p116 #1149.

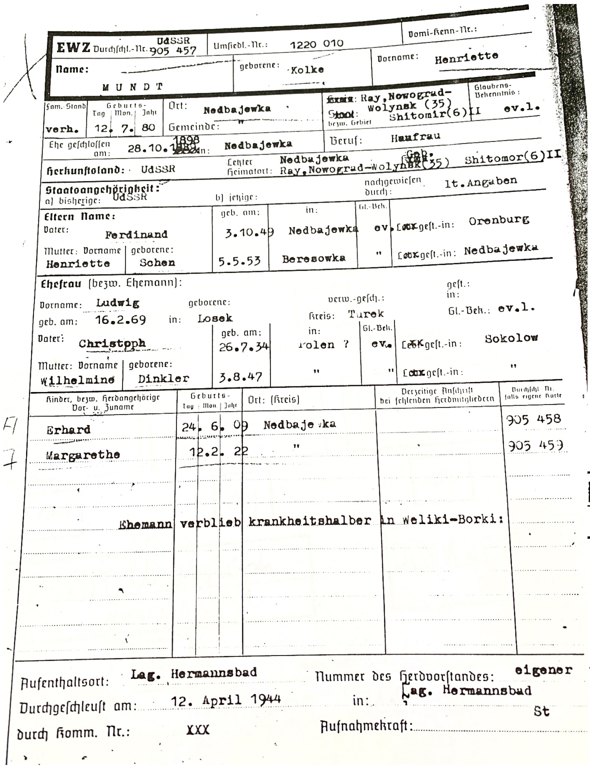
4. Johanna Lökstadt (b February 5, 1909 Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 11, 1909, Heimtal Parish (GP: Ludwig Mundt and Henriette (Kolke) Mundt)). *1909 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p105 #1040.

5. Robert Lökstadt (b June 20, 1911, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 25, 1911, Heimtal Parish (GP: August Kühn and Karoline Kühn)). *1911 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p111 #1093.

6. Adelina Lökstadt (b January 17, 1914, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 18, 1914, Heimtal Parish (GP: Emil Sonntag)). *1914 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p256 #890.

- Julianna/Juliane Kolke (April 4, 1878, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 23, 1878, Heimtal Parish (GP: Friedrich Kolke) – 1894, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia). *1878 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p815 #532*; and Gravemarkers Nedbajewka Cemetery* (Henriette Schön Kolke and Juliane Kolke (1878-1894)) (photos provided by Amanda Kienlen).

- Henriette Kolke (July 12, 1880, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia – 1946, Wesenberg, Mecklenburg, West Pomerania, East Germany) married Ludwig Mundt (February 16, 1869, Losek (Leszek), Turek (or Warsaw), Congress Poland, Russia – 1946, Wesenberg, Mecklenburg, West Pomerania, East Germany), on October 28, 1898, in Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia. Ludwig Mundt was the son of Christoph Mundt (July 26, 1834, Congress Poland, Russia - <June 1, 1903, Sokolow) and Wilhelmine Dinkler (August 3, 1847, Congress Poland, Russia – June 1, 1903, Koninsk; widow, age 64, bur Berezowo Hut, Heimtal Parish). As of April 12, 1944, Henriette Kolke Mundt was a resident of Hermannsbad, Wartheland, German occupied Poland, with son Erhard Mundt and daughter Margarethe Mundt. Her husband Ludwig Mundt had remained in Wegliki-Borki, Poland, because of illness. Henriette Kolke and Ludwig Mundt had eight known children. *1903 Heimtal Parish Burial Record*, p156 #57*; 1944EWZ905457* (Henriette Kolke Mundt) *(A3342EWZ50-F069 2260, 2264, 2266, 2268, 2272); 1944EWZ905458* (Erhard Mundt) *(A3342EWZ50-F069 2210, 2216); 1944EWZ904596* (Ewald Neumann) *(A3342EWZ50-F081 1486, 1502); and 1944EWZ904597* (Erna Mundt Neumann) *(A3342EWZ50-F081 1496).*



EWZ Durchſchl.-Nr. UdSSR 905 457 | Umſiedl.-Nr.: 1220 010 | Domi-Kenn-Nr.:

Name: M U N D T | geborene: Kolke | Vorname: Henriette

Fam.-Stand: verh.	Geburts- Tag Mon. Jahr: 12. 7. 80	Ort: Nedbajewka Gemeinde: "
~~Kreis~~: Ray, Nowograd-Wolynsk (35) ~~Staat~~ bezw. Gebiet: Shitomir(6)II	Glaubens-Bekenntnis: ev.l.	
Ehe geſchloſſen am: 28.10.1898	in: Nedbajewka	Beruf: Hausfrau

Herkunftsland: UdSSR | Letzter Heimatort: Nedbajewka Ray, Nowograd-Wolynsk (35) Geb. Shitomor(6)II

Staatsangehörigkeit: a) bisherige: UdSSR | b) jetzige: | nachgewieſen durch: lt. Angaben

Eltern Name:

	geb. am:	in:	Gl.-Bek.	
Vater: Ferdinand	3.10.49	Nedbajewka	ev.	~~Lebt~~ geſt.-in: Orenburg
Mutter: Vorname Henriette, geborene: Schen	5.5.53	Beresowka	"	~~Lebt~~ geſt.-in: Nedbajewka

Ehefrau (bezw. Ehemann):

Vorname: Ludwig | geborene: | verw.-geſch.: | geſt.: in:

geb. am: 16.2.69 | in: Losek | Kreis: Turek | Gl.-Bek.: ev.l.

	geb. am:	in:	Gl.-Bek.	
Vater: Christpph	26.7.34	Polen ?	ev.	~~Lebt~~ geſt.-in: Sokolow
Mutter: Vorname Wilhelmine, geborene: Dinkler	3.8.47	"	"	~~Lebt~~ geſt.-in: "

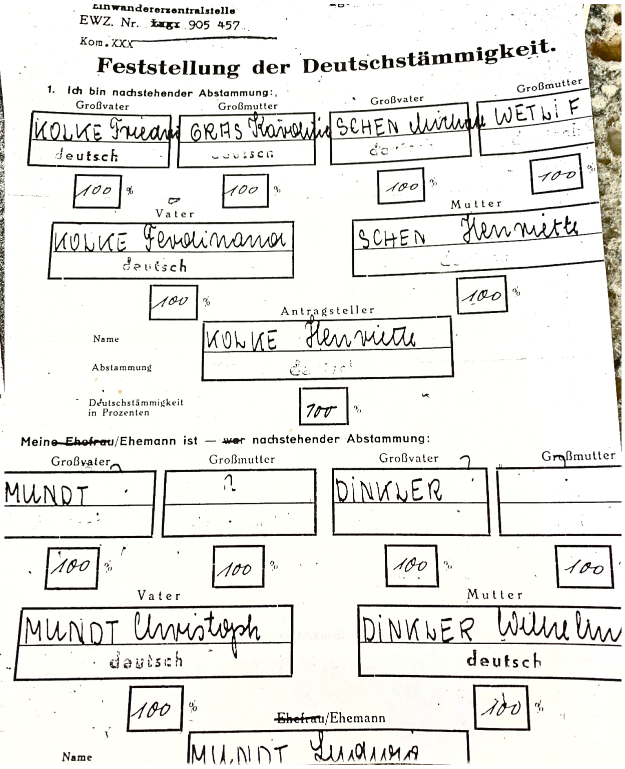
Kinder, bezw. Herdangehörige Vor- u. Zuname	Geburts- Tag	Mon.	Jahr	Ort: (Kreis)	Derzeitige Anſchrift bei fehlenden Herdmitgliedern	Durchſchl. Nr. falls eigene Karte
F1 Erhard	24.	6.	09	Nedbajewka		905 458
7 Margarethe	12.	2.	22	"		905 459

Ehemann verblieb krankheitshalber in Weliki-Borki:

Aufenthaltsort: Lag. Hermannsbad | Nummer des Herdvorſtandes: eigener

Durchgeſchleuſt am: 12. April 1944 | in: Lag. Hermannsbad

durch Komm. Nr.: XXX | Aufnahmekraft: St



Einwandererzentralstelle

EWZ. Nr. ~~Lager~~ 905 457

Kom. XXX

Feststellung der Deutschstämmigkeit.

1. Ich bin nachstehender Abstammung:

Großvater	Großmutter	Großvater	Großmutter
KOLKE Friedr	GRAS Karolin	SCHEN Mich	WETLIF
deutsch	deutsch	deutsch	
100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

Vater	Mutter
KOLKE Ferdinand	SCHEN Henriette
deutsch	
100 %	100 %

Antragsteller

Name: KOLKE Henriette

Abstammung: deutsch

Deutschstämmigkeit in Prozenten: 100 %

Meine ~~Ehefrau~~/Ehemann ist — ~~war~~ nachstehender Abstammung:

Großvater ?	Großmutter	Großvater ?	Großmutter
MUNDT	?	DINKLER	
100 %	100 %	100 %	100

Vater	Mutter
MUNDT Christoph	DINKLER Wilhelm
deutsch	deutsch
100 %	100 %

~~Ehefrau~~/Ehemann

Name: MUNDT Ludwig

The members of the Ludwig Mundt and Henriette Kolke, and of the Gustav Neumann and Marie Ottilie Kolke, families are also well documented in family photographs which were preserved by Melitta Neumann (b1938), daughter of Erna Mundt and Ewald Neumann. Melitta Neumann is identified as the German owner of the original photographs which bear dates of 1944 (of Margarete Mundt and Ewald Kolke* in Hermannsbad, Wartheland (occupied Poland)); 1956 (of Erna, Johanna and Ida Mundt in Turgen, Kazakhstan); and 1976 (of her aunt Margarethe Mundt Dick in Canada). It appears from the photographs many of the family were deported/relocated from Tiege, Ukraine SSR, to Turgen, Almaty, Kazakhstan, probably shortly after the Germans invaded Russia in Operation Barbarossa, in June 1941. In July 1951, part of the Neumann family was in Archangel, Russia. Erna, Johanna and Ida Mundt were in Turgen, Kazakhstan, as of 1956. Bruno Neumann served in the Soviet Navy in the mid-1950s, and was in Leningrad (St. Petersburg) as of 1970. Erna (Mundt) and Ewald Neumann were still in Turgen, Kazakhstan, as of 1970.

*Ewald Kolke was probably the son of Herbert Kolke (b1900, Emilchin; son of August Kolke (b1853; son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke) and Helen Bieberdorf) and Martha Grass, who was born in 1927, in Slobodka, Ukraine SSR, and would have been seventeen years old. Henriette Kolke Mundt's father Ferdinand Kolke and August Kolke were brothers.

I suspect many in the Mundt and Neumann families emigrated to Germany after the fall of the Soviet Union, which is evidenced by the multiple deaths in Hannover, Germany. The family history and genealogy is also well documented.

Arolsen Archives (Adolf Dick, Ref. Nos. 4685006, 10008589, and 10008593; Doc. Nos. 70969759, 71030143, and 71030278) (possibly a forced laborer; was in the Soviet Occupation Zone post-war)*; 2005 and 2007 London Free Press and Kitchener Waterloo Record Obituaries* (Adolf Dick and Margarete Mundt Dick)*; 1957 and 1963 Waterloo, Ontario, Voters Lists; and Genealogical Card File, Mennonite Historical Society*, Lancaster, Pennsylvania.

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1. Bernhard Mundt (1904, Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia - 1958, Turgen, Almaty, Kazakhstan) married Lydia Gall (January 29, 1910, Granidub, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 29, 1910, Heimtal Parish (GP: Gustav Kallasch and Wilhelmine Kallasch) – 2003, Konstamz, Baden-Württemberg, Germany), daughter of Gustav Gall and Bertha Kühn. Between 1936-38, the family was resettled from Wladin to Alma-Atinskaya Oblast, Kazakhstan USSR. *1910 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p7 #58*; and NKVD Repatriation #s 12426* (Lidia, father Ludwig) *and 12427.*

2. Johanna Mundt (July 24, 1906, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 6, 1906, Heimtal Parish (GP: Wilhelm Kolke) – 1983, Hannover, Germany) married Reinhold Neumann (____ - 1946, Alexandrowka, Kazakhstan USSR), son of Johann Neumann, in 1925, in Nedbajewka, Ukraine SSR. They had four known children.* In 1936-38, the family was resettled to Alma-Atinskaya Oblast, Kazakhstan.* *1906 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p116 #1144.

*I located five children of "Reinhold Neumann" who were resettled to Alma-Atinskaya Oblast, Kazakhstan: *NKVD Repatriation #s 4963* (Eduard b1925, res Staraja Huta)*, 12439* (Ernst b1928, res Emilchin)*, 4801* (Gerhart b1929, res Gorschtschik)*, 12438* (Otto b1930, res Piechow) *and 12434* (Ella/Elle/Elenora b1935, res of Startschanka). From the sparse record, I could not determine if they were from this family, and given the dates of birth and geographic locations several probably aren't. The children identified below are from family history, which appears to be accurate.

a. Ernst Neumann (1925, Nedbajewka, Ukraine SSR - 1998, Hannover, Germany) was resettled to Alma-Atinskaya Oblast, Kazakhstan, in 1936-38.

b. Ella Neumann (1928, Nedbajewka, Ukraine SSR – October 1958 Turgen, Almaty, Kazakhstan, USSR) was resettled to Alma-Atinskaya Oblast, Kazakhstan, in 1936-38, where she married Ali Eristov.

c. Otto Neumann (May 1930 Nedbajewka, Ukraine SSR – December 12, 2001, Hannover, Germany) was resettled to Alma-Atinskaya Oblast, Kazakhstan, in 1936-38.

d. Oswald Neumann (1938, Alexandrowka, Kazakhstan USSR – 2002, Hannover, Germany).

3. Erhard Mundt (June 10, 1909, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 12, 1909, Heimtal Parish - 1947, Wesenberg, Mecklenburg, Germany) was in Hermannsbad, Wartheland (occupied Poland), with his mother, as of April 12, 1944. *1909 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p106 #1044*; 1944EWZ905458* (Erhard Mundt) *(A3342EWZ50-F069 2210, 2214, 2216, 2218, 2222); and 1944EWZ905457* (Henriette Kolke Mundt) *(A3342EWZ50-F069 2260).*

4. Erna Mundt (June 19, 1911, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 3, 1911, Heimtal Parish (GP: Alexander Mundt and Ottilie (Marie Ottilie Kolke) Neumann) – March 11, 2003, Hannover, Germany) married Ewald Neumann (July 16, 1903, Elisabethpol, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 20, 1903, Heimtal Parish - June 3, 1984, Hannover, Germany), son of Rudolf Neumann (June 8, 1878, Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia – Relocated as of 1944; s/o Peter Neumann and Justina ____) and Ottilie Jabs (April 23, 1884, Stawtschanka – 1944 Res. of Konin), on June 25, 1930, in Nedbajewka, Ukraine SSR. As of May 27, 1944, the family was residing in Posen (Poznań), German occupied Poland. They had four known children. *1878 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p774 #66*; 1903 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p10 #73*; 1911 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p111 #1095*; and 1944EWZ904596* (Ewald Neumann) *and 1944EWZ904597* (Erna Mundt Neumann) (*A3324EWZ50-F081 1486, 1490, 1492, 1496, 1498*).

a. Ira Neumann (b October 31, 1932, Nedbajewka, Ukraine SSR). *1944EWZ904596* (Ewald Neumann) *and 1944EWZ904597* (Erna Mundt Neumann) (*A3324EWZ50-F081 1486, 1490, 1492, 1496, 1498*).

b. Bruno Neumann (October 4, 1936, Tiege, Ukraine SSR – August 31, 2014, Hannover, Germany). *1944EWZ904596* (Ewald Neumann) *and 1944EWZ904597* (Erna Mundt Neumann) (*A3324EWZ50-F081 1486, 1490, 1492, 1496, 1498*).

c. Melitta Neumann (b June 13, 1938, Tiege, Ukraine SSR). *1944EWZ904596* (Ewald Neumann) *and 1944EWZ904597* (Erna Mundt Neumann) (*A3324EWZ50-F081 1486, 1490, 1492, 1496, 1498*).

d. Alfred Neumann (b March 31, 1940, Tiege, Ukraine SSR). *1944EWZ904596* (Ewald Neumann) *and 1944EWZ904597* (Erna Mundt Neumann) (*A3324EWZ50-F081 1486, 1490, 1492, 1496, 1498*).

5. Reinhard Mundt (February 2, 1913, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 13, 1913, Heimtal Parish (GP: Helene (Hiller) Kolke) – April 9, 1913, Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1913 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p109 #958*; and 1913 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p157 #278.

6. Ida Mundt (August 25, 1914, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 30, 1914, Heimtal Parish (GP: Karl Mundt and Paulina Mundt) - 1965, Baltabay, Almaty, Kazakhstan USSR) may have married (second) Julius Schiller (____ - 1975, Baltabay, Kazakhstan USSR). *1914 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p258 #902.

7. Melitta Mundt (1920, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia - 1941, Ukraine SSR).

8. Margarethe Mundt (February 22, 1922, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia – July 5, 2007, Kitchener, Ontario, Canada) was a resident of Hermannsbad, Wartheland (occupied Poland), as of April 12, 1944. She married Adolf Dick (November 7, 1923, Merelbeke, Belgium - July 2005, Waterloo, Ontario), and they had three known sons: Gerard, Arthur and Alfred Dick. *1944EWZ905459; and 1944EWZ905457* (Henriette Kolke Mundt) *(A3342EWZ50-F069 2260).*

- Marie Ottilie Kolke (April 13, 1884, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia – 1935, verschickt/deported) married Gustav Neumann (May 17, 1877, Nedbajewka; bap May 29, 1877, Heimtal Parish (GP: Ferdinand Kolke (his future father-in-law) – ≥July 1915), son of Ferdinand Neumann and Anna Justina Fischbach, on February 12, 1903, in Heimtal Parish. Gustav's brother Adolf Neumann married Marie Ottilie's sister Adine/Adina Kolke. Gustav Neumann, son of Ferdinand Neumann, is identified as having his land expropriated by Tsarist Russia, in July 1915, and being deported to Russia. Marie Kolke Neumann was verschickt/deported in 1935, and her fate is unknown. Marie Ottilie Kolke and Gustav Neumann had five known children. *1878 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record*, p812 #279*; 1903 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record*, p144 #70*; 1915 Expropriation List; and 1943EWZ763866* (Ewald Neumann) *and 1943EWZ763867* (Erna Neumann) *(A3342EWZ50-F081 1180; 1190, 1552, 1562).*

1. Erna Neumann (b February 8, 1904, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 15, 1904, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish) was in Litzmannstadt (Łódź), Wartheland (occupied Poland), as of October 8, 1943. *1904 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p90 #793*; and 1943EWZ763867* (Erna Neumann) *(A3342EWZ50-F081 1180; 1184, 1188, 1190).*

2. Alvil (Alvin?) Neumann (b September 25, 1906, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 11, 1906, Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Eduard Neumann and Emma Neumann)). *1906 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p53 #467.

3. Woldemar Neumann (b September 30, 1908, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 22, 1908, Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Michael Neumann and Blandine Neumann)). *1908 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p68 #601.

4. Meta Neumann (b June 3, 1912, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 24, 1912, Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Adolf Neumann and Emilie Neumann) – 1998, Bonn, Germany). *1912 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p71 #629.

5. Ewald Neumann (March 2, 1914, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 5, 1914, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Friedrich Neumann and Helene Neumann) – June 3, 1984, Hannover, Germany) was in Litzmannstadt (Łódź), Wartheland (occupied Poland), as of October 8, 1943. *1914 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p28 #238*; and 1943EWZ763866* (Ewald Neumann) *(A3342EWZ50-F081 1552, 1558, 1562).*

• Adina Kolke (May 14, 1897, Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia – March 16, 1982, Kazakhstan USSR), whom I had listed as a "stray," is postulated by others (i.e. Martin G. Klotz) to be a daughter of Ferdinand Kolke and Henriette Schön, born thirteen years after Marie Ottilie Kolke, their last "recorded" child, during a "dead period" in the Evangelical Lutheran Church records, when Ferdinand would have been 48 years of age and Henriette would have been 44 years old. The "connection" would be Adine/Adina's husband Adolf Neumann* was the brother of Gustav Neumann, her sister Marie Ottilie's husband. Photographs of the family and a level of completeness of his research convinced me of the accuracy of Martin G. Klotz's family tree.

*Adolf/Adolph Neumann (February 6, 1883, Makowetz, Shitomir, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 10, 1883, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Friedrich Neumann and Eva Neumann) – 1935, Ukraine SSR), son of Ferdinand Neumann and Justine/Justina Fischbuch, married Helene Augustine/Justine Hammermeister (b February 24, 1877, Grosshof-Mossijewka, Shitomir, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Heinrich Hammermeister and Maria Rink, on January 24, 1907, in Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish. In their marriage record her surname was "Neumann," and maiden name "Hammermeister," which indicates she was previously married to a Neumann. They had one known child: daughter Lilly Neumann (b August 31, 1912, Makowetz, Nowograd Wolhynsk, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 3, 1912, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). Gustav Neumann and Helene Hammermeister Neumann sponsored Michael Neumann (Gustav and Adolf's brother) and Emilie Hammermeister (Helene's sister) Neumann's son Gustav Neumann (b August 4, 1909, Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk, Volhynia, Russia). I have been unable to determine the fate of Helene Augustine/Justine Hammermeister Neumann, or of daughter Lilly Neumann. *1877* (p465 #182) *and 1883* (p477 #1214) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; 1907 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Marriage Record,* p147 #22*; and 1909* (p59 #516) *and 1912* (p85 #749) *Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Records.*

Adine/Adina Kolke married Adolf Neumann on December 30, 1915, in Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, two months after the birth of their first child Otto. Adolph Neumann, son of Ferdinand Neumann, is identified as having his land expropriated by Tsarist Russia, in July 1915, and the family was deported to Russia. This probably explains the gap between their first two children; although most deportations and expropriations of property occurred in July 1915. Adina Kolke and Adolf Neumann had eight known children. *1915 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Marriage Record*, p252 #50*; and 1915 Expropriation List.*

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1. Otto Neumann (b October 20, 1915, Poltawa, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 13, 1915, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Michael Neumann and Emilie Hammermeister Neumann)). *1915 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p239 #279.

2. Reinhard Neumann (b June 28, 1919, Makowetz, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 12, 1919, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Eduard Lange and Hulda Lange)). *1919 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p240 #280.

3. Valentina Neumann (September 14, 1922, Makowetz, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia – February 3, 2017) married George Kleberle.

4. Edelbert Neumann (November 21, 1924, Annette/Josephine, Ukraine SSR - 1990, Schweinfurt, Bavaria, Germany) married Adina Kühn (September 9, 1925 – May 20, 2019).

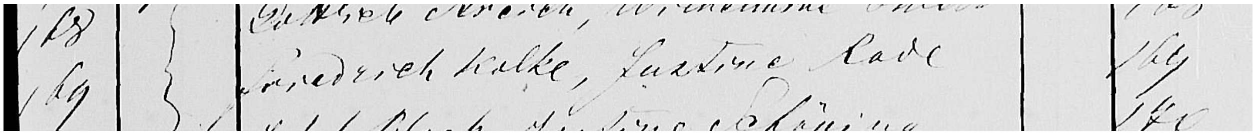
5. Ewald Neumann (September 29, 1926, Annette, Ukraine SSR - 1992) married Lidia Sacharowa (July 27, 1921 – September 24, 2010).

6. Elmira Neumann (December 23, 1931, Ukraine SSR – December 11, 1983) married Alexander Pekrul (August 27, 1935, Ukraine SSR - 1965), son of Berthold Pekrul (s/o Ferdinand Pekrul (s/o Jakob Pekruhl and Wilhelmine Kolke)) and Hulda Kolke (d/o Juliane Kolke (d/o Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass)) and Emilia König.

7. Asser Neumann (b1935) married Ekaterina _______.

8. Ludmilla Neumann (b1935) married Hugo Lang.

[76] Friedrich Kolke married Justine Rode* (January 9, 1859, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 6, 1859, Shitomir Parish (GP: Wilhelm Grass and Maria Biberdorf) - ≥October 12, 1884 probably Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Daniel Rode** and Helene Biberdorf** (b1830, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; m Daniel Rode on July 30, 1850, Shitomir Parish), on June 7, 1878, in the Shitomir Parish. Justina Rode Kolke sponsored Friedrich Wilhelm Klein, son of Friedrich Klein and Helene Kolke, in Nedbajewka in 1878. The first appearance I found for Friedrich Kolke was in the 1866 baptism of Wilhelm Kolke, second son of *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*. In the 1870s, Friedrich Kolke sponsored Helene Kolke (daughter of Julius Kolke); Julianna Kolke (daughter of Ferdinand Kolke); and Wilhelmine Klein (daughter of Friedrich Klein and Helene Kolke). Beginning around 1882, Friedrich Kolke or Justine Rode Kolke, along with other children of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass, sponsored the children of Julius (Arnold Ernst Kolke), Julianne (Hulda Kolke), Wilhelmine (Marie Lydia Bohm and Gustav Eduard Bohm), August (Ottillie Kolke), and Ernestine (Adolphine Emmeline Klebe) Kolke. This time period is important because the only other known Friedrich Kolke was the son of *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*, who was probably too young to be a sponsor until the 1880s. Finally, there is room between Ferdinand Kolke (1849) and August Kolke (1853), for a son Friedrich Kolke named after his father. In July 1915, the Friedrich Kolke family had its land expropriated and was deported to Russia. Unfortunately, the *EWZ Feststellungs* of Friedrich Kolke and Justine Rode's grandchildren do not include the grandparents, and thus their fate is unknown. Friedrich Kolke and Justine Rode had four known and three possible children (*but see* below re: Friedrich Kolke's possible marriage to Mathilde Henke). *1878 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p623 #169*; and 1915 Expropriations List*.



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*Justine Rode was one of nine known children of Daniel Rode (26=1831, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; son of Christian Rode (60=1797; s/o Andreas Rode) and Elisabeth Barck (57=1800; d/o Peter Barck)) and Helene Biberdorf (b1830, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia; daughter of Friedrich Bieberdorf and Helene Luther), who married on July 30, 1850, probably in Annette, Shitomir Parish. In November 1857, Daniel Rode and Helena Bieberdorf were living in Annette with his parents, and their three children. *1850 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p255 #26*; and Revision of November 30, 1857, in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #12.

1. Reina (Regina) Rode (6 = 1851, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia) married Johann Rink (14=1843, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia), son of Michael Rink and Helena Ströbel (HH#11, Annette), on February 27, 1867, in Annette. *Revision of November 30, 1857, in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 11 and 12*; and 1867 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p528 #11.

2. Helene Rode (b January 19, 1853, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 10, 1853, Shitomir Parish (GP: Theodor Müller (HH#10, Annette), Peter Biberdorf, Susanna Biberdorf Ströbel (HH#35, Annette) and Helene Biberdorf)). *1853 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p315 #11.

3. Julius Rode (3 = 1854, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *Revision of November 30, 1857, in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #12.

4. August Rode (1 = b December 8, 1856, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 11, 1857, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Biberdorf s/o Friedrich Biberdorf and Helene Luther)). *1857 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p376*; and Revision of November 30, 1857, in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #12.

5. Justina Rode (b January 9, 1859, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 6, 1859, Shitomir Parish (GP: Wilhelm Grass and Maria Biberdorf)). *1859 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p277 #52.

6. Michael Rode (b September 15, 1864, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 8, 1864 (GP: Johann Jacob Ströbel (HH#35, Annette) and Anna Biberdorf Müller (w/o Theodor Müller, HH#10, Annette)). *1864 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p14 #97.

7. Ernst Rode (November 16, 1866, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 27, 1866, Shitomir Parish (GP: Wilhelm Rink and Anna Biberdorf Müller)). *1867 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p502 #46.

8. Heinrich Eduard Rode (b December 24, 1868, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 19, 1869, Shitomir Parish (GP: Karl Klein and Anna Biberdorf Müller)). *1869 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p276 #57.

9. Reinhold Rode (b March 27, 1871, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 4, 1871, Shitomir Parish (GP: Ephraim Biberdorf and Anna Drude)). *1871 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p527 #8.

*According to Carine Würch on *Geneanet*, citing an email from Alfred Schön, Justine Rode Kolke died around 1886, and widower Friedrich Kolke married Mathilde Henke (b January 11, 1870, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 23, 1870, Shitomir Parish), daughter of Adolf August Julius Henke and Christine Biberdorf (d/o Johann Biberdorf and Helena Drews) in circa 1888-88, and they had three children. She did not identify Friedrich Kolke as a son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass,

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nor did she include Rudolph Ephraim Kolke as the child of Friedrich Kolke and Justine Rode. I certainly cannot rule out the possibility that Justine Rode Kolke died circa 1886, and/or that Friedrich Kolke remarried; although Mathilde Henke would have only been sixteen years of age in 1886, and eighteen when their first child was allegedly born in 1888. *1870 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p169 #55.

*Another Justine/Justina Rode/Rohde (____ - ≥November 23, 1885, ____), parents unidentified (but possibly one of the descendants of Friedrich Rode, whose children lived in Household #18 of Annette in November 1857), married Simon Peter Wagner (January 26, 1853, Liski, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >February 1885, ____), son of Friedrich Wagner and Anna Ziesmann, on September 3, 1879, in the Heimtal Parish; which was after Friedrich Kolke and Justine Rode's first child was born and whose Godparents were members of the Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and related families. Simon Wagner and Justina Rode/Rohde's daughter Lüdia/Lydia Wagner (b December 8, 1881, Warwarowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia) married August Kolke (b October 16, 1872, Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia), son of *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*, on July 10, 1902, in the Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish. Another daughter Olga Wagner (November 7, 1885, Warwarowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia – November 23, 1885, Warwarowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia) died at age sixteen days. *1853 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p328 #126*; 1879 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p831 #78*; 1882* (p954 #256) *and 1885* (p641 #499) *Heimtal Prish Baptism Records; and 1885 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p736 #391.

**There was another Daniel Rode (36=1821; son of Friedrich Rode) and his wife Caroline Drude (36=1821; daughter of Michael Drude) who were also living in HH#18, Annette, as of November 1857, with their four children: Anna Rode (13=1844); Christian Rode (10=1847); Heinrich Rode (6=1851); and Euphrosine Rode (2=1855). *Revision of November 30, 1857, in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #18.

- Rudolph Ephraim Kolke (May 18, 1879, Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia – June 8, 1879, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1879 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p838 #46 (age 21 days).

- Eduard Friedrich Kolke (b August 24, 1881, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 16, 1882, Heimtal Parish). *1882 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p946 #151.

- Emma Frieda Kolke (b November 15, 1882, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 19, 1882, Heimthal Parish (GP: August Kolke)) married Emil Sonntag (March 26, 1877, Marianin, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >January 1914), on November 26, 1903, in Heimtal Parish. Emma Frieda Kolke and Emil Sonntag had six known children. *1883 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p806 #192*; and 1903 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record*, p148 #121.

    1. Hertha Sonntag (b January 19, 1907, Maksimowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 28, 1907, Heimtal Parish (GP: Eduard Kolke and Pauline Kolke)). *1907 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p1 #2.

    2. Herbert Sonntag (February 8, 1909, Maksimowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 24, 1909, Heimtal Parish (GP: Wilhelm Kolke and Wilhelmine (Kolke) Böhm) - >January 13, 1933, probably Russia) married Auguste ____. They had two known children: Herta Sonntag and Sigard Sonntag. In 1932, the family were residents of Ostrowka, Pulin District, Ukraine SSR. On September 4, 1932, Herbert Sonntag was arrested by Pulin GPU (successor to Cheka; predecessor to NKVD) under Article 54-10 (conducting anti-Soviet propaganda and agitation). On January 13, 1933, he was tried by a Special Conference with the USSR GPU, and sentenced to three years imprisonment in a Concentration Camp. *1909 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p12 #106*; and CPU Arrest #2334.*

3. Richard Sonntag (b July 15, 1910, Maksimowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 25, 1910, Heimtal Parish (GP: Ludwig Lockstädt and Karoline (Kolke) Lockstädt)). *1910 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p3 #15.

4. Albert Sonntag (b March 25, 1912, Maksimowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 30, 1912, Heimtal Parish (GP: Julius Schelling and Ida (Kolke) Schelling)). *1912 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p3 #8.

5. Adeline Sonntag (August 16, 1913, Maksimowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 24, 1913, Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish (GP: Gustav Kolke) – September 15, 1913, Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1913 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p111 #973*; and 1913 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p158 #286.

6. Alma Sonntag (b September 15, 1914, Maksimowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 21, 1914, Heimtal Parish (GP: Karl Böhm and Mathilde Kolke*)). *1914 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p254 #884.

*Mathilde Kolke probably wasn't Hulda Mathilde Hemminger who married Rudolf Kolke in August 1906. *1906 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p130 #180. She may have been Mathilde Auguste Gruenstern/Gueldenstern who married Rudolph Kolka, son of *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*, in February 1913. *1913 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p145 #54.

- Auguste Kolke (b October 12, 1884, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 1884, Heimtal Parish (GP: Wilhelm Kolke and Henriette Schön Kolke). *1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p611 #104 (mother's name listed as "Auguste Rohde").

If Justine Rode Kolke didn't die circa 1886-88, and if Friedrich Kolke didn't marry Mathilde Henke, then they may have had one or more of the following children:

- Ida Kolke (b >1885<1889) is included as a suspected child of Friedrich Kolke and Justine Rode based upon the sponsors of her children, and her and her husband's sponsorship of Albert Sonntag, son of Emma Frieda Kolke (her probable sister) and Emil Sonntag, on March 30, 1912. On February 7, 1907, Ida Kolke married Julius Schelling (<1889-≥1912), in Heimtal Parish. A Julius Schilling, son of Christopher Schilling, is listed as having his land expropriated by Tsarist Russia, in July 1915, and being deported to Siberia, Central Asia or the Ural Mountains. I am unable to determine at this time if this was Ida Kolke's husband, but I suspect it was their family who was deported and had their land confiscated. Ida Kolke and Julius Schelling had three known children. *1907 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record*, p3 #38*; and 1915 Expropriation List.*

1. Elise Schelling (b April 6, 1908, Maksimowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 15, 1908, Heimtal Parish (GP: Theodor Kolke and Augustina Kolke)). *1908 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p5 #34.

2. Karl Schelling (b November 16, 1910, Maksimowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 24, 1910, Heimtal Parish (GP: Christian Schelling and Natalie (Eggert) Kolke)). *1910 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p42 #402.

3. Alexander Schelling (b February 20, 1913, Maksimowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 26, 1913, Heimtal Parish (GP: Emil Sonntag and Emma (Frieda Kolke) Sonntag)). *1913 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p8 #54.

- Joseph/Josef Kolke (September 20, 1888, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia - <May 31, 1944, Tiege, Ukraine SSR) married Helene (Elena) Hiller/Heller (November 15, 1889, Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia,

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Russia - <May 31, 1944, Tiege, Ukraine SSR), possibly the daughter of Johann Hiller and Wilhelmine Schmidt, on August 8, 1907, in Heimtal Parish. In 1934, Joseph Kolke and Helene Hiller moved their family to Tiege, Molotchna Colony, Ukraine SSR, located just north of the Sea of Azov in southeastern Ukraine. The Village of Tiege was established in 1805, and was part of the greater Mennonite settlement known as the Molotchna Colony, which was founded in 1804. In the 1930s, Tiege lost 47 of its men who were sent to the Komi Republic or Siberia, Russia. In June 1941, the Soviets ordered all Mennonites in the Molotschna Colony to be evacuated; and the entire population of Tiege (484 people) was sent to Kazakhstan. Among the deportees were Joseph Kolke's sons Edmund Kolke and Leo Kolke, who were verschleppt on August 13, 1941. Somehow their wives, and one child, managed to escape and ended up in Puderitz, Posen, as of February 20, 1944. *1907 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record*, p8 #120*; Molotschna Historical Atlas*, by Helmut Huebert, pp 189-190 (2003)*; and 1944EWZ924427* (Maria Buller Kolke) *and 1944EWZ904910* (Marie Block Kolke) *(A3342EWZ50-E028 1968, 1072, 1074, 1086, 1090, 1092)*. The story of the Mennonites in Russia/Ukraine is from an article in *The Mennonite*, by J. Nelson Kraybill, Mennonite World Conference, January 7, 2019:

> "Few descendants of German-speaking Mennonites who once established more than 400 villages remain in Ukraine today.
>
> "Mennonites moved to Ukraine from Prussia starting in 1789 at the invitation of Catherine the Great. These German-speaking Anabaptists established successful farms, businesses and agencies. They began to leave in the 1870s, when the Russian government withdrew conscientious objector status and farmland became available in North America.
>
> "The 20th century brought severe hardship for those who remained in Ukraine—from anti-landowner violence during the Bolshevik revolution to confiscation of land, executions by the Stalinist government and deportation to Siberia.
>
> "Today, many towns established by Mennonites are sparsely populated, poor and dilapidated. Residents often know nothing of who built the villages."

* * *

> "When the German army swept through Ukraine, soldiers took the students at the Mennonite school serving 130 hearing and speech impaired children at Tiege out to a field and shot them." *J. Nelson Kraybill.*

Joseph Kolke and Helene Hiller had four known children.

1. Herbert Kolke (July 1908, Nedbajowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 27, 1908, Heimtal Parish (GP: Ludwig Mundt and Henriette (Kolke) Mundt) – November 14, 1908, Nedbajowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia Russia). *1908 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p146 #1146*; and 1908 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p182 #246.

2. Edmund Kolke (January 25, 1910, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 27, 1910, Heimtal Parish (GP: Friedrich Hiller and Emilie Hiller) - >August 13, 1941, probably Kazakhstan USSR) married Maria Buller (April 21, 1906, Tiege, Russia - >June 3, 1944), daughter of Peter Buller (March 14, Slubik, Province of Poznan, Prussia - <June 1944, Tiege, Ukraine SSR) and Helene Regehr/Regier (April 9, 1872, Gnadental, Volhynia, Russia - <June 1944, Tiege, Ukraine SSR), on September 30, 1934, in Tiege, Ukraine SSR; where Edmund Kolke had moved or moved to after their wedding. On August 13, 1941, Edmon Kolke, son of Josef Kolke, was verschleppt from Staraja Huta, Ukraine SSR, 4,500km to Semipalatinsk, Kazakhstan, and appears to have never returned. On June 3, 1944, Maria

Buller Kolke was a resident of Puderitz, Posen (Poznań), Wartheland (occupied Poland). *1910 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p101 #992*; NKVD Repatriation #11695; 1944EWZ924427* (Maria Buller Kolke) *(A3342EWZ50-E028 1968, 1072, 1074, 1076, 1077, 1080); and Captured German Film 2 Marriages, Odessa3 War Documents*.

3. Leo Kolke (February 7, 1912, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 8, 1912, Heimtal Parish (GP: Friedrich Hiller) - >August 13, 1941, probably Kazakhstan USSR) probably moved to Tiege, Ukraine SSR, with his brother Edmund Kolke, in 1934. On January 2, 1940, Tiege, Ukraine SSR, Leo Kolke married Marie Block (August 17, 1911, Tiege, Ukraine SSR - >May 31, 1944), daughter of Jakob Block (1860, Kronsweide - verschleppt) and Katherine Wiebe (1876, Neuendorf – ≥1944). They had one child, son Arnhold Kolke (b January 8, 1941, Tiege, Ukraine SSR). On August 13, 1941, Leo Kolke was verschleppt to Kazakhstan, with his brother Edmund Kolke, and appears to have never returned. On May 31, 1944, Maria Buller Kolke and their son Arnhold Kolke were residents of Posen (Poznań), Wartheland (occupied Poland). *1912 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p99 *#967; 1944EWZ904910* (Marie Block Kolke) *(A3342EWZ50-E028 1086, 1090, 1092, 1094, 1095, 1098); and Captured German Film 2 Marriages, Odessa3 War Documents.*

4. Bruno Kolke (b February 27, 1914, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 14, 1914, Heimtal Parish (GP: Theodor Kolke)). *1914 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p256 #892.

• Theodor Kolke (b>1885<1900) is also a suspected son of Friedrich Kolke and Justine Rode, primarily because he was the Godparent of two children (i.e. his niece and nephew) of Ida Kolke and Joseph Kolke (his possible siblings):

April 15, 1908, Theodor Kolke and Augustina Kolke (believed to be his first wife) sponsored Elise Schelling, daughter of Ida Kolke and Julius Schelling, in Maksimowka, Volhynia, Russia. *1908 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p5 #34.

March 14, 1914, Theodor Kolke sponsored Bruno Kolke, son of Joseph Kolke and Helene Hiller, in Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia. *1914 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p256 #892.

I have been unable to confirm a first marriage to Augustina ________, or any children from the marriage.

On May 7, 1914, a Theodor Kolke married Ida Dojan (b<1896) (for whom no other information could be located), and I could not locate another Theodor Kolke. *1914 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p291 #57. I have also been unable to verify whether Theodor Kolke and Ida Dojan were the parents of the two children of "Teodor Kolke/Golke" located in the *SGGEE KGB Database*, who were deported to Akmolinsk Oblast, Kazakhstan, although I suspect they were their children.

1. Robert Kolke (1918 - ≥1936-38, probably Akmolinsk Oblast, Kazakhstan USSR) was resettled from Rogowka (west of Emilchin) to Akmolinsk Oblast, Kazakhstan, in 1936-38. *NKVD Repatriation #16752*.

2. Emma Kolke (1920 - ≥1936-38, probably Akmolinsk Oblast, Kazakhstan USSR) was resettled from Freienwald (probably Friedensdorf southeast of Nowograd Wolhynsk) to Akmolinsk Oblast, Kazakhstan, in 1936-38. *NKVD Repatriation #16755*.

If Justine Rode Kolke died circa 1886-88, and Friedrich Kolke married Mathilde Henke (January 11, 1870, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 23, 1970, Shitomir Parish (GP: Friedrich Müller; HH#10, Annette)) - ____), daughter of Adolf Henke (1831-1914; s/o Andreas Henke and Maria ____ (HH#36, Annette)); married April 1, 1858) and Christine Biberdorf (1832-1915; d/o Johann Biberdorf and Helena Drews

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(HH#3, Annette)), then Friedrich Kolke and Mathilde Henke may have had one or more of the following children.

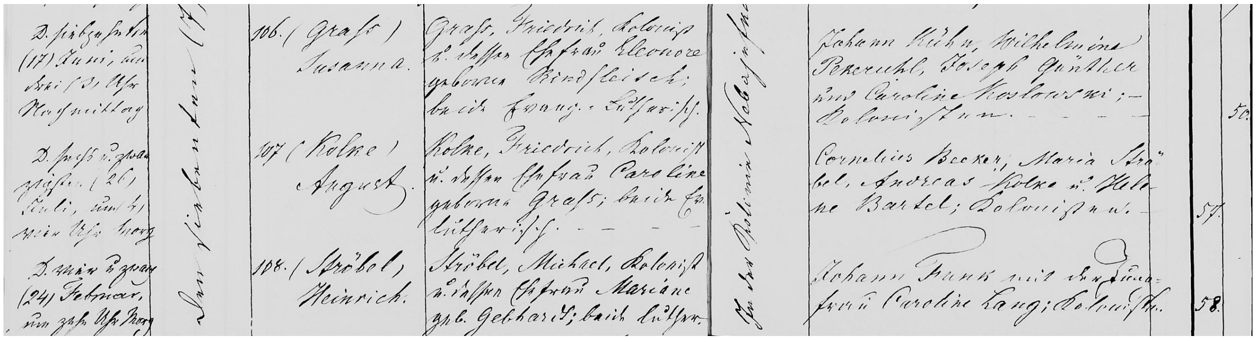
- Gustav Kolke (1888 – May 3, 1943, in a working camp, Perm, Russia USSR) married Adolfine Zander (November 25, 1896, Pulin, Volhynia, Russia – August 1, 1980, Omsk, Russia USSR), daughter of Wilhelm Zander (b1861, Prussia; 1874 to Volhynia). In January 1931, they were removed to Siberia. *March 24, 2017, and September 4, 2018, emails from Alfred Schön to Carine Warch and Norma Ingrid Steyer Seibert, respectively*. Albert Schön was the grandson of Gustav Kolke and Adolfine Zander, born in 1950, in Omsk, Russia USSR; and moved to Germany in 1991, with the collapse of the Soviet Union. There is nothing in either email which indicates that Gustav Kolke was the son of Friedrich Kolke and Mathilde Henke.

- Arnold Kolke (b1894) married Natalie Hirsekorn (b1896).

- Ernest Kolke (b1897) married Emma Zander (1901-1926).

[77] August Kolke **(DNA)**, son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass, is an *Ancestry*DNA™ match with me, through his sons Rheinhardt Kolke **(DNA)** and Ferdinand Kolke **(DNA)**; and his daughter Maria (Augustovina) Kolke **(DNA)** and her sons Harold Neuman, Otto Neuman and Leo Neuman **(DNA)**. *See Appendix A*.

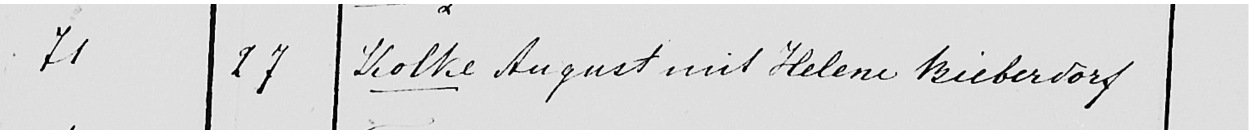
[78] August Kolke married Helene Biberdorf (April 19, 1858, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 24, 1858, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Biberdorf (probably s/o Friedrich Biberdorf and Helene Luther)) – 1941, Slobodka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Ukraine SSR), daughter of Friedrich Biberdorf (1831-1907; s/o Peter Bieberdorf (1802-≥1861) and Helene Könke (____-<1857)) and Charlotte Biberdorf (1839-1868; d/o Friedrich Bieberdorf and Helene Luther), on April 27, 1881, in the Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia. In July 1915, the August Kolke family had its land expropriated and was deported to Russia, but returned after the end of World War I and reclaimed their property. They appear to have lived most of their married lives in the Slobodka area, and their deaths may have been the result of The Holodomor and Stalin's World War II deportations, respectively. August Kolke and Helene Biberdorf had seven known children.* *1853* (p325 #107) *and 1858* (p806 #38) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; 1881 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p240 #71*; 1915 Expropriation List; 1944EWZ904135* (Ottilie Kolke Pedde) (A3342EWZ50-G022 0956; 0962); *and 1944EWZ946401* (Erna Kuhn Drews) *(A3342EWZ50-B020 1020*).



D. siebzehnten (17) Juni, um drei (3) Uhr Nachmittag | 106. (Grass) Susanna. | Grass, Friedrich, Kolonist u. dessen Ehefrau Eleonore geborne Rindfleisch; beide evang.-lutherisch. | Johann Kühn, Wilhelmine Pekruhl, Joseph Günther und Caroline Koslowski; — Kolonisten. | 50.

D. sechs u. zwanzigsten (26) Juli, um vier (4) Uhr Morg | 107 (Kolke) August. | Kolke, Friedrich, Kolonist u. dessen Ehefrau Caroline geborne Grass; beide Ev. lutherisch. | Cornelius Becker, Maria Ströbel, Andreas Kolke u. Helene Bartel; Kolonisten. | 57.

D. vier u. zwanzigsten (24) Februar, um zehn Uhr Morg | 108. (Ströbel,) Heinrich. | Ströbel, Michael, Kolonist u. dessen Ehefrau Mariane geb. Gebhardt; beide luther. | Johann Frank mit der Jungfrau Caroline Lang; Kolonisten. | 58.



71 | 27 | Kolke August mit Helene Bieberdorf

*August Kolke did not have a child Otto Kolke (1898, Volhynia – 1975, Parma, Cuyahoga County, Ohio). That individual was the son of Samuel Kolke (b1859, Germany) and Karoline Radke (b1863, Russia), who

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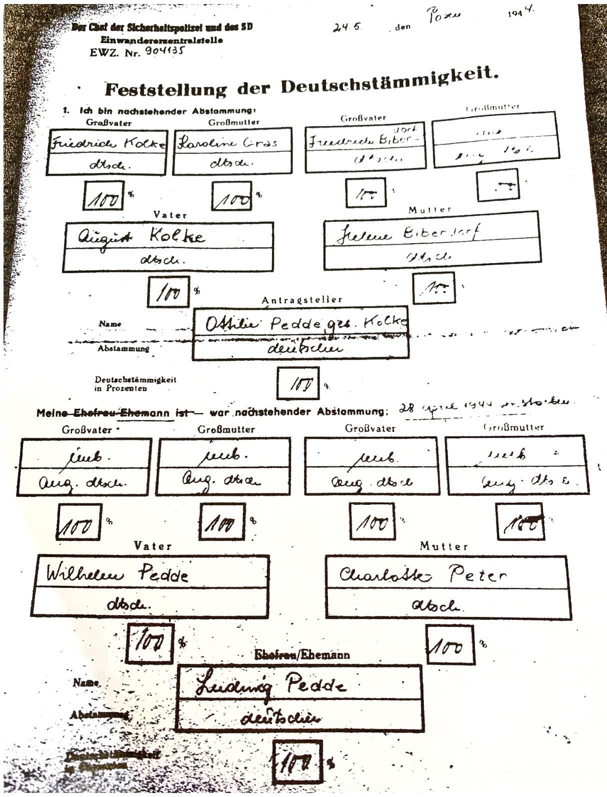
were married in 1885. The Otto Kolke who has been cited as a child was born on February 21, 1898, in Ohio, and married Marie Schroeder in 1927. *1975 Ohio Death Record; 1900 US Census; 1927 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Marriage Record; and WWI Draft Reg.*

*"August Kolke" is alleged to have been the natural father of Emilie Kolke (b October 8, 1884, Cholosna, Heimtal, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 10, 1884, Shitomir Parish), daughter of Gottlieb Kolke and Ernestine ____. August Kolke, son of Julius Kolke, would have been 15½ years old, and could have been the father. *1885 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p128 #1504.

- Ottillie Kolke (May 9, 1882, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 13, 1882, Heimtal Parish (GP: Friedrich Klein and Justine (Rode) Kolke) - >May 24, 1944) married widower Ludwig Pedde (November 12, 1870, Warwarowka, Volhynia, Russia – April 28, 1944, Wesselbrunn, Posen (Poznań), Wartheland (occupied Poland); m#1 Maria Au (1866/67, Congress Poland, Russia – September 7, 1903, Warwarowka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia)), son of Wilhelm Pedde and Charlotte Peter, on February 17, 1904, in Warwarowka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia. Probably in the early 1930s, Ottilie Kolke Pedde was sent to the Swerdlowsk region (possibly gulag) of Russia, on the eastern slopes of the Ural Mountains, from which she was eventually "repatriated" to Pissarowka-Jakowka, Heimtal, Ukraine SSR. However, her *EWZ* document does not mention residing outside of Shitomir, Volhynia, even though the *KGB/NKVD* record identifies her by name, her father's name, and her correct year of birth. As of 1942, Ludwig Pedde and Ottilie Kolke were living in Warwarowka, German occupied Ukraine, and as of April 4, 1944, were residing in Wesselbrunn, Posen (Poznań), Wartheland (occupied Poland), where Ludwig Pedde died. On May 24, 1944, Ottilie Kolke Pedde and her daughter Lilly Pedde received their *German Naturalization Certificates*. Ottilie Kolke and Ludwig Pedde had five known children. *1882 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p965 #418*; 1903 Emilchin Parish Burial Record*, p308 #55 (Age 36, married, born Poland)*; NKVD Repatriation #5287; 1933 Shitomir Evangelical Lutheran Church Member Record; and 1944EWZ904135* (Ottilie Kolke Pedde) *(A3342EWZ50-G022 0956, 0960, 0962, 0966).*

*Maria Au died as a result of the birth of their child Maria Pedde (September 4, 1903 Warwarowka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia – September 30, 1903, Warwarowka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1903 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p268 #353*; and 1903 Emilchin Parish Burial Record*, p308 #56 (Age 24 days).



Der Chef der Sicherheitspolizei und des SD
Einwandererzentralstelle
EWZ. Nr. 904135

24.5. den Posen 1944.

Feststellung der Deutschstämmigkeit.

1. Ich bin nachstehender Abstammung:

Großvater	Großmutter	Großvater	Großmutter
Friedrich Kolke	Karoline Gras	Friedrich Biberdorf	[illegible]
dtsch.	dtsch.	dtsch.	[illegible]
100 %	100 %	100	[illegible]

Vater	Mutter
August Kolke	Helene Biberdorf
dtsch.	dtsch.
100 %	100

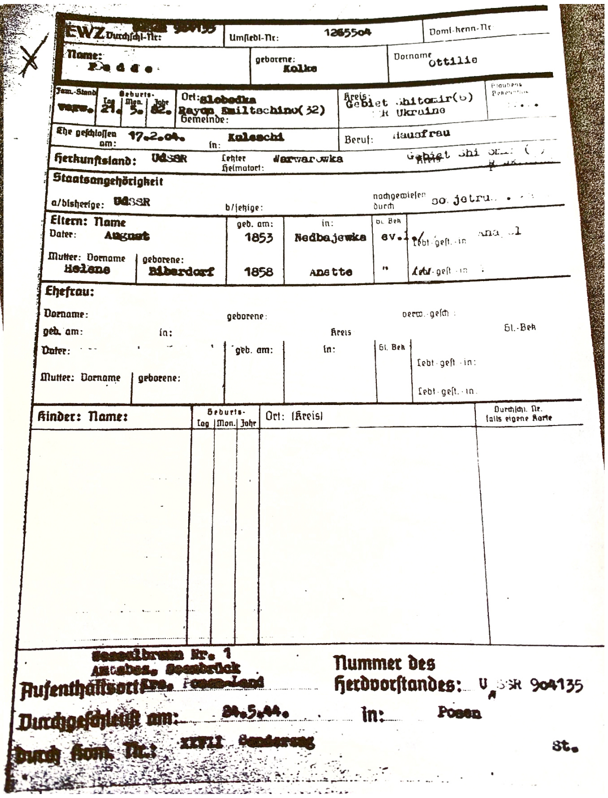
Antragsteller
Name: Ottilie Pedde geb. Kolke
Abstammung: deutscher
Deutschstämmigkeit in Prozenten: 100 %

Meine ~~Ehefrau~~ Ehemann ~~ist~~ — war nachstehender Abstammung: 28 April 1944 verstorben

Großvater	Großmutter	Großvater	Großmutter
unb.	unb.	unb.	unb.
Aug. dtsch.	Aug. dtsch.	Aug. dtsch.	Aug. dtsch.
100 %	100 %	100	100

Vater	Mutter
Wilhelm Pedde	Charlotte Peter
dtsch.	dtsch.
100 %	100 %

Ehefrau/Ehemann
Name: Ludwig Pedde
Abstammung: deutscher
Deutschstämmigkeit in Prozenten: 100 %



EWZ Durchschl.-Nr: [illegible] 904135
Umsiedl.-Nr: 1265504
Doml.-kenn.-Nr:
Name: Pedde
geborene: Kolke
Vorname: Ottilie
Fam.-Stand: verw.
Geburts- Tag: 21. Mon.: 5. Jahr: 82.
Ort: Slobodka Rayon Emiltschino (32)
Gemeinde:
Kreis: Gebiet Shitomir (b) R Ukraine
Glaubens-Bekenntnis:
Ehe geschlossen am: 17.2.04. in: Kuleschi
Beruf: Hausfrau
Herkunftsland: UdSSR
Letzter Heimatort: Warwarowka
Kreis: Gebiet Shi
Staatsangehörigkeit
a/bisherige: UdSSR
b/jetzige:
nachgewiesen durch: so. jetru
Eltern: Name
Vater: August geb. am: 1853 in: Nedbajewka Gl. Bek: ev. lebt-gest.-in:
Mutter: Vorname: Helene geborene: Biberdorf 1858 Anette " lebt-gest.-in:
Ehefrau:
Vorname: geborene: verw.-gesch.:
geb. am: in: Kreis Gl.-Bek
Vater: geb. am: in: Gl. Bek lebt-gest.-in:
Mutter: Vorname geborene: lebt-gest.-in:

Kinder: Name:	Geburts- Tag	Mon.	Jahr	Ort: (Kreis)	Durchschl. Nr. falls eigene Karte

Aufenthaltsort: Wesselbrunn Nr. 1 Amtsbez. Seenbrück Kre. Posen-Land
Nummer des Herdvorstandes: UdSSR 904135
Durchgeschleust am: 24.5.44. in: Posen
durch Kom. Nr.: XXVII Sonderzug
St.

1. Efraim Pedde (b May 15, 1906, Warwarowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 22, 1906, Emilchin Parish (GP: Gustav Pedde and Lydia Pedde)). *1906 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p75 #513.

2. Eduard Pedde (August 13, 1908, Warwarowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 27, 1908, Emilchin Parish (GP: Johanna Kolke) – December 2, 1937, Shot by NKVD, probably in Emilchin, Ukraine SSR) was a single, semiliterate, collective farmer, living in Warwarowka, Ukraine SSR, on November 14, 1937, when he was arrested by Emilchin NKVD under Article 54-10 (conducting anti-Soviet propaganda and agitation). On November 23, 1937, he was tried by two USSR NKVD officers, convicted and sentenced to the Maximum Punishment (death). He was shot by the NKVD on December 2, 1937. *1908 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p15 #142*; and NKVD Arrest #2794.*

3. Ewald Pedde (July 18, 1911, Warwarowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 20, 1911, Emilchin Parish (GP: Maria (Kolke) Neumann) - ≥1936-38, possibly Russia USSR) was resettled from Stanislawowka to the Komi Republic, Russia, in 1936-38. *1911 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p9 #65*; and NKVD Repatriation #5196.*

4. Frieda Pedde (b September 14, 1914, Warwarowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 28, 1914, Emilchin Parish (GP: Gustav Pedde and Hulda Pedde)). *1914 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p47 #306.

5. Lilly Pedde (September 14, 1923, Warwarowka, Ukraine SSR - >May 24, 1944). On May 24, 1944, Lilly Pedde was a resident of Wesselbrunn, Posen (Poznań), Wartheland (occupied Poland). On May 24, 1944, Lilly Pedde received their *German Naturalization Certificate*. *1944EWZ904318* (Lilly Pedde) *(A3342EWZ50-G022 0826, 0830, 0832, 0836).*

• Ernestine Emilie Kolke (March or April, 1884, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia – March 15, 1885, Slobodka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1885 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p733 #333.

• Rheinhardt Kolke **(DNA)** (June 25, 1886, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia - December 25, 1953, Alameda, Estevan, Saskatchewan) and Leopold Kolke, his first cousin, emigrated to the United States, and then to Canada, in 1908. On December 8, 1912, Rheinhardt Kolke married Antonia Mantei (December 21, 1895/96, Russia – December 20, 1941, Estevan, Saskatchewan; Imm 1901 to US/Canada), daughter of Karl Mantei (May 11, 1859, Russia – November 23, 1907, Upham, McHenry County, North Dakota) and Augusta Biberdorf (August 28, 1856, Russia – July 24, 1940, Fortuna, Divide County, North Dakota), in Upham, McHenry County, North Dakota. Rheinhardt Kolke died on December 25, 1953, in Alameda, Estevan, Saskatchewan, and is buried with his wife in Dalesboro Cemetery, Carlyle, Saskatchewan. Rheinhardt Kolke and Antonia Mantei had thirteen known children. *1901 SS Konigin Manifest* (Manthey)*; 1908 SS Chemnitz Manifest* (Reinhardt Kolke and Leopold Kolke)*; 1910 and 1920 US Census; 1911 Canada Census; 1912 McHenry County, North Dakota, Marriage Certificate; WWI Draft Reg; 1918 US Naturalization Petition* (Reinhard Kolke)*; 1926 Saskatchewan/Prairie Census; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Fortuna Cemetery, Divide County, North Dakota; Karl Mantei and Antonia Mantei)*; 1897 Ontario Birth Affidavit; 1942 American Foreign Service Report of the Death of an American Citizen* (Antonia Kolke)*; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Dalesboro Cemetery, Carlyle, Saskatchewan; Reinhold Kolke and Antonia Kolke)*; and Appendix A.*

1. Infant Kolke (1913, Fortuna, Divide County, North Dakota – 1913, Fortuna, Divide County, North Dakota).

2. Hertha Kolke (January 13, 1916, Fortuna, Divide County, North Dakota – June 29, 1989, Weyburn, Saskatchewan) married George Alymer McDougald (March 23, 1897, Allenford, Bruce County, Ontario – February 27, 1990, Weyburn, Saskatchewan) on October 20, 1937, in Alameda, Saskatchewan. They had four known children: Gerald Harry, Irvin, Margaret and Alma McDougald. *June 30, 1989, The Regina Leader-Post Obituary.*

3. Bertha Kolke (1917, Fortuna, Divide County, North Dakota – June 7, 2004, Oxbow, Saskatchewan) married Arthur Edward Brooks (1916 – June 4, 2003, Estevan, Saskatchewan) in 1941, in Alameda, Saskatchewan. They had three known children: Beverly Alice Brooks Haux (1943-2015), and Garry and Leon Brooks.

4. Martha Kolke (May 30, 1918, Fortuna, Divide County, North Dakota – May 8, 1949, Bon Accord, Alberta) married Marion James McKenzie (January 23, 1914, Peers, Alberta – September 23, 1997, Westlock, Alberta) in 1944. After Martha's death Marion McKenzie married Edna Muriel Jenkens (1917-1995). *1918 Fortuna Zion Lutheran Church Baptism Record; and May 10, 1949, Edmonton Journal Obituary.*

5. Ferdinand Kolke **(DNA)** (May 12, 1921, Crosby, Writing Rock Township, Divide County, North Dakota; bap May 12, 1921, Zion Lutheran Church, Schulhaus/Schoolhouse, North Dakota – September 17, 1992, Oklahoma City, Cleveland County, Oklahoma) married three times. *See Appendix A. 1921 Fortuna Zion Lutheran Church Baptism Record; 1992 US Deaths; and September 19, 1992, The Daily Oklahoman Obituary.*

M#1 On July 12, 1943, in Lander, Manitoba, Ferdinand Kolke married Herta Penno (September 18, 1922, Nowograd Wolhynsk, Volhynia, Russia – January 9, 1984, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma), daughter of Frederich Michael Penno and Elfreda Plato, who emigrated to Canada with her parents and siblings (Arthur, Walter and Ida) on the *SS Empress of Australia*, from Southampton, England, arriving in Québec, on July 21, 1928. On August 23, 1943, Herta Penno Kolke filed a Petition for Naturalization in Grand Forks, North Dakota. They had four known children, before their divorce. Herta Penno Kolke married John Wilbur Shrier/Srier. *July 26, 1943, The Winnipeg Tribune Marriage Announcement; and September 19, 1992, The Daily Oklahoman Obituary.*

a. Dennis Kolke (September 7, 1944, Cando, North Dakota - >January 25, 2023).

b. Patricia Kolke (April 19, 1947, Grand Forks, North Dakota - <January 25, 2023).

c. Karen Faye Kolke **(DNA)** (February 22, 1949, ____ - >January 25, 2023) married ____ Sawyer. *See Appendix A.*

d. Richard Dwayne Kolke (July 4, 1950, Deloraine, Manitoba – January 25, 2023, Braggs, Muskogee County, Oklahoma).

M#2 In 1970, Ferdinand Kolke married Mary E. _____ (b1925). They were divorced on October 16, 1978, in Montgomery County, Ohio.

M#3 On November 22, 1978, in Warren County, Ohio, Ferdinand Kolke married Freda New Adams (February 3, 1927, Boatright, Perry County, Kentucky – March 26, 2013, Franklin, Warren County, Ohio) daughter of Eli New (1887-1972) and Corsie Napier (1901-1994). It was her third marriage, as she divorced her second husband Elmo Adams, on July 26, 1971, in Warren County, Ohio. *March 28, 2013, Dayton Daily News Obituary.*

1921 Zion Lutheran Church, Schulhaus, North Dakota, Baptism Record, p102 (identifies parents)*; 1927 Perry Kentucky Birth Record* (Freda New; identifies parents)*; 1928 SS Empress of Australia Manifest; 1943 The Winnipeg Tribune Marriage Announcement* (Kolke-Penno)*; 1943 Petition for Naturalization; WWII Draft Reg* (Ferdinand Kolke)*; 1978 Warren County, Ohio, Divorce Record; 1978 Warren County, Ohio, Marriage Record; January 11, 1984, The Oklahoma City Daily Oklahoman Obituary; 1992 US Apps/Claims* (Ferdinand Kolke)*; 1992 US Deaths; September 19 and 20, 1992, The Oklahoma City Daily Oklahoman Death Notice and Obituary; March 28, 2013, Dayton Daily News Obituary; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Resthaven Gardens Cemetery, Oklahoma City; Ferdinand Kolke)*; and Appendix A.*

6. Helena Kolke (March 29, 1923, Alameda, Saskatchewan – January 22, 1993, Alameda, Saskatchewan). *1923 Saskatchewan Birth Record.*

7. Ida Agatha Kolke (November 21, 1924, Alameda, Saskatchewan – October 12, 1982, Weyburn, Saskatchewan) married Archie William Goudy (1902 – January 9, 1985, Weyburn, Saskatchewan). They had three known children: Lillian, Phyllis and Robert Goudy. *1924 Saskatchewan Birth Record; and January 11, 1985, The Regina Leader-Post Obituary.*

8. Werner Albert Kolke (May 14, 1926, Alameda, Saskatchewan – August 3, 1997, Oxbow, Saskatchewan). *August 5, 1997, The Regina Leader-Post Obituary.*

9. Berthold (Bert) Bernard Kolke (October 24, 1928, Alameda, Saskatchewan – December 6, 1991, Alameda, Saskatchewan). *December 1, 1991, The Regina Leader-Post Obituary.*

10. Karl Reinhard Kolke (August 19, 1930, Frobisher, Saskatchewan – July 30, 1971, Pine Point, Northwest Territory) married Helen Evelyn Scott (~1927 – March 25, 1997, Regina, Saskatchewan), widow of Norman Taylor. *March 27, 1997, The Regina Leader-Post Obituary.*

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11. Selma Kolke (1932, Frobisher, Saskatchewan - ____) married [____] Adams, and was a resident of Werris Creek, New South Wales, Australia.

12. Richard H. Kolke (M.D.) (1934, Saskatchewan, Canada - ____) married twice.

M#1 Irene Mary Weisbeck (1936, Allan, Saskatchewan – May 27, 1972, Melfort, Saskatchewan), and they had three known children: Richard Kolke (b~1961); David Kolke (b~1964); and Carmen Kolke (b~1969). *May 30, 1972, Saskatoon Star-Pheonix Obituary*.

M#2 Lil ________, in 1974, in Melfort, Saskatchewan. *Saskatchewan Residents Index*.

13. Arthur Kolke (~1937, Saskatchewan, Canada - September 1937, Saskatchewan, Canada). *Saskatchewan Cemetery Transcript*.

1985, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1997, 2003 and 2004 The Regina Leader-Post Obituaries (Archie William Goudy, Hertha Kolke McDougald, George Alymer McDougald, Berthold Bernard Kolke, Werner Albert Kolke, Arthur Edward Brooks and Bertha Kolke Brooks)*; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Arcola Cemetery, Arcola, Saskatchewan; Hertha McDougald)*; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Alameda, Saskatchewan, Cemetery: Arthur Edward Brooks; and Helena Kolke)*; 1949 Ben Accord, Alberta, Death Record; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Bon Accord, Alberta, Cemetery: Martha Kolke, Marion James McKenzie and Edna Muriel Jenkins McKenzie)*; 1941 Alameda, Saskatchewan, Canada, Marriage Record* (Kolke-Brooks)*; 1963 and 1966 Saskatchewan Residents Index* (Helena Kolke)*; 1971 Edmonton Journal Obituary* (Karl Reinhard Kolke)*; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Rosedale Cemetery, Moose Jaw, Manitoba; Helen Taylor Kolke)*; 1961 University of Saskatchewan Yearbook* (R. H. Kolke)*; May 30, 1972, Saskatoon Star-Phoenix Obituary* (Irene Kolke)*; 1974 Melfort, Saskatchewan, Marriage Record* (Richard H. Kolke)*; 1990 Canadian Medical Association Journal*, Vol. 143(4), p317*; 1937 Saskatchewan Cemetery Transcript* (Arthur Kolke)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Dalesboro Cemetery, Carlyle, Saskatchewan: Reinhold Kolke and Antonia Kolke).

- Johanna Kolke (September 20, 1888, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia - November 4, 1978, Winnipeg, Manitoba) married Gustav Heinrich Kühn (August 23, 1885, Ostrowka, Volhynia, Russia – 1943, Russia USSR), son of Samuel Kühn* (b1851; m March 16, 1883, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia) and Justina Drude (b September 22, 1864, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 8, 1864, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Biberdorf and Luise Drude; daughter of Georg Drude (29=1828) and Charlotte Müller (23=1834) (HH#30, Annette)), on November 6, 1908, in Slobodka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia Russia. In 1941, Gustav Kühn was deported/verschleppt, and apparently died in Russia in 1943. Johanna Kolke Kühn may have been in Berlin, Germany, as of July 7, 1944. In 1948, Johanna Kolke Kühn emigrated to Canada with her son Emil Kühn and daughters Hertha/Herta, Erna, Meta, Frieda, and Maria Kühn. Johanna Kolke and Gustav Heinrich Kühn had eleven known children, and one possible child.* *Revision of November 30, 1857, in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #30; 1864 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record*, p14 #99*; 1883 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record*, p522 #99*; 1908 Emilchin Parish Marriage Record*, p56 #81*; 1944EWZ946401* (Erna Kühn Drews) *(A3342EWZ50-B020 1018, 1020); (A3342EWZ-E058 0750, 1108, 1650, 2668); 1958-1974 Moose Mountain, Saskatchewan, Voters Lists* (Johanna Kühn)*; Find-a-Grave* (Brookside Cemetery, Winnipeg; Johanne Kolka Kühn)*; and December 13, 2013, The Chilliwack Progress Obituary* (Emil Kühn).

*Gustav Kühn was not the son of Karl Richard Kühn, who was the father of Gustav Kuhn born in Germany in 1895, and whose wife's given name was Ida.

1. Robert Kühn (b May 9, 1909,* Heimtal, Volhynia, Russia) may have had one known child: Herta Kühn (b August 16, 1929, Ostrowka, Ukraine SSR). *(A3342EWZ50-E058 1108)*.

*His birthdate conflicts with his sister Hertha, unless they were twins.

2. Hertha/Herta Kühn (September 23, 1909, Ostrowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 23, 1909, Heimtal Parish (GP: Heinrich Kühn and Auguste Neumann) – December 21, 1998, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada) married Rudolf/Rudolph Hirsekorn (1901, Kamionka, Congress Poland, Russia – December 19, 1969, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada; Imm June 26, 1928, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada), son of Ludwig Hirsekorn. *1909 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record*, p62 #610*; A3342EWZ50-E058 1126; 1928 SS Lituania Manifest* (Rudolph Hirsekorn)*; 1928 Index to Alien Arrivals in Canadian Ports; December 23, 1998, Winnipeg Free Press Obituary* (Herta Kuhn Hirsekorn)*; and Winnipeg, Canada, Cemetery Records* (Herta Kuhn Hirsekorn, Brookside Cemetery, Winnipeg).

3. Erna Kühn (January 16, 1911, Ostrowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 23, 1911, Heimtal Parish (GP: Rudolf Kühn) - >July 7, 1944) married Alvin Drews (November 26, 1913, Evental/Evhenlevka, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 29, 1913, Beresowka, Heimtal Parish – ≥1941, Verschleppt), son of Reinhold Drews (1885, Evental, Volhynia, Russia – ≥1936, Verschleppt; brother of Emil Friedrich Drews who married Hertha Kolke d/o Julius Kolke and Wilhelmine Gall) and Amanda Missal (m November 9, 1911, Heimtal Parish), on November 15, 1934, in Ostrowka, Ukraine SSR. As of July 7, 1944, Erna Kühn Drews was a resident of Litzmannstadt (Łódź), Wartheland (occupied Poland), and emigrated to Canada with her mother and siblings in 1948. *1911 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p79 #778*; 1911 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p123 #148*; 1913 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p91 #798*; and 1944EWZ946401* (Erna Kühn Drews) *(A3342EWZ50-B020 1018, 1020, 1030).*

4. Arnold Kühn (January 12, 1913, Ostrowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 24, 1913, Heimtal Parish - 1943). *1913 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p39 #329.

5. Emma Kühn (August 20, 1914, Ostrowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 28, 1914, Heimtal Parish (GP: Julius Neumann and Rosalia Kühn) – 1914, Ostrowka, Volhynia, Russia). *1914 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p140 #490.

6. Meta Kühn (March 28, 1919, Ostrowka, Volhynia, Russia – January 11, 2014, Winnipeg, Manitoba) married Theodor Norberg (February 26, 1915, Breslau, Congress Poland, Russia – 1969, Manitoba), son of Andreas Norberg (January 30, 1882, Breslau, Congress Poland, Russia – 1969, Manitoba) and Elfride Matsdotter (b March 21, 1893, Breslau, Congress Poland, Russia), who emigrated to Canada with his parents and two siblings, arriving in Montreal on June 7, 1930. *(A3342EWZ50-E058 1651, 2668).*

7. Frieda Kühn (November 8, 1920, Ostrowka, Volhynia, Russia – December 19, 2014, Brandon, Manitoba, Canada) married Harold Edward Patten (August 2, 1912, Mason City, Delaware County, Iowa – July 24, 2004, Brandon, Manitoba, Canada) on April 24, 1949, in Alameda, Saskatchewan, Canada. They had at least three children. *(A3342EWZ50-E058 0750, 1651); and 1949 Frieda Kuhn and Harold Patten Wedding Announcement.*

8. *Martha Kühn (1922-1933) is a possible or suspected child. In his *December 13, 2013, The Chilliwack Progress Obituary* for the youngest child, Emil Kühn, it was stated he was one of eleven children. However, since he was born in 1930, and Martha allegedly died in 1933, it is certainly possible none of his survivors (or even Emil) knew about Martha.

9. Rudolf Kühn (May 3, 1924, Ostrowka, Ukraine SSR - 1943). *(A3342EWZ50-E058 1651).*

10. Hubert Kühn (b November 15, 1926, Ostrowka, Ukraine SSR - >December 10, 2013). *(A3342EWZ50-E058 1144, 1651); and December 13, 2013, The Chilliwack Progress Obituary* (Emil Kühn).

11. Maria Kühn (July 17, 1928, Ostrowka, Ukraine SSR – August 11, 2021, Winnipeg, Manitoba) married Albert Biberdorf (September 24, 1922, Volhynia, Russia – January 3, 1995, Winnipeg, Manitoba), son of Herman Biberdorf (1896-1965; s/o Ernest L. Biberdorf s/o Friedrich Peter Biberdorf s/o Peter Biberdorf) and Lydia Drude (1900-1986; d/o Ferdinand Drude and Pauline Biberdorf), who emigrated to Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada, in 1928. *(A3342EWZ50-E058 1651).*

12. Emil Kühn (March 2, 1930, Ostrowka, Ukraine SSR – December 10, 2013, Agassiz, British Columbia) emigrated to Canada in 1948 with his mother and five sisters. In 1954, he married Adele Hirsekorn (____-____), daughter of Abel Hirsekorn (1899-1991) and Pauline Janke (1896-1969), probably in Winnipeg, where Adele was a resident in 1953. *(A3342EWZ50-E058 0750, 1651); 1953 Winnipeg Voters List; and December 13, 2013, The Chilliwack Progress Obituary* (Emil Kühn).

• Herbert Kolke (May 1, 1900, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 12, 1900, Emilchin Parish (GP: Luise (Polanski) Kolke and Ferdinand Kühn) - >December 10, 1931). According to Helene Biberdorf Kolke's November 27, 1931, letter from Slobodka, Ukraine, her son Herbert Kolke had left Slobodka, because "he found things hard to handle, and now is gone." "We don't know where he is." *See* Chapter 1. On December 10, 1931, in a letter to "Worthy Uncle and Aunt," from "Russia," Herbert Kolke documented the horrors of the Holodomor and Stalin's forced collectivization policies (*see* Chapter 1):

> "I left Slobodka because I was too rich, and I had to go. Father and mother are still in the house, but do not own anything. … I do not know how the parents are, as I have not seen them for two months. Dear uncle, we are in a situation I never thought could happen. And the ones who are not here and do not see it, do not believe it. Rudolf Kolke, Freitag, Donslauf and Heinrich Schultz were all sent to Siberia. …"

Herbert Kolke went on to describe the condition and deaths of others. He acknowledges two sons Ewald Kolke (b March 1927, Slobodka) and Werner Kolke (b May 1929, Slobodka), and a wife (Martha Grass?). It is likely Herbert Kolke was deported at some point, as his sons were sent to Turkmenistan and Kazakhstan, respectively. *1900 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record*, p26 #165; *November 27, 1931, letter from Helene Biberdorf Kolke; and December 10, 1931, letter from Herbert Kolke.*

1. Ewald Kolke* (March 1927, Slobodka, Ukraine SSR - ≥1944) was resettled from Sosnowka 4,500km to Molotow, Turkmenistan, around 1936-38. *NKVD Repatriation #3010.*

*An Ewald Kolke is photographed with Margarete Mundt (daughter of Herbert Kolke's aunt Henriette Kolke Mundt, daughter of Ferdinand Kolke, Herbert Kolke's uncle) on a bridge in Hermannsbad, Wartheland (occupied Poland), in 1944. He is in a Wehrmacht uniform and appears to be older than seventeen years of age. However, this is the only Ewald Kolke whom I could locate who might be the same individual as in the photograph. *Original photograph owned by Melitta Neumann.*

2. Werner Kolke (b May 1929, Slobodka, Ukraine SSR - ≥1936-38, probably Kazakhstan USSR) was resettled 3,400km from Wyschkowka to Koktschetaw, Kazakhstan, around 1936-38. *NKVD Repatriation #2995.*

• Julius Kolke (July 31, 1902, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 31, 1902, Emilchin Parish (GP: Reinhold Bieberdorf and Auguste (Kolke) Bieberdorf) – January 13, 1938, Shot by NKVD, probably Emilchin, Ukraine SSR) was living in Slobodka, Emilchin Parish, Ukraine SSR, as of November 27, 1931, according to his mother's letter (*see* Chapter 1), which indicated he had married and divorced after only ten months. Julius Kolke was still with his parents as of December 10, 1931. Julius Kolke, a collective farmer, with a wife Olga Kolke, were living in Warwarowka, when he was arrested by the Emilchin NKVD on November 1, 1937, during the Great Terror, under Article 54-10 (conducting anti-Soviet propaganda and agitation). He was tried by two NKVD from the USSR on January 4, 1938, and sentenced to the maximum punishment of death. Julius Kolke was shot by the NKVD on January 13, 1938. *1902 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p135 #282*; November 27, 1931, letter from Helene Biberdorf Kolke; December 10, 1931, letter from Herbert Kolke; and NKVD Arrest #1436.*

- Maria (Mary) Kolke **(DNA)** (November 4, 1906, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 14, 1906, Emilchin Parish (GP: Karl Polinski and Maria (Kolke) Freitag) - February 21, 2001, Oxbow, Saskatchewan) married Adolph Neumann (May 3, 1901, Ostrowka, Heimtal Parish – January 1, 1999, Oxbow Saskatchewan), son of Ludwig Neumann (February 2, 1856 – 1929, Ostrowka, Ukraine SSR) and Efrozina/Euphrosine Dyckau (Dickau) (March 4, 1870 – September 1915, Ostrowka, Volhynia, Russia), on November 25, 1925, probably in Slobodka, Emilchin Parish, Ukraine SSR. On June 4, 1927, they emigrated to Canada, sponsored by her brother Reinhard Kolke, initially settling in Openshaw, Saskatchewan. Maria/Mary Kolke Neumann died on February 21, 2001, in Oxbow, Saskatchewan. Her son Otto Kolke is an *Ancestry*DNA™ match with me; while two of her son's (Leo and Harold Kolke's) descendants, are also *Ancestry*DNA™ matches with me. They clearly link my great-grandfather, *Ludwig Kolke*, to Maria Kolke, daughter of August Kolke (son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass) and Helene Biberdorf. *See* Appendix A.

To construct this biography, I have also relied upon Lenore Neuman's research of her family, which is confirmed by numerous documents and records. *1906 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record*, p63 #432*; 1927 SS Empress of France Manifest* (sponsored by Maria's brother Reinhard Kolke of Frobisher, Saskatchewan; his father Ludwig was alive in Ostrowka)*; January 5, 1999, and February 23, 2001, The Regina Leader-Post Death Notices; 2017 The Regina Leader-Post Obituary* (Ada Ella Bieberdorf Neuman)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Alameda Cemetery: Mary Kolke and Adolph Neuman; and Ewald Neumann).

According to Lenore Neuman, Maria Kolke Neumann's Russian passport contained the middle name of "Augustovina," which reflects her father's given name, as is commonly used by Russians. However, it does not represent a formal middle name, and it is not found in any other official document. Maria Kolke and Adolph Neumann had six known children.

1. Ewald Neuman (October 5, 1926, Ostrowka, Ukraine SSR – August 6, 2017, Weyburn, Saskatchewan) joined the Canadian Army at age sixteen, and served in Korea. "He joined the army three different times throughout his life. Interspersed with these times, he worked in lumber camps, mines, a foundry, and various farms." *The Royal Canadian Legion, Saskatchewan Command, Biographies* (Ewald Neumann and Harold Neumann), pp 221 and 223 (2021).

2. Otto Neuman **(DNA)** (b1929, Openshaw, Saskatchewan) married Barbara Ann Needham (February 8, 1938, Oxbow, Saskatchewan – April 7, 2015, Oxbow, Saskatchewan), daughter of Clarence Hamiliton Needham and Annie Edna Cornell (married March 11, 1937), in 1957, in Oxbow, Saskatchewan. *See* Appendix A. *March 18, 1937, The Regina Leader-Post Marriage Announcement; 1957 Saskatchewan Residents Marriage Index; and Find-a-Grave* (Oxbow Cemetery, and unattributed obituary (probably from *The Regina Leader-Post*)).

3. Leo Neuman **(DNA)** (May 11, 1930, Glen Ewen, Saskatchewan – June 22, 2018, Oxbow, Saskatchewan) married Ada Ella Bieberdorf (February 8, 1929, Ukraine SSR – August 15, 2017, Estevan, Saskatchewan), daughter of Vasili Maksimchuk and Olga Biberdorf (1903-1965), on April 4, 1953, in Alberta, Canada. They had six known children: Zena **(DNA)** Neumann Besner, and John, Jim,

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Mark, Diane and Bill Neuman. *See* Appendix A. *February 18, 2017, and June 25, 2018, The Regina Post-Leader Obituaries; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Resthaven Cemetery, Frobisher, Saskatchewan, Leo Neuman).

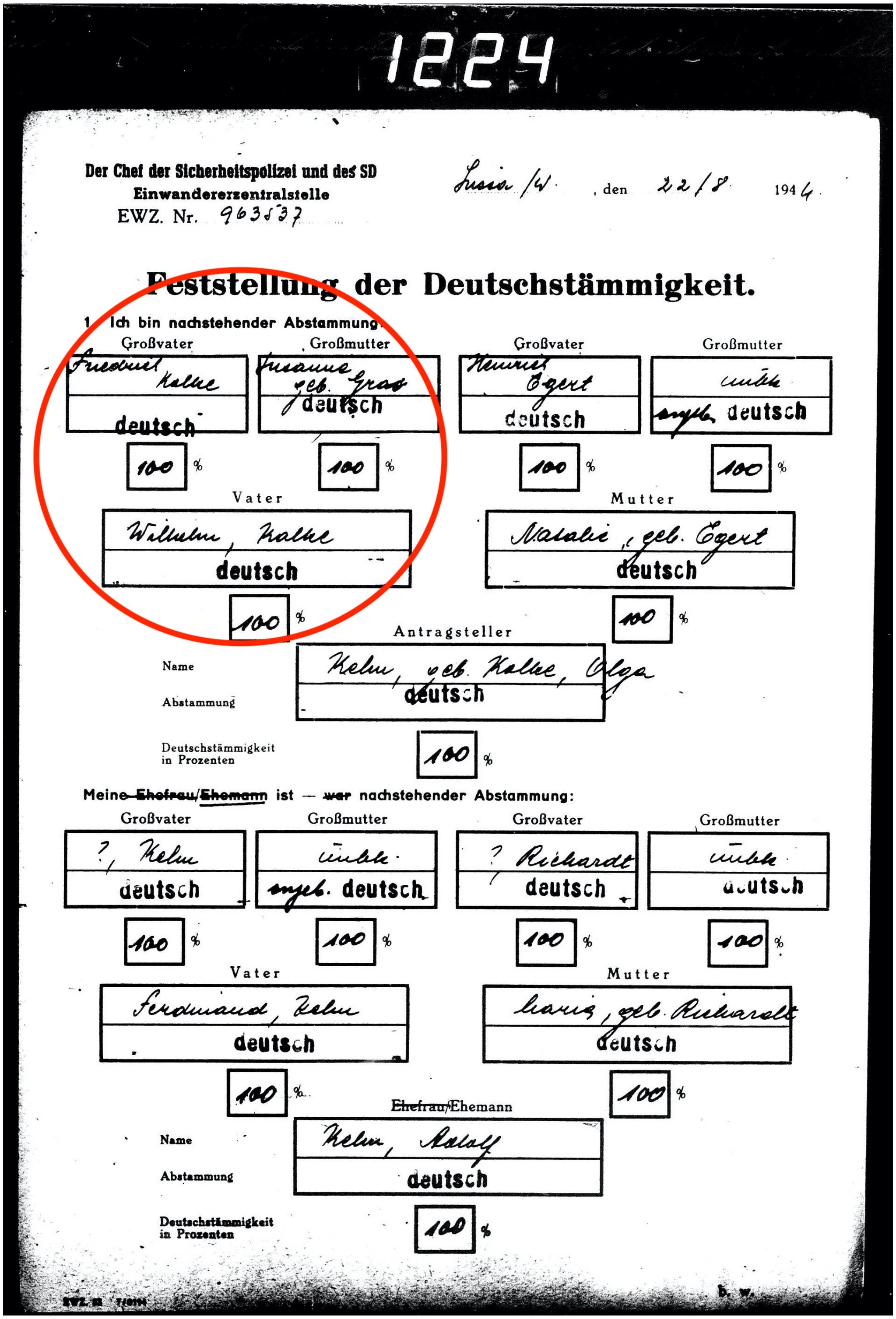
4. Harold Neuman **(DNA)** (October 11, 1931, Openshaw/Glen Ewen, Saskatchewan – May 31, 2012, Oakville, Halton County, Ontario) married Barbara Ann Smith (b1937/38, Toronto, Ontario), daughter of Raymond Cameron Smith (1913-2003) and Ida Evelyn Day (1909-2002), on September 6, 1957, in Plentywood, Sheridan County, Montana. They had three known children: Carl, Lenore **(DNA)** and Susan Neuman. *See* Appendix A. *1957 Sheridan County, Montana, Marriage Record; and 2012 Harold Neuman Obituary*.

5. Walter Neuman (October 31, 1932, Oxbow, Saskatchewan – April 18, 2018, Oxbow, Saskatchewan) married Thelma Jean Meadows (April 7, 1930, Carnduff, Saskatchewan – February 17, 1995, Weyburn, Saskatchewan), daughter of Charles Aubrey Meadows (1886-1940) and Edith Harris (1893-1938), in 1953, in Carnduff, Saskatchewan. They divorced before 1985, and had two known children: Arnold Gene Neuman (1955-2000); and Bertha Neuman Hanson.

6. Laura Frieda Neuman is unverified.

[79] Wilhelm Kolke (1855-56, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – 1920, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia) is confirmed to be the son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass through the *EWZ Feststellung* of his daughter Olga Kolke. Further, Wilhelm Kolke was a Godparent of his "sibling's" children, and his "siblings" were Godparents of his children. Wilhelm Kolke married Natalie Eggert* (<1870, _________ - 1923, Nedbajewka, Ukraine SSR), daughter of Heinrich Egert, probably around 1887, in the area of Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia. In July 1915, the Wilhelm Kolke family had its land expropriated and was deported to Russia. They returned to Volhynia after Russia's withdrawal from World War I. A four page statement, their daughter Olga Kolke Kelm provided as a part of her *EWZ*, stated Wilhelm Kolke and Natalie Eggert had twelve children, ten who are known. *1915 Expropriation List; 1944EWZ931499* (Hulda Witzke Schmidt Kolke) *(A3342EWZ50-E028 1052); and 1944EWZ963537* (Olga Kolke Kelm) *(A3342EWZ58-H027 1934) (A3342EWZ50-D072 1212, 1224).*

*There were several Eggert families in the Tutschin and Roschischtsche area around the time of Natalie Eggert's probable birth, but I could not locate her, nor a Heinrich Eggert.



1224

Der Chef der Sicherheitspolizei und des SD
Einwandererzentralstelle
EWZ. Nr. 963537

Lissa /W., den 22/8 1944

Feststellung der Deutschstämmigkeit.

1. Ich bin nachstehender Abstammung:

Großvater	Großmutter	Großvater	Großmutter
Friedrich Kolke	Susanne geb. Gras	Heinrich Egert	unbk.
deutsch	deutsch	deutsch	angebl. deutsch
100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

Vater	Mutter
Wilhelm, Kolke	Natalie, geb. Egert
deutsch	deutsch
100 %	100 %

Antragsteller
Name: Klein, geb. Kolke, Olga
Abstammung: deutsch
Deutschstämmigkeit in Prozenten: 100 %

Meine ~~Ehefrau~~/Ehemann ist — ~~war~~ nachstehender Abstammung:

Großvater	Großmutter	Großvater	Großmutter
?, Klein	unbk.	? Richardt	unbk.
deutsch	angebl. deutsch	deutsch	deutsch
100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

Vater	Mutter
Ferdinand, Klein	Marie, geb. Richardt
deutsch	deutsch
100 %	100 %

~~Ehefrau~~/Ehemann
Name: Klein, Adolf
Abstammung: deutsch
Deutschstämmigkeit in Prozenten: 100 %

b. w.

Even though her grandmother's given name is incorrect, the surname is accurate. There were three known "Wilhelm Kolkes" in the Nedbajewka area. However, the first identified baptism this Wilhelm Kolke sponsored, along with Justine Rode, wife of Friedrich Kolke (Wilhelm's brother, which is a key indicator), occurred in June 1878, for Friedrich Wilhelm Klein, son of Friedrich Klein and Helene Kolke. Godparents of the Klein's other children were also the children of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass, i.e.

August, Julius and Friedrich Kolke. Based upon geography, age and sponsorships of the children of Wilhelm Kolke and Natalie Eggert, as well as the ages, geography and sponsorships of other grandchildren of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass, it is certain this Wilhelm Kolke was a son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke.

The two other known Wilhelm Kolkes living in the area with their parents: (1) Wilhelm Kolke, son of Gottlieb Kolke, born in late 1865; and (2) Wilhelm Kolke, son of *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*, born in August 1866. They would have been only twelve years old in June 1878.

1944EWZ963537 (A3342EWZ50-D072 1226-1230) dated August 21, 1944.

- Theodor Kolke (1888, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia - >August 21, 1944). *1944EWZ963537 (A3342EWZ50-D072 1226-1230)* dated August 21, 1944.

- Ida Kolke (December 11, 1889, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia - >August 21, 1944). *1944EWZ963537 (A3342EWZ50-D072 1226-1230)* dated August 21, 1944.

- Karel Kolke (1892, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia - >August 21, 1944). *1944EWZ963537 (A3342EWZ50-D072 1226-1230)* dated August 21, 1944.

- Robert Kolke (August 28 or September 9, 1895, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia - >August 21, 1944) was a twin of Olga Kolke. *1944EWZ963537 (A3342EWZ50-D072 1226-1230)* dated August 21, 1944.

- Olga Kolke (August 28 or September 9, 1895, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia - >August 21, 1944) married Adolf Kelm (April 28, 1877, Janowka, Shitomir, Volhynia, Russia – 1937, Verschleppt), son of Ferdinand Kelm (1840, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – 1920, Grüntal, Volhynia, Russia) and Maria Richert (January 28, 1850, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – 1924, Grüntal, Ukraine SSR; d/o Peter Richert and Susanna Funk), on May 1, 1919, in Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia. In 1937, Adolf Kelm was verschleppt/deported to an unknown location. By August 22, 1944, Olga Kolke Kelm was a resident of Lissa, Wartheland (occupied Poland), where as a part of her *EWZ* she provided a four page history of her family. Olga Kolke and Adolf Kelm had six known children. *Revision of November 30, 1857 in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7; 1878 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p613 #232*; 1944EWZ963537* (Olga Kolke Kelm) *(A3342EWZ50-D072 1212, 1216, 1218, 1224, 1226-1229) (A3342EWZ58-H027 1934); 1944EWZ790108* (Paul Kelm) *(A3342EWZ50D072 1280, 1288); 1944EWZ934835* (Alfred Kelm) *(A3342EWZ50-D072 0370, 0380); and 1944EWZ963752* (Otto Kelm) *(A3342EWZ58-H027 2644) (A3342EWZ-D072 1264, 1272).*

    1. Ewald Kelm (August 6, 1920, Grüntal, Volhynia, Russia – September 3, 1941, Verschleppt). 1944EWZ963537 (Olga Kolke Kelm) (A3342EWZ50-D072 1212, 1216, 1218, 1224, 1226-1229) (A3342EWZ58-H027 1934).

    2. Bruno Kelm (March 6, 1922, Grüntal, Volhynia, Russia - September 3, 1941, Verschleppt) was living with uncle and aunt Albert Kolke and Hulda Witzke Schmidt, as of November 26, 1937, when Albert Kolke was arrested by the NKVD. *NKVD Arrest #1499; and 1944EWZ963537 (Olga Kolke Kelm) (A3342EWZ50-D072 1212, 1216, 1218, 1224, 1226-1229) (A3342EWZ58-H027 1934)..*

    3. Paul Kelm (b May 6, 1924, Grüntal, Ukraine SSR) was in Köslin/Cöslin, Germany, as of February 23, 1944. As of August 15, 1944, and probably earlier, he was a member of the Waffen SS. *1944EWZ790108* (Paul Kelm) *(A3342EWZ50D072 1280, 1288, 1289, 1290, 1292).*

4. Alfred Kelm (Kellem) (b July 7, 1926, Grüntal, Ukraine SSR) was a resident of Borisowka who was resettled to Molotow, Turkmenistan, in 1936-38, but successfully returned "home." As of July 1, 1944, he was a member of the Waffen SS in Warshau/Warsaw, where he was probably part of the Waffen SS involved in the razing of Warsaw during the August 1st to October 2, 1944, Uprising. *NKVD Repatriation #3527; and 1944EWZ934835* (Alfred Kelm) *(A3342EWZ50-D072 0370, 0374, 0376, 0380, 0382).*

5. Otto Kelm (b March 19 or 20, 1928, Grüntal, Ukraine SSR) was a resident of Lissa, Wartheland (occupied Poland), as of August 24, 1944. *1944EWZ963752* (Otto Kelm) *(A3342EWZ58-H027 2644) (A3342EWZ-D072 1264, 1270, 1272).*

6. Willibald Kelm (b November 27, 1932, Janowka, Ukraine SSR) was a resident of Lissa, Wartheland (occupied Poland), as of August 24, 1944. *1944EWZ963537 (Olga Kolke Kelm) (A3342EWZ50-D072 1212, 1216, 1218, 1224, 1226-1229) (A3342EWZ58-H027 1934).*

- Unknown Kolke #1 (____, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia - <August 21, 1944). *1944EWZ963537 (Olga Kolke Kelm) (A3342EWZ50-D072 1212, 1216, 1218, 1224, 1226-1229) (A3342EWZ58-H027 1934).*

- Albert Kolke (1898/1902, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia – August 23, 1938, Shot by NKVD, probably in Kiev, Ukraine SSR) married Hulda Witzke Schmidt (July 12, 1893, Wjasowez (north of Pulin), Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >July 2, 1944; m 1912 to _____ Schmidt in Nowin), daughter of Friedrich Witzke (b1854, Congress Poland, Russia) and Christina Krause (1849, Congress Poland, Russia – 1916, Siberia, Russia; July 1915, family relocated to Russia), on August 27, 1921, in Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia. On April 26, 1933, Albert Kolke was arrested by the NKVD, but was released on May 23, 1933. However, Albert Kolke, the secretary of the village (Novo Romanowka), was verschleppt on June 10, 1937; arrested by the Nowograd Wolhynsk NKVD on November 26, 1937, under Articles 54-10 (conducting anti-Soviet propaganda and agitation) and 54-11 (being a member of an anti-Soviet organization); placed on trial in front of a NKVD Troika from the Kiev Region on June 9, 1938; and was sentenced to death. On August 23, 1938, Albert Kolke was shot by the NKVD, probably in Kiev, Ukraine SSR. At the time of his arrest, a nephew Bruno (Kelm) was living with them. His wife Hulda Kolke was in Lissa, Wartheland (occupied Poland), as of January 21, 1944, and on July 2, 1944, received her *German Naturalization Certificate*. They apparently did not have children. *1915 Expropriation List; NKVD Arrest #1499; 1944EWZ931499* (Hulda Witzke Schmidt Kolke) *(A3342EWZ50-E028 1052); and 1944EWZ963537* (Olga Kolke Kelm) *(A3342EWZ50-D072 1226).*

- Maria Kolke (March 20, 1900, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 21, 1900, Heimtal Parish (GP: Wilhelm Wiese and Mathilde Kolke*) – July 22, 1900, Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1900 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p131 #1035*; and 1900 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p186 #229.

*I have been unable to determine the identity of "Mathilde Kolke."

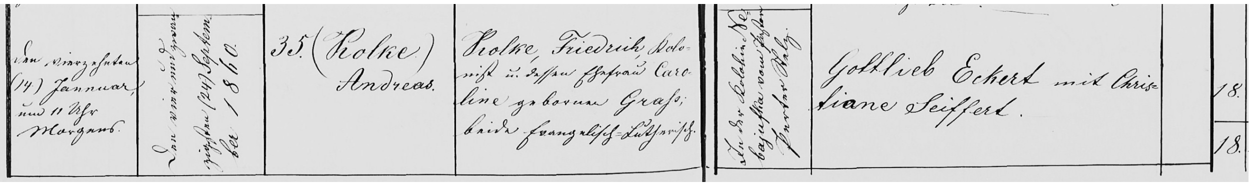
- Bertha Kolke (1901, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia – November 29, 1909, Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1909 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p152 #292.

- Unknown Kolke #2 (____, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia - <August 21, 1944). *1944EWZ963537 (Olga Kolke Kelm) (A3342EWZ50-D072 1212, 1216, 1218, 1224, 1226-1229) (A3342EWZ58-H027 1934).*

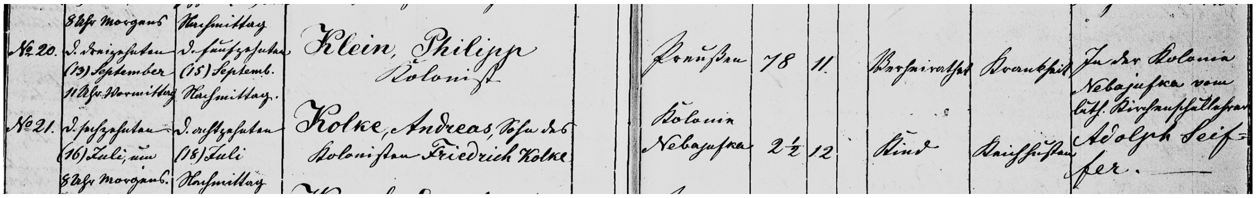
- Rudolf Kolke (1904, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia - >August 21, 1944). *1944EWZ963537 (Olga Kolke Kelm) (A3342EWZ50-D072 1212, 1216, 1218, 1224, 1226-1229) (A3342EWZ58-H027 1934).*

- Alice Kolke (March 24, 1906, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 5, 1906, Heimtal Parish (GP: Emilie (Kolke) Heise) – May 20, 1906, Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1906 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p115 #1135*; and 1906 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p152 #232.

[80] *1860 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p164 #35*; 1862 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p456 #21*; and 1944EWZ904135.*

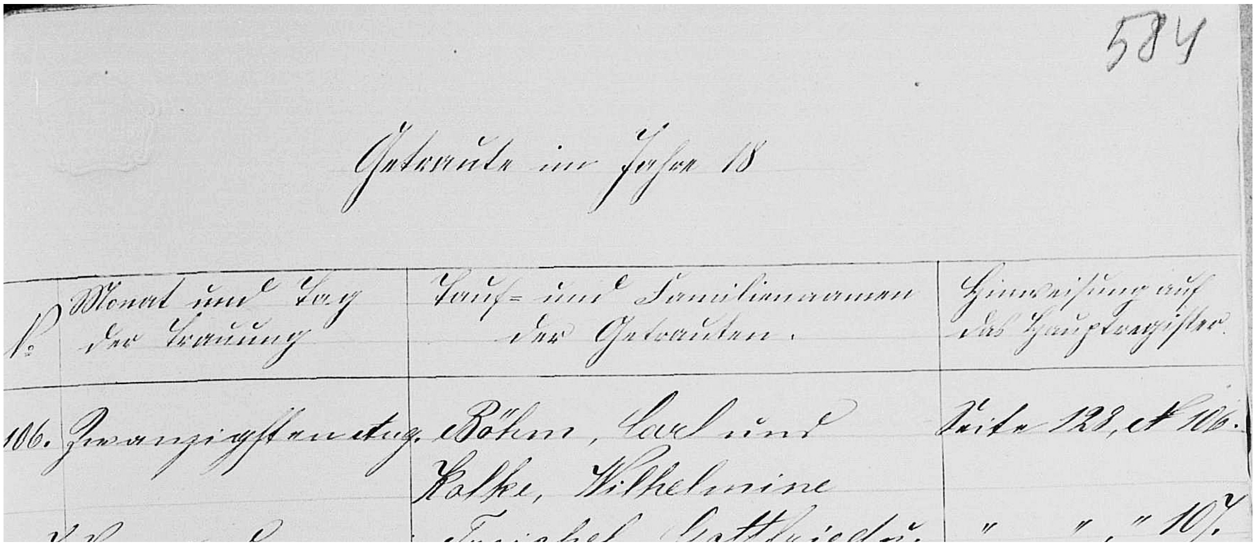


Den vierzehnten (14.) Januar, um 11 Uhr Morgens.	Den vierundzwanzigsten (24) September 1860	35. (Kolke) Andreas.	Kolke, Friedrich, Colonist u. dessen Ehefrau Caroline geborene Graß; beide evangelisch-lutherisch.	In der Kolonie Nebajufka vom Pastor Walz	Gottlieb Eckert mit Christiane Seiffert.	18. 18.



	8 Uhr Morgens	Nachmittag								
№ 20.	d. dreizehnten (13) September 11 Uhr Vormittag	d. fünfzehnten (15) Septemb. Nachmittag.	Klein, Philipp Colonist		Preußen	78	11.	Verheirathet	Brustkrankheit	In der Kolonie Nebajufka vom luth. Kirchenschullehrer Adolph Seiffer.
№ 21.	d. sechzehnten (16) Juli; um 8 Uhr Morgens.	d. achtzehnten (18) Juli Nachmittag	Kolke, Andreas, Sohn des Colonisten Friedrich Kolke		Kolonie Nebajufka	2½	12	Kind	Keuchhusten	

[81] Wilhelmine Kolke married Karl Alexander Böhm (April 20, 1863, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – ≥1936, probably Russia USSR), son of Heinrich Böhm and Justina Richter (who were married on August 27, 1853, in Shitomir Parish), in August 1881, in Heimtal Parish. Wilhelmine Kolke and Karl Bohm had five known children. Wilhelmine Kolke died in 1936, in Murmansk, Russia, USSR, probably along with her husband and son Robert Böhm, who was a resident of Rakowitsch, Ukraine SSR, in 1936, when he was resettled to and convicted in the Karelia Republic (east of Finland), where Murmansk, Russia, is located. *1853 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p331 #23*; 1863 Shitomir Parish Birth Record,* p2 #5*; 1881 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p584 #106; *NKVD Repatriation #874; and 1944EWZ905829* (Alma Beutler Böhm) *(A3342EWZ50-A065 0094).*



584

Getraute im Jahre 18

No.	Monat und Tag der Trauung	Tauf- und Familiennamen der Getrauten.	Hinweisung auf das Hauptregister
106.	Zwanzigsten Aug.	Böhm, Carl und Kolke, Wilhelmine	Seite 128, # 106.
		[illegible] Gottfried	„ „ „ 107.

*Karl Böhm may have been (and probably was) Karl Alexander Böhm.

- Marie Lydia Böhm (August 25, 1882, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 5, 1882, Heimtal Parish (GP: Friedrich Kolke and Caroline (Wiese) Sonnenburg (d/o *Karl/Carl Wiese* and Juliane Müller) -

≥June 29, 1938) married August Zotzmann (1871, Congress Poland, Russia – September 27, 1938, Shot by NKVD, probably Kiev, Ukraine SSR), son of Jakob Zotzmann/Zutzmann and Juliane Lück. In 1938, August Zutman (Zotzmann) was a collective farmer in Sokolow, Heimtal Parish, Ukraine SSR, when he was arrested by RO NKVD from the Kiev District for violating Articles 54-2 (bourgeois separatism and nationalism) and 54-11 (being a member of an anti-Soviet organization). On September 21, 1938, he was tried by a troika of Ukrainian NKVD, and sentenced to the maximum punishment (death). He was shot on September 27, 1938, probably in or near Kiev. His brother Friedrich Zotsmann/Zutzmann (1878, Sokolow, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia - September 27, 1938, Shot by NKVD, probably Kiev, Ukraine SSR) was also a collective farmer in Sokolow, when he was arrested, charged with the same crimes, tried, convicted and shot, on the same days as August Zotzmann. Maria Lydia Böhm and August Zotzmann had nine known children. Maria-Lydia Böhm Zotzmann/Zutman, and two of their children (Selma and Gerhart Zotzmann) were alive and living with Maria Lydia Böhm and August Zotzmann at the time of his arrest and execution. *1883 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p836 #608*; 1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p647 #588 (Heinrich Zutzmann)*; and NKVD Arrest #s 3200 and 3202.*

1. Infant Girl Zotzmann (June 21, 1903, Sokolow or Beresowka Hat, Volhynia, Russia; bap 1903, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia - 1903, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1903 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p125 #1108.

2. Herbert Zotzmann (1904, Sokolow, Heimtal, Volhynia, Russia – January 20, 1938, Shot by NKVD, probably Kiev, Ukraine SSR) was a carpenter in a music factory in Sokolow, Heimtal Parish, Ukraine SSR, when he was arrested on December 15, 1937, by RO NKVD from the Kiev District for violating Article 54-10 (conducting anti-Soviet propaganda and agitation). On January 12, 1938, he was tried by two NKVD of the USSR, and sentenced to the maximum punishment (death). He was shot on January 20, 1938, probably in or near Kiev. He had three known children living with him at the time of his arrest: Margaret, Herman and Emilie Zotsmann. *NKVD Arrest #3258.*

3. Emma Zotsmann (b September 4, 1906, Sokolow, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 10, 1906, Beresowka, Heimtal Parish (GP: Friedrich Zotsmann)). *1906 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p108 #1067.

4. Ida Zotzmann (b December 17, 1908, Sokolow, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 27, 1908, Beresowka Hat, Heimtal Parish (GP: Rudolf Böhm)). *1908 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p148 #1167.

5. Bernhard Zotzmann (b December 13, 1910, Beresowka Hat, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 27, 1910, Heimtal Parish (GP: Wilhelmine Böhm)). *1910 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p111 #1091.

6. Elsa Zotzmann (b June 29, 1912, Sokolow, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 8, 1912, Beresowka Hat, Heimtal Parish (GP: Friedrich Böhm and Adeline Böhm)). *1912 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p106 #1037.

7. Eduard Zotzmann (b November 18, 1914, Beresowka Hat, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 30, 1914, Heimtal Parish). *1914 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p284 #992.

8. Selma Zotzmann (____, Beresowka Hat, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >June 29, 1938). *NKVD Arrest #3202.*

9. Gerhardt Zotzmann (____, Beresowka Hat, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >June 29, 1938). *NKVD Arrest #3202.*

- Gustav Eduard Böhm (b March 30, 1884, Martinowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 9, 1884, Heimtal Parish (GP: Ferdinand Kolke and Justine (Rode) Kolke)). *1884 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p605 #25.

- Friedrich Böhm (1890, Maksimowka, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia – August 5, 1941, Verschleppt to Alma-Atinsk, Kazakhstan) married Alma Beutler (July 31, 1904, Ostrowka, Volhynia, Russia - >April 23, 1944), daughter of Friedrich Beutler (August 15, 1873, Lodsch (Łódź), Congress Poland, Russia – <1944) and Juliana Walter (August 5, 1874, Konin, Congress Poland, Russia - <1944), on February 4, 1925, in Kutosowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Ukraine SSR. Both of her parents died before 1944, but because the *EWZ* is of poor quality I could not make out the dates and places of their deaths. On August 5, 1937, Friedrich Böhm (Behm), son of Karl Böhm, a craftsman resident of Malin, Ukraine SSR, was arrested by the Malin RO NKVD under Article 54-10 of the Ukraine SSR statute (conducting anti-Soviet propaganda and agitation), but surprisingly was released from custody under an agreement of non-departure (presumably agreeing not to leave the Ukraine SSR). However, Friedrich Böhm's (Beim/Behm/Boehm) luck ran out exactly four years later, when on August 5, 1941, he was verschleppt/deported from Skolobow, Ukraine SSR, to Alma-Atinsk, Kazakhstan, apparently leaving his wife and two daughters (Irina and Elma) behind (as they probably would not have been in occupied Poland as of 1944). As of April 23, 1944, Alma Beutler Böhm and daughters Irene and Elvira Böhm, were in Hermannsbad, Wartheland (occupied Poland), where they were provided a *German Naturalization Certificate*. Friedrich Böhm and Alma Beutler had two known children. *NKVD Arrest #222; NKVD Repatriation #12195; and 1944EWZ905829* (Alma Beutler Böhm) (*A3342EWZ50-A065 0094, 0100, 0102, 0106, 0108*).

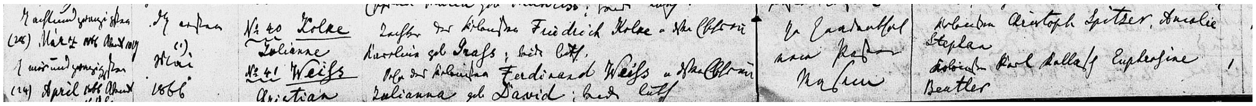
    1. Irene (Irina) Böhm (b December 15, 1928, Neuborn, Ukraine SSR). *NKVD Repatriation #12195; and 1944EWZ905829* (Alma Beutler Böhm) (*A3342EWZ50-A065 0094, 0102*).

    2. Elvira (Elma) Böhm (b July 5, 1933, Kiselewka, Ukraine SSR). *NKVD Repatriation #12195; and 1944EWZ905829* (Alma Beutler Böhm) (*A3342EWZ50-A065 0094, 0102*).

- Emil Böhm (b July 29, 1900, Maksimowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 21, 1900, Heimtal Parish (GP: August Kolke and Natalie (Eggert) Kolke)). *1900 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record*, p3 #15.

- Robert Böhm (November 9, 1902, Maksimowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 16, 1902, Heimtal Parish (GP: Emilie (Kolke) Heise) - ≥1936, probably Russia USSR) was a resident of Rakowitsch, Ukraine SSR, in 1936, when he was resettled to and convicted in the Karelia Republic (east of Finland), Russia USSR. *1902 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p131 #1173*; and NKVD Repatriation #874.*

[82] *1866 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record*, p632 #40; *and 1942EWZ308223* (Helene Grip Kakoschke) *(A3342EWZ50-D059 2538, 2552).*



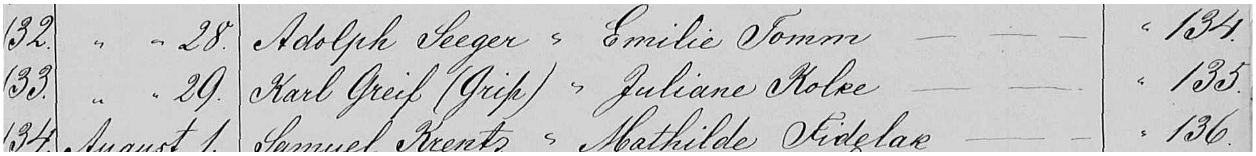
When she was sixteen years old, Julianne Kolke had a daughter Hulda Kolke (December 18, 1882, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 31, 1882, Heimtal Parish (GP: Carl Böhm and Justine (Rode) Kolke) - ≥July 1915). Hulda Kolke's father is unknown, but may have been Gottfried Gripp. Hulda Kolke married Ferdinand Pekruhl (November 8, 1872, Wladin, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 12, 1873, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Bartz and Helene Kolke Treptow) - ≥July 1915), son of Wilhelmine Kolke (sister of *Ludwig Kolke*) and Jakob Pekruhl, probably around 1899 (as there is no record of their marriage in 1900-01). *See* Wilhelmine Kolke and Jakob Pekruhl. *1873 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p299 #110*; 1883 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p836 #619*; and 1915 Expropriation List.*

Julianne/Julianna Kolke may have married twice; although I am skeptical for the reasons set forth below. However, she was the only known "Julianne/Julianna Kolke" I have been able to locate who would have been able to marry in 1882 and 1885; although I can't rule out others may have existed.

M#1 On September 29, 1882, in Shitomir Parish, "Julianne Kolk" married Gottfried Gripp* (April 12, 1868, Amelin, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 21, 1868, Shitomir Parish - ≥July 1915), son of Michael Gripp (1838/39, Congress Poland, Russia – June 4, 1881, probably Amelin, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia); married January 10, 1864, Shitomir Pairsh) and Justine Ziesmann (b1844, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Jakob Ziesmann (1819, probably Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - ≥1857; s/o Johann Ziesmann (1789/97, near Bromberg, Kingdom of Prussia – March 25, 1879, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia; s/o Johann Ziesmann) and Eva ____ (1790/94, Congress Poland, Russia – February 24, 1866, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; d/o Johann ____)) and Eva Wagner (1824 - ≥January 10, 1858; d/o Carl Wagner), who were living in Annette as of November 30, 1857. However, Gottfried Grieb would have only been fourteen years old at the time of this marriage; and Julianne Kolke would only have been sixteen years of age. Further, Julianne Kolke's daughter Hulda Kolke, born ten weeks after the alleged marriage, has the "Kolke" surname, not "Gripp." It is possible there was marriage, because Julianne Kolke was pregnant, but that it was annulled or otherwise invalidated, because even if he died after the marriage, Hulda Kolke's surname should have been "Gripp," if he was her father or if Gottfried Gripp was still married to Julianne Kolke, who was pregnant at the time of their marriage. In July 1915, Tsar Nicholas II sent Gottfried Gripp to Siberia. *Revision of November 30, 1857 in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #25; 1864* (p27 #1) *and 1882* (p660 #231) *Shitomir Parish Marriage Records; 1866 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p655 #79 (Eva Ziesmann, 75Y, born Poland)*; 1868 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p306 #24*; 1879* (p847 #148; Johann Ziesmann, 82Y, born near Bromberg, Prussia) *and 1881* (p621 #339; Michael Gripp, 42Y, born in Poland, spouse Justine Ziesmann) *Heimtal Parish Burial Records; and 1915 Expropriation List.*

*The surname has been translated and spelled countless ways, although it appears "Grip/Gripp" is probably the most accurate. Other translated surnames include Grief, Grieb, Giese and Griep among others.

M#2 (probably #1) On July 29, 1885, Julianne/Julianna Kolke married Gottfried Gripp's brother Karl Gripp (1865, probably Amelin, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – ~1916, Siberia, Russia). In July 1915, Tsar Nicholas II sent the Karl Gripp family to Siberia, Russia. Julianne Kolke and Karl Gripp had nine known children. *1885 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p708 #133*; and 1942EWZ308223* (Helene Grip Kakoschke) *(A3342EWZ50-D059 2538).*



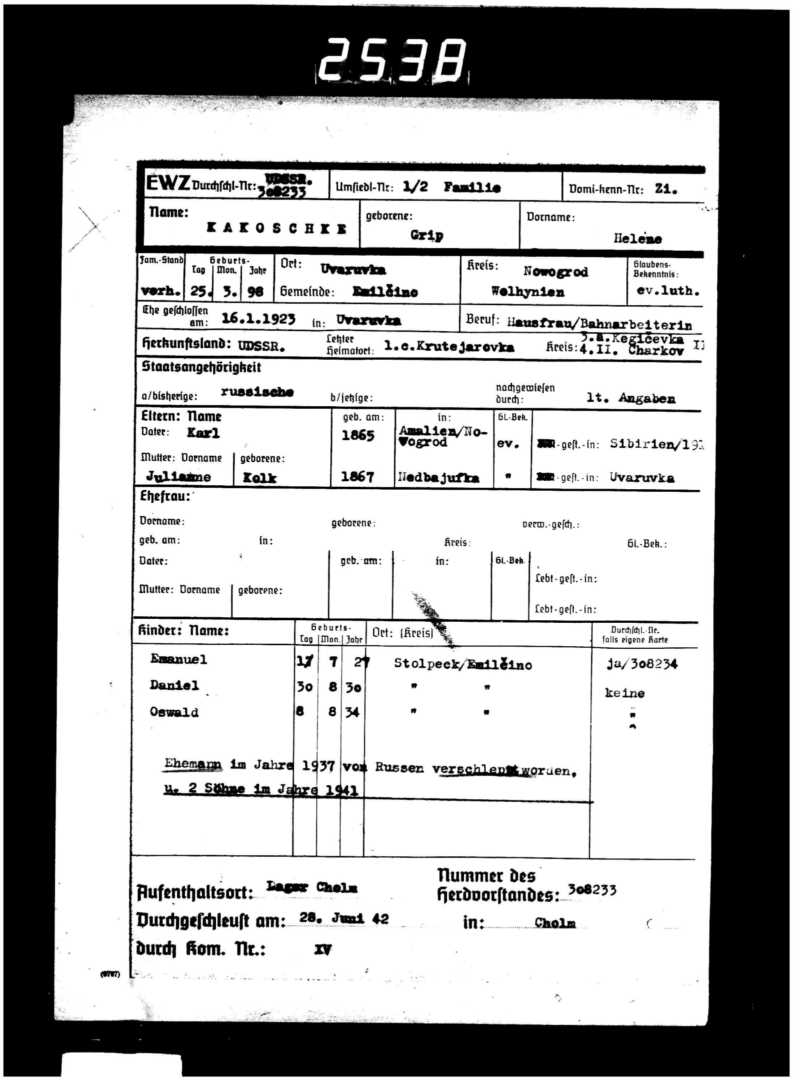
132. „ „ 28. Adolph Seeger „ Emilie Tomm — — — „ 134.
133. „ „ 29. Karl Greif (Grip) „ Juliane Kolke — — „ 135.
134. August 1. Samuel Krentz „ Mathilde Seidelak — — „ 136.

- Emil Gripp (September 29, 1885, Nedbajuwka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 7, 1885, Heimtal Parish (GP: Friedrich Klein and Ernestine (Kolke) Klebe) – January 17, 1911, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p678 #1025 ("Griss")*; and 1911 Emilchin Parish Death Record,* p25 #215 ("Gripp," single, 25Y 3M).

- Augustine Gripp (b September 8, 1887, Maksimowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 12, 1887, Emilchin Parish) married Ludwig Müller, widower of Mariane Kolke, daughter of Daniel Kolke and Maria/Mariane Richter, on December 27, 1906. They did not have any known children between 1906-

1919. *1902 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p98 #25 (1887)*; and 1906 Emilchin Parish Marriage Record*, p84 #102.

- Helene Gripp (March 25, 1898, Uwarowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 4, 1898, Emilchin Parish ->August 20, 1945, ____) married Hermann Kakoschke (____ - 1937, verschleppt/deported), son of Heinrich Kakoschke and Ernestine Janke (although her maiden name may have been Neumann), on January 16, 1923, in Uwarowka, Emilchin Parish, Ukraine SSR. Helene Gripp and Hermann Kakoschke had three known children. In 1937, Hermann Kakoschke was verschleppt/deported. By June 28, 1942, Helene Gripp Kakoschke was in Cholm, Belarus SSR, possibly with all of her children, although son Daniel Kakoschke and Oswald Kakoschke had been verschleppt in 1941, and had not completed *EWZs* on their own behalf. On October 14, 1942, Helene Kakoschke and her three sons were issued *German Naturalization Certificates*, in Litzmannstadt (Łódź), Wartheland (occupied Poland). From September 9, 1944, through August 20, 1945, Helen Gripp Kakoschke was employed by Johann Vorbach Hardt, and was located in the British Zone of occupied Germany. *1898 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record*, p57 #197*; 1942EWZ308233* (Helene Grip Kakoschke) *(A3342EWZ50-D059 2538, 2548, 2552, 2554); and* Arolsen Archives. *Registration of Foreigners and German Persecutees by Public Institutions, Social Securities and Companies (1939-1947)*. Bad Arolsen, Germany, 2.1.2.1 British Zone, Ref. #02010201 oS, Document ID 70731219, #143.



2538

EWZ Durchſchl-Nr.: UDSSR. 308233 | Umſiedl-Nr.: 1/2 Familie | Domi-kenn-Nr.: Z1.

Name: KAKOSCHKE | geborene: Grip | Vorname: Helene

Fam.-Stand	Geburts- Tag	Mon.	Jahr	Ort	Kreis	Glaubens-Bekenntnis
verh.	25.	3.	98	Ort: Uvaruvka Gemeinde: Emilčino	Kreis: Nowogrod Wolhynien	ev.luth.

Ehe geſchloſſen am: 16.1.1923 in: Uvaruvka | Beruf: Hausfrau/Bahnarbeiterin

Herkunftsland: UDSSR. | Letzter Heimatort: l.c.Krutejarovka | Kreis: 3.a.Kegičevka 4.II. Charkov

Staatsangehörigkeit
a/bisherige: russische | b/jetzige: | nachgewieſen durch: lt. Angaben

Eltern: Name		geb. am:	in:	Gl.-Bek.	
Vater: Karl		1865	Amalien/Novogrod	ev.	~~Lebt~~-geſt.-in: Sibirien/19
Mutter: Vorname Julianne	geborene: Kolk	1867	Nedbajufka	"	~~Lebt~~-geſt.-in: Uvaruvka

Ehefrau:
Vorname: | geborene: | verw.-geſch.:
geb. am: | in: | Kreis: | Gl.-Bek.:
Vater: | geb. am: | in: | Gl.-Bek. | Lebt-geſt.-in:
Mutter: Vorname | geborene: | Lebt-geſt.-in:

Kinder: Name:	Geburts- Tag	Mon.	Jahr	Ort: (Kreis)	Durchſchl.-Nr. falls eigene Karte
Emanuel	17	7	27	Stolpeck/Emilčino	ja/308234
Daniel	30	8	30	" "	keine
Oswald	8	8	34	" "	"

Ehemann im Jahre 1937 von Russen verschleppt worden,
u. 2 Söhne im Jahre 1941

Aufenthaltsort: Lager Cholm | Nummer des Herdvorſtandes: 308233
Durchgeſchleuſt am: 28. Juni 42 | in: Cholm
durch Kom. Nr.: XV

(6767)

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1. Emanuel Kakoschke (July 1, 1927, Stolpeckoje, Emilchin, Ukraine SSR - >October 14, 1942, ____). *1942EWZ308233* (Helene Grip Kakoschke) *(A3342EWZ50-D059 2538, 2548, 2552, 2554); and 1942EWZ308234* (Emanuel Kakoschke).

2. Daniel Kakoschke (August 30, 1930, Stolpeckoje, Emilchin, Ukraine SSR - >October 14, 1942, ____) was verschleppt in 1941. *1942EWZ308233* (Helene Grip Kakoschke) *(A3342EWZ50-D059 2538, 2548, 2552, 2554).*

3. Oswald Kakoschke (August 8, 1934, Stolpeckoje, Emilchin, Ukraine SSR - >October 14, 1942, ____). *1942EWZ308233* (Helene Grip Kakoschke) *(A3342EWZ50-D059 2538, 2548, 2552, 2554).*

- Ottilie Gripp (b April 8, 1900, Uwarowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 26, 1900, Emilchin Parish). *1900 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p12 #66.

- Stillborn Infant Gripp (March 14, 1902, Uwarowka, Volhynia, Russia – March 14, 1902, Uwarowka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1902 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p214 #190.

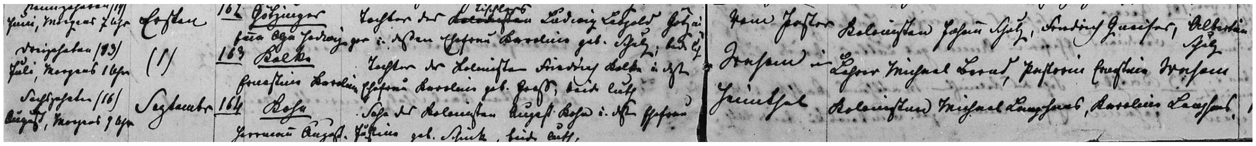
- Emma Gripp (b April 21, 1903, Uwarowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap 1903 Emilchin Parish (GP: Rudolf Greib)). *1903 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p243 #177.

- Ida Gripp (b February 23, 1906, Uwarowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 9, 1906, Emilchin Parish (GP: Elisabeth Greif)). *1906 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p16 #100.

- Alexander Gripp (b May 8, 1909, Uwarowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 10, 1909, Emilchin Parish). *1909 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p113 #294.

- Martha Gripp (b December 15, 1911, Uwarowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 17, 1911, Emilchin Parish). *1911 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p42 #361.

[83] Ernestine Karoline Kolke married Heinrich Klebe (<1867, probably Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >1884), probably in late 1884, when she was only sixteen years old and possibly pregnant. The "Klebs" family led by patriarch Carl Klebs (70=1787; son of Wilhelm Klebs) and Dorothea Sophia Stock (b1795; daughter of Johann Stock), and their four sons (Carl (38=1819); Johann (33=1822); Friedrich (25=1832); and Christian (21=1836)), lived in Household #15, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, as of November 28, 1857. One of them may have been Heinrich Klebe's father. Heinrich Klebe and Ernestine Karoline Kolke had one known child. Ernestine Karoline Kolke Klebe did not die on March 15, 1885, as recorded by others, as she had a child, and possibly other children, after that date (i.e. Adolphine Emmeline Klebe (b June 11, 1885, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia)); although it is possible she died as a result of Adolphine Emmeline Klebe's birth. Birth/baptism records for any other children who may have been born between 1886-1899 are unavailable, and I have been unable to locate any other record for either Heinrich Klebe or Ernestine Karoline Kolke. *1868 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p114 #163.



- Adolphine Emmeline Klebe (June 11, 1885, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 21, 1885, Heimtal Parish (GP: Wilhelm Kolke and Justine (Rode) Kolke) – July 31, 1885, Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish,

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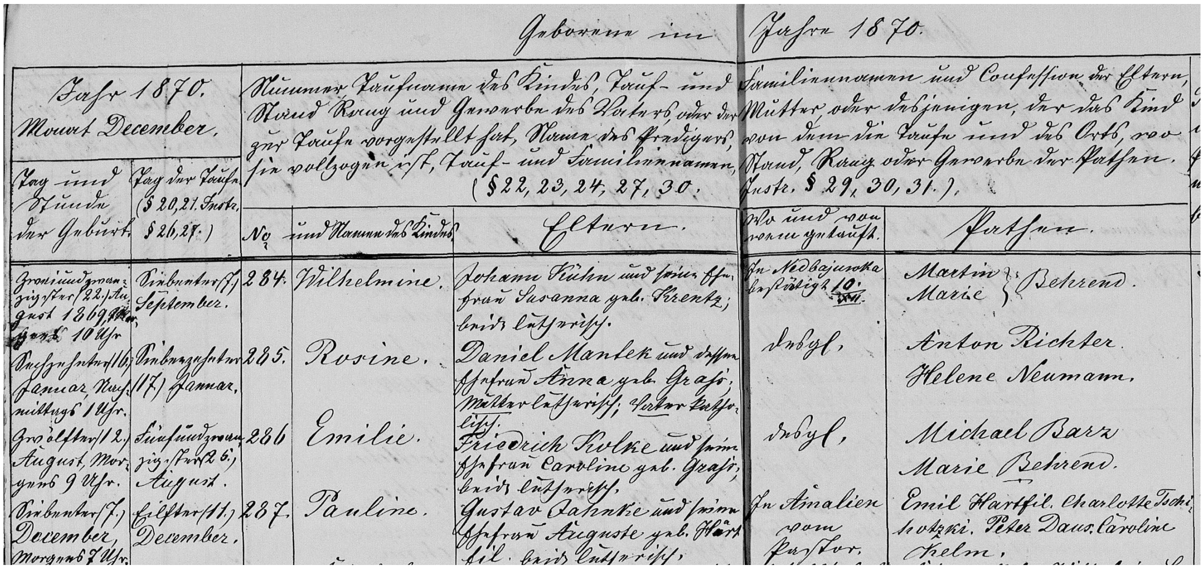
Volhynia, Russia). *1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p698 #1304*; and 1885 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p728 #1885.

[84] *1870 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record*, p273 #286.



Geborene im Jahre 1870.

Jahr 1870. Monat December.		Nummer, Taufname des Kindes, Tauf- und Stand, Rang und Gewerbe des Vaters, oder der zur Taufe vorgestellt hat, Namen des Predigers, sie vollzogen ist, Tauf- und Familiennamen, (§ 22, 23, 24, 27, 30.			Familiennamen und Confession der Eltern, Mutter oder desjenigen, der das Kind von dem die Taufe und des Orts, wo Stand, Rang oder Gewerbe der Pathen. Instr. § 29, 30, 31.)	
Tag und Stunde der Geburt.	Tag der Taufe (§ 20, 21. Instr. § 26, 27.)	No	und Namen des Kindes	Eltern.	Wo und von wem getauft.	Pathen.
Zweiundzwanzigster (22.) August 1869, Morgens 10 Uhr	Siebenter (7.) September.	284.	Wilhelmine.	Johann Kühn und seine Ehefrau Susanna geb. Krentz; beide lutherisch.	In Nedbajewka bestätigt 10. XII.	Martin Marie } Behrend.
Sechzehnter (16.) Januar, Nachmittags 1 Uhr.	Siebzehnter (17.) Januar.	285.	Rosine.	Daniel Mantek und dessen Ehefrau Anna geb. Graß; Mutter lutherisch; Vater katholisch.	desgl.	Anton Richter. Helene Neumann.
Zwölfter (12.) August, Morgens 9 Uhr.	Fünfundzwanzigster (25.) August.	286	Emilie.	Friedrich Kolke und seine Ehefrau Caroline geb. Graß; beide lutherisch.	desgl.	Michael Barz Marie Behrend.
Siebenter (7.) December, Morgens 7 Uhr.	Elfter (11.) December.	287.	Pauline.	Gustav Jahnke und seine Ehefrau Auguste geb. Hartfil. beide lutherisch;	In Amalien vom Pastor.	Emil Hartfil. Charlotte Tschichotzki. Peter Daus. Caroline Kelm;

Emilie Kolke married twice. Emilie Kolke did not marry Emil Sonntag, as recorded by others. Emil Sonntag married Emma Frieda Kolke, daughter of Friedrich Kolke and Justine Rode, on November 26, 1903, in Heimtal Parish. *1903 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record*, P148 #211.

M#1 Emilie Kolke married Wilhelm Heise (September 1865, Congress Poland, Russia – April 10, 1908, Alexanderdorf/Granidub, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). Wilhelm Heise and Emilie Kolke had two known children before his death in 1908; when Emilie Kolke Heise was pregnant with their third known child (Alise Krause). *1908 Heimtal Parish Burial Record*, p174 #143 (42Y 7M, born Poland, married).

- Samuel Heise (b July 13, 1900, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 26, 1900, Heimtal Parish (GP: Pauline Heise Krause)). *1900 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p132 #1042.

- Richard Heise (b April 25, 1903, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 3, 1903, Heimtal Parish). *1903 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p137 #1220.

- Alise Krause (b October 20, 1908, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 22, 1908, Heimtal Parish) was the biological child of Wilhelm Heise; and legal child of Heinrich Gustav Krause (by virtue of being born during their marriage). *1908 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p147 #1154.

M#2 Three months after Wilhelm Heise' death, on July 16, 1908, in Heimtal Parish, Emilie Kolke married Heinrich Gustav Krause (December 8, 1881, Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia – May 24, 1913, Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia), son of Ludwig Krause and Pauline Heise (who was Godmother to Samuel Heise, son of Emilie Kolke and Wilhelm Heise). Emilie Kolke Heise and Heinrich Gustav Krause had two known children. *1881 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p836 #606*; 1908 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p158 #117*; and 1913 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p158 #283 (Heinrich, 31Y 6M, married, wife Emilie, father Ludwig).

- Alise Krause (b October 20, 1908, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 22, 1908, Heimtal Parish) was the biological child of Wilhelm Heise; and legal child of Heinrich Gustav Krause. *1908 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p147 #1154.

- Melitta Krause (September 28, 1910, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 29, 1910, Heimtal Parish – May 17, 1911, Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1910 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p102 #1006*; and 1911 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p146 #218.

Wilhelmina/Wilhelmine Kolke married Jakob/Jacob Pekeruhl/Pekruhl/Pekrull (1822, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – February 16, 1903, Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia),[85] son of George Pekrul (1799, Przewoz, West Galicia, Austrian Empire - >November 28, 1857, probably Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; son of Peter Pekrull (son of Johann Pekrull)) and Eva Grön (Horon) (b1781; daughter of Johann Grön)) and Tekla Wasilewska (1799, Przewoz, West Galicia, Austrian Empire - >November 28, 1857, probably Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; daughter of Jozef Wasilewski and Franciszka Wachnik).[86] In 1838, Jacob Pekrul (16) and his sister Eva Pekrul (14) were part of the same confirmation class as Karoline Grass, her brother Friedrich Grass, Wilhelmine Bartz, Eva Grön, Maria and Elisabet Neumann, and Carl, Wilhelmine and Karolina Wagner.

As of November 28, 1857, Jakob Pekrull (33), Wilhelmine Kolke Pekrull (32; daughter of *Michal Kolke and Eleonora Reich*), four of their children (Helena Pekrull (12); Christine Pekrull (9); Susanne Pekrull (6); and Christian Pekrull (3)), his father George Pekrull (57), his mother Tekla Wasilewska (58), his grandmother Eva Grön Pekrull (76), and his sister Elisabeth Pekrull (22) were still living in Josephine (HH#3), Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia. Families living with the Pekrull's in Josephine included those of Carl Becker (HH#1), Jacob Drude (HH#2), Johann Drews (HHs #4 and 5), Christian Janke (HH#6), Filip Klein (HH#7), George Grön (HH#8), Gottlieb Neumann (HH#9), Peter Pansegrau (HH#11), Paul Neumann (HH#12), Adam Neumann (HH#13) and Carl Klebs/Klebe (HH#15); many of whose families had originally settled Josephine in 1816.[87]

Jakob Pekruhl and Wilhelmine Kolke had nine known or probable children over a twenty seven year period.

- Helene Pekeruhl (August 4, 1845, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap 1845, Shitomir Parish (GP: Anna (Susanna) Kolke and Eleonore Rindfleisch Grass) - >February 13, 1904, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia or Ukraine SSR).[88]
- Anna Christine/Christina Pekrul (1848, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia – September 22, 1914, Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia).[89]
- Susanna/Susanne Pekruhl (1851, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia - >December 9, 1884).[90]
- Christian Pekruhl/Pekrull (1854, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia - >September 1907).[91]
- Rosina Pekruhl (b March 30, 1859, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 30, 1859, Shitomir Parish (GP: Gottlieb Kolke and Samuel Klein)).[92]
- Andreas Pekruhl (September 8, 1861, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 19, 1861, Heimtal Parish (GP: Andreas Kolka, Eva Ziesmann and Christina Drude) - ≥July 1915).[93]
- Friedrich Pekrul (1865/66, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia – March 29, 1912, Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia).[94]
- Peter Pekruhl (November 29, 1868, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap 1869, Shitomir Parish (GP: August Treptow) - ≥July 1915).[95]
- Ferdinand Pekruhl (November 8, 1872, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 12, 1873, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Bartz and Helene Kolke Treptow) - ≥July 1915).[96]

Daniel Kolke married Maria/Mariane Richter (~1833, Congress Poland, Russia - ≥February 2, 1875, ____), daughter of Franz (Franciszek) Richter (Rychter) and possibly Marianna Tekla

Łagowska.[97] Daniel Kolke and Maria/Mariane Richter are clearly connected with the other Kolkes in Generation #2.[98] Maria was also identified as "Mariane," in the birth/baptism records of their children: Maria (Julius, Mariane, Emilie and Karolina); and Mariane (Christina and Susanna). Daniel Kolke and Maria/Mariane Richter had six confirmed children born between 1852 and 1875.

- Daniel Kolke (Jr.) (b~1848) is a possible child.[99]
- Christoph Kolke (b~1850) is a possible child.[100]
- Julius Theodor Kolke (b May 18, 1852, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 14, 1852, Shitomir Parish, (GP: Andreas Kolke, Karoline (Grass) Kolke, Jacob Pekruhl, and Susanna Kolka)).[101]
- Wilhelmine Kolke (~1855, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia - >November 9, 1907).[102]
- Christina Kolke (b June 16, 1860, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 26, 1860, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Barz) - ≥September 25, 1902).[103]
- Mariane Kolke (April 6, 1863, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 6, 1863, Shitomir Parish (GP: Christine Pekrul and Gottlieb Kolke) - ≥February 4, 1903 <December 27, 1906).[104]
- Susanna Kolke (April 20, 1866, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 16, 1866, Shitomir Parish (GP: Heinrich Kolke and Helene Kolke) - ≥May 27, 1887).[105]
- Emilie Kolke (January 10, 1869, Alexanderdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 12, 1869 (GP: Michael Neumann and Susanna Kolke Klein) - ≥July 19, 1906).[106]
- Karolina Kolke (February 2, 1875, Alexanderdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 3, 1875, Heimtal Parish - ≥September 13, 1906).[107]

Gottlieb Kolke was a Godparent of the children of his siblings Wilhelmina Kolke and Daniel Kolke.[108] Heinrich Kolke son of Andreas Kolke was a Godparent of his son Wilhelm Kolke. Gottlieb Kolke was probably married twice. His first marriage (wife unknown) probably produced a daughter.

- Justine Kolke (1853, Pulin, Volhynia, Russia – <December 13, 1943, Irpen (Kyiv), Congress Poland, Russia, or Ukraine SSR).[109]

Sometime between 1855 and 1862, Gottlieb Kolke married widow Justine/Justina Glaubitz Wagner (~1832 – ≥October 3, 1865), possibly the daughter of Johann Glaubitz and sister of Johann Glaubitz who resided in HH#37 Annette as of November 30, 1857.[110] They had one confirmed child.[111]

- Wilhelm Kolke (b October 3, 1865, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 4, 1865, Shitomir Parish (GP: Heinrich Kolke)).[112]

Anna Susanna Kolke married Samuel Klein (33 = April 14, 1824, Zwiahel (Nowograd Wolhynsk), Volhynia, Russia - >September 13, 1881, ____), son of Philipp (Filip) Klein (71=1786, Silesia, Prussia – September 13, 1862, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; son of Jakob Klein) and Maria/Mariane Neumann,[113] on June 11, 1853, in the Shitomir Parish;[114] less than three months after the death of his first wife Elisabeth Rode.[115] Philipp (Filip) Klein was one of the original settlers of Annette.[116] As of November 1857, "Susanna" Klein (23=1834), wife of Samuel Klein,[117] was living in Josephine, Volhynia, Russia, with her husband and his family and three of his five children from his first marriage. Her father was identified as "*Michael*."[118] Anna Susanna Kolke and Samuel Klein had one known child. Anna Susanna Kolke Klein died on March 21, 1914, in Salatuik, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia.

- Rosine Klein (2=1855, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia - >December 1, 1881, ____).[119]

Helene/Helena Kolke **(DNA)**[120] married August Treptow (~1844, ____ - >November 1884, possibly Wladin, Volhynia, Russia), circa 1865, and had eight known children, whose Godparents were members of the Wilhelmine Kolke/Jakob Pekruhl and Daniel Kolke families. On March 12, 1873, Helene Kolke Treptow sponsored Ferdinand Pekruhl, son of Jakob Pekruhl and Wilhelmine Kolke, in Wladin, Shitomir Parish.[121]

- Wilhelmine Treptow (October 21, 1866, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap 1867, Shitomir Parish (GP: Jacob Pekrul) - >November 1, 1904, ____).[122]
- Auguste Treptow (June 5, 1869, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 9, 1869, Shitomir Parish (GP: Daniel Kolke) – March 28, 1904, Josephow (SE of Nowograd Wolhynsk), Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia).[123]
- Wilhelm (William) Treptow (Traptow) (November 19, 1871, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 1, 1871, Shitomir Parish – June 20, 1943, Bashaw, Alberta).[124]
- Ferdinand Treptow (January 19, 1874, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 23, 1874, Shitomir Parish – March 17, 1927, Eberswalde, Germany).[125]
- Julianna Treptow (January 12, 1877, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 14, 1877, Shitomir Parish - ≥October 12, 1913, ____).[126]
- August Treptow (December 5, 1880, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 9, 1880, Shitomir Parish – August 6, 1949, Vancouver, British Columbia).[127]
- Emilie Treptow (b May 28, 1883, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 28, 1883, Shitomir Parish (GP: Samuel Barz and Anna Pekruhl)).[128]
- Heinrich (Henry) Treptow **(DNA)** (August 5, 1885, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 11, 1885, Shitomir Parish – December 2, 1978, Sonoma, Sonoma County, California).[129]
- Rudolf Treptow.[130]

Ludwig Kolke married *Wilhelmine (Mina, Minnie) Wiese* (1841-42, probably Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – 1915/16, Woronesch (Voronezh), Russia, while being deported by Tsarist Russia), daughter of *Karl Wiese and Caroline Mylke* (but possibly of Juliane Müller), on July 16, 1863, in the Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia, possibly by Pastor Peter Stelz.[131] They had at least eleven children born in the Nedbajewka-Slobodka-Marianowka area of the Shitomir and Heimtal Evangelical Lutheran Parishes of Volhynia, Russia.

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[85] *Revision of November 28, 1857 in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #3 (33Y)*; and 1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk Burial Record*, p179 #118 (79Y, widower, born Josephine).

[86] Georg Pekrul and Tekla Wasilewska were married on November 24, 1818, in Magnuszew, Congress Poland, Russia, which is about 60km south of Warsaw, and 500km northwest of Josephine, Shitomir Parish,

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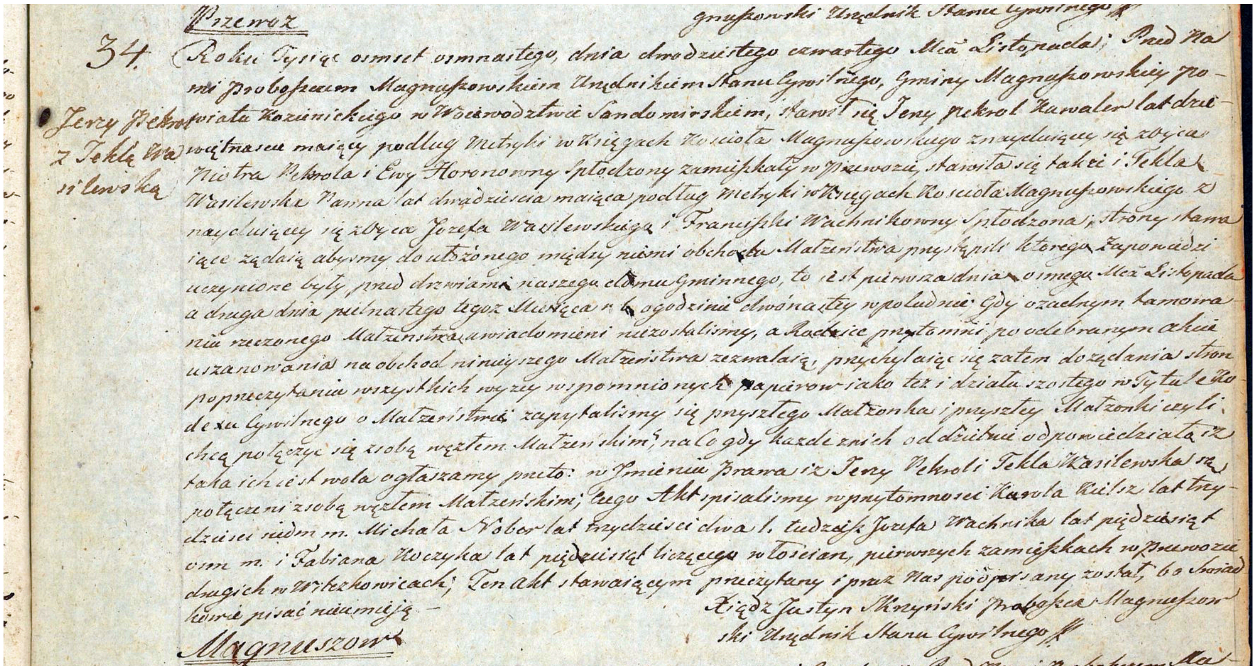
Volhynia, Russia, where they had emigrated as of 1822. *1818 Magnuszew Parish Church of the Augsburg Confession Marriage Record,* #34.



Przewoz

gnuszowski Urzędnik Stanu Cywilnego

34. Roku Tysiąc osmset osmnastego, dnia dwudziestego czwartego Mca Listopada; Przed Na-
mi Proboszczem Magnuszewskiem Urzędnikiem Stanu Cywilnego, Gminy Magnuszewskiey Po-
wiatu Kozienickiego w Woiewodztwie Sandomirskiem, stawił się Jerzy Pekrol Kawaler lat dzie-
więtnascie maiący podług Metryki w Księgach Kościoła Magnuszewskiego znayduiący się z Oyca
Piotra Pekrola i Ewy Horonowny Spłodzony zamieszkały w Przewozie, stawiła się także i Tekla
Wasilewska Panna lat dwadzieścia maiąca podług Metryki w Księgach Kościoła Magnuszewskiego z
nayduiący się z Oyca Jozefa Wasilewskiego i Franciszki Wachnikowny Spłodzona, strony stawa-
iące żądaią abyśmy do ułożonego między niemi obchodu Małżeństwa przystąpili którego Zapowiedzi
uczynione były, przed drzwiami naszego domu Gminnego, to iest pierwsza dnia ósmego Mca Listopada
a druga dnia piętnastego tegoż Miesiąca o 6 godzinie dwónastey w południe: Gdy o żadnym tamowa-
niu rzeczonego Małżeństwa uwiadomieni niezostaliśmy, a Rodzice przytomni po odebranym akcie
uszanowania na obchod niniejszego Małżeństwa zezwalaią, przychylaiąc się zatem do żądania stron
po przeczytaniu wszystkich wyżey wspomnionych papierów iako też i działu szóstego w Tytule Ko-
dexu Cywilnego o Małżeństwie zapytaliśmy się przyszłego Małżonka i przyszłey Małżonki czyli
chcą połączyć się z sobą węzłem Małżeńskim, na co gdy każde z nich oddzielnie odpowiedziało iż
taka ich iest wola ogłaszamy przeto: w Imieniu Prawa iż Jerzy Pekrol i Tekla Wasilewska są
połączeni z sobą węzłem Małżeńskim, Tego Akt spisaliśmy w przytomności Karola Kielsz lat trzy-
dzieści siedm m. Michała Nober lat trzydzieści dwa l. tudzież Jozefa Wachnika lat pięćdziesiąt
osm m. i Fabiana Kwczyka lat pięćdziesiąt liczącego w Łosiean, pierwszych zamieszkałych w Przewozie
drugich w Wilczkowicach; Ten akt stawaiącym przeczytany i przez Nas podpisany został, bo Świad-
kowie pisać nieumieią —

Xiądz Justyn Skrzyński Proboszcz Magnuszew-
ski Urzędnik Stanu Cywilnego

Jerzy Pekrol
z Teklą Wa-
silewską

Magnuszow

Łukasz Józef Bielecki translation:

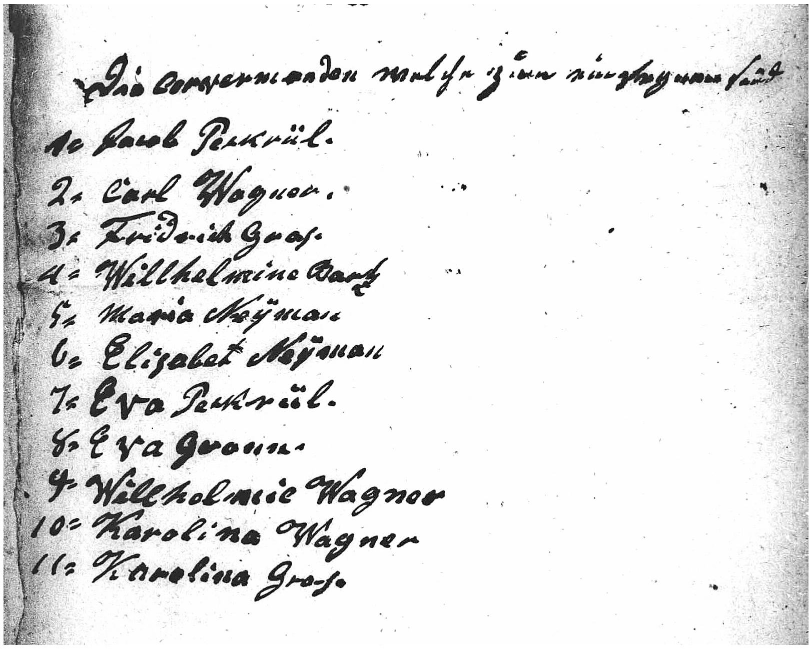
> "The date is 24 Nov 1818
> Magnuszew
> Jerzy (=Georg) Pekrol, 19 ys old, his birth registered in Magnuszew, son of Piotr (Peter) Pekrol and Eva Horonowna (=Horon?). Tekla Wasilewska, 20 ys old, her birth registered in Magnuszew, daughter of Jozef Wasilewski and Franciszka Wachnikowna (Wachnik). Whether the parents are still alive, is not literally said. Both parties/their families live in the Przewoz village."

"By my quick check, no pre-1810 records exist for Magnuszew."

Przewóz is located about 5.5km northeast of Magnuszew and is on the east side of the River Pilica, the boundary between Prussia and Austria, which was annexed by the Hapsburg Austrian Empire in 1795, and became part of the Province of West Galicia. In 1803, West Galicia was merged with the Kingdom of Galica and Lodomeria, and remained a territory of the Austrian Empire until 1809, when it became a part of the Duchy of Warsaw. With the Final Act of the Congress of Vienna in late 1815, the territory became a part of Russian controlled Congress Poland.

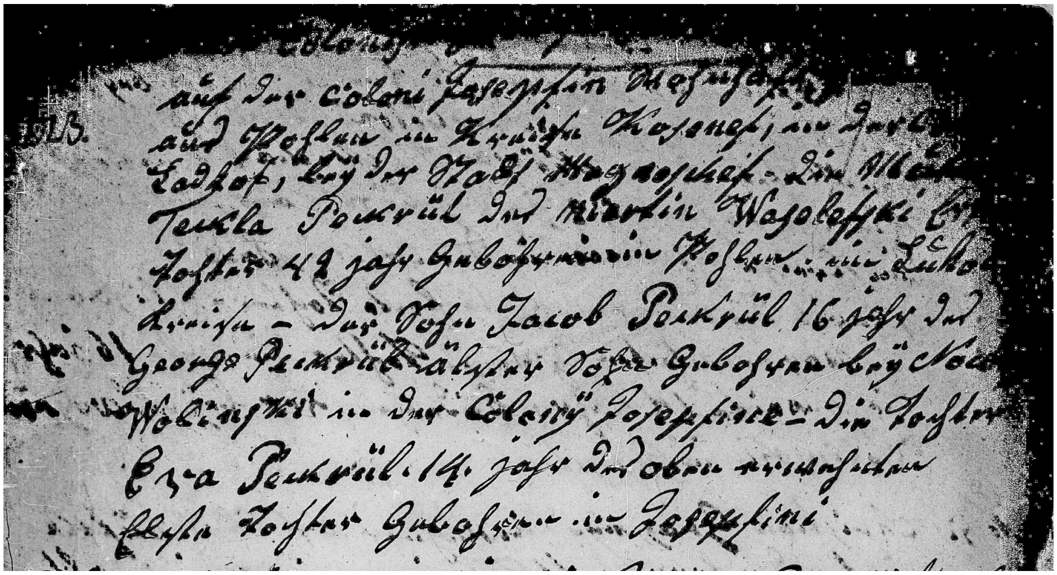
Georg Pekrul and Tekla Wasilewska had seven known or probable children, all probably born in Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia.

- Jakob/Jacob Pekeruhl/Pekruhl/Pekrull (1822, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – February 16, 1903, Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1838 Confirmation Record, Protestant Register of baptisms, marriages, deaths and membership lists for Zhitomir, Volhynia, Russia, Family History Library Film #007769319,* pp 116 and 277 of 343 (which is a companion to p111/343)*; and Family History Library Film #007769319,* p184 of 343.



Die Confirmanden welche zum [illegible]

1. Jacob Pekrül.
2. Carl Wagner.
3. Friderich Gras.
4. Willhelmine Bartz
5. Maria Neyman
6. Elizabet Neyman
7. Eva Pekrül.
8. Eva Grams.
9. Willholmie Wagner
10. Karolina Wagner
11. Karolina Gras.



• Eva Pekrul (1824, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >January 14, 1907, probably Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia) married Johann Leopold Bartz/Barz (1827, Congress Poland, Russia – January 14, 1907, Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia) on August 29, 1847, in the Shitomir Parish. Eva Pekrul and Johann Leopold Bartz/Barz had ten known children. *1838 Confirmation Record, Protestant Register of baptisms, marriages, deaths and membership lists for Zhitomir, Volhynia, Russia, Family History Library Film #007769319,* pp 116 and 277 of 343 (which is a companion to p111/343)*; Family History Library Film #007769319,* p184 of 343*; 1847 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p223 #10*; and 1907 Nowograd Wolhynsk Burial Record* (79Y, born Poland, married to Eva Pekrul).

1. Samuel Bartz/Barz (January 14, 1853, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 7, 1853, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia (GP: Helene Pekruhl, Jacob Pekruhl and Maria Biberdorf Kolke) - <October 24, 1911, Volhynia, Russia) married Justina Klein (February 4, 1852,

Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 31, 1852, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia (GP: Johann Klein (uncle), Anna Müller and Christian Drews) – October 24, 1911, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Samuel Klein (HH#3, Josephine) and his first wife Elisabeth/Elise Rode, deceased. 1852 (p315 #21) *and 1853* (p325 #103) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; The Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7; and 1911 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p164 #434 (Justine Barz, 65Y 11M, born Shitomir, widow of Samuel).

2. Christina Bartz/Barz (b April 11, 1858, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 17, 1858, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia (GP: Simon Neubauer, Elisabeth Pekruhl, Peter Grön and Helene Pekruhl) – March 23, 1949, Grant County, Minnesota) married Peter Wagner (____-____) on April 14, 1874, when she would have just turned sixteen years old. *1858 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p805 #23*; 1874 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p558 #43*; and 1949 Grant County, Minnesota, Death Record* (Augusta Bartz Wagner).

3. Jacob Bartz/Barz (January 20, 1860, Wladin, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 26, 1860, Wladin, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia (GP: Simon Neubauer) - >1899) may have married Pauline Zielke (____ - >July 14, 1900) on December 18, 1883, in the Shitomir Parish. *1860 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p166 #50*; and 1883 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p527 #418.

4. Rosina Bartz/Barz (January 13, 1862, Wladin, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 18, 1862, Wladin, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia (GP: Simon Neubauer, Christian Drews and Justina Ziesmann) - ≥ March 30, 1903) married Johann Mielke (____ - >July 1902) on February 9, 1882, probably in Wladin. They had a daughter Olga Mielke who was born on March 30, 1903, in Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia; which rules out this Rosine Bartz/Barz marrying Christian Pekrul, son of Jakob Pekruhl and Wilhelmine Kolke, in February 1902. *1862 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p437 #72*; 1882 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p656 #50*; 1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p181 #136a (son Johann Mielke, 6Y, died on October 2, 1903, in Wladin)*; and 1904 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p81 #715.

5. Eduard Bartz/Barz (b January 19, 1864, Wladin, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 29, 1864, Wladin, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia (GP: Simon Neubauer and Justina Becker)). *1864 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p11 #79.

6. Ferdinand Bartz/Barz (b February 8, 1867, Wladin, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 12, 1867, Wladin, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia (GP: Jacob Drude)). *1867 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p521 #373.

7. Emilie Bartz/Barz (March 7, 1869, Wladin, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 16, 1869, Wladin, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – December 31, 1956, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio) married twice: Michael Scheske and Philbur Sayyeau. *1869 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p286 #238*; and January 1, 1957, Cleveland Plain Dealer Obituary*.

8. Johann Bartz/Barz (b February 22, 1871, Wladin, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 24, 1871, Wladin, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia (GP: August Siefert)). *1871 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p561 #299.

9. Julianna Bartz/Barz (b March 27, 1873, Wladin, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 29, 1873, Wladin, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia (GP: Jacob Rienas)). *1874 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p498 #317.

10. Karl Bartz/Barz (April 22, 1875, Wladin, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 27, 1875, Wladin, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >March 31, 1903) probably married one or more of: Karoline Neumann, Pauline Kelm, Auguste Lange, Pauline Jahnke and/or Emma Kulisch. On March 31, 1903, Karl Bartz was the Godfather of Adelgynde Mielke, daughter of his sister Rosina Bartz and Johann Mielke, in Wladin, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia. *1875 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p463 #440*; and 1904 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p81 #716.

• Maria Pekruhl #1 (1825-32, probably Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - ≥August 1, 1871, ____) married twice. There is a strong case she was the daughter of Georg Pekrul and Tekla Wasilewska, as was Maria Pekrul #2, who for an unknown reason may have given both daughters the same first and/or middle name, although in one of the baptism records Maria Pekruhl Koslowski is identified as "Marianne." Perhaps "Maria" Pekruhl #1 was just a part of a multiple given name, but she decided to use only "Maria." Others have her name as "Maria Christina Pekruhl," for which I have located no documentation, but would confirm my suspicion, if true.

M#1 Jacob Koslowski (____ - May 23, 1862, Josephine or Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia) on July 26, 1850, in the Shitomir Parish. They had three known children. Maria Pekruhl #1's marriage to Jacob Koslowski was four days before Maria Pekruhl #2's marriage to Heinrich Neumann, the records of which appear next to each other and clearly state "Maria Pekrul" in both entries. Further, the Godparents of her children included: Wilhelmine Kolke Pekruhl (her probable brother Jakob Pekruhl's wife); Helene Pekruhl (her probable sister who married Johann Grön); and Eva Pekrul Bartz (her probable sister). The Koslowski family was not included in the 1857-58 censuses for Annette or Josephine. On September 6, 1863, in Nedbajewka, Maria Pekrul Koslowski was the sponsor of the baptism of Friedrich Richter, son of Franz Richter and Helene Pekruhl Grön (her probable sister). Jacob Koslowski and Maria Pekruhl #1 had three known children, and a fourth possible child. *1850 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p255 #23*; Revision of November 28, 1857 in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia; Revision of November 20, 1857 in the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia; Revision of May 16, 1858, in the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia; and 1863 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p10 #66.

1. Christian Leopold Koslowski (b November 2, 1852, Josephine or Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 24, 1852, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish (GP: Heinrich Neubauer (HH#20, Annette), Wilhelmine Kolke Pekruhl (HH#3, Josephine) and Helene Pekruhl (Grön)) - >March 1885) married Anna Elise Pauline Messal (b June 12, 1850, Olganuwka (just east of Rozyszcze), Volhynia, Russia; bap September 18, 1850, Shitomir Parish - >December 13, 1885), daughter of Heinrich Messal and Wilhelmine Buchholz, on October 12, 1871, in the Shitomir Parish, where they had three known children. *1850* (p246 #107) *and 1852* (p326 #150) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; and 1871 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p610 #89.

a. Rudolf Koslowski (b September 6, 1876, Marianka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 9, 1876, Shitomir Parish (GP: August Richter (married Marianna Koslowski) and Helene Koslowski)). *1879 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p544 #519.

b. Adolf Koslowski (b November 18, 1878, Marianka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 12, 1879, Shitomir Parish (GP: Pauline Messal)). *1879 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p545 #528.

c. Lydia Koslowski (b December 13, 1885, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 26, 1885, Shitomir Parish (GP: Emilie Messal)). *1885 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p173 #2157.

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2. Wilhelmine Koslowski (b June 10, 1857, Josephine or Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap ____, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish (GP: Helene Pekrul Grön (HH#8, Josephine) and Eva Pekrul Bartz)). *1857 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p374 #30.

3. Peter Koslowski (February 15, 1859, Josephine or Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia – February 13, 1944, Alpena, Alpena County, Michigan) is identified by others as a child of Jacob Koslowski and Maria Pekruhl #1. Peter Koslowski married Wilhelmine (Minnie) Tomm* (____–____) on October 23, 1878, in the Shitomir Parish, where they had three known children. The family emigrated to the United States in 1910. Peter Kosloski and Wilhemine Tomm Kosloski were separated as of 1930, as I could not confirm her death. *1878 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p625 #316*; 1930 and 1940 US Census; and 1944 Alpena County, Michigan, Death Certificate* (84Y 11M 28D, father John Kosloski, born Russia)

*It appears the dates of birth and death for Wilhelmine Tomm used by others were mis-expropriated from Anna Kosloski, who is buried in Wilson Township Cemetery, Alpena County, Michigan.

a. Gustav Koslowski (b July 23, 1879, Andrejewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 26, 1879, Shitomir Parish (GP: Pauline Koslowsky)). *1883 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p518 #1901.

b. Wilhelm Reinhold Koslowski (b September 20, 1881, Andrejewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 1, 1881, Shitomir Parish (GP: Ludwig Rach and Eva Kelm)). *1883 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p518 #1902.

c. Emma Koslowski (b January 6, 1884, Andrejewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 5, 1884, Shitomir Parish (GP: Gottfried Tomm)). *1885 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p130 #1533.

4. Stephan Koslowski (May 19, 1862, Josephine or Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 14, 1862, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish (GP: Stephan Koslowski and Anna Rosenke Bartz (wife of Jacob Bartz)) – April 26, 1952, Dewitt, Clinton County, Michigan) married Anna Kathren Petsch (bap November 27, 1869, Neukirch, Kreis Marienburg, West Prussia, Prussia – June 8, 1958, Lansing, Ingham County, Michigan), daughter of Peter Petsch and Anna Brandt, on September 6, 1890, in Volhynia, Russia. They apparently emigrated to the United States in May 1903, with five of their children, on the *SS Cassel*, even though the manifest states they were "not on board." As of March 30, 1910, Peter Petsch was living in Houghton Lake, Michigan. *1862 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p435 #58*; 1869 West Prussia, Prussia, Baptism Record; 1903 SS Cassel Manifest; 1910 SS Main Manifest; 1910, 1920 and 1950 US Census; 1952 Clinton County, Michigan, Death Record* (89Y, born Russia, identifies parents as Michael Kosloski and Rose Peckruel)*; 1958 Obituary; and October 3, 2009 Lansing State Journal Obituary* (son Carl Kosloski).

M#2 On May 21, 1864, widow Maria Pekrul #1 Kosloska married Heinrich Schalkofsky (____-____), in the Shitomir Parish. They had two known children. *1864 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p28 #26.

1. Euphrosine Schalkofsky/Schalkoske (~1867, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >November 18, 1906, ____) married Friedrich Klein (1865, Volhynia, Russia – February 28, 1953, Dewitt Township, Clinton County, Michigan), possibly a descendant of Filip Klein, on December 20, 1885, in the Shitomir Parish. They had five known children. Friedrich Klein emigrated to the United States in 1907, and as of the spring of 1910, was working cutting timber in the woods of Nunda Township, Cheboygan County, Michigan. I have been unable to determine if Euphrosine Schalkofsky/Schalkoske ever emigrated. As of May 1950, Fred Kline was living on Bennett Street, Dewitt Township, Clinton County, Michigan, with his daughter Amelia/Emilie Klein Kosloski, near Stephan and Anna Kathren Petsch Kosloski, and their sons Carl, Albert, Frank and William Kosloski. *1885 Shitomir Parish*

Marriage Record, p184a #478*; 1910 and 1950 US Census* (85Y, widower)*; and March 2, 1953, Lansing State Journal Obituary.*

a. Lydia Klein (June 2, 1887, Karlowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 13, 1887, Stanislawowka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – January 17, 1953, Alpena, Alpena County, Michigan) emigrated to the United States with her sister Emilie Klein (19) on the *SS Main*, arriving in Baltimore, Maryland, on March 30, 1904. They stated in the manifest that they were joining their father Fred Klein c/o Peter Petsch, in Hubbard Lake, Michigan. As of April 15, 1910, Lydia Klein was living with her uncle Wilhelm Schalkofsky in Ossineke Township, Alpena County, Michigan. On January 3, 1911, Lydia Klein married Rudolf Siewert (October 18, 1884, probably Volhynia, Russia – April 12, 1952, Ossineke Township, Alpena County, Michigan), son of Ludwig Siewert and Carolina Grabow, in Dafoe, Alpena County, Michigan. *1902 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p63 #558*; 1910 SS Main Manifest; 1910 US Census; 1911 Alpena County, Michigan, Marriage Record; 1952 Ossineke Township, Alpena County, Michigan, Death Record; 1953 Alpena, Alpena County, Michigan, Death Record; and Find-a-Grave (Gravemarker German Cemetery, Sanborn Township, Alpena County, Michigan).*

b. Emilie/Amelia Klein (December 25, 1891, near Stanislawowka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – October 2, 1977, Lansing, Ingham County, Michigan) arrived at Baltimore, Maryland, with her sister Lydia Klein, on March 30, 1910. Almost immediately thereafter, on July 4, 1910, in Dafoe, Alpena County, Michigan, she married Frank Koslowski (April 7, 1892, Volhynia, Russia – May 6, 1970, Lansing, Ingham County, Michigan), son of Stephan Koslowski and Anna Kathren Petsch. *1903 SS Cassel Manifest; 1910 SS Main Manifest; 1910 Alpena County, Michigan, Marriage Record; 1950 US Census; March 2, 1953, Lansing State Journal Obituary; 1977 Lansing, Ingham County, Death Record; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker East Lawn Memorial Gardens, Okemos).

c. Hermann Klein (b January 1, 1902,* Karwinowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 20, 1902, Stanislawowka, Shitomir Parish (GP Wilhelm Schalkofsky)). *1902 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p66 #578.

*The baptism record has a birth date of July 1, 1902, and baptism date of January 20, 1902. Because the record bears an 1902 date, I suspect he was probably born on January 1, 1902, and that there was a mis-transcription in the *SGGEE* database.

d. Albert Klein (January 15, 1904, Faustendorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 24, 1904, Stribisch, Shitomir Parish - >November 15, 1964, Germany). *1904 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p84 #738*; and November 15, 1964, Lansing State Journal Obituary* (Ralph Klein).

e. Reinhold (Randy) Klein (November 18, 1906, Faustendorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 26, 1906, Stanislawowka, Shitomir Parish - ~November 14, 1964, Dewitt Township, Clinton County, Michigan). *1907 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p59 #521*; and November 14, 1964, Lansing State Journal Obituary* (Ralph Klein).

2. Wilhelm (William) Schalkofsky (November 25, 1872, probably Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – October 21, 1957, Alpena, Alpena County, Michigan) was the Godfather of Hermann Klein, his sister's son, on January 20, 1902, in Stanislawowka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia. Wilhelm/William Schalkofsky emigrated to the US in 1904 and settled in Ossineke Township, Alpena County, Michigan, where he owned a farm. As of April 15, 1910, William Schalkofsky was on his farm. Living with him were his niece Lydia Klein, his sister's daughter, who had just emigrated to the US on March 30, 1910, and his housekeeper Juliana Krenz/Krentz Fleischer* (44) (March 10, 1866, Volhynia, Russia – January

> 30, 1942, Alpena, Alpena County, Michigan), daughter of Gottlieb Krentz and May Machinski, and her son Albert Fleischer (5) (b April 10, 1904, Stanislawowka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia), who had emigrated to the US in 1907. On September 29, 1910, in Alpena, Michigan William Schalkofsky married Juliana Krenz Fleischhauer. They did not have children of their own, although Albert Fleischhauer became Albert Schalkofsky. *1902 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p66 #578 (Hermann Klein)*; 1910 US Census; 1910 Alpena County, Michigan, Marriage Record; 1942 Alpena, Alpena County, Michigan, Death Certificate; and 1957 Alpena, Alpena County, Michigan, Death Record* (84Y, parents were Henry Schalkofski and Mary Pekruel).
>
> *Julianna Krenz married Ephraim Fleischhauer in 1889-90, in the Shitomir Parish, and they had four children, only one of whom (Albert) survived as of April 1910. She stated in 1910 that she had been married once, twenty years ago. Ephraim Fleischhauer's fate is unknown, but his wife and son emigrated to the United States within three years of Albert's birth. *1902* (p67 #591; Wanda Fleischhauer) *and 1904* (p43 #371; Albert Flesichhauer) *Stanislawowka, Shitomir Prish, Baptism Records; 1903 Stanislawowka, Shitomir Prish, Burial Record,* p245 #370 (Wanda Flesichhauer)*; and 1910 US Census.*

Neither Maria Pekruhl #1 nor Maria Pekruhl #2 married Heinrich Koslowski, nor was the father's name incorrectly entered in the transcribed record of the 1871 Marianowka baptism of Euphrosine Koslowski, which identifies "Heinrich" not "Jacob" as her father, and "Maria Pekrul" as her mother. First, Jacob Koslowski was dead if the record of widow Maria Koslowski's 1864 marriage to Heinrich Schalkowski referred to Maria Pekruhl Koslowski. Second, neither Maria Pekruhl #1 nor Maria Pekruhl #2 would have been identified as "Maria Pekrul" as #1 was probably still married to Heinrich Schalkowski, and #2 was clearly still married to Heinrich Neumann. Third, Maria Pekruhl #1 allegedly had a son Wilhelm Schalkowski born in 1872 (although I could not locate a contemporary birth/baptism record). Fourth, a "Maria Pekrul" who had a child in August 1871, could have been born as late as 1853 (or later), not necessarily 1825-32. I could not locate the *1871 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record*, p601 #692 (Euphrosine Koslowski d/o Heinrich Koslowski and Maria Pekrul born August 4, 1871, and baptized in Marianowka).

- Maria Pekruhl #2 (24=1833, probably Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - > June 4, 1875) was clearly the daughter of Georg Pekrul and Tekla Wasilewska. On July 28, 1850, in the Shitomir Parish, Maria Pekruhl #2 married widower* Heinrich Neumann (1814, Congress Poland, Russia - >August 1874), son of Simon Neumann,** and brother of Euphrosine Neumann (wife of Heinrich Neubauer (b December 1, 1809, son of Adam Neubauer), with whom they were living in HH#20, Annette, as of November 30, 1857. Heinrich Neumann was also the brother of Rosine/Rosina Neumann (b1814, wife of Benjamin Drews, HH#4, Josephine); Karoline Neumann (wife of Johann Drews, HH#5, Josephine); Gottlieb Neumann (b1810; HH#9, Josephine), Paul Neumann (b1798; HH#12, Josephine), Adam Neumann (b1804; HH#13, Josephine) and Ludwig Neumann (b1817; HH#13, Josephine). Maria Pekruhl #2 was clearly identified as the daughter of Georg Pekrul in the *1857 Revision for Annette*, where she was living with her husband's sister Euphrosine Neumann Neubauer (daughter of Simon Neumann) and her husband Heinrich Neubauer (b1815, son of Adam Neubauer). Heinrich Neumann and Maria Pekruhl #2 had eight known children born in Josephine and Annette. *1816 Annette and Josephine Map; 1850 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p255 #24*; Revision of November 28, 1857 in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* HH#s 9, 12 and 13*; and Revision of November 30, 1857 in the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* HH#20.

*Heinrich Neumann's first wife was Anna Hammermeister (1815 – June 13, 1850, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Michael Hammermeister, whom he married on May 13, 1836, and with whom he had five known children. Her brothers Martin and Heinrich Hammermeister lived in HH#19. *1836 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p308 #11*; 1850 Shitomir Parish Burial Record, p263 #29* (28Y,

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buried Annette, died Josephine, wife of Heinrich Neumann)*; and Revision of November 30, 1857 in the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* HH#s 19 and 20.

- Eva Neumann (18=1839) married Michael Drude, son of Jakob Michael Drude and Magdalena/Helena Pansegrau (HH#2, Josephine). His first wife was Helena Drews (b January 21, 1836, probably Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia) daughter of Benjamin Drews (son of Johann Drews, and brother of Helena Drews wife of Johann Gottlieb Biberdorf (HH#3, Annette)) and Rosina Neumann (daughter of Simon Neumann, HH#4, Annette), on June 1, 1853, in the Shitomir Parish; which explains his second marriage to Eva Neumann. *1836 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p282 #1*; and 1853 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p331 #13.

- Justine Neumann (15=1842). *Revision of November 30, 1857 in the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* HH#20.

- Charlotte Neumann (13=1844). *Revision of November 30, 1857 in the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* HH#20.

- Heinrich Neumann (10½=1847). *Revision of November 30, 1857 in the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* HH#20.

- Friedrich Neumann (8½=1849). *Revision of November 30, 1857 in the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* HH#20.

**"S. Neumann" was identified as living in Josephine as of 1816, on the north side of the Rowno-Shitomir Road. His daughter Maria/Mariane Neumann (1790, Poland – July 3, 1855, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia) was probably the first wife of Filip Klein (1786, Silesia, Prussia – September 13, 1862, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia), as they were close to the other Neumann family members in Josephine (Rosine Neumann Drews, Karoline Neumann Drews, Gottlieb Neumann, Paul Neumann, Adam Neumann and Ludwig Neumann). *1855* (p279 #18) *and 1862* (p456 #20) *Shitomir Parish Burial Records; and Revision of November 28, 1857 in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* HH#s 4, 5, 7, 9, 12 and 13.

1. Wilhelmine Neumann (b April 30, 1853, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 3, 1853, Shitomir Parish (GP: Wilhelm Neumann (HH#13 Josephine, son of Adam Neumann), Eva Pekrul Bartz, Peter Pansegrau (HH#11, Josephine) and Justina Neumann (HH#12, Josephine, wife of Peter Neumann))). *1853 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p314 #6*; and Revision of November 20, 1857 in the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* HH#20.

2. Jacob Neumann (b July 5, 1855, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 21, 1855, Shitomir Parish (GP: Jacob Ziesmann (HH#25, Annette), Anna Janke (HH#6, Josephine, wife of Christian Janke), Gottlieb Neumann (HH#9 or 12, Josephine) and Justine Glaubitz Wagner)). *1855 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p293 #34*; and Revision of November 20, 1857 in the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* HH#20.

3. Euphrosine Neumann (b April 7, 1858, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 23, 1858, Shitomir Parish (GP: Heinrich Neumann (HH#13, Josephine) and Peter Pansegrau (HH#11, Josephine)) – November 6, 1900, Boljarka, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia) married Teodor Ziesmann (1855, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >September 1905), son of Paul Ziesmann (1824, probably Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >April 1869; son of Johann Ziesmann (1789-97, near Bromberg, Prussia – March 25, 1879, Heimtal Parish; son of Johann Ziesmann) and Eva ____ (1794 - > November 28, 1857; d/o Johann ____)) and his unknown first wife,

on December 3, 1880, in the Shitomir Parish. The number of children they had is unknown.* Euphrosine Neumann Ziesmann died while in labor with an unknown child. Teodor Ziesmann married Bertha Berndt after Euphrosine Neumann Ziesmann's death. *Revision of November 30, 1857 in the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #25; 1858 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p806 #37*; 1870 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p165 #22 (Anna Emilie Ziesmann d/o Paul Ziesmann and Justine Gall)*; 1880 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p227 #372*; 1900 Nowograd Wolhynsk Burial Record,* p144 #36 (42Y born in Josephine, married to Theodor Ziesmann)*; and 1906 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p7 #51 (Leonhard Ziesmann s/o Teodor Ziesmann and Bertha Berndt).

*Their daughter Auguste Ziesmann (September 10, 1890, ____, Volhynia, Russia – March 24, 1966, Alpena County, Michigan) married Ferdinand Drude (September 25, 1891, Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia – June 12, 1963, Ossineke, Alpena County, Michigan) son of Friedrich Drude (son of Helene Pekruhl (daughter of Jakob Pekruhl and Wilhelmine Kolke) and Peter Drude), on November 3, 1910, in the Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish.

4. Anna Neumann (April 18, 1860, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 29, 1860, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Wagner, Justina Neumann (HH#12, Josephine, wife of Peter Neumann) and Georg Neumann (HH#13 Josephine, son of Adam Neumann)) – >June 1, 1900, Oconto County, Wisconsin) married Peter Pansegrau (September 8, 1856, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 11, 1857, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia (GP: Georg Drude and Juliane Müller Klein (wife of Johann Klein; HH#7, Josephine)) – June 24, 1916, Oconto County, Wisconsin), son of Christian Pansegrau (1829, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – 1861, probably HH#11, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; married August 10, 1853, Shitomir Parish; son of Peter Pansegrau and Maria Elisabeth Blaskowsky) and Susanna Ströbel* (1837, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - March 30, 1912, Heimtal Parish; daughter of Paul Ströbel and Anna Krüger), on April 20, 1877, in the Shitomir Parish. They had eleven children, four of whom were still alive as of June 1, 1900; where Anna Neumann Pansegrau was listed as alive (as she didn't die on May 1, 1900, as reported in *Find-a-Grave*; although she could have been listed in the census and mortality table). They emigrated to the United States in 1892. *1853* (p331 #18; Christian Pansegrau and Susanna Ströbel) *and 1877* (p536 #36) *Shitomir Parish Marriage Records; 1857* (p375) *and 1860* (p166 #53) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; Revision of November 28, 1857 in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #11*; 1900 US Census; and 1912 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p164 #346 (Susanna Wiese geb Ströbel, 74Y, widow, spouse of Karl, born Shitomir Parish).

a. Eduard Paul Pansegrau (b June 1881, Blumenthal, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 1881, Shitomir Parish (GP: uncle Christian Pansegrau and his future wife Emma Jürgens)). *1881 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p166 #539.

*Susanna Ströbel would have only been sixteen years old at the time of her marriage to Christian Pansegrau. On September 12, 1862, widow "Susanna Pansegrau" married Karl Gottlieb Wiese (March 1839, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – October 29, 1909, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia), son of *Karl/Carl Wiese and Charlotte Mylke/Mielke/Milke*, in the Shitomir Parish. Karl Gottlieb Wiese was the brother of *Wilhelmine Wiese* who married *Ludwig Kolke*. Karl Gottlieb Wiese and Susanna Ströbel had two known children (*see* Chapter 3). *1862 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record, p451 #35* (widow Susanna Pansegrau)*; 1868 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p106 #1 (Adolph Wiese (b January 25, 1867, Grüntal, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 5, 1867, Shitomir Parish; son of Karl Wiese and Susanna Ströbel)*; and 1909 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p171 #537 (Age 70Y 7M, married, born in Shitomir Parish, son of Karl Heinrch Ernst Wiese).

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5. Juliane Neumann (b January 13, 1863, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; September 17, 1863, Shitomir Parish (GP: Christian Drews (HH#4, Josephine), Maria Neumann (HH# 9 or 13, Josephine), Friedrich Neumann and Justine Bartz)). *1863 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p14 #102.

6. Michael Neumann (b February 14, 1865, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 14, 1865, Shitomir Parish (GP: Karl Neumann (HH#13, Josephine) and Charlotte Drews (HH#4, Josephine, wife of Christian Drews))). *1866 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p632 #32.

7. Karoline Neumann (b April 17, 1870, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 6, 1870, Shitomir Parish (GP: Ferdinand Neumann and Maria Konn (w/o Friedrich Neumann))) may have married Karl Bartz/Barz (April 22, 1875, Wladin, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 27, 1875, Wladin, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >March 31, 1903), son of Eva Pekrul and Johann Leopold Barz/Bartz, on February 18, 1903, in the Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish. They had one known child. *1875* (p81 #716) *and 1876* (p553 #61) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; and 1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Marriage Record, p160 #70.*

a. Albert Bartz (b December 14, 1903, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 20, 1903, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Samuel Bartz and Juliane Becker)). *1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p83 #737.

8. Gustav Neumann (b June 4, 1875, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 12, 1875, Shitomir Parish). *1876 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p553 #61.

- Elisabeth Pekrull (1835, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – August 16, 1879, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia) was living with her parents in Josephine as of November 28, 1857. *1835 Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Baptism Record* (Elisabeth Peckrul)*; Revision of November 28, 1857 in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #*3*; and 1879 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p838 #49 (Elisabeth Pekrul, 43Y, born Josephine, d/o Georg).

- ____ Pekrul married Katharina Bartz, who was "widow Pekrul" when she married widower August Bigalke (____-____) on September 19, 1865, in the Shitomir Parish. The 1865 date of her second marriage suggests the possibility that Katharina Bartz Pekrul was born in the 1830s or early 1840s, which was also probably the case for ____ Pekrul, which would be an indication of a possible child of Georg Pekrul and Tekla Wasilewska. However, I was unable to locate any additional information for either ____ Pekrul or his wife Katharina Bartz Pekrul Bigalke, including if she was related to Johann Leopold Bartz/Barz who married Eva Pekrul. August Bigalke's first wife was Emilie Pletzke. I have been unable to locate any additional information for these individuals. *1863 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record, p8 #56* (Gustav Bigalke, son of August Bigalke and Emilie Pletzke)*; and 1865 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p518 #33.

- Helene Pekruhl (18=1839, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >August 28, 1878 <1900) married twice.

M#1 Johann Grön (25=1832, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – October 29, 1860, Josephine or Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia), son of George Grön (71=1786 - >November 28, 1857, probably Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; son of Jakob Grön) and his unknown first wife,* were married on June 24, 1855, in the Shitomir Parish. As of November 28, 1857, Johann Grön and Helene Pekrull, and their son Heinrich Grön (three months) were living with his father George Grön and four of his brothers, in Josephine. Johann Grön died while Helene Pekrull Grön was pregnant with their second known child. *1855 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p289 #13*; Revision of November 28, 1857, in the*

Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #s 3 and 8*; and 1860 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p186 #19 (Johann Grön, born in Josephine).

*George Grön married Maria Fröhlich, his second wife, on May 12, 1836, in the Shitomir Parish. *1836 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p283 #8*; and Revision of November 28, 1857, in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #8.

1. Heinrich Grön (June 7, 1857, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 1857, Nedbajewka/Pulin, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Siegert, Elise/Elisabeth Pekrul (Helene Pekrul's sister), Samuel Bartel, and Agnes Siegert) – 1897-1914, Jurow, Volhynia, Russia) married Justine Kolke (1853, Pulin, Volhynia, Russia – 1914-1943, Irpen, Ukraine SSR), daughter of Gottlieb Kolke (probable son of *Michal Kolke and Eleanore Reich*) and his unknown first wife, on January 12, 1877, in Shitomir Parish. Heinrich Grohn/Grön and Justine Kolke had one known and two possible children. *1857 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p374 #28*; Revision of November 28, 1857, in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #8*; and 1877 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p536 #1.

2. Anna Grön (b June 7, 1861, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 17, 1861, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia (GP: Martin Hempek, Anna (Dorota) Grass (Karoline Grass Kolke's sister), Gottlieb Neumann (HH#9 or 12, Josephine) and Anna Krenz)) was born after her father's death and her mother's remarriage. *1861 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p421 #42.

M#2 On January 5, 1861, two months after Johann Grön's death, his pregnant widow Helene Pekrull Grön married Anton Richter (1837/38, Congress Poland, Russia – April 15, 1915, Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia), son of Franz Richter, in the Shitomir Parish of the Evangelical Lutheran Church, even though he was Roman Catholic (as were his siblings Maria Richter and Franz Richter). Helene Pekrull and Anton Richter had six known children. Anton Richter was married to Alwine Schlickeiser at the time of his death (I could not locate a death record for Helene Pekrull Grön Richter, nor a marriage record of Anton Richter to Alwine Schlickeiser). *1861 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p437 #1*; and 1915 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p276 #256 (77Y, born Poland, son of Franz Richter, married to Alwine Schlickeiser).

1. Friedrich Richter (b February 1, 1863, possibly Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 6, 1863, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish (GP: Friedrich Meyer (brother of Friederike Meyer Richter w/o Franz Richter), Johanna Richter, Franz Richter (Anton Richter's brother) and Maria Pekruhl Koslowska (Helene Pekruhl's probable sister))). *1863 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p10 #66 (father Roman Catholic).

2. Michael Richter (b July 19, 1864, probably Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap ____, 25, 1864, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish (GP: Daniel Kolke (Wilhelmine Kolke Pekrul's brother), Wilhelm Hempek (h/o Therese Richter) and Elisabeth/Elisa Pekrul (Helene Pekrul's sister))). *1864 Shitomir Parish Baptism Records,* p2 #3 and p9 #61 (father Catholic).

3. Franz Richter (b January 15, 1867, probably Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 22, 1867, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish (GP: Daniel Kolke (Wilhelmine Kolke Pekrul's brother), Ludwig Böttcher and Elisabeth/Elisa Pekrul (Helene Pekrul's sister))). *1867 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p501 #27.

4. Wilhelmine Richter (b April 17, 1870, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 19, 1870, Heimtal Parish (GP: Julius Kolke (s/o Daniel Kolke and Maria Richter) and Justine Böttcher)). *1870 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p254 #84.

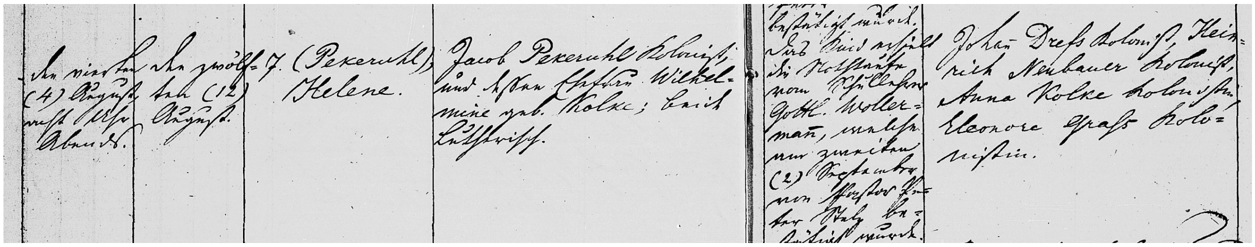
5. Ludwig Richter (b June 30, 1873, Bolarka, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 8, 1873, Bolarka, Shitomir Parish (GP: Anna Richter, possibly the daughter of Franz Richter and Friederike Meyer)). *1874 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p503 #356.

6. Alwine Richter (b August 28, 1878, Bolarka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 10 or 20, 1878, Bolarka, Shitomir Parish (GP: Susanna Felbel). *1879 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p514 #185.

Anton Richter and Franz Richter were the brothers of Maria/Marianne Richter who married Daniel Kolke, son of *Michal Kolke and Eleonora Reich*, and brother of Andreas Kolke, Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke, Wilhelmine Kolke, Susanna Kolke and *Ludwig Kolke*. There were probably other siblings.

[87] *1816 Map of Annette and Josephine; and Revision of November 28, 1857, in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia.*

[88] Helene Pekeruhl married Peter Drude (1843, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia – February 13, 1904, Wladmirowka, Nowograd Wolhynsk), son of her neighbors Jacob Drude and Magdalene/Helene Pansegrau.* Jakob Pekruhl and Wilhelmine Kolke were living with his parents and his sister Elisabeth Pekrull (b1835, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia), in Josephine, Volhynia, Russia, as of November 1857. Peter Drude and Helene Pekeruhl had seven known children. *1845 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p231 #7*; Revision of November 28, 1857, in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 2 and 3*; and 1904 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p160 #91 (59Y, married).



Am vierten (4) August [illegible] Abends.	Am zwölften (12) August.	7. (Pekeruhl), Helene.	Jacob Pekeruhl Kolonist, und dessen Ehefrau Wilhelmine geb. Kolke; beide Lutherisch.	bestätigt wurde. Das Kind erhielt die Nothtaufe vom Schullehrer Gottl. Wollermann, welche am zweiten (2) September vom Pastor [illegible] bestätigt wurde.	Johan Dreß Kolonist, Heinrich Neubauer Kolonist, Anna Kolke Kolonistin, Eleonore Graß Kolonistin.

*Jacob Drude (54=1803; son of Michael Drude), and his wife Magdalena/Helena Pansegrau (44=1813; daughter of Christian Pansegrau (HH#11, Josephine)), and seven of their nine known children, were living next or near to the Georg and Jakob Pekrull families (HH#3, Josephine) as of November 28, 1857. *1836* (p282 #1; Maria Drude; b March 16, 1836) *and 1850* (p241 #45; Rosina Drude; b July 1, 1850) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; 1852 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p337 #55*; and Revision of November 28, 1857, in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #2.

- Friedrich Drude (July 1, 1866, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 2, 1866, Shitomir Parish (GP: Susanna Pekrul) – 1915, Verschollen (lost without a trace)) married Helene Siegert* (____, Wladin, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - > March 1909). In July 1915, Friedrich Drude's land was expropriated by Tsarist Russia, and he and his family were deported to Russia; from which he apparently never returned. Friedrich Drude and Helene Siegert had seven probable, and nine possible,* children. *1867 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p521 #369*; and 1943EWZ724650* (Richard Ziesmann) *(A3342EWZ50-J044 1888, 1890, 1906).*

*An Anna Siegert and Friedrich Drude had two children in Wladin, both of whom died in the first year of life in 1900 (Karoline Drude (July 1899, Wladin – March 15, 1900, Wladin)) and 1902. Another Anna Siegert married Michael Drude, and they had three children in Wladin between January 1899 and April 1902, so they were married to different Drudes. Whether "Anna" was "Helene" is unknown. *1900* (p149 #89; Karoline Drude, 8 months, born Wladin) *and 1902* (p157 #84; Gustav Drude, age 1, born Wladin) *Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Records.*

1. Ernestine Drude (b~1886, Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia) may have married twice.

M#1 On November 26, 1906, an Ernestine Drude married Daniel Wutzke, in the Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish. *1906 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Marriage Record,* p139 #236.

M#2 On September 14, 1915, an Ernestine Drude Wutzke, probably a widow (although I could not locate a death/burial record for Daniel Wutzke), married Karl Wagner (possibly born on September 4, 1885, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; son of Johann Wagner and Justine Neumann). *1885 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p160 #1958*; and 1915 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Marriage Record,* p251 #63.

2. Ferdinand Drude (September 25, 1891, Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia – June 12, 1963, Ossineke, Alpena County, Michigan) married Auguste Ziesmann (September 10, 1890, ____, Volhynia, Russia – March 24, 1966, Alpena County, Michigan), daughter of Teodor Ziesmann and Euphrosine Neumann (daughter of Maria Pekruhl #2 and Heinrich Neumann), on November 3, 1910, in the Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish. Ferdinand Drude emigrated to the United States, arriving on the *Breslau* from Bremen to New York City, on December 27, 1913; and by May 14, 1914, had filed a Declaration of Intent to become a US Citizen, in the US District Court, located in Cleveland, Ohio, where he resided. It appears Auguste Ziesmann Drude arrived in the US around 1914. They had two known children.

(1) Elsie Drude (July 19, 1915, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio – December 16, 2013, Hillman, Alpena County, Michigan) married Ferdinand Siess in 1935.

(2) Harry Norman Drude (August 1, 1929, Ossineke Township, Alpena County, Michigan – November 23, 1991, Saginaw, Saginaw County, Michigan) married Wilhelmetta K. Fritzler on October 22, 1949, in Saginaw, Michigan.

1881 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record, p227 #372 (Teodor Ziesmann and Euphrosine Neumann)*; 1910 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Marriage Record,* p125 #130*; 1914 Declaration of Intent; WWI&II Draft Regs; 1920, 1930 and 1940 US Census; 1935 Alpena County, Michigan, Marriage License and Certificate* (identifies parents)*; November 2, 1949, The Saginaw News Marriage Announcement; 1963* (72Y, identifies parents) *and 1966* (75Y, widow) *Alpena County, Michigan, Death Records; 1991 US Apps/Claims; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker German Cemetery, Sanborn Township, Alpena County, Michigan).

3. Adolphine Drude (b~1894, Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia) may have married Friedrich Wilhelm Lindner on October 24, 1914, in the Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish. They had one known child. *1910 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Marriage Record,* p107 #89.

(1) Emma Lindner (b February 14, 1915, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 4, 1915, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Michael Drude and Agathe Lindner)). *1915 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Records,* pp 161 and 219 #439.

4. Hertha Drude (b July 17, 1903, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 20, 1903, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Emilie Drude)). *1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p82 #725 (identifies parents).

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5. Olga Drude (b July 17, 1905, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 15, 1905, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Michael Drude)). *1905 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p209 #1877 (identifies parents).

6. Johanna Drude (August 23, 1907, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 26, 1907, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Wilhelm Lindner and Rosalie Grön (d/o Justine Kolke (d/o Gottlieb Kolke and Justine Glaubitz) and Heinrich Grön)) - >August 1962, Brazil) married Richard Ziesmann (June 9, 1910, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 12, 1910, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Ferdinand Drude and Maria Kolke Janke) - >August 1962, Brazil), son of Wilhelmine Drude and Ludwig Ziesmann, on February 27, 1932, in Wladin, Ukraine SSR. They had two known children. As of July 22, 1943, the family resided in Pabianice, Litzmannstadt (Łódź), Wartheland (occupied Poland). As of February 16, 1962, they were in Pinneberg, Schleswig-Holstein, West Germany; before emigrating to Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, around August 1962.

(1) Reinhard Ziesmann (b October 14, 1935, Wladin, Ukraine SSR) married Käthe Ilse Kiesewalter (b August 16, 1935, Rabishau, probably German occupied Czechoslovakia or Poland (probably Rębiszów, Poland today)), daughter of Paul Kiesewalter and Selma Baumert.

(2) Hilde Ziesmann (b May 24, 1943, Gomel, Belarus SSR) married Rodrigo Castelo Branco Fortes (b____, Teresina, Piaui, Brazil).

1907 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record, p135 #1194 (identifies parents)*; 1910 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p111 #987 (identifies parents)*; 1943EWZ775150* (Richard Ziesmann)*; 1943EWZ755109* (Johanna Drude Ziesmann)*; 1943EWZ724650* (Richard Ziesmann)*; 1943EWZ724651* (Johanna Drude Ziesmann) *(A3342EWZ50-J044 1888, 1890, 1896, 1898, 1902, 1906); and 1962 Brazil Immigration Cards* (Johanna Ziesmann; Richard Ziesmann; Reinhard Ziesmann; Käthe Ilse Ziesmann; and Hilde Ziesmann).

7. Alexander Drude (b March 1909, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 31, 1909, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Heinrich Drude and Wilhelmine Lindner)). *1909 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p128 #1140 (identifies parents).

- Susanna Drude (January 18, 1869, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 31, 1869, Shitomir Parish (GP: Susanne Klein) - ≥June 22, 1941, Umsiedlung) married Karl Traugott Ziesmann (____, Congress Poland, Russia – <April 26, 1944, probably Katerinowka, Shitomir, Ukraine SSR), son of Benjamin Ziesmann and Euphrosine ____, probably between 1886-1899. At some point after Operation Barbarossa on June 22, 1941, Susanna Drude Ziesmann, her husband deceased, was relocated/resettled by the Russians (i.e. Umsiedlung). Susanna Drude and Karl Traugott Ziesmann had four known children. *1870 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p206 #438*; and 1944EWZ905998* (Olga Ziesmann Brem) *(A3342EWZ50-A080 1664, 1676).*

1. Alexander Ziesmann (May 27, 1904, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 3, 1904, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Maria (Drude) Janke and Wilhelm Lindner) – August 21, 1978, Dzhambul, Kazakhstan USSR) married Rosamunde Michel (July 20, 1909, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 21, 1909, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish – December 22, 2003, Kaiserslautern, Germany), daughter of Julius Michel and Albertina Berendt (married October 19, 1905, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1904* (p108 #969) *and 1909* (p175 #531) *Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Records; and 1905 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Marriage Record,* p216 #114.

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2. Hulda Ziesmann (December 5, 1908, Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia – April 26, 1944, Unknown, possibly Nowograd Wolhynsk, Ukraine SSR). She had one known child. *1944EWZ906008* (Metha Ziesmann; date of birth of December 5, 1908).

(1) Metha Ziesmann (February 13, 1939 - >April 24, 1944) was identified as the foster child of Hulda Ziesmann's sister Olga Ziesmann Brem. As of April 24, 1944, they were residents of Hermannsbad, Wartheland (occupied Poland). *1944EWZ906008* (Metha Ziesmann).

3. Adolf Ziesmann (b November 2, 1910, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 12, 1910, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Michael Drude and Anna Drude)). *1910 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p112 #992.

4. Olga Ziesmann (March 18, 1915, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 28, 1915, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Peter Pekrul and Wilhelmine Lindner) - >April 26, 1944) married Bernhard Brehm/Brem (November 17, 1913, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 26, 1913, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish – >May 1941, probably Russia USSR), son of Anton Brehm/Brem (____ - 1937, Verschleppt) and Wilhelmine (Maria) Becker (m October 11, 1906, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish), on June 20, 1936, in Wladin, Ukraine SSR. In 1937, Bernhard Brem, of Wladin, was sentenced to ten years in an "ispravitelno-trudovoi lager" (corrective workers camp) in the Komi Republic. By May 1941, Bernhard Brem was a prisoner in the Archangel Corrective Labor Camp. As of April 26, 1944, Olga Ziesmann Brem was a resident of Hermannsbad, Wartheland (occupied Poland), with her niece/"foster child" Metha Ziesmann. *1913* (p110 #973) *and 1915* (p162 #440) *Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Records; 1906 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Marriage Record,* p137 #181*; NKVD Repatriation #8744* (Bernard Brem/Brehm, son of Anton)*; and 1944EWZ905998* (Olga Ziesmann Brem) *(A3342EWZ50-A080 1664, 1668, 1672, 1676, 1678).*

• Emilie Drude (March 3, 1872, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 7, 1872, Shitomir Parish (GP: August Treptow) - May 12, 1947, Hamilton, Wentworth County, Ontario, Canada) married August Jäger (January 30, 1874, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 31 or February 3, 1874, Shitomir Parish (GP: Justine Drude) – November 19, 1943, Hamilton, Wentworth County, Canada). August Jäger was the son of Ferdinand Jäger and Charlotte Neumann. In 1906-07, August and Emilia Drude Yaeger, and their four children (Friedrich, Adolf, Elin and Theophile/Fili) emigrated to Manitoba, Canada. Emily Jäger /Yaeger died on May 12, 1947, in Hamilton, Wentworth County, Ontario, Canada. Emilie Drude and August Jäger /Yaeger had six known children.

1. Friedrich Wilhelm Jäger (December 3, 1895, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia – February 1949, Winnipeg, Manitoba) married Elizabeth Fritz (1904-2001) on May 11, 1929, in Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada. They had at least two children: (1) Frederick Yeager; and (2) Theresa Yeager.

2. Adolf/Adolph Edwin Jäger (June 6, 1898, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia – September 9, 1975, Seminole, Pinellas County, Florida) emigrated to the United States in May 1924. He married three times.

M#s 1&2 Alena/Lena Earls/Earle (April 6, 1898, Charlotteville, Norfolk County, Ontario - >9/9/1975), daughter of William Earls (1846, Ontario – 1918, Norfolk County, Ontario) and Mary Wintermute (1849, Ontario – 1946, Brant County, Ontario) on June 13, 1931, in Lucas County, Ohio. They also married a second time on March 12, 1938, in Indiana (possibly because she wasn't divorced from her first marriage or she and Adolf/Adolph Edwin Jäger divorced and remarried. Alena Earls married Frank Massey on September 14, 1914, in Middlesex County, Ontario. He remarried in 1931, in Detroit.

M#2 Virginia Christine Neale. At the time of Adolf Yeager's 1975 death, he was survived by his wife "Virginia C. Yeager."

3. Adelina Jäger (March 22, 1901, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia – May 1, 1933, Winnipeg, Manitoba) married twice.

M#1 Albert Webb. They had one known child: Audrey Webb (b September 15, 1922, Winnipeg, Manitoba)

M#2 On February 12, 1927, in Winnipeg, Manitoba, Adelina Jäger married Edward Percy Sparrow (January 11, 1900, Birmingham, England – February 11, 1985, Burnaby, British Columbia, Canada; Imm <March 21, 1916, Canada), son of Walter Thomas Sparrow. They had three known children: (1) Eleanor Sparrow (1927-2017; m Edwards); (2) June Sparrow (1931-1999); and (3) Shirley Sparrow (1932-2016; m Lloyd).

4. Theophile Jäger (November 17, 1903, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 25, 1903, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Friedrich Drude and Maria Drude) – December 31, 1986, Hamilton, Wentworth County, Ontario) married Alexander Pope (April 1902, Russia – June 1986, Hamilton, Wentworth County, Ontario, Canada; Imm 1903 Canada), son of Heinrich Pope (1867-1914) and Katharina Elizabeth Grosmick (1875-1946), on September 1, 1926, in Toronto, York County, Ontario, Canada. They had one known child: Baby Pope (February 3, 1941, Hamilton, Wentworth County, Ontario - February 3, 1941 Hamilton, Wentworth County, Ontario). *1904 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p43 #370.

5. Arthur Yeager (September 30, 1907, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada – April 1, 1989, Toronto, Ontario, Canada) married Ellen Gilmore (b1907, Ireland), daughter of James Gilmore and Mary Rooney, on January 22, 1935, in Toronto, York County, Ontario, Canada.

6. Hedwig (Hettie) Yeager (September 12, 1916, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada – December 30, 1981, St. Catherines, Ontario, Canada) married William James Geall (October 17, 1919, Ontario – December 12, 1996, St. Catherines, Ontario, Canada), son of Thomas Ernest Geall and May Jones, after May 12, 1947.

1872 (p523 #339) *and 1874* (p499 #325) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; 1941 Norfolk County, Ontario, Canada, (1898) Delayed Birth Record* (Alena Earls)*; 1907 Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada, Birth Record; 1914 Middlesex County, Ontario, Marriage Record; 1916 Manitoba/Prairie Census; 1916 Attestation Paper, Canadian Over-Seas Expeditionary Force* (Edward Percy Sparrow)*; 1918 Norfolk County, Ontario, Death Record* (William Earls)*; 1918 Particulars of Recruit* (Frederick Yeager)*; 1901 and 1921 Canada Census; 1923 US Immigration Pre-examination* (Adolf Edwin Yaeger)*; 1924 US Border Crossing Record* (Adolph Edwin Yaeger)*; 1926 and 1935 York County, Ontario, Marriage Certificates; 1927 Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada, Marriage Record; 1931 Lucas County, Ohio, Marriage Record; 1931 Wayne County, Michigan, Marriage Record; 1914, 1933 and 1946 Manitoba, Canada, Death Records; 1933 The Winnipeg Tribune Obituary; 1938 Indiana Marriage Record; 1941 Wentworth County, Ontario, Death Certificate; WWII Draft Reg* (Adolph Edwin Yaeger)*; 1943 and 1947 Wentworth County, Ontario, Death Certificates; 1946 Brant County, Ontario, Death Record* (Mary Wintermute Earls)*; February 8, 1949 The Winnipeg Tribune Obituary* (Frederick William Yeager)*; 1950 US Census; 1975 Pinellas County, Florida, Death Record; 1975 Tampa Bay Times Obituary* (Adolf Edwin Yeager)*; 1975 Detroit Free Press Obituary* (Adolf Edwin Yeager)*; 1985 British Columbia, Canada, Death Record; 1985 The Vancouver Sun Obituary; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker August and Emily Yeager, Woodland Cemetery, Hamilton, Ontario)*; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Frederick and Elizabeth Yaeger, Brookside Cemetery, Winnipeg)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker A. Edwin and Virginia C. Yaeger, Serenity Gardens Memorial Park, Largo, Florida).

- Rosalie Drude (January 30, 1875 Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 1, 1875, Shitomir Parish (GP: Jakob Drude and Juliana Treptow) - ≥October 21, 1905) married Ludwig Utow (Utof) (____-____), probably in the mid to late 1890s. Rosalie Drude and Ludwig Utow had three known children. *1875 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p463 #436.

  1. Herbert Utow (b August 13, 1900, Alexandrowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 21, 1900, Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Maria Drude)). *1900 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p94 #774.

  2. Maria Utow (b July 28, 1902, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 30, 1902, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1902 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p80 #705.

  3. Reinhard Utow (b October 21, 1905, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 22, 1905, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Eduard Janke)). *1905 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p206 #42.

- Wilhelmine Drude (November 4, 1878, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 11, 1878, Shitomir Parish (GP: Christian Pekrul) - >October 14, 1943) married Ludwig Ziesmann (1880/82, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia – 1934, Wladin, Ukraine SSR), son of Heinrich Ziesmann* and Justina ____, on February 6, 1902, in Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish. At some point after October 6, 1915, the family's land was confiscated, and the family was relocated to Russia. As of October 14, 1943, Wilhelmine Drude Ziesmann, a widow, was a resident of Tuschin, Ukraine SSR, which was occupied by the German Army. Wilhelmine Drude and Ludwig Ziesmann had six known children. *1878 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p522 #123*; 1902 Nowograd Wolhynsk Marriage Record,* p143 #132*; 1915 Expropriation List; 1943EWZ724652* (Wilhelmine Drude Ziesmann) *(A3342EWZ50-I047 0026, 0032); and 1943EWZ765175* (Herta Ziesmann Tetjunik) *and 1943EWZ765174* (Josef Tetjunik) *(A3342EWZ50-I047 0026, 0032, 0034).*

*Heinrich Ziesmann may have been one of two sons: (1) Heinrich Ziesmann (b1853), son of Paul Ziesmann (HH#25, Annette); or (2) Heinrich Ziesmann (b1852), son of Johann Ziesmann and Rosine Grass (d/o Christian Grass) (HH#31, Annette). *Revision of November 30, 1857, in the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia.*

  1. Herbert Ziesmann (October 11, 1903, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 19, 1903, Wladmirowka, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Friedrich Ziesmann and Lydia Drude) – November 25, 1903, Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p83 #734*; and 1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p181 #135.

  2. Albert Ziesmann (b June 24, 1905, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 8, 1905, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1905 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p112 #999.

  3. Hertha/Herta Ziesmann (September 1, 1907 Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 2, 1907, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Jacob Drude and Hulda Ziesmann) - >September 19, 1944) married twice. In 1937, she was probably removed to Aktjubinsk, Kazakhstan, with her first husband and children, and probably returned to Volhynia with her children, while her husband probably perished. Between October 14, 1943, and September 19, 1944, she was in Tuschin (Tutschin), German occupied Ukraine, with her second husband ____. *1907 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p136 #1196.

  M#1 On January 4, 1926, in Wladin, Ukraine SSR, Hertha/Herta Ziesmann married Emil Ziesmann (April 15, 1908, Boglubowka (northeast of Nowograd Wolhynsk), Volhynia, Russia; bap April 26, 1908, Emilchin Parish (GP: Julianna Ziesmann) - 1937, Verschleppt, probably to Aktjubinsk, Kazakhstan), son of Ludwig Ziesmann and Mathilde Schlak. They had two known children. *1908 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p22 #203.

(1) Alma Ziesmann (December 25, 1928, Wladin, Ukraine SSR - >1937/38) was removed to Aktjubinsk, Kazakhstan, with her parents in 1937, but was repatriated from Aktjubinsk, Kazakhstan, to Bogolubowka, Ukraine SSR. *NKVD Repatriation #13171; and 1943EWZ765176* (Alma Ziesmann) *(A3342EWZ50-I047 0026, 0030, 0032, 0034, 0036, 0040, 0041) (A3342EWZ50-J044 1550).*

(2) Erhard Ziesmann (November 1, 1931, Wladin, Ukraine SSR - >1937/38) was removed to Aktjubinsk, Kazakhstan, with his parents in 1937, but was repatriated from Aktjubinsk, Kazakhstan, to Tswetjanka Ukraine SSR (northeast of Shitomir). *NKVD Repatriation #13173.*

M#2 On June 5, 1940, in Gomel, Belarus SSR, Hertha/Herta Ziesmann married (widower?) Josef Tetjunik (May 8, 1905, Schostakowka, Ekaterinoslav Province, Russia - >September 19, 1944; M#1 June 10, 1926), son of Michael Tetjunik (1874, Schostakowka – 1926, Schostakowka) and Anna Petschenjuk (1877, Schostakowka - ≥1941). They had two known children. Between October 14, 1943, and September 19, 1944, he was in Tuschin (Tutschin), German occupied Ukraine, with his second wife Hertha/Herta Ziesmann. *1943EWZ765175* (Herta Ziesmann Tetjunik) *and 1943EWZ765174* (Josef Tetjunik) *(A3342EWZ50-I047 0026, 0032, 0034).*

(1) Adolf Tetjunik (b April 16, 1942, Gomel, Belarus SSR).

(2). Albert Tetjunik (b May 21, 1944, Tschenstochau/Czestochowa, German occupied Poland).

1943EWZ765175 (Herta Ziesmann Tetjunik)*; 1943EWZ765174* (Josef Tetjunik)*; and 1943EWZ765176* (Alma Ziesmann) *(A3342EWZ50-I047 0026, 0030, 0032, 0034, 0036, 0040, 0041) (A3342EWZ50-J044 1550).*

4. Richard Ziesmann (June 9, 1910, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 12, 1910, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Ferdinand Drude (probably Johanna's brother) and Maria Kolke Janke) - >August 1962, Brazil) married Johanna Drude (August 23, 1907, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 26, 1907, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Wilhelm Lindner and Rosalie Grön (d/o Justine Kolke (d/o Gottlieb Kolke and Justine Glaubitz) and Heinrich Grohn)) - >August 1962, Brazil), daughter of Friedrich Drude and Helene Siegert, on February 27, 1932, in Wladin, Ukraine SSR. They had two known children. As of July 22, 1943, the family resided in Pabianice, Litzmannstadt (Łódź) (occupied Poland). As of February 16, 1962, they were in Pinneberg, Schleswig-Holstein, West Germany; before emigrating to Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, around August 1962.

(1) Reinhard Ziesmann (October 14, 1935, Wladin, Ukraine SSR - >August 1962, Brazil) married Käthe Ilse Kiesewalter (August 16, 1935, Rabishau, probably German occupied Czechoslovakia or Poland (probably Rębiszów, Poland today - >August 1962, Brazil), daughter of Paul Kiesewalter and Selma Baumert.

(2) Hilde Ziesmann (May 24, 1943, Gomel, Belarus SSR - >August 1962, Brazil) married Rodrigo Castelo Branco Fortes (b____, Teresina, Piaui, Brazil).

1907 (p135 #1194) *and 1910* (p111 #987) *Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Records; 1943EWZ775150* (Richard Ziesmann)*; 1943EWZ755109* (Johanna Drude Ziesmann)*; 1943EWZ724650* (Richard Ziesmann)*; 1943EWZ755109* (Johanna Drude Ziesmann) *(A3342EWZ50-*

J044 1888, 1890, 1896, 1898, 1902, 1906); and 1962 Brazil Immigration Cards (Johanna Ziesmann; Richard Ziesmann; Reinhard Ziesmann; Käthe Ilse Ziesmann; and Hilde Ziesmann).

5. Elsa Ziesmann (1913, Majdan, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia – November 10, 1914, Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1914 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p120 #90 (1Y).

6. Erich Ziesmann (October 6, 1915, Ruditsch, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 5, 1915, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish - >October 7, 1944) married Nadeshda Michalotschkin (b August 20, 1922, Nowa Buda* (alt: b August 22, 1922, Gomel, Belarus/Russia) - >October 7, 1944), daughter of Afanasi Michalotschkin (1878, Nowa Buda – 193_, Nowa Buda) and Christine Sudem (1880, Nowa Buda – 1943, Nowa Buda), on May 10, 1941, in Gomel, Belarus SSR. They had one known child. As of June or July 1943, they were residents of Litzmannstadt (Łódź), but as of June 29, 1944, they were in Tuschin (Tutschin), German occupied Ukraine, before relocating to Litzmannstadt (Łódź) as of August 30, 1944. On October 7, 1944, Erich Ziesmann was issued a *Certificate of Naturalization*, which was revoked the same day it was prepared (without an explanation in the revocation document). *1915 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p225 #147*; and 1943EWZ764951* (Erich Ziesmann) *(A3342EWZ50-H044 1700, 1708, 1888, 1906).*

*I have been unable to determine the location of "Nowa Buda," but it was probably in Russian occupied territory, or Russia itself, based upon the surname of "Michalotschkin."

(1) Elfriede Ziesmann (June or July 23, 1943, Litzmannstadt (Łódź), Wartheland (occupied Poland) - >October 7, 1944).

• Eduard Drude (b August 21, 1880, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap 1880 Shitomir Parish). *1880 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p220 #1475.

• Maria Drude (July 7, 1883, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 24, 1883, Shitomir Parish - ≥April 20 or 25, 1915) married twice. *1883 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p159 #1942.

M#1 On February 10, 1904, in the Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Maria Drude married Eduard Janke (1883/84, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia – February 12, 1909, Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia), and they had two known children. *1904 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Marriage Record,* p143 #45*; and 1909 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p176 #88.

1. Robert Janke (b February 13, 1906, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 18, 1906, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Friedrich Pekrul and Lydia Drude) – April 1989). *1906 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p47 #406*; and 1989 US Apps/Claims*.

2. Richard Janke (b November 26, 1908, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 29, 1908, Bogolubowka, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Rosalie (Drude) Utof/Utow) – December 12, 1985, Alpena, Alpena County, Michigan). *1908 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p132 #1174*; and 1985 Alpena County, Michigan, Death Record.*

M#2 Maria Drude Janke's second husband was Adolf Siegert, who may have been related to Friedrich Drude's wife Helene Siegert. They had one known child.

1. Melitta Siegert (b April 20 or 25, 1915, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 26, 1915, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Ludwig Ziesmann and Maria Siegert)). *1915 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Records,* pp 162 and 220 #442.

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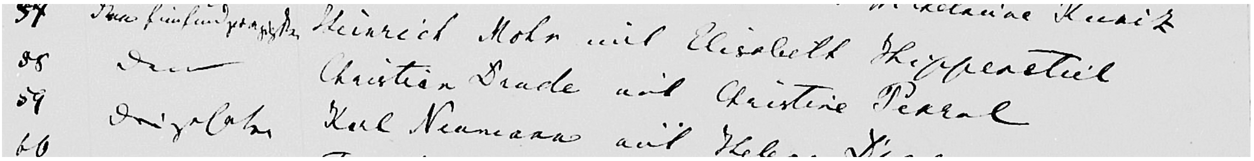
[89] Anna Christine/Christina Pekrul married Christian Drude (1845, probably Josephine, Volhynia, Russia - >September 22, 1914), son of her neighbors Jacob and Magdalene Drude, and brother of Peter Drude (who married Christine's sister Helene Pekruhl), on October 13, 1866, in Shitomir Parish. Anna Christine Pekrul and Christian Drude had four known children. *Revision of November 28, 1857 in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 2 and 3*; 1866 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record*, p650 #58*; and 1914 Nowograd Wolhynsk Burial Record*, p120 #87 (65Y, married).


57 [illegible] Heinrich Mohr mit Elisabeth Hippenstiel
58 Den — Christian Drude mit Christine Pekrul
59 [illegible] Karl Neumann mit Helene [illegible]
60

• August Drude (May 2, 1867, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 4, 1867, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Bartz and Susanna (Kolke) Klein) - ≥April 1932) married twice. *1867 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p521 #377.

M#1 August Drude married Emilie Busenius sometime prior to October 1896. I could not locate information about Emilie Busenius. August Drude family's land was expropriated, and his family deported to Russia in July 1915. It is possible Emilie Busenius Drude died in Russia. August Drude and Emilie Busenius had five, and possibly six, known children. *1915 Expropriation List*.

1. Olga Auguste Drude (October 10, 1896, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – September 1, 1986, Calgary, Alberta, Canada) married Gustav Klettke (June 21, 1896, Staraja Huta, Volhynia, Russia – September 28, 1938, Shot by NKVD, probably in Zhitomir, Ukraine SSR), son of Ludwig Klettke and Auguste Raides* (possibly). In 1938, the family lived on a collective farm in Raditsch, Ukraine SSR, when Gustav Klettke was arrested on June 25, 1938, by the Emilchin RO NKVD, and charged with violating Articles 54-2 (bourgeois separatism and nationalism) and 54-11 (being a member of an anti-Soviet organization). On September 22, 1938, Gustav Klettke was tried by a Troika of Zhitomir NKVD, convicted, and sentenced to maximum punishment (death). He was shot by the NKVD on September 28, 1938, probably in Shitomir, Ukraine SSR. Ludwig Klettke and Olga Auguste Drude had seven known children, the last of whom was born five days after his arrest by the NKVD. After World War II, Olga Auguste Drude Klettke and at least five of their children were classified as "displaced persons," and in April 1951, were resettled in Canada. *NKVD Arrest #1417; Arolsen Archives, Passenger List of Displaced Persons; 1951 SS Anna Salen Manifest* (Olga, Richard, Arthur, Reinhold, Gerda and Tulma Klettke)*; 1986 Calgary Herald Obituary* (Olga Klettke)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Klettke, Queen's Park Cemetery, Calgary).

*A Ludwig Klettke and Auguste Raides had six children born between 1874 and 1884 in Staraja Huta, whose baptisms were recorded in the *1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Records,* p607 #s 44-48 (Julie Klettke, Wilhelmine Klettke, Anna Klettke, August Klettke and Alwine Klettke); and p642 #513 (Friedrich Klettke). According to the *NKVD Arrest #1417*, Gustav Klettke, son of Ludwig Klettke, was born in 1896, in Staraja Huta, which matches the birthplace of the children of Ludwig Klettke and Auguste Raides, and would probably represent one of, if not the, last of their children.

a. Adolf Klettke (1924, Raditsch, Ukraine SSR – 2013, Canada).

b. Meta Klettke (1926, Raditsch, Ukraine SSR – 2020, Canada).

c. Richard Klettke (March 14, 1928, Raditsch, Ukraine SSR – 2013, Canada).

d. Arthur Klettke (January 26, 1930, Raditsch, Ukraine SSR - >April 1951).

e. Reinhold (Ron) Klettke (December 25, 1933, Raditsch, Ukraine SSR - >April 1951).

f. Gerda Klettke (September 21, 1935, Raditsch, Ukraine SSR - >April 1951).

g. Tulma/Thelma Klettke (June 30, 1938, Raditsch, Ukraine SSR – 2019, Canada).

2. Ferdinand Drude (b July 25, 1901, Raditsch, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 4, 1901, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1901 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p35 #304.

3. Auguste Drude (January 12, 1904, Raditsch, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 25, 1904, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish - >September 4, 1986, West Germany or Germany) married Eduard Milchert (May 31, 1904, Raditsch, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia – September 27, 1938, Shot by NKVD, probably Shitomir, Ukraine SSR), son of Friedrich Milchert. As of June 10, 1938, Eduard Milchert/Mielkert was the village President of Raditsch, Ukraine SSR, when he was arrested by the Emilchin RO NKVD; which occurred fifteen days before the arrest of his brother-in-law Gustav Klettke, and charged with violating the same offenses: Articles 54-2 (bourgeois separatism and nationalism) and 54-11 (being a member of an anti-Soviet organization). On September 21, 1938, he was tried by a Troika of Zhitomir NKVD, found guilty, and sentenced to maximum punishment (death). On September 27, 1938, he was shot by NKVD; one day before Gustav Klettke. Eduard Milchert and Auguste Drude had six known children. At the same time, Auguste Drude Milchert and five of their identified children (Erich, Reuben, Jonathan, Arthur and Ida) were removed to the Perm Oblast,* Russia, from which they were repatriated (from the Molotowskaja Oblast, USSR*) as of 1941, to Alexandrowka, Ukraine SSR. As of September 4, 1986, Auguste Drude Milchert was a resident of (West) Germany. *1905 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p65 #584*; NKVD Arrest #2510; NKVD Repatriation #4326; (A3342EWZ50-F053 320, 392); and (A3342EWZ58-H032 2260).*

*From 1940 to 1957, the Perm Oblast was known as the Molotow Oblast, named for Vyacheslav Molotov (1890-1986), one of Josef Stalin's closest allies and henchman, who served in prominent positions in the Soviet government from the 1920s, supporting Stalin's rise to power, until 1957, when he led a failed coup against Nikita Khrushchev. Molotov was made a full member of the Politburo in 1926, and became premier in 1930, where he played a central role in implementing Stalin's policies of forced agricultural collectivization and the widespread famine, including the Holodomor, which followed. He oversaw the mass arrests and executions carried out against political enemies and ordinary citizens during the Great Terror/Purge. As foreign minister in 1939, he signed the Molotov-Ribbentrop Pact with Nazi Germany, allowing Germany to invade Poland in September 1939, and dividing Poland into German and Soviet zones. Molotov continued to defend Stalin's legacy until his death.

a. Ida Milchert was not identified in her father's arrest record, so she was probably their oldest child and no longer in the home, unless she was deceased.

b. Erich Milchert (b February 20, 1923, Raditsch, Ukraine SSR). *NKVD Arrest #2510.*

c. Robert Milchert (b1925, Raditsch, Ukraine SSR) a resident of Rogowka, Ukraine SSR, was convicted and sentenced to ten years ITL (Corrective Labor Camp) in the Sverdlovsk Oblast, Russia, RSFSR (Russian Soviet Federative Socialist Republic), which was located on the eastern slopes of the Ural Mountains and the western Siberian plain. Robert Milchert had probably been repatriated with his family from the Molotowskaja Oblast. *NKVD Arrest #2510; and NKVD Repatriation #4379*.

d. Reuben Milchert. *NKVD Arrest #2510*.

e. Jonathan Milchert (b May 30, 1928, Raditsch, Ukraine SSR). *NKVD Arrest #2510*.

f. Artur/Arthur Milchert (b1930, Raditsch, Ukraine SSR) was a resident of Wessolowka, Ukraine SSR, when he was removed to Molotowskaja Oblast, RSFSR, from which he was repatriated back to Wessolowka, sometime between 1938 and 1941. *NKVD Arrest #2510; and NDVD Repatriation #4342*.

4. Ernst Drude (b January 29, 1906, Raditsch, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 18, 1906, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Anna Drude)) was a resident of the USSR as of September 1, 1986. *1906 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p32 #272.

5. Ernestine Drude (b June 13, 1908, Raditsch, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 12, 1908, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1908 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p113 #1003.

6. Reinhold Drude (b March 18, 1913, Raditsch, Volhynia, Russia) married Ida ____, and had a son Edward Drude. Reinhold Drude is a possible son of August Drude and Emilie Busenius. *Captured German Documents, Films 5-7, File 411,223*

M#2 August Drude's possible second marriage, which probably occurred after August Drude's return from Russia, was to Hulda/Hulde Tetzlaf (b October 19, 1896, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia - ≥January 6, 1933). The possible relationship is based upon the location of Hulda Tetzlaf Drude's children's births in Raditsch, Ukraine SSR. August Drude and Hulda/Hulde Tetzlaf had four known children; two of whom duplicated the given names of the children of his first marriage. Between 1941 and 1943, they were residents of Nataliendorf, Ukraine SSR. *A3342EWZ50-B021 1606* (which includes Hulda Tetzlaf Drude and four children; but excludes August Drude, or another husband/father; which may indicate he was verschleppt or dead).

1. Reinhold Drude (b July 12, 1924, Raditsch, Ukraine SSR).

2. Adolf Drude (b February 20, 1928, Raditsch, Ukraine SSR).

3. Ernst Drude (b January 26, 1931, Raditsch, Ukraine SSR).

4. Alma Drude (b January 6, 1933, Raditsch, Ukraine SSR).

- Rosalie Drude (b April 7, 1869, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 13, 1869, Shitomir Parish - ≥November 7, 1909) married Friedrich Mass. I located only one Friedrich Mass (Maas), who may not be her husband: Friedrich Adolph Maas (b December 2, 1873, Glinschtsche (near Lutsk)), son of Samuel Maas and Anna Justine Schinkel. Rosalie Drude and Friedrich Mass had five known children. *1869 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p286 #239.

1. Erdmann Mass (b December 12, 1901, Zolotjuk (just southwest of Wladin), Volhynia, Russia; bap December 13, 1901, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Alwine Drude)). *1902 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p61 #535.

2. Gustav Mass (b August 28, 1903, Kamenaja Gora (just north of Raditsch), Volhynia, Russia; bap August 31, 1903, Zolotjuk, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Ludwig Mass and Albertine Drude)). *1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p131 #1161.

3. Olga Mass (b August 5, 1905, Zolotjuk, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 7, 1905, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Ferdinand Drude and Albertine Drude)). *1905 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p196 #1761.

4. Adolph Mass (b July 23, 1907, Zolotjuk, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 28, 1907, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1907 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p126 #1111.

5. Edmund Mass (b November 7, 1909, Zolotjuk, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 15, 1909, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Ferdinand Drude and Anna Drude)). *1909 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p111 #989.

• Emilie Drude (b May 30, 1871, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 11, 1871, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Bartz and Susanne Pekruhl) - ≥February 17, 1907) married Traugott Ziesmann (____ - >June 1906), and they had one known child. *1871 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p562 #302.

1. Hulda Ziesmann (February 17, 1907, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 25, 1907, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Ferdinand Pekrul and Lydia Drude)). *1907 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p45 #392 (father is Traugott Ziesmann and mother is Emilie Drude not Susanna Drude).

• Friedrich Drude (October 29, 1873, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia – June 27, 1943, Parma, Cuyahoga County, Ohio) used multiple years of birth when he was in the United States, but 1873 was clearly his year of birth, which he stated in his September 12, 1918, *WWI Draft Registration*, which named his cousin Ferdinand Drude of Alpena, Michigan, as his nearest relative. 1873 is also in conformity with the births of his siblings. If he was born on October 28, 1883, as accepted by others, he would only have been sixteen years two months of age at the time of his marriage to Rosalie Ziesmann. His *December 1936 US Apps/Claims* record identifies him as "Fred Drude son of Christian Drude and Christine Pekrul." Why he repeatedly chose to give an incorrect year of birth is unknown, but it was a constant (as was the correct month and day of birth), and included understating his age by up to twenty years in the *1940 US Census*. Fredrich/Fred Drude married twice. *1930 and 1940 US Census; WWI&II Draft Regs; 1943 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Death Record; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Fred Drude, Riverside Cemetery, Cleveland).

M#1 Friedrich Drude married his first cousin Rosalie Ziesmann (February 5, 1878, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 11, 1878, Shitomir Parish - >April 1, 1930), daughter of Susanna Pekruhl and Karl Ziesmann, on January 16, 1900, in Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, probably Wladin. Friedrich Drude and Rosalie Ziesmann had seven known children. *1878 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p522 #126*; 1900 Nowograd Wolhynsk Marriage Record,* p133 #16*; 1912 SS Breslau Manifest; and 1930 US Census.*

1. Olga Drude (1901, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia – March 25, 1904, Salatuik, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1904 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p173 #215.

2. Edmund Drude (b December 12, 1902, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 14, 1902, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Rudolf Ziesmann and Rosalie Drude Utoff)). *1902 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p114 #1009.

3. Albert Drude (1904, Zolotjuk, Volhynia, Russia – January 17, 1905, Zolotjuk, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1905 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p245 #223.

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4. Maria Drude (b January 28, 1906, Stolpeckoje, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 2, 1906, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Peter Pekrul)). *1906 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p42 #362.

5. Alexander Drude (b November 18, 1907, Zolotjuk, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 23, 1907, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1907 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p127 #1119.

6. Erdmann Drude (b March 27, 1910, Zolotjuk, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 4, 1910, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP Gustav Mittelstädt and Susanna Drude Ziesmann)). *1910 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p96 #855.

7. Olga Drude (b July 1, 1913, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 2, 1913, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Peter Pekrul and Rosalie Drude Pekrul)). *1913 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p109 #964.

On December 28, 1912, Friedrich Drude arrived in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on the *SS Breslau*. The manifest lists his last residence as Wladin, Russia, and his wife as Rosalia Drude, who would have been pregnant with their daughter Olga. He was joining an unnamed cousin in Cleveland, Ohio. With him on the trip were Karl Zisman/Ziesmann (_8) of Wladin, whose wife Helene (probably nee Grön) was still in Wladin; and Ferdinand Kriger (17) of Wladin, both of whom were going to meet a cousin and brother, respectively, in Cleveland, Ohio. Presumably, Friedrich Drude's plan was to find work and save enough money to bring his family over to the United States. Unfortunately for his family, Friedrich/Fred Drude remained in the US, while his family apparently never left Volhynia. Fred Drude made it to Cleveland, where in 1918 he was employed as a watchman, and in 1923 was employed as a laborer. As of April 1, 1930, Fred Drude was living with his widowed sister-in-law Emilie Schneider (Ziesmann?) in Parma, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, and stated he was married (presumably to Rosalie Ziesmann Drude). Rosalie Ziesmann Drude's and their seven known children's fates are unknown. *1912 SS Breslau Manifest; WWI&II Draft Regs; 1923 Cleveland, Ohio, City Directory; 1930 and 1940 US Census; 1943 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Death Record; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Fred Drude, Riverside Cemetery, Cleveland).

M#2 On August 15, 1931, Fred Drude married Ottilie/Tillie Scheske (July 10, 1907, Zolotjuk, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 12, 1907, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish - August 22, 1989, Melbourne, Brevard County, Florida; Imm September 13, 1913, at Baltimore, Maryland), daughter of Michael Scheske and Emily Barz, in Girard, Trumbull County, Ohio. The Fred Drude's lived in Parma as of April 1940. Fred Drude's Petition for Naturalization was dismissed on November 14, 1941, for "failure to prosecute." Fred Drude died on Jun 27, 1943, in Parma, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, and is buried in Cleveland's Riverside Cemetery. His widow Ottilie Scheske Drude would marry twice more before her death on August 22, 1989, in Melbourne, Brevard County, Florida: (2) William George Long on February 21, 1948, in Clark County, Arkansas; and (3) William J. Vanbergen, in Brevard County, Florida, in August 1966. *1907 Nowograd Wolhynsk Baptism Record,* p126 #1110*; 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1935 Declaration of Intention* (Tillie Drude)*; 1937 Petition for Naturalization; 1938 Order of Admission* (Ottilie Drude)*; 1941 US Naturalization Record; WWII Draft Reg; 1948 Clark County, Arkansas, Marriage Record; 1966 Brevard County, Florida, Marriage Record; 1989 Brevard County, Florida, Death Record* (Ottilie Scheske Vanbergen)*; and 1989 US Deaths.*

[90] Susanna/Susanne Pekruhl sponsored Emilie Drude, daughter of her sister Anna Christina Pekruhl and Christian Drude, on June 11, 1871, in Wladin, Shitomir Parish. Susanna Pekruhl married Karl Traegott Ziesmann, (~1853, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – 1919, Orenburg, Russia), probably the son of Benjamin Ziesmann* (1828, probably Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - ≥July 1915, probably Siberia, Russia) and Katherine Vogt (b1831), on February 8, 1873, in Shitomir Parish, and had four known children. Only Hermann Ziesmann's baptism record identified his father as "Karl Traugott," while the three others stated the father was "Karl/Carl" Ziesmann. *1850* (p255 #27; Benjamin Ziesmann and Katharina Vogt)

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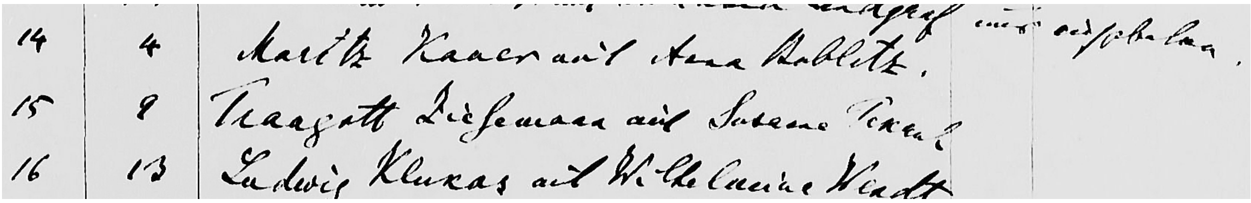
and 1873 (p342 #15) *Shitomir Parish Marriage Records; Revision of November 28, 1857, in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #3; *November 30, 1857, in the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #31*; 1871 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p562 #302*; and 1915 Expropriation List.*



14	4	Martin Kaner und Anna Koblitz.	[illegible]
15	8	Traugott Ziesemann und Susanne Pekruhl	
16	13	Ludwig Klukas und Wilhelmine Wendt	

*There were two Ziesmann families living in Annette in 1857 (Household #s 25 and 31), which may have contained Karl Traegott Ziesmann's parents. Neither of the census records for the families had anyone with the combined given names of Karl and Traegott, so it is possible neither are Karl Traegott Ziesmann. *Revision of November 30, 1857, in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 25 and 31.

#25 Carl Ziesmann (4=1853), son of Jakob Ziesmann (38=1819), and his wife Eva Wagner (33=1824; d/o Carl Wagner) were living with Jakob Ziesmann's parents, Johann Ziesmann (68=1789; s/o Johann Ziesmann) and Eva ____ (63=1794; d/o Johann ____), with five of their children: Anna Ziesmann (17=1840); Justine Ziesmann (13=1844); Helena Ziesmann (7½ +1849); Carl Ziesmann (4=1853); and Susanne Ziesmann (2=1855). Eva Wagner Ziesmann sponsored the 1861 baptism of Andreas Pekruhl, son of Wilhelmine Kolke and Jacob Pekruhl, and brother of Susanne Pekruhl. *1861 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record*, p423 #54.

#31 Carl Ziesmann (4=1853) son of Benjamin Ziesmann (29=1828) and his wife Katherine Vogt (26=1831; d/o Johann Vogt) were living with Benjamin's father, Michael Ziesmann (74=1783; s/o Johann Ziesmann), with three of their children: Traugott Ziesmann (4=1853); Euphrosine Ziesmann (3=1854); and Ernestine Ziesmann (1=1856).

Carl Ziesmann and Traugott Ziesmann were both four years old in November 1857, and Susanna Pekruhl was six years of age. "Karl Traugott" Ziesmann and Susanna Pekruhl are identified as the parents of Hermann Ziesmann. *1885 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p160 #1960. Brothers "Karl Traugott" Zisman and Friedrich Zisman, and their father Benjamin Zisman, had their land confiscated and they (and their families) were exiled to Siberia by Tsarist Russia, in July 1915. *1915 Expropriation List.*

- Wilhelmine Ziesmann (b August 7, 1876, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 10, 1876, Shitomir Parish (GP: Justine Drude)). *1877 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p460 #104.

- Rosalie Ziesmann (February 5, 1878, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 11, 1878, Shitomir Parish - >April 1, 1930), married her first cousin Friedrich Drude (October 28/29, 1873, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia – June 27, 1943, Parma, Cuyahoga County, Ohio), son of Anna Christina Pekruhl and Christian Drude, on January 16, 1900, in Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, probably Wladin. Friedrich Drude and Rosalie Ziesmann had seven known children. Friedrich Drude emigrated to the United States on December 28, 1912, arriving in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, eventually leaving his family behind, stating he was married as of April 1, 1930, but remarrying in 1931. *See above. 1878 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p522 #126*; 1900 Nowograd Wolhynsk Marriage Record,* p133 #16*; 1912 SS Breslau Manifest; WWI&II Draft Regs; 1923 Cleveland, Ohio, City Directory; 1930 and 1940 US Census; 1943 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Death Record; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Fred Drude, Riverside Cemetery, Cleveland).

• Ernestine Ziesmann (November 23, 1881, Alexanderdorf/Granidub, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 2, 1881, Heimtal Parish – July 18, 1907 Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1883 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p835 #603*; and 1907 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p337 #356 (16Y, maiden).

• Hermann Ziesmann (b December 9, 1884, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 16, 1884 Shitomir Parish (GP: uncle Friedrich Pekruhl and Susanna Drude (d/o Helene Pekrul and Peter Drude))). *1885 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p160 #1960.

[91] *Revision of November 28, 1857, in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #3 (Christian Pekrull, aged 3Y).

Christian Pekruhl probably married twice.

M#1 Anna Drude (1854, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – May 2, 1900, Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk, Volhynia, Russia) daughter of Heinrich Drude (1831 - ____; son of Jakob Drude (HH#2, Josephine)) and Christine Rink (b1828 - ____; daughter of Filip Rink (HH#11, Annette)). Christian Pekruhl and Anna Drude had one known child. *Revision of November 28, 1857, in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #3 (Anna Drude, aged 3Y)*; and 1900 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p150 #91 (45Y, born Josephine, daughter of Heinrich Drude, married to Christian Pekrul).

• Lydia Pekruhl (December 30, 1883, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 6, 1884, Shitomir Parish (GP: Friedrich Pekruhl and Henriette Lange) – >July 11, 1906) may have married Gustav Mund/Mundt (June 1, 1882, Tschernjachow, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – January 1, 1914, Tschernjachow (located just north of Shitomir), Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia), son of Ludwig Mund and Karoline Mund, with whom she may have had two known children. *1883* (p458 #904) *and 1885* (p159 #1944) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; and 1914 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p203 #550 (Age 31, married, spouse Lydia Pekruhl, born Tschernjachow).

1. Elsa Mundt (September 7, 1904, Tschernjachow, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – June 25, 1907, Tschernjachow, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1904 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p130 #1152*; and 1907 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p251 #659.

2. Lina Mund (b July 11, 1906, Tschernjachow, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1906 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p86 #761.

Alternatively, although less likely, Lydia Pekrul may have married Joseph Matuszewski (____-____) on November 3, 1912, in the Shitomir Parish. *1912 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p174 #200.

M#2 Rosine Barz (____-____) on February 13, 1902, in the Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia. She was not the daughter of Eva Pekrul and Johann Leopold Bartz/Barz, who was still married to Johann Mielke. Further, their marriage record does not identify her as Rosine Mielke geb Barz. They had two known children. *1902 Emilchin Parish Marriage Record,* p174 #17.

• Eduard Pekrul (b May 8, 1906, Raditsch, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 14, 1906, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1906 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p33 #280.

• Olga Pekrul (b June 21, 1908, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 29, 1908, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1908 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p25 #212.

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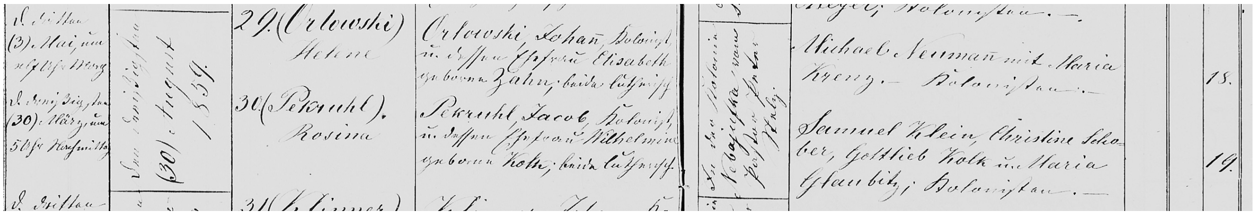
*A Christian Pekruhl was also married to Juliane Hoffman, who had a son Emil Pekrul born on March 5, 1907, which would be in the middle of Christian Pekruhl and Rosine Barz's children. *1907 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p137 #1206.

[92] *1859 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p274 #30.



(3). Mai, um

(30). März, um 5 Uhr Nachmittag

(30). August 1859

29. (Orlowski) Helene

Orlowski Johan, Kolonist u. dessen Ehefrau Elisabeth geborene Zahn, beide lutherisch

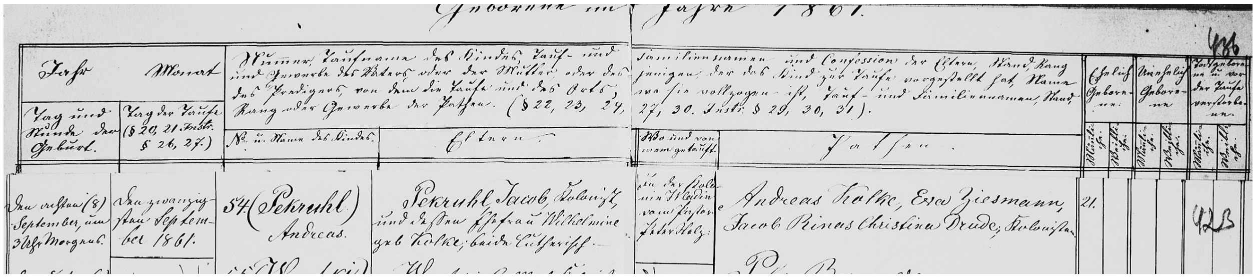
30. (Pekruhl). Rosina

Pekruhl Jacob, Kolonist u. dessen Ehefrau Wilhelmine geborene Kolk, beide lutherisch

Michael Neuman mit Maria Kreng. Kolonisten. 18.

Samuel Klein, Christine Schober, Gottlieb Kolk u. Maria Glaubitz; Kolonisten. 19.

[93] Andreas Pekruhl's baptism was sponsored by Annette resident Eva Ziesmann (b1824, wife of Jakob Ziesmann; HH#25) and Christina Drude (b1847, daughter of Josephine residents Jacob Drude and Helena Pansegrau; HH#2). *Revision of November 30, 1857, in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #25; *Revision of November 28, 1857, in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 2 and 3*; and 1861 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record*, p423 #54.



Geborene im Jahre 1861.

Jahr		Nummer, Taufname des Kindes, Tauf- und Familienname, Stand und Gewerbe des Vaters oder der Mutter oder des Predigers, von dem die Taufe und der Ort, Rang oder Gewerbe der Pathen. (§ 22, 23, 24,		Familienname und Confession der Eltern, Stand, Rang ... (§ 27, 30. Instr. § 29, 30, 31).				
Tag und Stunde der Geburt.	Tag der Taufe (§ 20, 21 Instr. § 26, 27.)	№ u. Name des Kindes.	Eltern.	Wo und von wem getauft.	Pathen.	Ehelich Geborene	Unehelich Geborene	Todtgeborene
den achten (8) September, um 3 Uhr Morgens.	den zwanzigsten September 1861.	54. (Pekruhl) Andreas.	Pekruhl Jacob, Kolonist, und dessen Ehefrau Wilhelmine geb Kolke; beide lutherisch.	in der Kolonie Wladin ...	Andreas Kolke, Eva Ziesmann, Jacob Rinas Christina Drude; Kolonisten.	21.		423

Andreas Pekruhl married Juliana Klink/Kling (<1867 - ≥October 10, 1899), before 1885. In July 1915, Andreas Pekruhl's land was expropriated by the Tsarist Russian government, and he and his family were "evacuated" (i.e. deported) to Russia. Andreas Pekruhl and Juliana Klink/Kling had two known children, but probably had others for which records are unavailable, e.g. 1886-1899. *1915 Expropriation List.*

- Emilie Pekruhl (March 13, 1885, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 17, 1885, Shitomir Parish (GP: August Treptow) – March 21, 1904, Wladmirowka, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1885 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p160 #1954*; and 1904 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p160 #93 (19Y, unmarried).

- Adeline Pekrul (October 10, 1899, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 14, 1899, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Ferdinand Pekrul)). *1899 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p78 #633.

[94] Friedrich Pekrul married Henriette Kolke (September 23, 1870, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 11, 1870, Heimtal Parish (GP: Julius Kolke or Julius Kolke and Henriette Gall) - >March 29, 1912), daughter of *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*, probably in the late 1880s or 1890s. Henriette Kolke and Friedrich Pekrul had four known children. Friedrich Pekruhl's heirs (possibly his wife and male children) had land they inherited from Friedrich Pekrul, that was expropriated by the Russian government, and they were probably deported to Russia in July 1915. At least one of them (son Emil Pekrul) made it back to Wladin. *1870 Heimthal Parish Baptism Record,* p254 #79*; 1912 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p139 #103 (age 46Y, born Wladin, married to Wilhelmine Kolke)*; and 1915 Expropriation List* (heirs of Friedrich Pekrul).

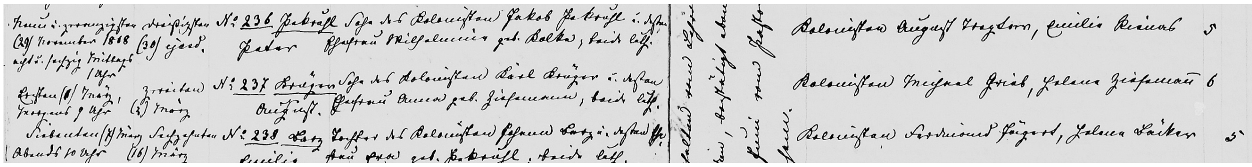
- Emil Pekrul (November 27, 1899, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 30, 1899, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Hulda (Kolke) Pekrul) – >January 16, 1938, probably Russia) married Gerda____ , and they had two known children: (1) Celia (?) Pekrul and (2) Erich Pekrul. On December 18, 1937, Emil Pekrul, a semiliterate collective farmer in Wladin, Ukraine SSR, was arrested by the Nowograd Wolhynsk GO NKVD under Article 54-10 (conducting anti-Soviet propaganda and agitation). His cousin Gerhard Pekrul, son of Ferdinand Pekruhl and Hulda Kolka, was arrested the same day, and was subsequently shot by the NKVD. On January 16, 1938, Emil Pekrul was tried by a Special Conference with the NKVD USSR, found guilty, and sentenced to ten years imprisonment in corrective labor camp. *1899 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p78 #636*; 1915 Expropriation List* (heirs of Friedrich Pekrul)*; and NKVD Arrest #2877.*

- Rudolph Pekrul (b June 3, 1903, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 15, 1903, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Ludwig Krause (m Wilhelmine Kolke; daughter of *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*) and Emilie (Kolke) Schlak (daughter of *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*) - >July 1915, possibly Russia). *1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p82 #721*; and 1915 Expropriation List* (heirs of Friedrich Pekrul).

- Ottilie Pekrul (b August 31, 1905, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 11, 1905, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Julianne (Klink) Pekrul) - >July 1915, possibly Russia). *1905 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p209 #1872*; and 1915 Expropriation List* (heirs of Friedrich Pekrul).

- Leonhard Pekrul (July 12, 1908, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 18, 1908, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Ferdinand Pekrul) - >July 1915, possibly Russia). *1908 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p134 #1189*; and 1915 Expropriation List* (heirs of Friedrich Pekrul).

[95] *1869 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p286 #236.



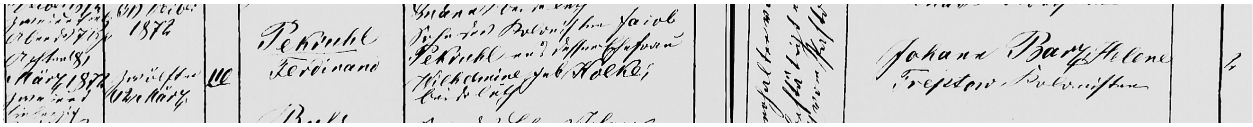
Peter Pekruhl was a Godfather to Drude, Pekrul and Ziesmann children:

- Erna Pekrul daughter of Hulda Kolke and Ferdinand Pekrul, in 1906, in Wladin. *1906 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p121 #1071.

- Olga Ziesmann daughter of Susanna Drude and Karl Traugott Ziesmann, on March 28, 1915, in Wladin. *1915 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p162 #440.

I could not locate a marriage (which probably occurred between 1885 and 1899), nor children, for Peter Pekruhl. In July 1915, Peter Pekruhl's land was expropriated by the Russian government, and he and his family were deported to Russia. *1915 Expropriation List.*

[96] *1873 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p299 #110.



Ferdinand Pekruhl married Hulda Kolke (December 18, 1882, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 31, 1882, Heimtal Parish (GP: Carl Böhm and Justine (Rode) Kolke) - ≥July 1915), daughter of Julianne Kolke.* Ferdinand Pekruhl and Hulda Kolke had six known children. In July 1915, Ferdinand Pekruhl's land was expropriated by the Russian government, and he and his family were deported to Russia. *1883 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p836 #619*; and 1915 Expropriation List.*

*Hulda Kolke was born when her mother Julianne Kolke (daughter of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass) was only sixteen years old. Her father is unknown. *1883 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p836 #619*; and 1915 Expropriation List.*

- Albert Pekrul (March 4, 1902, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 5, 1902, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Juliane (Klink/Kling) Pekrul) - ≥July 1915). *1902 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p63 #556*; and 1915 Expropriation List.*

- Reinhard Pekrul (July 10, 1904, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 18, 1904, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish- ≥July 1915). *1905 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p109 #973*; and 1915 Expropriation List.*

- Erna Pekrul (August 20, 1906, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 26, 1906, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Peter Pekrul) - ≥July 1915). *1906 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p121 #1071*; and 1915 Expropriation List.*

- Berthold Pekrul (June 11, 1908, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 14, 1908, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Rosalie Pekrul) - >June 1939) married Emilia König (1905, Sadki, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - ≥February 10, 1940), daughter of Eduard König (b August 27, 1878, Königsdorf; son of Gottlieb König and Pauline Seider, married December 25, 1877, Shitomir Parish) and Auguste Prill (b May 25, 1881, Ludmilowka; daughter of Carl Prill and Amalie Zink, married February 6, 1877, Heimtal Parish). Berthold Pekrul and Emilia König may have had five children. *1877 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p625 #15*; 1878 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p567 #114*; 1882 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p557 #33*; 1908 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p133 #1187*; 1915 Expropriation List; and Martin G. Klotz.*

    1. Alexander Pekrul (August 25, 1935, Ukraine SSR - 1965) married Elmira Neumann (December 23, 1931, Ukraine SSR – December 11, 1983), daughter of Adine/Adina Kolke (daughter of Ferdinand Kolke and Henriette Schön) and Adolf Neumann.

    2. Gerhard Pekrul (February 10, 1940 – December 2005).

    3. Ida Pekrul (____-2009).

    4. Maria Pekrul.

    5. Frieda Pekrul.

- Stillborn Infant Pekrul (November 12, 1910, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia - November 12, 1910, Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1910 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p144 #144.

- Gerhard Pekrul (July 22, 1914, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 2, 1914, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Adolf Pekrul) – February 2, 1938, Shot by NKVD, probably in Nowograd Wolhynsk, Ukraine SSR) married Anna __________. On December 18, 1937, Gerhard Pekrul, a collective farmer in Wladin, Ukraine SSR, was arrested by the Nowograd Wolhynsk GO NKVD under Article 54-10 (conducting anti-Soviet propaganda and agitation). He was tried by two USSR NKVD on January 21, 1938, and sentenced to the maximum punishment (death). He was shot by the NKVD on February 2, 1938. *1914 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p92 #812*; and NKVD Arrest #2802.*

[97] Maria/Marianne Richter was the daughter of Franz Richter and sister of Anton Richter who married Helene Pekruhl Grön, sister of Jakob Pekruhl who married Wilhelmine Kolke, daughter of *Michal Kolke and Eleonora Reich*, and sister of Andreas Kolke, Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke, Daniel Kolke, Susanna Kolke, Helene Kolke and *Ludwig Kolke*.

The Franz Richter family originated in Congress Poland, Russia, and were Roman Catholic, which was recorded in various baptism records, and thus serves to further identify specific members of the family who were in the Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia, as of 1852. "Franciszek Rychter" (b1801-02), son of Franciszek Rychter and Magdalena ____, may have married Marianna Tekla Łagowska (b1810-11), daughter of Wawrzyn Łagowski and Krystyna ____, in 1832, in the Catholic Parish of Izbica Kujawska, which is located 50km west of Gostynin, Congress Poland, Russia. I have identified four of their children, although several others are possible children. *1832 Izbica Kujawska Catholic Parish Marriage Record,* #25 (*Poznań Project*).

- Maria/Marianne Richter was probably the oldest based upon her May 1852 marriage to Daniel Kolke. She was identified as Roman Catholic in the baptism record of their daughter Mariane Kolke. *1863 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p11 #74.

- Franz Richter* (~1835, Congress Poland, Russia - >October 1881, probably Murawi, Volhynia, Russia) married Friederike Meyer (Maier/Meier) (____ - ≥June 15, 1882, probably Murawi, Volhynia, Russia) on September 14, 1857, in the Shitomir Parish. Friederike Meyer may have been the daughter of Johann Meyer/Maier, who was living with his brothers in Annette as of November 30, 1857, with his son Friedrich Maier (16=1841; possibly brother of Friederike Meyer), which would have been two months after Friederike Meyer's marriage to Franz Richter (so she wouldn't have been in the Revision). They had seven known children, with Franz Richter identified as Roman Catholic in at least three of their baptism records. Friedericke Meyer's brother Friedrich Meyer was a Godparent to some of their children as well as the children of Franz Richter's siblings. *1857 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p391 #22*; and The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #16.

*Franz Richter was probably born between Maria Richter (who married in 1852 and was probably at least eighteen years of age = 1833/34) and Anton Richer (whose burial record states he was born in 1837/38).

1. Anna Richter (b July 25, 1859, Murawi, Volhynia, Russia; bap. September 1, 1859, Shitomir Parish (GP: Heinrich Drude, Rosa Hempek, Wilhelm Hempek and Anton Richter)). *1859 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p275 #39 (father is Roman Catholic).

2. August Richter (b February 11, 1862, Murawi, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 16, 1862, Shitomir Parish (GP: Friedrich Meyer, Rosina Megert and Christina Drude)). *1862 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p435 #62.

3. Emilie Richter (b December 15, 1865, Murawi, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 22, 1865, Shitomir Parish (GP: August Klut, Charlotte Jäger, Friedrich Lobert and Susanna Feier)). *1866 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p638 #453.

4. Christine Richter (b April 9, 1868, Murawi, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 11, 1868, Shitomir Parish (GP: Maria Felbel and Ludwig Lobert)). *1868 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p116 #185 (father is Roman Catholic).

5. Friedrich Richter (b November 16, 1871, Murawi, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1872 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p524 #344.

6. Ferdinand Richter (b December 20, 1874, Murawi, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 15, 1875, Shitomir Parish (GP: Ferdinand Drude)). *1875 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p464 #453.

7. Rudolph Richter (b June 15, 1882, Murawi, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1882 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p653 #1723 (father is Roman Catholic).

• Anton Richter (1837/38, Congress Poland, Russia – April 15, 1915, Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia) married pregnant widow Helene Pekrull Grön (18=1839, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >August 28, 1878 <1900), daughter of Georg Pekrul and Tekla Wasilewska, on January 5, 1861. Helene Pekrull was the sister of Jakob Pekruhl who married Wilhelmine Kolke, Daniel Kolke's sister. They were married in the Shitomir Parish of the Evangelical Lutheran Church, even though he was Roman Catholic, which is confirmed in three of their children's baptism records. *1861 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p437 #1*; and 1915 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p276 #256 (77Y, born Poland, son of Franz Richter, married to Alwine Schlickeiser).

• Therese Richter (~1840, Congress Poland, Russia - >January 20, 1862, probably Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia) married Wilhelm Hempek/Hempeck (____, Congress Poland, Russia - ≥January 20, 1862, Nedbajuwka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). The Godparents for their one know child clearly indicate a connection with the Kolke family. Wilhelm Hempek sponsored Michael Richter (b July 19, 1864, probably Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap ____, 25, 1864, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish), son of Anton Richter and Helene Pekrul (Grön) Richter. *1864 Shitomir Parish Baptism Records,* p2 #3 and p9 #61.

1. Maria Hempeck (b January 20, 1862, Nedbajuwka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 14, 1862, Shitomir Parish (GP: Friedrich Meyer (brother of Friederike Meyer Richter w/o Franz Richter), Helene Kolke (sister of Daniel Kolke), Michael Neumann and Helene Pekrul (Grön) Richter)). *1862 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p435 #55 (mother is Roman Catholic).

After Therese Richter Hempeck's death, possibly related to the birth of their only known child, Wilhelm Hempeck married Auguste Roscher (____-≥April 2, 1881, possibly Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia), and that they had at least seven children. Interestingly, many of the Godparents of their children were members of the Kolke, Richter and related families.

1. Gottlieb Hempeck (February 28, 1866,* Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia – March 10, 1866,* Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1866 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p654 #50 (Age: 11 days, birthplace: Nedbajewka).

*Gottlieb's birthdate conflicts with Daniel's, so I suspect Gottlieb was born and died in 1865.

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2. Daniel Hempeck (b July 18, 1866, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 21, 1866, Shitomir Parish (GP: Daniel Kolke and Helene Kolke (d/o Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass))). *1867 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p501 #30.

3. Friedrich Hempeck (b June 19, 1868, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 23, 1868, Shitomir Parish (GP: Daniel Kolke and Juliana(?) Richter)). *1869 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p306 #634.

4. Florentine Hempeck (b September 25, 1870, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 11, 1870, Heimtal Parish (GP: Luise Gall and Friedrich Meier/Meyer (b/o Friedericke Meyer w/o Franz Richter))). *1870 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p254 #80.

5. August Hempeck (b May 13, 1873, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 28, 1873, Heimtal Parish (GP: Johan Grön)). *1875 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p609 #8.

6. Karolina Bertha Hempeck (b January 26, 1876, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 19, 1876, Heimtal Parish (GP: Albert Bronn)). *1877 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p617 #287.

7. Juliane Hempeck (b April 2, 1881, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 5, 1881, Heimtal Parish (GP: Friedrich Kolke and Henriette Kolke)). *1881 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p551 #197.

I have identified other individuals who may have been children of Franz Richter (and Marianna Tekla Łagowska) based upon geography and baptismal sponsorships.

- Jacob Richter (June 1843, Congress Poland, Russia – February 2, 1914, Michaelnowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia) married Eva Lüttke (____ - >February 2, 1914, ____) and they had five known children between 1863 and 1876. The family resided in Amalien (Amalinowka), located between Wyruby and Granidub (Alexanderdorf). On January 28, 1870, Franz Richter was the Godparent to their daughter Charlotte Richter, in Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish. *1870 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p254 #87*; and 1914 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p321 #239 (Jacob Richter, 70Y 8M, born Poland, married).

- Ferdinand Richter (1847, Gostynin, Congress Poland, Russia – August 8, 1914, Katerinowka (south of Sadki and Beresowka), Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia) married Susanna Grossmann (____-____) and they had six known children. They may have resided in the Rowno Parish and not have been related. On June 14, 1867, a ___ Kolke was the Godparent of their son August Richter in the Shitomir Parish. On November 14, 1880, Wilhelmine Kolke (geb. Gall or *Wiese*) sponsored their son Wilhelm Richter in Dombrowka, Shitomir Parish. *1868* (p132 #484) *and 1882* (p637 #1439) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; and 1914 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p167 #221 (66Y, born Gostynin).

[98] Daniel Kolke and Maria/Mariane Richter's connections with other Generation #2 Kolke's include:

•1852 Andreas Kolke, Karoline (Grass) Kolke, Jacob Pekruhl and Susanna Kolka sponsor/are Godparents to their son Julius Theodor Kolke.

•1855 Andreas Kolke and Mariane Richter Kolke sponsor/are Godparents to Friedrich Bartz.

•1861 Anton Richter (Maria/Mariane Richter's brother) marries Helene Pekruhl Grön.

•1863 Christine Pekrul and Gottlieb Kolke sponsor/are Godparents to their daughter Mariane Kolke.

•1864 Daniel Kolka, Helene Kolke and Samuel Klein sponsor Friedrich Kolke, son of *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*, in Nedbajewka. *1864 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record*, p9 #60.

- 1864 Daniel Kolke and Elisabeth Pekrul sponsor Michael Richter, son of Anton Richter and Helene Pekrul, in Nedbajewka. *1864 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record*, p9 #61.

- 1866 Heinrich Kolke and Helene Kolke sponsor/are Godparents to their daughter Susanna Kolke.

- 1866 Daniel Kolke and Elisabeth Pekruhl sponsor/are Godparents to Franz Richter, son of Anton Richter and Helene Pekruhl.

- 1867 Daniel Kolke and Elisabeth Pekrul sponsor Franz Richter, son of Anton Richter and Helene Pekrul, in Nedbajewka. *1867 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record*, p501 #27.

- 1869 Daniel Kolke sponsors/is Godfather to Auguste Treptow, daughter of August Treptow and Helena Kolke. *1869 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record*, p286 #240.

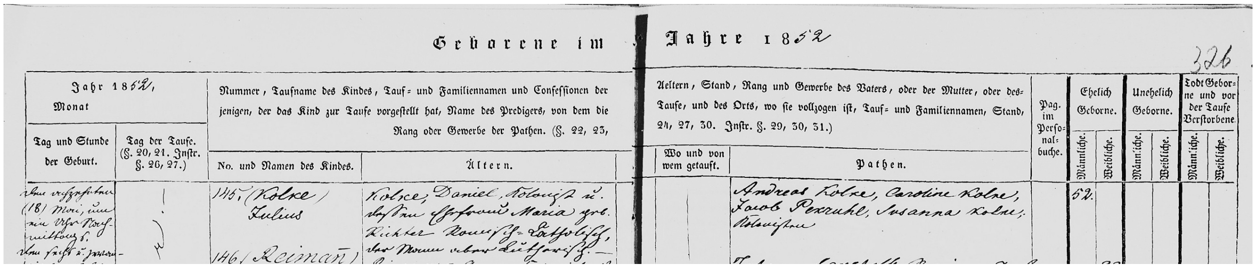
- 1877 Daniel Kolke sponsors Auguste Kolke, daughter of *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*, in Nedbajewka. *1877 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record*, p617 #294.

[99] Daniel Kolke (Jr.) is a possible child of Daniel Kolke and Maria/Mariane Richter, because a "Daniel Kolke" sponsored baptisms into the 1900s, and may have been a son or grandson of the original Daniel Kolke.

- 1911 Daniel Kolke and Ernestine Kolke (possibly daughter of Susanna Kolke) sponsor Reinhold Kolke, son of Julius Reinhold Kolke and Lydia Rakowski, in Wyruby. *1911 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record*, p2 #1.

[100] Christoph Kolke is a possible son of Daniel Kolke and Maria/Mariane Richter based upon his sponsorships of the 1869 baptism of Susanna Klein (with *Wilhelmine (Wiese) Kolke*), and the 1873 baptism of Rudolph August Klein; children of Helene Kolke and Friedrich Klein. *1869* (p307 #652) *and 1873* (p612 #44) *Heimtal Parish Baptism Records.*

[101] Julius Theodor Kolke is a significant birth because his baptism sponsors were Andreas Kolke, Karoline (Grass) Kolke, Jacob Pekruhl, and Susanna Kolka; four children (or their spouses) of *Michal Kolke and Eleonora Reich*, which is further evidence of his father Daniel Kolke's connection with the other Generation #2 Kolke families. I haven't been able to determine what happened to Julius Kolke, although on April 19, 1870, he may have been a Godfather for the baptism of Wilhelmine Richter, daughter of Anton Richter, brother of Maria/Mariane Richter Kolke. *1852 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record.* p326 #145*; and 1870 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p254 #84.



Gebohrene im Jahre 1852

326

Jahr 1852, Monat Tag und Stunde der Geburt.	Tag der Taufe. (§. 20, 21. Inſtr. §. 26, 27.)	Nummer, Taufname des Kindes, Tauf- und Familiennamen und Confeſſionen derjenigen, der das Kind zur Taufe vorgeſtellt hat, Name des Predigers, von dem die Rang oder Gewerbe der Pathen. (§. 22, 23, No. und Namen des Kindes.	Ältern.	Aeltern, Stand, Rang und Gewerbe des Vaters, oder der Mutter, oder des Taufe, und des Orts, wo ſie vollzogen iſt, Tauf- und Familiennamen, Stand, 24, 27, 30. Inſtr. §. 29, 30, 31.) Wo und von wem getauft.	Pathen.	Pag. im Perſonalbuche.	Ehelich Geborne. Männliche.	Ehelich Geborne. Weibliche.	Unehelich Geborne. Männliche.	Unehelich Geborne. Weibliche.	Todtgeborne und vor der Taufe Verſtorbene. Männliche.	Todtgeborne und vor der Taufe Verſtorbene. Weibliche.
Am achtzehnten (18) Mai, um ein Uhr Nachmittags.		145. (Kolke) Julius	Kolke, Daniel, Colonist u. dessen Ehefrau Maria geb. Richter Römisch-Katholisch, der Mann aber Lutherisch.		Andreas Kolke, Caroline Kolke, Jacob Pekruhl, Susanna Kolke; Colonisten		52.					
		146. (Reiman)										

[102] Wilhelmine Kolke (~1855, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia - >November 9, 1907) is a possible child of Daniel Kolke and Maria/Mariane Richter. She married Heinrich Müller (1857, Congress Poland, Russia - November 9, 1907, Heimtal, Volhynia, Russia) probably around 1874. Heinrich Müller may have been

related to Ludwig Müller, who married Mariane Kolke, also a daughter of Daniel Kolke. Wilhelmine Kolke and Heinrich Müller had four known children. *1907 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p347 #488 (Age 50y, married, born Poland).

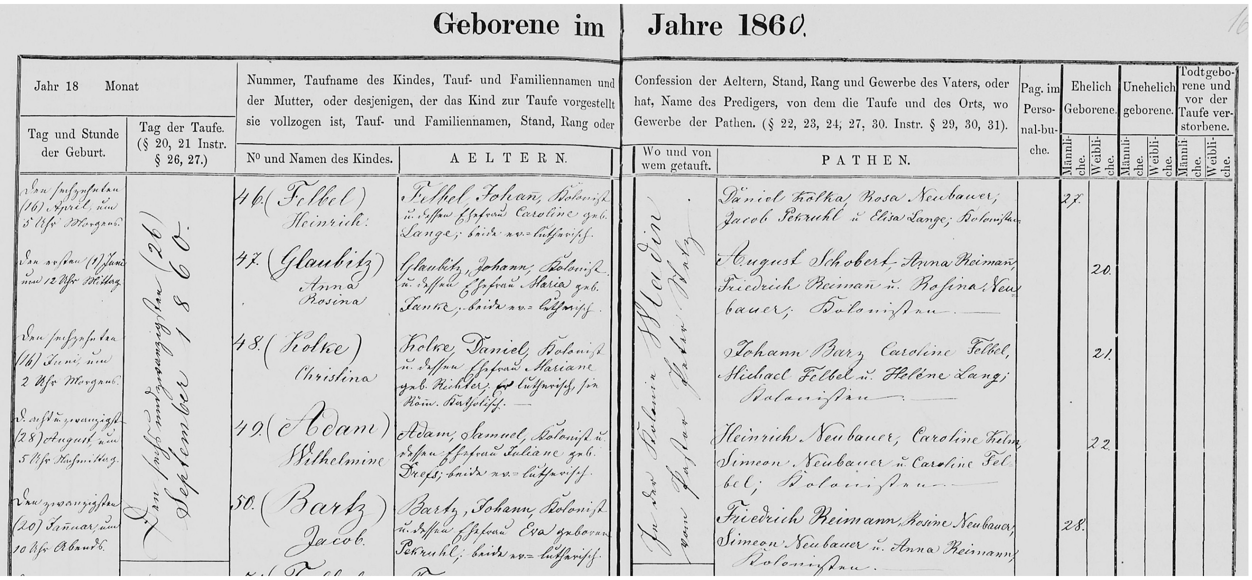
- Friedrich Müller (b February 20, 1875, Alexanderdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap 1875, Heimtal Parish (GP: Anna Müller)). *1875 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p611 #30.

- Auguste Wilhelmine Müller (1877, Alexanderdorf, Volhynia, Russia – July 13, 1878, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1878 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p827 #134.

- Friedrich Wilhelm Müller (February 20, 1878, Werendorf, Volhynia, Russia – February 25, 1878, Werendorf, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1878 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p828 #144.

- Gustav Müller (b October 18, 1880, Mariendorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap _____ Heimtal Parish (GP: Aug Grass)). *1880 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p459 #607.

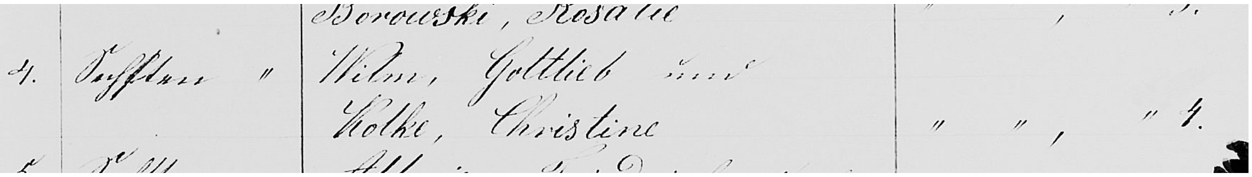
[103] *1860 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p166 #48.



Geborene im Jahre 1860.

Jahr 18 Monat Tag und Stunde der Geburt.	Tag der Taufe. (§ 20, 21 Instr. § 26, 27.)	Nummer, Taufname des Kindes, Tauf- und Familiennamen und der Mutter, oder desjenigen, der das Kind zur Taufe vorgestellt sie vollzogen ist, Tauf- und Familiennamen, Stand, Rang oder Nº und Namen des Kindes.	AELTERN.	Confession der Aeltern, Stand, Rang und Gewerbe des Vaters, oder hat, Name des Predigers, von dem die Taufe und des Orts, wo Gewerbe der Pathen. (§ 22, 23, 24, 27, 30. Instr. § 29, 30, 31). Wo und von wem getauft.	PATHEN.	Pag. im Personal-buche.	Ehelich Geborene. Männliche.	Ehelich Geborene. Weibliche.	Unehelich geborene. Männliche.	Unehelich geborene. Weibliche.	Todtgeborene und vor der Taufe verstorbene. Männliche.	Todtgeborene und vor der Taufe verstorbene. Weibliche.
Den sechzehnten (16) April, um 5 Uhr Morgens.	Den sechsundzwanzigsten (26) September 1860.	46. (Felbel) Heinrich.	Felbel Johan, Kolonist u. dessen Ehefrau Caroline geb. Lange; beide ev.-lutherisch.	In der Kolonie [illegible] vom Pastor [illegible]	Daniel Kolka, Rosa Neubauer, Jacob Petruhl u. Elisa Lange; Kolonisten.		27.					
Den ersten (1) Juni um 12 Uhr Mittag.		47. (Glaubitz) Anna Rosina	Glaubitz, Johann, Kolonist u. dessen Ehefrau Maria geb. Janke; beide ev.-lutherisch.		August Schobert, Anna Reiman, Friedrich Reiman u. Rosina Neubauer; Kolonisten.			20.				
Den sechzehnten (16) Juni, um 2 Uhr Morgens.		48. (Kolke) Christina	Kolke, Daniel, Kolonist u. dessen Ehefrau Mariane geb. Richter; er lutherisch, sie Röm. Katholisch.		Johann Barz, Caroline Felbel, Michael Felbel u. Helene Lang; Kolonisten.			21.				
D. achtundzwanzigsten (28) August, um 5 Uhr Nachmittag.		49. (Adam) Wilhelmine	Adam, Samuel, Kolonist u. dessen Ehefrau Juliane geb. Dreß; beide ev.-lutherisch.		Heinrich Neubauer, Caroline Helm, Simeon Neubauer u. Caroline Felbel; Kolonisten.			22.				
Den zwanzigsten (20) Januar, um 10 Uhr Abends.		50. (Bartz) Jacob.	Bartz, Johann, Kolonist u. dessen Ehefrau Eva geboren Petruhl; beide ev.-lutherisch.		Friedrich Reimann, Rosine Neubauer, Simeon Neubauer u. Anna Reimann; Kolonisten.		28.					

Christina Kolke married Gottlieb Wilm (Willem/Wilhelm) in January 1881, in Heimtal Parish. They had three known children. *1881 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p580 #4.



Borowski, Rosalie

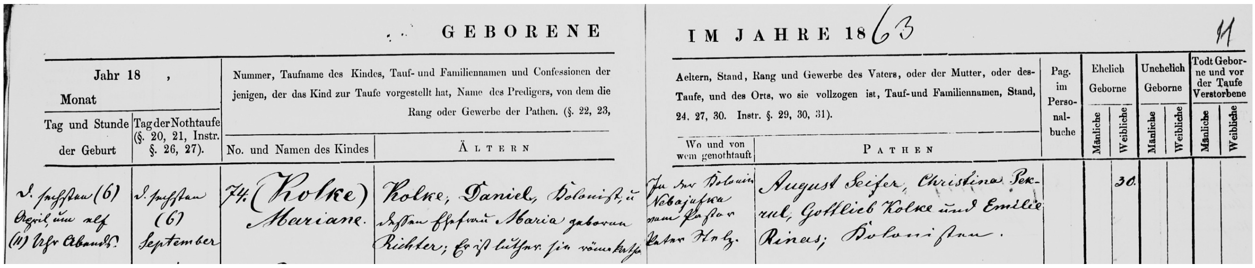
4. [illegible] " Wilm, Gottlieb und Kolke, Christine " " , " 4.

- Christine Wilhelmine Wilm/Willam (b September 18, 1881, Krausendorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 30, 1882, Heimtal Parish (GP: Mariana Kolke and (Heinrich) Müller)). *1882 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p960 #353.

- Friedrich Wilhelm (b February 24, 1900, Nowo Alexandrowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 27, 1900, Heimtal Parish (GP: Ludwig Müller)). *1900 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p11 #75.

- Martha Wilhelm (b September 25, 1902, Nowo Alexandrowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 29, 1902, Heimtal Parish (GP: Emilie (Kolke) Wilhelm)). *1902 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p137 #1225.

[104] *1863 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p11 #74.



GEBORENE IM JAHRE 1863 11

Jahr 18 , Monat: Tag und Stunde der Geburt	Tag der Nothtaufe (§. 20, 21, Instr. §. 26, 27).	No. und Namen des Kindes	Ältern	Wo und von wem genothtauft	Pathen	Pag. im Personalbuche	Ehelich Geborne Mänliche	Ehelich Geborne Weibliche	Unehelich Geborne Mänliche	Unehelich Geborne Weibliche	Todt Geborne und vor der Taufe Verstorbene Mänliche	Todt Geborne und vor der Taufe Verstorbene Weibliche
d. sechsten (6) April um elf (11) Uhr Abends	d. sechsten (6) September	74. (Kolke) Mariane.	Kolke, Daniel, Kolonist, u. dessen Ehefrau Maria geboren Richter; er ist luther. sie römkath.	In der Kolonie Nebajufka vom Pastor Pater Holz.	August Seifer, Christina Pekrul, Gottlieb Kolke und Emilie Rinas; Kolonisten.			30.				

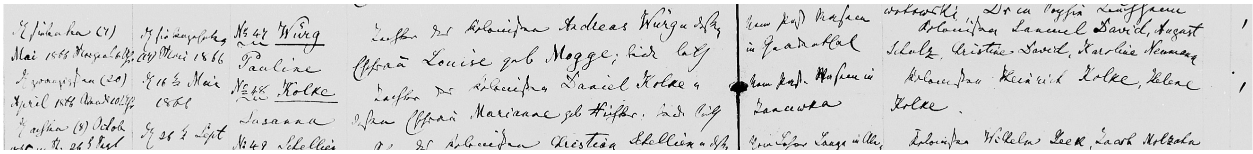
Mariane Kolke married Ludwig Müller, and they had three known children. Mariane Kolke Müller died after February 4, 1903, and before December 27, 1906, when Ludwig Müller married Augustine Gripp (b September 8, 1887, Maksimowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Karl Grip/Grieb/Grief and Julianne Kolke (daughter of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass), in the Emilchin Parish. Mariane Kolke and Ludwig Müller had three known children. *1906 Emilchin Parish Marriage Record,* p84 #102.

- Herman Müller (1898, Alexandrowka, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia – January 20, 1938, Shot by NKVD, probably in Nowograd Wolhynsk, Ukraine SSR), son of Ludwig Müller, married Lydia ___, and as of December 1937, they had three children. Herman Müller was a collective farmer and bookkeeper, living in Nowo Zeinya, Nowograd Wolhynsk, Ukraine SSR, as of December 15, 1937, when he was arrested by Nowograd Wolhynsk RO NKVD under Article 54-10 (conducting anti-Soviet propaganda and agitation). On January 12, 1938, he was tried by two USSR NKVD, found guilty, and sentenced to the maximum punishment (death). He was shot eight days later, on January 20, 1938, by the NKVD, probably in Nowograd Wolhynsk, Ukraine SSR. *NKVD Arrest #2472.*

- Olga Müller (b August 6, 1900, Nowo Selen, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 13, 1900, Heimtal Parish (GP: Jacob Wilm (Wilhelm) and Christine (Kolke) Wilm (Wilhelm))). *1900 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p13 #93.

- Robert Müller (February 4, 1903, Nowo Alexandrowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 5, 1903, Heimtal Parish (GP: Hulda Wilm (Wilhelm) and August Kelm) – August 14, 1903, Nowo Alexandrowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1903 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p133 #1181*; and 1903 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p176 #297.

[105] *1866 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p633 #48.



Mai 1866	(14) Mai 1866	No 47 Würg Pauline	Tochter des Kolonisten Andreas Würg u. dessen Ehefrau Louise geb Mogge; beide luth	in Gnadenthal	Kolonisten Samuel David, August Schulz, Christine David, Karoline Neumann
(20) April 1866	16 Mai 1866	No 48 Kolke Susanna	Tochter des Kolonisten Daniel Kolke u. dessen Ehefrau Marianne geb Richter. beide luth	Zanewka	Kolonisten Heinrich Kolke, Helene Kolke.
(8) Octob	26 Sept	No 49 Schellien	des Kolonisten Christian Schellien u. dess.		Kolonisten Wilhelm Leck, Jacob Holzahn

Susanna Kolke gave birth to daughter Ernestine Kolke when she was just fourteen years of age. *1882 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p961 #354.

- Ernestine Kolke (February 23, 1881, Krausendorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 30, 1881, Heimtal Parish (GP: Gottlieb Willem/Wilm)). Ernestine Kolke would have two daughters of her own; both with the Kolke surname and no father listed for either. *1882 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p961 #354.

    1. Adeline Kolke (b April 23, 1900, Nowo Alexandrowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 25, 1900, Heimtal Parish (GP: Ludwig Müller and Christine Wilhelm)). *1900 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p11 #80.

    2. Augusta Kolke (April 28, 1902, Nowo Alexandrowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 4, 1902, Heimtal Parish (GP: Mariana (Kolke) Müller and Jacob Kelm) – April 24, 1914, Wyruby, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1902 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p5 #39*; and 1914 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p307 #115 (age 12Y).

Susanna Kolke married Daniel Neumann,* and they had one known child.

- Maria Lydia Neumann (b May 27, 1887, Pulinskaja Huta, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 7, 1887, Heimtal Parish) married Eduard Neumann (____-____) on November 22, 1906, in the Heimtal Parish. *1887 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p7 #59*; and 1906 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p133 #261.

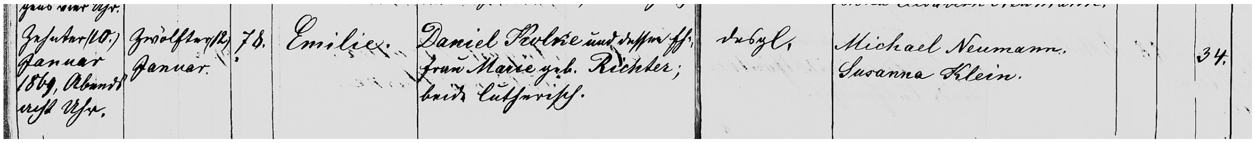
*Three Daniel Neumann's were born in the Shitomir Parish between 1866-68, any one (or none) of whom may have married Susanna Kolke:

1. Daniel Neumann (b May 8, 1866, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 11, 1866, Shitomir Parish (GP: Michael Neumann, Maria Behrendt (she also sponsored Wilhelm Kolke, son of *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*), and Mariane/Juliana Klein)), son of Simeon Neumann and Juliana Zieseman. *1866 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p638 #148.

2. Daniel Neumann (b February 9, 1866, ______; bap February 10, 1866, Shitomir Parish), son of Michael Neumann and Helene Neumann. *1867 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record*, p501 #28.

3. Daniel Neuman (b April 29, 1868, _______), son of Johann Neumann and Maria Barz. *1868 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record*, p107 #33.

[106] Emilie Kolke married Jacob Wilm (Willem/Wilhelm), probably in the 1890s. Jacob Wilm was probably the brother of Gottlieb Wilm who married Emilie's sister Christina Kolke. In 1900, Christine Kolke Wilhelm and Jacob Wilhelm sponsored Olga Müller the daughter of Mariane Kolke and Ludwig Müller; while in 1902, Emilie Kolke Wilm sponsored Martha Wilhelm, daughter of Christine Kolke and Gottlieb Wilhelm. Emilie Kolke and Jacob Wilm/Wilhelm had three known children. *1870* (p253 #78)*, 1900* (p13 #89) *and 1902* (p137 #1225) *Heimtal Parish Baptism Records*.



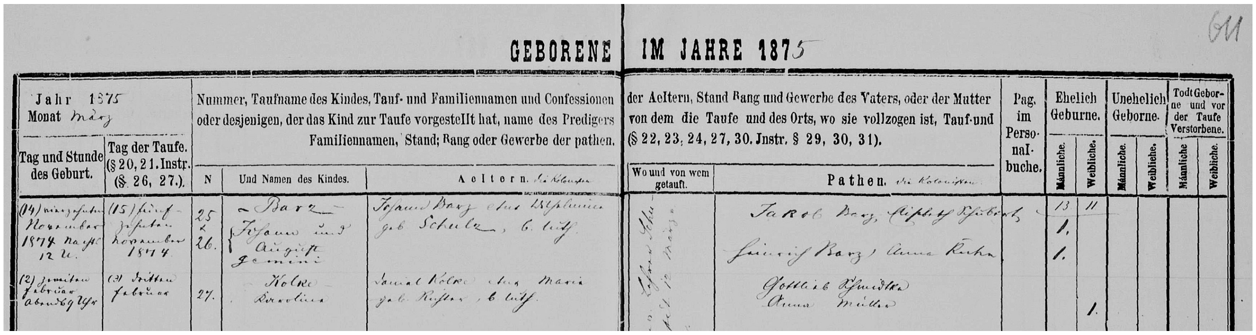
Zehnten (10.) Januar 1869, Abends acht Uhr.	Zwölften (12.) Januar.	78.	Emilie.	Daniel Kolke und dessen Ehefrau Marie geb. Richter; beide lutherisch.	dsgl.	Michael Neumann. Susanna Klein.	34.

- Emilie Wilhelm (b July 5, 1900, Novo Alexandrowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 12, 1900, Heimtal Parish (GP: Albertine Henke)). *1900 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p13 #89.

- Bertha Wilhelm (b August 24, 1903, Novo Alexandrowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 5, 1903, Heimtal Parish). *1903 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p134 #1195.

• Edmund Wilhelm (b July 19, 1906, Novo Alexandrowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 22, 1906, Heimtal Parish). *1906 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p119 #1174.

[107] Karolina Kolke married Samuel Neubauer. They had three known children. *1875 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p611 #27.



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GEBORENE IM JAHRE 1875

Jahr 1875
Monat März

Tag und Stunde des Geburt.	Tag der Taufe. (§ 20, 21. Instr. (§ 26, 27.).	N	Nummer, Taufname des Kindes, Tauf- und Familiennamen und Confessionen oder desjenigen, der das Kind zur Taufe vorgestellt hat, name des Predigers Familiennamen, Stand; Rang oder Gewerbe der pathen. Und Namen des Kindes.	Aeltern. die Kolonisten	der Aeltern, Stand Rang und Gewerbe des Vaters, oder der Mutter von dem die Taufe und des Orts, wo sie vollzogen ist, Tauf-und (§ 22, 23, 24, 27, 30. Instr. § 29, 30, 31). Wo und von wem getauft.	Pathen. die Kolonisten	Pag. im Personal-buche.	Ehelich Geburne. Männliche.	Ehelich Geburne. Weibliche.	Unehelich Geborne. Männliche.	Unehelich Geborne. Weibliche.	Todtgeborne und vor der Taufe Verstorbene. Männliche.	Todtgeborne und vor der Taufe Verstorbene. Weibliche.
								13	11				
(14) vierzehnten November 1874 nachts 12 U.	(15) fünfzehnten November 1874	25 & 26.	Barz Johann und August gemini	Johann Barz und Wilhelmine geb. Schulz, b. luth.	[illegible]	Jakob Barz, Christof Schiebert Heinrich Barz, Anna Rieka		1. 1.					
(2) zweiten Februar abends 9 Uhr	(3) dritten Februar	27.	Kolke Karolina	Samuel Kolke und Maria geb. Richter, b. luth.		Gottlieb Schmidtke Anna Müller			1.				

• Emma Erna Neubauer (January 28, 1898, Novo Alexandrowka, Volhynia, Russia – March 1, 1995, Lawton, Van Buren County, Michigan) married Albertus Dikerts (May 11, 1910, Russia (Latvia) – October 6, 1966, possibly Kalamazoo, Kalamazoo County, Michigan). Albertus Dikerts and Emma Erna Neubauer, and their two children, were refugees in the Ludwigsburg Resettlement Center in the US Zone of Occupation, under the auspices of The International Refugee Organization. On September 14, 1950, the family left Bremen, Germany for re-settlement to New Richmond, Manlius Township, Allegan County, Michigan (sponsored by Stewart Lamoreaux).

1. Oskars/Oscar Dikerts (July 19, 1933, Vainode, Latvia USSR – November 27, 2005, Kalamazoo County, Michigan) married Nettie M. Stover (November 18, 1928, Coman, New Madrid County, Missouri – May 5, 2004, Kalamazoo, Kalamazoo County, Michigan), daughter of Clyde Stover and Ollie Snyder, on July 20, 1962, in Elkhart, Elkhart County, Indiana.

2. Ingrid Irena Dikerts (September 6, 1938, Latvia USSR – March 21, 2011, Kalamazoo, Kalamazoo County, Michigan) married Albert Daniel Schultz Jr. (February 6, 1936, Campbell County, Kentucky – February 19, 2014, Kalamazoo County, Michigan), and they had two known children: (1) Sandy Ingrida Schultz (b1958; m ____ Greene in 1989 Elkhart, Indiana); and (2) Alan Daniel Schultz (1962-1995).

Arolsen Archives, Lists of Passengers who emigrated from Europe … between 1946 and 1971; 1930 and 1940 US Census; 1962 and 1989 Elkhart County, Indiana, Marriage Certificates (Dikerts-Stover/Olson and Greene-Schultz)*; 1995, 2004, 2005 and 2011 US Deaths; 1995, 2004 and 2005 US Apps/Claims; 1995 Elkhart County, Indiana, Death Certificate; 1995 The Saint Joseph Herald-Palladium Obituary; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Riverside Cemetery, Kalamazoo, Michigan)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Oscar Dikerts, Mount Ever-Rest Memorial Park South, Kalamazoo, Michigan).

• Antonia Neubauer married _____ Strauss. In 1995, she was a resident of Latvia.

• Ida Neubauer (b September 13, 1906, Novo Alexandrowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 16, 1906, Heimtal Parish). *1906 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p120 #1182.

[108] Gottlieb Kolke's sponsorships:

1859 Gottlieb Kolke and Samuel Klein sponsor Rosina Pekruhl

1863 Gottlieb Kolke and Christine Pekrul sponsor Mariane Kolka

[109] If Justine Kolke was born in 1853 in Pulin, she would not have been the daughter of Justine Glaubitz Wagner Kolke. Justine Kolke married Heinrich Grön* (June 7, 1857, HH#8 Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 1857, Nedbajewka/Pulin, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Siegert, Elise/Elisabeth Pekrul (Helene Pekrul's sister), Samuel Bartel, and Agnes Siegert) – <December 13, 1943, Jurow (north of Lviv, southeast of Lublin), Congress Poland, Russia, or Ukraine SSR), son of Helene Pekruhl (18=1839 – January 28, 1876, Heimtal Parish; sister of Jacob Pekruhl) and Johann Grön/Grohn (25=1832 – October 29, 1860, Shitomir Parish, s/o George Grön (71=1786; s/o Jakob Grön); m 1855, Shitomir Parish), on January 12, 1877, in the Shitomir Parish. Justine Kolke and Heinrich Grohn/Grön had one known and two possible children. *1855* (p289 #13) *and 1877* (p536 #1) *Shitomir Parish Marriage Records; 1857 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p374 #28*; Revision of November 28, 1857, in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 3 and 8*; 1860 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p186 #19 (Johann Grön, born in Josephine)*; 1876 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p779 #7 (Helena Grohn, 38Y, d/o George, mother Luise Tschikofsky, born Nedbajewka)*; and 1943EWZ778550* (Marta Grohn Neumann) *(A3342-EWZ50-F082 0624, 0628).*

*Another Heinrich Grön (b1851) lived in the same household (#8) of Josephine as of November 28, 1857. He was the son of Michael Grön and Maria Lang. However, even though he was the most probable spouse of Justine Kolke (i.e. he was older by two years), he married Justine Neumann (1853), daughter of Johann Neumann and Elisabeth Rink, who lived in HH#12, Josephine, on November 7, 1872; when Heinrich Grön would have only been fifteen years old. *1872 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p664 #44.

- Rosalie Grohn/Grön (b February 4, 1878, Marianowka/Bularka, Volhynia, Russia; bap 1878, Shitomir Parish - >August 26, 1907) was born within a month of her parent's marriage. Rosalie Grohn/Grön sponsored Johanna Drude, daughter of Friedrich Drude and Helene Siegert, on August 26, 1907, in Wladin, Volhynia, Russia, so she had not married as of that date. *1878 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p523 #140*; and 1907 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record*, p135 #1194.

- Karl Frank Grohn/Grön (January 3, 1895, Wyhod (Kiev), Russia – February 15, 1988, Barrhead, Alberta) married Emma Winter (April 7, 1899, probably Jurow (north of Lviv), Radomschi Parish, Russia – November 24, 1980, Barrhead, Alberta), daughter of Johann Winter and Emilie Lange. They emigrated to Canada in May 1927 with their daughter Olga. They had three known children. *1910* (brother Wilhelm Winter) *and 1911* (sister Lydia Winter) *Radomschi Parish Baptism Records; May 5, 1927, Montnairn Manifest; 1931 Canada Census; and February 17, 1988, Edmonton Journal Obituary.*

    1. Olga Joanne Grohn (August 29, 1918, Kyiv, Russia - January 8, 1999, Richmond, British Columbia) married Paul Furrier in 1936, in Barrhead, Alberta. *1936 Barrhead, Alberta, Marriage Record; and January 12, 1999, The Vancouver Sun Obituary.*

    2. Velma Grohn (~1928, Lockerbie, Peace River, Alberta - >January 8, 1999) married ____ Haslin. *February 17, 1988, Edmonton Journal Obituary.*

    3. Waldemar (Wally) Grohn (May 5, 1929, Lockerbie, Peace River, Alberta – June 14, 2008, Barrhead, Alberta) married Tamara Neumann (May 1, 1931, Irpin (Kyiv), Ukraine SSR - >October 29, 2016) his first cousin, daughter of Marta/Martha Grohn/Grön and Rudolf Neumann. *1943EWZ778550* (Marta Grohn Neumann) *(A3342-EWZ50-F082 0624, 0632, 0634); December 26, 1985, February 17, 1987, and February 17, 1988, Edmonton Journal Obituaries; and November 1, 2016, The Barrhead Leader Obituary.*

- Marta/Martha Grohn/Grön (July 16, 1897, Wyhod (Kiev), Congress Poland, Russia - December 23, 1985, Barrhead, Alberta) married twice. *(A3342-EWZ50-F082 0624, 0628, 0632, 0634, 0636, 0638, 0640, 0642); and December 26, 1985, Edmonton Journal Obituary.*

M#1 Rudolf Neumann (May 1, 1888, Haneta, Volhynia, Russia – 1941, Verschleppt, Irpin, Ukraine SSR), son of Mathäus Neumann (1858, Volhynia - <December 13, 1943, Irpen, Ukraine SSR) and Julianne Ziesmann (1864, Haneta - <1943, Irpen, Ukraine SSR), on February 9, 1914, in Irpen/Irpin. Marta Grohn/Grön Neumann and her family (and until 1941 her husband) lived in Irpen until September 1943. As of December 13, 1943, she lived in Soldau/Neidenburg, located 165km north of Warsaw, with their four children, all of whom received German citizenship. Her husband Rudolf Neumann was removed by the Russians in 1941, and died in the Ukraine SSR. They had at least seven children. *1943EWZ778550* (Marta Grohn Neumann) *(A3342-EWZ50-F082 0624, 0628, 0632, 0634, 0636, 0638, 0640, 0642); and December 26, 1985, Edmonton Journal Obituary* (Martha Grohn Neumann Morgenweg).

1. Lydia Neumann (May 15, 1917, Irpin (Kyiv), Volhynia, Russia - 1945, Germany). *December 26, 1985, Edmonton Journal Obituary* (Martha Grohn Neumann Morgenweg).

2. Tina Neumann (May 4, 1919, Irpin,(Kyiv), Volhynia, Russia – February 13, 1987, near Barrhead, Alberta) married Waldemar Hapienko (1917 - February 4, 1977, Barrhead, Alberta), and resided in Barrhead, Alberta. *February 7, 1977, and February 17, 1987, Edmonton Journal Obituaries.*

3. Helen Neumann (October 25, 1922, Irpin (Kyiv), Volhynia, Russia – December 6, 2014, Barrhead, Alberta) married twice. *December 9, 2014, Edmonton Journal Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Saint John's Lutheran Cemetery, Barrhead, Alberta).

M#1 ___ Schulz. Her mother's *EWZ* stated under children: "zum Herd gehört Tochter Helene Schulz," which *Google* translates to "Daughter Helene Schulz belongs to the stove." While the *EWZ* clearly identifies Helene Schulz as her daughter, the entry must have some other meaning than the strict translation. *1943EWZ778550* (Marta Grohn Neumann) *(A3342-EWZ50-F082 0624).*

M#2 Karl Fehr (October 30, 1919, Worms, Russia – September 29, 1997, probably Barrhead, Alberta, and resided in Barrhead, Alberta, as of February 17, 1987. *December 26, 1985, February 17, 1987, and December 9, 2014, Edmonton Journal Obituaries; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Saint John's Lutheran Cemetery, Barrhead, Alberta).

4. Rudolf Neumann (December 18, 1925, Irpin (Kyiv), Ukraine SSR – October 29, 2016, Barrhead, Alberta) married Irma ____, and resided in Barrhead, Alberta. *1943EWZ778550* (Marta Grohn Neumann) *(A3342-EWZ50-F082 0624, 0632, 0636); 1943EWZ778551; December 26, 1985, and February 17, 1987, Edmonton Journal Obituaries; and November 1, 2016, The Barrhead Leader Obituary.*

5. Tamara Neumann (May 1, 1931, Irpin (Kyiv), Ukraine SSR - >October 29, 2016) married her first cousin Waldemar (Wally) Grohn (May 5, 1929 – June 14, 2008, Barrhead, Alberta), son of her uncle Karl Frank Grohn and aunt Emma Winter. *1943EWZ778550* (Marta Grohn Neumann) *(A3342-EWZ50-F082 0624, 0632, 0634); December 26, 1985, February 17, 1987, and February 17, 1988, Edmonton Journal Obituaries; and November 1, 2016, The Barrhead Leader Obituary.*

6. Paul Neumann (October 5, 1933, Irpin (Kyiv), Ukraine SSR - >October 29, 2016) married Bertha ____, and resided in Campbell River, British Columbia. *1943EWZ778550* (Marta Grohn Neumann) *(A3342-EWZ50-F082 0624, 0632, 0642); and December 26, 1985, and February 17, 1987, Edmonton Journal Obituaries; and November 1, 2016, The Barrhead Leader Obituary.*

7. Georg Neumann (September 27, 1936, Irpin (Kyiv), Ukraine SSR - >October 29, 2016) married Donna Meunier (December 29, 1938, Barrhead, Alberta – 2019, Alberta), daughter of Paul Hector Meunier and Elsie Adair Senior, and resided in St. Albert, Alberta. *1943EWZ778550* (Marta Grohn Neumann) *(A3342-EWZ50-F082 0624, 0632, 0640); and December 26, 1985, and February 17, 1987, Edmonton Journal Obituaries; and November 1, 2016, The Barrhead Leader Obituary*.

M#2 Gustav Morgenweg (1888 - 1956, probably Barrhead, Alberta). *December 26, 1985, Edmonton Journal Obituary* (Martha Grohn Neumann Morgenweg)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Christ Lutheran Church Cemetery, Mellowdale, Alberta).

• Erdmann Grohn/Grön (1901, Jebeliza, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - 1937, Verschleppt) married Adolfine Neumann (November 16, 1899, Irpin (Kiev), Russia - >December 13, 1943), daughter of Mathäus Neumann (1858, Volhynia - <December 13, 1943, Irpin, Ukraine SSR) and Julianne Ziesmann (1864, Haneta - <December 13, 1943, Irpin, Ukraine SSR), sister of Rudolf Neumann, in 1924, in Irpen, Ukraine SSR. Erdmann Grohn/Grön was verschleppt in 1937, when the family was in Irpin, Ukraine SSR. As of December 13, 1943, Alolfine Neumann Grohn/Grön and her children were in Soldau/Neidenburg. Erdmann Grohn/Grön and Adolfine Neumann had two known children. *1943EWZ778553* (Adolphine Neumann Grohn) *(A3342EWZ50-C032 1848, 1854, 1860)*.

1. Edda Grohn/Grön (July 30, 1929, Irpin, Ukraine SSR - >December 13, 1943). *1943EWZ778554; and 1943EWZ778553* (Adolphine Neumann Grohn) *(A3342EWZ50-C032 1848, 1854, 1860)*. .

2. Valentine Grohn/Grön (November 19, 1935, Irpin, Ukraine SSR - >December 13, 1943). *1943EWZ778553* (Adolphine Neumann Grohn) *(A3342EWZ50-C032 1848, 1854, 1860)*.

[110] Their marriage circa 1856-62* was her second marriage, and was probably his second also, if Justine Kolke is his daughter. *Revision of November 30, 1857, in the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #37.

*Justine Glaubitz' first husband was Peter Wagner (<1832 - <September 18, 1862)** whom she married on November 15, 1850 (thus, an imputed 1832 (or earlier) year-of-birth for them). They had at least one child: son August Wagner (b October 24, 1851, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 31, 1852, Shitomir Parish). *1850 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record*, p257 #72*; and 1852 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p314.

**Peter Wagner may have been the son of Karl Wagner and brother of Eva Wagner (b1824), who married Jacob Ziesmann, and as of November 30, 1857, resided in Annette. *Revision of November 30, 1857, in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #25.

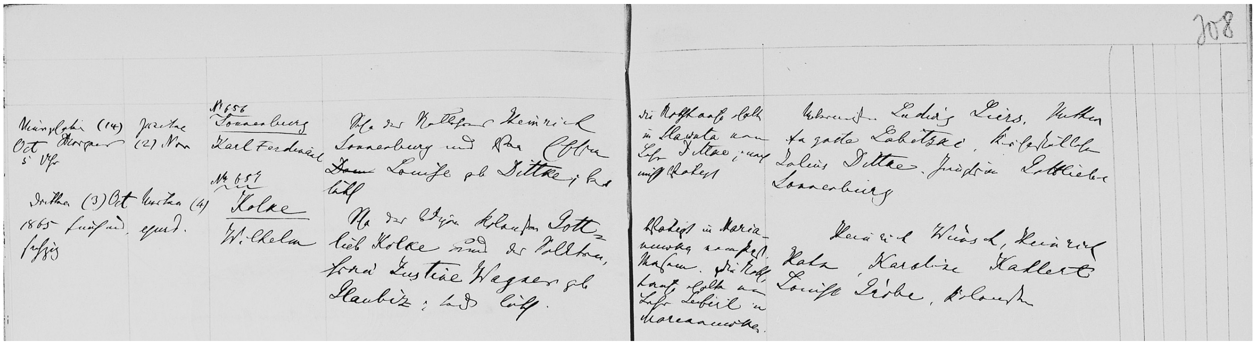
*In 1855, Justine Glaubitz "Wagner" sponsored Jacob Neumann (b July 5, 1855, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 21, 1855, Shitomir Parish; GP: Jacob Zeismann (h/o Eva Wagner, HH#25, Annette), Anna Mantek Janke (HH#6, Josephine), Heinrich (should this be Gottlieb? (HH #9 or 12, Josephine)) Neumann and Justine Wagner)), son of Heinrich Neumann and Maria Pekrul #2, in Josephine. *1855 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p293 #34.

In 1862, Justina Glaubitz Kolke sponsored Juliane Glaubitz (b March 23, 1862, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 18, 1862, Shitomir Parish), daughter of Johann Glaubitz (son of Johann Glaubitz) and Maria Janke (daughter of Christian Janke; s/o Paul Janke). I suspect Johann Glaubitz (30=1827) was her brother. *November 28, 1857, in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #6;*

Revision of November 30, 1857, in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #37*; and 1862 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p437 #73.

[111] A Gustav Kolke, son of Gottlieb Kolke, is identified as having his land expropriated by Tsarist Russia in July 1915. I am unable to determine if he was Gottlieb Kolke's son. *1915 Expropriation List.*

[112] *1869 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p308 #100.



[113] *1836 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p306 #26 (George Klein, son of Philipp Klein (born Silesia)*; Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7; and 1862 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p456 #20 (78Y, married, born Prussia).

Filip Klein married twice.

M#1 Filip Klein's first wife Maria Neumann (1790, Poland – July 3, 1855, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; probably daughter of Simon Neumann*) was identified in the death/burial record of their third son Friedrich Klein (1820/21, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia – March 12, 1836, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia), which also confirms the family's residence in Josephine as of 1820-21; although a "Klein" family is in Annette as of 1816. *1836 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p310 #7 (born Josephine, 15Y, died Josephine, son of Phillip Klein and Maria Neumann)*; and 1855 Shitomir Parish Burial Record*, p279 #18 (65Y, married wife of Philip Klein, buried July 5, 1855, in Nedbajewka).

*In November 1857, four sons of Simon Neumann were living in Josephine: Paul Neumann (59=1798); Adam Neumann (53=1804); Gottlieb Neumann (47=1810); and Ludwig Neuman (43=1814), where Simon Neumann had lived since 1816. A son and daughter of Simon Neumann were living together in HH#20, Annette: Heinrich Neumann (43=1814); and Euphrosine (Rosina) Neumann Neubauer (36=1821). *1816 Map of Annette and Josephine; 1855 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p279 #18 (65Y, married, w/o Philip Klein, bur July 5, 1855, Nedbajewka Lutheran Cemetery, born Poland)*; The Revision of November 28, 1857, for the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 9, 12 and 13*; and The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* # 20.

Filip Klein and Maria Neumann had four known children, three of whom were alive and living with Filip Klein and Elisabeth Fritz (widow Müller) on November 28, 1857, in Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia. *1836 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p310 #7 (son Friedrich Klein)*; and Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7.*

- George Klein (January 6, 1813, Latków, Duchy of Warsaw - >September 1862) was identified as age 40 (=1817) years in November 1857, but was actually born four years earlier and was the oldest known son of Filip Klein and Maria Neumann. On November 20, 1836, Georg Klein married Rosine Ströbel (1817,

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Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – >June 20, 1863), daughter of Peter Ströbel (1776, Poland - >November 30, 1857; HH#23, Annette) in Annette, Shitomir Parish. *1836 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p306 #26 (George Klein, son of Philipp Klein (born Silesia), and Rosina Ströbel, daughter of Peter Ströbel (born Poland))*; Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7; and The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #23.

1. Samuel Klein (January 2, 1839 (11 in 1849), Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – 1857, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #7.

2. Julius (Julian) Klein (15=1842, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >February 1875, ____) may have married twice. *Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #7.

M#1 Elisabeth Buchholz (1845, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >November 3, 1865 <April 25, 1866, Annette or Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia), probably the daughter of Christian Buchholz and Eva Klinner.* On September 6, 1863, Julius Klein sponsored Franz Buchholz, son of Franz Buchholz and Mariane Neumann, in Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish. *1863 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p10 #68. Julius Klein and Elisabeth Buchholz had one known child.

*There were three Elisabeth Buchholz's in Annette as of November 30, 1857: (1) Elisabeth Buchholz (12=1845), daughter of Christian Buchholz (HH#27); (2) Elisabeth Buchholz (10=1847), daughter of Franz Buchholz and Mariane Neumann (HH#27); and (3) Elisabeth Buchholz (8½=1849), daughter of Martin Buchholz and Maria ____ (HH#13). I suspect Julius Klein and Elisabeth Buchholz were probably married as of 1864; thus the oldest known Elisabeth Buchholz was probably his wife. *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 13 and 27.

a. Friedrich Klein (b November 3, 1865, probably Annette or Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 7, 1865, Shitomir Parish (GP: Friedrich Klein (s/o Samuel Klein) and Susanna Kolke Klein)). *1867 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p524 #429.

*Julius Klein had siblings named Friedrich and Susanna, but they were probably too young to be Godparents.

M#2 Eva Krenz (September 22, 1847, Marzelinhof, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >November 11, 1875, ____), daughter of Andreas Krenz and Marianne Ittermann, on April 25, 1866, in the Shitomir Parish. They had three known children. *1847 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p215 #38*; and 1866 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p649 #15.

a. Paul Klein (December 28, 1866, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – January 17, 1867, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1867 Shitomir Parish Burial Record, p535 #47* (20 days).

b. Adam Solomon Klein (b May 4, 1870, Alexanderdorf/Granidub, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1870 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p253 #76.

c. Adolf Edmund Klein (b November 11, 1875, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1879 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p774 #71.

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3. Andreas Klein (13=1844, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >July 1880, ____) probably married Elisabeth Jabs (____ - ≥April 3, 1881, ____), on January 4, 1868, in the Shitomir Parish. They had five known children. *Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7; and 1868 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p143 #1.

a. Auguste Klein (b March 9, 1869, Nataliendorf, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1869 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p277 #78.

b. Ernestine Klein (b December 17, 1871, Schadkuwka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1872 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p526 #364.

c. Hermann Ludwig Klein (b July 30, 1873, Hermanuwka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1874 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p472 #76.

d. Ottilie Klein (b April 4, 1879, Sergiejewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1881 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p187 #870.

e. Gustav Klein (b April 3, 1881, Sergiejewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1882 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p601 #796.

4. Justine Klein (November 1845, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – October 24, 1911, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia) married Samuel Bartz/Barz (January 14, 1853, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 7, 1853, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish (GP: Helene Pekruhl, Jacob Pekruhl and Maria Biberdorf Kolke) - <October 24, 1911, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia), son of Johann Bartz (1827, Congress Poland, Russia – January 14, 1907, Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia; married August 29, 1847, Shitomir Parish) and Eva Pekruhl (1824, possibly Annette or Josephine, Volhynia, Russia - >January 14, 1907, ____; daughter of Georg Pekruhl (1800 - >November 28, 1857, probably Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; son of Peter Pekrull and Eva Grön (1781 - >November 28, 1857)) and Thecla/Tekla Wasilewska (1799 - >November 28, 1857, probably Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; daughter of Josef Wasilewska)). In 1838, Eva Pekrul (14=1824) and her brother Jacob Pekrul (16=1822) were part of the same confirmation class as Karoline Grass (wife of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke), her brother Friedrich Grass, and Wilhelmine Bartz. As of November 28, 1857, the George Pekrull and Jakob Pekrull/Wilhelmine Kolke families lived near the Filip Klein and Samuel Klein/Anna Susanna Kolke families in Josephine.* Justina Klein and Samuel Bartz/Barz had four known children. *1847 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p223 #10*; 1852* (p315 #21) *and 1853* (p325 #103) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 3 and 7*; 1907 Nowograd Wolhynsk Burial Record* (Johann Barz, 79Y, born Poland, married to Eva Pekrul)*; and 1911 Heimtal Parish Burial Record, p164 #434* (Justine Barz, 65Y 11M, widow of Samuel Barz, born Shitomir).

*On November 28, 1857, Jakob Pekrull (33=1824; 1822, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – February 16, 1903, Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia), his wife Wilhelmine Kolke Pekrull (32=1825; daughter of *Michal Kolke and Eleonora Reich*) and four of their children: Helena Pekrull (12=1845); Christine Pekrull (9=1848); Susanne Pekrull (6=1851); and Christian Pekrull (3=1854), were living in Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia, with his father Georg Pekrull (57; son of Peter Pekrull) and his mother Tekla Wasilewska (58; daughter of Josef Wasilewska), his grandmother Eva Pekrull (76=1881; daughter of Johann ____), and his sister Elisabeth Pekrull (22=1835, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia – August 16, 1879, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1838 Confirmation Record, Protestant Register of baptisms, marriages, deaths and membership lists for Zhitomir, Volhynia, Russia, Family History Library Film #007769319,* pp 116 and 277 of 343 (which is a companion to p111/343)*; 1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk Burial Record*, p179 #118*;*

1835 Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Baptism Record (Elisabeth Peckrul)*; and Revision of November 28, 1857 in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #3.

a. Reinhold Barz (November 6, 1873, Alexanderdorf/Granidub, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 18, 1873, Alexanderdorf/Granidub, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia (GP: Johann ____ and Julianna or Rosana(?) Klein) – February 11, 1902, Viktorowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1875 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p651 #525*; and 1902 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p191 #450 (28Y, born Granidub, married, father Samuel).

b. Pauline Barz ((b April 23, 1876, possibly Viktorowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 21, 1876, Heimtal Parish (GP: Johann Lentz(?) and ____ ____ Klein)). *1876 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p736 #218.

c. Ernst Friedrich Barz (b January 24, 1879, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia Russia; bap February 4, 1979, Heimtal Parish (GP: Andreas Felbel (h/o Helene Klein; s/o Adam Felbel and Anna Dorothea Pansegrau) and Susanna Klein)). *1879 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p785 #192.

d. Ernestine Bartz (b July 25, 1881, possibly Viktorowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 13, 1881, Heimtal Parish (GP: Georg Zielke and Susanna Klein)). *1881 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p575 #510.

5. Heinrich Klein (October 26, 1847, Josephine, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 20, 1847, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia (GP: August Grass, Benjamin Drews, Christina Kühn and Mariane Neumann Buchholz (HH#27, Annette)) – possibly <November 28, 1857, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia) was not in the home on November 28, 1857, and should have been if alive.* *1847 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p209 #16*; and Revision of November 28, 1857 in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #7.

*An Heinrich Klein and Emilie ____ had a daughter Auguste Adolphine Klein (b January 4, 1868, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia), but I could not specifically link him to this Heinrich Klein. *1868 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p4 #14.

6. Anna Klein (1849, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia – May 7, 1850, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1850 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p262 #26 (Anna Klein, 1Y, born Nedbajewka).

7. Susanne Klein (6=1851, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia - ____) may have married Martin Zitlau (____-____) on May 11, 1883, in the Heimtal Parish; which would be supported by "Susana Klein" as the Godparent to her sister Justine Klein Barz/Bartz's children on February 4, 1879 (Ernst Barz) and on August 13, 1881 (Ernestine Barz) in the Heimtal Parish. *Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7; 1879* (p785 #192) *and 1881* (p575 #510) *Heimtal Parish Baptism Records; and 1883 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p854 #91.

8. Maria Magdalena (Helena) Klein (b October 8, 1852, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia - >March 24, 1885, ____) was in her parent's home on November 28, 1857, with the given name of "Helene." Helene (Maria Magdalena) Klein married Andreas Felbel (3=1854, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >July 1884____), son of Adam Felbel (31=1826, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – April 15, 1902, Moisejewka, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia; son of Jakob Felbel; HH#28, Annette) and Anna Dorothea Pansegrau (26=1831, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – October 20, 1906, Wolwachowka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; daughter of Christian Pansegrau and Helene Grön/Gröhn), on October 10, 1875, in the Shitomir Parish. They had four known children.

1852 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record, p326 #152 (Maria Magdalena Klein, record currently inaccessible)*; Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 7 and 11*; Revision of November 30, 1857 in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #28; 1875 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p470*; 1902 Nowograd Wolhynsk Prish Burial Record,* p183 #335 (Adam Felbel, son of Jacob Felbel, 78Y, born Annette, married)*; and 1906 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p209 #128 (Anna Felbel, daughter of Christian, 75Y, born Annette).

a. Wilhelm Felbel (b August 18, 1876, probably Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 19 and 22, 1876, in the Heimtal and Shitomir Parishes, respectively). For some unknown reason, Wilhelm Felbel was baptized twice in different locations, with his mother's given name being different, and one common Godparent). Wilhelm Felbel may have married Emilie Neumann. *1877 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p602 #80 (mother is "Maria Magdalene" Klein, GP: Peter Pansegrau and Eufrosine Neumann)*; and 1877 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p470 #246 (mother is "Helene" Klein, GP: Peter Pansegrau and Helene Neumann).

b. Friedrich Johann Felbel (b July 15, 1879, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 24, 1879, Heimtal Parish (GP: Suzanne Klein)). Friedrich Johann Felbel may have married Helene Pokrandt. *1879 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p785 #196.

c. Ernestine Emilie Felbel (b April 1882, Panaschewo, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 10, 1882, Shitomir Parish (GP: Ludwig Zech and Susanna Klein)). *1885 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p52 #562.

d. Rudolph Felbel (b March 24, 1885, Panaschewo, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 11, 1885, Shitomir Parish (GP: Friedrich Klein and Johann Barz)). *1885 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p50 #537.

9. Friedrich Klein (3=1854, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – May 5, 1904, Towin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia) married Emilie Rinas/Rienas (____ - >May 5, 1904, ____), in September 1881, in the Heimtal Parish. They had two known children. *Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7; 1881 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p584 #111*; and 1904 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p210 #585 (Friedrich Klein, son of Georg Klein, 49Y, born Kabaevka, married to Emilie Rienas).

a. Samuel Klein (b July 29, 1882, Viktorowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 30, 1882, Heimtal Parish (GP: Adam Mielke and Ernestine Klein)). *1883 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p809 #225.

b. Gustav Klein (b August 14, 1884, Honorin/Gonorin, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 20, 1884, Shitomir Parish (GP: Wilhelmine Rienas)). *1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p620 #230.

c. Rudolf Klein (b August 7, 1901, Towin, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 7, 1901, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Andreas Felbel and Helene Klein Felbel)). *1902 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p98 #869.

10. Ernestine Klein (August 19, 1858, Murawi, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 20, Murawi, Shitomir Parish (GP: August Bernot, Susanna Klein, Gottlieb Klinner and Elisabeth Janke) – March 22, 1919, Schwiebus, Prussia, Weimar Republic, Germany) married ____ Becker.* *1858 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p806 #34*; Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7; and 1919 Schwiebus, Krs Züllichau-Schwiebus, Prussia, Germany, Death Certificate,* #67 (Ernestine Becker, 60Y, d/o Georg and Rosalie Klein).

*The Carl Becker (b1791; son of Peter Becker) extended family lived near the Klein family in Josephine. Since Ernestine Klein was born in August 1858, and thus wasn't included in the census, it is most probable she married one of the Becker sons/grandsons, with consideration for their age in relation to Ernestine's (i.e. assuming he may have been somewhat older than her, but not greatly). However, I reviewed birth, marriage and death records to try to rule out some of the grandsons, and found multiple marriages matching the given names of each of them, except for Carl, who had only one marriage. Thus, Ernestine may have married a Becker son/grandson who was born after the census; or may not have married anyone from this family. *The Revision of November 28, 1857, in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #1.

11. Anna Rosina Klein (June 20, 1863, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – July 28, 1863, Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1863 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p33 #29 (Anna Rosina Klein, 38D, born Nedbajewka).

• Johann Klein (42=1815, probably Latków, Duchy of Warsaw - <October 8, 1908, Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia) married Charlotte Julianne Müller (37=1816, possibly Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - October 8, 1908, Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Johann Gottfried Müller (1880, Wenzek by Königsberg, Prussia – July 28, 1850, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia) and Agathe Rosin (61=1796 - >November 30, 1857),* on May 25, 1836, in the Shitomir Parish. They had nine known children.** *1836 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p300 #6 (Johann Klein and Julianna Müller)*; 1850 Shitomir Parish Burial Record, p259* #4 (Gottfried Müller, 70Y, born Wenzuwka by Königsberg)*; Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7; and 1908 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p157 #44 (Julianna Klein geb Müller, 88Y, born Annette, widow of Johann Klein).

*As of November 30, 1857, Julianna Müller's mother Agathe Rosin Müller (61=1796) and three of her brothers and were living together in Annette: Teodor Müller (42=1815); Friedrich Müller (33=1824; married Anna Biberdorf d/o Friedrich Biberdorf and Helene Drews); and Johann Müller (29=1828). *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #10.

1. George Klein (1837, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia – 1853, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia). *Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7.*

2. Maria Klein (January 4, 1838, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – February 6, 1916, Perry, Noble County, Oklahoma) married twice. The date and place of her death are undocumented. *Revision of November 30, 1857 in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7.*

M#1 Heinrich Richert (March 4, 1836, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – July 12, 1858, Blumenthal, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia), son of Peter Richert and Susanne Funk, with whom they were living as of November 30, 1857. Maria Klein and Heinrich Richert had two known children, the second of whom was born more than eight months after Heinrich Richert's death. *1836 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p282 #4*; Revision of November 30, 1857 in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7; and 1858 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p824 #13 (22Y, born Annette).

a. Reinhold Richert (b August/September 1857, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *Revision of November 30, 1857 in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #7 (age 3 months).

b. Auguste Mathilde Richert (b April 3, 1859, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 6, 1859, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Biberdorf and Charlotte Drude)). *1859 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p276 #49.

M#2 Johann Karl Frederking (____-____), probably the son of Adam Johann Frederking (1800, Eberswalde, Prussia – October 15, 1875, Ostrowka, Volhynia, Russia; m 1835, Volhynia, Russia) and Anna Maria Kopp (b1819), on February 5, 1864, in the Shitomir Parish. *1864 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p27 #5 (widow Maria Richert).

a. Ernst Frederking (b October 20, 1866, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1867 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p518 #291.

b. Wilhelm Gustav Frederking (March 9, 1868, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – April 8, 1939, Spokane, Spokane County, Washington) married Emilie Bergstrasser. *1869 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p273 #210*; and 1939 Spokane County, Washington, Death Record*.

c. Adolph Bertram Frederking (b April 28, 1870, Ostrowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 17, 1870, Heimtal Parish (GP: Wilhelm Frederking* and Luise Kühn)). *1870 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p246 #6.

*Wilhelm Frederkink/Frederking (1840, Marzelinhof, Volhynia, Russia - October 8, 1917, Samara, Russia) was Johann Karl Frederking's brother and married Charlotte Fredericke Wiese **(DNA)**, daughter of Johann Wilhelm Wiese and Anna (Johanna) Müller, on May 12, 1865, in the Shitomir Parish. *1865 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p517 #13.

d. Theodor Ludwig Frederking (February 12, 1872, Ostrowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap February __, 1872, Heimtal Parish (GP: Julius Klein) – October 22, 1959, Coeur d'Alene, Kootenai County, Idaho) married Ida Horn. *1872 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p660 #365.

3. Gottfried Klein (February 23, 1839, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia – October 16, 1917, Rice Lake, Barron County, Wisconsin) married Susanne Bieberdorf (March 24, 1845, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – November 17, 1911, Rice Lake, Barron County, Wisconsin), daughter of Johann Bieberdorf and Helene Drews, on September 25, 1862, in Annette. They had five known children. Gottfried Klein and Susanne Bieberdorf and at least three of their children (Gustav, Auguste Wilhelmine and Ernst) emigrated to the United States in 1889. *Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7; Revision of November 30, 1857 in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #3; 1862 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p451 #38 (Gottfried Klein and Susanna Biberdorf)*; 1900 US Census; and 1911 and 1917 Barron County, Wisconsin, Death Records.*

a. Karl Gustav Klein (November 30, 1864, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 6, 1864, Annette, Shitomir Parish (GP: Karl Klein) - May 17, 1942, Barron County, Wisconsin) emigrated to the United States in 1889. *1866 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p631 #23*; 1900 US Census; and 1942 Barron County, Wisconsin, Death Record* (Gustav).

b. Auguste Wilhelmine Klein (June 14, 1867, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 14, 1867, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Bieberdorf) - April 9, 1939, Blackwell, Kay County, Oklahoma) married Edward Gustav Seelinger (December 1865, Russia – July 23, 1930, Blackwell, Kay County, Oklahoma), probably in 1888 in Volhynia, Russia, and emigrated to the United States in 1889. *1867 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p508 #126*; 1900 and 1930 US Census; and April 14, 1939 Blackwell, Oklahoma, Journal-Tribune Obituary* (Augusta Wilhelmina Seelinger).

c. Susanna Klein (1868, Alexandrowka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – November 25, 1900, Dermanka, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia) may have married Gustav Krüger. *1900 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p156 #150 (Susanna Krüger geb Klein, 32Y, daughter of Gottfried Klein, born Alexandrowka, married to Gustav Krüger).

d. Helena Ernestine Klein (August 6, 1869, Glückstal, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 14/24, 1869, Shitomir Parish (GP: Karl Klein and Anna Bieberdorf Klebe) – August 2, 1908, Pokaschew, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia) may have married Emil Petrich. *1870 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p201 #374*; and 1908 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p197 #405 (Ernestine Petrich geb Klein, 37Y, born Granidub, married to Emil Petrich).

e. Ernst Emil Klein (May 24/28, 1872, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – October 27 1942, Harvey County, Kansas) emigrated to the United States in 1889. On March 4, 1898, he married Mary Ratzlaff (November 1874, Alta Mills, Harvey County, Kansas – December 3, 1945, Alta Mills, Harvey County, Kansas), in Harvey County, Kansas. *1872 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p533 #436*; 1873 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p297 #76*; 1898 Harvey County, Kansas, Marriage Record; and October 29, 1942, The Hutchinson News Obituary.*

4. Karl Rudolf Klein (17=1840, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia – January 30, 1906, Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia) married Dorothea Bieberdorf (June 7, 1841, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – November 29, 1919, Ponca, Dixon County, Nebraska), widow of Peter Bieberdorf, daughter of Friedrich Bieberdorf and Helene Luther, on February 5, 1864, in Annette. They had ten known children. On September 23, 1909, twice widowed Dorothea Biberdorf Klein, traveling with sons Karl Bieberdorf, Ewald Klein and Friedrich Klein, boarded the *SS Breslau* in Bremen, Germany, and arrived at Galveston, Texas, on October 14, 1909. *Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7*; *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #5; 1864 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p27 #6 (Karl Klein and Dorothea Biberdorf)*; 1906 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record, p143 #28* (66Y, son of Johann Klein, born Annette, married to Dorothea)*; 1909 SS Breslau Manifest; 1919 Dixon County, Nebraska, Death Record* (Dorothy Klein, 1919)*; and December 11, 1919, The Ponca Nebraska Journal-Leader Obituary.*

a. Auguste Beate Klein (b September 25, 1865, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 10, 1865, Shitomir Parish (GP: Georg Drude)- <November 29, 1919). *1866 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p631 #24*; and December 11, 1919, The Ponca Nebraska Journal-Leader Obituary.*

b. Rudolf Arnold Klein (b December 21, 1867, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - <November 29, 1919). *1868 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p110 #88*; and December 11, 1919, The Ponca Nebraska Journal-Leader Obituary.*

c. Auguste Lydia Klein (February 22, 1870, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 22, 1870, Shitomir Parish (GP: Friedrich Biberdorf and Julianna Müller) – May 18, 1954, Stillwater, Payne County, Oklahoma) married Robert Julius Friedemann (1863-1942). *1870 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p169 #57.

d. Ernst Emil Klein (b February 25, 1872, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 17, 1872, Shitomir Parish (GP: Julianna Klein)). *1872 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p532 #434.

e. Reinhold Friedrich Klein (b February 6, 1876, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 22, 1876, Shitomir Parish (GP: Friedrich Biberdorf and Julius Klein) - >December 11, 1919) emigrated to the United States with his mother, step-brother Karl Bieberdorf and brother Ewald Klein, in 1909. *1876 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p552 #58*; 1909 SS Breslau Manifest; and December 11, 1919, The Ponca Nebraska Journal-Leader Obituary*.

f. Ewald Rudolph Klein (b November 24, 1878, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 10, 1878, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Richard (Richert) and Eva Biberdorf) – August 31, 1939, Stillwater, Payne County, Oklahoma) married Amanda Pansegrau (June 16, 1884, Volhynia, Russia – August 30, 1970, Omaha, Douglas Cunty, Nebraska), daughter of Christian Pansegrau (3=1854; son of Christian Pansegrau and Susanna Ströbel, HH#11, Josephine) and Emma Jürgens. Ewald Klein emigrated to the United States with his family, his mother, step-brother Karl Bieberdorf and brother Ewald Klein, in 1909. *Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #11*; 1879 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p528 #338*; 1909 SS Breslau Manifest; September 8, 1939, Payne County News Obituary; and September 2, 1970, Omaha World-Herald Obituary*.

g. Arthur Leopold Klein (b September 1, 1881, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 13, 1881, Shitomir Parish (GP: Samuel Klein) - >November 29, 1919) married Martha Buech on August 29, 1907, in Payne County, Oklahoma. *1882 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p564 #125*; 1907 Payne County, Oklahoma, Marriage Record; and December 11, 1919, The Ponca Nebraska Journal-Leader Obituary*.

h. Cicilie Klein (b March 25, 188_, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 7, 188_, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Bieberdorf) - <November 29, 1919). *1885 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p15 #136*; and December 11, 1919, The Ponca Nebraska Journal-Leader Obituary*.

i. Friedrich Klein (1887, probably Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - .September 23, 1909, ___) emigrated to the United States with his brothers Ewald and Reinhold Klein. *1909 SS Breslau Manifest* (age 22).

j. Agatha Klein (____ - ~1915, Russia) died while being transported as a prisoner during World War I, according to Dorothea Bieberdorf Klein's obituary. *December 11, 1919, The Ponca Nebraska Journal-Leader Obituary*.

5. Julian/Julius Klein (15=1842, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – February 14, 1904, Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia) married Eva Kühn (April 1856, Nowy Dwór, Congress Poland, Russia – December 27, 1907, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). They had four known children. *Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7; 1904 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p152 #11 (61Y, born Annette, son of Johann Klein, married to Eva Kühn)*; and 1907 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p341 #413 (Eva Klein geb Kühn, 51Y 8M, born Nowy Dwór, widow).

a. Lydia Klein (b August 23, 1874, Ostrowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 8, 1874, Heimtal Parish (GP: Rosalie Kühn, ___ Dickau)). *1875 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p623 #175.

b. Emilie Adelheide Klein (July 26, 1877, Ostrowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 11, 1877, Heimtal Parish (GP: Maria Klein Frederking)). *1878 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p793 #139.

c. Eduard Klein (November 26, 1879, Wiktorowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia – February 8, 1881, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1880 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p447 #311*; and 1881 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p619 #307 (1¼ yr, born Limawka).

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d. Agathe Klein (January 16, 1883, Sinjawka/Sinawke, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 3, 1883, Heimtal Parish (GP: Karoline Kühn)). *1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p613 #143.

6. Johann Klein (13=1844; March 1846, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – August 10, 1907, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia) married Elisabeth Güldenstern (____ - >August 10, 1907) on February 23, 1872, in the Heimtal Parish. They had two known children. *Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7; 1872 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p663 #7*; and 1907 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p326 #217 (Johann Klein, 61Y 5M, born Shitomir, married).

a. Maria Lydia Klein (b April 27, 1875, Pulin Hutte, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 4, 1875, Heimtal Parish (GP: Maria Klein Frederkind)). *1875 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p654 #553.

b. Emilie Klein (b December 11, 1877, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1878 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p784 #32.

7. Daniel Klein (November 5, 1847, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 23, 1847, Annette, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Luther (HH#8, Annette), Andreas Henke (HH#36, Annette), Anna Müller and Maria Luther Becker (HH#1, Josephine) - >October 1882) married Amalie Hoffmann (____ - ≥July 26, 1883, ____) in June 1881, in the Heimtal Parish. They had two known children. *1847 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p210 #24*; Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7; and 1881 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p585 #88.

a. Ida Klein (b April 1, 1882, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1882 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p564 #129.

b. Alice Klein (b July 26, 1883, Pulin, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 11, 1883, Pulin, Heimtal Parish (GP: Carl Klein and Susane Klein)). *1883 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p847 #768.

8. Julianne/Julia Klein (May 18, 1852, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >April 15, 1884, ____) married Johann Steinbring/Steinbrink on December 1, 1874, in the Shitomir Parish. They had four known children. *1852 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p315 #29 (Julia Klein)*; Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7; and 1874 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p560 #176.

a. Auguste Mathilde Steinbruck (b April 11, 1876, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1876 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p581 #533.

b. Gustav Adolph Steinbrink (b November 8, 1878, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 13, 1878 (GP: Wilhelmine Albertin and Amalie Klein)). *1879 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p529 #347.

c. August Ewald Steinbring (b January 7, 1880, Waldheim, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia) *1880 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p193 #1007.

d. Margareta Steinbring (b April 15, 1884, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 26, 1884, Annette, Shitomir Parish (GP: Wilhelm Albertin, Eduard Biberdorf and Wilhelmine Klein)). *1885 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p14 #121.

9. Emilie Renate Klein (April 22, 1857, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 11, 1857, Shitomir Parish (GP: Peter Richard/Richert (HH#7, Annette), Anna Müller and Charlotte Müller Drude (HH#30, Annette) - ≥October 23, 1889, ____) married Adam Sawadski (____ - >January 1889) in June 1881, in the Heimtal Parish. They had three known children. *1857 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p376 #45 (Emilie Renate Klein)*; Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7; and 1881 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p583 #86 (Renate Emilie Klein).

a. Arnold Gustav Sawazky/Sawadski (b April 7, 1883, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 8 or September 3, 1883, Heimtal Parish (GP: Friedrich Drews)). *1883 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p837 #620.

b. Karl Sawatzki/Sawadski (b June 15, 1888, Pulin, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 18, 1888, Pulin Huta, Heimtal Parish (GP: Maria Drews) – April 1976, Macomb, McDonough County, Illinois) married Ernestine Laura Weigt (26=January 15, 1893, possibly Congress Poland, Russia – January 2, 1974, Macomb, McDonough County, Illinois), daughter of August Weigt and Maria Kluth, on November 8, 1919, in Klein Konojad (Konojad), Westpreußen, Polen (Poland). *1900 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p6 #40*; 1919 Evangelische Kirche Klein Konojad (Kr. Strasburg) Marriage Record,* p94 #39*; and January 4, 1974, The Appleton Post-Crescent Obituary.*

c. Theodor Sawatzki/Sawadski (b October 23, 1889, Pulin, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 26, 1889, Pulin Huta, Heimtal Parish (GP: Maria Drews)). *1900 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p7 #41.

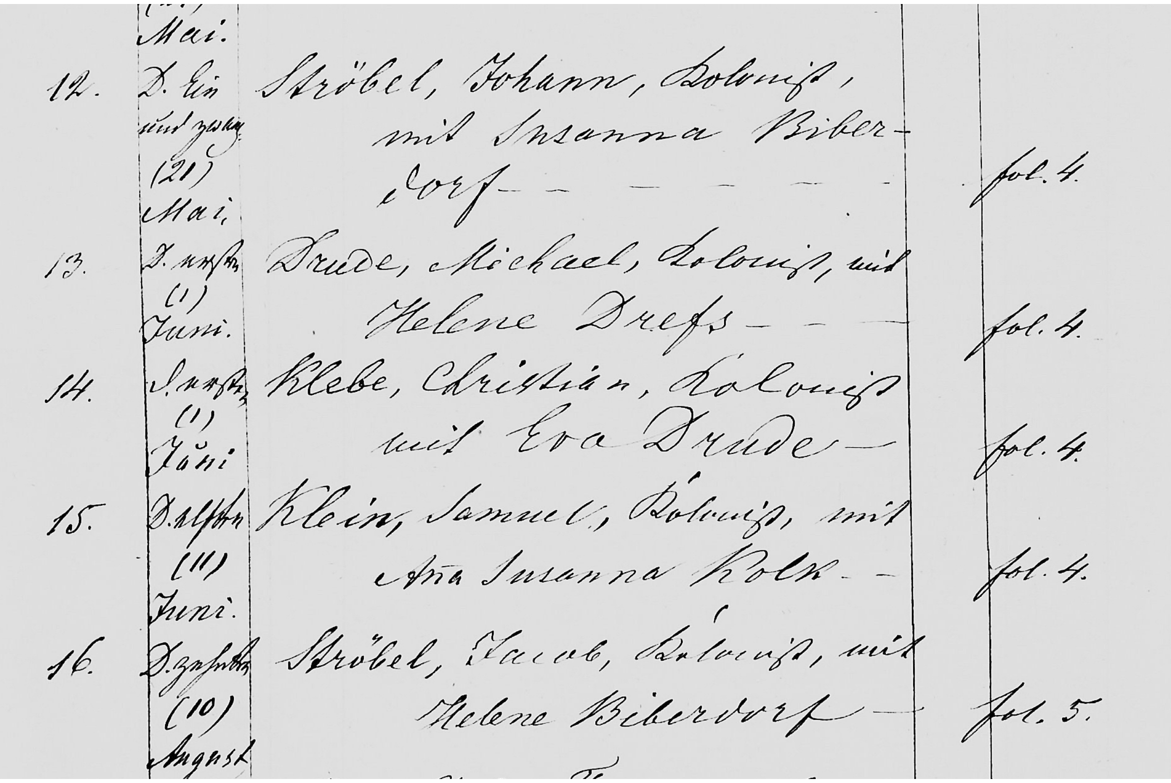
**"Friedrich Klein," age six in 1857, is identified as the son of Johann Klein and his "second" (un-named) wife. However, Julianne Müller was still alive, and Friedrich Klein would have been the same age as their daughter Julianne/Julia Klein. *Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #7.

• Friedrich Klein (1820/21, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – March 12, 1836, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). Filip Klein's first wife Maria Neumann was identified in Friedrich Klein's death/burial record, which also confirms the family's residence in Josephine as of 1820-21; as it was in Annette in 1816. *1836 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p310 #7 (15Y, born Josephine, died Josephine, son of Phillip Klein and Maria Neumann).

• Samuel Klein (April 14, 1824, Zwiahel (Nowograd Wolhynsk), Volhynia, Russia - >September 13, 1881, ____). *Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7; and 1882 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p564 #125 (Samuel Klein sponsors Arthur Leopold Klein, son of Karl Klein and Dorothea Biberdorf).

M#2 Filip Klein (71 in 1857), son of Jakob Klein, married widow Elisabeth (geb Fritz) Müller (1801, Prussia – February 6, 1864, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Johann Fritz, on January 3, 1857, in the Shitomir Parish. *1857 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p390 #1 (born Fritz)*; Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7; and 1864* (p35 #22; 62Y, born Prussia) *Nedbajewka, Shitomir Parish Burial Record,*.

[114] *1853 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record*, p331 #15.



	Mai.		
12.	D. Ein und zwanz (21)	Ströbel, Johann, Kolonist, mit Susanna Biberdorf	fol. 4.
	Mai.		
13.	D. ersten (1)	Drude, Michael, Kolonist, mit Helene Drefs	fol. 4.
	Juni.		
14.	D. ersten (1)	Klebe, Christian, Kolonist mit Eva Drude	fol. 4.
	Juni		
15.	D. elften (11)	Klein, Samuel, Kolonist, mit Anna Susanna Kolk	fol. 4.
	Juni.		
16.	D. zehnten (10)	Ströbel, Jacob, Kolonist, mit Helene Biberdorf	fol. 5.
	August		

[115] Samuel Klein's first wife was Elisabeth/Elise Rode (1825, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – March 18, 1853, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Friedrich Rode, who was probably a son of Andreas Rode.* Her siblings were living at HH#18, Annette, Shitomir Parish, as of November 30, 1857. Samuel Klein and Elisabeth Rode had five known children. *1853 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p338 #22 (27Y, born Annette, wife of Samuel)*; Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7; and Revision of November 30, 1857 in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #18.

*There were two Rode families living in Annette in November 1857, both of whom probably descended from Andreas Rode:

#1 Christian Rode (60=1797; son of Andreas Rode) and his wife Elizabeth ____ (57=1900; d/o Peter ____), and their son Daniel Rode (26=1831) and his wife Helena Bieberdorf (25-1832; d/o Friedrich Bieberdorf and Helene Luther), with their three children:* (1) Reina Rode (6=1851); (2) Julius Rode (3=1854); and (3) August Rode (1=1856). *The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #12*; and 1853* (p315 #11; Helene Rode)*, 1856* (p376; August Rode)*, 1859* (p277 #52; Justina Rode*)*, 1864* (p14 #97; Michael Rode)*, 1866* (p502 #46; Ernst Rode)*, 1868* (p276 #57; Heinrich Eduard Rode) *and 1871* (p527 #8; Reinhold Rode) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records*.

> *The fourth known child was Justina Rode (January 9, 1859, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 6, 1859, Shitomir Parish - ≥1888; daughter of Daniel Rode and Helene Bieberdorf) married Friedrich Kolke (~1851, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia - >July 1915, possibly Russia) son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass.

#2 Three sons (and their wives) of Friedrich Rode, probably the son of Andreas Rode:

- Friedrich Rode (38=1819) and Christine Buchholz (48=1809; d/o Martin Buchholz).

- Daniel Rode (36=1821) and Caroline Drude (36=1821; d/o Michael Drude**).

- Johann Rode (31=1826) and Christine Drude (34-1823; d/o Michael Drude**).

The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #s 18 and 27.

> *A Daniel Rode was a Godparent of Gottfried Klein (b1847) on November 22, 1847. It was probably this Daniel Rode as the other Daniel wasn't born until 1831, and probably too young to be a sponsor. Further, it may be an indication of Elisabeth Rode's parents and siblings, as her year-of-birth is consistent.
>
> **Michael Drude's son Jacob Drude (54=1803) was living in Josephine. *The Revision of November 28, 1857, in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #2.*

• Anna Klein (13=1844, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >February 18, 1884, ____) was living with her grandfather Filip Klein and her father Samuel Klein as of November 28, 1857. Anna Klein married Gottleib Zech (May 2, 1843, Marzelinhof (by Kostopol), Volhynia, Russia; bap May 2, 1843, Shitomir Parish (GP: Christian Zech (probably father's brother)) - >June 1883, ____), who was probably the son of Ludwig Zech (___ - possibly January 30, 1876, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia) and Anna Christine Schön, on January 7, 1862, in the Shitomir Parish.* They had nine known children, the first of each sex who shared their given names with Gottlieb's parents. *1843 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p179 #16*; Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #7; 1862 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record*, p449 #2*; and 1876 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p787 #98.

*A Gottlieb Zech married Anna Jabs on September 10, 1861, in the Shitomir Parish, but I don't believe it was Gottlieb Zech born in May 1843, as he would have just turned eighteen years of age. However, I can't rule out the possibility that it was Gottlieb Zech born in May 1843 who married Anna Jabs. *1861 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p438 #30.

> 1. Ludwig Zech (b January 17, 1863, Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 1, 1863 (GP: Caroline Grass Kolke)). He may have been the Ludwig Zech who died on January 30, 1876, in the Heimtal Parish, as the record is torn and missing the information on the deceased's age, etc.; although it was probably his grandfather. He probably married Justine Augustine Hoppe (____-____) on February 5, 1883, in the Shitomir Parish. An alternate possible marriage was to Maria Albrecht (____-____) on December 27, 1882, in the Heimtal Parish. *1863 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p8 #54*; 1882 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p980 #196*; and 1883 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p521 #44.
>
> 2. Friedrich Zech (b November 15, 1864, Karolinchen, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 29, 1864, Shitomir Parish (GP: Justine Zech, Friedrich Klein (Anna's brother?) and Caroline Zech)). *1864 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p25 #182.
>
> 3. Christine Zech (b August 21, 1867, Heimthal, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap ___ 8, 1867, Shitomir Parish (GP: Gottfried Zech)). *1867 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p523 #396.
>
> 4. Michael Zech (October 1, 1869, Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 12, 1869, Heimtal Parish – June 14, 1932, Los Angeles County, California) married Mathilda Wall. *1870 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p255 #90*; and 1932 Los Angeles County, California, Death Record.*

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5. Johann Zech (September 25, 1874, Grossdorf, Volhynia, Russia – December 8, 1951, Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan) married Augusta Freitag. *1876 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p555 #95*; and 1951 Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan, Death Record.*

6. Samuel Zech (b August 20, 1876, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap ____, Moisejewka, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Klein and Eleonore Zech)). *1878 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p528 #206.

7. Gottlieb Zech (b September 18, 1877, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia; bap October 2, 1877, Serbi, Shitomir Parish (GP: Ludwig Lochelt and Christine Liebolt)). *1880 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p185 #880.

8. Julianna Zech (b October 14, 1879, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 21, 1879, Serbi, Shitomir Parish). *1880 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p185 #881.

9. Anna Elisabeth Zech (b February 18, 1884, Pokaschew, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 18, 1884, Shitomir Parish). *1885 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p51 #546.

• Friedrich Klein (1846, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >September 1882, ____) was living with his grandfather Filip Klein and his father Samuel Klein in Josephine, as of November 28, 1857. On November 13, 1866, in Shitomir Parish, he married Helene Kolke (~1844 - >June 26, 1883), probably the first child of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass. Samuel Klein's second wife was Anna Susanna Kolke, sister of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke. Helene Kolke and Friedrich Klein had seven known children. *See* Helene Kolke under Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass. *Revision of November 28, 1857, in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #7 (Friedrich Klein, age 3 in 1849, and age 10 in 1857)*; and 1866 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p650 #71.

• Gottfried Klein (b November 20, 1847, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 22, 1847, Shitomir Parish (GP: Daniel Rode, Anna Pansegrau and Christine Rink)) was not living with his father as of November 30, 1857, and had probably died. He did not marry Susanna Biberdorf as he was only fifteen as of September 1862. *1847 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p210 #19*; and Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #7 (not present).

• Johann Klein (January 19, 1850, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 28, 1850, Shitomir Parish (GP: Michael Bartz and Maria Grön) - >March 1880, ____) was living with his grandfather Filip Klein and his father Samuel Klein as of November 28, 1857. He married Karoline Liebolt/Liebelt (____ - ≥December 24, 1880, ____) on June 8, 1872, in the Shitomir Parish, and they had four known children. *1850 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p241 #32*; Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #7 (7½ = 1850)*; and 1872 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p561 #53.

1. Ernestine Klein (b May 20, 1874, Serbi/Serby, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 23, 1874, Shitomir Parish). *1875 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p440 #48.

2. Wilhelmine Klein (b May 14, 1875, Moisejewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 14, 1875, Shitomir Parish). *1877 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p465 #188.

3. Julianna Klein (b September 18, 1877, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 20, 1877, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Klein and Karoline Klein; probably her parents self-sponsoring)). *1878 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p528 #203.

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4. Carl Klein (b December 24, 1880, Moisejewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 29, 1880, Shitomir Parish (GP: Christian Liebold and Anna Klein Zech)). *1883 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p420 #262.

- Justina Klein (b February 4, 1852, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 31, 1852, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Klein (uncle), Anna Müller and Christian Drews)) was not with living with her father as of November 30, 1857, and should have been. She may have been living with her Rode grandparents, or more likely she died during or shortly after her birth. *1852 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p315 #21*; and Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #7 (Justina not present).

[116] *1816 Annette and Josephine Map.*

[117] The Klein extended family had multiple associations with the Kolke family in Volhynia, which included the following.

1845 Eleonore Rindfleisch Grass and Anna (Susanna) Kolke sponsor Helene Pekeruhl.

1847 Helene Biberdorf and Daniel Rode sponsor Gottfried Klein.

1852 Andreas Kolke, Karoline (Grass) Kolke, Jacob Pekruhl and Susanna Kolka sponsor Julius Theodor Kolke.

1858 Susanna (Kolke) Klein sponsors Ernestine Klein d/o George Klein and Rosina Ströbel.

1859 Gottlieb Kolke and Samuel Klein sponsor Rosina Pekruhl.

1862 Gottfried Klein nephew of Samuel Klein m Susanna Biberdorf s/o Maria Biberdorf Kolke.

1864 Karl Klein nephew of Samuel Klein m Dorothea Biberdorf 1st cousin of Maria Biberdorf Kolke.

1864 Samuel Klein, Daniel Kolke and Helene Kolke sponsor Friedrich Kolke s/o *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*.

1866 Friedrich Klein s/o Samuel Klein and Elisabeth Rode m Helene Kolke

[118] "Anna Susanna Kolke" is her name in their marriage record, and "Susanna Klein" in the November 1857 census. *1914 Novograd-Wolhynsk Burial Record*, p132 #185*; and Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #7.

[119] *Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #7 (Rosine Klein daughter of Samuel (s/o Filip) and Susanna (d/o *Michael*) Klein, age 2). Rosine Klein may have married twice, and probably with at least one of the indicated spouses.

On August 18, 1871, in Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish, "Rosine Klein" was the sponsor of Mathilde Neumann (b August 2, 1871), daughter of Michael Neumann and Helene Neumann. *1872 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p651 #127.

M#1 Samuel Müller (b February 20, 1852, probably Annette or Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 16, 1852, Murawi, Shitomir Parish- >May 1873 <1876), son of Karl Müller and Maria (Mariana) Hübsch, who were married on November 15, 1836, in Annette. They had one known child, possibly before Samuel Müller's death, which I could not locate, nor any other births or records for the couple. However, that Daniel Kolka, of Anna Susanna Kolke Klein's brother, was a Godparent to their child is significant. Additionally, Karl Müller had connections to other families who lived in Josephine and Annette at the same time as the Kleins. Their son Friedrich Müller's July 22, 1846, baptism was sponsored by George Drews (#4, Josephine) and Christian Rode (#12, Annette). Widower Karl Müller married Daniel Rode's (#18, Annette) widow Caroline Drude, daughter of Michael Drude (#2, Josephine), on May 12, 1861, in the Shitomir Parish. *1836* (p302 #22) *and 1861* (p437 #12) *Shitomir Parish Marriage Records; 1846* (p243 #7) *and 1852* (p327 #156) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 2, 4 and 7*; The Revision of November 30, 1857, for the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #s 12 and 18*; and 1875 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p611 #36.

1. Mathilde Müller (b February 8, 1874, Alexanderdorf/Granidub, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 8, 1874, Heimtal Parish (GP: Daniel Kolka, brother of Anna Susanna Kolke Klein)). I could not determine if she married and/or to whom, as I located at least five "Mathilde Müllers" who were married and had children in the Shitomir, Heimtal, Nowograd Wolhynsk and Emilchin Parishes in the first two decades of the 20th century. *1875 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p611 #36.

M#2 After the death of Samuel Müller (or if never married), Rosine Klein may have married Wilhelm Felbel (October 10, 1853, Annette, Volhynia, Russia - >February 1881, ____), son of Heinrich Felbel (27=1830, possibly Annette, Volhynia, Russia - ____; son of Jakob Felbel (63=1794; son of Adam Felbel) and Elizabeth ____ (62=1795; daughter of Jakob ____) and Anna ____ (23=1834, Annette, Volhynia, Russia – October 20, 1906, Wolwachowka, Nowograd Wolhynsk, Volhynia, Russia; daughter of Christian ____). As of November 30, 1857, Jakob and Elisabeth Felbel, and seven of their sons, including Adam and Wilhelm were living in Annette. Wilhelm Felbel and Rosine Klein had four known children, whose Godparents were members of and/or close to the Klein family. *1853 (Murawi) Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p326 #115*; Revision of November 30, 1857 in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #28; and 1906 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p209 #128 (75Y, born Annette, d/o Christian).

1. Gustav Hermann Felbel (b April 25, 1877, Alexanderdorf/Granidub, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 3, 1877, Heimtal Parish (GP: Heinrich Müller (h/o Wilhelmine Kolke) and Kristine (Christina) Kolke)) married widow Julianna Müller Hesser on April 21, 1904, in the Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish. *1877 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p616 #274*; 1904 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Marriage Record,* p143 #63.

2. Friedrich Wilhelm Felbel (b February 3, 1879, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia; February 4, 1879, Heimtal Parish (GP: Friedrich Klein and Justina (Klein) Bartz or Becker)) married Alwine Drude* on November 3, 1904, in the Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish. *1879 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p813 #509*; and 1904 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Marriage Record,* p147 #152.

   *There were two possible "Alwine Drudes:" (1) daughter of George Drude and Anna Müller born January 23, 1876, in Annette; and (2) daughter of Jacob Drude and Caroline Ziesmann born August 26, 1880, in Wladin. I suspect it was the latter Alwine Drude based upon her year of birth. *1876 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p552 #57*; and 1880 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p220 #1947.

3. Heinrich Felbel (b April 8, 1880, Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 11, 1880 (GP: Karl Ziesmann and Eva (Kühn or Krenz) Klein)). *1880 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p437 #91.

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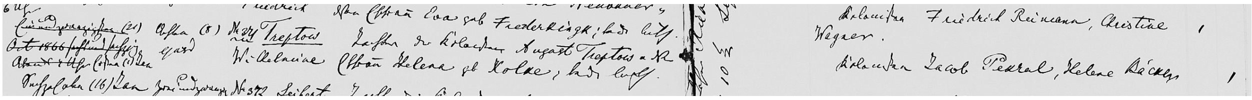
4. Susanna Felbel (b December 1, 1881, Sergiejewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 13, 1881, Heimtal Parish (GP: Anna Klein Felbel)). *1882 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p601 #793.

[120] *See* Appendix A.

[121] *1873 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p299 #10.

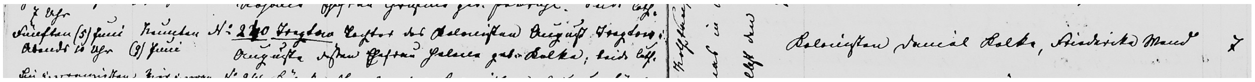
[122] *1867 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p521 #371.



Wilhemine Treptow married Christian Molzhan (1858, Congress Poland, Russia – November 1, 1904, Salatuik (just west of Wladin), Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia). They had one known child. *1904 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p173 #217 (46Y, born Poland, married to Wilhelmine Treptow).

• Friedrich Molzahn (b April 1, 1899, Salatuik, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 3, 1899, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: August Treptow)). *1900 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p67 #535.

[123] *1869 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p286 #240. Her mother is identified as "Pauline Kolke" in the *Odessa3* translation, but upon review, I believe the name of her mother in the record is "Helene Kolke."



Auguste Treptow married Ludwig Hanebauer (____ - >1917, ____). They had five known children before Auguste Treptow Hanebauer died as a result of the birth of their daughter Anna Hanebauer. Ludwig Hanebauer then married Adeline Fester. *1904 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p177 #253 (34Y, spouse Ludwig Hanebauer)*; 1914 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p140 #241 (Magdalene Hanebauer d/o Ludwig Hanebauer and Adelaine Fester)*; and 1918/19 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p218 #88 (Ewald Hanebauer s/o Ludwig Hanebauer and Adeleine Fester).

• Emilie Hanebauer (1895, Josephow, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia – June 26, 1914, Lugardia, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1914 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p140 #242 (19Y, maiden, born Josephow).

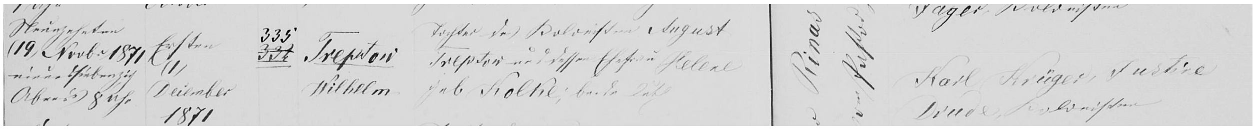
• Rudolf Hanebauer (1897, Josephow, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia – July 7, 1914, Lugardia, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia) is identified as the child of Auguste Treptow and Ludwig Hanebauer, even though allegedly born three years after her death. I believe the age of seven years is incorrect and should be seventeen. His death is recorded next to that of Emilie Hanebauer, and both died of typhus in Lugardia. *1914 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p140 #243 ("7Y," born Josephow).

• Amalie Hanebauer (1898, Josephow, Volhynia, Russia – December 4, 1902, Josephow, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1902 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p173 #242 (4Y, born Josephow).

• August Hanebauer (b February 1, 1901, Josephow, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 4, 1901, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Michael Wolframm and Wilhelmine Kunkel Wolframm). *1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p67 #585.

- Anna Hanebauer (March 19, 1904, Josephow, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 27, 1904, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Georg Krause and Anna Krause) – March 31, 1904, Josephow, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1904 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p117 #1042*; and 1904 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p177 #254 (12D).

[124] *1872 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p523 #335.



1943 Bashaw, Alberta, Death Record; and Find-a-Grave (Gravemarker Saint Peters Evangelical Lutheran Cemetery, Calgary).

Wilhelm Treptow married Mathilde Stubelt (October 29, 1875, Rozyszcze or Marianin, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 2, 1875, Marianin, Shitomir Parish – October 22, 1962, Camrose, Alberta), daughter of Christian Stubelt and Julianna Buettner (married July 29, 1869, Rozyszcze, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia), in 1895. Wilhelm Treptow and Mathilde Stubelt emigrated to Québec, Canada, on May 14, 1901, with their two oldest children, on the *Wassau*. They had nine known children. Wilhelm Treptow became "William Traptow," and except for a short stay in the United States after immigration, lived and farmed in Alberta. *1869 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p332 #40*; 1876 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p580 #522*; 1901 Wassau Passenger Manifest; 1906, 1916 and 1926 Alberta Census; 1921 and 1931 Canada Census; 1940 Bashaw, Wetaskiwin District, Voters List; 1962 Camrose, Alberta, Death Record; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Saint Peters Evangelical Lutheran Cemetery, Calgary).

- Rudolph Treptow/Traptow (28) (October 25, 1896, Volhynia, Russia – August 12, 1980, Calgary, Alberta) emigrated to North America with his parents. On September 5, 1925, Rudolph Traptow married fellow Eco City, Michigan, resident Mary Harkens Dalgleish (20) (1904, Scotland – September 22, 1980, Calgary, Alberta; Imm May 8, 1911, Montreal), daughter of George Dalgleisch (1875, Scotland – August 1962, Calgary, Alberta) and Mary Halliday (1874,* Scotland – December 16, 1948, Calgary, Alberta), in Birmingham, Michigan. Rudolph Treptow/Traptow and Mary Harkens Dalgleish had two known children. *1901 Wassau Passenger Manifest; 1906 and 1916 Alberta Census; 1911 Grampian Passenger Manifest; 1918 WWI CEF Attestation Paper; 1921 and 1931 Canada Census; 1925 Birmingham, Oakland County, Michigan, Marriage Record; 1948 Calgary, Alberta, Death Record; 1962 and 1980 City of Calgary Burial Records; August 14, 1980, and November 24, 1980, Calgary Herald Obituaries; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Queen's Park Cemetery, Calgary (Traptow); and Gravemarker Union Cemetery, Calgary (Dalgleish)).

1. Douglas Traptow (____ - >February 24, 2015, ____). *August 14, 1980, November 24, 1980, and March 4, 2015, Calgary Herald Obituaries.*

2. Lloyd Spencer Traptow (1931, ____ - September 2014, Calgary, Alberta) married Violet Sarah Newton (February 5, 1929, Penhold, Alberta - February 24, 2015, Calgary, Alberta), daughter of Charles Newton and Sarah ____, in August 1953, at the Innisfail United Church, Innisfail, Alberta. *August 14, 1953 Calgary Herald Marriage Announcement; August 14, 1980, November 24, 1980, and March 4, 2015, Calgary Herald Obituaries; and Find-a-Grave (Gravemarker Queen's Park Cemetery, Calgary).*

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*She was not Mary Halliday (January 4, 1871, Lanarkshire, Scotland – August 25, 1952, Toronto, York County, Ontario), daughter of Matthew Halliday and Janet Johnston, married Hugh Cameron and died in Ontario; four years after Mary Halliday Dalgleish. *1952 Toronto, York County, Ontario, Death Certificate*.

• Hulda/Hilda Treptow/Traptow (24) (October 18, 1898, Volhynia, Russia – October 11, 1989, Trail, British Columbia) emigrated to North America with her parents. On July 3, 1923, Hilda Traptow married James Dalgleish (22) (May 3, 1901, possibly Glasgow, Scotland – September 14, 1981, Trail, British Columbia; Imm May 8, 1911, Montreal), son of George Dalgleisch and Mary Halliday, in Detroit, Michigan. Hilda Treptow/Traptow and James Dalgleish had two known children. *1901 Wassau Passenger Manifest; 1906 and 1916 Alberta Census; 1911 Grampian Passenger Manifest; 1921 and 1931 Canada Census; 1923 Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan, Marriage Record; 1923 Bethlehem Evangelical Lutheran Church Marriage Record; 1981 and 1989 Trail, British Columbia, Death Certifications/Records; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Union Cemetery, Calgary (Dalgleish)).

1. Loretta Dalgleish (August 17, 1924, Calgary, Alberta – January 16, 2000, Vancouver, British Columbia) married Sam Elias. *1931 Canada Census; and July 18, 2000, The Vancouver Province Obituary*.

2. Larry Dalgleish married Vivian Wilson. *July 18, 2000, The Vancouver Province Obituary*.

• FredrickTraptow (1901, possibly North Dakota, United States – October 25, 1981, Bashaw, Alberta) married Elsie Adina Albers (August 13, 1913, Bashaw, Alberta – December 31, 2013, Ponoka, Alberta), daughter of George Albers (September 29, 1873/77, Russia – September 24, 1944, Bashaw, Alberta; married December 13, 1912, Mansfield, Alberta) and Elisabeth Schultz (February 25, 1894, Bluemenort, Manitoba – April 10, 1987, Ponoka, Alberta), in 1934, in Calgary, Alberta. Fredrick Traptow and Elsie Adina Albers had three known children. *1906 and 1916 Alberta Census; 1912 Mansfield, Alberta, Marriage Record; 1921 and 1931 Canada Census; 1934 Calgary, Alberta, Marriage Record; 1944 Bashaw, Alberta, Death Record; October 2, 1944, Edmonton Journal Obituary; 1944 Bashaw Star Obituary; January 7, 2014, Calgary Herald Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Saint Peters Evangelical Lutheran Cemetery, Calgary).

1. Elaine Traptow. *January 7, 2014, Calgary Herald Obituary*.

2. Marvin Traptow. *January 7, 2014, Calgary Herald Obituary*.

3. Marion Janet Traptow (March 20, 1935, probably Bashaw, Alberta – May 11, 1992, Bashaw or Calgary, Alberta. *January 7, 2014, Calgary Herald Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Saint Peters Evangelical Lutheran Cemetery, Calgary).

• Emil Traptow/Trapton (May 7, 1903, Manfred, Alberta – 1993, Wetaskiwin, Alberta) was mis-identified as daughter "Amy Traptow" in the *1906 Alberta Census*. Despite his/her young age, Amy/Emil Traptow did not appear in another census with her/his parents. On October 24, 1928, "Emil Traptow," age 25 years, resident of Bashaw, Alberta, son of William Traptow, entered the United States at Eastport, Idaho. In 1933, in Edmonton, Emil "Trapton" married Evaline Cora Bourque/Bourke (1916, New Brunswick, Canada – May 25, 1966, Edmonton, Alberta), daughter of Frederic Thomas Bourque/Bourke (October 27, 1878, New Brunswick, Canada – October 18, 1951, Wetaskiwin, Alberta) and Emily Jane Rheaume (April 9, 1890, Maple Lake, Wright County, Minnesota – January 2, 1969, Wetaskiwin, Alberta; married in 1908, Wetaskiwin; daughter of Adolph Rheaume and Philomen Provost). Emil Traptow/Trapton and Evaline Cora Bourque/Bourke lived in Edmonton during their marriage, and at some point after her death Emil Treptow/Trepton moved to Wetaskiwin, where he died. Emil Traptow/Trapton was still alive and living in Wetaskiwin, Alberta, at the time of his brother Rudolph Traptow's death, and mentioned in his obituary. I could not locate any children for the couple. *1906 Alberta Census; 1908 Wetaskiwin, Alberta, Marriage Record; 1901, 1911, 1921 and 1931 Canada Census; 1928 Eastport, Idaho, Border Crossing Record; 1933 Edmonton, Alberta, Marriage Record; 1945, 1957, 1962 and 1965 Edmonton, Alberta, Voters Lists; October 27, 1951, Edmonton Journal Obituary; 1966 Edmonton, Alberta, Death Record; 1969 Wetaskiwin, Alberta, Death Record; January 8, 1969, The Wetaskiwin Times Obituary; August 14, 1980, Calgary Herald Obituary* (Rudolph Traptow)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Old Wetaskiwin Cemetery).

• August Traptow (October 27, 1905, Manfred, Alberta - >August 14, 1980, ____) was living next to his brother Julius Henry Traptow in Peace River, Alberta, in 1931, where they were farming their homesteads. August Traptow was a resident of Courtenay, Vancouver Island, British Columbia, at the time of his brother Rudolph Traptow's death, and mentioned in his obituary. *1906, 1916 and 1926 Alberta Census; 1921 and 1931 Canada Census; June 20, 1925 Detroit, Michigan, US Border Crossing Record* (19Y 7M, resident of Bashaw, Alberta)*; and August 14, 1980, Calgary Herald Obituary* (Rudolph Traptow).

• Maria/Mary/Marie Traptow (March 4, 1908, Manfred or Bashaw, Alberta – June 29, 1998, Edmonton, Alberta) married Andreas Bertheussen (July 29, 1903, Tranoy, Trondheim, Norway – June 6, 1971, Edmonton, Alberta; Imm June 1924 from Norway to Québec), son of Erik Heltman Bertheussen and Jorgine Elisa Andreasd, in 1935, in Edmonton. Andreas' surname on his birth/baptism record, passenger manifest, citizenship record and marriage record was "Bertheussen." Apparently due to difficulty in pronunciation and usage, their surname was legally changed in 1945 to "Erickson." Mary Traptow and Andreas (Andrew) Bertheussen-Erickson had three known children. *1903 Tranoy, Norway, Baptism Record; 1916 and 1926 Alberta Census; 1921 Canada Census; 1924 Andania Passenger Manifest; May 2, 1935, Edmonton Journal Article* (Andreas Bertheussen citizenship)*; 1935 Edmonton, Alberta, Marriage Record; and June 6, 1971, and June 30, 1998, Edmonton Journal Obituaries.*

1. Grant Erickson. *June 6, 1971, and June 30, 1998, Edmonton Journal Obituaries.*

2. Karen Ann Erickson married Robert Allan Gibbs on May 18, 1974, in Edmonton, Alberta. *April 11, 1974, Edmonton Journal Marriage Announcement; and June 6, 1971, and June 30, 1998, Edmonton Journal Obituaries.*

3. Lenore Mary Erickson (June 8, 1949, Edmonton, Alberta – February 17, 2017, Edmonton, Alberta). *June 6, 1971, June 30, 1998, and February 18, 2017, Edmonton Journal Obituaries*.

• Julius Henry Traptow (November 4, 1911, Bashaw, Alberta – September 11, 1998, Calgary, Alberta) was living next to his brother August Traptow in Peace River, Alberta, in 1931, where they were farming their homesteads. In 1936, in Bashaw, Alberta, Julius Henry Traptow married Lillian Schierman (March 25, 1917, Bashaw, Alberta – April 16, 1999, Lacombe, Alberta), daughter of Jacob Schierman (1889, United States – 1959, probably Bashaw, Alberta) and Mary Schierman (1894, Russia – 1965, probably Bashaw, Alberta). Julius Henry Traptow and Lillian Schierman had two know children. *1916 and 1926 Alberta Census; 1921 and 1931 Canada Census; 1936 Bashaw, Alberta, Marriage Record; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Bashaw Cemetery).

1. Marlene Mary Traptow (1939-1996) married ___ Kittle. *Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Bashaw Cemetery).

2. Stanley Wilbur Traptow (1941-1983). *Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Bashaw Cemetery).

• Herbert Walter Traptow (July 1, 1915, Bashaw, Alberta – April 26, 1996, Bashaw, Alberta) married Freda Clara Schultz (March 20, 1916, Bashaw, Alberta – September 8, 1997, Bashaw, Alberta), daughter of Frederick Schultz (1871-1946) and Agatha Hartwig (1880-1964), in 1938, in Bashaw, Alberta. Herbert

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Walter Traptow and Freda Clara Schultz had three known children. *1916 and 1926 Alberta Census; 1921 and 1931 Canada Census; 1938 Bashaw, Alberta, Marriage Record; 1946 and 1964 Bashaw, Alberta, Death Records; April 30, 1996, and September 9, 1997, Red Deer Advocate Obituaries; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Saint Peters Evangelical Lutheran Cemetery, Calgary).

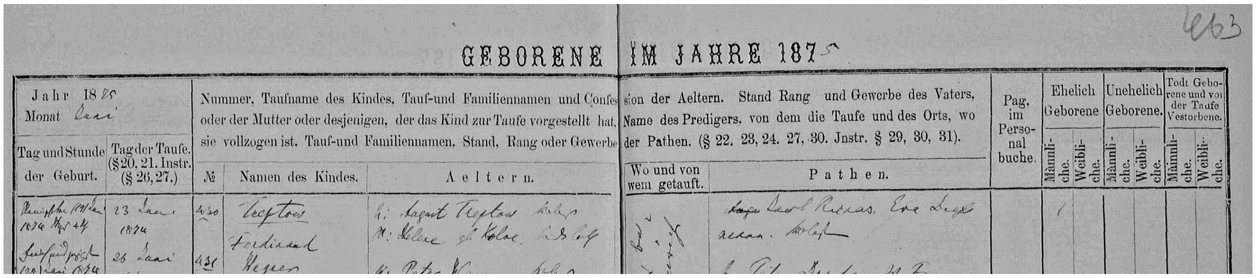
1. Rodney Herbert Traptow (1946-2005). *April 30, 1996, and September 9, 1997, Red Deer Advocate Obituaries; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Saint Peters Evangelical Lutheran Cemetery, Calgary).

2. Myrna Gail Traptow (1941-2014) married Hank Edmunds. *April 30, 1996, and September 9, 1997, Red Deer Advocate Obituaries; and November 2014 Parkland Funeral Home, Red Deer, Alberta, Obituary*.

3. Sharon Traptow married Bob Hainsworth. *April 30, 1996, and September 9, 1997, Red Deer Advocate Obituaries*

- Arnold William Traptow (June 1915, Bashaw, Alberta – September __, 2003, Edmonton, Alberta) married Doris Marian Hill (October 25, 1918, Assiniboia, Saskatchewan - ____), daughter of Frank Bertram Hill (1894, Huron County, Ontario – 1959, Lougheed, Alberta) and Muriel Harwood Langrish (1896, Saskatchewan – 1943, Lougheed, Alberta), in September 1945, in Edmonton, Alberta. *1916 and 1926 Alberta Census; 1916 Saskatchewan Census; 1918 Saskatchewan Birth Record; 1921 and 1931 Canada Census; September 15, 1945, Edmonton Journal Marriage Announcement; and September 25, 2003, Edmonton Journal Obituary.*

[125] *1874 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p463 #430*; and 1927 Barnim, Germany, Death Record.*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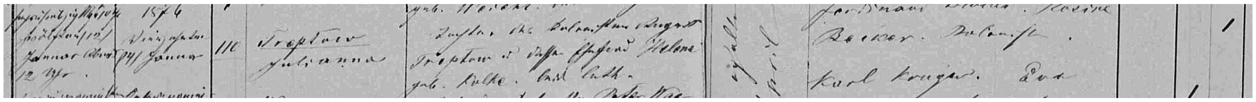
GEBORENE IM JAHRE 187

Jahr 18 Monat Juni Tag und Stunde der Geburt.	Tag der Taufe. (§20. 21. Instr. (§ 26, 27.)	Nummer, Taufname des Kindes, Tauf-und Familiennamen und Confession der Aeltern. Stand Rang und Gewerbe des Vaters, oder der Mutter oder desjenigen, der das Kind zur Taufe vorgestellt hat, Name des Predigers, von dem die Taufe und des Orts, wo sie vollzogen ist. Tauf-und Familiennamen, Stand, Rang oder Gewerbe der Pathen. (§ 22. 23, 24. 27, 30. Jnstr. § 29, 30, 31). №	Namen des Kindes.	Aeltern.	Wo und von wem getauft.	Pathen.	Pag. im Personal buche.	Ehelich Geborene Männliche.	Weibliche.	Unehelich Geborene. Männliche.	Weibliche.	Todt Geborene und vor der Taufe Verstorbene. Männliche.	Weibliche.
1874	23 Juni 1874	430	Treptow Ferdinand	V: August Treptow M: Helene geb. Kolke		Carl Riemas. Eva		1					
1874	26 Juni	431	Wegner	V: Peter									

Ferdinand Treptow married Rosamunde Adelgunde Auguste Krüger (August 8, 1872, Trebitsch, Friedeberg Kr., Province of Brandenburg, Prussia, Germany – September 15, 1959, Berlin, Germany; 1943 resident of Falkensee, Berlin, Germany), daughter of Johann Friedrich Krüger and Johanna Luise Wilhelmina Kalesh, on April 29, 1900, in Behle, Bromberg, Province of Posen, Prussia, Germany. Ferdinand Treptow and Adelgunde Krüger had one known child, and appear to have remained in the Province of Posen, Prussia/Germany. *1900 Prussia Marriage Record; and 1959 Berlin, German, Death Record*.

- Alfred Karl August Treptow (June 6, 1901, Landsberg, Province of Posen, Prussia, Germany – August 12, 1943, Magdeburg, Saxony-Anhalt, Germany) married Else Anna Bertha Leipe (October 17, 1901, Westerhüsen, Saxony-Anhalt, Germany - >August 12, 1943, ____), daughter of Wilhelm and Anna Marie Leipe, on March 2, 1929, in Berlin, Brandenburg, Germany. *1901 Landsberg, Province of Posen, Prussia, Birth Record; 1901 Westerhüsen, Germany, Birth Record; 1929 Berlin, Germany, Marriage Record; and February 20, 1947, Magdeburg, Germany, Death Record* (Alfred Karl August Treptow died as a consequence of his wounds, suggesting he was in the service).

[126] *1877 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p460 #110.



Julianna Treptow married Karl Geier/Gaier (____ - >1912, ____) before 1899, when their first known child was born. Julianna Treptow and Karl Geier/Gaier had seven known children.

- Ottilie Geier (August 1899, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia – March 29, 1900, Marianin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1900 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p171 #302 (7M, born Slobodka).

- Gustav Geier (1901, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia – November 15, 1904, Lugardia, Nowograd Wolhynsk, Volhynia, Russia). *1904 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p184 #322 (3Y, born Slobodka).

- Adolph Geier (b September 15, 1903, Marianin, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 17, 1903, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Joseph Geier)). *1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p31 #266.

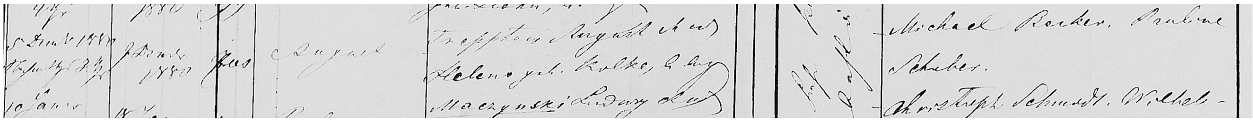
- Emilie Geier (b August 8, 1906, Lugardia, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 9, 1906, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Rudolf Treptow and Wilhelmine Treptow Molzhan)). *1906 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p88 #757.

- Emil Geier (b February 6, 1909, Lugardia, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 21, 1909, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Wilhelm Siewert and Mathilde Sommerfeld(t) Treptow)). *1909 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p77 #680.

- Auguste Geier (b March 13, 1911, Lugardia, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 18, 1911, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1915 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* pp180 and 234 #569.

- Rudolf Geier (b October 12, 1913, Lugardia, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 22, 1913, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Wilhelm Siewert and Henriette Siewert)). *1913 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p66 #580.

[127] *1881 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p177 #700*; 1949 Vancouver, British Columbia, Death Record; and Find-a-Grave* (buried Hatzic Cemetery).



August Treptow married twice.

M#1 Mathilde Sommerfeldt** on February 14, 1907, in the Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish. They had three known children. *1907 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Marriage Record,* p148 #47.

**There were three Matilde Sommerfled(t)'s whose births were recorded between 1875-1885; any (or none) of whom may have married August Treptow. Warwarowka was the closest to Lugardia, where their children were born; although Mathilde Sommerfeldt (b1875) would have been five years older than August Treptow.

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1. Mathilde Sommerfeldt (b August 25, 1875, Warwarowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of August Sommerfeldt and Euphrosine Mantei. *1876 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p739 #248.

2. Mathilde Sommerfeld (b February 21, 1879, Wiktorowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia) daughter of Christine Sommerfeld. *1880 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p446 #295 (Illegitimate).

3. Mathilde Sommerfeld (b January 25, 1881, Nikolajewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Lemuel Sommerfeld and Amalie Krenz. *1883 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p414 #163.

- Hertha Treptow (b March 31, 1908, Lugardia, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 5, 1908, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Ludwig Sommerfeld)). *1908 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Records,* p40 #343.

- Ewald Treptow (b January 11, 1911, Lugardia, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 13, 1911, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Ludwig Sommerfeld)). *1911 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Records,* pp 180 and 223 #567.

- Richard Treptow (March 11, 1913, Lugardia, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 30, 1913, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish – January 11, 1944, South Sabolotje (Zabolottya), Ukraine SSR (Corporal in German Army killed in combat)). *1913 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p65 #570*; and* Richard Treptow Killed in Action: *Kartei der Verlust und Grabmeldungen gefallener deutescher Soldaten 1939-1945*, Bundesarchiv B 563-2, Berlin, Germany.

Less than four months after the birth of their last child, August Treptow (32), a carpenter, claiming he was single, arrived in Québec, on July 26, 1913, on the *Laurentic*, with Manitoba as his destination. August Treptow may have emigrated intending to make a home for his family, who would follow later, but ended up unable to bring his family to Canada and/or abandoning his first family. Alternatively, this individual was not August Treptow, although he resided in the same area as his probable siblings, i.e. the Water Glen Municipality, Camrose Electoral District, Alberta. *1913 Laurentic Passenger Manifest.*

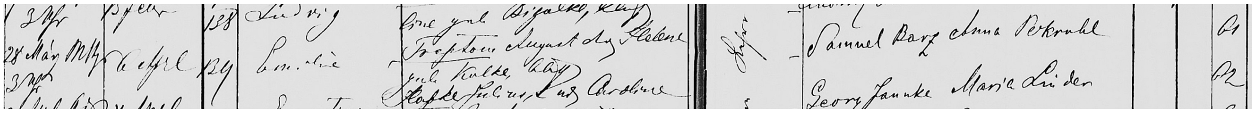
M#2 August Treptow married Katherina (Katie) Weinz* (May 1, 1877, Congress Poland, Russia - March 14, 1954, Mission City, British Columbia), daughter of Christian Weinz and Clara Nemetz, in 1924, in Edmonton, Alberta. She was the widow of Leopold Arnold Schikrowsky/Schikorowsky (February 16, 1873, Rowno, Volhynia, Russia – October 10, 1920, Bashaw, Alberta), who she had married on November 16, 1894, in Winnipeg, Manitoba, and with whom she had at least eight children. *1894 Winnipeg, Manitoba, Marriage Record; 1901 and 1931 Canada Census; 1920 Bashaw, Alberta, Death Record; 1924 Edmonton, Alberta, Marriage Record; 1926 Alberta Census; 1954 Mission City, British Columbia, Death Record; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Hatzic Eemetery, Hatzic, British Columbia).

*Katharina Weinz had two sisters in Winnipeg, Manitoba, who married around the same time; one of which was probably a double marriage:

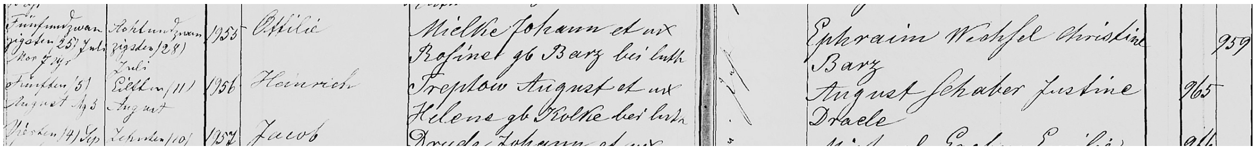
1. Emilie Weinz married William Kopischky on November 16, 1894, in Winnipeg. *1894 Winnipeg, Manitoba, Marriage Record.*

2. Caroline Weinz married Emil Schikorowsky, probably Leo's brother, on January 30, 1897, in Winnipeg. *1897 Winnipeg, Manitoba, Marriage Record.*

[128] *1883 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p413 #139.


28 März Mtz | 6 Apr | 129
Treptow August u. Helene
geb. Kolke, luth.
Samuel Barz Anna Pekrahl
Georg Jaunke Maria Lüder

[129] *1885 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record*, p160 #1956.


Fünfundzwanzigsten (25) Juli | Achtundzwanzigsten (28) Juli | 1955 | Ottilie | Mielke Johann et ux Rosine gb Barz bei luth. | Ephraim Wechsel Christine Barz | 959
Fünften (5) August | Elften (11) August | 1956 | Heinrich | Treptow August et ux Helene gb Kolke bei luth. | August Schaber Justine Draele | 965
1957 | Jacob

Heinrich (Henry) Treptow **(DNA)** claimed throughout his life he was born in Posen, Germany. On June 20, 1902, Henry Treptow arrived in Buffalo, New York, from Canada via Hamburg, Germany, when he was sixteen years of age. Heinrich Treptow had arrived in Canada on June 20, 1902. Henry Treptow filed his first *Declaration of Intention* to become a citizen of the United States on December 8, 1908, while farming in Langdon, Cavalier County, North Dakota. Heinrich (Henry) Treptow married twice. Heinrich Treptow's descendants are an *Ancestry*DNA™ match with me; although minimal (*see* Appendix A). *1908 Declaration of Intention; WWI Draft Reg; 1920 Petition for Naturalization; 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1923 Declaration of Intention; 1978 Sonoma County, California, Death Record; 1978 US Deaths; 1978 The Santa Rosa, California, Press Democrat Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Henry Treptow, Valley Cemetery, Sonoma, California).

M#1 On November 7, 1912, H. Treptow married Ellen/Helen (Nellie) Coutts (August 14, 1892, Cambusnethan, Lanarkshire, Scotland - May 1, 1972, Puyallup, Pierce County, Washington; Imm 1895 to US), daughter of Robert Coutts (December 24, 1861, Cambusnethan, Lanarkshire, Scotland – April 24, 1938, Issaquah, King County, Washington) and Margaret Webster (September 15, 1867, Wishaw, Lanarkshire, Scotland – January 18, 1943, Seattle, King County, Washington), in Seattle, King County, Washington. Henry Treptow was a carpenter, machinist and millwright. On December 13, 1920, Henry Treptow filed his *Petition for Naturalization*, and on October 13, 1923, his second *Declaration of Intention* to become a US citizen, and was living in Taylor, King County, Washington. By January 1920, the family was living in Sherwood, King County, Washington, and they had three sons. In 1930, the census had the "couple" listed, but had no information about the family or marital status. In 1931, Mrs. Nellie D. Treptow was living at 7714 13th Avenue in Seattle. In 1932, she was a widow of Henry at the same residence. I have seen other instances where the husband was alive, but were actually divorced (and sometimes abandoned their family), and the wife chose to call herself a widow, because of embarrassment. On November 6, 1932, Helen D. Treptow married Charles S. Gilbert, in the home of E. T. Clark, Seattle. In 1933, Helen Coutts Treptow Gilbert and her husband Charles S. Gilbert were living at 7714 13th Avenue, Seattle, which confirms the marriage. However, by 1934, no record of the couple could be found, and in 1940 "Helen D. Treptow" is living in Seattle and divorced. As of April 1, 1950, divorced Henry Treptow was living alone in Renton, King County, Washington. Helen/Ellen/Nellie Coutts Treptow married Ellsworth T. Wood (December 19, 1895, Crow Wing County, Minnesota – August 20, 1976, Tacoma, Pierce County, Washington) around 1961, when she moved to Sumner, Washington. Helen Coutts Treptow Wood died on May 1, 1972, in either Sumner or Tacoma, Washington. *1871 and 1881 Scotland Census; 1888 Application for Relief, Parish of Cambusnethan, Scotland* (Margaret Webster)*; 1912 King County, Washington, Marriage Certificate; WWI Draft Reg; 1920 Petition for Naturalization; 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1923 Declaration of Intention; 1938 and 1943 King County, Washington, Death Certificates; May 3, 1972, The Tacoma News Tribune Obituary; 1976 Pierce County, Washington, Death Certificate; and Gravemarker Washington Soldiers Home Cemetery, Orting, Washington* (Ellsworth T. Wood).

- Thomas Winslow Treptow (May 2, 1911, Seattle, King County, Washington – March 30, 1979, Los Angeles, Los Angeles County, California) was married twice. In 1940, Thomas Treptow and his brothers Frederick and Henry Treptow were employed by Gladding McBean & Co., Los Angeles, producer of terra cotta, clay sewer pipe, clay roof tile, pottery and other clay products. Henry Treptow's obituary does not mention his son Thomas Winslow Treptow. *1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1920 Petition for Naturalization; WWII Draft Reg; 1979 Los Angeles County, California, Death Record; 1979 US Deaths; 1979 BIRLS Deaths; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Eternal Valley Memorial Park, Newhall, California).

M#1 Thomas Winslow Treptow married Myrtle Irene Buffon (June 2, 1918, Bremerton, Kitsap County, Washington – May 30, 2004, Port Orchard, Kitsap County, Washington), daughter of William A. Buffon (b1882, Nebraska/Oklahoma) and Eva B. Drury (b1892, Washington/Nebraska), on January 3, 1933, in Seattle, King County, Washington. In August 1941, "Isabelle Reid Myrtle" filed for a divorce from Thomas W. Treptow, in King county, Washington. Around November 9, 1943, Mrs. Myrtle Treptow (25) of Minnehe, Washington, married James M. Clarke (21) of Fort Bliss, El Paso, probably in El Paso, Texas. On April 1, 1950, Myrtle I. Clarke was divorced and living alone in Bremerton, Washington. She and Thomas Winslow Treptow had abandoned their minor children, leaving their daughters in the care of her sister Ellen Buffon and husband Charles William Paddock in McMicken Heights, Washington. I have been unable to locate where they placed their two sons. On September 3, 1952, Myrtle Irene Clarke married Ray Everett York, in Kitsap County, Washington. Around July 1970, Myrtle Treptow Clarke married ________ Murray. *1918 Kitsap County, Washington, Birth Record; 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1933 King County, Washington, Marriage Certificate; August 15, 1941, The Seattle Star Divorce Filings; WWII Draft Reg; 1943 (October) El Paso Times Marriage Licenses; 1952 Kitsap County, Washington, Marriage Record; 2004 US Deaths; 2004 US Apps/Claims; 2004 Kitsap County, Washington, Death Record; 2004 Kitsap Sun Obituary* (Myrtle Irene Murray)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Eternal Valley Memorial Park, Newhall, California).

Thomas Winslow Treptow and Myrtle Irene Buffon had four known children before their divorce and/or abandonment of their children.

1. Dolores Irene Treptow (July 28, 1934, King County, Washington – December 22, 2011, Pierce County, Washington) was living with her aunt and uncle Ellen Audrey Buffon and Charles William Paddock as of April 1, 1950. She married three times.

   M#1 Harold Noll, whom she divorced on February 27, 1978, in King County, Washington. They had two children.

   M#2 Lloyd D. Flowers on March 16, 1978, in Yakima County, Washington.

   M#3 John Eugene Magneson (b~1945, Bremerton, Kitsap County, Washington) on April 18, 1979, in Bremerton, Kitsap County, Washington.

   1940 and 1950 US Census; 1978 King County, Washington, Divorce Record; 1978 Yakima county, Washington, Marriage Record; 1979 Kitsap County, Washington, Marriage Record; 2004 Kitsap Sun Obituary; and 2011 Pierce County, Washington, Death Record.

2. Thomas Eugene Treptow (January 31, 1938, Renton, King County, Washington - March 7, 1995, Seattle, King County, Washington) may have married five times.

   M#1 At age 17, a ward of the court, with his mother's permission, Thomas Eugene Treptow married Sharon Lea Fessenden (b March 19, 1937, Seattle, King County, Washington; divorced from David Bruce Preble (m July 4, 1954)), daughter of Elwin Henry Fessenden and Dorothy Beatrice Waterman, on December 9, 1955, in Kitsap County, Washington. They divorced on July 25, 1964, and Sharon Lea Fessenden Treptow married Donald Gene Stockmoe, in Kitsap County, Washington.

M#2 Karen Jean Banks (October 23, 1941, Seattle, King County, Washington – April 29, 2013, Missoula, Missoula County, Montana), daughter of Percy Reginald Banks and Leila Margaret Nichols, on February 29, 1964, in King County, Washington.

M#3 Thomas E. Treptow and Linda Marie Stenberg (b August 28, 1950, Tacoma, Pierce County, Washington), daughter of Roger W. Stenberg and Geraldine Marguerite Olson, married on August 2, 1976, in Thurston County, Washington; which he claimed to be his first marriage. They divorced on January 11, 1977, in Thurston County, Washington.

M#4 On March 18, 1980, a divorce was granted to Deborah Lee (Condell) Treptow (b July 24, 1950, Seattle, King County, Washington), wife of Thomas E. Treptow, with whom she had two children, in Spokane, Washington. She was the daughter of David J. Condell and Lela Jane Fay Hubbard.

M#5 On April 13, 1980, Thomas E. Treptow married Linda Darlene Covert (Damron) (June 15, 1946, Columbus, Franklin County, Ohio – February 27, 2014, Great Falls, Cascade County, Montana), daughter of Charles V. Covert and Nita I. Webb, in King County, Washington, but she was granted a divorce on April 30, 1982, in King County, Washington.

1939 Petition for Naturalization (Fessenden)*; 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1946 Ohio Birth Record; 1951 Lake Burien Presbyterian Church Baptism Record* (Deborah Lee Condell); *1954 King County, Washington, Marriage Certificate; 1955 King County, Washington, Marriage License; 1964 and 1976 Thurston County, Washington, Marriage Licenses; 1964 Kitsap County, Washington, Marriage Certificate; 1964 and 1980 King County, Washington, Marriage Certificates; 1976 Thurston County, Washington, Marriage Record; 1977 Thurston County, Washington, Divorce Record; 1982 King County, Washington, Divorce Record; August 22, 1986, The Olympian Obituary* (Elwin H. Fessenden)*; 1995 King County, Washington, Death Record; 1995 US Apps/Claims; 2004 Kitsap Sun Obituary*; *2013 Missoula, Missoula County, Montana, Death Certificate; 2014 Great Falls, Cascade County, Montana, Death Certificate; 2014 US Deaths* (Linda D. Covert Damron Treptow); *and 2014 Great Falls Tribune Obituary*.

3. Jack W. Treptow (August 22, 1940, Port Orchard, Kitsap County, Washington – February 26, 1992, Bremerton, Kitsap County, Washington) married Jo Anne Burgess (b February 22, 1945, Shelton, Mason County, Washington) on January 15, 1976, in Pierce County, Washington. They divorced on November 19, 1976, in Mason County, Washington, and did not have children. On December 1, 1999, Jo Anne Burgess Treptow married Milo George Wright, in Kitsap County, Washington. *1976 Pierce County, Washington, Marriage Record; 1976 Mason County, Washington, Divorce Record; 1992 Kitsap County, Washington, Death Record; and 1999 Kitsap County, Washington, Marriage License and Certificate*.

4. Sharon L. Treptow (b 1942, Washington) and her sister Dolores Irene Treptow were abandoned by their parents and left in the care of their mother's sister Ellen Buffon and husband Charles William Paddock in McMicken Heights, King County, Washington. Sharon L. Treptow was listed as being three years old in the *1950 US Census*.

M#2 Thomas Winslow Treptow married widow Elsie Genevieve Harding (1918, Manhattan, Riley County, Kansas – September 29, 1970, California), daughter of John Elzaphon Harding (August 12, 1879, Texas – March 31, 1945, Los Angeles County, California; m January 31, 1906, Geary County, Kansas) and Ollie Mae Sedam (October 28, 1888, Kansas – February 7, 1957, Los Angeles County, California), probably around 1949, as the body of her first husband, Loren Morris Zimmerman (October 3, 1914, Goodfield, McLean County, Illinois – February 1944, Africa or Acerenza, Provincia di Potenza, Basilicata, Italy), whom she married in 1936, and who was killed in the line of duty in the US Army Air Force, was returned to the United States for burial in February 1949. They were married as of April 1, 1950, and claimed her son Lawrence Jon Zimmerman, as theirs in the census. However, as of February 1957, they divorced, as Elsie was using the surname Barlow and presumably remarried. *1880, 1910, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1906 Geary County, Kansas, Marriage Record; WWI&II Draft Regs; February 28, 1949, The Bloomington, Illinois, Pantagraph Obituary* (S/Sgt. Loren M. Zimmerman)*; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Loren M. Zimmerman, White Oak Cemetery, Woodford, Illinois)*; and February 9, 1957, North Hollywood Valley Times Obituary* (Ollie Mae Harding).

- Frederick W. Treptow **(DNA)** (June 19, 1913, Taylor, King County, Washington – November 17, 2003, Granada Hills, Los Angeles County, California) married Helen Mary Thresa Gropenbacker/Groppenbacher (August 12, 1914, Naples, Ontario County, New York – June 30, 1995, Ventura County, California), daughter of Frank John Gropenbacker (November 10, 1873, Naples, Ontario County, New York – August 29, 1939, Wayland, Steuben County, New York) and Julia Elizabeth Tracey (August 9, 1879, New York – April 8, 1953, Los Angeles County, California), on June 21, 1937, in Los Angeles, California. In 1940, Frederick W. Treptow was a resident of Glendale, Los Angeles County, California, and a potter. Frederick W. Treptow served in the US Marine Corps during World War II. Frederick W. Treptow and Helen Mary Gropenbacker had two known children. Frederick W. Treptow's descendants (through his son Frederick William Treptow) are an *Ancestry*DNA™ match with me (*see* Appendix A). *1913 King County, Washington, Birth Record; 1915 New York Census; 1920, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1920 Petition for Naturalization; 1937 Los Angeles County, California, Marriage Record; WWII Draft Reg; 1942 (October) US Marine Corps Muster Roll; 1978 The Santa Rosa, California, Press Democrat Obituary; 1995 Ventura County, California, Death Record; 1995 and 2003 US Deaths; 2003 US Apps/Claims; November 19, 2003, Los Angeles Times Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Forest Lawn Memorial Park, Los Angeles, California).

1. Frederick William Treptow **(DNA)** (August 31, 1939, Burbank, Los Angeles County, California – February 21, 2003, San Bernardino County, California) married twice. *1939 Los Angeles County, California, Birth Record; 1940 and 1950 US Census; 2003 US Deaths; 2003 BIRLS Deaths; and 2003 US Apps/Claims*.

M#1 Georgene Rae Cowie (b September 14, 1942, San Diego County, California; m April 28, 1962, to Gerald L. Covell, in San Diego, California; m February 17, 1973, to Larry J. Headlee, in Las Vegas, Nevada), daughter of George Edward Cowie (1919-1966) and Mary Lena Summers (1921-2002), on August 11, 1965, in Carson City, Carson County, Nevada. They divorced in Los Angeles, California, in September 1969, and had two children. *1942 San Diego County, California, Birth Record; 1962 San Diego County, California, Marriage Record; 1965 Carson County, Nevada, Marriage Record; 1969 Los Angeles County, California, Divorce Record; and 1973 Clark County, Nevada, Marriage Record.*

(1) Katherine Anne Treptow **(DNA)** (b September 17, 1968, Glendale, Los Angeles County, California) married William Thomas Harshbarger (b January 1968, ____, California), on June 24, 1988, in Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, under the name of her step-father (or adoptive father) "Katherine Anne Headlee." Katherine Anne Treptow and her son William Thomas Harshbarger Jr. **(DNA)** (b May 6, 1994, Fresno, Fresno County, California) are *Ancestry*DNA™ matches with me (*see* Appendix A). *1968 Los Angeles County, California, Birth Record; 1988 Clark County, Nevada, Marriage Record; and 1994 Fresno County, California, Birth Record.*

(2) Unknown Treptow.

M#2 Elisera (Elsie) Berlinda Ortega (April 16, 1935, Pagosa Springs, Archuleta County, Colorado – June 2, 2010, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada), daughter of Celestino (b1890, Colorado) and Anderita Garcia (b1900, Colorado) Ortega, on February 13, 1971, in Las Vegas, Nevada, and they had two children. *1940 and 1950 US Census; 1971 Clark County, Nevada, Marriage Record; 2010 US Deaths* (Elsie Berlinda Treptow)*; and 2010 Clark County, Nevada, Death Record.*

(2) Stephen Eric Treptow (September 4, 1972, Glendale, Los Angeles County, California – November 7, 2017, Los Angeles, Los Angeles County, California). *1972 Los Angeles County, California, Birth Record; and 2017 Stephen Eric Treptow Obituary*.

(2) Unknown Treptow.

2. Donald Edward Treptow (August 9, 1941, Glendale, Los Angeles County, California – May 18, 2015, Granada Hills, Los Angeles County, California) was married at least three times. *1941 Los Angeles County, California, Birth Record; 1950 US Census; and 2015 Donald E. Treptow Obituary*.

M#1 Divorced Doris A. Watkins in March 1970, in Los Angeles California. *1970 Los Angeles County, California, Divorce Record*.

M#2 Married Sharon Lynn Reno on April 13, 1979, in Las Vegas, Nevada. *1979 Clark County, Nevada, Marriage Record*.

M#3 Married Alice M. Ballard (b~1949) on June 30, 1985, in Los Angeles County, California. *1985 Los Angeles County, California, Marriage Recor*d.

- Henry Mason Treptow (November 1, 1914, Seattle, King County, Washington – February 7, 1998, Auburn, King County, Washington) married Lovina May Downs (January 17, 1922, Calgary, Alberta, Canada – February 20, 2006, Renton, King County, Washington; Imm 6/14/1939, Eastport, Idaho; 1949 m Garland Junior Rost (1922-1995)), daughter of Albert Tolley Downs (September 24, 1900, Prospect, Bingham County, Idaho – May 25, 1983, Seattle, King County, Washington) and Alice Mary Doherty (October 20, 1899, Celbridge Town, Celbridge, Kildare, Ireland – December 27, 1985, Gray's Harbor, Hoquiam County, Washington; m 1919, Calgary, Alberta, Canada), on June 3, 1939, in Taylor, King County, Washington. As of April 1, 1950, Henry M. Treptow was living alone in the Ontario Hotel Apartments, in Seattle, while Lovina Rost and her husband Garland Rost were residents of Renton, Washington. *1901 and 1911 Ireland Census; 1900 Bingham County, Idaho, Birth Certificate; 1914 King County, Washington, Birth Record; 1919 Calgary, Alberta, Marriage Record; 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1920 Petition for Naturalization; 1939 US Border Crossing Record for Eastport, Idaho; 1939 King County, Washington, Marriage Certificate; WWII Draft Regs; 1942 US Army Enlistment Record* (Garland Junior Rost)*; 1949 King County, Washington, Marriage Record; 1953 Renton, Washington, City Directory; 1978 The Santa Rosa, California, Press Democrat Obituary; 1983 and 1998 King County, Washington, Death Record; 1983, 1985, 1995, 1998 and 2006 US Deaths; 1985 Hoquiam County, Washington, Death Record; 1995, 1998, 2003 and 2006 US Apps/Claims; 1995 and 2006 King County, Washington, Death Records; 1995 BIRLS Deaths; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Mountain View Cemetery, Auburn, Washington; Gravemarker Garland J. Rost and Lovina May Downs Rost, Greenwood Memorial Park, Renton, Washington).

Henry Mason Treptow and Lovina May Downs had three children, one known; all of whom were apparently abandoned by both parents as of April 1, 1950:

1. Maureen Lovina Treptow (March 25, 1940, Seattle, King County, Washington – April 4, 2003, Auburn, King County, Washington) married William Francis Galvin (February 8, 1936, Jersey City,

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Hudson county, New Jersey – October 18, 2012, Newport News, Virginia), son of James F. Galvin (b February 5, 1909, Brooklyn, Kings County, New York) and Eleanor M. _____ (May 17, 1908, New Jersey – December 26, 1994, Jersey City, New Jersey), on May 5, 1961, in San Francisco, California. They divorced in 1984, in New London, Connecticut, and William Galvin married Sandra ________. *1909 Kings County, New York, Birth Certificate; 1940 US Census; 1961 San Francisco County, California, Marriage Record; 1984 New London County, Connecticut County, Divorce Record; 1994 Hudson County, New Jersey, Death Record; 2003 King County, Washington, Death Record; 1994, 2003 and 2012 US Deaths; 1994 and 2003 US Apps/Claims; 2012 Newport News, Virginia, Death Record; 2012 BIRLS Death Record; 2012 Newport News Daily Press Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker William Francis Galvin, State Veterans Cemetery, Middletown, Connecticut). Maureen Lovina Treptow and William Francis Galvin had two children:

(1) Cheryl Ann Galvin (b July 18, 1962, Portsmouth, Virginia). ____ *Virginia Delayed Birth Certificate; and 2012 Newport News Daily Press Obituary*.

(2) Mark Andrew Galvin (October 6, 1964, Groton, New London County, Connecticut – April 20, 2009, Uncasville, New London County, Connecticut). *2009 New London County, Connecticut, Death Record; 2009 US Deaths; and 2012 Newport News Daily Press Obituary*.

2. Unknown Treptow.

3. Unknown Treptow.

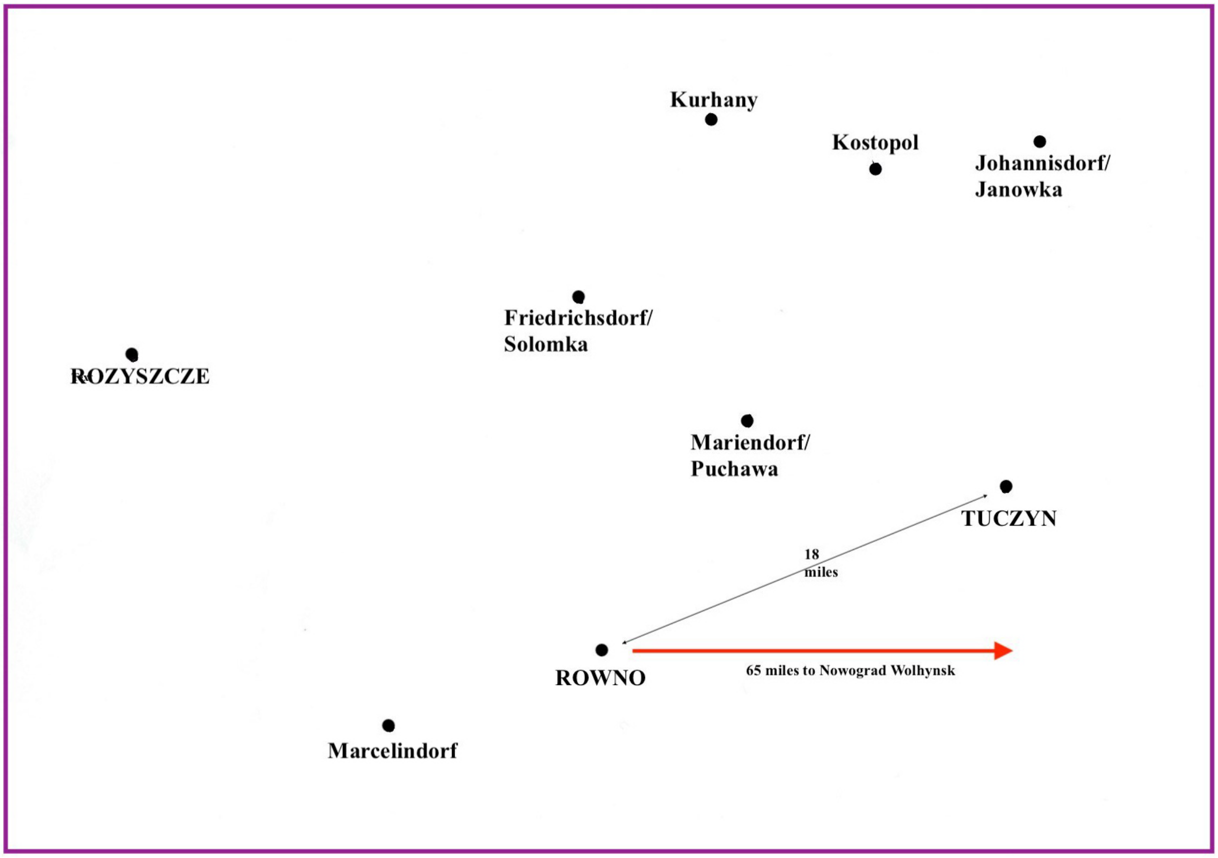
M#2 Heinrich (Henry) Treptow married Eva R. Black (October 6, 1899, Chicago, Cook County, Illinois – May 27, 1997, King County, Washington), daughter of James Robert Black (June 7, 1867, Dundee, Scotland – August 7, 1953, Everett, Snohomish County, Washington; Imm 1872 to US) and Carrie Louise Elkins (April 1870, Illinois – October 13, 1950, Everett, Snohomish County, Washington). Eva Black first married Chester Teachman (December 11, 1895, Ward, Boulder County, Colorado – April 15, 1977, Skagit County, Washington), a resident of Seattle, Washington, on February 10, 1920, in Detroit, Michigan. They had six children (Elva, James, Jack, Wilbur, Norman and Philip Teachman), but in 1940, Eva Black Teachman was listed as a widowed head of household, even though Chester Teachman was very much alive and using the same address of 2501 State Street, Everett, Washington. It appears Chester Teachman married Cora Creglow Straight in Portland, Oregon, in 1946. As of April 1, 1950, Eva Black Teachman is divorced and living in Snohomish, Washington. She is buried with Henry Treptow in Valley Cemetery, Sonoma, California. *1899 Cook County, Illinois, Birth Certificate; 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1920 Wayne County, Michigan, Marriage Record; WWI&II Draft Regs; 1935, 1941 and 1944 Everett, Washington, City Directories; 1946 Multnomah County, Oregon, Marriage Record; 1950 Snohomish County, Washington, Death Record; August 8, 1953, The Everett Daily Herald Obituary; 1977 Skagit County, Washington, Death Record; 1978 The Santa Rosa, California, Press Democrat Obituary; 1997 King County, Washington, Death Record; 1997 US Deaths; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Henry and Eva Treptow, Valley Cemetery, Sonoma, California).

[130] Rudolf Treptow and Wilhelmine Treptow Molzahn were Godparents of Emilie Geier (b August 8, 1906, Lugardia, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Julianne Treptow and Karl Geier, on August 9, 1906. He was not Rudolph Treptow (b1896), son of Wilhelm Treptow and Mathilde Stubelt, who was only ten years old at the time and had emigrated to Canada in 1901 with his parents. He may have been a child of Helene Kolke and August Treptow born after 1885, when records are unavailable. *1906 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p88 #757.

[131] *1863 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p26 #21.

CH 11: WIESE FAMILY IN VOLHYNIA

[1]My great grandmother's maiden name was *Wilhelmine Wiese*. Tracking down possible parents, siblings and relatives for *Wilhelmine Wiese* in Volhynia was difficult and possibly was not definitive. *Ancestry*DNA™ matches with descendants of one and possibly two Wiese families helped to investigate *Wilhelmine Wiese's* possible roots. *See* Appendix A. Wiese families were located in the Solomka/Friedrichsdorf about 15 miles north of Rowno and 65 miles west of Nowograd Wolhynsk.[132]



Pomerania has a very complicated and confusing history, which is difficult to decipher. It appears Farther Pomerania, which was also known as Hinterpommern and Eastern Pomerania, was part of the Province of Pomerania, of Brandenburg-Prussia. After the Thirty Years War, the Province of Pomerania consisted only of Farther Pomerania. Prussia regained the territory in 1772 in its first annexation of Poland. A sliver of western Farther Pomerania was part of Swedish Pomerania. Between 1806 and 1813, Napoleon II occupied Pomerania. On June 15, 1815, the Congress of Vienna awarded Pomerania to Prussia. Prussia became the Kingdom of Prussia on October 23, 1815, and the entirety of Pomerania became the Prussian Province of Pomerania, which existed until the end of World War II, when Poland's borders were moved westward. The village/town of Rügenwalde is located on the Baltic Sea coast, and may have been a residence of the Wiese family. Rügenwalde is now known as Darłowo, Poland.

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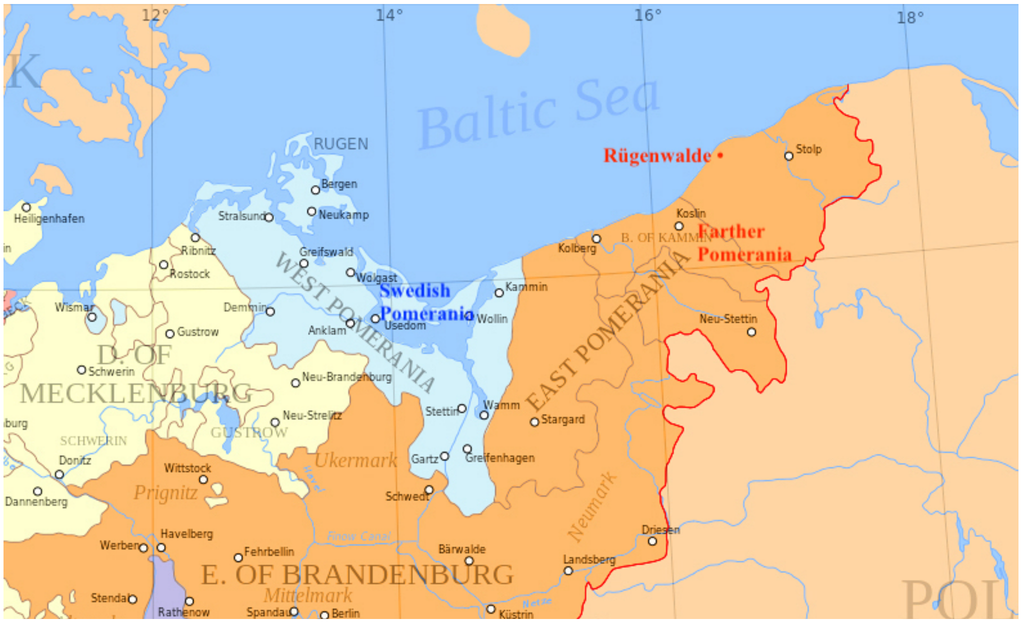
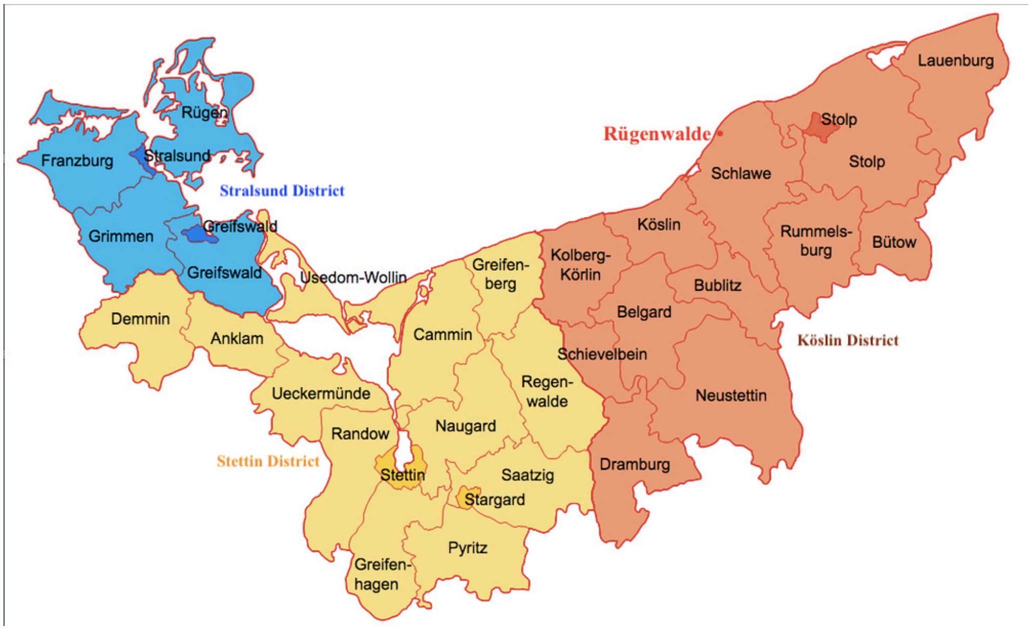
[1] The *Wiese Family Tree* is found in Appendix E.


12°
14°
16°
18°
Baltic Sea
RUGEN
Bergen
Neukamp
Stralsund
Heiligenhafen
Ribnitz
Rostock
Greifswald
Wolgast
Swedish
Pomerania
WEST POMERANIA
Usedom
Wollin
Kammin
Demmin
Anklam
Wismar
Gustrow
D. OF MECKLENBURG
Schwerin
SCHWERIN
GUSTROW
Neu-Brandenburg
Neu-Strelitz
Donitz
Dannenberg
Wittstock
Prignitz
Ukermark
Gartz
Greifenhagen
Stettin
Wamm
Stargard
Schwedt
EAST POMERANIA
Kolberg
B. OF KAMMIN
Koslin
Farther
Pomerania
Rügenwalde
Stolp
Neu-Stettin
Neumark
Driesen
Landsberg
Havelberg
Werben
Fehrbellin
Bärwalde
E. OF BRANDENBURG
Mittelmark
Stendal
Rathenow
Spandau
Berlin
Küstrin
POL

Pomerania 1653-1815


Rügen
Stralsund
Franzburg
Stralsund District
Grimmen
Greifswald
Greifswald
Usedom-Wollin
Demmin
Anklam
Ueckermünde
Randow
Stettin District
Stettin
Naugard
Cammin
Greifen-berg
Regen-walde
Saatzig
Stargard
Pyritz
Greifen-hagen
Kolberg-Körlin
Belgard
Schievelbein
Dramburg
Köslin
Bublitz
Neustettin
Rügenwalde
Schlawe
Stolp
Stolp
Lauenburg
Rummels-burg
Bütow
Köslin District

Pomerania 1815-1945

The patriarch of the Wiese family may have been *Gottfried Wiese* (b1781, Farther Pomerania, Brandenburg-Prussia), whose wife's name may have been *Efrosina Emerran* (sic) (b1781, Farther Pomerania, Brandenburg-Prussia).[133]

I identified six probable children[134] of *Gottfried Wiese and Efrosine Emerran*,[2] all of whom resided and had families in Solomka, also known as Friedrichsdorf, located about twenty five miles north of Rowno, Volhynia, Russia, as of 1836 (the first year of *St. Petersburg Archives* records) and into the late 1850s. Around the mid-1850s, some of the five and most of their children began moving eastward to the area between Nowograd Wolhynsk and Shitomir, where they settled in or near Rohrbach/Beresowka and Nepoznanitschi.[135]

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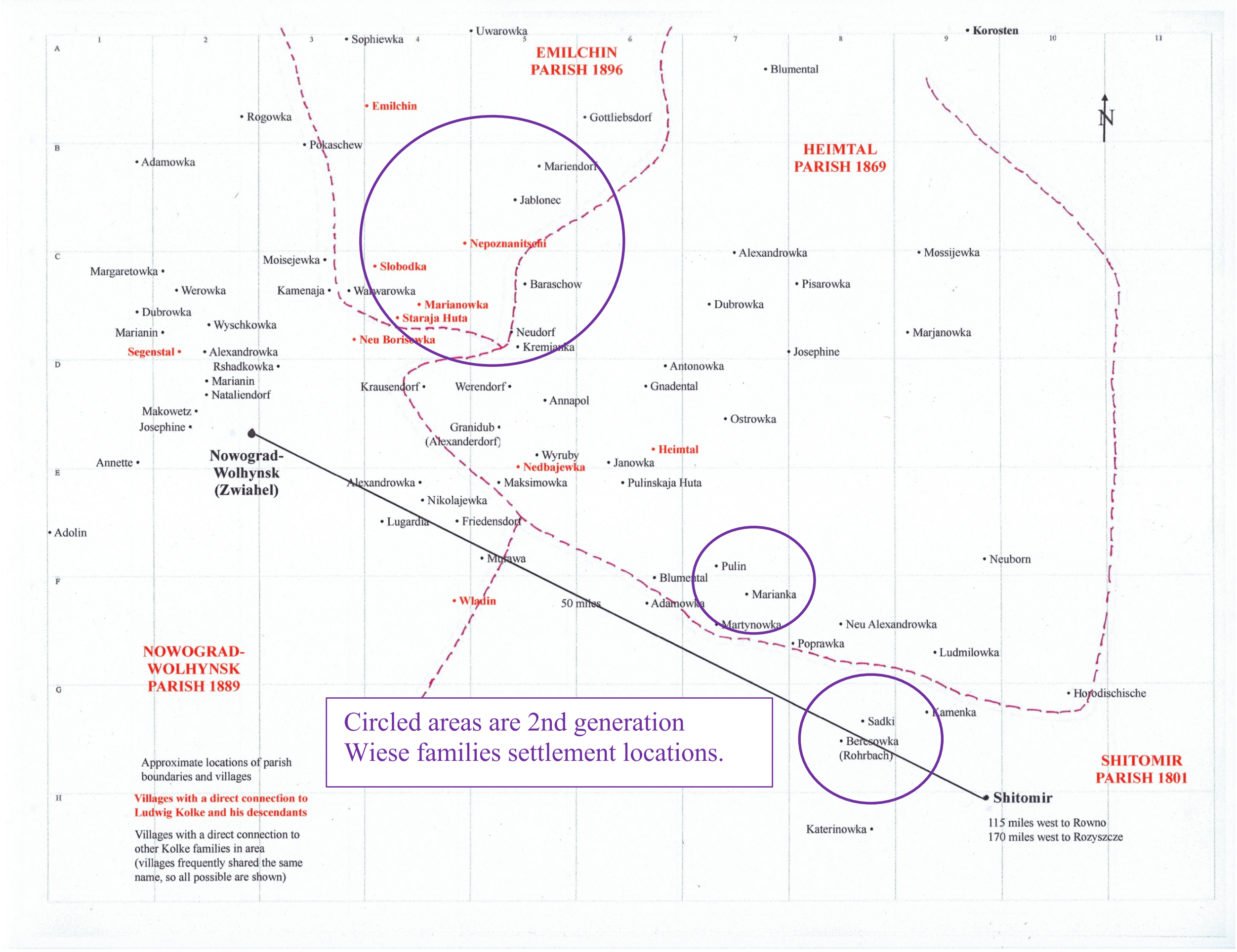
[2] As with the Kolke families, I have color coded each family in order to track their movements, children, and relationships with each other.


Sophiewka
Uwarowka
Korosten
EMILCHIN PARISH 1896
Blumental
Emilchin
Rogowka
Gottliebsdorf
N
Pokaschew
Adamowka
Mariendorf
HEIMTAL PARISH 1869
Jablonec
Nepoznanitschi
Alexandrowka
Mossijewka
Moisejewka
Slobodka
Margaretowka
Werowka
Kamenaja
Wawarowka
Baraschow
Pisarowka
Dubrowka
Marianowka
Dubrowka
Staraja Huta
Wyschkowka
Marianin
Neudorf
Marjanowka
Neu Borisowka
Kremjanka
Segenstal
Alexandrowka
Josephine
Rshadkowka
Antonowka
Marianin
Nataliendorf
Krausendorf
Werendorf
Gnadental
Annapol
Makowetz
Josephine
Ostrowka
Granidub
(Alexanderdorf)
Nowograd-Wolhynsk (Zwiahel)
Heimtal
Wyruby
Annette
Nedbajewka
Janowka
Alexandrowka
Maksimowka
Pulinskaja Huta
Nikolajewka
Lugardia
Friedensdorf
Adolin
Murawa
Neuborn
Pulin
Blumental
Marianka
Wladin
50 miles
Adamowka
Martynowka
Neu Alexandrowka
Poprawka
Ludmilowka
NOWOGRAD-WOLHYNSK PARISH 1889
Horodischische
Kamenka
Sadki
Beresowka
(Rohrbach)
SHITOMIR PARISH 1801
Shitomir
115 miles west to Rowno
170 miles west to Rozyszcze
Katerinowka
Approximate locations of parish boundaries and villages
Villages with a direct connection to Ludwig Kolke and his descendants
Villages with a direct connection to other Kolke families in area (villages frequently shared the same name, so all possible are shown)
A
B
C
D
E
F
G
H
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11

Circled areas are 2nd generation Wiese families settlement locations.

- Johann Wilhelm Wiese **(DNA)** (1810, Farther Pomerania, Brandenburg-Prussia ->September 8, 1853, ____).[136]
- Wilhelm Wiese (1812, French occupied Farther Pomerania ->August 14, 1858, ____)[137] or[3] Caroline/Carolina Wiese (1812, French occupied Farther Pomerania ->September 7, 1852, ____).[138]
- *Karl/Carl Heinrich Ernst Wiese* (February 28, 1815, Rügenwalde, Russian occupied Farther Pomerania ->July 1854, ___).[139]
- Ludwig Wiese **(DNA?)** (~1816, Province of Pomerania, Kingdom of Prussia ->July 1860 <September 18, 1863, probably Beresowka/Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia).

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[3] I have been unable to determine which of Wilhelm Wiese or Caroline Wiese was the probable child of *Gottfried Wiese and Efrosine Emerran*, although Wilhelm Wiese's birth in Pomerania is interesting vis-à-vis his possible siblings as was that the Wilhelm Wiese family settled in the Rohrbach/Beresowka area. The wife in those times generally lived with and followed her husband and his family.

- Ernst Wiese (1820, Province of Pomerania, Kingdom of Prussia - ≥1852, possibly Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia).
- ____ Wiese (____-____). On March 25, 1847, Mariane Wiese along with Johann Wilhelm Wiese, Ernst Wiese and Julianne Müller Wiese sponsored the baptism of Henriette Mariane Wiese (March 4, 1847, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Wilhelm Wiese and Caroline Wiese, in Friedrichsdorf/Solomka, Shitomir Parish. The baptism involves five of the six Wiese families. Mariane Wiese was probably her married name, and I could not locate her husband.[140]

Johann Wilhelm Wiese **(DNA)** married Anna (Johanna) Müller (____, probably West Prussia, Prussia - >September 7, 1852, ____),[141] probably in Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia. Anna (Johanna) Müller was probably the daughter of Johann Muller and sister of Juliane Müller,[142] the second wife of *Karl/Carl Wiese* (whose first wife was probably my great great grandmother *Charlotte Mylke/Milke/Mielke*). Johann Wilhelm Wiese and Anna (Johanna) Müller had five known children; three of whose descendants are *Ancestry*DNA™ matches with me.[4] Three of Johann Wilhelm Wiese's siblings (and some of their spouses) were Godparents to his children, which further confirms the family relationship.[143]

- Martin Wilhelm Wiese (November 28, 1836, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 12, 1836, Shitomir Parish – December 19, 1901, Orange County, California).[144]
- Friedrich Heinrich Caspar Wiese (October 7, 1842, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 14, 1842, Shitomir Parish (GP: Friedrich Daniel Mylke and Juliana Müller) – ≥1888, probably Volhynia, Russia).[145]
- Charlotte Fredericke Wiese **(DNA)** (March 2, 1845, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 14, 1845, Shitomir Parish (GP: Wilhelm Wiese and Ludwig Wiese) - ≥January 15, 1882, ____).[146]
- Hermann Ludwig Wiese **(DNA)** (December 24, 1846, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 27, 1846, Shitomir Parish (GP: Wilhelm Wiese and Henriette Lindner Wiese) - ≥1885, ____).[147]
- Anna Wiese **(DNA)** (September 19, 1849, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia – November 19, 1940, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota).[148]

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[4] I cannot rule out based upon the *Ancestry*™ DNA matches as well as an available space in known births, circa 1841, that Johann Wiese and Anna Müller may be the parents of *Wilhelmine Wiese*; especially when I have been unable to locate confirming documentary evidence of her parentage, along with the fact there are no *Ancestry*™ DNA matches with known descendants of *Karl/Carl Wiese*. There is a slight *Ancestry*™ DNA match (4th cousin or 3rd cousin 1x removed) with a Mielke family, for whom I have been unable to locate any connection. However, none of her possible Johann Wilhelm Wiese and Anna Müller siblings, nor their spouses or their children, were Godparents to any of *Wilhelmine Wiese and Ludwig Kolke's* children; nor was *Wilhelmine Wiese or Ludwig Kolke* a sponsor to any of the children of Johann Wilhelm Wiese and Anna Müller. Geography may have been a factor; although *Wilhelmine Wiese Kolke* who lived in Nedbajewka sponsored children (probably a niece and nephew, who were children of Karl Sonnenberg and Charlotte Wiese) in Rohrbach/Berezowka, in 1867 and 1879.

Wilhelm Wiese married Carolina Wiese; one of whom was probably a child of *Gottfried Wiese and Efrosine Emerran*. They had two, and probably three, known children[149] born in Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia. Their second known child Henriette Wiese's baptism is significant, as it was sponsored by Wieses from three of the four other identified *Gottfried Wiese* families. Only "Mariane Wiese" is unidentified.

- Johann Carl August Wiese (August 9, 1836, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 15, 1836, Shitomir Parish – ≥1878, ____).[150]
- Henriette Mariane Wiese (March 4, 1847, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 25, 1847, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Wilhelm Wiese, Ernst Wiese, Mariane Wiese, and Julianne Müller Wiese) - ≥June 15, 1884, ____).[151]
- Wilhelm Wiese (~1850, possibly Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia - >March 1888, ____).[152]

Ludwig Wiese **(DNA?)**[153] married Henriette Lindner (____ - ≥July 25, 1867 <June 24, 1868, Rohrbach/Berezowka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia) on June 26, 1843, in Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia, on the same date and at the same place as *Carl Wiese* married his second wife Juliana Müller, probably in a double ceremony.[154] Sometime between 1852 and 1857, the Ludwig Wiese family moved eastward toward Nowograd Wolhynsk and Shitomir, as evidenced by son Wilhelm Wiese's death in Josephine in April 1857, and son Ernst Wiese's birth in Beresowka in 1858. They were not found in the late *1857 Revisions/Censuses* for Annette or Josephine. Ludwig Wiese and Henriette Lindner had five known children before his death.

- Karoline Charlotte Wiese (b March 31, 1850, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 23, 1850, Shitomir Parish (GP: Ernst Wiese and *Joachim Milke*).[155]
- Johann Martin Wiese **(DNA?)** (May 21, 1852, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 7, 1852, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Wilhelm Wiese, Caroline (Wiese) Wiese, and Martin Müller[156]) – December 25, 1925, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota).[157]
- Wilhelm Wiese (July 1856, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia – April 24, 1857, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia).[158]
- Ernst Wiese (1858, Beresowka/Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia – March 20, 1914, possibly Kulischi (located just south of Emilchin), Volhynia, Russia; bur Slobodka).[159]
- Anna Charlotte Wiese (March 25, 1861, Beresowka/Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 18, 1861, Shitomir Parish (GP: Heinrich Kühn)).[160]

Widow Henriette Lindner Wiese married Johann Abend (November 18, 1843, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia – May 9, 1931, Portland, Multnomah County, Oregon), son of Heinrich Abend and Louise Balwand, on September 18, 1863, probably in Berezowka/Rohrbach, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia. However, on June 24, 1868, probably in Berezowka/Rohrbach, Johann Abend married Eva Maria Schön (1841, Volhynia, Russia – July 24, 1903, Pokaschew, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Michael Schön and Johanna ____, widow of Michael Kropp (1808 – >January 1867 <June 24, 1868, Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia).[161]

Ernst Wiese was probably a brother of Wilhelm Wiese, Johann Wilhelm Wiese, Ludwig Wiese and *Carl Wiese* based upon his children's Godparents and geography. Ernst Wiese married

Helene/Magdaline Hammer (1820, Congress Poland, Russia – February 15, 1858, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bur February 18, 1858, Shitomir Parish), probably in 1845-46, probably in Solomka/Friedrichsdorf. I could not locate Ernst Wiese, Helene/Magdaline Hammer or any of their children after the last of their three known children's baptism. They may have never left the Friedrichsdorf/Solomka area.[162]

- Carl Heinrich Wiese (b December 12, 1846, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 20, 1846, Shitomir Parish (GP: Wilhelm Wiese, *Carl Wiese*, Henriette Lindner Wiese and Anna Müller Wiese) - >August 24, 1880).[163]

- Johann August Wiese (b June 30, 1850, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 23, 1850, Shitomir Parish (GP: Wilhelm Wiese and Anna Müller Wiese)).[164]

- Juliane Charlotte Wiese (January 13, 1853, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 8, 1853, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Wiese and Julianne Müller Wiese)).[165]

Karl/Carl Heinrich Ernst Wiese's first marriage was to *Charlotte Mylke/Mielke/Milke* (1818 - <June 26, 1843, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia),[166] possibly the daughter of *Joachim Milke* (1783/84, Prussia – March 2, 1852, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia),[167] and occurred on January 21, 1837, in Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia.[168] They had three, and probably four, children before *Charlotte Mylke Wiese's* death, which probably occurred in 1842, but possibly as late as early 1843, possibly as a result of the birth of *Wilhelmine Wiese*.[169] I chronologically ordered *Karl/Carl Heinrich Ernst Wiese's* daughters (from both marriages) for whom I did not locate birth/baptism records, based upon the known dates of their marriages as well as their stated ages in their burial records.

- Charlotte Wiese (1837-38, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – April 30, 1907, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia).[170]

- Karl Gottlieb Wiese (March 1839, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – October 29, 1909, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia).[171]

- Ludwig Wiese (December 19, 1840, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 27, 1840, Shitomir Parish (GP: Ludwig Wiese) - >March 28, 1902, ____).[172]

- *Wilhelmine Wiese* (~1842, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - 1915-16, Woronesch (Voronezh), Russia, while being deported by Tsarist Russia).[173]

Charlotte Wiese married Karl Sonnenberg (____ - >July 1878 <April 30, 1907, ____) on January 5, 1862, in the Shitomir Parish.[174] This may have been Karl Sonnenberg's second marriage.[175] They had six known children.[176] On March 28, 1877, Charlotte Wiese Sonnenburg sponsored Auguste Kolke, daughter of her probable sister *Wilhelmine Wiese and Ludwig Kolke*.[177]

- Johann Sonnenberg (1862, Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia – December 6, 1882, Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia).[178]

- Henriette Karoline Sonnenburg(er) (January 4, 1866, Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 17, 1867, Shitomir Parish (GP: Gottfried Sonnenburger and Henriette Strohschein Wiese)).[179]

- Wilhelmine Marie Sonnenburg(er) (March 2, 1867, Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 19, 1867, Shitomir Parish (GP: Wilhelm Wiese and Wilhelmine Rössler Wiese) - ≥May 11, 1902, ____).[180]

- Emilie Sonnenburg (April 8, 1870, Staraja Huta, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 17, 1870, Heimtal Parish (GP: Johann Wiese)).[181]
- Wilhelm Sonnenburg (January 3, 1875, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 19, 1875, Heimtal Parish - <April 20, 1944, probably Ukraine SSR).[182]
- Eduard August Sonnenberg (April 16, 1879, Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 29, 1879, Heimtal Parish (GP: *Wilhelmine Wiese Kolke*)).[183]

Karl Gottlieb Wiese married widow Susanna (geboren Ströbel) Pansegrau (1837, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – March 30, 1912, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Paul Ströbel (1798 – 1851; HH#24, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; son of Paul Ströbel) and Anna Krüger (49=1802; daughter of Peter Krüger), on September 12 1862, in the Shitomir Parish. Karl Gottlieb Wiese and Susanna Ströbel had two known children.[184]

- Johann Wiese (January 30, 1866, Grüntal (near Gnadenthal), Volhynia, Russia – February 6, 1866, Grüntal, Volhynia, Russia).[185]
- Adolph Wiese (b January 25, 1867, Grüntal, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 5, 1867, Shitomir Parish).[186]

Ludwig Wiese may have married only once, but may have had children with three different women. On November 27, 1867, in the Shitomir Parish, Ludwig Wiese married Christine Rach (possibly late 1840s, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia - ≥January 12, 1875, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia), probably the daughter of August Rach and Anna Maria Mauch.[187] Ludwig Wiese and Christine Rach had five known children.

- Gustav Wiesse (June 2, 1869, Staraja Hutte, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 8, 1869, Shitomir Parish - >May 1911, ____).[188]
- Johann Wiese (November 12, 1870, Staraja Hutte, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 29, 1870, Heimtal Parish - >March 1913, ____).[189]
- Albertine Wilhelmine Wiese (b December 18, 1871, Staraja Hutte, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 18, 1871, Heimtal Parish).[190]
- Hulda Wiese (January 20, 1874, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap ____, Heimtal Parish (GP: Friedrich Wiese and Justine Sonnenberg)).[191]
- Mathilde Wiese (b January 12, 1875, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 14, 1875, Heimtal Parish (GP: Friedrich Wiese)).[192]

Ludwig Wiese may have been the father of three “illegitimate” children of Louise Drews, who were born in Oskarburg (located just north of Nepoznanitschi), Volhynia, Russia; all with the Wiese surname identifying “Ludwig Wiese” as their father, and all baptisms registered in 1883.[193]

- Caroline Wiese (b August 5, 1878, Oskarburg, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 13, 1878, Heimtal Parish (GP: Heinrich Wiese)).[194]
- Emilie Wiese (b January 24, 1881, Oskarburg, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 1, 1881, Heimtal Parish).[195]
- Ernst Samuel Wiese (b June 26, 1883, Oskarburg, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 29, 1883, Heimtal Parish).[196]

Ludwig Wiese and Christine Sonnenberg had a child, who is not listed as "illegitimate" in the church baptism record - which clearly identifies them as her parents. Euphrosine Wiese is not listed in the *Odessa3* database, but I located her when searching the actual records for Hulda Wiese. Euphrosine Wiese's baptism record, with her parent's names, was located immediately below that of Ludwig Wiese and Christine Rach's daughter Hulda Wiese (who did not have a date for her baptism, but did have her birth date of 1874) in the *1880 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record*. I could not identify Christine Sonnenberg to determine if she was related to Karl Sonnenberg or Gottfried Sonnenberg.

- Euphrosine Wiese (October 13, 1879, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 24, 1880, Heimtal Parish (GP: Heinrich Wiese and Louise Schmidt) - ≥September 10, 1909, ____).[197]

After *Charlotte Mylke Wiese's* death, *Karl/Carl Wiese* married Juliane Müller (January 1, 1823, possibly Province of Pomerania, Prussia - >March 21, 1855, ____), on June 26, 1843, in Shitomir Parish; the same day his brother Ludwig Wiese married Henriette Lindner. Juliana Müller was confirmed in 1837, probably in Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Shitomir Parish.[198] Juliane Müller was the probably the daughter of George Müller (b~1787) and Maria Fnunig(?) (b~1786), and the sister of Anna/Johanna Müller, wife of Johann Wilhelm Wiese, *Karl/Carl Wiese's* brother. On October 14, 1842, Juliane Müller and Friedrich Daniel Mylke were Godparents to Friedrich Heinrich Caspar Wiese, son of Johann Wilhelm Wiese and Anna Müller. They had five known children. Juliane Müller Wiese probably raised the three or four children from *Karl/Carl Wiese's* marriage to *Charlotte Mylke*.

- Karoline Wiese (1844, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia – August 13, 1913, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia).[199]
- Johann Martin Wiese (August 1, 1845, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 24, 1845, Shitomir Parish (GP: Martin Müller (brother of Anna (Johanna) Müller; m Caroline Schröder), Johann Wilhelm Wiese and Caroline (Wiese) Wiese) - >April 7, 1885, ____).[200]
- Wilhelm Ernst Wiese (October 9, 1846, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 30, 1846, Shitomir Parish (GP: Wilhelm Wiese, Caroline Schröder Müller and Wilhelmine Koch Wiese) - >1886, ____).[201]
- Friedrich Johann Wiese (August 3, 1850, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 23, 1850, Shitomir Parish (GP: Wilhelm Wiese) – 1923, Nepoznanitschi, Ukraine SSR).[202]
- Johanna Charlotte Wiese (b March 21, 1855, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 22, 1855, Shitomir Parish (GP: uncle Wilhelm Wiese and half-sister Charlotte Wiese)).[203]

Wilhelmine (Mina, Minnie) Wiese married *Ludwig Kolke* son of *Michal Kolke and Eleanora Reich*, on July 16, 1863, in the Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia, possibly by Pastor Peter Stelz.[204] They had at least eleven children born in the Nedbajewka-Slobodka-Marianowka area of the Shitomir and Heimtal Evangelical Lutheran Parishes of Volhynia, Russia.

Children (or their spouse) of *Karl/Carl Wiese* were the Godparents/sponsors of three of *Wilhelmine Wiese and Ludwig Kolke's* children.

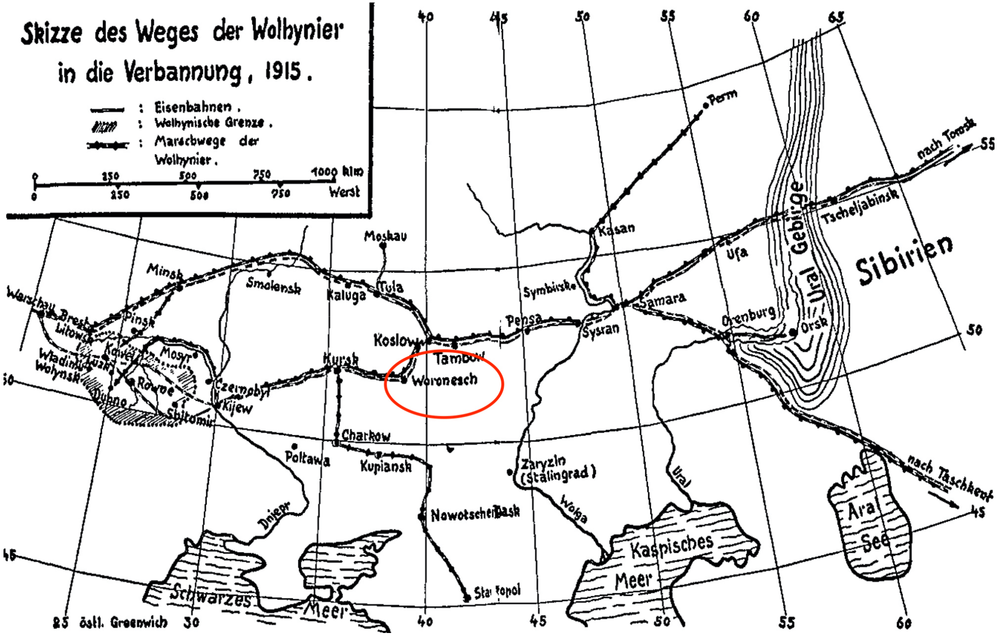
- Johann Wiese (*Wilhelmine Wiese's* half-brother) sponsored Johann Kolke in 1875, in Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia.
- Charlotte Wiese Sonnenberg (*Wilhelmine Wiese's* sister) and Daniel Kolke sponsored Auguste Kolke[205] in 1877, in Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia.
- Pauline Böttcher Wiese (*Wilhelmine Wiese's* sister-in-law via half-brother Wilhelm Ernst Wiese) sponsored Pauline Kolke, in 1879, in Heimtal, Volhynia, Russia.

Wilhelmine Wiese Kolke was also Godparent to sister Charlotte Wiese and Karl Sonnenberg's son Eduard August Sonnenberg in April 1879.

Wieses, other than *Wilhelmine Wiese (and Ludwig Kolke)*, were also sponsors of other *Kolke* children, on at least four occasions:

- Caroline Wiese Sonnenberg (*Wilhelmine Wiese's* probable half-sister) sponsored Maria Lydia Böhm, daughter of Karl Böhm and Wilhelmine Kolke (daughter of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass), in 1882, in Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia.
- Wilhelm Wiese and Mathilde Kolke sponsored Maria Kolke, daughter of Wilhelm Kolke (son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass) and Natalie Eggert, in 1900, in Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia.
- Emilie Wiese (and Gottlieb Freitag) sponsored Rudolf Freitag, son of Maria Kolke (daughter of Heinrich Kolke (son of Andreas Kolke and Maria Biberdorf) and Emilie Hoffman) and Gustav Freitag, in 1900.

According to her daughter Augustine (Auguste) Kolge (Kolke) Kleinfeld's *EWZ Application*, *Wilhelmine Wiese Kolke* died in Woronesch (Voronezh), Russia, located 900km east of Shitomir and 500km south of Moscow, which was on the known July 1915 deportation route (and also the site of a massive battle during World War II). *Wilhelmine Wiese Kolke's* death occurred during her deportation by the Tsar during World War I.[206]


Skizze des Weges der Wolhynier in die Verbannung, 1915.
: Eisenbahnen.
: Wolhynische Grenze.
: Marschwege der Wolhynier.
0
250
500
750
1000 klm
Werst
Warschau
Brest Litowsk
Wladimir Wolynsk
Kowel
Pinsk
Minsk
Mosyr
Rowno
Dubno
Shitomir
Kijew
Czernobyl
Smolensk
Kaluga
Tula
Moskau
Kursk
Koslow
Tambow
Woronesch
Charkow
Poltawa
Kupiansk
Nowotscherkask
Stavropol
Dnjepr
Schwarzes Meer
Pensa
Symbirsk
Sysran
Samara
Kasan
Perm
Ufa
Orenburg
Orsk
Ural Gebirge
Tscheljabinsk
nach Tomsk
Sibirien
Zaryzin (Stalingrad)
Wolga
Ural
Kaspisches Meer
Aral See
nach Taschkent
25 östl. Greenwich
30
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45
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55
60
65

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[132] I located possible connections to *Wilhelmine Wiese* by applying the same methodology used to identify *Kolke* family members (i.e. *Evangelical Lutheran Church Baptism/Marriage/Burial records*, *EWZ* documents, *NKVD/KGB* records, *SGGEE Zhitomir Parish records*, and any other available reliable information). I examined the original of every baptism, marriage and burial record cited in *Odessa3 Evangelical Lutheran Church Records* for the period 1836-1885. *Zhitomir Archive* documents for the Shitomir, Heimtal, Nowograd Wolhynsk and Emilchin Parishes for the period 1900-1919 were translated by the *SGGEE* and appear to be accurate. I also obtained and reviewed hundreds of pages of *EWZ* records which are cited in this document. I only utilized sites such as the *SGGEE Master Pedigree Database (MPD), Ancestry.com*, *FamilySearch*, *Find-a-Grave* and others (where posted family genealogy is frequently purely speculative, and generally copied and constantly repeated by others), as "search engines," but not as a primary source.

[133] *1837 Evangelische Kirche Zhitomir (Wolhynien) Heiraten/Marriage Record*, page 173, Family History Library (FHL) Film #007769319, page 85 of 343, for *Karl Wiese and Charlotte Milke*. According to the *SGGEE MPD*, which is undocumented, *Gottfried Wiese* married Christina Cramer (b1780, Schlawe, Pomerania, Sweden). However, I could not identify Christina Cramer as *Gottfried Wiese's* wife (and *Karl Wiese's* mother) in the cited record. *See below.*

[134] One of two "Wilhelmine Wieses" may have been a part of the family, including through marriage. However, there is insufficient evidence to even speculatively include them in this publication.

#1 Wilhelmine Wiese (____ - >March 12, 1855) married August Gottlieb Sievert (1816, Prussia* – March 12, 1855, Friedrichsdorf/Solomka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia) on September 20, 1845, in a double ceremony with his brother Johann Sievert and Christina Jeske in the Shitomir Parish, probably in Friedrichsdorf/Solomka. If Wilhelmine Wiese was close in age to August Gottlieb Sievert, she would have been in the same age range of the other known *Gottfried Wiese and Efrosine Emerran* children. She may have married Friedrich Heidelberg in Rozyszcze on August 9, 1864. *1845* (p242 #13) *and 1864* (p33 #29) *Shitomir Parish Marriage Records; and 1855 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p280 #28 (Age 38, settler, married, buried March 16th in the Friedricksdorf Lutheran cemetery).

#2 Wilhelmine Wiese (1823, Prussia* - November 28, 1883, Staraja Huta, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia), widow of ____ Wiese, married Christoph Mohr (____-____) on September 22, 1855, probably in Friedrichsdorf/Solomka, Shitomir Parish. They lived in Friedrichsdorf until the early 1870s, before moving to the Nieposnanetz area of the Shitomir/Heimtal Parish, where Johann Carl August Wiese, Henriette Mariane Wiese Schott, *Karl Wiese*, Ludwig Wiese and Charlotte Wiese also resided. They had four known children in Friedrichsdorf and another five known children in Nieposnanetz, the last of whom was born when Wilhelmine Wiese Wiese Mohr was fifty eight years of age. However, other than late occurring geography (which was probably due to Christoph Mohr), I could not locate any other connection between this Wilhelmine Wiese and *Gottfried Wiese and Efrosine Emerran*. In fact, her unknown first husband could have been the connection, if there was one. *1855 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p289 #27 (wife widow, geboren Wiese)*; and 1883 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p880 #278 (Age 60 years, born in Prussia, maiden name was Wiese, husband was Christoph Mohr).

*Pomerania was part of Prussia.

[135] The following chart shows the distribution of the Wiese families in Volhynia, including the important separation of the families of Johann Wilhelm Wiese, Wilhelm Wiese, Ernst Wiese, Ludwig Wiese and *Karl Wiese* from those of Friedrich Wiese and Edward Fryderyk Wiese/Weiss, who were centered in Gnadenthal.

Berezowka/Rohrbach
Area

1858-1861
Ludwig Wiese &
Henriette Lindner

1858-1867 & 1879
Charlotte Wiese &
Karl Sonnenberg

1869-1892
Martin Wilhelm
Wiese
& Wilhelmine Rösler

1869-1885+
Hermann Ludwig
Wiese &
Henriette Ströhschein

1871-1885
Johann Martin Wiese
& Anna Wiese

1858
Wilhelm Wiese &
Carolina Wiese

1858
Charlotte Wiese

Nepoznanitschi
Mariendorf
Staraja Huta Area

1869-1878
Johann Carl
August Wiese &
Wilhelmine Steiniger

1869-1884
Henriette Mariane
Wiese &
Ludwig Hermann
Schott

1869-1875
Ludwig Wiese &
Christine Rach

1870
Karl Wiese &
Julianne Müller

1870
Charlotte Wiese &
Karl Sonnenberg

1877-1885
Wilhelm Wiese &
Euphrosine Pottratz

1879
Ludwig Wiese &
Christine Sonnenberg

1880-1885
Johann August Wiese
& Christine Pohl

Marianka
Jerusalemka
Pulin Area

1875-1882
Charlotte Fredericke
Wiese &
Wilhelm Frederkink

Nedbajewka

1875
Charlotte Wiese &
Karl Sonnenberg

1864-1877
Wilhelmine Wiese &
Ludwig Kolke

Solomka/
Friedrichsdorf

1836-1853
Johann Wilhelm
Wiese &
Anna Müller

1836-1858
Wilhelm Wiese &
Carolina Wiese

1837-1842

Karl Wiese &
Charlotte Mylke

1843-1855
Karl Wiese &
Julianne Müller

1845-1858
Ernst Wiese &
Helene Hammer

1843-1856
Ludwig Wiese &
Henriette Lindner

A probably unrelated Wiese family, which originated in Congress Poland, settled in the Gnadenthal area.

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[136] Johann Wilhelm Wiese sponsored Julianne Charlotte Wiese, Johann Karl Gottlieb Schmalz (son of Luise Milke) and Anna Rosina Schröder on September 8, 1853, in Friedrichsdorf. *1853 Shitomir Parish Baptism Records,* p319 #s 47, 55 and 57.

[137] Wilhelm Wiese was the Godfather of Christine Müller, daughter of Martin Müller and Caroline Schröder, on August 14, 1858, in Friedrichsdorf/Solomka. *1858 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p804 #18.

[138] On September 7, 1852, in Friedrichsdorf/Solomka, Shitomir Parish, Caroline Wiese was the Godparent to Anna Carolina Müller, daughter of Martin Müller and Caroline Schröder, and also of Johann Martin

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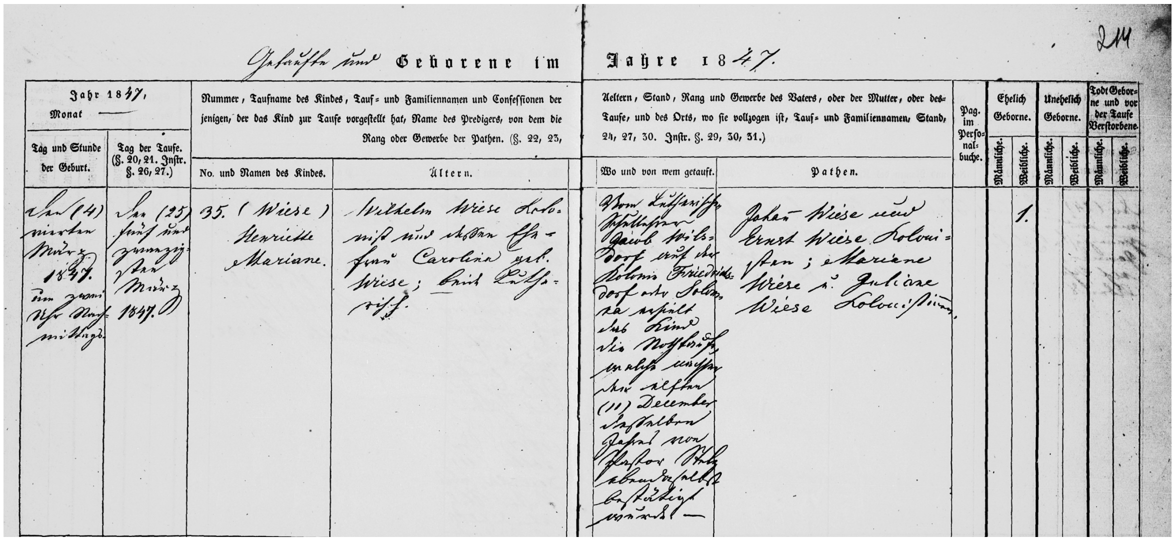
Wiese, son of Ludwig Wiese and Henriette Lindner. *1852 Shitomir Parish Baptism Records,* p317 #s 44 and 48.

[139] *Karl/Carl Heinrich Ernst Wiese's* complete name is located in his son Karl Gottlieb Wiese's death/burial record. *1909 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p171 #537.

Karl Wiese, Johanna Müller Wiese and Carolina Wiese sponsored Anna Carolina Müller (b February 25, 1852, Friedrichsdorf/Solomka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 7, 1852, Shitomir Parish, daughter of Martin Müller (Anna (Johanna) Müller Wiese and Julianne Müller Wiese's brother) and Caroline Schröder, on September 7, 1852, in Friedrichsdorf/Solomka, Shitomir Parish. Her baptism was the same day as Johann Martin Wiese s/o Ludwig Wiese and Henriette Lindner (GP: Johann Wiese, Caroline Wiese and Martin Müller). *1852 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p317 #s 44 and 48.

[140] *1847 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p214 #35.



Getaufte und Geborene im Jahre 1847.

214

Jahr 1847, Monat — Tag und Stunde der Geburt.	Tag der Taufe. (§. 20, 21. Instr. §. 26, 27.)	No. und Namen des Kindes.	Ältern.	Wo und von wem getauft.	Pathen.	Pag. im Personalbuche.	Ehelich Geborne. Männliche.	Ehelich Geborne. Weibliche.	Unehelich Geborne. Männliche.	Unehelich Geborne. Weibliche.	Todt Geborne und vor der Taufe Verstorbene. Männliche.	Todt Geborne und vor der Taufe Verstorbene. Weibliche.
Den (4) vierten März 1847. um zwei Uhr Nachmittags.	Den (25) fünf und zwanzigsten März 1847.	35. (Wiese) Henriette Mariane.	Wilhelm Wiese Kolonist und dessen Ehefrau Carolina geb. Wiese; beide Lutherisch.	Vom Lutherischen Schullehrer Jacob Wilsdorf auf der Kolonie Friedrichsdorf oder Solomka erhielt das Kind die Nothtaufe, welche aber den elften (11) December desselben Jahres von Pastor [illegible] [illegible] bestätigt wurde —	Johan Wiese und Ernst Wiese Kolonisten; Mariane Wiese u. Juliane Wiese Kolonistinnen.			1.				

(Column heads as printed: "Nummer, Taufname des Kindes, Tauf- und Familiennamen und Confessionen derjenigen, der das Kind zur Taufe vorgestellt hat, Name des Predigers, von dem die Rang oder Gewerbe der Pathen. (§. 22, 23," — "Aeltern, Stand, Rang und Gewerbe des Vaters, oder der Mutter, oder des- Taufe, und des Orts, wo sie vollzogen ist, Tauf- und Familiennamen, Stand, 24, 27, 30. Instr. §. 29, 30, 31.)")

"Marianne Wiese," who was probably born circa 1820s, only appears once in every FHL film birth/marriage/death record between 1836 and 1857, for which I reviewed every entry line by line.

[141] Johanna Müller Wiese was the Godfather of Anna Carolina Müller, daughter of her brother Martin Müller and Caroline Schröder, on September 7, 1852, in Friedrichsdorf/Solomka. *1852 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p317 #44.

[142] Anna (Johanna) Müller's and Juliana Müller's one known brother Martin Müller (40=1801/02, probably West Prussia, Prussia – November 15, 1855,* Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia) married his fellow Borroschau** resident Caroline (geb Dannecka) Schröder (27=1814/15, probably West Prussia, Prussia - >August 12, 1858, ____), widow of Johann Schröder, on June 5, 1842, in the Preussisch Stargard Evangelical Lutheran Church. They had three known children, whose births/baptisms aligned with the migration of the Wiese family. *1842 Preussisch Stargard, Kreis Preussisch Stargard, Province of Prussia, Prussia, Evangelische Kirche Marriage Record,* p102 #8 (FHL #208253)*; and 1855 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p279 #24 (44Y, born Furstnan (sic), Prussia).

A Martin Müller sponsored Mathilde Abend (b July 25, 1867, Rohrbach; bap August 13, 1867, Shitomir Parish) daughter of Henriette Lindner Wiese and Johann Abend) on August 13, 1867, in the Shitomir Parish.

This Martin Müller would have been between 56 and 66 years of age at the time, which is probably too old to have been a Godparent. *1867 Shitomir Parish Baptism Records,* p523 #402.

**Borroschau, now Borzechowo, Poland, is located 65km southwest of Gdansk (Danzig), 300km northwest of Warsaw and 800km northwest of Solomka/Friedrichsdorf. With the First Partition of Poland, the area of the Preussisch Stargard district was annexed by the Kingdom of Prussia in 1772 and became part of the newly formed province of West Prussia, which was divided into six large districts, including the Stargard District. As part of a comprehensive district reform, a new, smaller Preussisch Stargard district was formed on April 1, 1818, containing the towns of Dirschau and Preussisch Stargard. From December 3, 1829, to April 1, 1878, the provinces of West Prussia and East Prussia were united to form the Province of Prussia.

• Wilhelm Ernst Müller (b May 18, 1850, Friedrichsdorf/Solomka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 23, 1850, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Wiese and Wilhelm Wiese)). His baptism record was next to that of Karoline Charlotte Wiese d/o Ludwig Wiese and Henriette Lindner (GP: Ernst Wiese, Joachim Milke and Charlotte Techmann), and he was baptized the same day as was Johann August Wiese s/o Ernst Wiese and Helene Hammer (GP: Wilhelm Wiese and Anna Muller Wiese). *1850 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p243 #61.

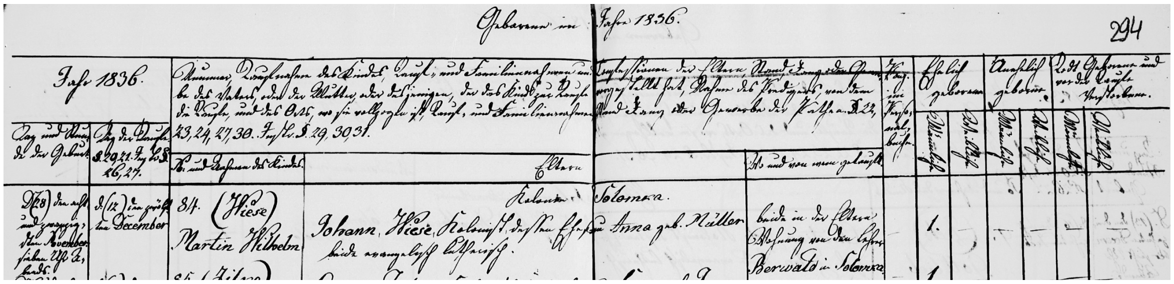
• Anna Carolina Müller (b February 25, 1852, Friedrichsdorf/Solomka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 7, 1852, Shitomir Parish (GP: Karl Wiese, Johanna Müller Wiese and Carolina Wiese)). Her baptism was the same day as Johann Martin Wiese s/o Ludwig Wiese and Henriette Lindner (GP: Johann Wiese, Caroline Wiese and Martin Müller). *1852 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p317 #44.

• Christine Müller (b August 12, 1858, Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 14, 1858, Shitomir Parish (GP: Wilhelm Wiese, Charlotte Wiese (d/o Karl Wiese and Charlotte Mylke) and Christine Klebe)). *1858 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p804 #18.

Also, on September 8, 1853, in the Shitomir Parish, Johann Wilhelm Wiese, Anna Schmalz, Wilhelm Wiese and Juliane Müller Wiese sponsored the baptism of Anna Rosina Schröder, daughter of Ernst Schröder (probably Caroline Schröder's brother) and Rosina Kuhlbrei. *1853 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p319 #57.

[143] Three of Johann Wilhelm Wiese's children's descendants share *Ancestry*DNA™ with *Wilhelmine Wiese Kolke*, with minimal strength, but none of them were the Godparents any of *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese's* children. I suspect the *Ancestry*DNA™ matches merely confirm *Karl Wiese* as a brother of Johann Wilhelm Wiese. *See* Appendix A.

[144] *1836 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p294 #84.



Jahr 1836.

294

84. (Wiese) Martin Wilhelm

Johann Wiese

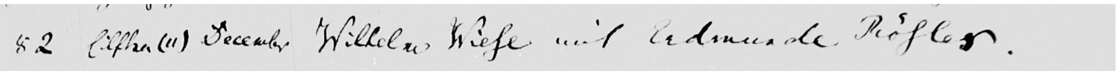
Solomka.

Anna geb. Müller

Berwald in Solomka

Martin Wilhelm Wiese married Wilhelmine (Erdmunde, Ermunde, Ernstine) Rösler (November 1847, Warsaw, Congress Poland – 1901, Orange County, California), on December 11, 1866, in Shitomir Parish. Martin Wilhelm Wiese, a farmer, and his wife Wilhelmine (Minnie) Wiese emigrated to the United States on the *SS Kaiser Wilhelm II* (the same ship taken by my grandfather *Eduard Kolke* in 1903), arriving in

New York City, on July 18, 1893, with six of their eight known children: Auguste Wiese (21); Mathilda Wiese (19); Alwine Wiese (17); Fritz Wiese (7); Gustav Wiese (4); and Sophie Wiese (9 months). Their destination was Anaheim, California. They were accompanied by Erdmann Rösler (age 32, farmer), probably Wilhelmine's brother (for whom no further information could be located). On June 1, 1900, the Martin Wiese family was living in Anaheim Township, Orange County, California, where Martin Weise (64, October 1835) was a farmer. Wilhelmine Weise (52, November 1847) was identified as "Matilda" in the census, and reported she had a total of six children, five of whom were still living. She must have been referring to the number of children who had come to the United States, not all of her children. Four of their children were living with them: Augusta Weise (27; November 1872); Fred Weise (15; November 1884); Gus Weise (12; October 1887); and Sophia Weise (8; March 1892). Martin Wilhelm Wiese and "Minnie" Rösler Wiese both died in 1901, and they are buried in Anaheim Cemetery, Anaheim, Orange County, California. *1866 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p650 #82.


82 Elften (11) December Wilhelm Wieſe mit Erdmunde Röſler.

1893 SS Kaiser Wilhelm II Manifest; 1900 US Census; 1901 Orange County, California, Death Record (Martin Wiese)*; 1944EWZ942666* (Emilie Wiese Wiese) *A3342EWZ50-J018 0608; and Find-a-Grave* (Minnie Wiese Gravemarker, Anaheim Cemetery).

• Emilie Wiese (April 5, 1869, Hubosna,* Volhynia, Russia; bap May 20, 1869, Shitomir Parish - >August 20, 1944, ____) married her first cousin Ernst Wiese (1858, Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia – March 20, 1914, Kulischi (located just south of Emilchin), Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia), son of Ludwig Wiese and Henriette Lindner, in 1887, in Kulischi. As of August 20, 1944, Emilie Wiese Wiese was living in Scharnikau, which was probably in German occupied Poland. Six known children were born to Ernst Wiese and Emilie Wiese, one of whom was shot by the NKVD and two of whom received ten year prison terms. *1870 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p237 #766*; 1914 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p110 #240 (55Y, born Shitomir, married, buried Slobodka)*; and 1944EWZ942666* (Emilie Wiese Wiese) *A3342EWZ50-J018 0608, 0614.*

1. Gustav Wiese (December 26, 1893, Kulischi, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >April 25, 1942) was living with his brother Oswald Wiese in Malin when he was arrested by the Zhitomir UNKVD under Article 54-6 (espionage) of the Ukrainian Criminal Code, on June 22, 1941; the same day Hitler invaded the Soviet Union. On April 25, 1942, Gustav Wiese was sentenced by a special conference with the USSR NKVD to ten years imprisonment in a corrective labor camp (gulag). *NKVD Arrest #637; 1944EWZ942666; and A3342EWZ50-J018 0608.*

2. Robert Wiese (1900, Kulischi, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 12, 1900, Emilchin Parish (GP: August Bartz) – shot December 21, 1937, probably Vinnitsa Oblast, Ukraine SSR (south of Shitomir)), was living in Malin with his wife Nadja ___, and son Viktor Wiese, when he was arrested by the Vinnitsa UNKVD, on July 20, 1937, under Article 54-1 "a" (high treason), 54-7 (conducting subversive activities), and 54-11 (being a member of an anti-Soviet organization) of the Ukrainian Criminal Code. Robert Wiese was tried by two USSR NKVD on December 14, 1937, and sentenced to the maximum punishment (death). He was "rehabilitated" in 1989. *1900 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p33 #209*; 1944EWZ942666; and NKVD Arrest #642.*

3. Adele Wiese (b March 19, 1902, Kulischi, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 21, 1902, Emilchin Parish). *1902 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record*, p98 #26.

4. Elisabeth Wiese (June 26, 1907, Kulischi, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 8, 1907, Emilchin Parish – November 15, 1907, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia). *1907 Emilchin Parish Baptism* Record, p150 #305*; and 1907 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p210 #233.

5. Hubert Woldemar Wiese (b February 14, 1909, Kulischi, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 15, 1909, Slobodka, Emilchin Parish (GP: Reinhold Biberdorf, husband of Auguste Kolke, daughter of Heinrich Kolke and Emilie Hoffman, who died in Slobodka, Volhynia, Ukraine SSR in September 1931, and was allegedly too old to be sent to Siberia)). *1909 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p87 #95.

6. Oswald Wiese (September 4, 1911, Kulischi, Emilchin Parish; bap October 2, 1911, Slobodka, Emilchin Parish (GP: Reinhold Biberdorf) - >April 25, 1942) was living with his brother Gustav Wiese in Malin when he was arrested by the Zhitomir UNKVD under Article 54-6 (espionage) of the Ukrainian Criminal Code, on June 22, 1941; the same day Hitler invaded the Soviet Union. On April 25, 1942, Oswald Wiese was sentenced by a special conference with the USSR NKVD to ten years imprisonment in a corrective labor camp (gulag). *1911 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p14 #107*; NKVD Arrest #641; and A3342EWZ50-J018 0608.*

- Auguste Ottilie Wiese (December 11, 1871, Kleschtschin,* Volhynia, Russia; bap January1872, Shitomir Parish - >June 1, 1900, ____) emigrated to the United States with her parents, arriving in New York on July 18, 1893. Auguste Wiese was living with her parents in Anaheim, Orange County, California, as of the date of the *1900 US Census*. *1872 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p509 #184*; 1893 SS Kaiser Wilhelm II Manifest; and 1900 US Census.*

- Hulda Wiese (b January 12, 1874, Kleschtschin,* Volhynia, Russia; bap September 3, 1874, Shitomir Parish) did not emigrate to the United States with her parents. *1874 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p515 #464*; and 1893 SS Kaiser Wilhelm II Manifest.*

If Hulda Wiese was alive and didn't emigrate to the US after her parents, and if she married, then she is one of four Hulda Wiese's from Wiese families born in the 1870s and early 1880s, whom I have located; against two known marriages. I don't believe this Hulda Wiese married either Johann Graminski before 1902, or August Besler in 1909.

- Mathilde/Mathilda Wiese (September 2, 1875, Kleschtschin,* Volhynia, Russia; bap September 14, 1875, Shitomir Parish – December 23, 1897, Los Angeles, Los Angeles County, California) emigrated to the US with her parents. Matilda Wiese died in Los Angeles, California, where she was living at 926 West Washington Boulevard. She is buried in the Anaheim Cemetery, with a gravemarker "Sister Matilda Wiese 1877-1897." *1876 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p516 #764*; 1893 SS Kaiser Wilhelm II Manifest; 1897 Los Angeles County, California, Death Record; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Anaheim Cemetery).

- Alwine (Lena) Wiese (April 5, 1878, Kleschtschin,* Volhynia, Russia; bap April 14, 1878, Shitomir Parish – February 9, 1969, Orange County, California) emigrated to the US with her parents. Alwine Wiese appears to have changed her given name to "Lena" in America. Her death record states her mother's maiden name was "Rasler." She never married and is buried next to her brother Gus Wiese, who also never married. From at least the mid-1920s into 1950, Lena Wiese lived/boarded with the Sparkes family in Anaheim, California. At the time of her death her residence was in Placentia, Orange County, California. *1878 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p587 #906*; 1893 SS Kaiser Wilhelm II Manifest; 1900, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1924 Anaheim, California, City Directory; 1969 Orange County, California, Death Record; 1969 US Deaths; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Anaheim Cemetery).

- Fritz (Fred/Friedrich) Wiese (November 1884, Kleschtschin,* Volhynia, Russia – December 20, 1968, Long Beach, Los Angeles County, California) emigrated to the US with his parents. Fred (Fritz) Wiese claimed he was born in Berlin on December 20, 1884, but the ship's manifest and *1900 US Census* (born November 1884) confirm he was born in "Russia," i.e. Volhynia. On August 3, 1918, Fred Wiese married Alta Maud Denend (September 1, 1887, Belle Plaine, Benton County, Iowa – January 26, 1957, Los Angeles, Los Angeles County, California), daughter of John Nelson Denend (1861-1943) and Laura Myrtle Creamer (1868-1951), in Los Angeles, California. On October 13, 1926, Fred Wiese was a resident of Long Beach Township, California, when he filed his *Petition for Citizenship*. Interestingly, Fred stated he entered the United States from Tampico, Mexico, at Galveston, Texas, on the SS Alabama, on June 29, 1913; not in 1893 with his parents, which he indicated on the *1920 US Census* (1892). Fred and his brother Gus Wiese were real estate brokers and partners in the Long Beach business Wiese & Wiese. Fred and Alta Maud Denend Wiese had two sons. Fred Wiese died in Long Beach, California, on December 20, 1968, in Los Angeles County, probably Long Beach. *1893 SS Kaiser Wilhelm II Manifest; 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1915 and 1919 Long Beach, California, City Directories; WWI&II Draft Regs; 1918 Los Angeles County, California, Marriage Record; August 1, 1918, The Long Beach Daily Telegram Marriage Announcement; 1926 Petition for Citizenship; 1942 Iowa Birth Affidavit; 1951 Long Beach Press-Telegram Obituary* (Laura Myrtle Creamer Denend)*; 1957 and 1968 Los Angeles County, California, Death Records; and 1968 US Deaths.*

1. Dale Frederick Wiese (June 12, 1921, Long Beach Township, Los Angeles County, California – January 22, 1985, Orange County, California) and his brother Don Wiese owned and operated Wiese Brothers General Contracting and Real Estate in Long Beach, California, beginning in 1946. Dale Frederick Wiese married twice. *1921 Los Angeles County, California, Birth Record; 1926 Petition for Citizenship; 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; WWII Draft Reg; 1968 Long Beach Independent Funeral Notice* (Don Wiese)*; 1985 Orange County, California, Death Record; 1985 BIRLS Deaths; and 1985 US Deaths.*

M#1 Gloria Gene Farfan (July 13, 1925, San Diego, San Diego County, California – April 29, 1972, Orange County, California), daughter of Roberto (Robert L.) Farfan (January 9, 1885, Tehuacana, Mexico – October 16, 1945, San Francisco County, California) and Irene Isabell Knowlton (July 1, 1888, Los Angeles County, California – November 6, 1944, Los Angeles County, California), on May 17, 1948, in Long Beach, California. *1925 San Diego County, California, Birth Record; 1948 California Marriage Record; 1948 Long Beach Press-Telegraph Marriage Announcement; 1950 US Census; and 1972 Orange County, California, Death Record.*

M#2 Jean S. Seelbach Crane (May 9, 1924, Kentucky – May 20, 1986, Huntington Beach, Orange County, California; m Myron Steven Bernard on June 20, 1945, in Lexington, Kentucky; m Frank Crane on September 29, 1966, in Los Angeles, California), daughter of Otto Seelbach and Jean Wells, on June 11, 1974, in Los Angeles County, California. *1966 Orange County, California, Marriage Record; 1974 Orange County, California, Marriage Record; and 1986 US Deaths.*

- Don Wesley Wiese (August 7, 1923, Long Beach Township, Los Angeles County, California – February 19, 1968, Long Beach, Los Angeles County, California) married Rita Jean Ryan (August 18, 1922, Douglas, Converse County, Wyoming – October 8, 2010, Los Angeles, Los Angeles County, California), daughter of Timothy J. Ryan and Mary Ann (Mamie) McAdaragh, on June 25, 1947, in California. They had two known children: Steven Wiese and Gail Wiese (b1944/45). Don Wiese is buried in Forest Lawn Memorial Park, Cypress, Orange County, California. *1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1923 Los Angeles County, California, Birth Record; 1924 Converse County, Wyoming, Birth Record* (Mary Ann McAdaragh Ryan)*; 1926 Petition for Citizenship; WWII Draft Reg; 1947 California Marriage Record; 1968 Los Angeles County, California, Death Record; 1968 and 2010 US Deaths; 1968 US Apps/Claims; February 21, 1968, Long Beach Independent Funeral Notice; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Forest Lawn Memorial Park, Cypress, California).

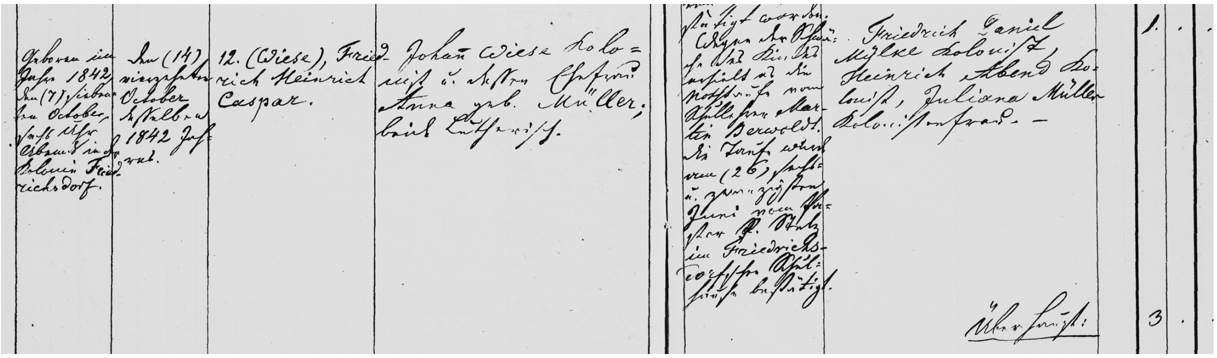
- Gustav (Gus) Wiese (October 1887, Kleschtschin,* Volhynia, Russia – April 4, 1973, Long Beach, Los Angeles County, California) emigrated to the US with his parents. "Gus" Wiese claimed he was born in Germany on November 21, 1886/89, but the ship's manifest and *1900 US Census* (born October 1887) confirm he was born in "Russia," i.e. Volhynia. Gus and his brother Fred Wiese were real estate brokers and partners in the Long Beach business Wiese & Wiese. Gus Wiese never married and is buried next to his sister Lena (Alwine) Wiese in Anaheim Cemetery. *1893 SS Kaiser Wilhelm II Manifest; 1900, 1920 and 1940 US Census; WWI&II Draft Regs; 1915, 1919 and 1932 Long Beach, California, City, Directories; 1973 Los Angeles County, California, Death Record; 1973 US Deaths; and Find-a-Grave.*

- Sophia Margaret Wiese (September 2, 1892, Kleschtschin,* Volhynia, Russia – May 11, 1987, Long Beach, Los Angeles County, California) emigrated to the US with her parents, when she was nine months old, arriving on July 18, 1893. Sophie Margaret Wiese's parents, Martin Wilhelm Wiese and Minnie Rassler, obtained a California Birth Certificate for Sophie Margaret Wiese, which indicates she was born in Anaheim, Orange County, California, on September 2, 1892; even though she accompanied them on the *SS Kaiser Wilhelm II* from Bremen at the age of 9 months and was listed as born in Russia in the *1900 US Census*. They probably did this to obtain native born US citizenship for Sophie. However, the date of birth is probably accurate. On October 16, 1910, Sophia M. Wiese married Luther Thompson Walton (November 2, 1886, Somerville, Middlesex County, Massachusetts – July 5, 1947, Los Angeles County, California), son of James T. Walton (b September 1859, New Brunswick, Canada) and Ella R. Killam (b April 1863, New Brunswick, Canada), in Los Angeles, California. They had one known child. *1893 SS Kaiser Wilhelm II Manifest; 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930 and 1940 US Census; 1892 Orange County, California, Birth Record; 1910 Los Angeles County, California, Marriage Record; October 17, 1910, Long Beach Press Marriage Announcement; WWI&II Draft Regs; 1947 and 1987 Los Angeles County, California, Death Records; 1987 US Deaths; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Sophie M. Walton, Forest Lawn Memorial Park, Cypress, California).

    1. Mildred Frances Walton (May 3, 1914, Long Beach Township, Los Angeles County, California – April 16, 2002, Long Beach, Los Angeles County, California) married widower Royal (Roy) Roscoe Boulter (September 11, 1894, Grand Forks County, North Dakota – May 5, 1954, Orange County, California; August 24, 1929, married Hazel Virginia Rhymer (1910, Tennessee – October 13, 1938, Los Angeles County, California) in Santa Ana, California), an automobile dealer, son of Royal Boulter (b November 1867, Minnesota) and Christina Middlemass (b June 1869, Canada), on August 5, 1939, in Yuma, Yuma County, Arizona. They did not have children. *1914 Los Angeles County, California, Birth Record; WWI&II Draft Regs; 1929 California Marriage Record; 1936, 1938, 1940 and 1945 Long Beach, California, City Directories; 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1938 Los Angeles County, California, Death Record; 1939 Yuma County, Arizona, Marriage License; 1939 Long Beach Press Telegram Marriage Announcement; 1954 Orange County, California, Death Record; 1954 US Veterans Administration Master Index; 1954 and 2002 US Apps/Claims; and 2002 US Deaths.*

*Kleschtschin and Hubosna were villages near Beresowka (Rohrbach). *EWZ* records state a birth in Beresowka, but Shitomir Parish baptism records state the births occurred in Kleschtschin/Hubosna. Later births in the same family were recorded as occurring in Rohrbach.

[145] *1843 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p177 #12.



Geboren im Jahre 1842 den (7) siebenten October, [illegible] Abends in der Colonie Friedrichsdorf.

Den (14) vierzehnten October desselben 1842 Jahres.

12. (Wiese), Friedrich Heinrich Caspar.

Johann Wiese Colonist u. dessen Ehefrau Anna geb. Müller, beide lutherisch.

[illegible] worden. Wegen der Abwesenheit [illegible] vom Schullehrer Martin Berwoldt. Die Taufe wurde den (26) sechs u. zwanzigsten Juni vom Pastor P. [illegible] in Friedrichsdorf [illegible] bestätigt.

Friedrich Daniel Mylke Colonist, Heinrich Abend Colonist, Juliana Müller Colonistenfrau. —

Ueberhaupt:

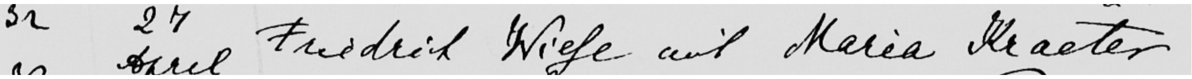
1.

3

Friedrich Heinrich Caspar Wiese's Godparents were Friedrich Daniel Mylke (probable brother of *Charlotte Mylke*, *Karl Wiese's* first wife) and Juliana Müller (*Karl Wiese's* second wife). Other than his baptism record, I did not see his two middle names in any other record, which made it difficult to determine if he died before getting married, or to determine who he married, if anyone.

Friedrich Heinrich Casper Wiese did not marry Karoline/Karolina Dorothea Kellert/Keller (August 1, 1840, Stanislau, Nowy Dwór Parish, Congress Poland, Russia – bur August 15, 1906, Lindental, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Jakob Kehler. She married Friedrich Wiese (April 1, 1840, Stanislau, Nowy Dwór Parish, Congress Poland, Russia – April 8, 1909, Lindental, Volhynia, Russia), son of Michael Wiese and Ewa Mielke/Mylke, in 1858, in the Nowy Dwór Evangelical Parish, Congress Poland, Russia. Friedrich Heinrich Casper Wiese (b1842) would only have been sixteen years old in 1858, and was clearly born in Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia; 500km southeast of Stanislau, Nowy Dwór Parish, Congress Poland, Russia. His father was probably born in Farther Pomerania, Brandenburg-Prussia, so there was probably no genetic connection between the families; although some of Friedrich Wiese and Karolina Dorothea Keller's probable children were Godparents of grandchildren of Johann Wilhelm Wiese and Anna Müller. *1858 Nowy Dwór Parish of the Church of the Augsburg Confession Marriage Record,* entry #54 (Fryderyk Wiese, son of Michael Wiese, and Karolina Kehler, daughter of Jakob Kehler)*; 1906 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p243 #255 (Karoline Dorothea Wiese, 66Y, husband Friedrich, born Nowy Dwór Parish, Poland, died in Lindental of typhus)*; 1909 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p224 #299 (69Y, father Michael, widower, born Nowograd Volynsky Parish, died in Lindental)*; and 1944EWZ906097* (Daughter Pauline Wiese Kallasch) (*A3342EWZ50-D060 2004*).

I don't believe Friedrich Heinrich Casper Wiese married Anna Maria Kräter/Kraeter (____ - ____, probably Gnadenthal, Volhynia, Russia), on May 27, 1869, in the Shitomir Parish. They had ten known children; none of whose Godparents/sponsors were members of Friedrich Heinrich Casper Wiese's immediate and extended family, which is highly suspect.* *1869 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p309 #32.



32 27 April Friedrich Wiese mit Maria Kraeter

*Others assert, without the documentation (such as exists for Friedrich Wiese and Karolina Dorothea Keller), that it was Edward Fryderyk "Weiss" (b1848, Nowa Wies, Congress Poland, Russia) who married Anna Maria Kröter/Kroeter (b1848, Stuttgart, Baden-Wurttemberg, Prussia), and had twelve children; ten of whom were the same as those identified as the possible children of Friedrich Heinrich Caspar Wiese and Anna Maria Kräter. Edward Fryderyk "Weiss" could have been the son of son of Michael Wiese and thus, Friedrich Wiese's brother. I am troubled that the surname "Weiss" was converted to "Wiese." However, Edward Fryderyk Wiese and Friedrich Wiese both allegedly originated in Nowa Wies, Congress Poland, Russia, and they, their spouses and their children (if related) served as Godparents to many of their children and grandchildren. Further, the marriage of Erdmann Wiese and Emilie Wiese, even though there was a

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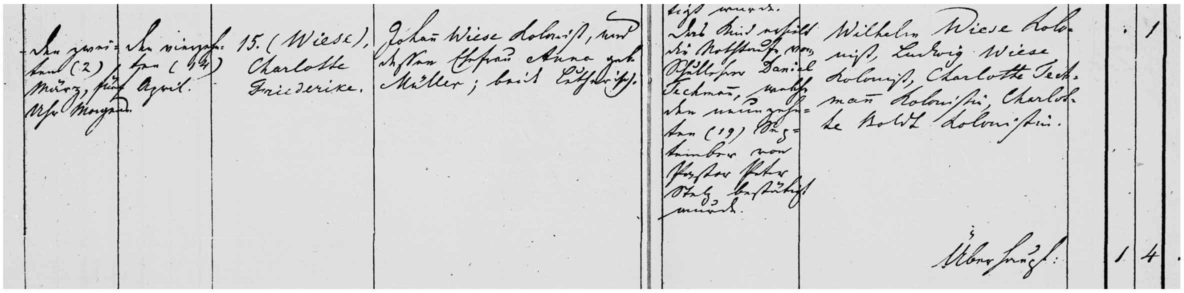
seventeen years difference in age (possibly his second marriage), makes more sense if Friedrich Wiese and Edward Fryderyk Wiese/Weiss were brothers (or otherwise closely related), as they and their families lived in the Gnadenthal/Lindental area of Volhynia, Russia; where the Wiese families which I have identified as originating in Pomerania, and then Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia, didn't live.

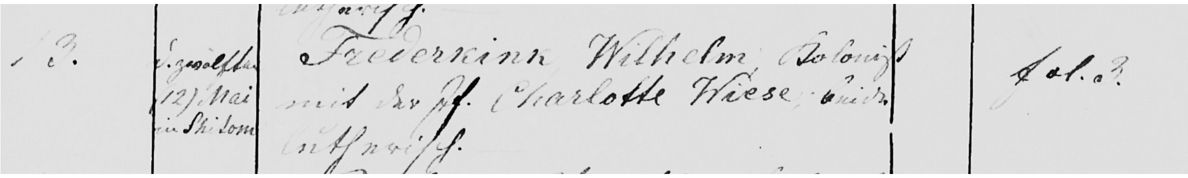
He also was not Friedrich "Johann" Wiese who married Rosine Jabs around 1875, as the middle name "Johann" was included in the baptism record of their daughter Pauline Wiese. Friedrich "Johann" Wiese was the son of *Karl Wiese* and his second wife Julianne Müller. *1876 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p768 #570.

[146] *1845 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p232 #15.



Den zweiten (2) März, früh Morgen	Den vierzehnten (14) April.	15. (Wiese). Charlotte Friederike.	Johan Wiese Kolonist, und dessen Ehefrau Anna geb. Müller; beide Lutherisch.	Das Kind erhielt die Nothtaufe vom Schullehrer Daniel Techman, welche den neunzehnten (19) August von Pastor Peter ... bestätigt wurde.	Wilhelm Wiese Kolonist, Ludwig Wiese Kolonist, Charlotte Techman Kolonistin, Charlotte Boldt Kolonistin.	.	1
					Übergangen:	1	4

Charlotte Fredericke Wiese **(DNA)** married Wilhelm Frederkink/Frederking (1840, Marzelinhof, Volhynia, Russia - October 8, 1917, Samara, Russia), probably the son of Adam Johann Frederking (1800, Eberswalde, Prussia – October 15, 1875, Ostrowka, Volhynia, Russia; m 1835, Volhynia, Russia) and Anna Maria Kopp (b1819), on May 12, 1865, in the Shitomir Parish. Charlotte Fredericke Wiese and Wilhelm Frederkind had six known children. Wilhelm Frederkind's birth and death dates are unverified (as are his listed parents). Wilhelm Frederkind was removed from Volhynia by the Tsar, and died in Samara, Russia, in 1917, which was on the known deportation route. If Charlotte Fredericke Wiese Frederkind was still alive as of June 1915, then she would have also been removed from Volhynia by the Tsar. *1865 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p517 #13.



13.	d. zwölften (12) Mai in Shitom	Frederkinn Wilhelm Kolonist mit der Jgf. Charlotte Wiese, beide Lutherisch.	

Several *Ancestry*DNA™ matches with the Wiese/Frederking line confirm my great-grandmother *Wilhelmine Wiese Kolke's* genetic relationship to the Johann Wilhelm Wiese family. *See* Appendix A.

• Wilhelm Herman Frederking (August 1866, Ostrowka, Volhynia, Russia – May 8, 1867, Ostrowka, Volhynia, Russia). *1867 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p541 #140 (age 8M).

• Rosalie Emilie Frederkink (March 15, 1868, Ostrowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 22, 1868, Shitomir Parish (GP: Simon Neubauer and Rosalie Frederkingk) – December 18, 1954, Edmonton, Alberta, Canada) married Christian Werner (January 8, 1858, Volhynia, Russia – March 3, 1927, Ellerslie, Alberta, Canada), possibly the son of Michael Werner (1835-1912) and Christiane Louise Kossman (1837-1896), on August 12, 1885. They had nine known children, the first three of whom were born in Volhynia, Russia, before the family emigrated to Canada in 1895. *1869 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p273 #14*; 1885 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p181 #246*; 1906 and 1916 Alberta Census; 1911 and 1921 Canada Census;*

1927 Alberta, Canada, Death Record; and Find-a-Grave (Gravemarkers Ellerslie Saint Paul's Lutheran Cemetery, Ellerslie, Alberta).

1. Bertha Werner (May 10, 1889, Volhynia, Russia – June 16, 1971, Edmonton, Alberta, Canada) married Edward Kossmann (November 13, 1882, possibly Congress Poland, Russia – May 31, 1971, Edmonton, Alberta, Canada) in 1907, in Ellerslie, Alberta. They had five known children. *1906 and 1916 Alberta Census; 1907 Alberta, Canada, Marriage Record; 1921 Canada Census; June 3 and June 17, 1971, Edmonton Journal Obituaries; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Trinity Lutheran Cemetery, Edmonton).

a. Albert Kossman (March 16, 1908, Ellerslie, Alberta – September 10, 1997) married Selma J. Henschel, in 1935, in Ellerslie, Alberta. *1935 Ellerslie, Alberta, Marriage Record; and June 3 and June 17, 1971, Edmonton Journal Obituaries*.

b. Martha Kossman (1909, Ellerslie, Alberta – October 26, 2001, Edmonton, Alberta) married Rudolf Fenske, in 1935, in Edmonton, Alberta. *1935 Edmonton, Alberta, Marriage Record; and June 3 and June 17, 1971, and October 29, 2001, Edmonton Journal Obituaries*.

c. Robert Werner Kossman (1912, Ellerslie, Alberta - 1999, Grand Prairie, Alberta). *June 3 and June 17, 1971, Edmonton Journal Obituaries*.

d. Laura Kossman (July 4, 1916, Ellerslie, Alberta – February 4, 1980, Edmonton, Alberta) married Paul J. Forth, in 1937. *June 3 and June 17, 1971, and February 6, 1980, Edmonton Journal Obituaries*.

e. Reuben Kenneth Kossman (November 8, 1922, Ellerslie, Alberta - 1987, Edmonton, Alberta) married Doris May Carroll. *June 3 and June 17, 1971, and June 24, 1987, Edmonton Journal Obituaries*.

2. Matilda (Tillie) Werner (January 12, 1891, Volhynia, Russia – February 15, 1981, Edmonton, Alberta) married Frederick/Friedrich Mueller/Miller (November 29, 1889, Congress Poland, Russia – August 29, 1974, Edmonton, Alberta; Imm July 21, 1900, at Montreal), son of Michael Miller/Mueller (1860-1937) and Rosalie Fenske (1866-1922), in 1911, in Strathcona, Alberta. They had four known children. *1900 Cambroman Manifest; 1906 Alberta Census; 1911 Alberta, Canada, Marriage Record; 1911 and 1921 Canada Census; SGGEE MPD; and February 19, 1981, Edmonton Journal Obituary.*

a. Walter George Miller (January 12, 1913, Edmonton, Alberta – July 17, 1994, Vancouver, British Colombia) married Beulah Evelyn Grinder, on June 29, 1940, in Vancouver, British Columbia. *1916 Alberta Census; 1921 Canada Census; 1940 The Vancouver Sun Marriage Announcement; and 1994 Vancouver, British Columbia, Death Registration*.

b. Ernestine (Erna) Miller (July 25, 1914, Edmonton, Alberta – July 14, 2001, Burnaby or Vancouver, British Columbia) married Norman J. Patterson on August 31, 1945, in West Vancouver, British Columbia. *1916 Alberta Census; 1921 Canada Census; September 28, 1945, The Vancouver Daily Province Marriage Announcement; and July 29, 2001, The Vancouver Daily Province Obituary.*

c. Laura Miller (October 5, 1919, Edmonton, Alberta - >July 29, 2001, probably Edmonton, Alberta). *1921 Canada Census; and July 29, 2001, The Vancouver Daily Province Obituary.*

d. Ruth Miller (September 5, 1921, Edmonton, Alberta – January 7, 2017, Burnaby or Vancouver, British Columbia) married Louis Kossman. *January 2017, Edmonton Journal Obituary*

3. Christian Werner (Jr.) (May 27, 1893, Volhynia, Russia – March 1, 1928, Ellerslie, Alberta), emigrated to Canada with his parents in 1895, and married Pauline (Paula) Elizabeth Weidman/Wedmann (March 19, 1898, Edmonton, Alberta – June 9, 1973, Edmonton, Alberta) in 1918, in Heimthal, Alberta. They had seven children (unverified). After Christian Werner's death, Pauline married Frederych Stobbe (1903-1989). *1898 Alberta, Canada, Birth Record; 1906 and 1916 Alberta Census; 1911 and 1921 Canada Census; 1918 Alberta, Canada, Marriage Record; 1928 Alberta, Canada, Death Record; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Ellerslie Saint Paul's Lutheran Cemetery, Ellerslie, Alberta; and Gravemarker (Stobbe) Saint Peter's Evangelical Lutheran Cemetery, Patience, Alberta).

a. Alfred Werner (1918-1998). *1921 Canada Ce*nsus.

b. Ewald Werner (1920-1998). *1921 Canada Census*.

c. Hedwig Werner (1921-2013).

d. Salome Werner (1922-1998).

e. Baby Werner (1923-1923).

f. Gerhart Werner (1924-1994).

g. Jonathan Werner (1925-2002).

4. Albert Werner (May 11, 1896, Strathcona, Alberta – February 1984, Edmonton, Alberta) married Martha Schiewe (August 17, 1902, Strathcona, Alberta – May 13, 1995, Edmonton, Alberta), sister of Otto Schiewe and Rudolph Schiewe who married his sisters, daughter of Ludwig/Louis Schiewe (October 1871, Łęczyca, Pułtusk Parish, Congress Poland, Russia – December 23, 1956, Edmonton, Alberta) and Hellena/Lona Lange (October 1871, Russia – 1917, Ellerslie, Alberta), in 1921. They had four known children. *1896 Edmonton, Alberta, Canada, Birth Record; 1906 and 1916 Alberta Census; 1911 Canada Census; WWI CEF Attestation Paper; 1921 Alberta, Canada, Marriage Record; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Ellerslie Saint Paul's Lutheran Cemetery, Ellerslie, Alberta).

a. Alice Werner (November 7, 1921, probably Strathcona, Alberta – October 10, 1992, Edmonton, Alberta) married Reinhard Henschel in 1939, in Ellerslie, Alberta. *1939 Ellerslie, Alberta, Marriage Record; and October 13, 1992, Edmonton Journal Obituary*.

b. Elder Werner (June 21, 1923, probably Strathcona, Alberta – September 14, 2002, Edmonton, Alberta) married Rosalie Ella Buss (August 9, 1920 – May 7, 2004, Edmonton, Alberta). *October 13, 1992, Edmonton Journal Obituary*.

c. Ruth Werner (____ - >October 13, 1992, ____) married Henry Gellert. *October 13, 1992, Edmonton Journal Obituary*.

d. Wilfred Werner (____ - 1929, probably Strathcona, Alberta). *October 13, 1992, Edmonton Journal Obituary*.

5. Robert S. Werner (April 30, 1900, Strathcona, Alberta, Canada – December 23, 1972, Edmonton, Alberta) married Ruby Bennett (February 2, 1905, Kansas United States – May 27, 1983, Edmonton, Alberta), in 1924, in Ellerslie, Alberta. They had five children: Orville Werner; Norman Werner; Stanley Werner; Robert Werner; and Irene Werner (m W. Buss). *1906 and 1916 Alberta Census; 1910 US Census; 1911 and 1921 Canada Census; 1924 Alberta, Canada, Marriage Record; December 26, 1972, and May 30, 1983, Edmonton Journal Obituaries; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Ellerslie Saint Paul's Lutheran Cemetery, Ellerslie, Alberta).

6. Lydia/Lidia Werner (February 27, 1902, Strathcona, Alberta – June 2, 1990, Edmonton, Alberta, Canada) married Otto Schiewe (1897, Alberta – June 17, 1967, Edmonton, Alberta), brother of Martha and Rudolph Schiewe, and son of Ludwig/Louis Schiewe (October 1871, Łęczyca, Pułtusk Parish, Congress Poland, Russia – December 23, 1956, Edmonton, Alberta) and Hellena/Lona Lange (October 1871, Russia – 1917, Ellerslie, Alberta), in 1920, in Ellerslie, Alberta. They had three children. *1906 and 1916 Alberta Census; 1911 and 1921 Canada Census; 1920 Alberta, Canada, Marriage Record; 1967 Edmonton, Alberta, Death Record; June 20, 1967, and June 5, 1990, Edmonton Journal Obituaries; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Ellerslie Saint Paul's Lutheran Cemetery, Ellerslie, Alberta).

a. Clarence Schiewe (June 19, 1921, Edmonton, Alberta – June 21, 1921, Edmonton, Alberta). *June 5, 1990, Edmonton Journal Obituary.*

b. Edna Schiewe (January 23, 1924, Edmonton, Alberta – December 13, 2002, Jensen Beach, Martin County, Florida) married Claude Frazier Price, in 1943, in Ellerslie, Alberta. She married George Cundiff around May 25, 1988. *1943 Alberta, Canada, Marriage Record; June 21, 1967, and June 5, 1990, Edmonton Journal Obituaries; December 15, 2002, The Stuart, Florida, News Obituary; 2002 US Apps/Claims; and 2002 US Deaths.*

c. Agnes Loraine Schiewe (October 18, 1933, Alberta – December 24, 2016, Beaumont, Alberta) married Bernhardt (Benny) Matter (1932 – May 27, 1979, Edmonton, Alberta). *June 21, 1967; May 29, 1979; June 5, 1990 and December 29, 2016, Edmonton Journal Obituaries.*

7. Hulda/Hulde Werner (b August 1904, Strathcona, Alberta). *1906 and 1916 Alberta Census; and 1911 Canada Census.*

8. Mildred Emilie (Millie) Werner (December 6, 1905, Strathcona, Alberta – 2004, Edmonton, Alberta) married Rudolph Schiewe (1905, Strathcona, Alberta – April 8, 1982, Edmonton, Alberta), brother of Martha and Otto Schiewe, and son of Ludwig/Louis Schiewe (October 1871, Łęczyca, Pułtusk Parish, Congress Poland, Russia – December 23, 1956, Edmonton, Alberta) and Hellena/Lona Lange (October 1871, Russia – 1917, Ellerslie, Alberta), in 1925, in Ellerslie, Alberta. *1871, Łęczyca, Pułtusk Parish, Congress Poland, Russia, Birth Registration; 1906 and 1916 Alberta Census; 1911 Canada Census; 1925 Alberta, Canada, Marriage Record; December 26, 1972* (Robert Werner)*, 1982* (Rudolph Schiewe)*, June 5, 1990* (Lydia Werner Schiewe) *and January 2004, Edmonton Journal Obituaries; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker St. Paul's Ev. Lutheran Church, Ellerslie, Alberta).

9. Esther Werner (March 23, 1911, Strathcona, Alberta – May 29, 2008, Edmonton, Alberta) married Holland Russell Craft (1909, ____ - July 13, 1981, Barrhead, Alberta) in 1932, in Ellerslie, Alberta. *1911 Canada Census; 1916 Alberta Census; 1932 Ellerslie, Alberta, Marriage Record; and July 15, 1981, and May 31, 2008, Edmonton Journal Obituaries.*

- Gustav Ephraim Frederking **(DNA)** (November 7, 1870, Ostrowka, Volhynia, Russia – May 16, 1961, Chilliwack, Fraser Valley, British Columbia) emigrated to Canada at Québec/Montreal, on July 2, 1894, with the Adolph Schultz family. On March 20, 1904, in Bruderheim,* Northwest Territories/Alberta,** Canada, Gustav Ephraim Frederking married Wilhelmine (Minnie) Schultz (June 21, 1886, Sadki, Volhynia, Russia – August 30, 1982, Chilliwack, British Columbia, Canada), daughter of Adolph Schultz (January 9, 1860, Congress Poland, Russia – June 28, 1939, Bruderheim, Alberta, Canada) and his second wife Christine Mielke** (November 3, 1864/65, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia – March 31, 1940, Bruderheim, Alberta, Canada; m June 18, 1882), who emigrated to Canada at Québec/Montreal, on July 2, 1894. On May 27, 1899, Gustav Frederking, of Beaver Hills, Alberta, applied for a homestead/farmstead under the Canadian Homestead Act. In June 1901, Gustav Frederking was living next to the Adolph Shultz family (which included Eva Rosina Krüger Melke/Mielke (b May 15, 1818, Russia), widow of Christian Mielke). Their religion was listed as "Moravian" until 1916, when they identified as "United Brethren." In 1901, "Eva Melke" is a widow living with her daughter Wilhelmine Schultz Frederking and son-in-law Adolph Schultz. Ephraim Gustav and Wilhelmine Schultz Frederking died in Chilliwack, British Columbia, Canada. They had ten children. *1899 Alberta Homestead Records; 1901, 1911, 1921 and 1931 Canada Census; 1904 Victoria, Northwest Territories, Marriage Registration; 1906, 1916 and 1926 Alberta Census; 1939 and 1940 Bruderheim, Alberta, Canada, Death Records; 1961 British Columbia, Canada, Death Record; May 19, 1961, and September 8, 1982, The Chilliwack Progress Obituaries; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Edmonton Municipal Cemetery; and Gravemarkers Bruderheim Moravian Cemetery, Bruderheim, Alberta).

*Bruderheim, originally known as Bruederheim ("Home of the Brethren"), is located 47km from Edmonton, Alberta. It was heavily settled in 1894 by Moravian German immigrants from Volhynia, Russia. *100 Years in Bruderheim Story, Kaylna County.com*.

**Alberta was established as a province on September 1, 1905.

***Christian Mielke's (1821, Congress Poland – July 22, 1898, Bruderheim, Northwest Territories, Canada) first known presence in Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia, had to come after his daughter Justine Anna Mielke was born in Congress Poland, Russia, on August 26, 1846. Friedrich Daniel Mylke sponsored the baptism of Friedrich Heinrich Caspar Wiese in Solomka/Friedrichsdorf in 1842. *Charlotte Mylke* was in Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia, as of 1837, when she married *Karl Wiese*. Christine Mielke was the youngest of four known children of Christian Mielke and his second wife Eva Rosina Krüger (April 28, 1818, Mrocza, Pomerania; bap May 3, 1818 (d/o Erdmann and Susanna Krüger) (Alt: b May 15, 1818, Russia) – December 28, 1904, Bruderheim, Northwest Territories/Alberta, Canada), who were married in 1862, possibly in Congress Poland. Adolph Schultz's first wife Emilie Mielke (___ - April 19, 1882, Shitomir Parish) (also the child of Christian Mielke and his second wife Eva Rosina Krüger), died as the result of the birth of their daughter Adolphine Schultz (b April 19, 1882, Shitomir Parish). Christian Mielke and Rosina Eva Krüger were among the first group of Moravian Germans who emigrated to Bruderheim, Northwest Territories/Alberta, Canada, in 1894. Adolph (34), a blacksmith, Christine (29), Wilhelmine (6), Heinrich (8), Bertha (4), Robert (2), and Berthold (infant) Schulz emigrated to Winnipeg, Canada, arriving in Montreal from Liverpool, England, on the *SS Buenos Ayrean*, on July 2, 1894, with the first wave of Moravian German settlers. *1882 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p658 #139*; 1883 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* 405 #10*; 1894 SS Buenos Ayrean Manifest; and 1898 Victoria, Northwest Territories/Alberta, Canada, Death Record.*

*Ancestry*DNA™ matches with Christian Mielke's and other Mielke lines have shared DNA (i.e. 9-28cM/1 segment) in the 4th to 6th cousin range - all of which are less than 1% of shared DNA. I have been unable to identify any connection between the Christian Mielke line with Friedrich Daniel Mylke and/or *Charlotte Mylke*, although I believe they were probably siblings.

1. Esther Sophia Frederking **(DNA)** (August 16, 1905, Bruderheim, Northwest Territories/Alberta, Canada – December 16, 1990, Chilliwack General Hospital, Chilliwack, British Columbia) married

Benjamin Mulholland Stein (May 25, 1907, Perth, Scotland – April 10, 1981, Chilliwack, British Columbia; Imm May 13, 1929, at Québec), son of David Stein and Jessie Dempster Mullholland, probably in the 1940s, after he probably divorced his first wife Anne-Marie Pelletier (July 1904, Edmonton, Northwest Territories/Alberta – 1993, Edmonton, Alberta), whom he married in 1930, in Edmonton, and with whom he had three known children. Esther Sophia Frederking and Benjamin Mulholland Stein had one child: daughter Alice Stein was identified as her child in her obituary and 1957 newspaper article. *1906 Alberta Census; 1911 and 1931 Canada Census; 1916 and 1926 Alberta Census; 1929 Letitia Manifest; 1930 Edmonton, Alberta, Marriage Record; September 18, 1957, The Chilliwack Progress Article; October 21, 1957, Edmonton Journal Wedding Announcement* (Benjamin (Benny) Hermidas Stein and Wilma Marie Waddell)*; 1981 Chilliwack, British Columbia, Death Record; April 15, 1981, and December 19, 1990, The Chilliwack Progress Obituaries; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers St. Joachim Cemetery, Edmonton).

a. Alice Stein **(DNA Match)** (1950, New Westminster, British Columbia - >2024). *See* Appendix A. *1931 Canada Census; September 18, 1957, The Chilliwack Progress Article; and April 15, 1981, and December 19, 1990, The Chilliwack Progress Obituaries*.

2. Bernard Adam Frederking (March 7, 1907, Bruderheim, Alberta – May 29, 1990, White Rock, British Columbia) married Elsie Hilda Stansky/Stanski (August 19, 1917, Bruderheim, Alberta – August 10, 1995, White Rock, British Columbia), daughter of Ludwig Stanski (February 1888, Russia – 1951, Edmonton, Alberta) and Natalie ___ (August 1882, Russia – September 25, 1963, Edmonton, Alberta), who had emigrated to Canada in 1911, through St. Albans, Vermont, US, on January 20, 1944, in Edmonton. They did not have known children. *1911 Selected Passenger Lists and Manifests, National Archives; 1911, 1921 and 1931 Canada Census; 1916 and 1926 Alberta Census; 1944 Edmonton Journal Marriage Announcement; 1963 Edmonton, Alberta, Death Record; May 31, 1990, The Vancouver Sun Obituary; August 14, 1995, The Vancouver Province Obituary; August 15, 1995, Edmonton Journal Obituary; AHSGR Obituaries; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker (Stansky) Edmonton Municipal Cemetery; and Gravemarker (Frederking) Victory Memorial Park, Surrey, British Columbia).

3. Friedrich Wilhelm/William Frederking (July 23, 1908, Bruderheim, Alberta – December 15, 1909, Bruderheim, Alberta). *1909 Alberta, Canada, Death Record; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Bruderheim Moravian Cemetery).

4. Leonhard/Leonard Heinrich Frederking **(DNA)** (December 3, 1909, Bruderheim, Alberta – October 3, 2000, Calgary, Alberta) married Viola Marie Knies (March 4, 1913, Stony Plain, Alberta; bap April 6, 1913, Stony Plain, Alberta – July 13, 2001, Calgary, Alberta), daughter of Louis Adam Knies (October 1885, United States - September 7, 1976, Vegreville, Alberta) and Elizabeth Marie Miller (September 1892, Russia – December 25, 1984, Calgary, Alberta; m August 4, 1910, Stony Plain, Alberta), in 1936, in Vegreville, Alberta. They had one known child. *1913 US Dutch Christian Reform Church Baptism Record; 1910 and 1936 Alberta, Canada, Marriage Records; 1911, 1921 and 1931 Canada Census; 1916 and 1926 Alberta Census; 1976 Edmonton Journal Obituary; 1984 Mrs. Elizabeth Marie Knies Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers (Knies and Frederking) Eden Brook Memorial Gardens, Calgary, Canada).

a. Robert Frederking **(DNA Match)** (~1938, possibly Vegreville, Alberta - >July 12, 2025, ____) married Ann Caroline Bockes (1944/45, Warrensburg, Warren County, New York - >July 12, 2025, ____), daughter of Edgar Dennis Bockes (February 16, 1908, Oneonta, Otsego County, New York – April 21, 1971, Fairport, Monroe County, New York; m 1942) and Edith Lucretia Bedell (July 17, 1913, Haverstraw, Rockland County, New York – December 28, 1997, Rochester, Ulster County, New York), on August 17, 1968, in Fairport, Monroe County, New York. They resided in Ottawa, Canada, where he has been a Research Engineer at the National Research Council of Canada since 1970, and have two daughters: Karin Frederking **(DNA Match)** (b1972, Ottawa, Ontario), a resident of Ottawa; and Sara C. Frederking **(DNA Match)** (b1970s, Ottawa, Ontario; m ____ Schwark), a resident of Vancouver, Canada. *1908 Oneonta, New York, Birth Record; WWII Draft Reg; 1950 US Census; 1968 Edmonton Journal Engagement Announcement; August 18, 1968, Rochester Democrat and Chronicle Marriage Announcement; 1971 BIRLS Deaths; 1971 US Deaths; and December 30, 1997, Rochester Democrat and Chronicle Obituary* (Edith Bedell Bockes).

5. Elsa/Alice Adeline Frederking (October 15, 1911, Bruderheim, Alberta – May 22, 1945, Edmonton, Alberta) never married. *1916 and 1926 Alberta Census; 1931 Canada Census; 1945 Alberta, Canada, Death Record; May 26, 1945, Edmonton Journal Obituary; September 8, 1982, The Chilliwack Progress Obituary* (Wilhelmine Schultz Frederking)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Edmonton Municipal Cemetery).

6. Reinhard Ephraim Frederking (June 6, 1913, Bruderheim, Alberta – November 24, 2013, Grass Valley, Nevada County, California; Imm to US on July 1, 1949, at Eastport, Idaho) married Elva Bertha Pearson (August 5, 1925, Edmonton, Alberta - September 6, 1987, Grass Valley, Nevada County, California; Imm to US on September 5, 1948, at Cut Bank, Montana), daughter of Magnus A. Pearson (April 18, 1892, Offerdal, Jämtland, Sweden – December 15, 1982, Burnaby, British Columbia; m 1919, Edmonton, Alberta) and Elizabeth (Betty) Skoog (May 12, 1900, Kyrkås, Västernorrland, Sweden – November 25, 1986, Burnaby, British Columbia), on April 9, 1949, in Beverly Hills, Los Angeles County, California. They had three known children. *1892 Offerdal, Jämtland, Sweden, Birth Record; 1900, Kyrkås, Västernorrland, Sweden, Birth Record; 1916 and 1926 Alberta Census; 1919 Edmonton, Alberta, Canada, Marriage Record; 1921 and 1931 Canada Census; 1949 Eastport, Idaho, US Border Crossing Record; 1949 Los Angeles County, California, Marriage Record; April 21, 1949, Edmonton Journal Wedding Announcement; 1950 US Census; 1950 Declaration of Intention; 1987 Nevada County, California, Death Record; 1987 and 2013 US Deaths; December 18, 1982, and September 10, 1987, Edmonton Journal Obituaries; 1982 and 1986 British Columbia, Canada, Death Records; and December 29, 2013, R. E. Frederking Obituary.*

a. William Richard (Rick) Frederking (b October 21, 1950, Los Angeles County, California). *1950 Los Angeles County, California, Birth Record; and December 29, 2013, R. E. Frederking Obituary.*

b. Gregory Wise Frederking (b September 15, 1952, probably Los Angeles County, California) married Shawn Marie Delight, on April 27, 1985, in Nevada County, California. They had two children: (1) Riley Marie Frederking; and (2) Christopher William Frederking (m Lauren Michelle Rouleau; son Isaac Walter Frederking). *1985 Nevada County, California, Marriage Record; and December 29, 2013, R. E. Frederking Obituary.*

c. Ronald Lawrence (Larry) Frederking. *December 29, 2013, R. E. Frederking Obituary.*

7. Margaret Wilhelmine Frederking (February 9, 1915, Bruderheim, Alberta – August 10, 2003, Chilliwack, British Columbia) was married twice. *1916 and 1926 Alberta Census; 1921 and 1931 Canada Census; August 15, 2003, The Chilliwack Progress Obituary* (Margaret Robinson)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker (Stelter) Chilliwack Cemeteries).

M#1 Clement (Clem) Frederick Stelter (1916, Irvine, Alberta - January 15, 1964, Vedder Crossing, British Columbia), son of Frederick Stelter (July 14, 1891, Winnipeg, Manitoba – May 9, 1956, Lamont, Alberta) and Emma Henkleman (March 26, 1890, Russia – December 18, 1966, Lamont, Alberta), on October 8, 1939, in Bruderheim, Alberta. They had two known children. *1891 Winnipeg,* *Manitoba, Birth Record; 1901, 1911, 1921 and 1931 Canada Census; 1906 and 1916 Alberta Census; September 20, 1939, Edmonton Journal Engagement Announcement; 1939 Bruderheim, Alberta, Canada, Marriage Record; October 17, 1939, Edmonton Journal Marriage Announcement; 1964 British Columbia, Canada, Death Record; January 22, 1964, The Chilliwack Progress Obituary; December 20, 1966, Edmonton Journal Obituary; August 13, 2003, The Vancouver Province Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker (Stelter) Chilliwack Cemeteries; and Gravemarker (Stelter) Bruderheim Moravian Cemetery).

1. Karen Margaret Stelter married Wayne Henry Frank on March 29, 1963, in Vancouver, British Columbia. They had two sons: (1) Randy Frank (m Tracy ___); and Ryan Frank (m Candy ___). *1963 The Vancouver Sun Marriage Announcement; January 22, 1964; November 20, 1991; and August 15, 2003, The Chilliwack Progress Obituaries; and August 13, 2003, The Vancouver Province Obituary*.

2. Douglas Stelter married Carol Scott. *January 22, 1964; November 20, 1991; and August 15, 2003, The Chilliwack Progress Obituaries; and August 13, 2003, The Vancouver Province Obituary*.

M#2 Married widower Seymour Edmund (Robbie) Robertson (July 20, 1911, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada – November 16, 1991, Chilliwack, British Columbia, Canada), son of Judge H.E.A. Robertson. His first wife was Catherine Clara Hutchinson (1914/15, North Vancouver, British Columbia – April 11, 1964, Rosedale, British Columbia), daughter of Thomas Hutchinson (b1874/75, Scotland) and Ann Wood Barclay (b1876/77, Scotland), whom he married on July 24, 1946, in Vancouver, and had one child, son Duncan Robertson. *1921 and 1931 Canada Census; June 29, 1946, The Vancouver Sun Engagement/Marriage Announcement; 1964 Rosedale, British Columbia, Death Record; and April 15, 1964, and November 20, 1991, The Chilliwack Progress Obituaries*.

8. Dorothea/Dorothy Pauline Frederking (December 15, 1919, Bruderheim, Alberta – August 2, 2012, Victoria, British Columbia) married F/O William George Weder/Wedder (December 26, 1917, Edmonton, Alberta – August 5, 1994, Victoria, British Colombia), son of Frederick (Fred) William J. Weder (February 23, 1890, Muskoka and Parry Sound, Ontario – June 3, 1970, Edmonton, Alberta; m 1915, Beaver Hills, Alberta) and Olga Schmidt (November 1896, Russia – October 20, 1986, Edmonton, Alberta; Imm Canada on May 10, 1902), on November 3, 1945, in Edmonton, Alberta. They had one known child. *1891, 1901, 1911, 1921 and 1931 Canada Census; 1902 SS Montfort Manifest; 1906, 1916 and 1926 Alberta Census; 1915 and 1945 Alberta, Canada, Marriage Records; October 27, 1945, Edmonton Journal Engagement Announcement; November 12, 1945, Edmonton Journal Marriage Announcement; June 3, 1970, and October 21, 1986, Edmonton Journal Obituaries; February 22, 2005, The Abbotsford News Obituary* (sister Charlotte Matilda Frederking Hill)*; January 19, 2014, Victoria Times Colonist Obituary* (pre-deceased daughter Candace M. Wedder)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker F/O William G. Wedder, Veterans Cemetery, Victoria, British Columbia; Dorothy Pauline Frederking Wedder, Royal Oak Burial Park Cemetery, Victoria, British Columbia).

a. Candace M. Wedder (May 1, 1953, probably Edmonton, Alberta – October 14, 2013, Victoria, British Columbia). Her obituary stated she was survived by fifteen cousins (I have identified thirteen first cousins). *January 19, 2014, Victoria Times Colonist Obituary*.

9. Charlotte Matilda Frederking (April 21, 1921, Bruderheim, Alberta – February 15, 2005, Chilliwack, British Columbia) married Floyd (Manny) Hill (August 21, 1921, Landigan, Saskatchewan – April 5, 1998, Chilliwack, British Columbia), son of G. R. Hill, on February 11, 1955, in Vancouver, British Columbia. They had two sons. *1926 Alberta Census; 1921 and 1931 Canada Census; February 16,*

1955, The Vancouver Sun Wedding Announcement; May 16, 1995, The Vancouver Son Obituary (Brian Harold Hill)*; and February 22 and 23, 2005, The Chilliwack Progress Obituaries*.

a. Brian Harold Hill (1957, British Columbia – May 6, 1995, North Vancouver, British Columbia). *May 16, 1995, The Vancouver Sun Obituary; and February 22 and 23, 2005, The Chilliwack Progress Obituaries*.

b. Brad Hill (m Nora ___; son Tyler Hill). *May 16, 1995, The Vancouver Son Obituary* (Brian Harold Hill)*; and February 22 and 23, 2005, The Chilliwack Progress Obituaries*.

10. Eleanore Gertrude Frederking (March 16, 1925, Bruderheim, Alberta – October 3, 2019, Calgary, Alberta) married George A. Schlosser (August 31, 1928, Grassy Lake, Alberta - ____), son of R. Schlosser, on July 14, 1956, in the Highlands United Church, Edmonton, Alberta. They had two sons. *1926 Alberta Census; 1931 Canada Census; June 9, 1956, Edmonton Journal Engagement Announcement; July 17, 1956, Edmonton Journal Marriage Announcement; and 1974 Edmonton-Strathcona, Alberta, Voters List*.

a. Ralph Schlosser. *1982 The Chilliwack Progress Obituary* (Wilhelmine Frederking).

b. Graham Schlosser. *1982 The Chilliwack Progress Obituary* (Wilhelmine Frederking).

• Adolph/Adolf Frederkind (June 8, 1875, Jerusalemka, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 16, 1876, Shitomir Parish - 1916 Kursk, Russia; July 1915, was deported to Russia) married Christine Zimmer (April 17, 1884, Helenowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 23, 1884, Shitomir Parish - ≥1944, Umsiedlung (relocated)), daughter of Johann Zimmer (b1846, Kostnin (Gostynin, Congress Poland, Russia?)) and Karoline Schwarz (b1863, Krozewa (Kruszewo, Congress Poland, Russia?)), in November 1901, in Helenowka, Volhynia, Russia. Adolf Frederkind and Christine Zimmer had six known children before being removed to Russia by the Tsar in July 1915. *1877* (p454 #28) *and 1885* (p101 #1148) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; 1944EWZ797606* (Herbert Wiese)*; A3342EWZ50-I090 1658, 2630; A3342EWZ50-J018 0844, 0858; and SGGEE MPD*.

1. Erna Frederking (b October 5, 1902, Marianka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 7, 1902, Shitomir Parish (GP: uncle Robert Frederking)). *1902 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p227 #2032.

2. Lydia Frederking (b December 21, 1904, Marianka, Volhynia, Russia;* bap December 22, 1904, Shitomir Parish - >April 28, 1944, ____) married Herbert Wiese (May 18, 1904, Gnadenthal, Volhynia, Russia – April 22, 1995, Darmstadt, Hessen, Germany), son of Friedrich Wiese (probably the son of Friedrich Wiese and Karolina Dorothea Keller) and Anna Wolfram, on November 28, 1928, in Marianowka, Ukraine SSR. It was his second marriage. Lydia Fredekind and Herbert Wiese had two known children. The family was in Haynau (Chojnów, Lower Silesia), German occupied Poland, as of April 28, 1944. *1904 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p89 #782*; 1944EWZ797606* (Herbert Wiese)*; A3342EWZ50-J018 0452, 0536, 0844, 0858; and SGGEE MPD*.

*The January 3, 1907, Marianka, Volhynia, Russia, birthdate provided in Herbert Wiese's *EWZ* conflicts with the recorded birthdate of her sister Alema Frederkind, as well at the recorded birthdate of Lydia Frederking.

a. Otto Wiese (b April 6, 1931, Poprawka, Ukraine SSR). *1944EWZ797606* (Herbert Wiese)*; and A3342EWZ50-J018 0844*.

b. Artur Wiese (b January 7, 1939, Ratschejka, Ukraine SSR). *1944EWZ797606* (Herbert Wiese)*; and A3342EWZ50-J018 0844.*

3. Alema Frederkind (b August 2, 1906, Marianka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 6, 1906, Shitomir Parish (GP: Reinhold Drude)). *1906 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p68 #599.

4. Julian Fredekind (b January 12, 1910, Marianka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 13, 1910, Shitomir Parish (GP: Emma Dräger Fredekind)). *1910 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p139 #191*; and A3342EWZ50-I090 1658.*

5. Otto Fredekind (b April 11, 1912, Marianka, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 18, 1912, Shitomir Parish). *1912 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p69 #607.

6. Herbert Frederking (b March 14, 1914, Marianka, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 15, 1914, Shitomir Parish (GP: Bertha Dräger)). *1914 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p19 #148.

After Adolf Frederkind's death and the end of Russia's involvement in World War I, widow Christine Zimmer Frederkind returned to Marianka, Volhynia, Russia, where she married Ferdinand Weber (February 15, 1894, Poprawka, Volhynia, Russia - ≥1944, Umsiedlung (relocated)). They had two known children; sons: (1) Edmund Weber (b December 7, 1919,* Marianka, Volhynia, Russia); and Ewald Weber (b November 7, 1919,* Marianka, Volhynia, Russia; m Eugenie Lenz (b January 28, 1925, Rishau)). Christine Zimmer Frederkind Weber was listed as having been relocated in 1944, and her fate is unknown. *A3342EWZ50-I090 1658, 2630* (*one of the *EWZ* dates of birth for either Edmund or Ewald is incorrect).

• Mathilde Frederking (May 25, 1879, Marianka, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 1, 1879, Shitomir Parish (GP: Simon Neubauer and Anna Wiese Wiese) – August 22, 1927, Gnadenthal/Bobritzkaja Buda, Ukraine SSR) married Reinhold Drude (August 8, 1874, Annette, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 25, 1874, Shitomir Parish - _____, East of the Ural Mountains/Siberia, Russia), son of Georg Drude and Anna Charlotte Müller,* in 1897, in Marianka. Mathilde Frederkind and Reinhold Drude had six known children. In 1907, Mathilde Frederkind Drude and Friedrich Wiese were the Godparents of Hermann Kallasch, son of Pauline Wiese (d/o Friedrich Wiese and Karolina Dorothea Keller) and Johann Kallasch. *1875* (p442 #76) *and 1880* (p130 #55) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; and SGGEE MPD.*

*Georg Drude (b1828; s/o Johann Drude) and Anna Charlotte Müller (b1824; d/o Gottfried Müller) were married on November 19, 1850, probably in or near Annette. As of November 1857, Georg Drude, Anna Charlotte Müller and their three children (Anna Drude: 4½ =1853; Johann Adolf Drude: 3=1854; and Ferdinand Drude: 1=1856) were living in Annette with his two brothers, Martin Drude (b1823) and Jakob Drude (b1825), and their families. In addition to Reinhold Drude, they had nine other known children born in Annette, Volhynia, Russia: Anna Charlotte Drude (b May 1, 1853); Johann Adolf Drude (b1854); Ferdinand Drude (b _____, 17, 1856); August Drude (b March 15, 1858); Heinrich Drude (b April 22, 1860); Maria Agathe Drude (b April 18, 1862); Justina Drude (b September 22, 1864); Georg Drude (b October 14, 1866); and Edward Drude (b November 1, 1869). *1850 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p257 #70*; 1853* (p315 #10), *1856* (p375 #41), *1858* (p806 #40), *1860* (p167 #63), *1862* (p439 #92), *1864* (p14 #99)*, 1866* (p502 #45) *and 1870* (p201 #379) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; and Revision of November 30, 1857 in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #30.

1. Emil Drude (August 1901, Helenowka (north of Shitomir), Volhynia, Russia – March 18, 1902, Helenowka, Volhynia, Russia). *1902 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p281 #376 (age 7M).

2. Lydia Drude (b July 4, 1903, Helenowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 13, 1903, Shitomir Parish). *1903 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p78 #692.

3. Hertha Drude (February 24, 1906, Helenowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 27, 1906, Shitomir Parish – July 3, 1907, Helenowka, Volhynia, Russia). *1906 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record*, p129 #1150*; and 1907 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p317 #100.

4. Frieda Drude (b May 20, 1908, Bobritzkaja Buda (northwest of Gnadenthal), Volhynia, Russia; bap May 28, 1908, Heimtal Parish (GP: August Kallasch (h/o Pauline Wiese d/o Friedrich Wiese and Karolina Dorothea Keller) and Karoline Drude)). *1908 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p93 #617.

5. Hugo Drude (September 24, 1911, Bobritzkaja Buda, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 4, 1911, Heimtal Parish (GP: Friedrich Wiese) – July 4, 1912, Bobritzkaja Buda, Volhynia, Russia). *1911 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p43 #412*; and 1912 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p132 #61.

6. Erich Reinhold Drude (b September 8, 1913, Bobritzkaja Buda, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 13, 1913, Heimtal Parish (GP: Christian Kallasch)). Erich Reinhold Drude may have died in Ijui, Rio Grande Do Sul, Brazil. *1913 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p84 #737*; and SGGEE MPD.*

• Robert Wilhelm Frederkind (January 15, 1882, Marianka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 20, 1882, Shitomir Parish – March 9, 1959, Karaganda,* Kazakhstan USSR) married Emma Dräger (August 4, 1883, Marianka, Volhynia, Russia – May 24, 1971, Karaganda, Kazakhstan USSR), daughter of August Dräger, on July 2, 1908, in the Shitomir Parish. Robert Wilhelm Fredekind and Emma Dräger were deported by the Tsar to Samara, Russia, during World War I, where one of their children was born and another died. They returned to Marianka, and then in 1936-38 or 1941, Stalin relocated at least part of the family to Karaganda, Kazakhstan USSR, where they remained until the fall of the Soviet Union. Robert Wilhelm Fredekind and Emma Dräger had six known children. *1883 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p410 #94*; 1908 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p172 #170*; and SGGEE MPD.*

*Karaganda was the second most populous city in Kazakhstan, until 100,000 Germans returned to Germany between 1989-1999.

1. Elisabeth (Elsa) Frederkind (May 16, 1909, Marianka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 21, 1909, Shitomir Parish (GP: Adolf Frederkind and Christine Zimmer Frederkind) – 1977-78, Karaganda, Kazakhstan USSR) married Otto Kostrovsky. Elsa Frederkind was deported to Samara, Russia, during World War I, and to Karaganda, Kazakhstan USSR, during World War II. *1909 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p44 #380*; and SGGEE MPD.*

2. Ewald Fredekind (May 20, 1910, Marianka, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 7, 1910, Shitomir Parish – 1917, Samara, Russia). Ewald Fredekind was deported to Samara, Russia, during World War I, where he died. *1910 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p184 #599*; and SGGEE MPD.*

3. Sidonie Fredekind (December 22, 1911, Marianka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 6, 1912, Shitomir Parish (GP: Reinhold Drude) – February 22, 1999, Weikersheim, Main-Tauber Kreis, Baden-Württemberg, Germany) married Reinhard Schneider (Krawczynski?). Sidonie Fredekind was deported to Samara, Russia, during World War I, and probably to Karaganda, Kazakhstan USSR, during World War II. Sidonie Fredekind Schneider was able to emigrate to Germany in 1991, where she lived with her daughter Lisa Schneider in Bad Mergentheim, Baden-Württemberg. *1912 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p20 #168*; Gerold Borbe; and SGGEE MPD.*

4. Irene Fredekind (b June 5, 1914, Marianka, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 22, 1914, Shitomir Parish) married Jakob Evdokimowa. Her baptism record identifies her mother as "Emma Wilde," but I did not locate any death record for Emma Dräger (which could indicate a second marriage), so either the entry

or translation could have been in error. Irene Fredekind was deported with her family to Samara, Russia, during World War I. *1914 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p30 #249*; and SGGEE MPD.*

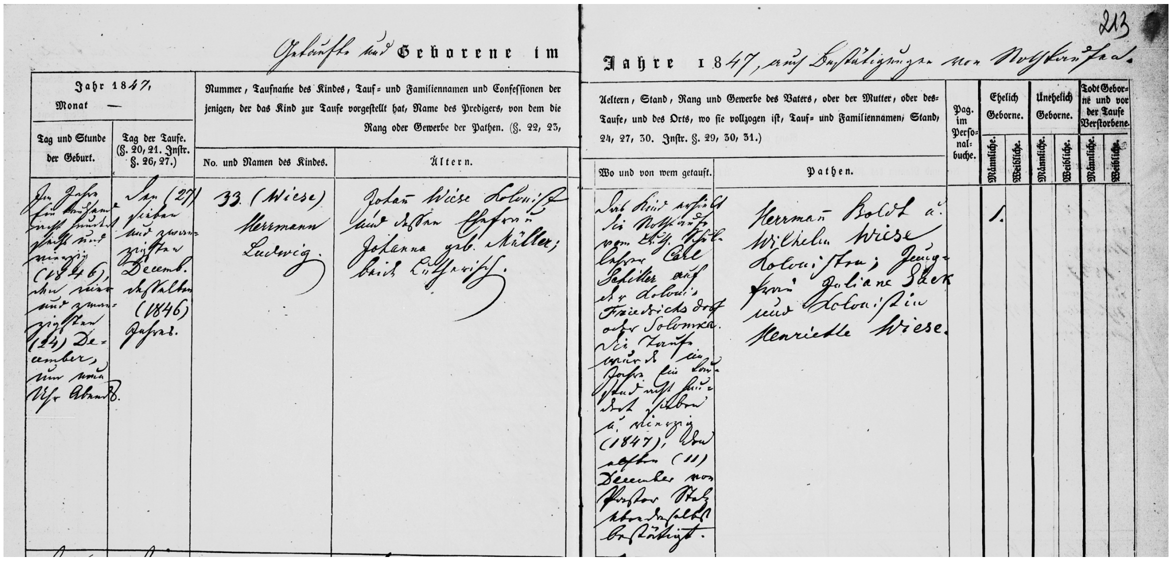
5. Olga Frederkind (b July 19, 1917, Samara, Russia) married Ewald Wir (____-____), on June 19, 1937, in Neuborn, Ukraine SSR. They had two known children. *DAI Film – T81 628 #628 5426766 (Odessa3 War Documents); and SGGEE MPD.*

a. Rudolf Wir (b March 16, 1938, Neuborn, Ukraine SSR). *DAI Film – T81 628 #628 5426766 (Odessa3 War Documents).*

b. Reinhard Wir (b January 6, 1940, Neuborn, Ukraine SSR). *DAI Film – T81 628 #628 5426766 (Odessa3 War Documents).*

6. Angelika Fredekind (October 24, 1924, Marianka, Ukraine SSR – October 2, 2001, Lauchheim, Ostalbkreis, Baden-Württemberg, Germany) married Johann Ott. *SGGEE MPD.*

[147] *1847 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p213 #33. Anna Müller is identified as "Johanna Müller."



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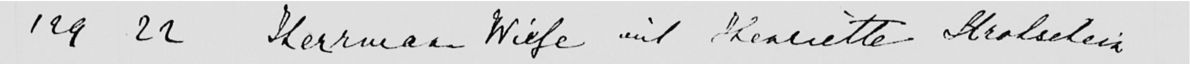
Getaufte und Geborene im Jahre 1847, aus Bestätigungen von Nothtaufen.

Jahr 1847, Monat — Tag und Stunde der Geburt.	Tag der Taufe. (§. 20, 21. Instr. §. 26, 27.)	No. und Namen des Kindes.	Ältern.	Wo und von wem getauft.	Pathen.	Pag. im Personalbuche.	Ehelich Geborne. Männliche.	Ehelich Geborne. Weibliche.	Unehelich Geborne. Männliche.	Unehelich Geborne. Weibliche.	Todt Geborne und vor der Taufe Verstorbene. Männliche.	Todt Geborne und vor der Taufe Verstorbene. Weibliche.
Im Jahre ein tausend acht hundert sechs und vierzig (1846), den vier und zwanzigsten (24) December, um neun Uhr Abends.	Den (27) sieben und zwanzigsten December desselben (1846) Jahres.	33. (Wiese) Herrmann Ludwig.	Johan Wiese Kolonist und dessen Ehefrau Johanna geb. Müller; beide lutherisch.	Das Kind erhielt die Nothtaufe vom [illegible] Schullehrer Carl Schiller auf der Kolonie Friedrichsdorf oder Solomka. Die Taufe wurde im Jahre ein tausend acht hundert sieben und vierzig (1847), den elften (11) December von Pastor Walz ebendaselbst bestätigt.	Herrman Boldt u. Wilhelm Wiese Kolonisten; Jungfrau Juliane Sack und Kolonistin Henriette Wiese.		1.					

(The printed header of the fourth and fifth columns reads: Nummer, Taufname des Kindes, Tauf- und Familiennamen und Confessionen derjenigen, der das Kind zur Taufe vorgestellt hat, Name des Predigers, von dem die Taufe, und des Orts, wo sie vollzogen ist, Tauf- und Familiennamen, Stand, Rang oder Gewerbe der Pathen. (§. 22, 23, 24, 27, 30. Instr. §. 29, 30, 31.) — Aeltern, Stand, Rang und Gewerbe des Vaters, oder der Mutter, oder des-)

Hermann Ludwig Wiese **(DNA)** is also an *Ancestry*DNA™ match; the second of the three children of Johann Wiese and Anna/Johanna Müller to be *Ancestry*DNA™ matches with me. *See* Appendix A.

Hermann Ludwig Wiese **(DNA)** married Henriette Ströhschein (____ - >August 11, 1885, ____) on December 22, 1869, in the Shitomir Parish, and they had seven known children, with two other possible children. *1869 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p311 #129.



129 22 Herrman Wiese mit Henriette Strohschein

• Pauline Wiese (September 10, 1869, Hubosna, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 1, 1869, Shitomir Parish (GP: Wilhelmine (Rösler) Wiese) - ≥1907, ____) was born three months before her parent's marriage. Pauline Wiese may have married Peter Drews. They had one known child born in Karolinka, Heimtal Parish, in 1901; which may mean others were born between 1889-1899, for whom records are unavailable. Karolinka is just north of Gnadenthal. "Pauline Drews" was a Godmother to Theodor Jacubowski, son of her sister Emilie Wiese and Wilhelm Jakubowski, in 1907; and to Rudolf Wiese (with Wilhelm Jacobowski), son of her sister Emma Wiese, also in 1907; both in Beresowka. *1874 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p238 #770*; and 1907* (p90 #799) *and 1908* (p109 #775) *Heimtal Parish Baptism Records*.

1. Adeline Drews (b February 18, 1900, Karolinka, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 26, 1900, Heimtal Parish). *1900 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p26 #194.

- August Wiese **(DNA)** (August 10, 1872, Kleschtschin, Volhynia, Russia; bap Shitomir Parish (GP: Wilhelmine (Rösler) Wiese) – March 31, 1929, Minot, Ward County, North Dakota) married Wilhelmina (Minnie) Martia Müller (November 9, 1868, Rohrbach (Berezowka), Volhynia, Russia; bap November 30, 1868, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Wilhelm Wiese) – September 29, 1956, Harvey, Wells County, North Dakota), daughter of Martin Müller and Karoline Halfpapp/Holfpapp, before 1895, when their first known child Ernestine Wiese was born. There are no records which identify him as "Karl August Wiese." They were not married in Berlin in 1898 as posted by others, because they had two known children by that time and were still in Beresowka as of 1911. August Wiese and his daughter Ernestine Wiese (16) arrived in Boston, Massachusetts, from Liverpool, England, on October 13, 1911, on the *SS Ivernia*. Apparently, they were to travel on the *SS Lusitania*, but their names were crossed of the *SS Lusitania Manifest*. Their destination was Fessenden, North Dakota, where they were to meet Uncle John Wiese, the husband of Anna Wiese, August Wiese's aunt. According to the *SS Ivernia Manifest*, Wilhelmina Müller Wiese and the rest of their children were left behind in Beresowka, where their trip originated. Wilhelmina Müller Wiese and the couple's other six children arrived in Boston, Massachusetts, on July 2, 1913, on the *SS Franconia*. The family settled in Wells County, North Dakota. On February 8, 1917, August Wiese filed his *Declaration of Intention* to become a US citizen in the Wells County District Court. In 1920 and 1925, the Wiese family lived on their farm in Oshkosh Township, Wells County. After August Wiese's death in Trinity Hospital, Minot, North Dakota, Minnie Wiese and their son Ewald Wiese moved to Fessenden, North Dakota, where they lived together into 1940. As of April 1, 1950, Minnie Wiese was living alone in a home in Fessenden, North Dakota. Wilhelmina/Minnie Müller Wiese died in St. Aloisius Hospital in Harvey, North Dakota. August and Wilhelmina Müller Wiese are buried in Hillside Cemetery, Fessenden, North Dakota. August and Wilhelmina Müller Wiese had seven known children. *1869* (p287 #264) *and 1874* (p516 #471) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; 1911 SS Lusitania Manifest; 1911 SS Ivernia Manifest; 1913 SS Franconia Manifest; 1917 Declaration of Intention; 1915 and 1925 North Dakota Census; 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1929 Minot, Ward County, North Dakota, Death Certificate; 1956 Harvey, Wells County, North Dakota, Death Certificate; North Dakota Cemetery Records* (Hillside Cemetery, Fessenden)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Hillside Cemetery).

    1. Ernestine Wiese (November 25, 1895, Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia – February 26, 1955, Carrington, Foster County, North Dakota) arrived in Boston, Massachusetts, with her father August Wiese, on the *SS Ivernia*, on October 13, 1911, with a destination of Fessenden, North Dakota. On April 12, 1913, in Concordia Ev. Lutheran Church, Fessenden, North Dakota, she married Richard Schön/Schoen (May 5, 1889, Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia - July 3, 1970, Carrington, Foster County, North Dakota), son of Johann Schön and Anna Wolter (who were married on September 13, 1869, probably in Rohrbach*). The couple apparently moved to Clark County, Washington, after their marriage, where their first two known (out of five) children were born, but by October 1917 were residing in Fessenden, North Dakota. As of April 1, 1950, Richard and Ernestina Wiese Schoen were living in Carrington, Foster County, North Dakota, and niece Doris Elaine Straley (20, born in North Dakota) was living with them. Richard Schön/Schoen and Ernestine Wiese had five known children. *1911 SS Ivernia Manifest; 1913 Concordia Ev. Lutheran Church, Fessenden, Marriage Record; 1915 and 1925 Wells County, North Dakota, Census; 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; WWI&II Draft Regs; 1954 Petition for Naturalization; 1955 and 1970 Carrington, Foster County, North Dakota, Death Certificates; 1970 US Deaths; North Dakota Cemetery Records* (Carrington Cemetery)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Carrington Cemetery, Carrington, North Dakota).

**1869 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p310 #101. I was able to locate three other children of Johann Schön and Anna Wolter: (1) Wilhelmine Schön (November 4, 1872, Janowka, Volhynia, Russia – November 10, 1872, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia); (2) Emilie Schön (November 16, 1873, Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 25, 1873, Heimtal Parish – July 14, 1877, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia); and (3) Edward Rudolf Schön (b November 9, 1876, Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 29, 1876, Heimtal Parish). *1872* (p667 #38) *and 1877* (p630 #14) *Heimtal Parish Burial Records; and 1875* (p614 #69) *and 1877* (p611 #199) *Heimtal Parish Baptism Records*.

a. Ella Lyall Schoen (March 19, 1914, Clark County, Washington – October 14, 1917, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota. Ella's birth record is under the surname "Schein," with her parents identified as "Richard Schein and Ernstine Visa." Her death certificate clearly establishes she was the daughter of Richard Schoen and Ernestine Wiese. *1914 Clark County, Washington, Birth Record; 1917 Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota, Death Certificate; 1917 Concordia Ev. Lutheran Church Burial Record; and North Dakota Cemetery Records* (Hillside Cemetery, Fessenden).

b. Albertina Schoen (October 29, 1916, Ridgefield, Clark County, Washington – October 30, 1916, Ridgefield, Clark County, Washington). Albertina is clearly the daughter of Richard Schoen and Ernestine Wiese. Her birth is entered directly below that of her sister Ella, with the same spelling of her last name and parents' names. *1916 Clark County, Washington, Birth Record; and 1916 Clark County, Washington, Death Certificate*.

c. Herta Ruth Schoen (October 13/23, 1918, Carrington, Foster County, North Dakota; bap February 2, 1919, Fessenden (Sponsor Albert Wiese) – October 21, 2019, ____) married Lawrence Leo Leintz (August 16, 1920, Harvey, Wells County, North Dakota – January 1, 1976, Los Angeles, California), son of Gottlieb Leintz and Martha Fleckinstein, on September 27, 1943, in Washington D.C. Lawrence Leo Leintz and Herta Ruth Schoen moved to Los Angeles, California, shortly after their marriage, where they had two known children: (1) Lawrence Leo Leintz Jr. (b November 29, 1943, Los Angeles County, California); and (2) Jane Elizabeth Leintz (b August 30, 1947, Los Angeles County, California; m October 8, 1980, Los Angeles, County California, to Kenneth W. Wichers). They divorced in October 1974, in Los Angeles County, California. *1919 Concordia Ev. Lutheran Church Baptism Record; 1925 Wells County, North Dakota, Census; 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; WWII Draft Reg; 1943 Washington D.C. Marriage Record; 1943 and 1947 Los Angeles County, California, Birth Records; 1954 Petition for Naturalization; 1974 Los Angeles County, California, Divorce Record; 1976 Los Angeles County, California, Death Record; 1976 US Deaths; 1976 US Apps/Claims; 1980 Los Angeles County, California, Marriage Record; and February 1, 2003, The Bismarck Tribune Obituary* (Arthur Richard Schoen).

d. Arthur Richard Schoen (December 23, 1920, Carrington, Foster County, North Dakota; bap June 3, 1921, New Rockford, North Dakota, Lutheran Church – January 30, 2003, Carrington, Foster County, North Dakota) married Elizabeth (Betty) Jane Zink (March 11, 1923, Melville Township, Foster County, North Dakota - April 27, 2015, Carrington, Foster County, North Dakota), daughter of Franz E. Zink and Elizabeth Pepple, on September 14, 1944, in Foster County, North Dakota. They had three known children: (1) Ardis Schoen (b 1945/46, Carrington, North Dakota; m ____ Williams); (2) Edward Schoen (b 1947/48, Carrington, North Dakota; m May 3, 1969, Charlotte Nadine Carr) and (3) Amy Schoen. *WWI&II Draft Regs; 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1921 New Rockford, North Dakota, Lutheran Church Baptism Record; 1925 Wells County, North Dakota, Census; 1944 Foster County, North Dakota, Marriage Record; 1954 Petition for Naturalization; 1969 Clay County, Minnesota, Marriage Record* (Edward Lee Schoen and Charlotte Nadine Carr)*; 2003 Carrington, Foster County, North Dakota, Death Certificate; 2003*

US Deaths; 2003 US Apps/Claims; US Veterans Graves; February 1, 2003, and April 29, 2015, The Bismarck Tribune Obituaries; and Find-a-Grave (Gravemarker Carrington Cemetery).

e. Marvin Reinhart Schoen (April 11, 1923, Carrington, Foster County, North Dakota; bap July 15, 1923, New Rockford Lutheran Church – November 24, 1978, Santa Barbara, Santa Barbara County, California) married Shirley Edith Schlotman (September 4, 1928, Carrington, Foster County, North Dakota – October 5, 2018, Hanford, Santa Barbara County, California), daughter of John William Schlotman and Gertrude Dora Whipple, in 1949, in Carrington, North Dakota. Marvin Reinhart Schoen and Shirley Edith Schlotman had two known children: (1) Barry Schoen; and (2) Ginger Schoen (m George Hernandez). *1923 New Rockford, North Dakota, Lutheran Church Baptism Record; 1925 Wells County, North Dakota, Census; 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; WWII Draft Reg; 1954 Petition for Naturalization; 1978 Santa Barbara County, California, Death Certificate; 1978 US Deaths; 1978 BIRLS Deaths; and 2018 Shirley Edith Schoen Obituary* (*Find-a-Grave* Goleta, California, Cemetery).

2. Lydia Wiese (May 14, 1898, Rohrbach/Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia – June 28, 1961, Harvey, Wells County, North Dakota) arrived in the US with her mother at Boston, Massachusetts, on July 2, 1913. She married Herman Neumann/Neuman (February 15, 1893/94, Sagaroff(?), Congress Poland, Russia – November 10, 1960, Harvey, Wells County, North Dakota; Imm June 11, 1912, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada), on March 5, 1916, in Fessenden, North Dakota. They had four known children. *1912 SS Uranium Manifest; 1913 SS Franconia Manifest; 1915 and 1925 Wells County, North Dakota, Census; 1916 Concordia Ev. Lutheran Church, Fessenden, Marriage Record; 1920, 1930 and 1940 US Census; WWII Draft Reg; 1945 Petition for Naturalization; 1960 and 1961 Harvey, Wells County, North Dakota, Death Certificates; 1960 US Apps/Claims; and North Dakota Cemetery Records* (Hillside Cemetery).

a. Ella Othelia/Ottilie Neuman (September 19, 1918, Bowden, Wells County, North Dakota; bap December 1, 1918, Fessenden Lutheran Church - ≥1945), was working as a restaurant dishwasher in 1940, in Fessenden. In 1945, she was living in Pittsburg, California. *1918 Concordia Ev. Lutheran Church, Fessenden, Baptism Record; 1920, 1930 and 1940 US Census; 1925 Wells County, North Dakota, Census; and 1945 Petition for Naturalization.*

b. Frieda Emma Neumann (March 25, 1920, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota; bap May 30, 1920, Fessenden – March 19, 2013, Buffalo Grove, Lake and Cook Counties, Illinois) married twice.

M#1 Emil (Pat) Carl Korthals (April 23, 1913, Sebeka or North Germany Township, Wadena County, Minnesota – May 25, 1959, Chicago, Cook County, Illinois), on December 22, 1940, in Cook County, Illinois, and had a daughter Kathleen Korthals (b1944-45, Chicago; m ____ Swan).

M#2. Stanley Matthew Mrozowicz/Morrow (May 3, 1914, Chicago, Cook County, Illinois – November 9, 1973, Cook County, Illinois), was probably a divorcee, whom she married after Emil Korthals' death in 1959. Stanley Matthew Mzozowicz married Rose Mary Kurowski (1914, Chicago, Cook County, Illinois – July 1980, Chicago, Cook County, Illinois) on June 19, 1940, in Chicago, Illinois.

1920 Concordia Ev. Lutheran Church, Fessenden, Baptism Record; 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1925 Wells County, North Dakota, Census; December 22, 1940, First Immanuel Lutheran Church, Chicago, Marriage Record, p118 #8732*; 1940 Cook County, Illinois, Marriage Records; WWII Draft Reg* (Stanley Matthew Mrozowicz & Emil Carl Korthals)*; 1945 Petition for Naturalization; May 26, 1959, and November 11, 1973, Chicago Tribune Obituaries; 1973 Cook*

County, Illinois, Death Record; 1973 and 2013 US Deaths; 1973 US Apps/Claims; 1973 BIRLS Deaths; March 21, 2013, The Bismarck Tribune Obituary; March 21, 2013, Minot Daily News Obituary; and Find-a-Grave (Gravemarker Emil Korthals, Hillside Cemetery, Fessenden, North Dakota).

c. Ruth Marie Neuman (June 8, 1926, Wells County, North Dakota – April 30, 1933, Carrington, Foster County, North Dakota). *1930 US Census; 1933 Carrington, Foster County, North Dakota, Death Certificate* (6Y 8M 11D)*; and 1933 Saint John's Lutheran Church, Fessenden, Burial Record.*

d. Dale Allen Neuman (November 7, 1936, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota – July 21, 2009, Coarsegold, Madera County, California) married Mary Louise (Marylou) Kanzelman (March 14, 1940, Aurora, Benson County, North Dakota – January 21, 1984, Kern General Hospital, Bakersfield, Kern County, California), daughter of George Kanzelman and Halga Larson, on July 6, 1958, in Wells County, North Dakota. They had four known children and divorced in August 1972, in Monterey County, California. *1910, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1945 Petition for Naturalization; 1958 Wells County, North Dakota, Marriage Record; 1972 Monterey County, California, Divorce Record; 1984 Kern County, California, Death Record; 2009 US Deaths; and July 31, 2009, The Fresno Bee Obituary.*

3. Albert Wiese (April 17, 1900, Beresowka/Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 23, 1900, Heimtal Parish (GP: Johann Wiese and Anna (Lütke) Wiese) – November 19, 1969, Holyoke, Hampden County, Massachusetts) arrived in the US with his mother at Boston, Massachusetts, on July 2, 1913. He was in North Dakota as late as 1935, before moving to Massachusetts. Albert Wiese married divorcee Beatrice Leone Chapdelaine Leonard (October 8, 1907, Chicopee, Hampden County, Massachusetts – August 31, 2003, Saint Petersburg, Pinellas County, Florida; m Ray L. Leonard in 1929, in Chicopee; div Ray L. Leonard on October 16, 1937, Pueblo County, Colorado), daughter of Francois Adelard Chapdelaine (June 9, 1883, St-Theodore-d'Acton, Québec, Canada – 1947, Holyoke, Hampden County, Massachusetts) and Melina Soutiere (November 25, 1886, Massachusetts – January 3, 1974, Holyoke, Hampden County, Massachusetts; m December 26, 1906, Chicopee, Massachusetts), on November 25, 1937, in Brattleboro, Windham County, Vermont. Albert and Beatrice Wiese had one known child, and also raised one stepson under the Wiese surname. After Albert Wiese's death, Beatrice married husband #3: Antonio Bellerose/Bellrose (1909-1987). *1883 St-Theodore-d'Acton, Québec, Canada Baptism Record; 1900 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p86 #675*; 1906 and 1929 Hampden County, Massachusetts, Marriage Records; 1907 Hampden County, Massachusetts, Birth Record; 1913 SS Franconia Manifest; 1915 Wells County, North Dakota, Census; 1917 Fessenden Concordia Ev. Lutheran Church Confirmation Record; WWI&II Draft Reg; 1900, 1910, 1920, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1937 Pueblo County, Colorado, Divorce Record; 1937 Brattleboro, Windham County, Vermont, Marriage Record; 1947, 1969 and 1974 Holyoke, Hampden County, Massachusetts, Death Records; 1969 US Deaths; September 1, 1987,* (Antonio Bellerose) *and September 5, 2003,* (Beatrice Bellrose) *Tampa Bay Times Obituaries; Mount Holyoke Mason Membership Card; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Evergreen Cemetery, South Hadley, Hampshire County, Massachusetts).

a. Bruce Wiese (b December 23, 1939, Chicopee, Hampden County, Massachusetts). *1940 and 1950 US Census; and September 1, 1987,* (Antonio Bellerose) *and September 5, 2003,* (Beatrice Bellrose) *Tampa Bay Times Obituaries.*

b. Richard Leonard Wiese (b 1933/34, Chicopee, Hampden County, Massachusetts). *1940 and 1950 US Census; and September 1, 1987,* (Antonio Bellerose) *and September 5, 2003,* (Beatrice Bellrose) *Tampa Bay Times Obituaries.*

4. Ottilie (Tillie) Wiese **(DNA)** (September 5, 1901, Beresowka/Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 7, 1901, Heimtal Parish (GP: uncle Julius Wiese and aunt Emilie Wiese (either wife or sister of Julius Wiese)) – August 13, 1990, Fargo, Cass County, North Dakota) arrived in the US with her mother at Boston, Massachusetts, on July 2, 1913. Tillie Wiese married Gustaf (Gust) Sigfrid Månnson/Monson (February 10, 1885, Hallingeberg, Kalmar, Sweden – July 31, 1941, Fargo, Cass County, North Dakota; Imm to New York, New York, on February 13, 1904), son of Axel Oskar Månnson and Matilda Charlotta Svensdotter, on July 7, 1923, in the First Evangelical Lutheran Church, Fessenden, North Dakota. Ottilie (Tillie) Wiese and Gustaf (Gust) Sigfrid Månnson/Monson had two sons before Gust's death in 1941. *1885 Hallingeberg, Kalmar, Sweden, Birth Record; 1901 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record, #2023; 1904 SS Celtic Manifest; 1905 Chisago, Minnesota, Census* (Gust Monson)*; 1913 SS Franconia Manifest; 1915 and 1925 Wells County, North Dakota, Census; 1917 Fessenden Concordia Ev. Lutheran Church Confirmation Record; WWI Draft Reg; 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1923 First Evangelical Lutheran Church, Fessenden, Marriage Record, #17; 1928 Declaration of Intention; 1934 Petition for Citizenship; 1941 and 1990 Fargo, Cass County, North Dakota, Death Certificates; 1990 US Deaths; 1941 and 1990 US Apps/Claims; August 14, 1990, The Fargo Forum Obituary; and Find-a-Grave (Gravemarkers Riverside Cemetery, Fargo).*

a. Donald Edward Monson **(DNA)** (November 18, 1923, Fargo, Cass County, North Dakota; bap January 4, 1924, Fargo, North Dakota – June 5, 2017, Port Orchard, Kitsap County, Washington) was married three times, and had three known children. *1924 Fargo First Ev. Lutheran Church Baptism Record; 1925 Wells County, North Dakota, Census; 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1934 Petition for Citizenship; WWII Draft Reg; 1943 US Army Enlistment Record; 1971 Riverside County, California, Divorce Record; 1977 Reno, Washoe County, Nevada, Marriage Record; August 14, 1990, The Fargo Forum Obituary; 2017 Kitsap County, Washington, Death Record; June 15, 2017, The Tacoma News Tribune Obituary; US Veterans Gravesites; and Find-a-Grave (Gravemarker Tahoma National Cemetery).*

M#1 Donna May Rudolph (May 30, 1925, Hibbing, St. Louis County, Minnesota – February 13, 2004, Hemet, Riverside County, California), daughter of Paul Rudolph and Iva M. Chapman, were married in Fargo, North Dakota, around October 1948. In 1950, they were living in Grand Forks, North Dakota. They divorced in July 1971, in Riverside, California. Donald Edward Monson and Donna M. Rudolph had three sons: (1) Paul Lawrence Monson/Summers (b1952/53, Fargo, Cass County, North Dakota; November 18, 1975, married Marlene J. Clarke Thorn, in Clark County, Nevada; divorced in May 1977, Riverside County, California; August 29, 1981, married Lorie D. Robbins, in Riverside County, California); (2) Marc Stephen Monson (b1954/55, Fargo, Cass County, North Dakota); and (3) Jon Michael Monson **(DNA Match)** (b April 6, 1959, Lancaster, Los Angeles County, California; October 6, 1978, married Karen Eileen Woodford, in Clark County, Nevada). In 1972, Donna May Rudolph Monson married Otto Alvin Tandy (1920-1980), with whom she is buried. *1925 St. Louis County, Minnesota, Birth Record; 1950 US Census; 1959 Los Angeles County, California, Birth Record; 1971 and 1977 Riverside County, California, Divorce Records; 1975 and 1978 Clark County, Nevada, Marriage Records; 1981 Riverside County, California, Marriage Record; 2004 Riverside County, California, Death Record; 2004 US Deaths; 2004 US Apps/Claims; February 18, 2004, The Riverside Press Enterprise Obituary; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Tandy, Riverside National Cemetery, Riverside, California)*; and June 15, 2017, The Tacoma News Tribune Obituary.*

M#2 Margaret Elizabeth Morris (b June 3, 1942, Alabama; July 29, 1961, married Wallace Gene Keltner, in Huntsville, Alabama (divorced); November 16, 1974, married Harold Irving Renninger in Hampton, Virginia; divorced in September 1976, Riverside County, California), daughter of Fred Richard Morris and Miriam Jane Roundtree, married in Reno, Nevada, on May 19, 1977, and divorced in Riverside County, California, on December 12, 1984. There is no mention of this marriage in his obituary. *1961 Huntsville, Alabama, Marriage Record; August 11, 1961, The Birmingham News Marriage Announcement; 1974 Newport News, Virginia, Marriage Record; 1976 and 1984 Riverside County, California, Divorce Records; 1977 Reno, Washoe County, Nevada, Marriage Record; and June 15, 2017, The Tacoma News Tribune Obituary.*

M#3 Ruthanne Aikman (February 16, 1932, Nuevo, Riverside County, California – February 14, 2008, Louisville, Boulder County, Colorado; August 4, 1952, married Carl C. Gebhardt, in Montgomery County, Ohio; May 1976, divorced in Riverside County, California), daughter of Herbert A. Aikman and Mary Vickroy, married in 1987. *1952 Montgomery County, Ohio, Marriage Record; 1978 Riverside County, California, Divorce Record; 2008 US Deaths; and June 15, 2017, The Tacoma News Tribune Obituary.*

b. Lawrence Gustave Monson (April 7, 1925, Fargo, Cass County, North Dakota; bap July 27, 1925, Fargo First Ev. Lutheran Church – October 13, 2022, Fargo, Cass County, North Dakota) married Cornelia (Connie) Weber (April 19, 1926, Saint Anthony, Morton County, North Dakota – February 3, 2008, Fargo, Cass County, North Dakota), daughter of John Weber and Bridget Renner, on December 30, 1950, in Bartlesville, Washington County, Oklahoma. They had five children: (1) Gary A. Monson (June 13, 1953, Fargo, Cass County, North Dakota – April 21, 1973, Fargo, Cass County, North Dakota; (2) Deborah Elaine Monson (b June 29, 1954, Clay County, Minnesota; m Brad Wimmer); (3) Diana Monson (m Chip Lyslo); (4) Geralyn Renee Monson (b January 20, 1966, Clay County, Minnesota; m Paul A. Smiley on July 6, 1979, in Rapid City, South Dakota); and (5) Vickie Lynn Monson (m Jason Gion). *1925 Fargo First Ev. Lutheran Church Baptism Record; 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1934 Petition for Citizenship; WWII Draft Reg; 1954 and 1956 Clay County, Minnesota, Birth Records; 1973 Fargo, Cass County, North Dakota, Death Certificate; July 22, 1979, Rapid City Journal Marriage Announcement; August 14, 1990, and February 5, 2008, The Fargo Forum Obituaries; 2008 US Deaths; June 15, 2017, The Tacoma News Tribune Obituary* (Donald Edward Monson)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers (Cornelia and Gary Monson) Sunset Memorial Gardens, Fargo).

5. Ewald Wiese (November 29, 1903, Beresowka/Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 5, 1903, Heimtal Parish (GP: Samuel Schön and Auguste Schön) – September 1, 1970, Bismarck, Burleigh County, North Dakota), arrived in the US with his mother at Boston, Massachusetts, on July 2, 1913. On October 3, 1940, he married widow Wilhelmine (Minnie) Maria Klitzke Earl (July 27, 1907, McLean County, North Dakota; bap August 11, 1907, Fessenden – August 8, 1976, Dickinson, Stark County, North Dakota; m 1936, Albert Leo Earl (September 16, 1903, Balfour, McHenry County, North Dakota – December 30, 1939, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota; m November 1, 1924 Ruth E. Stickney (December 19, 1906, South Dakota – September 8, 1925, Fargo, Cass County, North Dakota)), daughter of Herman C. Klitzke (1879-1925) and Margrete Deden (1881-1945), in Fessenden. They did not have children of their own. Ewald Wiese was Fessenden's Chief of Police, then a deputy with the Wells County Sheriff's Department, and finally serving as Sheriff from 1949 to 1958. Minnie drowned in the Heart River at age 69. *1903 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p110 #975*; 1913 SS Franconia Manifest; 1915 and 1925 Wells County, North Dakota, Census; 1920 and 1921 Fessenden Concordia Ev. Lutheran Church Confirmation Records; 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1925 and 1939 Wells County, North Dakota, Death Certificates; 1970 Burleigh County, North Dakota, Death Certificate; 1970 and 1976 US Deaths; September 3, 1970, and August 10, 1976, The Bismarck Tribune Obituaries; 1976 Stark County, North Dakota, Death Certificate; North Dakota Cemetery Records* (Hillside Cemetery)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Hillside Cemetery Fessenden; and Gravemarkers (Klitzke) Immanuel Lutheran Church Cemetery, Hay Creek, Goodhue County, Minnesota).

6. Reinhold Wiese (August 17, 1906, Beresowka/Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 28, 1906, Heimtal Parish – October 15, 1984, Carrington, Foster County, North Dakota) was a carpenter and never married. Reinhold Wiese arrived in the US with his mother at Boston, Massachusetts, on July 2, 1913. He was in Fessenden until sometime after 1935, and was in Vallejo, California, in 1940. However, by 1941, he was a carpenter in "Anderson's Camp,"* Anchorage Alaska, working with the "US Engineers." In 1942, he was in Hawaii and sailed to San Francisco in November of that year. In 1947, he flew from Guam to Oakland, California; in 1949, while a resident of San Francisco, he flew from New York to Amsterdam; and in 1950, Reinhold Wiese flew from Saudi Arabia to New York, as an employee of ARAMCO. Reinhold Wiese lived in Fessenden prior to his death. *1906 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p50 #485*; 1913 SS Franconia Manifest; 1915 and 1925 Wells County, North Dakota, Census; 1922 Fessenden First Lutheran Church Confirmation Record; 1920 and 1940 US Census; WWII Draft Reg; 1994 Carrington, Foster County, North Dakota, Death Certificate; 1994 US Deaths; 1994 US Apps/Claims; October 16, 1994, The Bismarck Tribune Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Hillside Cemetery, Fessenden).

> *"Anton A. Anderson was a civil engineer working on railroads, dams, and tunnels in Alaska, including his service with the Alaskan Engineering Commission (AEC), Alaska Railroad, U.S. Army, and other federal and local agencies. He became known as 'Mr. Alaska Railroad' due to his work in surveying and engineering much of the railroad line and also surveying the original Anchorage townsite. During the 1930s, he was location engineer for sites for Matanuska Valley Colony projects. He was the principal civilian engineer for the U.S. Army during World War II, and headed construction of a railroad spur tunnel, the Whittier Tunnel, connecting Whittier to Portage." *AlaskaHistory.org*.

7. Emil Wiese (April 4, 1909, Beresowka/Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 9, 1909, Heimtal Parish (GP: Julius Wiese and Ida Schön) – December 6, 1994, Holyoke, Hampden County, Massachusetts) arrived in the US with his mother at Boston, Massachusetts, on July 2, 1913. Emil Wiese was in Chicago, Illinois, in 1935. On January 10, 1939, Emil Wiese married Cecelia Brandel (December 14, 1915, Mobridge, Walworth County, South Dakota – April 16, 1996, Holyoke, Hampden County, Massachusetts), daughter of Adam Brandel (August 15, 1878, Russia – November 23, 1937, Walworth County, South Dakota; Imm to New York, US on April 21, 1903; divorced Rose in the 1920s) and Rose Phillips (February 22, 1894, Russia – October 14, 1931, Mandan, Morton County, North Dakota), in Porter County, Indiana. They had one known child. *1909 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p76 #746*; 1913 SS Franconia Manifest; 1903 SS Rijndam Manifest; 1905, 1915, 1925 and 1935 Walworth County, South Dakota, Census; WWI Draft Reg; 1915 and 1925 Wells County, North Dakota, Census; 1910, 1920, 1930 and 1940 US Census; 1939 Porter County, Indiana, Marriage Record; WWII Draft Reg; 1994 and 1996 Hampden County, Massachusetts, Death Records; 1994 and 1996 US Deaths; December 8, 1994, and April 17, 1996, The Springfield Republican Obituaries; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Fairview Cemetery, Chicopee, Massachusetts; Gravemarker (Wiese) Greenwood Cemetery, Mobridge, South Dakota; and Gravemarker (Phillips-Wiese) Mandan Union Cemetery, Mandan, North Dakota).

a. Robert August Wiese (November 19, 1939, Holyoke, Hampden County, Massachusetts – January 19, 2000, Holyoke, Hampden County, Massachusetts) married Roxanne C. Nickerson (b December 27, 1952). *1939 Hampden County, Massachusetts, Birth Record; 1940 US Census; December 8, 1994, and April 17, 1996, The Springfield Republican Obituaries; 2000 Hampden County, Massachusetts, Death Record; 2000 US Deaths; 2000 US Apps/Claims; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Fairview Cemetery, Chicopee, Massachusetts).

- Julius Wiese (October 30, 1876, Kleschtschin, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 18, 1876, Heimtal Parish - >October 10, 1910, ____) married Emilie Lindner, whom I could not specifically identify due to multiple

"Emilie Lindners" in the records. The marriage may have occurred as early as 1901. Julius Wiese and Emilie Lindner had two known children. *1877 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p622 #357.

1. Ernst Wiese (b March 9, 1906, Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 11, 1906, Heimtal Parish (GP: Gustav Schön and August Schön). *1906 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p49 #474 ("Wiese" was mistranslated by SGGEE as "Buse").

2. Herbert Wiese (b October 24, 1907, Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 29, 1907, Heimtal Parish (GP: August Holberg (sic Holweger) and Auguste Holberg (sic Holweger)). *1909 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p91 #809.

Julius Wiese and/or Emilie Lindner Wiese were the Godparent(s) of several of his sibling's children; although some of the "Emilie Wiese" sponsors could have been his sister, who was probably born circa 1887-1888, but married Wilhelm Jakubowski on July 12, 1906, both of which must be factored in when assigning her as a sponsor. All of the baptisms occurred in Beresowka, Heimtal Parish.

Baptism Date	**Child's Name**	**Parent(s)** (siblings of Julius Wiese)	**Godparent(s)**
9/7 1901	Ottilie Wiese	August Wiese & Wilhelmine Rösler	Julius Wiese & Emilie Lindner Wiese
9/29 1903	Ottilie Wiese	Mathilde Wiese	Ephraim Wiese & Emilie (____?) Wiese
2/27 1906	Emil Holweger	Auguste Wiese & August Holweger	Julius Wiese & Emilie (____?) Wiese
5/27 1907	Elsa Holweger	Auguste Wiese & August Holweger	Julius Wiese & Hulda Wiese
5/9 1909	Emil Wiese	August Wiese & Wilhelmine Rösler	Julius Wiese
10/10 1910	Elsa Jakubowski	Emilie Wiese & Wilhelm Jakubowski	Julius Wiese & Emilie Lindner Wiese

- Ephraim Wiese (December 13, 1878, Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 24, 1878, Heimtal Parish (GP: Johann Wiese) - >August 1913, ____) may have married Theophile Besel or Theophile Besler (who may have been related to August Besler, who married Ephraim's sister Hulda Wiese). They had two known children. Ephraim Wiese also sponsored two children of women who may have been his sisters (father not listed for either): (1) Ottilie Wiese, daughter of Mathilde Wiese (b September 26, 1903, Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 29, 1903, Heimtal Parish (GP: Emilie Wiese); and (2) Emma Wiese, daughter of Emma Wiese (b February 24, 1913, Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 4, 1913, Heimtal Parish (GP: Pauline Rosnau, who also sponsored Ephraim's daughter Sophie Wiese). *1880* (p436 #57)*, 1903* (p109 #971), *1911* (p81 #795) *and 1913* (p89 #781 and #783) *Heimtal Parish Baptism Records*.

1. Reinhold Wiese (b January 16, 1911, Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 18, 1911, Heimtal Parish (GP: Eduard (Rudolf) Wiese and Mathilde Wiese)). *1911 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p81 #795.

2. Sophie Wiese (b April 13, 1913, Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 16, 1913, Heimtal Parish (GP: Pauline Rosnau*)). *1913 Heimtal Parish Baptism Records,* p89 #783.

*Pauline Rosnau was also a Godmother to Emma Weise's daughter Erna Wiese in 1913, who were separated by only two lines in the record, but by twelve days in the recorded baptisms; which may indicate a relationship versus a parishioner.

• Mathilde Wiese (January 14, 1881, Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 4, 1882, Heimtal Parish (GP: Anna Wiese) - ____) had one known child before she was married based upon the child's Godparents, who were her brother Ephraim Wiese and sister Emilie Wiese. Any marriage would probably have occurred in late 1903 or after. *1882 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p651 #219.

1. Ottilie Wiese (b September 26, 1903, Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 29, 1903, Heimtal Parish (GP: Ephraim Wiese and Emilie Wiese)). *1903 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p109 #971.

Mathilde Wiese probably didn't marry Gustav Klemm on January 11, 1912, possibly in Lebed or Bliznitza in Emilchin Parish, which are just east of Emilchin, and some distance from Beresowka. One known child was born to this couple. However, he was born in Bliznitza, Volhynia, Russia, and his baptism was sponsored by Ernst Wiese and Auguste Wiese, neither of whom appear to be related to Mathilde Wiese. *1912 Emilchin Parish Marriage Record,* p1 #5*; 1914 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p21 #126 (Hermann Klemm (b September 4, 1914, Bliznitza, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 24, 1914, Lebed, Emilchin Parish – March 29, 2003, Fallbrook, San Diego County, California))*; 2003 US Apps/Claims; 2003 US Deaths; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Masonic Cemetery Fallbrook, California).

• Hulda Wiese (January 18, 1883, Rohrbach/Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 30, 1883, Heimtal Parish – November 9, 1913, Olchowka, Volhynia, Russia) probably married August Besler (____-____), on April 4, 1909, in the Heimtal Parish. August Besler may have been related to her brother Ephraim Wiese's wife Theophile, if her maiden name was Besler (not Besel). On May 27, 1907, Hulda "Wiese" (i.e. before any marriage) and her brother Julius Wiese were the Godparent's of their sister Auguste Wiese Hohlweger's daughter Elsa Hohlweger, who was born in Beresowka. The Besler's lived in Olchowka, which is located north of Shitomir in Heimtal Parish. Hulda Weise and August Besler had two known children, both of whom died before Hulda Wiese Besler's death on November 9, 1913, in Olchowka. It appears August Besler married Hulda Wolf on February 5, 1914. *1883* (p842 #693) *and 1907* (p90 #798) *Heimtal Parish Baptism Records; 1909* (p122 #43) *and 1914* (p290 #22) *Heimtal Parish Marriage Records; and 1913 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p181 #491 (married to August, born Heimtal).

*There were three August Besler's born between 1872 and 1876, whose births were recorded in the *Odessa3* records. However, I could not determine which, if any, of them may have married Hulda Wiese.

1. Erna Besler (October 12, 1910, Olchowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 17, 1910, Heimtal Parish (GP: Wilhelm Boesler and Bertha Boesler) – December 9, 1910, Olchowka, Volhynia, Russia). *1910 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p64 #629*; and 1910 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p151 #391.

2. Sophie Besler (July 20, 1912, Olchowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 22, 1912, Heimtal Parish (GP: Hermann Wiese and Julianna Besler) – August 6, 1912, Olchowka, Volhynia, Russia). *1912 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p21 #181*; and 1912 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p151 #227.

• Auguste Wiese (August 11, 1885, Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 26, 1885, Heimtal Parish (GP: Anna Wiese) - ≥1938, possibly Gandersheim, Germany) married August Holweger (June 18, 1883, Volhynia, Russia – June 4, 1928, Meinersen, Niedersachsen, Germany). They had three known children.

I could not locate August Holweger's birth/baptism record in the *Odessa3 St. Petersburg Archives*. They left Volhynia sometime before the birth of their third known child, who was born in Sarnowo, Rawitsch, Posen, Congress Poland, Russia, in September 1912. By 1914, the family was in Offenburg, Germany, about 20km southeast of Strasbourg, France. August Holweger served in the German Army during World War I and was wounded. After the war, the family continued to live in Offenburg, where August Holweger was a wallpaper hanger. At the time of August Holweger's death in 1928, the family was living in Meinersen, Lower Saxony, Germany, about 50km east of Hanover. In 1938, Auguste Wiese Holweger and son Reinhard Holweger were living in Gandersheim, Germany, about 75km south of Hanover. *1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p684 #1114*; 1906 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p138 #47*; 1916 and 1918 German World War I Casualty Lists; 1920 Einwohnerbuch der Badischen Kreishauptstadt for Offenburg, Deutsche National Bibliothek; 1928 Meinersen, Germany, Death Record; and 1938 Adress der Gemeinden des Landes Braunschweig, Deutsche National Bibliothek.*

1. Emil Holweger (February 25, 1906, Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 27, 1906, Heimtal Parish (GP: Julius Wiese (Buse* sic) and Emilie Lindner Wiese (Buse* sic)) – July 22, 1906, Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia). *1906 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p49 #473*; and 1906 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p138 #47.

*"Wiese" was mistranslated by *SGGEE* as "Buse."

2. Elsa Holweger (b May 23, 1907, Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 27, 1907, Heimtal Parish (GP: Julius Wiese and Hulda Wiese) married Oswald Hermann Fritz Schleupner (b December 19, 1905, Liegnitz, Lower Silesia, Prussia), on October 14, 1927, in Leiferde, Lower Saxony, Germany. *1907 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p90 #798*; and Historisches Archiv der Samtgemeinde Meinersen; Meinersen, Deutschland; Personenstandsregister Heiratsregister.*

3. Reinhard Holweger (September 16, 1912, Sarnowo, Rawitsch, Posen, Congress Poland, Russia – March 30, 1945, Blenhorst* (Wreseen), Lower Saxony, Germany) was an Obergefreiter in the German Wehrmacht during World War II, when he was killed-in-action. Prior to the war, in 1938, he was living with his mother in Gemeinden, and worked as a blacksmith. However, Reinhard Holweger's death is recorded in the civil records in Nienburg/Weser. He married Dora Louise Sophie König. *1938 Adress der Gemeinden des Landes Braunschweig, Deutsche National Bibliothek; and October 30, 1946, Stadt und Kreisarchiv Nienburg*, Ref. VI H-52717*; Nienburg, Deutschland.*

*Blenhorst was created by combining six towns in 1976. Thus, his actual place of death is not known, although his last residence was listed as "Wreseen," which I could not locate.

- Emilie Wiese (~1887, Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia - ≥October 4, 1910, ____) is believed to be a child of Herrmann Ludwig Wiese and Henriette Strohschein, based upon several Heimtal Parish baptismal records, in which she is either a sponsor (i.e. for Ottilie Wiese, daughter of her probable sister Mathilde Wiese, in 1903), or her probable siblings are Godparents for her children, born in Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia. On July 12, 1906, in the Heimtal Parish, Emilie Wiese married Wilhelm Jakubowski (May 25, 1879, Heimtal, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 11, 1879, Heimtal Parish - ____), son of Ludwig Jakubowski and Anna Friederike Witten (Wittliff?) (b February 13, 1857, Faustendorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 11, 1857, Shitomir Parish). The Wilhelm Jacobowski family may have moved to Germany as of 1914, based upon German World War I casualty lists and city directories, but I am unable to confirm they are the same Wilhelm Jakubowski. Emilie Wiese and Wilhelm Jakubowski had two known children born in Beresowka. *1857 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p371 #5*; 1881* (p542 #84) *and 1903* (p109 #971) *Heimtal Parish Baptism Records; and 1906 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p130 #168.

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1. Theodor Jakubowski (December 26, 1906, Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 3, 1907, Heimtal Parish (GP: Pauline Drews*) – April 25, 1913, Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia). *1908 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p109 #775*; and 1913 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p136 #83.

*Pauline Drews was also a Godparent to Rudolf Wiese, son of Emma Wiese, whom I believe to be Emilie Wiese's sister Pauline Wiese.

2. Elsa Jakubowski (b October 4, 1910, Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 10, 1910, Heimtal Parish (GP: Julius Wiese and Emilie Lindner Wiese)). *1910 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p87 #855.

- Emma Wiese (~1889, Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia - ≥February 24, 1913, ____) is also a suspected child, based upon Heimtal Parish baptismal records of her children born in Beresowka, for whom no father is listed.

1. Rudolf Wiese (b June 17, 1907, Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 2, 1907, Heimtal Parish (GP: Wilhelm Jacubowski and Pauline Drews*)). *1907 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p90 #799.

*Pauline Drews was also a Godparent to Theodor Jakubowski, son of Emilie Wiese, whom I believe to be Emma Wiese's sister.

2. Erna Wiese (b February 24, 1913, Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 4, 1913, Heimtal Parish (GP: Ephraim Wiese and Pauline Rosnau*)). *1913 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p89 #781.

*Pauline Rosnau was also a Godmother to Ephraim Weise's daughter Sophie Wiese in 1913, who were separated by only two lines in the record, but by twelve days in the recorded baptisms; which may indicate a relationship versus a parishioner.

[148] Anna Wiese **(DNA)** married her first cousin Johann (Martin) Wiese **(DNA?)** (May 21, 1852, Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 7, 1852, Shitomir Parish (GP: Carolina Wiese) - December 25, 1925, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota), son of Ludwig Wiese **(DNA?)** and Henrietta Lindner, in 1869. *1852 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p317 #48*; and 1900 US Census*.

There were four "Johann Wiese" sons among the five Wieses believed to be brothers or possibly first cousins. Anna Wiese married "Johann Martin Wiese," son of Ludwig Wiese and Henriette Lindner, according to his *1925 Wells County, North Dakota, Death Certificate*, for which Anna Wiese was the informant. Anna Wiese's *1940 Wells County, North Dakota, Death Certificate*, states her mother's maiden name was "Wiese," not Anna/Johanna Müller, wife of Johann Wiese. "Johann Karl Wiese" is identified as the husband of Anna Wiese in the birth/baptism record of their daughter Henriette; while all of their other children's birth/baptism records only have "Johann Wiese" as the father.

In the October 13, 1911, *SS Ivernia Manifest*, August Wiese, son of Hermann Ludwig Wiese and Henriette Ströhschein, stated his and his daughter Ernestine Wiese's final destination was Fessenden, North Dakota, to see uncle John Wiese. There was only one John/Johann Wiese who could have been an uncle living in Fessenden, i.e. Johann Martin Wiese (b1852), son of Ludwig Wiese and Henriette Lindner. The only way Johann Wiese could have been his uncle was through his marriage to his aunt Anna Wiese, because Johann Wiese and Anna/Johanna Müller did not have a known son with the given name of "Johann."

Anna Wiese and Johann Martin Wiese had six known children, all probably born in Rohrbach/Beresowka. On May 23, 1893, Johann Wiese, Anna Wiese, and their five youngest children, arrived in New York City on the *SS Trave*, which had sailed from Bremen, Germany. Their oldest son, Gustave (Gus, Gust) Wiese, had emigrated to the US in 1892. As of June 1, 1900, the entire family of eight was living together on a farm in Norway Township, Wells County, North Dakota. By 1910, the family (John, Annie, Ernestina, Lida and Amelia) was living in Fessenden City, Oshkosh Township, Wells County, North Dakota, where they lived the rest of their lives. In 1930, Anna Wiese lived with daughter Ernestine Wiese in Fessenden, and in 1940, lived with widowed daughter Mildred Strong and daughter Ernestine Wiese. Johann (Martin) Wiese and Anna Wiese were members of Concordia Evangelical Lutheran Church in Fessenden, and are buried in the Concordia Cemetery. *1893 SS Trave Passenger Manifest; 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930 and 1940 US Census; 1915 and 1925 Wells County, North Dakota, Census; 1925 and 1940 Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota, Death Certificates; 1925 and 1940 Concordia Evangelical Church Burial Records; 1925 and 1940 North Dakota Cemetery Records; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Concordia Cemetery).

Anna Wiese is the third child of Johann Wiese and Anna/Johanna Müller who is an *Ancestry*DNA™ match with my *Wiese* ancestors. This match may be more significant as it involves two (of the five known) lines of *Gottfried Wiese* descendants; although it is possible only one line contributes to the DNA (which would probably be that of Johann Wiese and Anna/Johanna Müller. *See* Appendix A.

- Gustave (Gus, Gust) Wiese (March 12, 1873, Rohrbach/Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia - March 7, 1909, Wells County, North Dakota) emigrated to the United States in 1892, ahead of his parents and siblings. Gustave Wiese is buried in Concordia Cemetery. He apparently never married. *1900 US Census; 1909 Wells County, North Dakota, Death Certificate; 1909 North Dakota Cemetery Record; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Concordia Cemetery).

- Rudolph Wiese **(DNA)** (January 28, 1875, Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 16, 1875, Heimtal Parish – June 11, 1946, Harvey, Wells County, North Dakota) emigrated to the United States with his parents. Rudolph Wiese filed his *Declaration of Intent* to become a US Citizen on September 28, 1894, and his Naturalization Petition on September 12, 1899, on which date he became a US Citizen. On June 11, 1900, Rudolph Wiese received a Patent for 158.87 acres of land in Wells County, North Dakota, under authority of the *1862 Homestead Act*. On October 20, 1905, Rudolph Wiese married Anna/Annie Amelia Keller/Geller (December 30, 1882, Minnesota – May 10, 1955, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota), for whom no pre-marriage information could be located, in Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota. They had nine known children (although daughter Sadie A. Wiese's *2005 Obituary* stated she had six brothers and three sisters = ten). None of their children ever married, and only one (Sadie) had children. As of April 1, 1950, widow Annie Wiese was living in West Norway, Wells County, North Dakota, with five of her children: Palma, Emil, Edwin, Lucille and Elmer Wiese. Rudolph and Annie Keller Wiese are buried in Hillside Cemetery, Fessenden, North Dakota. *1876 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p727 #119*; 1893 SS Trave Passenger Manifest; 1894 Declaration of Intent; 1899 Naturalization Petition; 1900 US Land Patent; 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1912, 1915, 1916 and 1918 Concordia Ev. Lutheran Church Baptism Records* (Annie's surname in all baptisms is "Geller")*; 1920 Wells County, North Dakota, Marriage Record* ("Annie Keller")*; 1925 Norway Township, Wells County, North Dakota, Census; 1946 Harvey, Wells County, North Dakota, Death Certificate; 1955 Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota, Death Certificate; 1946 and 1955 North Dakota Cemetery Records; 1995 Ward County, North Dakota, Death Certificate* (Ella Bernice Wiese)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Hillside Cemetery).

    1. Sadie Annie Augusta Wiese **(DNA)** (September 28, 1906, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota – January 29, 2005, Tacoma, Pierce County, Washington) apparently never married, but did have a daughter Jean Hazel Wiese (*see below*). In 1930, Sadie Wiese and daughter Janette H. Wiese were living/boarding with the Nick/Minnie Poskes family in Harvey, North Dakota. Sadie Wiese was also listed as a member of her parent's household in 1930 and 1940. As of April 1, 1950, Sadie Wiese was a pastry chef in Fessenden. Sadie Wiese moved to Tacoma, Washington, in 1952, probably to be with her daughter, where she died in 2005. In 1957-1960, Sadie A. Wiese was employed as a baker for the Airport Café and Busch's Drive Inn Restaurant, Tacoma, and lived at 3599 and 3817 Spokane Street, Tacoma. *1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1922 Concordia Ev. Lutheran Church*

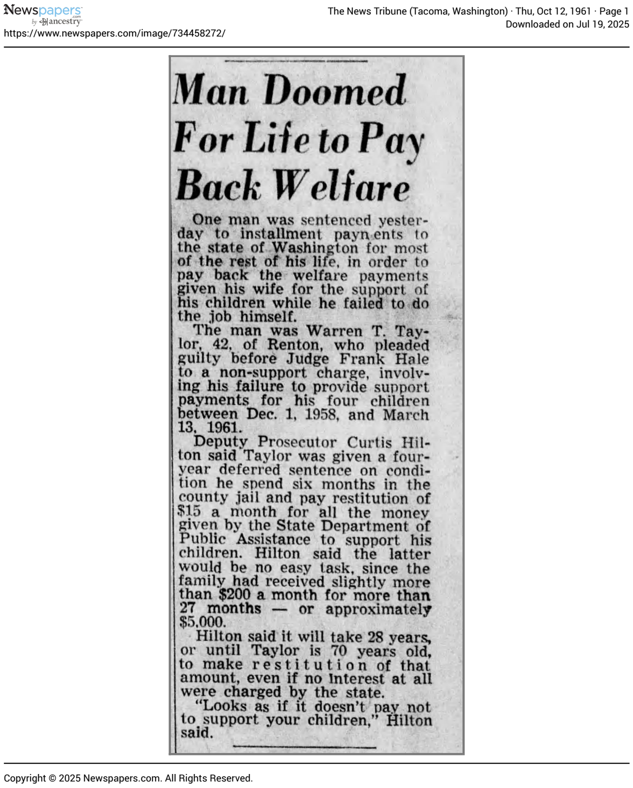
Confirmation Record; 1925 Norway Township, Wells County, North Dakota, Census; 1957, 1958, 1959 and 1960 Tacoma, Washington, City Directories; 2005 Pierce County, Washington, Death Record; 2005 US Deaths; 2005 US Apps/Claims; February 2, 2005, The Tacoma News Tribune Obituary; and Find-a-Grave (Gravemarker Mountain View Memorial Park, Lakewood, Washington).

a. Jean (Janette) Hazel Wiese **(DNA)** (July 25, 1926, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota – January 18, 2006, Tacoma, Pierce County, Washington) was married twice. Jean Hazel Wiese Lozon's Obituary is interesting, as it states she had six children:

> "She is survived by her aunt, Lucille Wiese; aunt Edith Leffelbein; her six children, Hazel Roper, Gloria Woods, Thomas Thorndike, Kirk Thorndike, Phillip Lozon, and Mary Lou Halverson; ten grandchildren; eighteen great-grandchildren; and her beloved dog Gerber."

1930 US Census; 2006 Pierce County, Washington, Death Record; 2006 US Deaths; 2006 US Apps/Claims; 2006 Tacoma News Tribune Obituary; and Find-a-Grave (Lozon Gravemarker Mountain View Memorial Park, Lakewood, Washington).

M#1 Warren T. Taylor (m <June 1948; divorced November 29, 1971, Clark County, Nevada) around June 1948, when her surname was changed to Jean Hazel Taylor. Warren T. Taylor, age 24, served on the ship *Fort Clatsop* in 1950, which traveled between Vancouver, British Columbia and Point Wells, Washington. He had been a seaman for 3½ years. From 1954 through 1958, Thomas T. Taylor and his wife Jean H. Taylor were living in Tacoma, Washington; and in 1958 with Sadie A. Wiese at 3599 Spokane Street, Tacoma. As of December 1, 1958, Warren T. Taylor had abandoned Jean Hazel Wiese and their four children.



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The News Tribune (Tacoma, Washington) · Thu, Oct 12, 1961 · Page 1

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Man Doomed For Life to Pay Back Welfare

One man was sentenced yesterday to installment payments to the state of Washington for most of the rest of his life, in order to pay back the welfare payments given his wife for the support of his children while he failed to do the job himself.

The man was Warren T. Taylor, 42, of Renton, who pleaded guilty before Judge Frank Hale to a non-support charge, involving his failure to provide support payments for his four children between Dec. 1, 1958, and March 13, 1961.

Deputy Prosecutor Curtis Hilton said Taylor was given a four-year deferred sentence on condition he spend six months in the county jail and pay restitution of $15 a month for all the money given by the State Department of Public Assistance to support his children. Hilton said the latter would be no easy task, since the family had received slightly more than $200 a month for more than 27 months — or approximately $5,000.

Hilton said it will take 28 years, or until Taylor is 70 years old, to make restitution of that amount, even if no interest at all were charged by the state.

"Looks as if it doesn't pay not to support your children," Hilton said.

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Their four children were placed in foster care, and the two youngest were adopted. On November 29, 1971, Warren E. Taylor, plaintiff, obtained a divorce from Hazel Wiese Taylor, in Clark County, Nevada, which would have been ten years after she married Maynard Lozon. *1950 Arriving Crew List, Seattle, Washington, National Archives; 1954, 1957 and 1958 Tacoma, Washington, City Directories; and 1971 Clark County, Nevada, Divorce Record.*

(1) Hazel Ann Taylor (b March 26, 1948, Tacoma, Pierce County, Washington) married twice.

M#1 Married and divorced Brian Dameron (b September 1, 1950), who married Debra Lee Kirkingburg on September 13, 1975, in Spokane, Washington.

M#2 On July 31, 1982, Hazel A. Taylor Dameron, of Puyallup, Washington, married Dr. Roger McFarland Roper (June 16, 1937, Eagle Grove, Wright County, Iowa – October 22, 2004, Tuscon, Pima County, Arizona), a divorcee living in Cedar Rapids, Iowa. On June 2, 2019, she was a resident of Tuscon, Arizona.

2006 Tacoma News Tribune Obituary; 1975 Spokane County, Washington, Marriage Record; 1982 Thurston County, Washington, Marriage Certificate; 2004 US Deaths; and June 9, 2019, The Tacoma News Tribune Obituary (Gloria Jean Woods).

(2) Gloria Jean Taylor (June 20, 1951, Tacoma, Pierce County, Washington – June 2, 2019, Tacoma, Pierce County, Washington) married twice. In her 1983 marriage announcement and in her obituary, her foster parents Richard and Mary Ann Delong are specifically mentioned.

M#1 Oscar Stanley Blackburn Jr. (May 8, 1945, Tacoma, Pierce County, Washington – July 29, 2011, Silverdale/Bremerton, Kitsap County, Washington), son of Oscar Stanley Blackburn and Sophia Elizabeth Leap, on January 14, 1971, in Reno, Washoe County, Nevada. They had a son Donald Blackburn (b Mar 1972, probably Tacoma, Pierce County, Washington; m Shawna _____; three children: Samantha, Jackson and Ella Blackburn) before they divorced on October 11, 1974, in Pierce County, Washington. On October 26, 1998, Oscar Stanley Blackburn Jr. married Miharu Kimura Kazar, in Thurston County, Washington.

M#2 On March 26, 1983, Gloria Jean Taylor Blackburn married David Clyde Woods (b April 17, 1951), son of Clyde Wallace Woods Jr. and Margaret Macaulay, in Pierce County, Washington.

1966 Thurston County, Washington, Marriage License (Oscar S. Blackburn Jr. and Sharon Ann White)*; 1971 Washoe County, Nevada, Marriage Record; 1974 Pierce County, Washington, Divorce Record; January 16, 1971, The Tacoma News Tribune Marriage Announcement; 1983 Pierce County, Washington, Marriage Record; 1998 Thurston County, Washington, Marriage Record; February 2, 2005, The Tacoma News Tribune Obituary* (Sadie A. Wiese)*; 2006 and 2011 Tacoma News Tribune Obituaries; 2009 The Honolulu Advertiser Obituary* (Clyde W. Woods, Jr.)*; June 9, 2019, The Tacoma News Tribune Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Mountain View Memorial Park, Lakewood, Washington).

(3) Thomas Wood (Taylor) Thorndike Sr. **(DNA)** (November 20, 1953, Tacoma, Pierce County, Washington – March 9, 2019, Richland, Benton County, Washington) married three times. Despite his surname, Thomas W. Thorndike was the son of Jean Hazel Wiese and Warren T. Taylor, who may have abandoned the family, with all of their children were placed in foster care (*see* Gloria Jean Taylor), and with Thomas Taylor eventually being adopted by

the Thorndike family. He is identified as a child of Jean Hazel Wiese Lozon in her obituary. Gloria Jean Taylor Wood's Obituary only mentions sister Hazel Roper, two unnamed foster brothers and one foster sister. Neither Thomas Wood Thorndike Sr. nor Kirk D. Thorndike were mentioned in Sadie A. Wiese's obituary, although the four other children of Jean Hazel Wiese were identified as her grandchildren. *2006 The Tacoma News Tribune Obituary; and March 12, 2019, Pasco Tri-City Herald Obituary*.

M#1 Patricia K. Storer (b June 19, 1953, ____) on April 15, 1972, in Colville, Stevens County, Washington. They divorced on September 20, 1974, in Stevens County, Washington.

M#2 On August 9, 1975, he married Robbin S. Brandt (b June 16, 1956, Centralia, Lewis County, Washington), in Packwood, Lewis County, Washington, and they divorced on August 24, 1978, in Pierce County, Washington. Their daughter (Andrea Thorndike Major) is an *Ancestry***DNA™ match** with me.

M#3 On May 5, 1979, Thomas W. Thorndike married Cindy Lu Molyneux (Bair Sullivan) (b January 9, 1954, ____), in Federal Way, King County, Washington. This marriage also ended in divorce.

1972 Stevens County, Washington, Marriage Certificate; 1974 Stevens County, Washington, Divorce Record; 1975 Lewis County, Washington, Marriage Certificate; 1978 Pierce County, Washington, Divorce Record; 1979 King County, Washington, Marriage Certificate; February 2, 2005, The Tacoma News Tribune Obituary (Sadie A. Wiese)*; June 9, 2019, The Tacoma News Tribune Obituary* (Gloria Jean Woods)*; and US Public Records Index 1950-1993*, Vol. 2.

(4) Kirk David (Taylor) Thorndike (b October 31, 1954, Tacoma, Pierce County, Washington) was the son of Jean Hazel Wiese and Warren T. Taylor, and was placed in foster care and eventually adopted by the Thorndike family. He is identified as a child of Jean Hazel Wiese Lozon in her obituary. He married Tereta Bartlett on October 29, 1987, in Clark County, Nevada. *See* commentary/analysis for Thomas W. Thorndike. *1987 Clark County, Nevada, Marriage Record; 2006 Tacoma News Tribune Obituary; February 2, 2005, The Tacoma News Tribune Obituary* (Sadie A. Wiese)*; and US Public Records Index 1950-1993*, Vol. 2.

M#2 Maynard Joseph Lozon (October 28, 1933, Rhinelander, Oneida County, Wisconsin – June 16, 1995, Tacoma, Pierce County, Washington), son of Philip J. Lozon (November 30, 1896, Superior, Douglas County, Wisconsin – June 7, 1958, Tacoma, Pierce County, Washington) and Luttie E. Dainter, sometime before the birth of their son Philip J. Lozon; although Jean Hazel Wiese apparently had not divorced Warren T. Taylor. They had two children identified in Jean Hazel Lozon's obituary. *June 10, 1958, The Tacoma News Tribune Obituary; June 13, 1958, The Rhinelander Daily News Obituary; 1995 Pierce County, Washington, Death Record; 1995 US Deaths; 1995 US Apps/Claims; June 17, 1995, The Tacoma News Tribune Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Lozon Gravemarker Mountain View Memorial Park, Lakewood, Washington).

(1) Philip J. Lozon (b October 14, 1958, Tacoma, Pierce County, Washington) married Mary Rose Mitchell (b June 20, 1962, Washington) on July 11, 1979, in Pierce County, Washington. They had one child and divorced June 18, 1981, in Pierce County. *2006 Tacoma News Tribune Obituary; 1979 Pierce County, Washington, Marriage Record; 1981 Pierce County, Washington, Divorce Record; and February 2, 2005, The Tacoma News Tribune Obituary* (Sadie A. Wiese).

(2) Mary Lou Lozon (b January 1962, Tacoma, Pierce County, Washington) married twice.

M#1 On June 29, 1989, she divorced Bruce D. Miller in Pierce County, Washington.

M#2 Dale Allen Halverson (b July 2, 1956, California), on May 4, 2005, in Pierce County, Washington, who had divorced his first wife Patricia Jean Mashburn (b December 13, 1951, Hutchinson, Texas; m October 2, 1982, Reno, Washoe County, Nevada) on June 13, 1988, in Pierce County, Washington.

2006 Tacoma News Tribune Obituary; 1951 Hutchinson, Texas, Birth Record; 1982 Reno, Washoe County, Nevada, Marriage Record; 1979 and 2005 Pierce County, Washington, Marriage Records; 1988 and 1989 Pierce County, Washington, Divorce Records; February 2, 2005, The Tacoma News Tribune Obituary (Sadie A. Wiese)*; 2005 Pierce County, Washington, Marriage Record; and US Public Records Index 1950-1993*, Vol. 2.

2. Palma Wiese (December 10, 1907, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota – November 4, 1958, Cando, Towner County, North Dakota) never married. *1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1925 Norway Township, Wells County, North Dakota, Census; 1958 Cando, Towner County, North Dakota, Death Certificate; and 1958 North Dakota Cemetery Record.*

3. Ella Bernice Wiese (March 26, 1910, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota – March 25, 1995, Minot, Ward County, North Dakota) never married. As of April 1, 1950, she was a nurse at the Courage Kenny Rehabilitation Institute, in Minneapolis, Minnesota. *1910 Concordia Ev. Lutheran Church Baptism Record* (Ella Burnese Wiese)*; 1910 and 1950 US Census; 1995 Minot, Ward County, North Dakota, Death Certificate; 1995 US Deaths; 1995 US Apps/Claims; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Rosehill Memorial Park, Minot).

4. Leo Clarence Wiese (October 9, 1912, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota – December 12, 1998, Harvey, Wells County, North Dakota) never married. As of April 1, 1950, Leo Clarence Wiese lived in West Norway near his mother and siblings. *1912 Concordia Ev. Lutheran Church Baptism Record* (Leo Gerhard)*; 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1925 Norway Township, Wells County, North Dakota, Census; December 13, 1998, The Bismarck Tribune Obituary; 1998 Wells County, North Dakota, Death Certificate; 1998 US Deaths; and 1998 US Apps/Claims*.

5. Emil Clarence ("Knute") Wiese (July 12, 1915, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota – April 3, 1989, Minot, Ward County, North Dakota) never married. *1915 Concordia Ev. Lutheran Church Baptism Record; 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1925 Norway Township, Wells County, North Dakota, Census; WWII Draft Reg; 1989 Minot, Ward County, North Dakota, Death Certificate; 1989 US Apps/Claims; 1989 US Deaths; April 12, 1989, Harvey Herald Press Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Hillside Cemetery, Fessenden).

6. Edwin Harold Wiese (June 23, 1916, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota – February 10, 1993, Harvey, Wells County, North Dakota) never married. *1916 Concordia Ev. Lutheran Church Baptism Record* (Erwin)*; 1920, 1930 and 1950; 1925 Norway Township, Wells County, North Dakota, Census; February 22, 1993, Harvey Herald Press Obituary; 1993 Wells County, North Dakota Death Certificate; 1993 US Deaths; and 1993 US Apps/Claims*.

7. Lucille "Lucy" Wiese (February 13, 1918, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota – December 7, 2012, Harvey, Wells County, North Dakota) never married and lived her entire life in Fessenden. *1916 Concordia Ev. Lutheran Church Baptism Record* (Louis)*; 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1925*

Norway Township, Wells County, North Dakota, Census; December 10, 2012, The Bismarck Tribune Obituary; and Find-a-Grave (Gravemarker Hillside Cemetery, Fessenden).

8. Gordon Wiese (May 9, 1922, Wells County, North Dakota – November 27, 1946, Fessenden, Norway Township, Wells County, North Dakota) never married. *1925 Norway Township, Wells County, North Dakota, Census; 1930 and 1940 US Census; WWII Draft Reg; and 1946 Wells County, North Dakota, Death Certificate.*

9. Elmer Carl Wiese (March 23, 1924, Norway Township, Wells County, North Dakota – October 21, 1979, Harvey, Wells County, North Dakota) never married. *1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; WWII Draft Reg; 1979 Wells County, North Dakota, Death Certificate; 1979 US Deaths; and October 25, 1979, Wells County Free Press Obituary.*

• Henriette Ernestine Wiese (May 24, 1877, Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 26, 1877, Heimtal Parish – December 19, 1957, Deer Park, Spokane County, Washington) emigrated to the United States with her parents. "Ernestina" Wiese lived with her parents into 1925, and as of April 1, 1930, her mother lived with her in Fessenden, North Dakota. In 1940, she lived with her sister Mildred and her mother in Fessenden. Ernestine Wiese never married and appears to have never worked outside of the family farm/home. She moved to Spokane, Washington, sometime after her mother's death, and as of April 1, 1950, was living with her sister "Mildred" (Emilie) and her husband Samuel Muller, in Deer Park, Washington. *1878 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p809 #341*; 1893 SS Trave Passenger Manifest; 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1915 and 1925 Wells County, North Dakota, Census; 1957 Spokane County, Washington, Death Certificate; December 20, 1957, Spokane Chronicle Obituary; December 21, 1957, The Spokane Spokesman-Review Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Woodland Cemetery, Deer Park, Washington).

• Lydia (Lidia) Wiese (August 31, 1879, Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 23, 1879, Heimtal Parish (GP: Samuel Schön) – September 20, 1918, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota) emigrated to the United States with her parents. Lydia Wiese lived with her parents and never married. *1881 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p571 #454*; 1893 SS Trave Passenger Manifest; 1898 Naturalization Declaration; 1900 and 1910 US Census; 1915 Wells County, North Dakota, Census; 1918 Wells County, North Dakota, Death Certificate; 1918 North Dakota Cemetery Record; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Concordia Cemetery, Fessenden).

• Eduard Wiese (August 25, 1882, Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 13, 1882, Heimtal Parish – August 24, 1946, New Rockford, Eddy County, North Dakota) emigrated to the United States with his mother. Edward Wiese was confirmed in the Concordia Evangelical Lutheran Church as an adult on April 3, 1898. Around 1905, according to the *1910 US Census*, Edward Wiese married Lydia Boettcher (November 27, 1884, South Dakota – July 8, 1972, Fargo, Cass County, North Dakota), daughter of Daniel Böttcher (June 1, 1860, Kulm, Akkerman, Bessarabia, Russia; bap June 1, 1862 – December 6, 1935, Tripp, Hutchinson County, South Dakota; m 1880; s/o Johann Friedrich Böttcher and Karoline Rauhut) and Carolina Leischner (May 29, 1862, Kulm, Akkerman, Bessarabia, Russia – January 17, 1927, Mitchell, Davison County, South Dakota; d/o Johann Leischner and Justine Haas), who were living in Oshkosh Township, Wells County, North Dakota, as of 1900. In the census, she stated they had three children, only two of whom were alive as of June 1, 1910. As of April 1, 1915, Edward and Lydia Boettcher Wiese and three children were in Fessenden City, Oshkosh Township, Wells County, North Dakota, but by 1916, the family was in Bone Creek, Swift Current District, Saskatchewan, Canada, about 500 miles northwest of Fessenden, farming their own farm; claiming to have emigrated to Canada in 1913. However, as of January 1, 1920, the Edward Wiese family was back in Fessenden City, Oshkosh Township, Wells County, North Dakota. Lydia Boettcher was also an adult confirmation in the Concordia Evangelical Lutheran Church on October 9, 1933. Edward Wiese died in New Rockford, North Dakota, on August 24, 1946. Edward Wiese and Lydia Boettcher had four known children. *1862 Bessarabia Baptism Record; 1883 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p798 #73*; 1893 SS Trave Passenger Manifest; 1898 Naturalization Declaration; 1898 and 1933 Concordia Ev. Lutheran Church Confirmation Records; 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1915 Wells County, North Dakota, Census; 1916 Saskatchewan, Canada, Census; WWII Draft Reg; 1946 New Rockford, Eddy County, North Dakota, Death Certificate; 1946 North Dakota Cemetery Record; 1972 Fargo, Cass County, North Dakota, Death Certificate; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Concordia Cemetery, Fessenden)*; and January 9, 1936, United States Obituary, AHSGR,* Vol. 55 #2.

1. Baby Wiese (________ - February 1, 1907, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota) is buried in Concordia Cemetery, Fessenden. I believe he/she is the child who was born between 1905-1906, who did not survive. *1907 North Dakota Cemetery Record; 1910 US Census; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Concordia Cemetery, Fessenden).

2. Lyall Ella Wiese (May 2, 1907, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota – May 15, 2002, Fargo, Cass County, North Dakota) was a teacher and never married. *1910, 1920, 1930 and 1940 US Census; 1915 Wells County, North Dakota, Census; 1916 Saskatchewan, Canada, Census; 1972 Fargo, Cass County, North Dakota, Death Certificate; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Concordia Cemetery, Fessenden).

3. Lealand Earvin/Ervin Wiese (August 29, 1909, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota; bap October 24, 1909 – April 5, 1985, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota) married Robinette ("Bobbie") Jeannette Rappuhn (September 30, 1919, Goodrich, Sheridan County, North Dakota - November 6, 2008, Harvey, Wells County, North Dakota), daughter of Herman Leo Rappuhn (December 22, 1877, Russia – September 3, 1949, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota) and Anna Emilie Broder (August 29, 1883, Mitchell, Davison County, South Dakota – March 26, 1957, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota; m May 2, 1907, Ward County, North Dakota), on July 2, 1943, in Seattle, King County, Washington. Lealand Wiese was auto mechanic, and the couple did not have children. *1907 Ward County, North Dakota, Marriage Certificate; 1909 Concordia Ev. Lutheran Church Baptism Record; 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1915 Wells County, North Dakota, Census; 1916 Saskatchewan, Canada, Census; WWII Draft Reg; 1943 King County, Washington, Marriage Certificate; 1949, 1957 and 1985 Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota, Death Certificates; 1985 and 2008 US Deaths; November 8, 2008, The Bismarck Tribune Obituary; November 2008 The Jamestown Sun Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Hillside Cemetery, Fessenden).

4. Ervin Gustav Wiese (October 9, 1911, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota; bap December 17, 1911 – September 20, 1981, Harvey, Wells County, North Dakota) married Inez Elenor Ebbert (May 24, 1916, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota – October 22, 1998, Fargo, Cass County, North Dakota), daughter of Adolph Ebbert (December 16, 1883, Russia – October 26, 1944, New Rockford, Eddy County, North Dakota) and Anna Rappuhn (August 21, 1885, Russia – July 25, 1971, Harvey, Wells County, North Dakota), on November 4, 1945, in Fessenden. They had a son. *1911 Concordia Ev. Lutheran Church Baptism Record; 1900, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1915 Wells County, North Dakota, Census; 1916 Saskatchewan, Canada, Census; WWII Draft Regs; 1943 King County, Washington, Marriage Certificate; 1945 Concordia Ev. Lutheran Church Marriage Record; 1944 New Rockford, Eddy County, North Dakota, Death Certificate; 1971 Harvey, Wells County, North Dakota, Death Certificate; 1981 Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota, Death Certificate; 1971, 1981 and 1998 US Deaths; 1998 Fargo, Cass County, North Dakota, Death Certificate; October 24, 1998, The Bismarck Tribune Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Concordia Cemetery, Fessenden).

a. Larry Ervin Wiese (b March 19, 1947, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota; bap May 18, 1947) married Deborah Ann Kvamme (b July 17, 1953, Grand Forks, North Dakota), daughter of

Vernon K. Kvamme and Betty Ainsworth, on October 19, 1974, in Cass County, North Dakota. *1947 Concordia Ev. Lutheran Church Baptism Record; 1950 US Census; 1974 Cass County, North Dakota, Marriage Record; and October 24, 1998, The Bismarck Tribune Obituary.*

- Emilie/Amelia Mildred Wiese (July 7, 1885, Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 28, 1885, Heimtal Parish (GP: Wilhelm Frederkind (h/o Charlotte Fredericke Wiese)) – March 15, 1963, Spokane, Spokane County, Washington) emigrated to the United States with her mother. Emilie/Amelia Mildred Wiese was living with her parents in 1900 and 1910. She married twice.

M#1 _______ Strong. In 1940, under the name of "Mildred Strong," a widow, she was living in Fessenden, North Dakota. Her mother Anna Wiese Wiese and sister Ernestina Wiese were living with her. In 1935, Mildred Strong was living in McHenry County, North Dakota, but her living situation was unclear. I have been unable to locate any Strong-Wiese marriage, or any census for the couple. There was a Joseph Strong family living in Velva, McHenry County, North Dakota, in 1915, but I am unable to connect them with Emilie Mildred Wiese. There were apparently no children from the Strong-Wiese marriage.

M#2 On April 4, 1941, Mildred Strong, a married and divorced daughter of John Weisa and Anna Weisa, married divorcee Samuel Muller* (January 14, 1883, Russia – October 4, 1951, Deer Park, Spokane County, Washington; Imm 1903), son of Martin Muller and Mary Stanberg, of Nashua, Valley County, Montana, in Wolf Point, Roosevelt County, Montana. In 1940, Samuel Muller also stated he was a widower, which may have been accurate, but contradicts his April 4, 1941, application for a marriage license. They apparently lived in Nashua, Montana, before moving to Deer Park, Spokane County, Washington, in 1947, where they are buried. In 1960, Emelia Mildred Wiese (Strong) Muller moved from Deer Park to Spokane, Spokane County, Washington, where she died.

*Both Mildred Wiese Strong and Samuel Muller stated in the application for a marriage license that they had been married and divorced. Samuel Muller married Augusta Jacabuski (1889, Russia – 1934, Goodrich, Sheridan County, North Dakota; Imm 1911) around 1911, and they had five known children. *1916 Lake County, South Dakota, Circuit Court Order of Naturalization; 1920, 1930* (Augusta Miller married; Samuel Miller not in the home) *and 1940 US Census; 1937 Okanogan County, Washington, Marriage Record* (daughter Edna Miller identifies mother's maiden name)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Augusta Muller, Goodrich Cemetery).

1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record, p684 #1111*; 1893 SS Trave Passenger Manifest; and 1900, 1910, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1915 Petition for Naturalization* (Samuel Muller)*; 1915 McHenry County, North Dakota, Census; 1941 Roosevelt County, Montana, Marriage License and Certificate; WWII Draft Reg; 1951 and 1963 Spokane County, Washington, Death Certificates; March 18, 1963, Spokane Chronicle Obituary; October 7, 1951, and March 19, 1963, The Spokane Spokesman-Review Obituary and Funeral Notice; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Woodland Cemetery, Deer Park).

[149] Some on *Ancestry.com*™ have attributed at least two other children to them, without conducting a proper analysis, and creating individuals to match records which they believe support their insertion, but do not. The individuals who are not children of Wilhelm Wiese and Carolina Wiese:

- Wilhelmine Wiese (~1823, Prussia – November 28, 1883, Staraja Huta, Volhynia, Russia) is actually a combination of three Wilhelmine Wieses; none of whom were the child of Wilhelm Wiese and Carolina Wiese; who were not from Prussia, making her their child extremely unlikely (even if she was only one person). Further, Wilhelm Wiese and Carolina Wiese would only have been between eleven years of age at the time of her birth. In my initial round of research, I located twenty four Wilhelmine Wieses as my possible great grandmother; and eliminated all of them. The Wilhelmine Wiese who married August Gottlieb Sievert (1816/17, Prussia – March 12, 1855, Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bur March 16, 1855,

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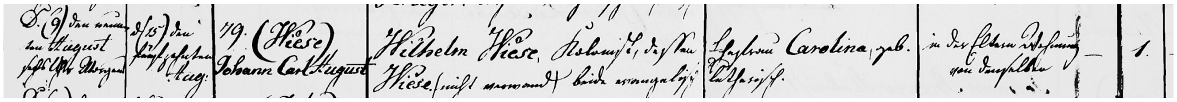
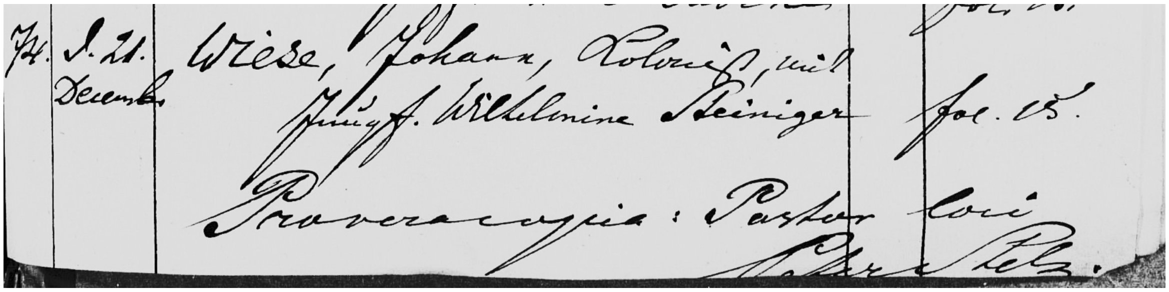
Shitomir Parish) did not marry either Christoph Mohr on September 22, 1855, or Wilhelm Mohr around 1863, in Shitomir Parish, who were two different people; not one compilation called "Wilhelm Christoph Mohr." Christoph Mohr (____ - <November 28, 1883, ____) married widow Wilhelmine Wiese (maiden name also "Wiese") (~1823, Prussia – November 28, 1883, Staraja Huta, Volhynia, Russia; bur November 30, 1883), on September 22, 1855, Shitomir Parish, and had a child Anna Elisabeth Mohr (b September 1, 1857, Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 11, 1857, Shitomir Parish); whose birth/baptism record clearly identifies her father as "Christoph Mohr." Wilhelm Mohr on the other hand was a different person, whose first wife was Wilhelmine ____ (1826/27, Prussia – April 20, 1862, Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia). His second wife, for whom I could not locate a marriage record, was Wilhelmine Wiese, and they had eight known children between 1864 and 1881, in locations beginning in Friedrichsdorf to Nepoznanitschi to Heimtal, whose birth/baptism records clearly identified their parents as "Wilhelm Mohr and Wilhelmine Wiese." However, a Wilhelmine Wiese born in 1823, would have been between 41 and 58 years of age at the time of these births; which means she could not have been the wife of Wilhelm Mohr. The death/burial record of Wilhelmine Wiese Mohr clearly states that her husband was "Christoph Mohr." Not one record has the name of "Wilhelm Christoph Mohr," which confirms he is a fictional individual created to support a fictional relationship; which could have been avoided if they had reviewed the actual records. *1845 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p242 #13 (Sievert-Wiese)*; 1855 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p280 #28 (August Siebert, 38Y, settler, married, born Prussia, buried Friedrichsdorf)*; 1855 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p289 #27 (Christoph Mohr and widow Wilhemine Wiese geb Wiese)*; 1857 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p380 #89 (parents Christoph Mohr and Wilhelmine Wiese)*; 1862 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p457 #28 (age 35Y, died in childbirth, wife of Wilhelm Mohr, born Prussia)*; and 1883 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p880 #278 (60Y, born Prussia, maiden name Wiese, husband was Christoph Mohr)..

- Gottfried Wiese (1850, Congress Poland – October 9, 1913, Andrejewka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia). His death record, although identifying his father as "Wilhelm Wiese," states he was born in "Poland," even though his alleged two known earlier siblings (Johann Carl August Wiese and Henriette Mariane Wiese) were born in Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia; where he would/should have been born if he was their brother. *1913 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p 98 #170.

[150] *1836 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p293 #79.



Johann Carl August Wiese* married Wilhelmine Steiniger (January 10, 1840, Liski,** Volhynia, Russia – (November 6, 1878, Nepoznanitschi, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia) on December 21, 1859, in the Shitomir Parish. They had six known children; although they probably had others between 1860 and 1865, which were not recorded or identified in *Odessa3*. *1859 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p292 #74*; and 1879 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p837 #231 (38Y 9M 26D, nee Stein, died in childbirth, born in Liski - wife of Johann).



74. d. 21. Decemb. Wiese, Johann, Colonist, mit Jungf. Wilhelmine Steiniger Joc. 15.

Proveracupia: Pastor loci

*Johann Carl August Wiese, out of the four Johann Wieses, was the only one who would have been old enough to marry Wilhelmine Steiniger in 1859.

**Wilhelmine Steiniger was born in Liski, of which I found two towns with the name: (1) Liski just east of Grüntal; or (2) Liski just north of Volodymyr Wolhynsk (west of Rowno).

- Auguste Wiese (August 25, 1866, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 27, 1866, Shitomir Parish – June 22, 1923, Berlin, Germany) may have married August Werner in 1883, and may had a child Gustav Rudolf Werner (1883-1884); both of which are unverified. *1868 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p111 #102 (to which the *Odessa3* translation incorrectly added the middle name of "Jakob" to Johann Wiese)*; and 1923 Berlin, German, Civil Death Registration* (Auguste Werner, geb Wiese, 56Y, born Netzposnaz, married to August Werner).

- Emilie Wiese (December 3, 1869, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 15, 1870, Shitomir Parish (GP: (Carl?) Heinrich Wiese)). *1871 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p186 #241.

- Wilhelm Wiese (1871, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia – April 1, 1914, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia) married Elwine/Alwine Dobslaff/Dobslaw (April 10, 1872, Nikolajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 12, 1872, Shitomir Parish - >April 1, 1914, ____), and they had four known children. *1872 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p 528 #387*; and 1914 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p106 #199 (43Y, married, father Johann Wiese).

  1. Emil Wiese (b March 16, 1902, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 24, 1902, Emilchin Parish). *1902 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p104 #67.

  2. Albert Wiese (b December 8, 1906, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 15, 1906, Emilchin Parish (GP: Jacob Sonnenberg)). *1906 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p37 #246.

  3. Robert Wiese (July 19, 1908, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 18, 1908, Emilchin Parish – May 13, 1909, Andrejewka, Volhynia, Russia). *1908 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p31 #301*; and 1909 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p164 #116.

  4. Ewald Wiese (b July 1, 1913, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 18, 1913, Emilchin Parish). *1913 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p29 #67.

- Karoline Wiese (March 5, 1874, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 24, 1874, Heimtal Parish - <4/20/1944 Fate Unknown (unbekannt)) married Wilhelm Sonnenberg (January 3, 1875, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 19, 1875, Heimtal Parish - <April 20, 1944, Nedbajewka, Ukraine SSR), son of Charlotte Wiese and Karl Sonnenberg, in the mid to late 1890s. That her sister Ottilie Wiese may have also married a Sonnenberg (i.e. son of Gottfried Sonnenberg and Karoline Wiese, Charlotte Wiese's and probably *Wilhelmine Wiese's* sister), might indicate a close family relationship. Karoline Wiese and

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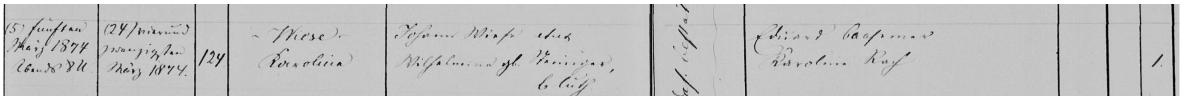
Wilhelm Sonnenberg had six known children. *1875 Heimtal Parish Baptism Records,* p609 #9 and p619 #124*; 1944EWZ797041* (Hertha Sonnenberg)*; and A3342EWZ50-B084 1152, 1164.*



1. Arthur Sonnenberg (February 2, 1900, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 17, 1900, Heimtal Parish (GP: Gustav Wiese and Emilie Wiese) – May 6, 1902, Nebajewka, Volhynia, Russia). *1900 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p131 #1033*; and 1902 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p174 #249.

2. Emma Sonnenberg (1901, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia – June 16, 1906, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia). *1906 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p153 #235 (age 5Y).

3. Bernhard Sonnenberg (b September 24, 1903, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 5, 1903, Heimtal Parish). *1903 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p138 #1225.

4. Hertha Sonnenberg (May 8, 1908, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia - >April 22, 1944, ____) married Otto Fröhlich (May 23, 1910, Remershof, Pomerania, Sweden – June 22, 1941,* Verschleppt), son of Gottlieb Fröhlich and Luise Schulz (both alive in Konigsberg), on May 26, 1933, in Nedbajewka, Ukraine SSR. They had two known children. Hertha Sonnenberg Fröhlich and her children were in Hermsdorf/Waldenburg, as of April 22, 1944. *1944EWZ797041* (Hertha Sonnenberg)*; and A3342EWZ50-B084 1152, 1164* (Note: given names of grandmothers were transposed on the *Feststellung*).

*On June 22, 1941, Hitler launched Operation Barbarossa; his surprise attack on the Soviet Union.

a. Herhold Fröhlich (b March 7, 1935, Holodenka, Ukraine SSR). *1944EWZ797041* (Hertha Sonnenberg)*; and A3342EWZ50-B084 1152.*

b. Hugo Fröhlich (b May 28, 1941, Nowograd Wolhynsk, Ukraine SSR). *1944EWZ797041* (Hertha Sonnenberg)*; and A3342EWZ50-B084 1152.*

5. Oskar Sonnenberg (b November 12, 1909, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 16, 1909, Heimtal Parish). *1909 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p106 #1050.

6. Alice Sonnenberg (b July 9, 1912, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 5, 1912, Heimtal Parish). *1912 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p100 #978.

• Henriette Wiese (January 23, 1876, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 31, 1876, Heimtal Parish (GP: Wilhelm Mohr; *see above*) - ≥July 2, 1912, ____) married Eduard Heisler (____ - ≥1911, ____), on September 20, 1900, in the Heimtal Parish. They had seven known children. *1876 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p756 #439*; and 1900 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p162 #135.

1. Samuel Heisler (b May 29, 1902, Staraja Buda, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 4, 1902, Heimtal Parish). *1902 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p65 #579.

2. Auguste Heisler (b June 26, 1903, Staraja Buda, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 13, 1903, Heimtal Parish). *1903 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p54 #473.

3. Ottilie Heisler (b May 23, 1906, Staraja Buda, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 26, 1906, Heimtal Parish). *1906 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p101 #996.

4. Ernst Heisler (b December 8, 1907, Staraja Buda, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 26, 1907, Heimtal Parish). *1907 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p108 #962.

5. Elsa Heisler (b January 9, 1910, Staraja Buda, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 17, 1910, Heimtal Parish (GP: Wilhelm Sonnenberg and Karoline Wiese Sonnenberg)). *1910 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p28 #266.

6. Eduard Heisler (b March 24, 1911, Staraja Buda, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 11, 1911, Heimtal Parish). *1911 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p 37#355.

7. Martha Heisler (b July 2, 1912, Staraja Buda, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 8, 1912, Heimtal Parish). *1912 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p71 #686.

- Ottilie Wiese** (b November 4, 1878, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 8, 1878, Heimtal Parish) may have married Rudolph Sonnenberg (February 27, 1884, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 28, 1884, Heimtal Parish), son of Karoline Wiese and Gottfried Sonnenberg, on July 2, 1908, in Emilchin Parish. She would have been thirty years old at the time, and he would have been twenty four. Her sister Karoline Wiese's marriage to Wilhelm Sonnenberg, son of Charlotte Wiese and Karl Sonnenberg, Karoline Wiese's half-sister, suggests Ottilie Wiese probably married Rudolph Sonnenberg. The only other marriage I could locate was for Ottilie Auguste Wiese to Michael Kopp on November 11, 1909, in Heimtal Parish. Ottilie Weise and Rudolph Sonnenberg had two known children. *1880* (p436 #51) *and 1885* (p630 #360) *Heimtal Parish Baptism Records; 1908 Emilchin Parish Marriage Record,* p55 #41*; and 1909 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p127 #176.

1. Jakob Sonnenberg (b July 25, 1909, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 9, 1909, Emilchin Parish (GP: Jakob Sonnenberg (Rudolph's brother) and Ottilie Potratz)). *1909 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p91 #120.

2. Hildegard Sonnenberg (b December 14, 1913, Pokaschew, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 19, 1913, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish) may have departed Bremerhaven on January 29, 1952, on the *SS America*, apparently as a German permanent alien who was granted residency in the US as part of post-World War II resettlements. Her destination was Falls Church, Virginia. *1913 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p85 #748*; and SS America Manifest* (38 year old single female, which would be accurate for her December 1913 birth as of January/February 1952).

*Wilhelmine Steiniger Wiese died as a consequence of Ottilie Wiese's birth, so other's asserting Johann Carl August Wiese and Wilhelmine Steiniger had children in the 1880s are obviously incorrect. It is possible Johann Carl August Wiese remarried as he had least six minor children to care for after Wilhelmine Steiniger Wiese's death, and would have probably sought to marry someone who would care for them.

**This Ottilie Wiese was not a daughter of Christian Wiese and Wilhelmine Konn, or sister of Samuel Wiese (b1895). That Wiese line was descended from Wilhelm Wiese and Karolina Dorothea Keller who were both born in Nowy Dwór, Congress Poland, Russia, in 1840, and married in the same place in 1858. This Wiese line was in Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia, as of 1840.

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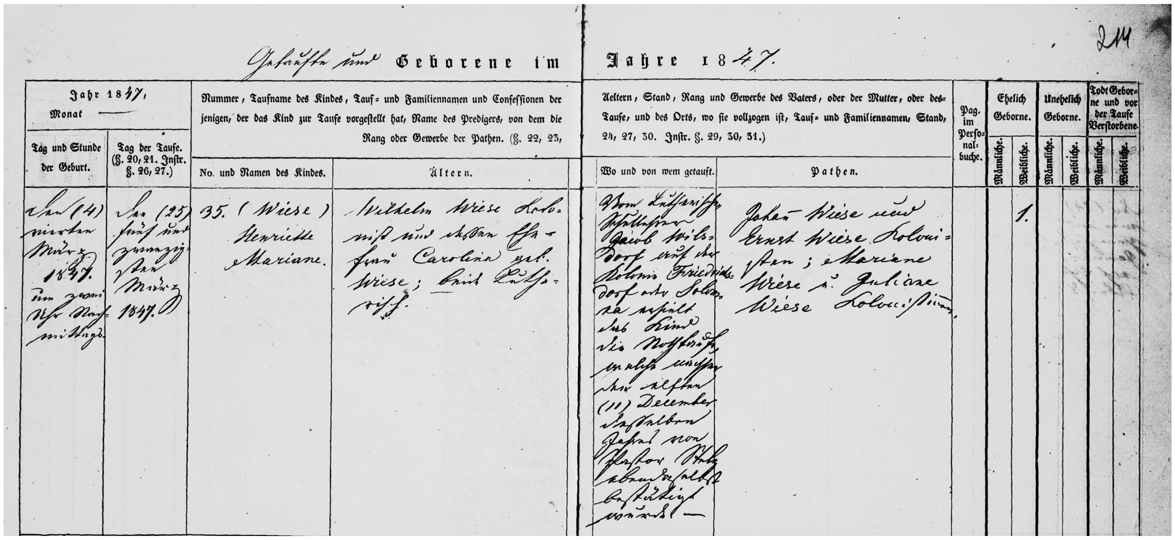
[151] *1847 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p214 #35.



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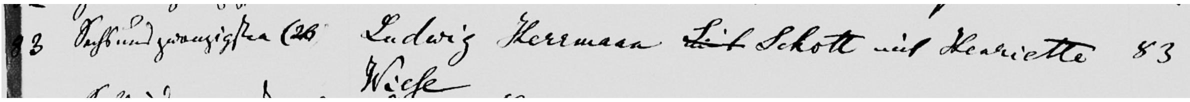
Getaufte und Geborene im Jahre 1847.

Nummer, Taufname des Kindes, Tauf- und Familiennamen und Confeſſionen derjenigen, der das Kind zur Taufe vorgeſtellt hat, Name des Predigers, von dem die Rang oder Gewerbe der Pathen. (§. 22, 23, 24, 27, 30. Inſtr. §. 29, 30, 31.)

Aeltern, Stand, Rang und Gewerbe des Vaters, oder der Mutter, oder des Taufe, und des Orts, wo ſie vollzogen iſt, Tauf- und Familiennamen, Stand,

Jahr 1847, Monat — Tag und Stunde der Geburt.	Tag der Taufe. (§. 20, 21. Inſtr. §. 26, 27.)	No. und Namen des Kindes.	Ältern.	Wo und von wem getauft.	Pathen.	Pag. im Perſonalbuche.	Ehelich Geborne. Männliche.	Ehelich Geborne. Weibliche.	Unehelich Geborne. Männliche.	Unehelich Geborne. Weibliche.	Todt Geborne und vor der Taufe Verſtorbene. Männliche.	Todt Geborne und vor der Taufe Verſtorbene. Weibliche.
den (14) vierten März 1847. um zwei Uhr Nachmittags	den (25) fünf und zwanzigsten März 1847.	35. (Wiese) Henriette Mariane.	Wilhelm Wiese Kolonist und dessen Ehefrau Carolina geb. Wiese; beide Lutherisch.	Vom Lutherischen Schullehrer Jacob Wilsdorf auf der Kolonie Friedrichsdorf oder Solomsza erhielt das Kind die Nothtaufe, welche wegen der elften (11) December desselben Jahres von Pastor Hoh ebendaselbst bestätiget wurde. —	Johan Wiese und Ernst Wiese Kolonisten; Mariane Wiese u. Juliane Wiese Kolonistinn.			1.				

Henriette Mariane Wiese married Ludwig Hermann Schott* on December 26, 1867, in Shitomir Parish. They had nine known children. *1867 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p529 #83.



83 Sechs und zwanzigsten (26 Ludwig Hermann ~~Lit~~ Schott mit Henriette Wiese 83

I suspect Henriette Mariane Wiese Schott is the person identified in Augustine (Auguste) Kolge (Kolke) Kleinfeld's *Feststellung der Deutschstämmigkeit* (*1943EWZ764082; and A3342EWZ50-E014 1940*) as her maternal grandmother. She had a connection with the *Karl/Carl Wiese* family, through her nephews' marriages to the Sonnenberg families. Obviously, she was not Auguste Kolke's grandmother.

*It is possible Ludwig Hermann Schott (August 2, 1836, Lousien District of the Stargard Parish, Province of Pomerania, Prussia) was one of five children of August Friedrich Ferdinand Schott (b October 7, 1910) and widow Dorothea Sophia Tessner (geb. Papp) (b May 1804), who were married in 1833. As of 1838, the Schott family was listed on the Tax Register for the Starland District of Pomerania, in Prussia; which is the same district from which the Anna (Johanna) Muller Wiese family originated. Although dated 1838, the tax roll appears to have been "living" record, as many of its entries post-date 1838. 1838 Stargard Tax Register.

It appears that sometime after 1884, the Henriette Mariane Wiese and Ludwig Hermann Schott family moved to the area between Shitomir and Kiev, where the Radomyschl Parish was formed out of the Kiev Parish in 1901. There were multiple Schott's with the same given names as their children located in the Radomyschl Parish, but I am unable to connect all of them to this family. Further, many of the locations of the births/baptisms of their children occurred within the boundaries of the Shitomir Parish if *Jerry Frank's/SGGEE's 2003 Map* is accurate.

- Emilia Mathilde Schott (b November 20, 1869, Neposnanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 1, 1869, Shitomir Parish (GP: Johann Wiese)). *1869 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p288 #266.

- Ludwig Schott (August 5, 1870, Staraja Huta, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 23, 1870, Heimtal Parish (GP: Wilhelm Wiese) - >November 1, 1909) married Julianne Ratschinski, and they had one known child. *1870 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p256 #109.

1. Johann Schott (b November 16, 1907, Radomyschl, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 25, 1907, Malin, Radomyschl Parish (GP: Karoline Freitag Schott)). *1907 Radomsyl Parish Baptism Record,* p76 #447.

- Wilhelm Friedrich Schott (b February 24, 1872, Staraja Huta, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 18, 1872, Heimtal Parish (GP: Friedrich Rach and Wilhelm Wiese) - >August 31, 1914) married Karoline Freitag, and they had four known children. *1872 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p648 #52.

1. Emma Schott (b September 20, 1906, Andrejewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 12, 1908, Radomyschl Parish (GP: Andreas Schröder and Eleonora Milke)). *1908 Radomyschl Parish Baptism Record,* p61 #351.

2. Marie Schott (b November 29, 1910, Emilianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 1, 1910, Radomyschl Parish). *1910 Radomyschl Parish Baptism Record,* p228 #408.

3. Friedrich Schott (b September 18, 1912, probably Emilianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 7, 1912, Emilianowka, Radomyschl Parish (GP: August Schott and Magdalene Hausmann Schott)). *1912 Radomyschl Parish Baptism Record,* p123 #367.

4. Martha Schott (b March 8, 1915, Emilianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 23, 1915, Emilianowka, Radomyschl Parish (GP: Josephine Heinzelman Schott)). *1915 Radomyschl Parish Baptism Record,* p157 #163.

- August Emil Schott (b August 21, 1874, Margretowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 8, 1874, Heimtal Parish - >October 1911) married Magdalena Hausmann, and they had three known children. *1876 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p768 #575.

1. Alice Schott (b June 11, 1907, Chatki (Schadki), Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 17, 1909, Radomyschl Parish). *1909 Radomyschl Parish Baptism Record,* p112 #174.

2. Lydia Schott (b September 4, 1909, Chatki (Schadki), Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 20, 1909, Radomyschl Parish). *1909 Radomyschl Parish Baptism Record,* p156 #437.

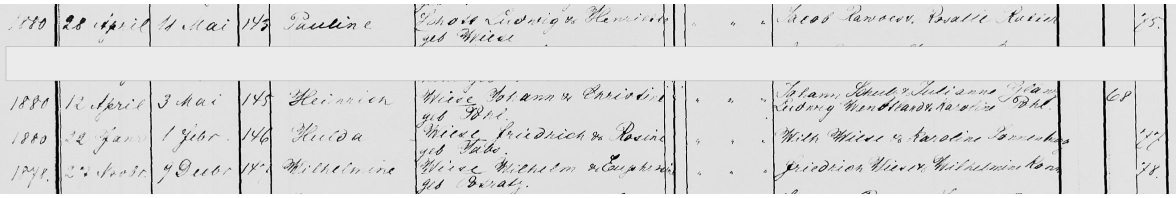
3. David Schott (b July 4, 1912, probably Chatki (Schadki), Volhynia, Russia; bap July 15, 1912, Emilianowka, Radomyschl Parish (GP: Gustav Schott)). *1912 Radomyschl Parish Baptism Record,* p87 #144.

- Heinrich Eduard Schott (b March 8, 1876, Mariendorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 4, 1876, Heimtal Parish (GP: (Carl?) Heinrich Wiese and Euphrosina Pottratz Wiese) - >October 1907) married Rosalie Geike, and they had one known child. *1876 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p769 #576.

1. Therese Schott (b June 20, 1908, Chatki (Schadki), Volhynia, Russia; bap December 7, 1908, Emilianowka, Radomyschl Parish (GP: Ludwig Schott and Julianna Ratschinski Schott)). *1908 Radomyschl Parish Baptism Record,* p60 #346.

- Johann Gottlieb Schott (b June 19, 1878, Heimtal, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 2, 1878). *1878 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p797 #322.

- Pauline Schott (b April 28, 1880, Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 11, 1880, Heimtal Parish). *1880 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p440 #143.



1880	28 April	11 Mai	143	Pauline	Schott Ludwig & Henriette geb Wiese	„	„	„	Jacob Ramocov, Rosalie Rutin		75.
1880	12 April	3 Mai	145	Heinrich	Wiese Johann & Christine geb Pohl.	„	„	„	Johann Schulz & Julianne Pohl, Ludwig Wendtlandt & Karoline Pohl.	68	
1880	22 Janr	1 Febr.	146	Hulda	Wiese Friedrich & Rosine geb Jabs.	„	„	„	Wilh Wiese & Karoline Sonnenberg		77
1878.	27 Novbr.	9 Decbr	147	Wilhelmine	Wiese Wilhelm & Euphrosine geb Pottratz.	„	„	„	Friedrich Wiese & Wilhelmine Kon		78.

• Gustav Adolf Schott (b January 10, 1882, Mariendorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 23, 1882, Heimtal Parish - >October 1913) married Josephine Heinzelman, and they had three known children. *1882 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p948 #173.

1. Adolf Schott (b October 23, 1909, Emilianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 1, 1909, Radomyschl Parish (GP: Ludwig Schott and Karoline Freitag Schott)). *1909 Radomyschl Parish Baptism Record,* p155 #433.

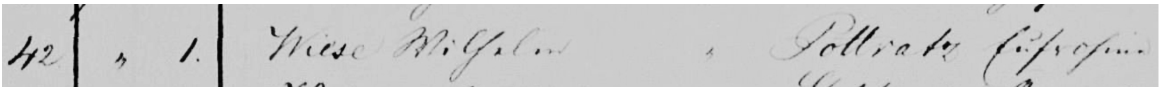
2. Julius Schott (b November 29, 1911, probably Emilianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 4, 1912, Emilianowka, Radomyschl Parish (GP: Julianna Ratschinski Schott)). *1912 Radomyschl Parish Baptism Record,* p86 #142.

3. Ewald Schott (b August 25, 1914, Emilianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 31, 1914, Radomyschl Parish (GP: Wilhelm Schott)). *1915 Radomyschl Parish Baptism Record,* p150 #119.

• Bertha Schott (b June 15, 1884, Oskarburg, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 1, 1884, Heimtal Parish (GP: Luise Wiese) – >January 26, 1907) married Carl Richter, and they had one known child. *1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p629 #344.

1. Therese Richter (January 26, 1907, Radomyschl, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 11, 1907, Chatki (Schadki), Radomyschl Parish (GP: Heinrich Schott and Rosalie Geike Schott)). *1907 Radomyschl Parish Baptism Record,* p57 #331.

[152] Wilhelm Wiese married Euphrosine Pottratz (____ - >January 1, 1889, ____), on July 1, 1875, in the Heimtal Parish. Wilhelm Wiese and Euphrosine Pottratz had six known children. I could not locate any other records for Euphrosine Pottratz. *1875 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p663 #42.

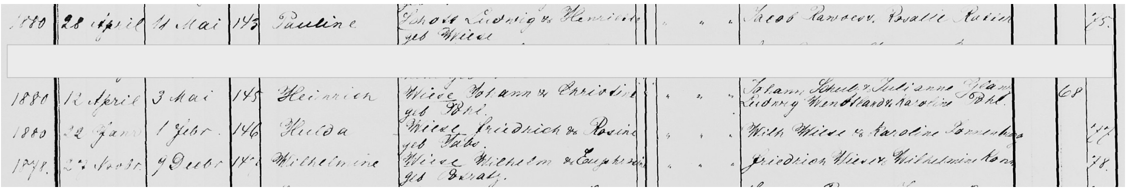


42	„	1.	Wiese Wilhelm	„	Pottratz Euphrosine

They were situated in Nepoznanitschi area, where the Johann Carl August Wiese and Wilhelmine Steiniger, Carl Heinrich Wiese, Johann August Wiese and Christine Pohl, Ludwig Wiese and Christine Rach, Karoline Wiese and Gottfried Sonnenberg, and Friedrich Johann Wiese and Rosina Jabs families also resided. I believe there was some connection between these families given their geographic location and co-sponsorship of baptisms; just as there was with the Rohrbach/Beresowka situated Wiese families. Wilhelm Wiese was probably the son of Wilhelm Wiese and Carolina Wiese as Ernst Wiese and Magdaline Hammer had a son Johann August Wiese born circa 1850. *Carl Wiese* and Juliana Müller already had a son Wilhelm Wiese, who survived, married and had children during the same period of time; although their children (and spouses) were Godparents to three of their six known/probable children.

- Gottfried Wiese (March 6, 1877, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap Heimtal Parish (GP: Gottfried Sonnenberg and Rosine Jabs Wiese) – July 27, 1878, Nepoznanitschi, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1877 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p611 #196*; and 1878 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p836 #224.

- Wilhelmine Wiese (November 27, 1878, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 9, 1878, Heimtal Parish (GP: Friedrich Wiese (h/o Rosine Jabs?)) - ≥September 28, 1913, ____) may have married George Hartfelder ____ - ≥1913, ____). *1880 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p440 #147.



1880	28 April	11 Mai	143	Pauline	Schott Ludwig & Henriette geb Wiese	"	"	"	Jacob Rawoesr, Rosalie Kaiser		75
[redacted]											
1880	12 April	3 Mai	145	Heinrich	Wiese Johann & Christine geb Pohl	"	"	"	Johann Schulz & Julianne Pohl Ludwig Wendtlandt & Karoline Pohl	68	
1880	22 Jan	1 Febr	146	Hulda	Wiese Friedrich & Rosine geb Jabs	"	"	"	Wilh Wiese & Karoline Sonnenberg		77
1878	27 Novbr	9 Decbr	147	Wilhelmine	Wiese Wilhelm & Euphrosine geb [illegible]	"	"	"	Friedrich Wiese & Wilhelmine Kon[illegible]		78

Using her age and birth location in the Nepoznanitschi area (not Rohrbach as listed in *Odessa3*), I located a possible marriage for a Wilhelmine Wiese to Georg Hartfelder, whose parents may have been Wilhelm Hartfelder and Karoline Hirschfelder. They had seven known children born between 1898 and 1913, in the Emilchin Parish; several of whom had Wiese sponsors.

1. Karl Hartfelder (1898, Warwarowka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia – September 27, 1938, shot by NKVD in Emilchin, Ukraine SSR) was a semiliterate collective farmer, married to Johanna _____, and had five children: Gertrude Hartfelder; Ericha Hartfelder; Delina Hartfelder, Friede Hartfelder; and Erich Hartfelder. On June 11, 1938, Karl Hartfelder was arrested by the Emilchin RO NKVD under Article 54-10 (conducting anti-Soviet propaganda and agitation). On September 21, 1938, Karl Hartfelder was tried by a troika of the Zhitomir UNKVD and sentenced to the maximum penalty (death). *NKVD Arrest #860.*

2. Friedrich Hartfelder (b May 6, 1900, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 13, 1900, Emilchin Parish). *1900 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p48 #315.

3. Pauline Hartfelder (b December 23, 1901, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 12, 1902, Emilchin Parish (GP: Johann Wiese and Pauline Wiese)). *1902 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p145 #352.

4. Olga Hartfelder (b July 20, 1903, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap 1903 Emilchin Parish). *1903 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p270 #371.

5. Eladine Hartfelder (b February 2, 1906, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 14, 1906, Emilchin Parish (GP: Ernst Wiese and Juliane (Hintz?) Wiese)). *1906 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p17 #111.

6. Adam Hartfelder (b March 21, 1908, Marjanowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 22, 1908, Emilchin Parish (GP: Friedrich Wiese and Augusta Wiese)). *1908 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p23 #223.

7. Ewald Hartfelder (b September 28, 1913, Margaretowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 5, 1913, Emilchin Parish). *1913 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p10 #73.

- Friedrich Wiese (February 17, 1880, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia – February 25, 1880, Nepoznanitschi, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1880 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p491 #191 (age 8D, mother is not identified in the burial record).

• Ernestine Wiese (February 28, 1881, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia – March 6, 1881, Nepoznanitschi, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1881 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p628 #426 (age 6D).

• Jakob Wiese (February 27, 1885, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 1, 1885, Heimtal Parish (GP: Jakob Sonnenberg (s/o Gottfried Sonnenberg and Karoline Wiese)) - >Feb 1913, ____) probably married Lydia Prochnau (____ - >November 9, 1914, ____) on September 13, 1906, in the Emilchin Parish. *1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p695 #1272*; and 1906 Emilchin Parish Marriage Record,* p82 #65.

The only Lydia Prochnau I was able to locate was born in Totowicze (west of Sarny), Volhynia, Russia, located 25-30 miles north of Rowno, on May 25, 1882, and baptized September 28, 1882, in the Shitomir, the daughter of Peter Prochnau and Maria Becker. The Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish would be the first parish to the east if the family moved in that direction. Based upon the ages of their children (and Jakob Wiese's birth in 1885), it is possible Lydia was born between 1886-1889, so her baptism record would be unavailable. Jakob/Jacob Wiese and Lydia Prochnau had four known children. *1882 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p641 #1520*; and 1907, 1909, 1913 and 1914 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Records*.

1. Leonhard Wiese (b August 7, 1907, Rshadkowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 9, 1907, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Georg Wiese and Ernestine Wiese)). *1907 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p60 #525.

2. Edmund Wiese (b December 29, 1908, Rshadkowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 1, 1909, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Gustav Wiese and Ernestine Wiese). *1909 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p19 #154.

3. Adina Wiese (b January 11, 1913, Adolin, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 23, 1913, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1913 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p40 #344.

4. Hedwig Wiese (b November 9, 1914, Adolin, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 12, 1914, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1914 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p7 #48.

• Christian Wiese (January 1, 1889, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia – 1937, Verschleppt) married Berta Rach (August 9, 1895 Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia - ____, Pokaschtschow,* Ukraine SSR) on February 20, 1913, in the Emilchin Parish. *1913 Emilchin Parish Marriage Record,* p75 #17.

Christian Wiese is identified as a possible child of Wilhelm Wiese in the *EWZ* and *Feststellung* of his daughter Evaline Wiese, which indicates Christian Wiese's birth occurred in Nepoznanitschi and his father's name was Wilhelm Wiese. Based upon the *EWZ*, Christian Wiese and his wife Berta Rach (whose family surname is present in the Wiese line) had two known children. *1944EWZ958983* (Evaline Wiese)*; and A3342EWZ50-J018 0640, 0646.*

1. Evaline Wiese (b April 8, 1926, Pokaschtschow, Ukraine SSR). *1944EWZ958983* (Evaline Wiese)*; and A3342EWZ50-J018 0640.*

2. Ina Wiese (b May 11, 1938, Pokaschtschow, Ukraine SSR). *1944EWZ958983* (Evaline Wiese)*; and A3342EWZ50-J018 0640.*

*Pokaschtschow is between Rowno and Lutsk, which means the family relocated far to the west. I am suspicious of Christian Wiese child of Wilhelm Wiese and Euphrosine Potratz being the same person as described in the *EWZ*, because even though married in 1913, they didn't have a child until 1926, in a

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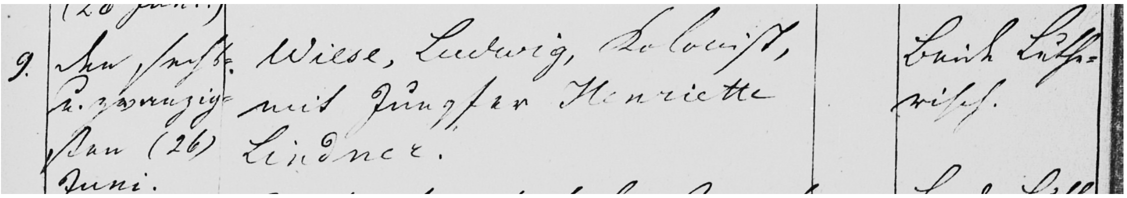
location far west from Nepoznanitschi. Their next child was born twelve years later after Wilhelm Wiese was verschleppt, meaning his wife was pregnant at the time of his disappearance.

[153] *See* Appendix A. It is possible, even probable, the DNA match with Ludwig Wiese/Johann (Martin) Wiese's descendants is solely the product of Johann (Martin) Wiese's marriage to Anna Wiese **(DNA)**, daughter of Johann (Wilhelm) Wiese and Anna/Johanna Müller, through their son Rudolph Wiese **(DNA)**; with the DNA coming through the Anna Wiese line, as she has two siblings whose descendants also share DNA with me.

[154] *1843 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p190 #9.

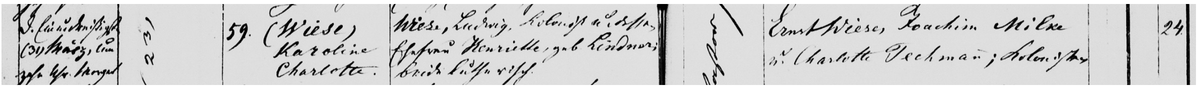


9. Am sechs- u. zwanzig- sten (26) Juni.

Wiese, Ludwig, Colonist, mit Jungfer Henriette Lindner.

beide luthe- risch.

[155] *1850 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p243 #59.



59. (Wiese) Karoline Charlotte.

Wiese, Ludwig, Colonist u. dessen Ehefrau Henriette, geb. Lindner; beide lutherisch.

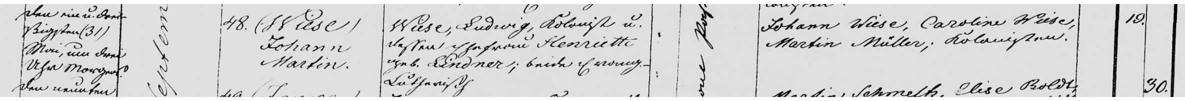
Ernst Wiese, Joachim Milke u. Charlotte Pechman; Colonisten

24

Although there were at least four Karoline Wiese's who married in the Heimtal Parish in the 1870's, I could not connect any of them to Karoline Charlotte Wiese.

[156] Martin Müller and Carolina Schröder's children were sponsored by Johann Wilhelm Wiese (Wilhelm Ernst Müller on August 23, 1850), and by *Karl Wiese* and Carolina Wiese (Anna Carolina Müller on September 7, 1852). Martin Müller sponsored Johann Martin Wiese, son of *Karl Wiese* and Juliana Müller, on August 24, 1845; and also sponsored Johann Martin Wiese, son of Ludwig Wiese and Henriette Lindner, on September 7, 1852. Caroline Schroder Müller sponsored Wilhelm Ernst Wiese, son of *Karl Wiese* and Juliana Müller, on October 30, 1846. Martin Müller was probably a brother of Anna Müller and Juliana Müller. *1845* (p233 #17) *and 1847* (p212 #31) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; 1850* (p243 #61) *and 1852* (p317 #44 and p317 #48) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records*.

[157] *1852 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p317 #48.



48. (Wiese) Johann Martin.

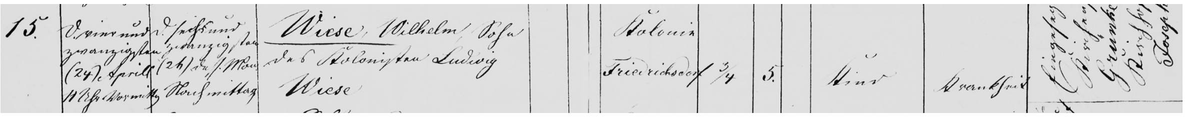
Wiese, Ludwig, Colonist u. dessen Ehefrau Henriette geb. Lindner; beide evangel.-Lutherisch

Johann Wiese, Caroline Wiese, Martin Müller; Colonisten.

19.

Johann (Martin) Wiese **(DNA?)** probably married his first cousin Anna Wiese **(DNA)** (September 19, 1849, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia – November 19, 1940, Fessenden, Wells County, North Dakota), daughter of Johann (Wilhelm) Wiese and Anna/Johanna Müller, around 1868. They had six known children. *See* Anna Wiese.

[158] *1857 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p395 #15.



15.

Wiese, Wilhelm, Sohn des Colonisten Ludwig Wiese

Colonie Friedrichsdorf

3/4

5.

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[159] Ernst Wiese married his first cousin Emilie Wiese (April 5, 1869, Hubosna,* Volhynia, Russia; bap May 20, 1869, Shitomir Parish - >August 20, 1944, ____), daughter of Martin Wilhelm Wiese and Wilhelmine Rösler, in 1887, in Kulischi. As of August 20, 1944, Emilie Wiese Wiese was living in Scharnikau, which was probably in German occupied Poland. Six known children were born to Ernst Wiese and Emilie Wiese, one of whom was shot by the NKVD and two of whom received ten year prison terms. *1870 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p237 #766*; 1914 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p 110 #240 (55Y, born Shitomir, married, buried Slobodka)*; and 1944EWZ942666* (Emilie Wiese Wiese) *A3342EWZ50-J018 0608, 0614.*

1. Gustav Wiese (December 26, 1893, Kulischi, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >April 25, 1942) was living with his brother Oswald Wiese in Malin when he was arrested by the Zhitomir UNKVD under Article 54-6 (espionage) of the Ukrainian Criminal Code, on June 22, 1941; the same day Hitler invaded the Soviet Union. On April 25, 1942, Gustav Wiese was sentenced by a special conference with the USSR NKVD to ten years imprisonment in a corrective labor camp (gulag). *NKVD Arrest #637; 1944EWZ942666; and A3342EWZ50-J018 0608.*

2. Robert Wiese (1900, Kulischi, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 12, 1900, Emilchin Parish (GP: August Bartz) – shot December 21, 1937, probably Vinnitsa Oblast, Ukraine SSR (south of Shitomir)), was living in Malin with his wife Nadja ___, and son Viktor Wiese, when he was arrested by the Vinnitsa UNKVD, on July 20, 1937, under Article 54-1 "a" (high treason), 54-7 (conducting subversive activities), and 54-11 (being a member of an anti-Soviet organization) of the Ukrainian Criminal Code. Robert Wiese was tried by two USSR NKVD on December 14, 1937, and sentenced to the maximum punishment (death). He was "rehabilitated" in 1989. *1900 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p33 #209*; 1944EWZ942666; and NKVD Arrest #642.*

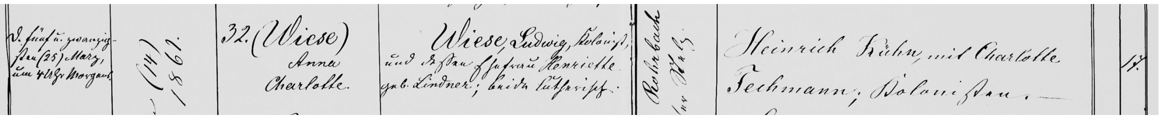
3. Adele Wiese (b March 19, 1902, Kulischi, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 21, 1902, Emilchin Parish). *1902 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record*, p98 #26.

4. Elisabeth Wiese (June 26, 1907, Kulischi, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 8, 1907, Emilchin Parish – November 15, 1907, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia). *1907 Emilchin Parish Baptism* Record, p150 #305*; and 1907 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p210 #233 (4M, born Emilchin).

5. Hubert Woldemar Wiese (b February 14, 1909, Kulischi, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 15, 1909, Slobodka, Emilchin Parish (GP: Reinhold Biberdorf, husband of Auguste Kolke, daughter of Heinrich Kolke and Emilie Hoffman, who died in Slobodka, Volhynia, Ukraine SSR in September 1931, and was allegedly too old to be sent to Siberia)). *1909 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p87 #95.

6. Oswald Wiese (September 4, 1911, Kulischi, Emilchin Parish; bap October 2, 1911, Slobodka, Emilchin Parish (GP: Reinhold Biberdorf) - >April 25, 1942) was living with his brother Gustav Wiese in Malin when he was arrested by the Zhitomir UNKVD under Article 54-6 (espionage) of the Ukrainian Criminal Code, on June 22, 1941; the same day Hitler invaded the Soviet Union. On April 25, 1942, Oswald Wiese was sentenced by a special conference with the USSR NKVD to ten years imprisonment in a corrective labor camp (gulag). *1911 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p14 #107*; NKVD Arrest #641; and A3342EWZ50-J018 0608.*

[160] *1861 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p420 #32.



d. fünf u. zwanzigsten (25) März, um 4 Uhr Morgens	(14) 1861	32. (Wiese) Anna Charlotte.	Wiese, Ludwig, Kolonist, und dessen Ehefrau Henriette geb. Lindner; beide lutherisch.	Rohrbach	Heinrich Kühn, mit Charlotte Techmann, Kolonistin.	17.

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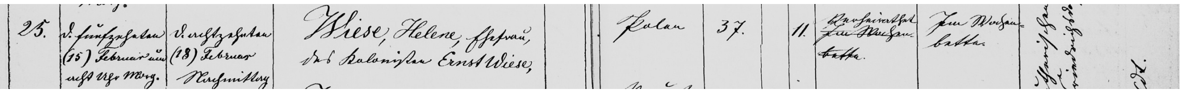
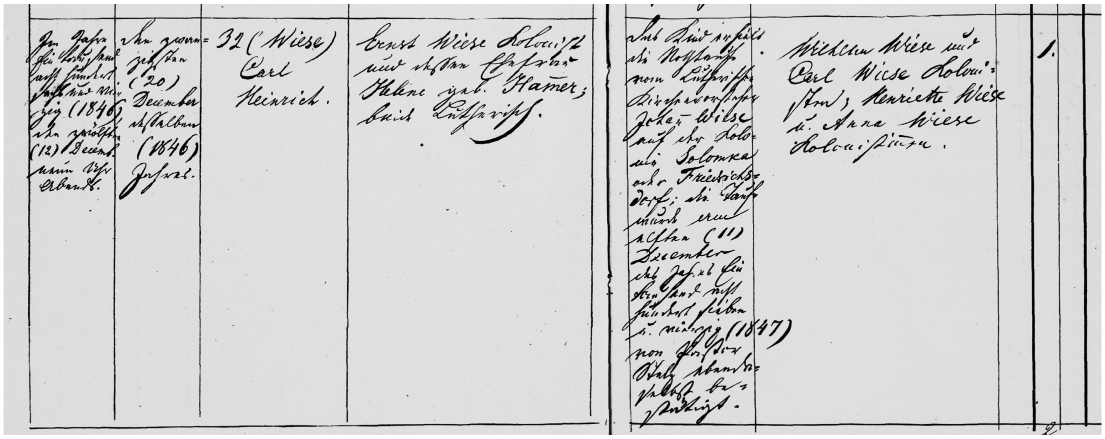
[161] Henriette Lindner Wiese and Johann Abend had two known children: (1) Friedrich Abend (1863->August 1913); and (2) Mathilde Abend (b July 25, 1867, Rohrbach; bap August 13, 1867, Shitomir Parish (GP: Martin Müller (brother of Anna (Johanna) Müller Wiese) and Helene Wolter). Eva Maria Schön and Michael Kropp, who were married on June 24, 1859, had a daughter Henriette Kropp born on September 6, 1867, in Rohrbach, whose entry in the baptism records was only two away from that of Mathilde Abend. Henriette Lindner Wiese Abend may have died as a result of the birth of Mathilde Abend, while Michael Kropp was certainly alive in January 1867, for the conception of Henriette Kropp; so he probably died in 1867. In August 1913, ten years after Eva Maria Schön Kropp Abend's death, Johann/John Abend and his son Friedrich Abend emigrated to the United States. Johann Abend ended up in Portland, Oregon, with a daughter, where he died. *1863* (p27 #38) *and 1868* (p144 #50) *Shitomir Parish Marriage Records; 1867 Shitomir Parish Baptism Records,* p523 #s 402 and 404*; 1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p220 #530 (62Y, married, died in Pokaschew)*; 1913 SS Neckar Manifest,* p180*; 1920 and 1930 US Census; 1931 Portland, Multnomah county, Oregon, Death Certificate* ("John Abend," 87Y 5M 21D, son of Henry Abend)*; and A3342EWZ50-A001 1176* (Ewald Abend, grandson of Friedrich Abend).

[162] *1858 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p826 #25 (Helene Wiese, 37Y, wife of Ernst, born Polen, Pastor Martin Berwald).



[163] *1847 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p212 #32.



I could not locate any marriage, children or death for Carl Heinrich Wiese, although "Heinrich Wiese," possibly Carl Heinrich Wiese sponsored multiple baptisms for individuals who would have been his first cousins.

• Heinrich Eduard Schott (b March 8, 1876, Mariendorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 4, 1876, Heimtal Parish). *1876 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p769 #576.

• Caroline Wiese (b August 5, 1878, Oskarburg, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 13, 1878, Heimtal Parish (GP: Heinrich Wiese)). *1883 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p844 #732.

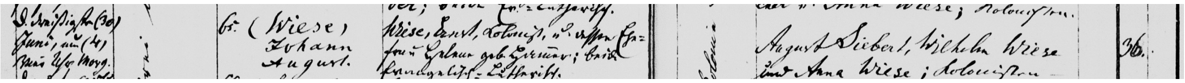
- Euphrosine Wiese (October 13, 1879, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 24, 1880, Heimtal Parish (GP: Heinrich Wiese and Louise Schmidt) - ≥September 10, 1909, ____). *1880 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p440 #142.

Carl Heinrich Wiese did not marry Susanna Pansegrau (b July 11, 1836, Josephine, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 2, 1836, Shitomir Parish), daughter of Peter Pansegrau and Maria Elizabeth Blaskowsky, on September 12, 1862, as he was only fifteen years of age as of September 1862, and Susanna Pansegrau was ten years older than him. *1836 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p283 #12*; and 1862 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p451 #35.

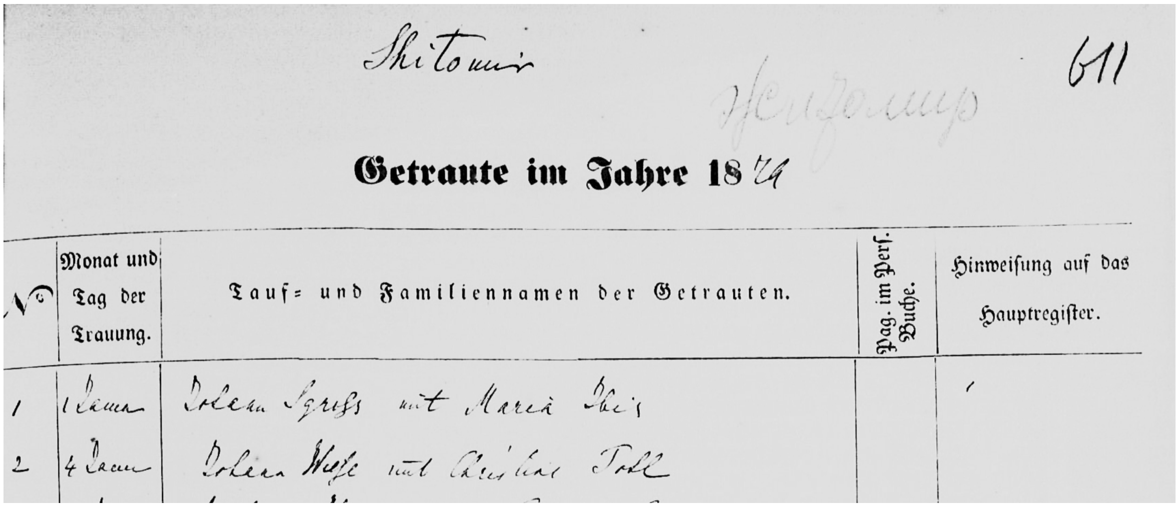
Carl Heinrich Wiese was not Karl Gottlieb Wiese (March 1839, probably Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia - October 29, 1909, Heimtal Parish Volhynia, Russia), son of "*Karl Heinrich Ernst Wiese*," who married Susanna Ströbel Pansegrau (1838, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – March 30, 1912, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Paul Ströbel (1798-1851; son of Paul Ströbel) and Anna Krüger (49=1808; daughter of Peter Krüger), widow of Christian Pansegrau (1829-1861), residents of Annette in 1857, on September 12, 1862. Karl Gottlieb Wiese and Susanna Ströbel had two known children. *Revision of November 30, 1857 in the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia,* #24; *and 1909* (p171 #537: 70Y 7M, married, born in Shitomir Parish, son of Karl Heinrch Ernst Wiese) *and 1912* (p164 #346: Susanna Wiese geb Ströbel, 74Y, widow, spouse of Karl, born Shitomir Parish) *Heimtal Parish Burial Records.*

(Carl?) Heinrich Wiese and Euphrosina Pottratz Wiese sponsored Heinrich Eduard Schott (b March 8, 1876, Mariendorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 4, 1876, Heimtal Parish), son of Henriette Mariane Wiese and Ludwig Hermann Schott. *1876 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p769 #576.

[164] *1850 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p243 #65.


D. dreißigsten (30) Juni; am (4) ... Morg. | 6. (Wiese) Johann August. | Wiese, Ernst, Kolonist, u. dessen Ehefrau Juliane geb. ...; beide evangelisch-lutherisch. | August Siebert, Wilhelm Wiese und Anna Wiese; Kolonisten | 36.

Johann August Wiese may have married Christine Pohl on January 4, 1879, in Shitomir Parish; but it was more probably Johann Martin Wiese (b1845), son of *Karl/Carl Heinrich Ernst Wiese* and Juliane Müller, whom she married. *1879 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record*, p611 #2.


Shitomir

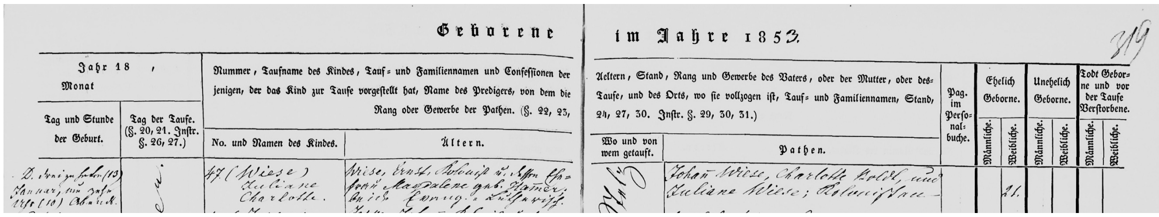
Житомир

611

Getraute im Jahre 1879

№	Monat und Tag der Trauung.	Tauf- und Familiennamen der Getrauten.	Pag. im Perſ. Buche.	Hinweiſung auf das Hauptregiſter.
1	1 Janu	Johann Spieß mit Maria Theis		'
2	4 Janu	Johann Wiese mit Christine Poll		

[165] *1853 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p319 #47.

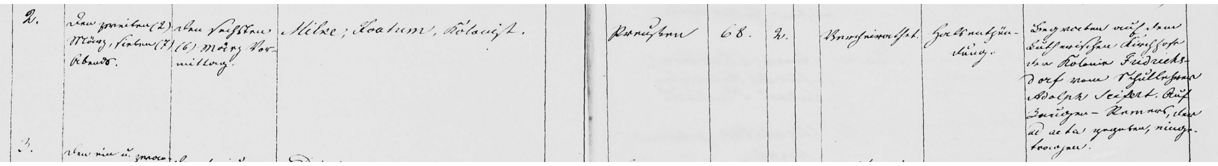


Geborene im Jahre 1853. 319

Jahr 18 , Monat | Tag und Stunde der Geburt. | Tag der Taufe. (§. 20, 21. Jnſtr. §. 26, 27.) | Nummer, Taufname des Kindes, Tauf- und Familiennamen und Confeſſionen derjenigen, der das Kind zur Taufe vorgeſtellt hat, Name des Predigers, von dem die Rang oder Gewerbe der Pathen. (§. 22, 23, | No. und Namen des Kindes. | Ältern. | Aeltern, Stand, Rang und Gewerbe des Vaters, oder der Mutter, oder des Taufe, und des Orts, wo ſie vollzogen iſt, Tauf- und Familiennamen, Stand, 24, 27, 30. Jnſtr. §. 29, 30, 31.) | Wo und von wem getauft. | Pathen. | Pag. im Perſonalbuche. | Ehelich Geborne. | Unehelich Geborne. | Todt Geborne und vor der Taufe Verſtorbene. | Männliche. | Weibliche.

47 (Wiese) Juliane Charlotte. | Wiese, Ernst, Kolonist ... Magdalene geb. ... | Johan Wiese, Charlotte ..., und Juliane Wiese; Kolonisten | 21.

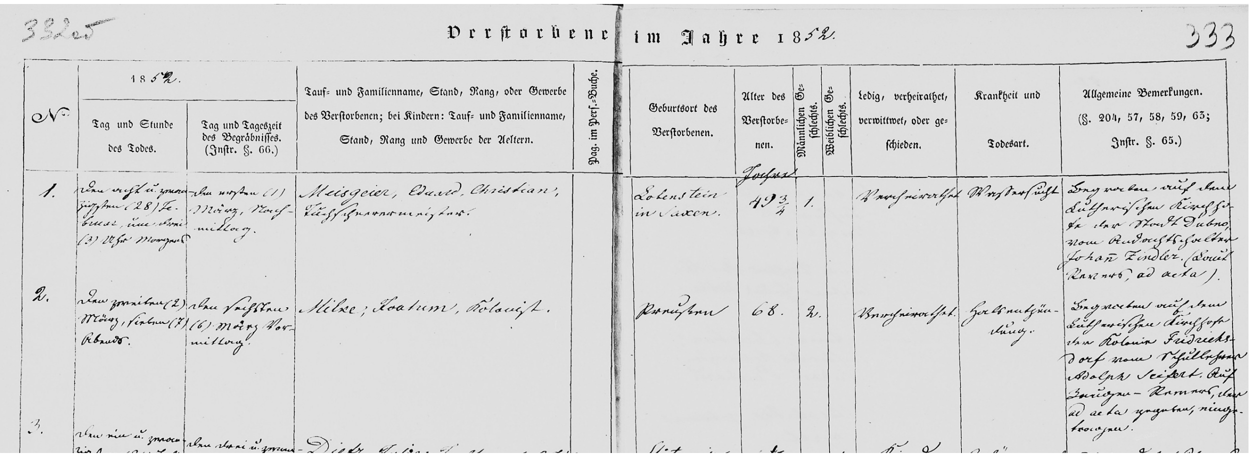
[166] *Charlotte Milke/Mylke/Mielke* may have been the daughter of *Joachim Milke* (1783/84 – March 2, 1852, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia), who with Ernst Wiese were Godparents to Karoline Charlotte Wiese (b March 31, 1850, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 23, 1850, Shitomir Parish), daughter of Ludwig Wiese (Ernst Wiese's brother) and Henriette Lindner. This sponsorship and his death record place *Joachim Milke* in Solomka/Friedrichsdorf and demonstrates he may have had a relationship with the five known Wiese children. His year of birth would fit with a daughter born circa 1815-20. *1850 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p243 #59*; and 1852 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p333 #2 (age 68).



2. | Milke; Joachim, Kolonist. | 68. | 2.

Friedrich Daniel Mylke and Julianna Müller (*Karl/Carl Wiese's* future/second wife) were Godparents of Friedrich Heinrich Caspar Wiese, son of Johann Wiese and Anna Müller, on October 14, 1842, in Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia. I suspect Friedrich Daniel Mylke may have been *Charlotte Milke/Mylke/Mielke's* brother, and son of *Joachim Milke*. *1843 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p177 #12.

[167] *Joachim Milke* and Ernst Wiese were the Godfathers of Karoline Charlotte Wiese (b March 31, 1850, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 23, 1850, Shitomir Parish), daughter of Ludwig Wiese and Henriette Lindner. This sponsorship and his death record place *Joachim Milke* in Solomka/Friedrichsdorf and demonstrates he may have had a relationship with the five known Wiese children. His year of birth would fit with a daughter born circa 1815-20. *1850 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p243 #59*; and 1852 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p333 #2 (age 68, born Prussia).



Verſtorbene im Jahre 1852. 333

N° | 1852. Tag und Stunde des Todes. | Tag und Tageszeit des Begräbniſſes. (Jnſtr. §. 66.) | Tauf- und Familienname, Stand, Rang, oder Gewerbe des Verſtorbenen; bei Kindern: Tauf- und Familienname, Stand, Rang und Gewerbe der Aeltern. | Pag. im Perſ.-Buche. | Geburtsort des Verſtorbenen. | Alter des Verſtorbenen. | Männlichen Geſchlechts. | Weiblichen Geſchlechts. | ledig, verheirathet, verwittwet, oder geſchieden. | Krankheit und Todesart. | Allgemeine Bemerkungen. (§. 204, 57, 58, 59, 63; Jnſtr. §. 65.)

1. | Meisgeier, David Christian, | 49¾ | 1.

2. | Milke; Joachim, Kolonist. | 68. | 2.

Charlotte Mylke/Mielke/Milke had at least two siblings in the Friedrichsdorf/Solomka area:

- Friedrich Daniel Mylke (____ - >August 27, 1850) was the Godfather of multiple children related to the Wiese and Mylke families. I could not locate any of his children or any marriage for him.

    1. Friedrich Daniel Mylke and Juliana Müller (who would marry *Karl Heinrich Ernst Wiese* after *Charlotte Mylke/Mielke/Milke's* death) sponsored Friedrich Heinrich Caspar Wiese (b October 7, 1842, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Volhynia, Russia), son of Johann Wilhem Wiese and Anna (Johanna) Müller, on October 14, 1842, in Friedrichsdorf/Solomka, Shitomir Parish. *1843 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p177 #12.

    2. Friedrich Mylke sponsored Charlotte Maria Peske, daughter of David Peske and Ernestine Linger, on March 29, 1846, in Friedrichsdorf/Solomka, Shitomir Parish. *1846 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p246 #20.

    3. Friedrich Mylke sponsored Johann Friedrich Schmalz, son of Martin Schmalz and his probable sister Luise Mielke, on July 21, 1846, in Friedrichsdorf/Solomka, Shitomir Parish. *1846 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p246 #21.

    4. Friedrich Mylke sponsored Louise Maria Charlotte Schmalz, daughter of Martin Schmalz and his probable sister Luise Milke, on August 23, 1850, in Friedrichsdorf/Solomka, Shitomir Parish. *1850 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p243 #57.

    5. Friedrich Mylke sponsored Wilhelmine Böttger, daughter of Friedrich Böttger and Friederike Fehnrich, on August 27, 1850, in Friedrichsdorf/Solomka, Shitomir Parish. *1850 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p244 71.

- Luise Mylke (____ - >January 15, 1863) married Martin Schmalz (1804, Polen (?) – January 15, 1863, Friedrichsdorf/Solomka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia), and had four known children. *1863 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p34 #36 (58Y, settler, married, born Polen).

    1. Johann Friedrich Schmalz (b July 11, 1846, Friedrichsdorf/Solomka, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 21, 1846, Shitomir Parish (GP: Friedrich Mylke)). *1846 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p246 #21.

    2. Louise Maria Charlotte Schmalz (b March 3, 1850, Friedrichsdorf/Solomka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 23, 1850, Shitomir Parish (GP: Friedrich Mylke). *1850 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p243 #57.

    3. Johann Karl Schmalz (b July 23, 1853, Friedrichsdorf/Solomka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 8, 1853, Shitomir Parish (GP: Gottlieb Janke, Caroline Böttger and Karl Mylke)). *1853 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p319 #55.

    4. Wilhelm Gottlieb Schmalz (b January 6, 1857, Friedrichsdorf/Solomka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 10, 1857, Shitomir Parish (GP: Gottlieb Janke, Christian Hemminger, Michael Tefenbach and Elsie Berwold)). *1857 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p379 #82.

- Karl Mylke sponsored Johann Karl Schmalz (b July 23, 1853, Friedrichsdorf/Solomka, Volhynia, Russia) on September 8, 1853, in Friedrichsdorf/Solomka, Shitomir Parish. *1853 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p319 #55.

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[168] *1837 Evangelische Kirche Zhitomir (Wolhynien) Heiraten/Marriage Record*, page 173, Family History Library (FHL) Film #007769319, page 85 of 343. The fact of the marriage is confirmed in the baptismal record of their son Ludwig Wiese.

[169] Fitting four children during the time of the *Wiese-Mielke* marriage, which was arguably a maximum of five years (1837-1842), is biologically possible. If their first child Charlotte Wiese wasn't born until late 1837 or early in 1838 (i.e. if they didn't have a child until 9+ months after their marriage, and if her age was accurately stated to be 69 in April 1907 = 1837-38), then Karl Gottlieb Wiese's birth in March 1839, and Ludwig Wiese's birth in January 1840, could have represented their second and third children. Thus, there is probably room for only one other child, i.e. *Wilhelmine Wiese*, to be born in 1841-42, possibly connected with *Charlotte Milke/Mylke Wiese's death.*

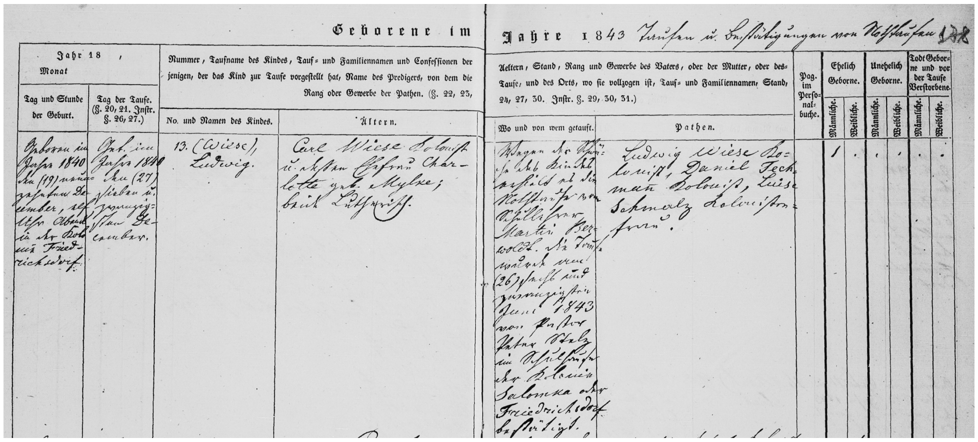
Karoline Wiese, who died at age 69 in August 1913 = late 1843 or 1844, was not their child if her age reported in her death/burial record is accurate; particularly with *Carl Wiese's* remarriage not occurring until June 1843, which probably didn't occur immediately after *Charlotte Milke/Mylke Wiese's* death. She was probably the first child of *Carl Wiese* and his second wife Juliana Müller.

[170] Inasmuch as her parents were married in January 1837, it is possible she was born in late 1837 or early 1838, especially if she had a brother Karl Gottlieb Wiese born in March 1839. *1837 Evangelische Kirche Zhitomir (Wolhynien) Heiraten/Marriage Record*, page 173, Family History Library (FHL) Film #007769319, page 85 of 343*; and 1907 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p334 #320 (widow, age 69, born Shitomir).

Charlotte Wiese and Wilhelm Wiese sponsored Christine Müller (b August 12, 1858, Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia) daughter of Martin Müller and Caroline Schröder, on August 14, 1858, in the Shitomir Parish. *1858 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p804 #18.

[171] Karl Gottlieb Wiese was the son of "*Karl Heinrich Ernst Wiese*." *1909 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p171 #537 (Age 70Y 7M, married, born in Shitomir Parish).

[172] *1843 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p178 #13.



Geborene im Jahre 1843 Taufen u. Bestätigungen von Nothtaufen 178

Nummer, Taufname des Kindes, Tauf- und Familiennamen und Confessionen derjenigen, der das Kind zur Taufe vorgestellt hat, Name des Predigers, von dem die Taufe, und des Orts, wo sie vollzogen ist, Tauf- und Familiennamen, Stand, Rang oder Gewerbe der Pathen. (§. 22, 23, 24, 27, 30. Instr. §. 29, 30, 31.)

Jahr 18 , Monat Tag und Stunde der Geburt.	Tag der Taufe. (§. 20, 21. Instr. §. 26, 27.)	No. und Namen des Kindes.	Ältern.	Wo und von wem getauft.	Pathen.	Pag. im Personalbuche.	Ehelich Geborne. Männliche.	Ehelich Geborne. Weibliche.	Unehelich Geborne. Männliche.	Unehelich Geborne. Weibliche.	Todt Geborne und vor der Taufe Verstorbene. Männliche.	Todt Geborne und vor der Taufe Verstorbene. Weibliche.
Geboren im Jahre 1840 den (19) neunzehnten December, elf Uhr Abends in der Kolonie Friedrichsdorf.	Get. im Jahre 1840 den (27) sieben u. zwanzigsten December.	13. (Wiese), Ludwig.	Carl Wiese Colonist u. dessen Ehefrau Charlotte geb. Mylke; beide Lutherisch.	Wegen der Schwäche des Kindes erhielt es die Nothtaufe vom Schullehrer Martin Berwoldt. Die Taufe wurde am (26) sechs und zwanzigsten Juni 1843 vom Pastor Peter Stolz im Schulhause der Kolonie Salomka oder Friedrichsdorf bestätigt.	Ludwig Wiese Colonist, Daniel Techman Colonist, Luise Schmalz Colonistenfrau.		1	.	.	.	.	.

[173] If *Wilhelmine Wiese* was the daughter of *Karl Wiese and Charlotte Mylke/Mielke*, which I believe to be the case, then she was probably born in 1842, as her brother Ludwig Wiese wasn't born until mid-December 1840.

Wilhelmine Wiese Kolke was Godparent to Charlotte Wiese and Karl Sonnenberg's son Eduard August Sonnenberg in 1879.

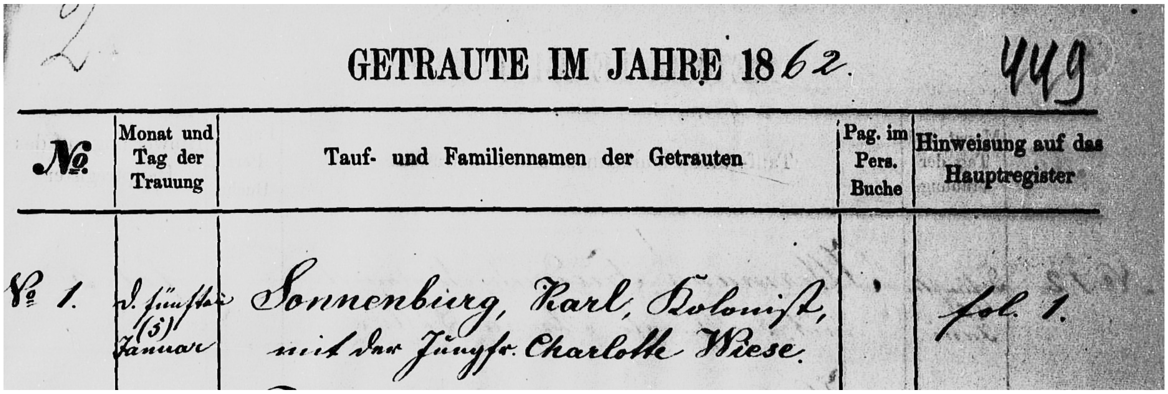
Karl/Carl Wiese's children (or their spouses) were the Godparents of *Wilhelmine Wiese and Ludwig Kolke's* children on three occasions (i.e. Johann Kolke, Auguste Kolke and Pauline Kolke). There was not even one sponsorship by the children of Johann Wilhelm Wiese (or Ludwig Wiese) even though descendants through three of his children have multiple *Ancestry*DNA™ matches with me.

Because *Wilhelmine Wiese* wasn't married until July 1863, when she could have been at least eighteen years old, it is possible she wasn't born until late 1844 or early 1845; and thus would have been the daughter of *Karl/Carl Wiese and Juliana Müller*, whose sister was probably Anna/Johanna Müller, who married Johann Wilhelm Wiese. "Juliana Müller" was a Godparent of Fredrich Heinrich Caspar Wiese, son of Wilhelm Wiese and Anna/Johanna Müller, in October 1842. *1843 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p177 #12.

However, if Karoline Wiese Sonnenberg's death record is accurate that she died at the age of 69, on August 13, 1913, then she would have been born in late 1843 or 1844, and thus was clearly the first child of *Karl/Carl Wiese* and Juliana Müller, who were married on June 26, 1843. *1843 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p190 #8*; and 1913 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p92 #116.

Augustine Kolke Kleinfeld's *EWZ Application* states her mother *Wilhelmine Wiese Kolke* died in 1916, in Woronesch (Voronezh), Russia, located 900km east of Shitomir and 500km south of Moscow. *1943 EWZ764082* (Augustine Kolge Kleinfeld)*; and A3342EWZ50-E014 1932, 1940.*

[174] *1862 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p449 #1.



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GETRAUTE IM JAHRE 1862. 449

№	Monat und Tag der Trauung	Tauf- und Familiennamen der Getrauten	Pag. im Pers. Buche	Hinweisung auf das Hauptregister
№ 1.	5. fünften (5) Januar	Sonnenburg, Karl, Kolonist, mit der Jungfr. Charlotte Wiese.		fol. 1.

Others have "Charlotte Christine Wiese" (b1840-42) marrying Heinrich Kühn (b~1840, Congress Poland, Russia), son of Michael Kühn (December 1804, Wola Wolczewa, Russia or Prussia – July 25, 1885, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bur July 27, 1885, Heimtal Parish) and Marianna Rosina Erdmann (February 28, 1801, Magnuszew, (south of Warsaw and west of the Vistula River, Prussia) – November 6, 1877, Protowka, Volhynia, Russia; bur November 8, 1877, Shitomir Parish), on January 8, 1860, in the Shitomir Parish. They had five known children, none of whom had Wiese sponsors. Further, Kühns never sponsored any of children of Charlotte Wiese's siblings; so I don't believe this Charlotte Wiese was the daughter of *Karl/Carl Wiese and Charlotte Mielke/Mylke*. The author of this tree also cited the *SGGEE MPD*, which no longer has a Charlotte Wiese marrying Heinrich Kühn. *1860 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p179 #1*; 1877 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p631 #46 (w/o Michael, 74Y, birthplace unknown)*; and 1885 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p728 #264 (80Y 7M, born Polen).

Another Charlotte Wiese married (Jacob) Friedrich Harwart (1849/50, Congress Poland, Russia – May 24, 1881, Heimtal, Volhynia, Russia), probably in the early 1870s. They had two known children, neither of whom was sponsored by a member of the Wiese family. (Jacob) Friedrich Harwart's age would indicate he was not married to Charlotte Wiese. *1881 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p598 #87 (h/o Scharlotte Wiese, 31Y, born Polen).

Karl Sonnenberg may have been the son of Karl Sonnenberg (1800, Bromberg, Prussia – January 4, 1877, Heimtal, Volhynia, Russia). It is highly unlikely he was the son of Daniel Sonnenberg (b1815). +

[175] Karl Sonnenberg's first marriage, if there was one, was probably to Wilhelmine Koch; which would mean he was probably born circa 1818, if Gottfried Sonnenberg was their first child.

- Gottfried Sonnenberg (1837/38, Wulka,* Volhynia, Russia – February 25, 1903, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia), son of Karl Sonnenberg, married Karoline Wiese, daughter of *Karl/Carl Wiese* and his second wife Juliane Müller, on September 4, 1864, in the Shitomir Parish. *1864 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p29 #53*; and 1903 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p316 #147 (65Y, born Wulke, married, spouse Karoline, father Karl Sonnenberg, buried in Nepoznanitschi).

*Southeast of Rowno, just inside future Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish border.

Gottfried Sonnenburger and Henriette Strohschein Wiese sponsored Henriette Karoline Sonnenburg(er) (January 4, 1866, Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 17, 1867, Shitomir Parish), daughter of Charlotte Wiese and his father Karl Sonnenberg. *1867 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p503 #57.

- Justine Sonnenberg (March 27, 1846; bap April 7, 1846, Shitomir Parish (GP: Caroline Sonnenberg) – November 17, 1909, Waldheim, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia) may have married twice. However, none of the children from either marriage had Sonnenberg or Wiese sponsors. *1846 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p247 #26*; and 1909 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p174 #67 ("Justine Bock geb Sonnenberg," 68Y, born [Congress] Poland,* married Friedrich Bock).

*Her baptism record confirms she was born in Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia, not Congress Poland.

M#1 Justine Sonnenberg may have married Daniel Wolter, when she was just seventeen years old. They had five known children.

1. Bertha Wolter (b March 12, 1864, Gnadenthal, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1864 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p7 #47.

2. Wilhelmine Wolter (b December 10, 1865, Rohrbach, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1866 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p630 #1.

3. Sophie Wolter (b December 25, 1867, Neudorf, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1870 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p257 #117.

4. Wilhelm Wolter (July 23, 1871, Neudorf, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia – July 12, 1872, Neudorf, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1872 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p649 #89*; and 1872 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p666 #18 (11M).

5. Julius Wolter (b May 26, 1875, Neudorf, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1875 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p650 #502.

M#2 (Widow?) Justine Sonnenberg Wolter may have married Friedrich Bock (1840/41, Congress Poland, Russia – March 7, 1909, Waldheim, Volhynia, Russia). *1909 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p174 #63 (68Y, born Poland, married to Justine).

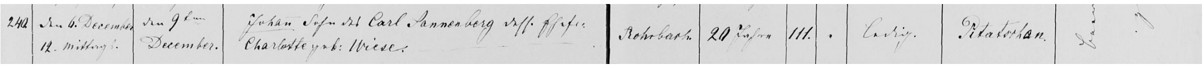
1. Daniel Bock (b September 8, 1876, Blumenthal, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1876 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p518 #798.

2. Auguste Bock (b March 16, 1879 Waldheim, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1879 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p531 #377.

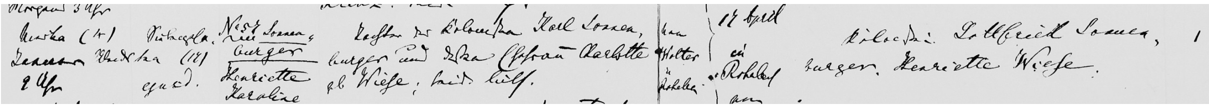
[176] The dates of Henriette Sonnenberg's and Wilhelmine Sonnenberg's births were erroneously entered in the church record, as it would be impossible for them to be born within two months of each other. They are only separated by one entry in the baptismal record. Their parents are specifically identified. I suspect one of them (probably Henriette Sonnenberg) was born at least year earlier, but not baptized until 1867.

[177] *1877 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p617 #294.

[178] *1882 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p995 #240 (age 20).

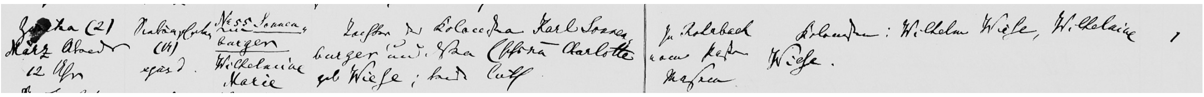


[179] *1867 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p503 #57.



Gottfried Sonnenberg may have been Karl Sonnenberg's son from his marriage to Wilhelmine Koch.

[180] *1867 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p503 #55.



Wilhelmine Marie Sonnenberg may have married Johann Jabs (1856, Maksimowka, Volhynia, Russia - >August 1901), on November 6, 1885, in the Heimtal Parish. Wilhelmine Sonnenberg and Johann Jabs had at least four children; two confirmed by baptismal records, and the third through *EWZ* files, based upon the date and location of her birth. *1885 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p709 #204*; A3342EWZ50-D046 1296; and August 28, 1945, Berlin, Germany, Death Register,* #6670 (Theodor Jabs).

- (Maria) Lydia Jabs (July 10 or October 7, 1889, Maksimowka, Volhynia, Russia - ≥1943, ____) married August Geisler (March 2, 1880, Koryty/Koritke (west of Rowno), Volhynia, Russia - ≥1943, ____). They had eight known children. As of 1943-44, August Geisler and Lydia Jabs, and some of their children, were moving westward out of German occupied Ukraine SSR. *A3342EWZ50-C006 1340, 1368, 1494.*

1. Richard Geisler (b August 18, 1908, Marischowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 30, 1908, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1908 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p100 #884.

2. Erna Geisler (b December 13, 1909, Marischowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 26, 1909, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1909 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p83 #735.

3. Artur Geisler (February 12, 1911, Marischowka, Nowograd Wolhynsk, Volhynia, Russia - >1935, ____) married Johanna Gerz (December 23, 1912, Beresowo Hat (west of Pulin), Volhynia Russia - ≥October 4, 1936, ____), and had two known children: (1) Irene Geisler (b August 4, 1934, Wladin, Ukraine SSR); and (2) Friedrich Geisler (b October 4, 1936, Borodjanka, Ukraine SSR). *A3342EWZ50-C006 1340.*

4. Elfriede Geisler (b June 3, 1912, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 18, 1912, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1912 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p117 #1040.

5. Erdmann Geisler (May 9, 1914, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 26, 1914, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Ferdinand Gröhn and Wilhelmine Brehm)). *1914 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p92 #810.

6. Herbert Geisler (b July 2, 1918, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 18, 1918, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Hulda Pufal)). *1918 Nowograd Wolhynsk Baptism Record,* p224 #142.

7. Hildegard Geisler (b September 25, 1920, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia). *A3342EWZ50-C006 1368, 1494.*

8. Ertwin Geisler (b March 23, 1922, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia). *A3342EWZ50-C006 1368.*

- Friedrich Jabs (1891-98, Maksimowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >May 23, 1924, ____) was a resident of Adamhof, Ukraine SSR, when he was identified by his brother Theodor Jabs as his nearest relative in the *1924 SS Andania Manifest.* He could have been referring to Adamowka, located about halfway between Shitomir and Nowograd Wolhynsk.

- Theodor Jabs (May 8, 1900, Maksimowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 26, 1902, Heimtal Parish (GP: Friedrich Mielke) – May 1, 1945, Berlin, Germany). On May 23, 1924, Theodor Jabs, age 24, of Russian citizenship, boarded the *SS Andania*, headed for Québec, Canada, where he arrived in June 1924, with the stated intent to permanently remain in Canada. His destination was Leduc, Alberta, where August Knull, apparently agreed to employ him as a farm laborer. I located two August Knull's in Leduc, Alberta, both of whom were born in Russia. One was married (to Bertha Knull) and one was divorced. Theodor Jabs apparently returned to Europe, and on May 31, 1934, married Herta Katschke (September 20, 1908, Berlin, Germany – April 25, 1980, probably Ryde City, New South Wales, Australia), daughter of Ludwig Katschke (1877-1942) and Helene Emma Martha Eppinger (1880-1959), in Berlin. Theodor Jabs was a Staff Sergeant in the Wehrmacht when he was killed by shrapnel from a grenade, fighting the Red Army, in Berlin, on May 1, 1945. One week later World War II in Europe ended. On April 4, 1951, Herta Katschke Jabs and their son Dieter Jabs left Genoa, Italy, on the *Caboto*, bound for Fremantle, West Australia, Australia, to meet her brother Heinrich Katschke (September 14, 1904, Berlin, Germany – April 2, 1996, Doonside, New South Wales, Australia), who had emigrated to Australia, in late 1938, in Coogee, New South Wales. In 1958, she was a resident of a "migrant hostel" in Villawood, Macarther, New South Wales, Australia. Her gravemarker states she is remembered by Peter, Brigitte and Alexander, who may be their children. *1900 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p3 #11*; 1908 Geburtenregister der Berliner Standesämter,* #2196*; 1924 SS Andania Manifest; 1924 Ocean Arrivals, Library and Archives of Canada; 1934 Heiratsregister der Berliner Standesämter,* #681*; August 28, 1945, Berlin, Germany, Death Register,* #6670*; May 29, 1953, der Deutschen Dienststelle für die Benschrichtigung der nächsten Angehörigen von Gefalleneen der ehemaligen deutschen Wehrmacht (WASt) Death Register,* #6744*; Find-a-Grave* (Georgen-Parochial-Friedhof II, Friedrichshain, Berlin, Germany, which contains 876 German soldiers and

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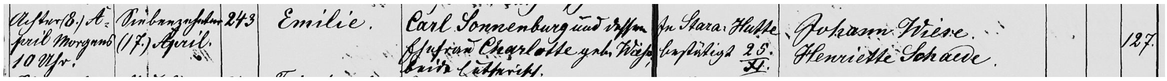
civilian graves from 1945)*; May 1951 Fremantle, West Australia, Passenger List; 1958 Macarthur Electoral Roll; and Sydney Metropolitan Cemetery Records, Macquarie Park Cemetery* (Herta Jabs, 72Y).

- Emma Jabs (b May 11, 1902, Maksimowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 26, 1902, Heimtal Parish). *1902 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p3 #26.

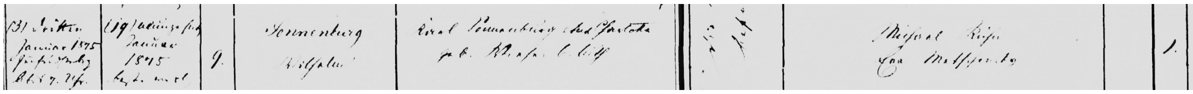
[180] *1870 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p269 #243.



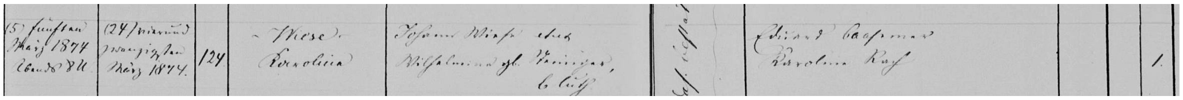
Achter (8.) April Morgens 10 Uhr. | Siebenzehnten (17.) April. | 243 | Emilie. | Carl Sonnenburg und dessen Ehefrau Charlotte geb. Wiese beide lutherisch. | In Stara-Hutte bestätigt 25. XI. | Johann Wiese. Henriette Schaede. | 127.

Emilie was a common given name for Sonnenberg daughters who married in the area around Staraja Huta, and I was unable to determine with any degree of probability which Emilie Sonnenberg was the daughter of Charlotte Wiese and Karl Sonnenberg. Emilie Sonnenberg's sponsor may have been her mother's half-brother Johann Wiese, although it appears he was in Rohrbach which is 40 miles from Staraja Huta/Nepoznanitschi. Emilie Sonnenberg would have been 30 years-of-age in 1900, which probably means she was married during the period where records are unavailable (1886-1899). I attempted to correlate spouse's surnames, birth locations and baptismal sponsors with Emilie Sonnenberg, but this was insufficient. Four Emilie Sonnenbergs in the Staraja Huta area had children in the first decade of the 1900s, when she would have been in her 30s. Three of the Emilie Sonnenbergs were married: (1) Alexander Gatzke (Towin); (2) Jacob Jabs (Nepoznanitschi) on March 26, 1885, in Heimtal Parish (when Emilie would have only been fifteen; ruling him out); and (3) Ludwig Nerenberg (Krylinsk/Lebed). *1885 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p707 #79*; 1908 and 1909 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Records* (Gatzke)*,* p57 #501 (GP: Emilie Sonnenberg) and p118 #1050, respectively*; 1906 and 1912 Emilchin Parish Baptism Records* (Jabs)*,* p34 #226 and p18 #155 (GP: Friedrich Wiese), respectively*; 1908 and 1910 Emilchin Parish Baptism Records* (Nerenberg)*,* p34 #330 (GP: Adolf Sonnenberg) and p47 #420 (Wilhelmina (Besel) Sonnenberg), respectively*; and 1904 and 1907 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Records* (Emilie Sonnenberg)*,* p95 #843 and p139 #1225 (GP: Adolph Sonnenberg), respectively.

[182] *1875 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p609 #9.



Wilhelm Sonnenberg married Karoline Wiese (March 5, 1874, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 24, 1874, Heimtal Parish - <4/20/1944 Fate Unknown (unbekannt)), daughter of Johann Carl August Wiese and Wilhelmine Steiniger, in the mid to late 1890s. That her sister Ottilie Wiese may have also married a Sonnenberg (i.e. son of Gottfried Sonnenberg and Karoline Wiese, Charlotte Wiese's and probably *Wilhelmine Wiese's* sister), might indicate a close family relationship. Karoline Wiese and Wilhelm Sonnenberg had six known children. *1875 Heimtal Parish Baptism Records,* p609 #9 and p619 #124*; 1944EWZ797041* (Hertha Sonnenberg)*; and A3342EWZ50-B084 1152, 1164.*



- Arthur Sonnenberg (February 2, 1900, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 17, 1900, Heimtal Parish (GP: Gustav Wiese and Emilie Wiese) – May 6, 1902, Nebajewka, Volhynia, Russia). *1900 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p131 #1033*; and 1902 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p174 #249.

- Emma Sonnenberg (1901, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia – June 16, 1906, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia). *1906 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p153 #235 (age 5Y).

- Bernhard Sonnenberg (b September 24, 1903, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 5, 1903, Heimtal Parish). *1903 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p138 #1225.

- Hertha Sonnenberg (May 8, 1908, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia - >April 22, 1944, ____) married Otto Fröhlich (May 23, 1910, Remershof, Pomerania, Sweden – June 22, 1941,* Verschleppt), son of Gottlieb Fröhlich and Luise Schulz (both alive in Konigsberg), on May 26, 1933, in Nedbajewka, Ukraine SSR. They had two known children. Hertha Sonnenberg Fröhlich and her children were in Hermsdorf/Waldenburg, as of April 22, 1944. *1944EWZ797041* (Hertha Sonnenberg)*; and A3342EWZ50-B084 1152, 1164* (Note: given names of grandmothers were transposed on the *Feststellung*).

*On June 22, 1941, Hitler launched Operation Barbarossa; his surprise attack on the Soviet Union.

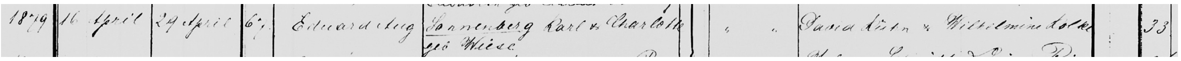
1. Herhold Fröhlich (b March 7, 1935, Holodenka, Ukraine SSR). *1944EWZ797041* (Hertha Sonnenberg)*; and A3342EWZ50-B084 1152.*

2. Hugo Fröhlich (b May 28, 1941, Nowograd Wolhynsk, Ukraine SSR). *1944EWZ797041* (Hertha Sonnenberg)*; and A3342EWZ50-B084 1152.*

- Oskar Sonnenberg (b November 12, 1909, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 16, 1909, Heimtal Parish). *1909 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p106 #1050.

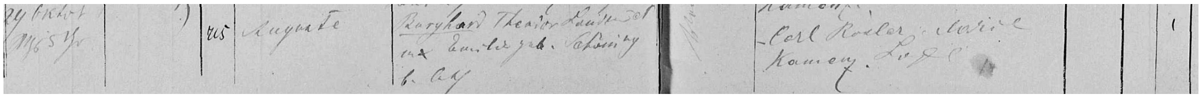
- Alice Sonnenberg (b July 9, 1912, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 5, 1912, Heimtal Parish). *1912 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p100 #978.

[183] *1880 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p436 #67.



1879	16 April	29 April	67	Eduard Aug	Sonnenberg Karl u. Charlotte geb. Wiese		David Kühn u. Wilhelmine Kolke	33

Eduard August Sonnenberg may have married Auguste Burkhardt (b October 29, 1878, Federowka, Volhynia, Russia) daughter of Theodor Burghard(t) and Emilie Schwarz, on October 24, 1907, in the Heimtal Parish. I located one child for the couple. *1879 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p560 #715*; and 1907 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p11 #157.



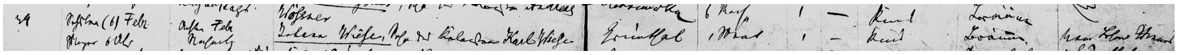
- Arthur Sonnenberg (b June 8, 1911, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 25, 1911, Heimtal Parish). *1911 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p111 #1092.

[184] Susanna Ströbel was the wife/widow of Christian Pansegrau (1829, probably Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - 1861, Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; married August 10, 1853, Shitomir Parish), son of Peter Pansegrau (1808-____; son of Christian Pansegrau and Helene Grön) and Maria Elisabeth Blaskowsky (1808 – January 14, 1866, ____; daughter of Georg Blaskowsky), who lived in HH#11, Josephine, as of November 28, 1857, with their two sons. *1853* (p331 #18; Christian Pansegrau and Susanna Ströbel)*; Revision of November 30, 1857 in the Village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #24; Revision of November 28, 1857 in the Village of Josephine, Nowograd*

Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #11*; 1862 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record, p451 #35* (widow Susanna Pansegrau)*; 1868 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p106 #1 (son of Karl Wiese and Susanna Ströbel); *and 1909* (p171 #537: 70Y 7M, married, born in Shitomir Parish, son of Karl Heinrch Ernst Wiese) *and 1912* (p164 #346: Susanna Wiese geb Ströbel, 74Y, widow, spouse of Karl, born Shitomir Parish) *Heimtal Parish Burial Records.*

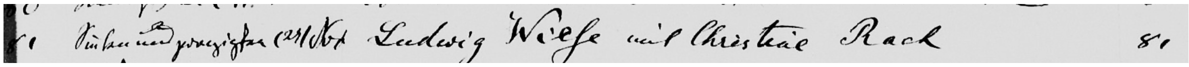
Susanna Ströbel and Christian Pansegrau's son Peter Pansegrau (b September 8, 1856, Josephine) married Anna Neumann (April 18, 1860, probably Josephine, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Heinrich Neumann and Maria Pekruhl #2 (sister of Jakob Pekruhl, husband of Wilhelmine Kolke, sister of Ludwig Kolke), on April 20, 1877, in the Shitomir Parish. Susanna Ströbel may be the connection between the Kolke and Wiese families. *1857* (p375) *and 1860* (p166 #53) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records; and 1877 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p536 #36.

[185] Johann Wiese may have been their son based upon the identification of "Karl" as his father in his death/burial record, and Grüntal as the location. His mother was not identified. *1866 Shitomir Parish Burial Record,* p653 #39 (age 1 week, father Karl).



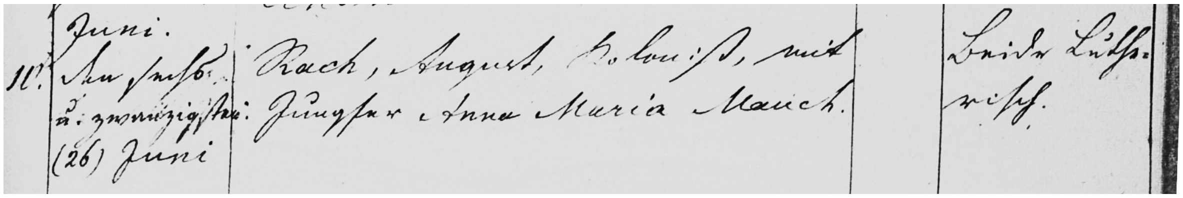
[186] *1868 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p106 #1 (son of Karl Wiese and Susanna Ströbel).

[187] *1867 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p529 #81.



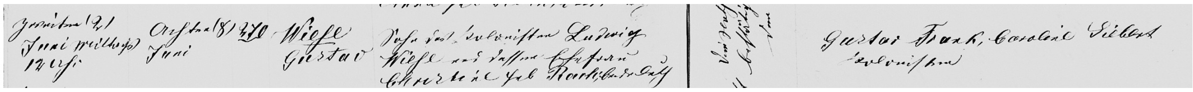
Ludwig Wiese mit Christine Rach 81

August Rach and Anna Maria Mauch were married on June 26, 1843, in Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, with *Carl Weise* and Juliane Müller, and Ludwig Wiese and Henriette Lindner; which indicates a probable close relationship between the three couples. There were other Rach families, who may have been Christine Rach's parents, but I suspect her parents were probably August Rach and Anna Maria Mauch. *1843 Shitomir Parish Marriage Records,* p190 #s 8, 9 and 10 (August Rach and Anna Maria Mauch).



10. Juni. (26) Juni Rach, August, Colonist, mit Jungfer Anna Maria Mauch.

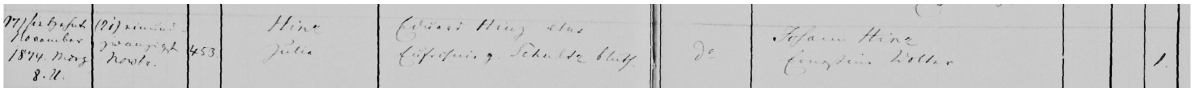
[188] *1870 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p189 #270.



270 Wiese Gustav

According to the *Odessa3* birth/baptism records for Volhynia, he was the only Gustav Wiese born in this family during the 1860s and 1870s, who was still in Heimtal/Emilchin Parishes after 1892 (i.e. Gustav Wiese (b1871/72), son of Johann Wiese and Anna Wiese, emigrated to the US with his parents in 1892).

Probably in the mid to late 1890s, Gustav Wiese married Julie/Julianna Hinz/Hintz (November 17, 1874, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 21, 1874, Heimtal Parish - ≥February 11, 1912, ____), daughter of Eduard Hinz/Hintz and Euphrosine Schultz. They had three known children. *1875 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p646 #453.



17) [illegible] November 1874 [illegible] 8 U.	(21) [illegible] zwanzigst Novbr.	453	Hinz Julia	Eduard Hinz [illegible] Euphrosine g. Schultz [illegible]	do	Johann Hinz [illegible]		1.

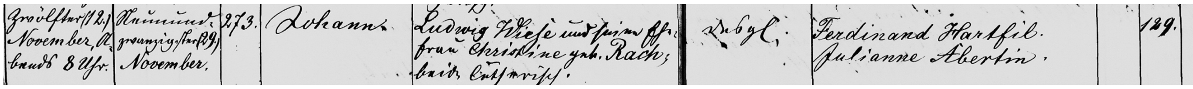
- Josefine Wiese (b December 9, 1900, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 9, 1900, Emilchin Parish (GP: Alwine Wiese and Christian Matt)). *1900 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p50 #330.

- Adolf Wiese (b March 19, 1903, Bogolubowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap 1903 Emilchin Parish (GP: Ernestine Wiese and Wilhelm Westhoff (h/o Alwine Wiese)). *1903 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p245 #195.

- Alwine Wiese (1911, Bogolubowka – February 11, 1912, Bogolubowka). *1912 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p196 #57 (Age 1Y).

In 1900, Gustav Wiese sponsored Arthur Sonnenberg, son of Wilhelm Sonnenberg and Karoline Wiese, in Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish; and also sponsored Friedrich Matt, son of his half-sister Euphrosine Wiese and Christian Matt, in Marianowka, Emilchin Parish. He also sponsored (with "Julianna Wiese") three children of Alwine Wiese (d/o Johann Martin Wiese and Christine Pohl), in Bogolubowka, Emilchin Parish; which I believe confirms Julianna Hinz/Hintz was his wife. *1900 Heimtal Parish Baptism Records,* p131 #1033*,* p48 #317*,* p19 #160*,* p22 #209 *and* p119 #170.

[189] *1870 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p271 #273.



Zwölften (12.) November, Abends 8 Uhr.	Neunundzwanzigsten (29.) November.	273.	Johann.	Ludwig Wiese und seine Ehefrau Christine geb. Rach; beide Lutherisch.	[illegible]	Ferdinand Hartfil. Julianne Abertin.		129.

Johann Wiese may have married Julianna Schmidt (____ - >December 30, 1913, ____) on November 26, 1903, in Emilchin Parish. Seven Julianna/Julianne Schmidt's were baptized between 1880-1885, so I was unable to determine her parentage. Johann Wiese and Julianna Schmidt had five known children between 1907 and 1913, all born in Marianowka, which was next to Staraja Huta where he was born.

- Emil Wiese (b January 21, 1907, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 30, 1907, Emilchin Parish (GP: Johann Schmidt)). *1907 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p128 #76.

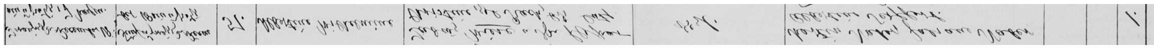
- Ewald Wiese (b February 17, 1908, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 20, 1908 (GP: Johann Schmidt and Auguste Schmidt)). *1908 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p23 #221.

- Lydia Wiese (b July 5, 1910, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 14, 1910, Emilchin Parish (GP: Friedrich Wiese and Augusta Wiese)). *1910 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p55 #492.

- Friedrich Wiese (October 10, 1912, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 15, 1912, Emilchin Parish – August 28, 1913, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia). *1912 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p26 #234*; and 1913 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p91 #101.

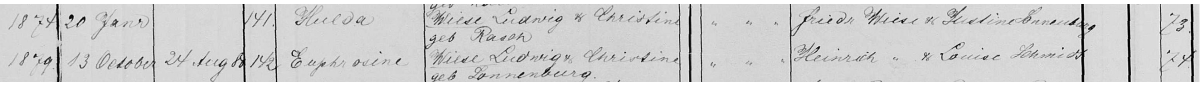
- Reinhard Wiese (b December 30, 1913, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 30, 1913, Emilchin Parish (GP: Julianna Ortlieb)). *1913 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p25 #210.

[190] *1872 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p648 #51.



I did not locate any marriage, burial or any other records for an "Albertine" Wiese, so it is possible she did not survive into the 1900s, moved elsewhere, or may have used the given name "Wilhelmine." Based upon her birthyear, Albertine Wilhelmine Wiese, if alive, probably married in the very late 1880s or the 1890s, with some children, if any, following shortly thereafter; i.e. during the "dead period" in the records.

[191] *1880 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p440 #141.



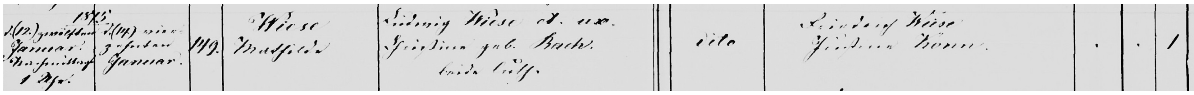
1874	20 Janr		141. Hulda	Wiese Ludwig & Christine geb Rasch	" "	Friedr Wiese & Justine Sonnenberg	73.
1879	13 October	24 Aug 80	142 Euphrosine	Wiese Ludwig & Christine geb Sonnenberg.	" "	Heinrich " & Louise Schmidt	74.

Hulda Wiese's undated baptism in the *1880 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record* (born in Nepoznanitschi, not Rohrbach as incorrectly listed in *Odessa3*) is next to that of Ludwig Wiese and Christine Sonnenberg Wiese's daughter Euphrosine Wiese. This may mean Ludwig Wiese married Christine Sonnenberg after Christine Rach Wiese's death, as they had no known children after 1875; or perhaps the entry was in error and should have been "Rach/Rasch," instead of Sonnenberg.

Godmother Justine Sonnenberg (b March 27, 1846; bap April 7, 1846 (GP: Caroline Sonnenberg)), was the daughter of Karl Sonnenberg and Wilhelmine Koch. *1846 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p247 #26. Karl Sonnenberg married Charlotte Wiese, Ludwig Wiese's sister and Hulda Wiese's aunt.

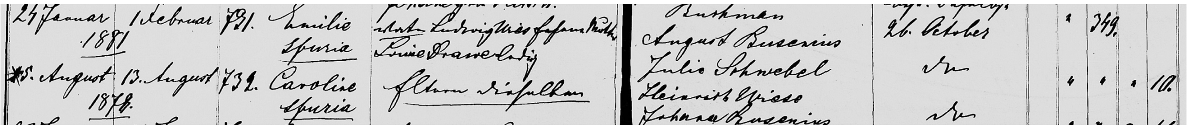
I don't believe this Hulda Wiese married either Johann Graminski (who probably married Hulda Wiese d/o Friedrich Johann Wiese and Rosine Jabs) before 1902, or August Besler (who married Hulda Wiese d/o Hermann Ludwig Kolke and Henriette Ströhschein) in 1909.

[192] *1876 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p730 #149.

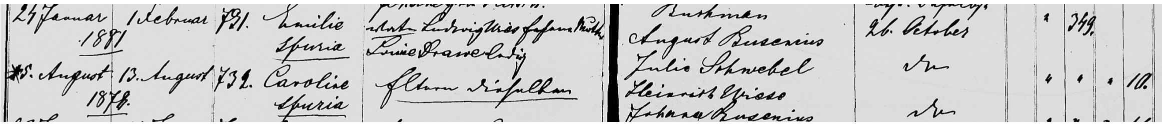


[193] Ludwig Wiese was the only Ludwig Wiese I could identify as a possible/probable father, as Ludwig Wiese (b1815, married Henriette Lindner) and Hermann Ludwig Wiese (b1846, married Henriette Ströhschein, living in Rohrbach) were the other "possibles," but were rejected due to the age of the former, and the latter's residence and having children in 1881, 1883 and 1885 in Rohrbach, ruled him out. I could not locate any other information on the couple or their children. *1883 Heimtal Parish Baptism Records,* p824 #444, p844 #731 *and* p844 #732.

[194] *1883 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p844 #732.



[195] *1883 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p844 #731.

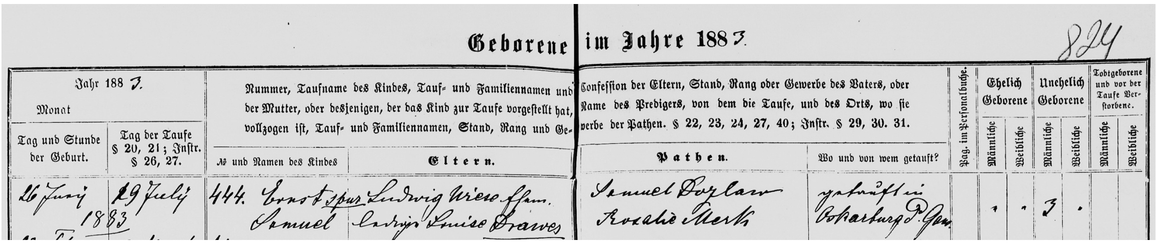


24 Januar 1881 | 1 Februar | 731. Emilie Spuria | Ludwig Wiese Luise Drawe ledig | Rutkman August Busenius | 26. October | 349.

15. August 1878. | 13. August | 732. Caroline Spuria | Eltern dieselben | Julie Schwebel Heinrich Wiese Johanna Busenius | do | 10.

I located five Emilie Wiese marriages between 1900 and 1919, in the Heimtal, Nowograd Wolhynsk and Emilchin Parishes, but was unable to determine if any of them were this Emilie Wiese.

[196] *1883 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p824 #444.



Geborene im Jahre 1883 — 824

Jahr 1883 Monat Tag und Stunde der Geburt.	Tag der Taufe § 20, 21; Instr. § 26, 27.	Nummer, Taufname des Kindes, Tauf- und Familiennamen und der Mutter, oder desjenigen, der das Kind zur Taufe vorgestellt hat, vollzogen ist, Tauf- und Familiennamen, Stand, Rang und Ge- № und Namen des Kindes	Eltern.	Confession der Eltern, Stand, Rang oder Gewerbe des Vaters, oder Name des Predigers, von dem die Taufe, und des Orts, wo sie werbe der Pathen. § 22, 23, 24, 27, 40; Instr. § 29, 30. 31. Pathen.	Wo und von wem getauft?	Pag. im Personalbuche.	Ehelich Geborene Männliche	Ehelich Geborene Weibliche	Unehelich Geborene Männliche	Unehelich Geborene Weibliche	Todtgeborene und vor der Taufe Verstorbene. Männliche	Todtgeborene und vor der Taufe Verstorbene. Weibliche
26 Juni 1883	29 July	444. Ernst Samuel spur.	Ludwig Wiese ... Luise Drawe	Samuel Doylan Rosalie Merk	getauft in Rohrbach		·	·	3	·		

An Ernst Wiese married Lydia Kurtz/Kurz (b November 22, 1885, Kunan, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 27, 1885, Heimtal Parish), daughter of August Kurtz/Kurz and Anna Luise Hunt, on November 21, 1907, in the Heimtal Parish. *1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p689 #1175*; and 1907 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p13 #178. I was unable to determine if he was Ernst Samuel Wiese. They had four known children.

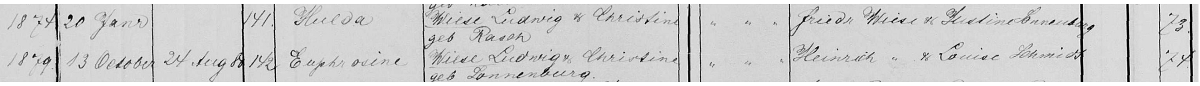
- Elsa Wiese (b September 19, 1908, Kunan, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 27, 1908, Nowo-Viktorowka, Heimtal Parish (GP: Friedrich Wiese and Ottilie Kurz)). *1908 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p34 #322.

- Reinhard Wiese (b December 1, 1909, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 6, 1909, Marianowka, Emilchin Parish (GP: Georg Hartfelder (h/o Wilhelmine Wiese, d/o Wilhelm Wiese and Euphrosine Pottratz) and Auguste Wiese)). *1909 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p100 #189.

- Martha Wiese (b March 14, 1912, Sdorovec, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 21, 1912, Emilchin Parish (GP: Rudolph Mantei and Lydia Mantei)). *1912 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p46 #406.

- David Wiese (b September 2, 1913, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 22, 1913, Emilchin Parish (GP: Ernst Kurz and Ottilie Kurz)). *1913 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p24 #201.

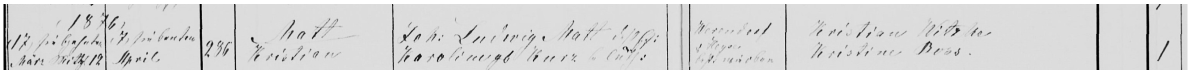
[197] *1880 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p440 #142.



1874 | 20 Janr | | 141. Hulda | Wiese Ludwig & Christine geb Rasch | " " " | Friedr Wiese & Justine Sonnenburg | 73

1879 | 13 October | 24 Aug 80 | 142 Euphrosine | Wiese Ludwig & Christine geb Sonnenburg | " " " | Heinrich " & Louise Schmidt | 74

Euphrosine Wiese probably_married Kristian/Christian Matt (March 17, 1876, Werendorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 7, 1876, Heimtal Parish – >December 1908, ____), son of Ludwig Matt and Karoline Kurz, before 1900, and had children beginning around 1900 (and possibly earlier). *1877 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p617 #286.



1876 | 17 März | 7 April | 286 | Matt Kristian | Sohn: Ludwig Matt Karoline geb Kurz | Werendorf | Kristian ... Kristine Boos. | 1

Christian Matt and Alwine Wiese (d/o Johann Wiese and Christine Pohl) sponsored Josefine Wiese, daughter of Gustav Wiese (son of Ludwig Wiese and Christine Rach) and Julianna Hintz, on December 9, 1900, in Marianowka, Emilchin Parish. This provides an indication there was some connection between Ludwig Wiese and Christine Sonnenberg. *1900 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p50 #330.

Kristian Matt and Emilie Wiese (? on parents or relationship to Christian Matt) sponsored Antonie Westhoff (d/o Alwine Wiese and Wilhelm Westhoff) on December 16, 1914, in Bogolubowka, Emilchin Parish. *1914 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p19 #108.

Euphrosine Wiese and Kristian Matt had seven known children born between 1900-1918 in the Emilchin and Nowograd Wolhynsk Parishes:

- Friedrich Matt (May 20, 1900, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 20, 1900, Emilchin Parish (GP: Gustav Wiese and Alwine Wiese) – May 20, 1900, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia). *1900 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p48 #317*; and 1900 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p79 #79.

- Hertha Matt (March 27, 1902, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 28, 1902, Emilchin Parish (GP: Ludwig Wiese) – January 13, 1903, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia). *1902 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p146 #360*; and 1903 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p313 #116.

- Emil Matt (b October 15, 1903, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap 1903, Emilchin Parish (GP: Rosalie Jabs(?) Wiese)). *1903 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p293 #531.

It appears Emil Matt, his wife Albertine Haupt, and some of their children were included in *EWZ Applications*.

Name	Birthdate	Birthplace	EWZ#
Matt, Christian	1879	Polen	*A3342EWZ50-F038 2636*
Matt, Emil	23 Dec 1903	Mariendorf	*A3342EWZ50-F038 2636*
Matt, Albertine geb. Haupt	15 Aug 1908	Kruposchin, Emilchin, Volhynia, Russia	*A3342EWZ50-F038 2636*
Matt, Eduard	15 Jun 1929	Pomochajow, Ukraine SSR	*A3342EWZ50-F038 2637*
Matt, Alexander	8 May 1931	Kruposchin, Ukraine SSR	*A3342EWZ50-F038 2637*
Matt, Edmund	9 Sep 1937	Kruposchin, Ukraine SSR	*A3342EWZ50-F038 2637*
Matt, Reinhold	9 Jul 1940	Kruposchin, Ukraine SSR	*A3342EWZ50-F038 2637*
Matt, Alfred	7 Apr 1944	Wreschen, German Occupied Poland	*A3342EWZ50-F038 2637*

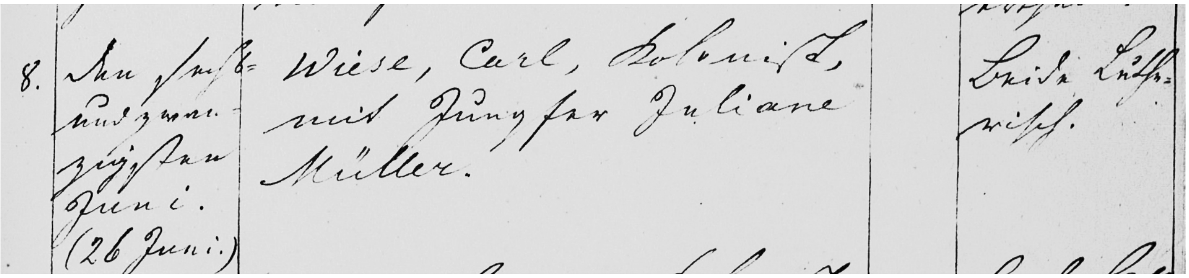
- Agathe Matt (b April 22, 1905, Bogolubowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 26, 1913, Emilchin Parish). *1913 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p20 #165.

- Adolphine Matt (b January 21, 1906, Eugenewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 23, 1906, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1906 Nowograd Wolhynsk* Parish *Baptism Record,* p14 #111.

- Wilhelmine Matt (b December 4, 1907, Eugenewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 26, 1907, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1907 Nowograd Wolhynsk* Parish *Baptism Record,* p100 #880.

- Wilhelm Matt (b September 10, 1909, Eugenewka, Volhynia, Russia; September 20, 1909, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish). *1909 Nowograd Wolhynsk* Parish *Baptism Record,* p30 #254.

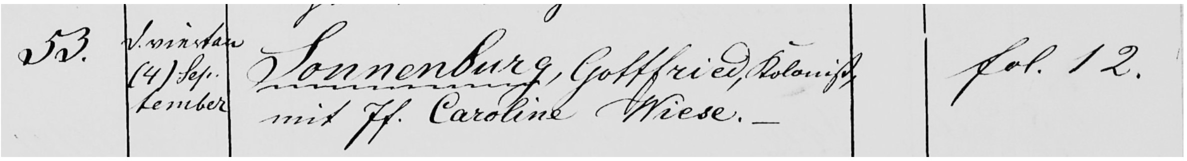
[198] *1843 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p190 #8*; and 1837 Evangelische Kirche Zhitomir (Wolhynien) Confirmation Record*, p174, Family History Library (FHL) Film #007769319, page 252 of 343. The confirmation record was one page over from the entry for *Karl Wiese's* marriage to *Charlotte Milke*.



8. | Am fünf und zwanzigsten Juni. (26 Juni.) | Wiese, Carl, Colonist, mit Jungfer Juliane Müller. | beide Lutherisch.

[199] *1913 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p92 #116 (died in Nepoznanitschi, widow, age 69, spouse Gottfried, born Rowno).

Karoline Wiese married Gottfried Sonnenberg (1837/38, Wulka,* Volhynia, Russia – February 25, 1903, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia), son of Karl Sonnenberg (husband of Charlotte Wiese, Karoline Wiese's half-sister) and his first wife Wilhelmine Koch, on September 4, 1864, in the Shitomir Parish. They had eight known children. *1864 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p29 #53*; and 1903 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p316 #147 (65Y, born Wulke, married, spouse Karoline, father Karl Sonnenberg, buried in Nepoznanitschi).



53. | Dienstag (4) September | Sonnenburg, Gottfried, Colonist mit Jf. Caroline Wiese. – | fol. 12.

*Wulka is equidistant from the southeast of Rowno and the southwest of Nowograd Wolhynsk.

On September 5, 1882, Caroline Wiese Sonnenberg and Friedrich Kolke (s/o Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass) were sponsors of Marie Lydia Böhm, daughter of Wilhelmine Kolke (d/o Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass) and Karl Böhm, in Nedbajewka. *1883 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p836 #608.

- Jacob Sonnenburg(er) (August 29, 1865, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 5, 1865, Shitomir Parish (GP: Jacob Jabs and Wilhelmine Steiniger Wiese) - 1915, Deported by Tsar to Russia) may have married Karoline Güldenstern based upon their location in Nepoznanitschi. On March 12, 1912, Jacob and Karoline (Güldenstern?) Sonnenberg sponsored Elfriede Wiese, daughter of Heinrich Wiese (s/o Johann Martin Wiese) and Ida Buchmann, in Nepoznanitschi, Emilchin Parish. However, I could find no records for Karoline Güldenstern, nor were any of the sponsors of Jacob Sonnenberg's three known children members of the Sonnenberg or Wiese families. Jacob Sonnenberg did sponsor his brother Rudolph Sonnenberg's son Jacob Sonnenberg in 1909. In July 1915, Jacob Sonnenberg, son of Gottfried Sonnenberg, had his land expropriated and the family was deported to Russia. *1866 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p639 #156*; 1915 Expropriation List; and 1909* (p91 #120) *and 1912* (p16 #142) *Emilchin Parish Baptism Records*.

1. Samuel Sonnenberg (October 1, 1902, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 2, 1902, Emilchin Parish – October 22, 1902, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia). *1902 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p106 #84*; and 1902 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p204 #136.

2. Alice Sonnenberg (April 2, 1906, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 27, 1906, Emilchin Parish – August 10, 1906, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia). *1906 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p33 #220*; and 1906 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p108 #202.

3. Alma Sonnenberg (b December 20, 1910, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 26, 1910, Emilchin Parish). *1910 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p26 #231.

• Emilie Sonnenberg (b December 25, 1867, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 26, 1867, Shitomir Parish). *1869 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p288 #275.

Emilie was a common given name for Sonnenberg daughters who married in the area around Nepoznanitschi, and I was unable to determine with any degree of probability which Emilie Sonnenberg was the daughter of Karoline Wiese and Gottfried Sonnenberg. Emilie Sonnenberg would have been 33 years-of-age in 1900, which probably means she was married during the period where records are unavailable (1886-1889). I attempted to correlate spouse's surnames, birth locations and baptismal sponsors with Emilie Sonnenberg, but this was insufficient.

• Luise Sonnenburg (b May 8, 1870, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 14, 1870, Heimtal Parish). *1870 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p268 #236.

• Ephraim Sonnenberg (July 16, 1876, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 18, 1876, Heimtal Parish (GP: Friedrich Wiese and Karolina Böttcher) – September 23, 1878, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia). *1877 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p610 #182*; and 1878 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p836 #229 (2Y 2M 13D).

• Ernestine Sonnenberg (November 23, 1878, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 26, 1879, Heimtal Parish (GP: Wilhelm Wiese)). *1881 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p558 #298.

• Johann Sonnenberg (February 15, 1882, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 2, 1882, Heimtal Parish (GP: Rosina Jabs Wiese) – September 11, 1885, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia). *1882 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p946 #156*; and 1885 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p729 #277 (3Y).

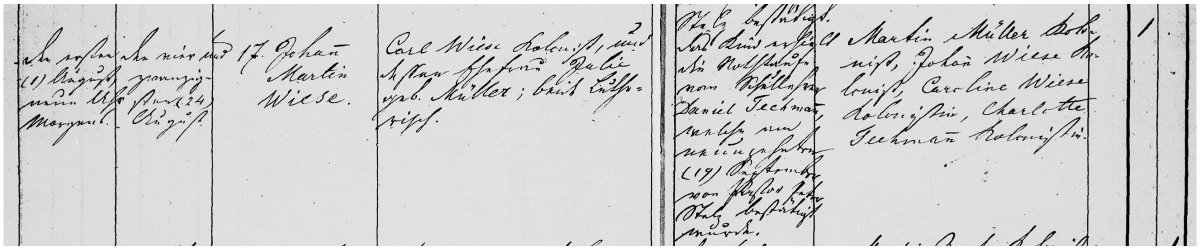
• Rudolph Sonnenberg (February 27, 1884, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 28, 1884, Heimtal Parish (GP: Friedrich Wiese (h/o Rosine Jabs)) - >March 1913) may have married Ottilie Wiese (November 4, 1878, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 8, 1878, Heimtal Parish - ____), daughter of Johann Carl August Wiese and Wilhelmine Steiniger, on July 2, 1908, in the Emilchin Parish. Ottilie Wiese would have been thirty years old at the time of a 1908 marriage, and Rudolph Sonnenberg would have been twenty four. It is of interest the sponsor of their first known child was Jakob Sonnenberg, probably Rudolph Sonnenberg's brother. Rudolph Sonnenberg could have married another Ottilie Wiese born in or near Nepoznanitschi sometime between 1886-1890, who would have been younger and closer to his age. Rudolph Sonnenberg and Ottilie Wiese had two known children. *1880* (p436 #51) *and 1885* (p630 #360) *Heimtal Parish Baptism Records; and 1908 Emilchin Parish Marriage Record,* p55 #41.

1. Jakob Sonnenberg (b July 25, 1909, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 9, 1909, Emilchin Parish (GP: Jakob Sonnenberg and Ottilie Potratz)). *1909 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p91 #120.

2. Hildegard Sonnenberg (b December 14, 1913, Pokaschew, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 19, 1913, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish) may have departed Bremerhaven on January 29, 1952, as a German permanent alien who was granted residency in the US, as part of post-World War II resettlements. *1913 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record*, p85 #748*; and SS America Manifest*.

- Daniel Sonnenberg (____ - 1915, Deported by Tsar to Russia). *1915 Expropriation List* (Daniel Sonnenberg son of Gottfried Sonnenberg as a deportee).

[200] Johann Martin Wiese was the Godfather of his half-sister *Wilhelmine Wiese Kolke's* son Johann Kolke, on May 9, 1875, in Nedbajewka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia. *1845 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p233 #17*; and 1875 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p651 #518.


17. Johan Martin Wiese.

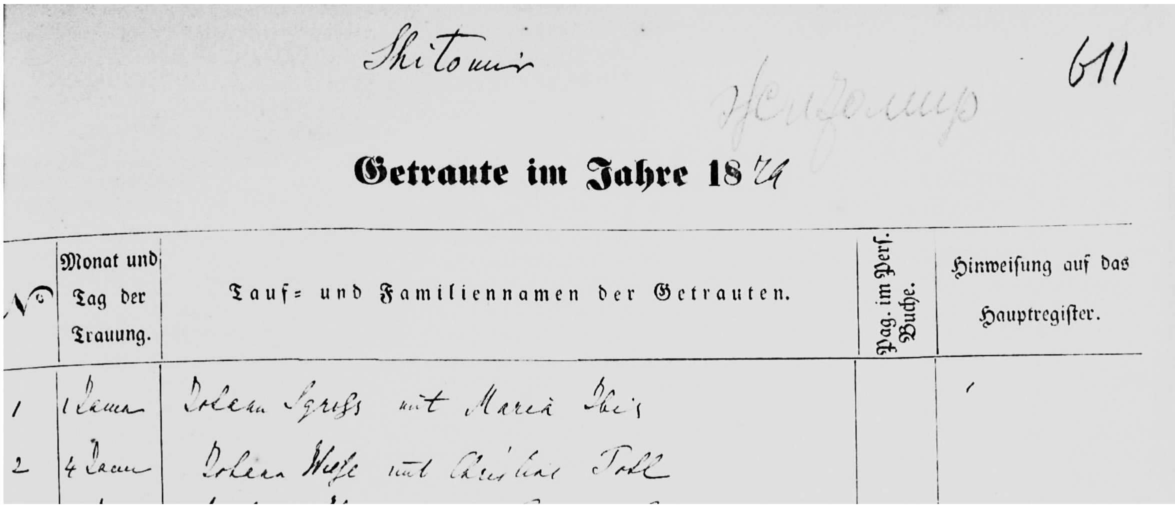
Carl Wiese Kolonist, und ... Julie geb. Müller; beide Lutherisch.

Daniel Teechman

Martin Müller Kolonist, Johan Wiese Kolonist, Caroline Wiese Kolonistin, Charlotte Teechman Kolonistin.

Johann Martin Wiese could not have married Wilhelmine Steiniger in 1859, as he would have only been fourteen years old. Johann Martin Wiese was probably the Godfather to three of his brother Wilhelm Ernst Wiese and Pauline Böttcher's six children: (1) Gustav Wilhelm Wiese (b May 6, 1876, Rohrbach); (2) Eduard Rudolf Wiese (b September 18, 1877, Rohrbach); and (3) Eduard Albert Wiese (b April 7, 1885, Rohrbach); and to his half-siblings children: (1) Emilie Sonnenburg (b April 8, 1870, Staraja Huta), daughter of Charlotte Wiese and Karl Sonnenberg; and (2) Johann Kolke (b February 27, 1875, Nedbajewka), daughter of *Wilhelmine Wiese and Ludwig Kolke*. *1870* (p269 #243)*, 1875* (p651 #518)*, 1876* (p728 #128)*, 1878* (p809 #342) *and 1885* (p732 #324) *Heimtal Parish Baptism Records*.

Johann Martin Wiese probably married Christine Pohl on January 4, 1879, in Shitomir Parish. Johann Martin Wiese and Christine Pohl had two known children. *1879 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record*, p611 #2.


Shitomir

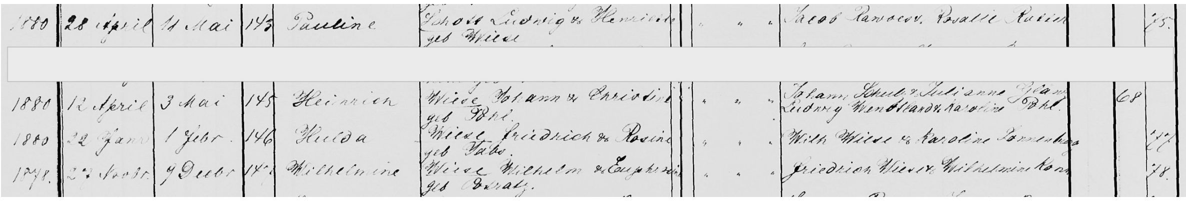
Житомир

611

Getraute im Jahre 1879

№	Monat und Tag der Trauung.	Tauf- und Familiennamen der Getrauten.	Pag. im Perſ. Buche.	Hinweiſung auf das Hauptregiſter.
1	1 Januar	Johann [illegible] mit Maria [illegible]		
2	4 Januar	Johann Wiese mit Christine Pohl		

- Heinrich Wiese (April 12, 1880, probably Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 3, 1880, Heimtal Parish (GP: Karoline Pohl*) - >September 1912, ____) may have married Ida Buchmann (____ - >May 20, 1913, ____) on November 6, 1902, in the Emilchin Parish. I could locate no information for Ida Buchmann. They had three known children; all of whom died in their first year of life. *1880 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p145 #146*; and 1902 Emilchin Parish Marriage Record,* p177 #61.



1880	28 April	11 Mai	143	Pauline	Schott Ludwig & Henriette geb Wiese	„	„	„	Jacob [illegible], Rosalie [illegible]	75
1880	12 April	3 Mai	145	Heinrich	Wiese Johann & Christine geb Pohl.	„	„	„	Johann Schulz & Julianne Pohl Ludwig Wendland & Karoline Pohl.	68
1880	22 Jan	1 Febr.	146	Hulda	Wiese Friedrich & Rosine geb [illegible].	„	„	„	Wilh Wiese & Karoline Sonnenberg	47
1878.	27 Novbr.	9 Decbr	147	Wilhelmine	Wiese Wilhelm & Euphrosine geb [illegible].	„	„	„	Friedrich Wiese & Wilhelmine Koch	78.

1. Adeline Wiese (September 25, 1908, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 25, 1908, Emilchin Parish – December 27, 1909, Andrejewka, Volhynia, Russia). *1908 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p32 #311*; and 1909 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p165 #119.

2. Elfriede Wiese (March 11, 1912, Neposnanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 13, 1912, Emilchin Parish (GP: Jacob Sonnenberg (son of Karoline Wiese and Gottfried Sonnenberg; probable son of Karl Sonnenberg and his first wife Wilhelmine Koch) and Karoline Güldenstern Sonnenberg) – March 15, 1912, Neposnanitschi, Volhynia, Russia). *1912 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p16 #142*; and 1912 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p205 #143.

3. Hertha Wiese (May 20, 1913, Neposnanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 7, 1913, Emilchin Parish – March 27, 1914, Neposnanitschi, Volhynia, Russia). *1913 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p30 #253*; and 1914 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p105 #198.

*Karoline, Kristoph and Juliane Pohl are probably related to Christine Pohl Wiese by blood or marriage, i.e. brother and sister-in-law and/or sister.

- Alwine Wiese (b August 26, 1885, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 6, 1885, Heimtal Parish (GP: Kristoph Pohl,* Wilhelm Wiese and Juliane Pohl*) - >December 5, 1914, ____) married Wilhelm Westhoff, about whom I could locate no information. They had nine known children, most with Wiese Godparents/sponsors. *1885 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p696 #1284.

1. Friedrich Westhoff (July 18, 1902, Bogolubowka (Gottliebsdorf), Volhynia, Russia; bap July 18, 1902, Emilchin Parish (GP: Gustav Wiese and Julianna Hintz Wiese) – December 23, 1937, shot by NKVD, probably in Korosten, Volhynia, Russia). At the time of his November 27, 1937, arrest by the Korosten GO NKVD, Friedrich Westhoff was a collective farmer in Wessolowka, married to Alwine ___, with two daughters: Sigfried and Leya (sic). Friedrich Westhoff was tried by two USSR NKVD on December 13, 1937, and found guilty under Article 54-10 (conducting anti-Soviet propaganda and agitation), and sentenced to the maximum punishment (death), which was carried out two days before Christmas. 1914 was a tragic year for the family as five children died between June and October, probably from disease, although no cause of death was provided in the records. *1902 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p119 #170*; and NKVD Arrest #627* (Friedrich Westov).

2. Eduard Westhoff (1903, Bogolubowka (Gottliebsdorf), Volhynia, Russia – November 18, 1908, Bogolubowka (Gottliebsdorf), Volhynia, Russia). *1908 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p59 #22 (Age 5Y).

3. Adeline Westhoff (b November 18, 1906, Bogolubowka (Gottliebsdorf), Volhynia, Russia; bap December 13, 1906, Emilchin Parish (GP: Karl Rach)). *1906 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p70 #483.

4. Martha Westhoff (June 23, 1908, Bogolubowka (Gottliebsdorf), Volhynia, Russia; bap June 23, 1908, Emilchin Parish (GP: Gustav Wiese and Julianna Hintz Wiese) – June 14, 1914, Bogolubowka (Gottliebsdorf), Volhynia, Russia). *1908 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p22 #208*; and 1914 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p93 #86.

5. Auguste Westhoff (June 23, 1908, Bogolubowka (Gottliebsdorf), Volhynia, Russia; bap June 23, 1908, Emilchin Parish (GP: Gustav Wiese and Julianna Hintz Wiese) – September 28, 1914, Bogolubowka (Gottliebsdorf), Volhynia, Russia). *1908 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p22 #209*; and 1914 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p94 #91.

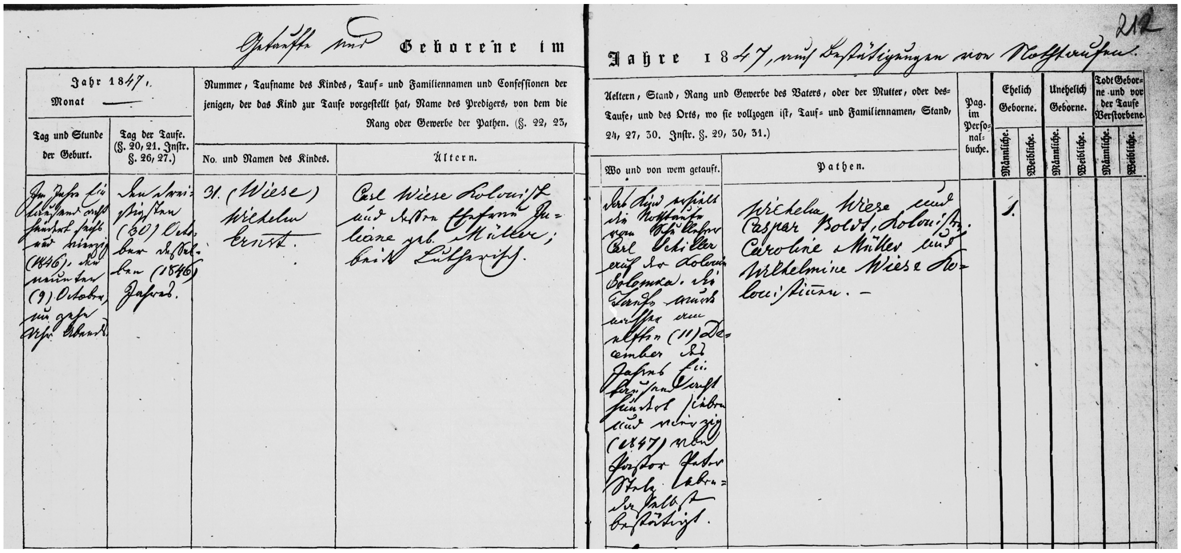
6. Hertha Westhoff (1909/10, Bogolubowka (Gottliebsdorf), Volhynia, Russia – August 4, 1914, Bogolubowka (Gottliebsdorf), Volhynia, Russia). *1914 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p93 #89 (Age 4Y).

7. Agathe Westhoff (September 11, 1911, Bogolubowka (Gottliebsdorf), Volhynia, Russia; bap September 18, 1911, Emilchin Parish (GP:Julius Matt) – October 6, 1914, Bogolubowka (Gottliebsdorf), Volhynia, Russia). *1911 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p26 #217*; and 1914 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p94 #92.

8. Ottilie Westhoff (April 17, 1913, Bogolubowka (Gottliebsdorf), Volhynia, Russia; bap April 19, 1913, Emilchin Parish (GP: Gustav Wiese and Julianna Hintz Wiese) – June 19, 1914, Bogolubowka (Gottliebsdorf), Volhynia, Russia). *1913 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p19 #160*; and 1914 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p93 #87.

9. Antonie Westhoff (b December 5, 1914, Bogolubowka (Gottliebsdorf), Volhynia, Russia; bap December 16, 1914, Emilchin Parish (GP: Kristian Matt (h/o Euphrosine Wiese, d/o Ludwig Wiese and Christine Sonnenberg) and Emilie Wiese). *1914 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p19 #108.

[201] *1847 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p212 #31.



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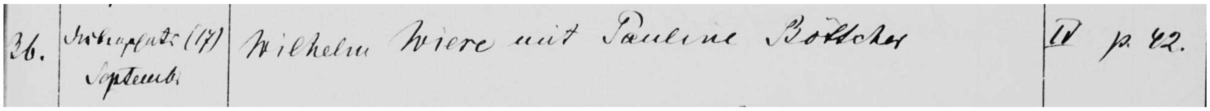
Getaufte und Geborene im Jahre 1847, und Bestätigungen von Nothtaufen.

Jahr 1847. Monat — Tag und Stunde der Geburt.	Tag der Taufe. (§. 20, 21. Inſtr. §. 26, 27.)	Nummer, Taufname des Kindes, Tauf= und Familiennamen und Confeſſionen derjenigen, der das Kind zur Taufe vorgeſtellt hat, Name des Predigers, von dem die Taufe, und des Orts, wo ſie vollzogen iſt, Tauf= und Familiennamen, Stand, Rang oder Gewerbe der Pathen. (§. 22, 23, 24, 27, 30. Inſtr. §. 29, 30, 31.) No. und Namen des Kindes.	Ältern. Aeltern, Stand, Rang und Gewerbe des Vaters, oder der Mutter, oder des-	Wo und von wem getauft.	Pathen.	Pag. im Perſonalbuche.	Ehelich Geborne. Männliche.	Ehelich Geborne. Weibliche.	Unehelich Geborne. Männliche.	Unehelich Geborne. Weibliche.	Todt Geborne und vor der Taufe Verſtorbene. Männliche.	Todt Geborne und vor der Taufe Verſtorbene. Weibliche.
Im Jahre Eintausend acht hundert sechs und vierzig (1846), den neunten (9) October, um zehn Uhr Abends.	Den dreißigsten (30) October desselben (1846) Jahres.	31. (Wiese) Wilhelm Ernst.	Carl Wiese Kolonist und dessen Ehefrau Juliane geb. Müller; beide Lutherisch.	Das Kind erhielt die Nothtaufe vom Schullehrer Carl Schiller auf der Kolonie Solomka. Die Taufe wurde weiter am elften (11) December des Jahres Ein tausend acht hundert sieben und vierzig (1847) vom Pastor Peter Stolz [illegible] daselbst bestätigt.	Michael Wiese und Caspar Boldt, Kolonisten; Caroline Müller und Wilhelmine Wiese Kolonistinnen. –		1.					

Wilhelm Ernst Wiese probably married Pauline Böttcher* (____, Marzelinhof, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >1886, ____), daughter of Samuel Böttcher (November 11, 1827, Gośniewice, Congress Poland, Russia – 1902, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia; m August 5, 1846, probably Marzelinhof/Rowno, Shitomir Parish) and Elisabeth Kühn (December 11, 1827, Marzelinhof/Rowno, Volhynia, Russia – July 1925. Heimtal Parish, Ukraine SSR), on September 17, 1872, in the Heimtal Parish. Wilhelm Ernst Wiese and Pauline Böttcher had nine known children (and one suspected). *1846 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p259b #16*; and 1872 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record*, p663 #36.



36.	Siebzehnte (17) Septemb.	Wilhelm Wiese mit Pauline Böttcher	IV p. 42.

*Godfathers Adolf and Ludwig Böttger/Böttcher may have been Pauline's brothers. The Böttcher sponsors for Wilhelm Ernst Wiese (and his wife Pauline Böttcher) and Friedrich Johann Wiese (and his wife Rosina Jabs) connect the two Wiese's, probably as brothers. However, I searched the *Odessa3 St. Petersburg Archives baptismal record database* and reviewed the actual records for any Ludwig, Karoline and Adolf Böttcher children - none of them had a Wiese sponsor.

I cannot rule out that Wilhelm Ernst Wiese married Euphrosine Pottratz, but it was probably Wilhelm Wiese, son of Wilhelm Wiese and Caroline Wiese.

- Johann Adolf Wiese (August 2, 1873, Rohrbach/Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 12, 1873, Heimtal Parish (GP: Adolf Böttger) - >March 1913) may have married Anna Lütke (Luetke) (b December 12, 1875, Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 18, 1875, Heimtal Parish - ≥January 1, 1914), daughter of Johann Lütke and Anna Elizabeth Wotzke, whose baptism was recorded next to that of his brother Gustav Wilhelm Wiese. "Johann and Anna (not Johanna) Wiese," who were clearly married before 1900, were sponsors for several children born/baptized 1900-1919. However, their four known children had no Wiese sponsors. *1875* (p615 #74) *and 1876* (p728 #127) *Heimtal Parish Baptism Records.*

    1. Hertha Wiese (February 1, 1900, Beresowka/Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 13, 1900, Heimtal Parish – May 25, 1900, Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia). *1900 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p86 #672*; and 1900 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p172 #69.

    2. Emil Wiese (b January 20, 1907, Beresowka/Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 18, 1907, Heimtal Parish). *1907 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p89 #791.

    3. Elsa Wiese (b April 9, 1909, Beresowka/Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 30, 1909, Heimtal Parish). *1909 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p76 #745.

    4. Selma Wiese (b January 1, 1914, Andrejewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 9, 1914, Emilchin Parish). *1914 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p57 #372.

- Emilie Wiese (b October 8, 1874, Rohrbach/Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 20, 1874, Heimtal Parish (GP: Ludwig Böttger)). *1875 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p615 #76.

- Gustav Wilhelm Wiese (March 6, 1876, Rohrbach/Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 14, 1876, Heimtal Parish (GP: (Johann) Martin Wiese) - 1915, Samara, Russia) married Emilie Holweger (____, Congress Poland, Russia - 1915, Samara, Russia), who may have been related to August Holweger (who married Auguste Wiese, daughter of Hermann Ludwig Wiese and Henriette Ströhschein) and to Florentina Holweger (who married Gustav Wiese's brother Wilhelm Ludwig Wiese). Gustav Wilhelm Wiese and Emilie Holweger had five known children with a Gustav Wiese between 1900 and 1913; four born in Beresowka, Heimtal Parish, and the last in Andrejewka (northwest of Emilchin), Emilchin Parish, met the criteria for possible wives of a Gustav Wiese (b1875). Interestingly, Wilhelm Ludwig Wiese and his wife Florentina Holweger had their first known child in Beresowka, Heimtal Parish, in 1910, and their second child in Andrejewka, Emilchin Parish, in 1912. Also, Johann and Anna Lütke Wiese had their first children in Beresowka, and their last known child in Andrejewka, which helps to tie together this family group. *1876 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p728 #128*; 1944EWZ972990* (Ewald Wiese)*; and A3342EWZ50-J018 0696, 9706.*

1. Ottilie Wiese (b January 14, 1900, Beresowka/Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 6, 1900, Heimtal Parish). *1900 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p85 #671.

2. Ewald Wiese (August 9, 1903, Beresowka/Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 13, 1903, Heimtal Parish - >August 31, 1944, ____) married his second wife Anna Gorschkalow (May 28, 1903, Schljachwa - >August 31, 1944, ____), an ethnic Russian, daughter of Timofej Gorschkalow and Eudokija Sharnow, on December 25, 1934, in Schljachwa (whose location I have been unable to determine). Ewald Wiese had two known children with his first wife (name unknown) and as of August 31, 1944, the family was in Krebsdorf (whose location I have been unable to determine). *1903 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p109 #968*; 1944EWZ972990* (Ewald Wiese)*; and A3342EWZ50-J018 0696, 0706.*

   a. Erich Wiese (February 6, 1925, Beresowka/Rohrbach, Ukraine SSR - >August 31, 1944, ____). *1944EWZ972990* (Ewald Wiese)*; and A3342EWZ50-J018 0696.*

   b. Lydia Wiese (November 26, 1928, Beresowka/Rohrbach, Ukraine SSR - >August 31, 1944, ____). *1944EWZ972990* (Ewald Wiese)*; and A3342EWZ50-J018 0696.*

3. Eduard Wiese (b May 12, 1908, Beresowka/Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 13, 1908, Heimtal Parish (GP: Wilhelm Wise/Wiese and Ottilie Wise/Wiese)). *1908 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p110 #785.

4. Ernst Wiese (b November 28, 1910, Beresowka/Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 30, 1910, Heimtal Parish). *1910 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p87 #860.

5. Arthur Wiese (b March 2, 1913, Andrejewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 16, 1913, Emilchin Parish (GP: Johann Wiese and Florentine/Florentina Holweger Wiese (wife of Wilhelm Ludwig Wiese))). *1913 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p13 #105.

• Eduard Rudolf Wiese (b September 18, 1877, Rohrbach/Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 20, 1877, Heimtal Parish (GP: Johann (Martin) Wiese)). *1878 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p809 #342.

• Amanda Lydia Wiese (b April 13, 1879, Rohrbach/Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 6, 1879, Heimtal Parish (GP: Pauline Böttcher)) may have married Christian Kletke on February 16, 1911, in the Emilchin Parish.. *1879 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p799 #347*; and 1911 Emilchin Parish Marriage Record,* p2 #15.

• Adolphine Bertha Wiese (December 21, 1880, Blumenfeld (Rohrbach), Volhynia, Russia; bap 1881, Heimtal Parish - >November 27, 1912, ____) probably married August Schukowsky (June 13, 1877, Majdan, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 17, 1879, Heimtal Parish - >February 1912, ____), son of Friedrich Schukowsky and Elisabeth/Luise Schmidtke/Schmidt, who married on July 31, 1873, in the Shitomir Parish. They had two known children. *1873 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p343 #67*; and 1879* (p781 #148) *and 1882* (p951 #220) *Heimtal Parish Baptism Records,.*

1. Richard Zukowski (b January 7, 1910, Nowa Viktorowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 11, 1910, Heimtal Parish (GP: Olga Wiese)). *1910 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p17 #154.

2. Elsa Schukowsky (b November 27, 1912, Nowa Viktorowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 15, 1912, Heimtal Parish). *1912 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p50 #476.

• Adolf Ernst Wiese (August 2, 1882, Rohrbach/Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 8, 1882, Heimtal Parish (GP: Adolf Böttcher and ____ Rösler) – August 1, 1907, ____, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1882 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p693 #339*; and 1907 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p316 #89 (25Y, single).

• Eduard Albert Wiese (April 7, 1885, Rohrbach/Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 7, 1885, Heimtal Parish (GP: Johann (Martin) Wiese) – June 2, 1885, Rohrbach/Beresowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p637 #449*; and 1885 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p732 #324.

• Wilhelm Ludwig Wiese (1886-1890, Rohrbach/Beresowka, Volhynia, Russia - >October 1912, ____) married Florentina/Florentine Holweger (October 17, 1879, Rudokop, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 5, 1880, Heimtal Parish - ≥July 12, 1913, ____), daughter of Ludwig Holweger and Karoline Affelt/Appelt, on November 12, 1908, in the Heimtal Parish. *1880 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p692 #1224*; and 1908 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p160 #175.

I only located one baptism for "Florentine Holweg," which I believe is the same person with the unusual given name and surname combination. There was also a sister Lydia Holweg born in 1883, baptized in 1884. *1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p690 #1203. I could not locate a baptism for an Emilie Holweger with the same parents. Florentina Holweger and Wilhelm Wiese had three known children, the first born in Beresowka/Rohrbach, Heimtal Parish, in 1910, and the second born in Andrejewka, Emilchin Parish, in 1912, which essentially mirrors the birth locations of the children of Emilie Holweger and Gustav Wiese, Johann Adolf Wiese and Anna Lütke, and Ottilie Auguste Wiese and Michael Kopp.* The Godparents also provide interesting information.

1. Emilie Wiese (b November 13, 1910, Beresowka/Rohrbach, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 27, 1910, Emilchin Parish (GP: Michael Kopp and Ottilie Auguste Wiese Kopp, sister of Wilhelm Wiese)). *1910 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p87 #859.

2. Gerhard Wiese (b May 15, 1912, Andrejewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 25, 1912, Emilchin Parish (GP: Johann Wiese and Anna Lütke Wiese)). *1912 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p58 #516.

3. Olga Wiese (b July 12, 1913, Andrejewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 3, 1913, Emilchin Parish). *1913 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p15 #122.

• Ottilie Auguste Wiese (1886-1890, Rohrbach/Berezowka, Volhynia, Russia - ≥December 14, 1912, ____) married Michael Kopp* (February 15, 1875, Rohrbach/Berezowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 21, 1875, Heimtal Parish - >March 1912), son of Michael Kopp and Eva Suess, on November 11, 1909, in Heimtal Parish. They had two known children, who were sponsored by her brothers and sisters-in-law. *1875 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p650 #508*; and 1909 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p127 #176.

*Based purely on geography. Three Michael Kopp's, all with fathers named Michael Kopp, were born in Heimtal Parish between 1872-1876, i.e. Pisarowka (Rosine Fengel), Rohrbach (Eva Suess) and Grüntal (Ernestine Lau). *Odessa3 Volhynia Baptism Transcriptions.*

1. Emil Kopp (b August 14, 1911, Andrejewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 21, 1911, Emilchin Parish (GP: Wilhelm Wiese and Florentine Holweger Wiese)). *1911 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,*

> p56 #489. (Note: the transcription of the record has a surname of "Putahl," which I believe is incorrect because of the names of the parents and sponsors).
>
> 2. Rudolf Kopp (b December 14, 1912, Andrejewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 31, 1913, Emilchin Parish (GP: Johann Wiese and Anna Lütke Wiese)). *1913 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p12 #93.

[202] *1850 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p244 #68*; 1944EWZ761256* (Ewald Wiese)*; 1944EWZ903199* (Friedrich Wiese)*; A3342EWZ50-J018 0670, 0688, 0772, 0782, 1028; 1944EWZ903066* (Ewald Seifert)*; and A3342EWZ50-H082 1176, 1182.*

Friedrich Johann Wiese married Rosina/Rosine/Rosalia/Rosa Jabs (____, Pomerania – 1924, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia), daughter of Daniel Jabs.

The Böttcher sponsors for the children of Wilhelm Ernst Wiese (as well as his wife Pauline Böttcher), and Friedrich Johann Wiese connect the two as brothers. Pauline Wiese's baptism record states her father was "Friedrich Johann Wiese," which I believe eliminates Anna Maria Kräter as his wife.

Friedrich Johann Wiese and Rosine/Rosina Jabs had ten known children.

• Pauline Wiese (March 6, 1876, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 14, 1876, Heimtal Parish (GP: Karolina Böttcher) - ≥July 6, 1914,____) married Julius Holland (July 27, 1879, Viktorowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap ____ Heimtal Parish – September 23, 1940, Omsk, Russia USSR) on November 27, 1902, in the Heimtal Parish. Julius Holland's parents may have been August Holland (1837/1840, Gostynin, Congress Poland, Russia – November 29, 1900, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia; married February 20, 1876, Karolinowo, Nowy Dwór Parish, Evangelical Church of the Augsburg Confession, Congress Poland, Russia) and Susanna Nehring (February 1, 1856, Congress Poland, Russia; bap February 8, 1856, Przasnysz Parish of the Evangelical Church of the Augsburg Confession – 1921 Omsk, Russia). *1856 Przasnysz Parish of the Evangelical Church of the Augsburg Confession Baptism Record; 1876 Nowy Dwór Parish, Evangelical Church of the Augsburg Confession Marriage Record; 1876* (p768 #570) *and 1879* (p785 #195) *Heimtal Parish Baptism Records; 1900 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p200 #380 (August Holland, age 60Y)*; and 1902 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p149 #197.

Julius Holland's sister Mathilde Holland was born in Viktorowka, Heimtal Parish, which is very near Nepoznanitschi (i.e. just southeast and across the Heimtal-Emilchin Parish boundary). *1882 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p809 #230 (Mathilde Holland).

Pauline Wiese is the third known "Pauline Wiese" of her generation:

> Pauline Wiese, daughter of Friedrich Wiese and Karolina Dorothea Keller (who were born in 1840 in Congress Poland, Russia, and married in 1858, in the Nowy Dwór Evangelical Parish, Congress Poland; and thus were not in the Johann Wilhelm and Anna Müller Wiese line) married Johann Kallasch.
>
> Pauline Wiese, daughter of Hermann Ludwig Wiese and Henriette Ströhschein, married Peter Drews.

Pauline Wiese and Julius Holland had six known children.

> 1. Samuel Holland (1904, Rudokop, Volhynia, Russia – December 20, 1980, Taldy-Kurgan, Kazakhstan USSR) and his wife Mathilda/Mathilde ____ (1900, Neumanowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia - ≥1936-38, probably Taldy-Kurgan, Kazakhstan USSR; d/o Michael ___), were resettled to Taldy-Kurgan, Kazakhstan USSR, with their three children: Linda Holland (b1924, Mlynok, Ukraine SSR); Alexander Holland (b1929, Berezowa Hat, Ukraine SSR); and Ewald Holland

(vital record information not listed in KGB record). *NKVD Repatriation Records #s 14148, 14149, 14150 and 14151.*

2. Erna Holland (1905/06, Alt-Viktorowka, Volhynia, Russia – February 25, 1907, Alt-Viktorowka, Volhynia, Russia). *1907 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p349 #509 (Age 1Y).

3. Sarah Holland (b February 3, 1908, Staraja-Viktorowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 8, 1908, Heimtal Parish (GP: Ottilie Wise/Wiese)). *1908 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p99 #571.

4. Ewald Holland (January 11, 1911, Staraja-Viktorowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 23, 1911, Heimtal Parish – July 17, 1914, Alt-Viktorowka, Volhynia, Russia). *1911 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p51 #492*; and 1914 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p342 #428.

5. Reinhard Holland (May 4, 1913, Staraja-Viktorowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 16, 1913, Heimtal Parish – May 20, 1913, Alt-Viktorowka, Volhynia, Russia). *1913 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p62 #533*; and 1913 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p174 #424.

6. Arthur Holland (b July 6, 1914, Staraja-Viktorowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 16, 1914, Heimtal Parish (GP: Albrecht Wiese)). *1914 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p42 #146.

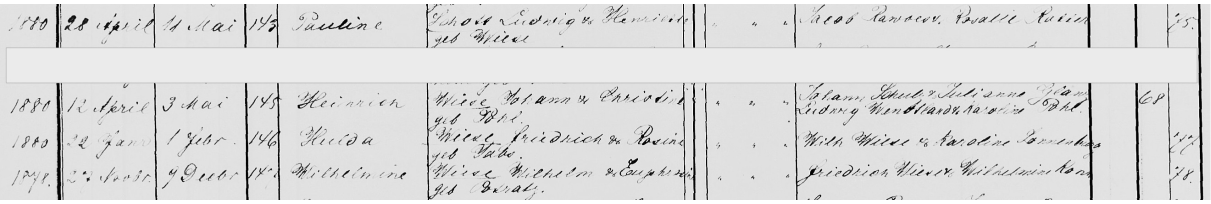
After Pauline Wiese Holland's death, Julius Holland married Karoline Jahnke (March 28, 1895, Stanislawowka (east of Romanow), Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – May 20, 1950, Blumenfeld, Siberia, Russia, Soviet Union). They had three known children, two of whom I could identify.

1. Adolf Holland (April 4, 1925, Emilchin, Ukraine SSR – October 26, 2013, Rottweil, Baden-Wurttemberg, Germany).

2. Jonat/Jonad Holland (June 1, 1927, Olchowka, Ukraine SSR – August 28, 2019, Bleckede, Luneburg, Niedersachsen, Germany).

- Johanna Wiese (July 26, 1877, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 26, 1877, Heimtal Parish (GP: Ludwig Böttcher)). *1879 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p772 #47.

- Hulda Wiese (January 22, 1880, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 1, 1880, Heimtal Parish (GP: Wilhelm Wiese and Karoline Wiese Sonnenberg) - ≥December 14, 1914, ____). *1880 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p440 #146.



1880	28 April	14 Mai	143	Pauline	Schott Ludwig & Henriette geb Wiese		"	"	"	Jacob [illegible], Rosalie [illegible]		75
1880	12 April	3 Mai	145	Heinrich	Wiese Johann & Christine geb Pohl.		"	"	"	Johann [illegible] & Julianne [illegible] Ludwig [illegible] & Karoline Pohl.	68	
1880	22 Jan	1 Febr.	146	Hulda	Wiese Friedrich & Rosine geb Jabs.		"	"	"	Wilh Wiese & Karoline Sonnenberg		47
1878.	27 Novbr.	9 Decbr	147	Wilhelmine	Wiese Wilhelm & Euphrosine geb [illegible].		"	"	"	Friedrich Wiese & Wilhelmine [illegible]		78.

Using her age at the time of the birth of her first known child and possible location in the Nepoznanitschi area, where she was born (not Rohrbach as listed in *Odessa3*), and the baptism/burial records of their eight known children, I believe Hulda Wiese married Johann Graminski, possible son of Andreas Graminski and Wilhelmine Krause of Nataliendorf (the only Graminski parents in *Odessa3* from 1870-1885). The family moved around in the Nepoznanitschi-Marianowka-Nataliendorf area. Hulda had a brother Friedrich and her mother's maiden name was Jabs; which are the names of the Godparents of two of their children. Hulda

Wiese Graminski was a Godparent to Rudolf Jenke, son of her sister Euphrosine Wiese and Isidor Jenke, in 1914. Johann Graminski and Hulda Wiese had eight known children.

1. Emil Graminski (September 10, 1902, Nataliewka (Nataliendorf) , Volhynia, Russia; bap September 10, 1902, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish – September 25, 1902, Nataliewka, Volhynia, Russia). *1902 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p128 #1135*; and 1902 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p186 #372 (15D).

2. Emma Graminski (September 1903, Nataliewka, Volhynia, Russia – December 19, 1903, Nataliewka, Volhynia, Russia). *1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Burial Record,* p217 #501.

3. Maria Graminski (b January 10, 1905, Franzowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 10, 1905, Nataliewka, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Emma Pufal)). *1905 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p180 #1612.

4. Eduard Graminski (b March 30, 1906, Franzowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 31, 1906, Nataliewka, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Gustav Pufal)). *1906 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p95 #845.

5. Friedrich Wilhelm Graminski (b August 21, 1908, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 30, 1908, Emilchin Parish (GP: Friedrich (Wilhelm) Wiese)). *1908 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p47 #467.

6. Johann Graminski (b December 10, 1910, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 25, 1911, Emilchin Parish). *1911 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p12 #91.

7. Ferdinand Graminski (b September 14, 1912, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 26, 1912, Emilchin Parish (GP: Friedrich Jabs and Henriette Wiese)). *1912 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p19 #167.

8. Olga Graminski (b December 14, 1914, Boguslawowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 28, 1914, Emilchin Parish). *1914 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p20 #114.

• Friedrich Wilhelm Wiese (November 23, 1881, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 21, 1882, Heimtal Parish (GP: Caroline Jabs) - >May 14, 1944, ____) married Florentine Richter (December 1, 1883, Margaretowka; Volhynia, Russia; bap December 3, 1883, Heimtal Parish - >May 14, 1944, ____) daughter of Daniel Richter (d Margaretowka) and Karoline Trelenberg (d Margaretowka), on February 17, 1903, in Margaretowka, Emilchin Parish. Friedrich Wilhelm Wiese's marriage record has his full name. He was a Godparent to the children of his siblings. Friedrich Wilhelm Wiese and Florentine Richter, who apparently did not have children of their own, were in Zirke, Kreis Birnbaum, German occupied Poland, northwest of Posen/Poznan, as of May 14, 1944, with two foster children; at the same time as his sister Lydia Wiese Seifert, her husband Hermann Seifert, and three of their five known children. *1882* (p946 #157) *and 1885* (p639 #467) *Heimtal Parish Baptism Records; 1903 Emilchin Parish Marriage Record,* p299 #17*; 1944EWZ903199* (Friedrich Wiese)*; A3342EWZ50-J018 0772, 0782; 1944EWZ903066* (Hermann Seifert)*; and A3342EWZ50-H082 1176, 1182.*

• Wilhelmine Wiese (January 20, 1884, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 22, 1884, Heimtal Parish (GP: Gottfried Sonnenberg and Wilhelmine Jabs) – October 6, 1885, Nepoznanitschi, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p630 #362*; and 1885 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p729 #278 (1Y).

- Euphrosine Wiese (November 11, 1885, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 6, 1885, Heimtal Parish (GP: Gottfried Sonnenberg and Euphrosine (Jabs or Potratz?) Wiese) - ≥April 6, 1914, ____) married Isidor Eduard Jenke (Janke) (May 14, 1885, Gottliebsdorf/Bogolubowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap ____ Heimtal Parish - >July 1913, ____), son of Ludwig Jenke and Juliane Loter, on June 4, 1903, in the Emilchin Parish. Euphrosine Wiese and Isidor Eduard Jenke had three known children. *1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Records,* p629 #339 and p696 #1287*; and 1903 Emilchin Parish Marriage Record,* p299 #36.

  1. Josephine/Josephina Jenke (June 11, 1907, Bogolubowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 29, 1907, Emilchin Parish – November 16, 1910, Bogolubowka or Lebed-Krylinsk, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1907 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p158 #388*; and 1910 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p17 #157.

  2. Hermann Jenke (b January 18, 1909, Bogolubowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 18, 1909, Emilchin Parish). *1909 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p137 #514.

  3. Rudolf Jenke (b April 6, 1914, Bogolubowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 8, 1914, Emilchin Parish (GP: Hulda Wiese Graminski)). *1914 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p19 #94.

- Lydia Wiese (May 7, 1891, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia - >May 14, 1944, ____) married Hermann Seifert (April 8, 1882, Margaretowka, Volhynia, Russia - >May 14, 1944, ____), son of Adolf Seifert (b Grüntal – d Staraja Huta) and Emma (Anna) Rach (b Grüntal – d Astrachan), on February 6, 1908, in the Emilchin Parish, when she was fifteen years old. Lydia Wiese and Hermann Seifert had five known children. As of May 14, 1944, they were in Zirke, Kreis Birnbaum, German occupied Poland, northwest of Posen/Poznan, with three of their children (Ewald, Rudolf and Meta Seifert). Lydia Wiese Seifert's brother and his wife Friedrich Wiese and Florentine Richter were also in Zirke, Birnbaum, German occupied Poland, as of May 14, 1944, with two foster children. *1882 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p952 #232*; 1908 Emilchin Parish Marriage Record,* p53 #12*; 1944EWZ903066* (Hermann Seifert)*; A3342EWZ50-H082 1176, 1182; 1944EWZ903199* (Friedrich Wiese)*; and A3342EWZ50-J018 0772, 0782.*

  1. Ewald Seifert (November 27, 1908, Staraja Huta, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 5, 1908, Emilchin Parish - 1982, Grosswelzheim, Landkreis Aschaffenburg, Bavaria, Germany) married Johanna Hinz (March 13, 1907, Margaretowka, Volhynia, Russia - 2001, Grosswelzheim, Landkreis Aschaffenburg, Bavaria, Germany), daughter of Wilhelm Hinz (1871, Warsaw – 1916, "Gefallen," in World War I) and Ernestine Sommerfeld (1870, Margaretowka, Volhynia, Russia – ≥1943, Umsiedlung/resettled). They had three known children. On December 13, 1943, the Ewald Seifert family was in Marienbad, Sudetenland, German occupied Czechoslovakia. *1908 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p48 #476*; 1943EWZ756929* (Ewald Seifert)*; A3342EWZ50-H082 0998, 1010; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Waldfriedhof Grosswelzheim, Landkreis Aschaffenburg, Bavaria, Germany).

    a. Eugenia Seifert (b February 2, 1937, Staraja Huta, Ukraine SSR). *1943EWZ756929* (Ewald Seifert).

    b. Antonia Seifert (b March 13, 1939, Neu Grüntal, Ukraine SSR). *1943EWZ756929* (Ewald Seifert).

    c. Martha Seifert (b July 27, 1941, Neu Grüntal, Ukraine SSR). *1943EWZ756929* (Ewald Seifert).

  2. Alexander Seifert (b July 25, 1912, Staraja Huta, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 28, 1912, Emilchin Parish - ≥1944) stayed in the Soviet Union, while his parents and three siblings fled westward. *1912*

Emilchin Parish Baptism Record, p8 #66*; 1944EWZ903066* (Hermann Seifert)*; and A3342EWZ50-H082 1176.*

3. Albert Seifert (b June 28, 1914, Staraja Huta, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 4, 1914, Emilchin Parish - ≥1944) stayed in the Soviet Union, while his parents and three siblings fled westward. *1914 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p75 #498*; 1944EWZ903066* (Hermann Seifert)*; and A3342EWZ50-H082 1176.*

4. Rudolf Seifert (b November 19, 1923, Staraja Huta, Ukraine SSR). *1944EWZ903066* (Hermann Seifert)*; and A3342EWZ50-H082 1176.*

5. Meta Seifert (b March 14, 1933, Staraja Huta, Ukraine SSR). *1944EWZ903066* (Hermann Seifert)*; and A3342EWZ50-H082 1176.*

• Ernestine Wiese (1897/98 Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia – July 19, 1903, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia). *1903 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p316 #157 (5Y).

• Olga Wiese (b June 5, 1900, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 14, 1900, Emilchin Parish (GP: Christian Wiese)). *1900 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p43 #281.

• Ewald Wiese (August 8, 1902, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 23, 1902, Emilchin Parish (GP: Pauline Jabs) - July 14, 1989, Munich, Germany) married twice. *1902 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p106 #80*; December 5, 1979, Edmonton Journal Obituary* (Maria Wiese Gette Krause)*; 1989 US Apps/Claims; 1989 US Deaths* (Ewald Wiese residing in Munich, Germany)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Hillside Cemetery).

M#1 In 1921, in Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia, Ewald Wiese married Ottilie Jabs (March 24, 1901, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia – November 5, 1965, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania), daughter of Friedrich Jabs (d1931 Nepoznanitschi, Ukraine SSR; s/o Gottlieb Jabs) and Pauline Fischbuch (____ - 1936, Verschleppt). Ewald Wiese and Ottilie Jabs had six known children.

• Maria Wiese (June 15/16, 1922, Nepoznanitschi, Volhynia, Russia – November 30, 1979, Edmonton, Alberta, Canada) married twice. *1944EWZ761258* (Maria Wiese)*; 1944EWZ761256* (Ewald Wiese)*; A3342EWZ50-J018 0670, 1018, 1028; and December 5, 1979, Edmonton Journal Obituary.*

M#1 ___ Gette. They had a son Henry Gette, and possibly a daughter Elvira Gette Kemp.

M#2 Gustav Krause. They had a son Dietmar Krause, and possibly a daughter Elvira Krause Kemp.

• Linda Wiese (b November 7, 1924, Nepoznanitschi, Ukraine SSR) was a resident of Russia, Soviet Union, as of December 5, 1979. *A3342EWZ50-J018 0670; and December 5, 1979, Edmonton Journal Obituary* (Maria Wiese Gette Krause).

• Bertha Wiese (b April 20, 1926, Nepoznanitschi, Ukraine SSR) was a resident of Russia, Soviet Union, as of December 5, 1979. *A3342EWZ50-J018 0670; and December 5, 1979, Edmonton Journal Obituary* (Maria Wiese Gette Krause).

• Irma Wiese (b August 29, 1929, Nepoznanitschi, Ukraine SSR) married ____ Deirlein, and lived in Germany as of December 5, 1979. *A3342EWZ50-J018 0670; and December 5, 1979, Edmonton Journal Obituary* (Maria Wiese Gette Krause).

- Johann Wiese (b April 4, 1942, Josefstal, Ukraine SSR) emigrated to the United States with his parents, arriving in New York, New York, on January 9, 1956. He was a resident of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, as of December 5, 1979. *A3342EWZ50-J018 0670; 1955 Arolsen Archives, Bad Arlosen, Germany; USS General Langfit Manifest; and December 5, 1979, Edmonton Journal Obituary* (Maria Wiese Gette Krause).

- Charlotte Wiese (b February 10, 1947, Germany) emigrated to the United States with her parents, arriving in New York, New York, on January 9, 1956. She was a resident of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, as of December 5, 1979. *1955 Arolsen Archives, Bad Arlosen, Germany; USS General Langfit Manifest; and December 5, 1979, Edmonton Journal Obituary* (Maria Wiese Gette Krause).

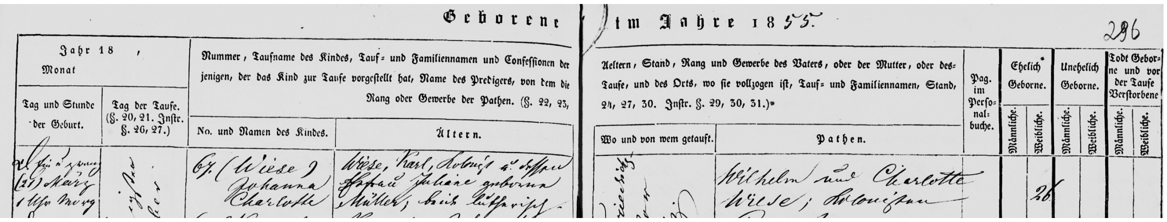
As of January 5, 1944, Ewald Wiese was in Drohobyez,* a city south of Lviv, in far western present day Ukraine, but German occupied Poland at the time. His wife Ottilie Jabs Wiese was listed as "umsiedlung," which means she had been "resettled" by the Soviets.

On December 29, 1955, Ewald Wiese, his wife Ottilie Jabs Wiese, and their two youngest children, Johann Wiese and Charlotte Wiese, who were classified as displaced persons/refugees, boarded the *USS General Langfit* in Bremerhaven Germany, where they were in a resettlement camp, bound for New York, New York. The family of four was sponsored by Julius R. Grunstein (1886, Riga, (Latvia) Russia – 1956; 1909 Imm to US) of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. They arrived in New York on January 9, 1956. The family's refugee status appears to be inconsistent with the *EWZ*, which is a request to obtain German citizenship. Ottilie Jabs Wiese died in Philadelphia, and her death certificate provides her parent's names. Ewald and Ottilie Jabs Wiese are buried in Hillside Cemetery, Roslyn, Pennsylvania. *1944EWZ761256* (Ewald Wiese)*; A3342EWZ50-J018 0670, 0688, 1018; 1955 Arolsen Archives, Passenger List of Displaced Persons, Bad Arlosen, Germany; USS General Langfit Manifest; WWI Draft Reg* (Grunstein)*; 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census* (Grunstein)*; 1965 Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, Death Certificate; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Hillside Cemetery).

*Drohobyez was a Nazi Ghetto, in occupied Poland, during World War II, which was substantially liquidated by November 1942, when its Jewish population had been transferred to the Belzec extermination camp. The last of the Drohobycz Jews were transported in groups to Bronicki Forest and massacred over execution pits in May of 1943

M#2 Around May 13, 1966, probably in Philadelphia, Ewald Wiese married Olga Rose Fahl (May 18, 1903, Andrejewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap 1903, Emilchin Parish – January 15, 1986, Edmonton, Alberta, Canada), daughter of Wilhelm Rose and Emilie Molzan (who were deported by the Tsar and spent six years in Siberia), widow of Gustav Fahl (1901 – 1941, verschleppt; died July 22, 1942), who with her three children were "displaced persons" and emigrated to New York, New York, from Bremerhaven, Germany, arriving on June 14, 1952. They lived together for sixteen years, when in 1981 she moved in with her daughter Selma Kolke, in Philadelphia. At the time of her death, Ewald Wiese was living in Germany. Her obituary is a very interesting biography of her life and mirrors the lives of many ethnic German Volhynians. *1903 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p256 #273*; 1952 Arolsen Archives, Passenger List of Displaced Persons; 1952 USNS General R.M. Blatchford Manifest; May 13, 1966, The Philadelphia Inquirer Marriage License Applications; January 15, 1986, Evangeliums Posaune*, Vol. 92, No. 2*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Olga Wiese, Saint Anthony Cemetery, Edmonton).

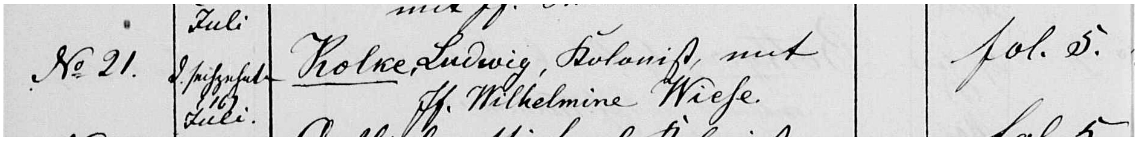
[203] *1855 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p296 #67.


Geborene im Jahre 1855

296

Jahr 18 , Monat		Nummer, Taufname des Kindes, Tauf- und Familiennamen und Confeſſionen derjenigen, der das Kind zur Taufe vorgeſtellt hat, Name des Predigers, von dem die Rang oder Gewerbe der Pathen. (§. 22, 23, 24, 27, 30. Inſtr. §. 29, 30, 31.)				Pag. im Perſonalbuche.	Ehelich Geborne.		Unehelich Geborne.		Todt Geborne und vor der Taufe Verſtorbene	
Tag und Stunde der Geburt.	Tag der Taufe. (§. 20, 21. Inſtr. §. 26, 27.)	No. und Namen des Kindes.	Aeltern.	Wo und von wem getauft.	Pathen.		Männliche.	Weibliche.	Männliche.	Weibliche.	Männliche.	Weibliche.
(21) März		67. (Wiese) Johanna Charlotte	Wiese, Karl, Kolonist u. dessen Ehefrau Juliane geborene Müller; beide lutherisch		Wilhelm und Charlotte Wiese; Kolonisten			26				

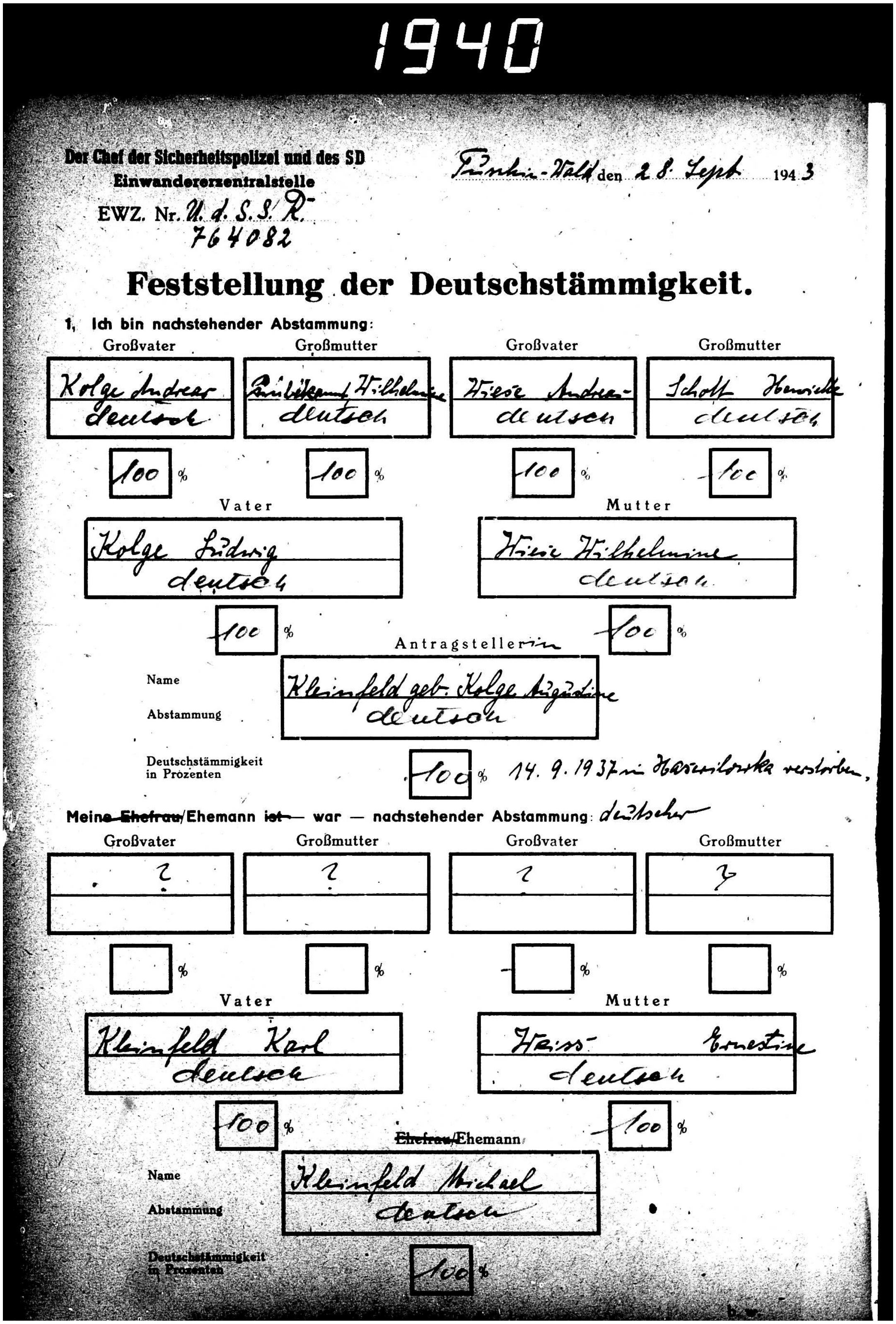
[204] *1863 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p26 #21.


No 21. | Juli | 10 Juli. | Kolke, Ludwig, Kolonist, mit Jgfr. Wilhelmine Wiese. | fol. 5.

[205] Auguste/Augustine Kolke Kleinfeld in her September 28, 1943, *Feststellung der Deutschstämmigkeit* stated her maternal grandparents were “Andreas Wiese and Henriette Schott.” *1943EWZ764082; and A3342EWZ50-E014 1940.*

Henriette Mariane Wiese (b1847, Solomka), daughter of Wilhelm Wiese and Carolina Wiese, married Ludwig Hermann Schott on December 26, 1867, in Shitomir Parish. She is the only Henriette Schott I could locate, and who would have been in the same generation as *Wilhelmine Wiese and Ludwig Kolke*.

I could not locate “Andreas Wiese and Henriette Schott” as a married couple in any generation, and therefore cannot determine the veracity of any of Auguste/Augustine Kolke Kleinfeld’s grandparent designations.



1940

Der Chef der Sicherheitspolizei und des SD
Einwandererzentralstelle
EWZ. Nr. U. d. S. S. R.
764082

Pünkin-Wald den 28. Sept. 1943

Feststellung der Deutschstämmigkeit.

1, Ich bin nachstehender Abstammung:

Großvater	Großmutter	Großvater	Großmutter
Kolge Andreas	Brüblkamp Wilhelmine	Wiese Andreas	Schott Henriette
deutsch	deutsch	deutsch	deutsch
100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

Vater	Mutter
Kolge Ludwig	Wiese Wilhelmine
deutsch	deutsch
100 %	100 %

Antragsteller~~in~~in

Name: Kleinfeld geb. Kolge Augustine
Abstammung: deutsch
Deutschstämmigkeit in Prozenten: 100 % 14. 9. 1937 in Hasseilowka verstorben.

Meine ~~Ehefrau~~/Ehemann ~~ist~~ — war — nachstehender Abstammung: deutscher

Großvater	Großmutter	Großvater	Großmutter
?	?	?	?
%	%	%	%

Vater	Mutter
Kleinfeld Karl	Weiss Ernestine
deutsch	deutsch
100 %	100 %

~~Ehefrau~~/Ehemann

Name: Kleinfeld Michael
Abstammung: deutsch
Deutschstämmigkeit in Prozenten: 100 %

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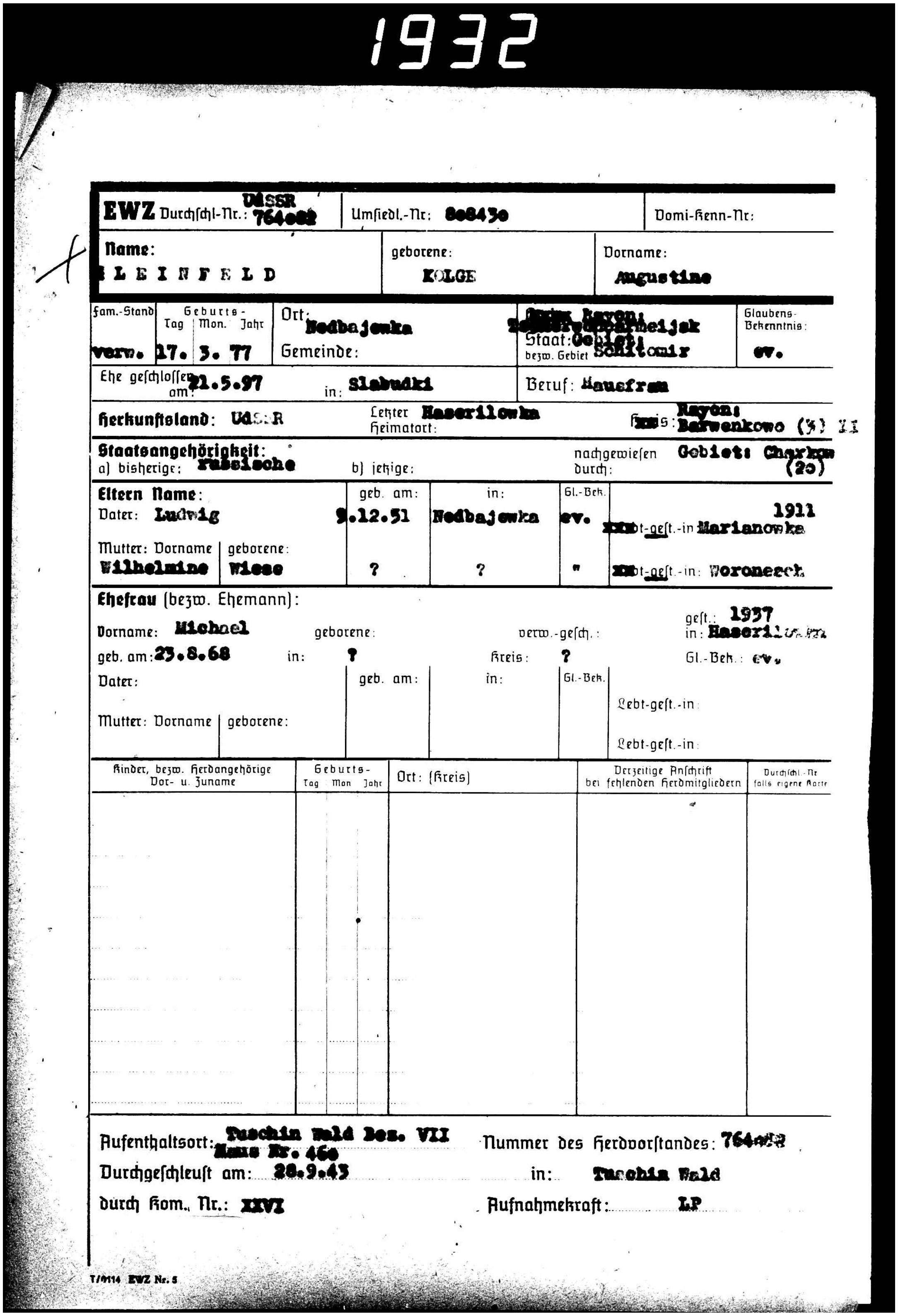
[206] *1944EWZ764082; and A3342EWZ50-E014 1932.*



1932

EWZ Durchſchl-Nr.: UdSSR 764082 | Umſiedl.-Nr: 808430 | Domi-Kenn-Nr:

Name: LEINFELD | geborene: KOLGE | Vorname: Augustine

Fam.-Stand: verw.
Geburts- Tag: 17. Mon.: 3. Jahr: 77
Ort: Nedbajewka
Gemeinde:
Rayon: [illegible]meijak
Staat: bezw. Gebiet: Gebiet: Schitomir
Glaubens-Bekenntnis: ev.

Ehe geſchloſſen am: 21.5.97 in: Slabudki
Beruf: Hausfrau

Herkunftsland: UdSSR
Letzter Heimatort: Haserilowka
Kreis: Rayon: Barwenkowo (5) II

Staatsangehörigkeit:
a) bisherige: russische
b) jetzige:
nachgewieſen durch: Gebiet: Charkow (20)

	geb. am:	in:	Gl.-Bek.	
Eltern Name: Vater: Ludwig	9.12.51	Nedbajewka	ev.	1911 ~~Lebt~~-geſt.-in Marianowka
Mutter: Vorname Wilhelmine geborene: Wiese	?	?	"	~~Lebt~~-geſt.-in: Woronesch

Ehefrau (bezw. Ehemann):
Vorname: Michael
geborene:
verw.-geſch.:
geſt.: 1937
in: Haserilowka
geb. am: 23.8.68
in: ?
Kreis: ?
Gl.-Bek.: ev.

	geb. am:	in:	Gl.-Bek.	
Vater:				Lebt-geſt.-in:
Mutter: Vorname geborene:				Lebt-geſt.-in:

Kinder, bezw. Herdangehörige Vor- u. Zuname	Geburts- Tag	Mon	Jahr	Ort: (Kreis)	Derzeitige Anſchrift bei fehlenden Herdmitgliedern	Durchſchl.-Nr falls eigene Karte

Aufenthaltsort: Tuschin Wald Bez. VII Haus Nr. 460
Nummer des Herdvorſtandes: 764[illegible]
Durchgeſchleuſt am: 28.9.43
in: Tuschin Wald
durch Kom., Nr.: XXVI
Aufnahmekraft: LP

T/0114 EWZ Nr. 5

Ludwig Kolke married *Wilhelmine* (*Mina, Minnie*) *Wiese* (1842, Solomka/Friedrichsdorf, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – 1915/16, Verschleppt, Woronesch (Voronezh), Russia), daughter of *Karl Wiese and Caroline Mylke* (but possibly of Juliane Müller), on July 16, 1863, in the Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia, possibly by Pastor Peter Stelz.[207]

Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese's connection to the *Michal Kolke and Eleanora Reich/Reych* family is well established:

- The Godparents of *Ludwig Kolke's* first child Friedrich Kolke, on September 25, 1864, in Nedbajewka, were Daniel Kolke, Helene Kolke/Helene Kolke and Samuel Klein. *1864 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record*, p9 #60.
- Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke was the Godfather of *Ludwig Kolke's* second child, son Wilhelm Kolke, on August 20, 1866, Nedbajewka. *1867 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record*, p501 #29.
- *Ludwig Kolke* sponsored August Kolke, son of Julius Kolke (son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke) and Wilhelmine Gall, on May 14, 1869, in Nedbajewka. *1869 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record*, p307 #639.
- *Wilhelmine Wiese Kolke* (and Christoph Kolke) sponsored Susanna Klein, daughter of Helene Kolke (daughter of Daniel Kolke) and Friedrich Klein, on September 7, 1869, probably in Alexanderdorf. *1869 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record*, p307 #652.
- Julius Kolke and Henriette Gall sponsored Henriette Kolke, daughter of *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*, on October 11, 1870, in Nedbajewka. *1870 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record*, p254 #79.
- *Wilhelmine Wiese Kolke* sponsored Karoline Kolka, daughter of Ferdinand Kolke (son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke) and Henriette Schön, on November 13, 1875, Nedbajewka. *1875 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record*, p734 #193.
- *Wilhelmine Wiese Kolke* sponsored Wilhelmine Lidia (Lydia) Kolka, daughter of Julius Kolke and Wilhelmine Gall, on October 16, 1877, in Nedbajewka. *1877 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record*, p811 #365.
- Daniel Kolke sponsored Auguste Kolke, daughter of *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*, on March 28, 1877, in Nedbajewka. *1877 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record*, p617 #294.
- August Kolke, son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke, and Justine Wiese sponsored my grandfather *Eduard Kolke*, son of *Ludwig Kolke & Wilhelmine Wiese*, on __________, 1882, in Segenthal. *1882 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record*, p603 #826.
- Heinrich Kolke, son of Andreas Kolke and Helene Biberdorf, and Helene Biberdorf Kolke, wife of August Kolke, were the Godparents of *Ludwig Kolke's* daughter Emilie Kolke, on March 15, 1884, in Slobodka. *1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record*, p625 #289.
- *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese's* daughter Henriette Kolke (b1870) married Friedrich Pekruhl (b1865/66), son of Wilhelmine Kolke and Jacob Pekeruhl, probably in the early 1890s.
- Emma Frieda Kolke Sonntag, daughter of Friedrich Kolke and Justine Rode, sponsored Lydia Lechner, daughter of Auguste Kolke (daughter of Friedrich Kolke and Auguste Rode) and Adolf Lechner, on August 17, 1912, in Heimtal Parish. *1912 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record*, p52 #495.

Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese had at least eleven children born in the Nedbajewka-Slobodka-Marianowka area of the Shitomir and Heimtal Evangelical Lutheran Parishes of Volhynia, Russia.

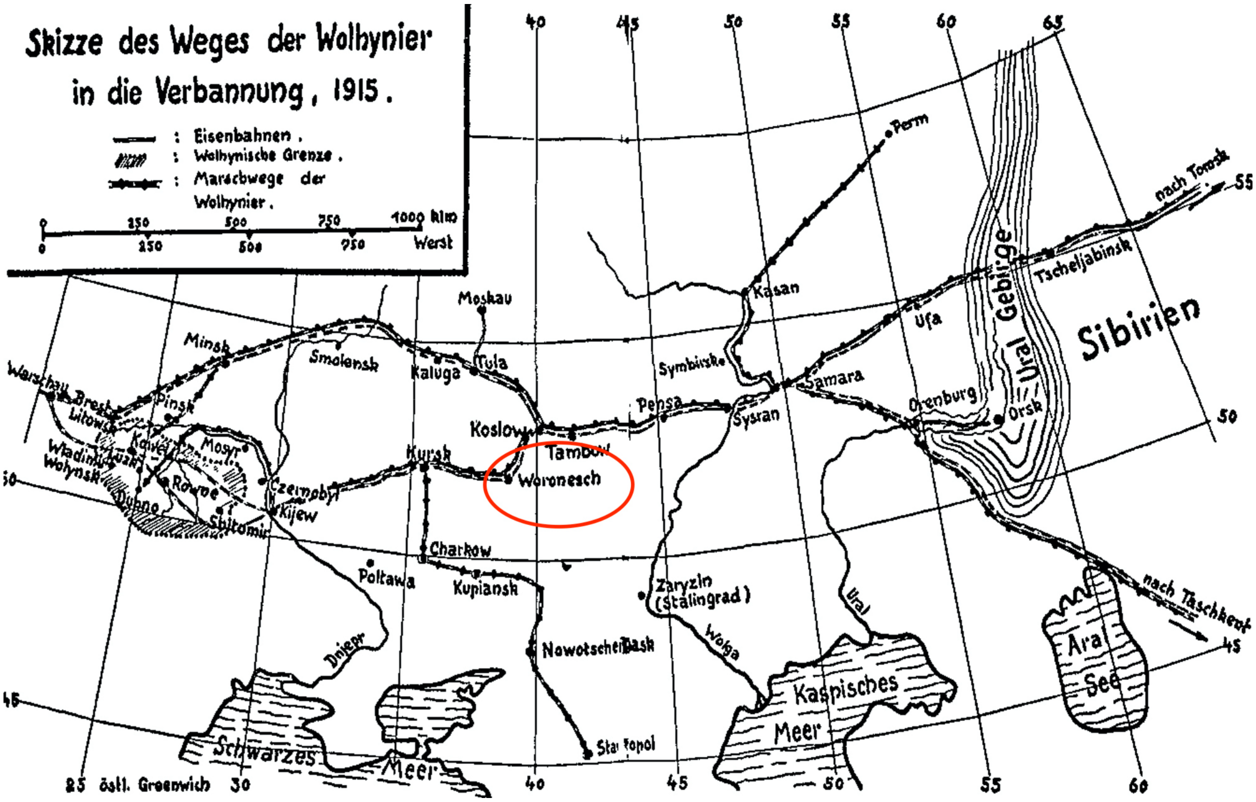
- Friedrich Kolke (June 22, 1864, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 25, 1864, Shitomir Parish - <May 24, 1944, probably Serbo-Slobodka, Russia or Ukraine SSR). Friedrich Kolke's Godparents were Daniel Kolke, Helene Kolke/Helene Kolke and Samuel Klein.[208]
- Wilhelm Kolke (August 9, 1866, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 20, 1866, Shitomir Parish - >October 1884). Wilhelm Kolke's Godfather was Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke.[209]
- Wilhelmine Kolke (September 23, 1868, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 6, 1868, Shitomir Parish - <July 16, 1944, Staraja Huta, Russia or Ukraine SSR).[210]
- Henriette Kolke (September 23, 1870, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 11, 1870, Heimtal Parish - >March 29, 1912, possibly Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk, Volhynia, Russia or Ukraine SSR). Henriette Kolke's Godparents were Julius Kolke (son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass) and Henriette Gall.[211]
- August Kolke (October 16, 1872, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 17, 1872, Heimtal Parish - >1938, probably Kazakhstan, USSR). August Kolke's Godfather was August Kolke, son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass.[212]
- Johann Kolke (February 27, 1875, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 9, 1875, Heimtal Parish – November 21, 1962, Medina, Medina County, Ohio). Johann Kolke's Godfather was Johann Wiese, his mother's half-brother.[213]
- Auguste Kolke (March 17, 1877, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 28, 1877, Heimtal Parish - >September 28, 1943). Auguste Kolke's Godparents were Daniel Kolke and Charlotte (Wiese) Sonnenberg (*Wilhelmine Wiese Kolke's* sister).[214]
- Pauline Kolke (August 29, 1879, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 13, 1879, Heimtal Parish – 1945, during flight to Germany). Pauline Kolke's Godparents were Ferdinand Neumann and Pauline Böttcher Wiese (wife of *Wilhelmine Wiese Kolke's* half-brother Wilhelm Ernst Wiese).[215]
- *Eduard Kolke* (November 27, 1881, Segenthal, Volhynia, Russia; bap 1882, Shitomir Parish – February 22, 1938, Bay City, Bay County, Michigan). *Eduard Kolke's* Godparents were August Kolke (son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass) and Justine Wiese (relationship to his mother is undetermined).[216]
- Emilie Kolke (February 22, 1884, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 15, 1884, Heimtal Parish – December 8, 1967, Parma, Cuyahoga County, Ohio). Emilie Kolke's Godparents were Heinrich Kolke (son of Andreas Kolke and Maria Biberdorf) and Helene Biberdorf Kolke (daughter of Friedrich Bieberdorf and Charlotte Biberdorf).[217]
- Rudolph Kolke (b1886, Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia).[218]

The *Ludwig Kolke* family lived in Nedbajewka from 1864 to 1880, and then lived in Slobodka from 1880 to 1897. *Ludwig Kolke* may have been a carpenter, based upon sons Johann and *Eduard Kolke's* professions when they arrived in the United States. After 1897, the family lived in

Marianowka, which was just to the southeast of Slobodka, until July 1915, when widow *Wilhelmine Wiese Kolke* was removed to Russia by the Tsar.[219]

Ludwig Kolke died on March 3, 1906, in Marianowka. He was married at the time, although his death/burial record did not state the name of his wife. Daughter Augustine (Auguste) Kolge (Kolke) Kleinfeld's *EWZ Application* confirmed her father died in Marianowka.[220]

Augustine Kolke Kleinfeld's *EWZ* states her mother *Wilhelmine Wiese Kolke* died in 1916, in Woronesch (Voronezh), Russia, located 900km east of Shitomir and 500km south of Moscow. *Wilhelmine Wiese Kolke's* death probably occurred shortly after her July 1915 removal by the Tsar during World War I, as "Woronesch" is on the deportation route from Volhynia. Her removal is confirmed in the *1915 Expropriation List*, which identifies the "Kolke, Ludwig Jan" family among those whose property was confiscated and who were removed to the East. Since *Ludwig Kolke* died in 1906, and all of their children were adults, the only person who would be included in the *Ludwig Kolke* family would have been *Wilhelmine Wiese Kolke*.


Skizze des Weges der Wolhynier in die Verbannung, 1915.
: Eisenbahnen.
: Wolhynische Grenze.
: Marschwege der Wolhynier.
0
250
500
750
1000 klm
Werst
Moskau
Minsk
Smolensk
Kaluga
Tula
Warschau
Brest-Litowsk
Pinsk
Kowel
Mosyr
Wladimir-Wolynsk
Luzk
Rowno
Dubno
Shitomir
Czernobyl
Kijew
Kursk
Koslow
Tambow
Woronesch
Charkow
Poltawa
Kupiansk
Dnjepr
Nowotscherkask
Stavropol
Schwarzes Meer
Perm
Kasan
Symbirsk
Pensa
Sysran
Samara
Ufa
Orenburg
Orsk
Tscheljabinsk
nach Tomsk
Ural Gebirge
Sibirien
Zaryzin (Stalingrad)
Wolga
Ural
Kaspisches Meer
Aral See
nach Taschkent
25 östl. Greenwich
30
40
45
50
55
60
65

Friedrich Kolke married Auguste Rohde/Rode (~1866 - <1896), for whom no information could be located, around 1883. Friedrich Kolke and Auguste Rohde had a least one child.

- Auguste Kolke (October 12, 1884, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap 21 October 1884, Heimtal Parish (GP: Wilhelm Kolke and Henriette Kolke) - 1932-38, Verschleppt, Siberia, Russia, USSR).[221]

Friedrich Kolke, probably a widower, married Anna Wolf (September 9, 1861/63, Plock, Congress Poland, Russia – May 24, 1944, Serbo-Slobodka, Ukraine SSR), daughter of Daniel Wolf and Christine Schilling,[222] probably before 1896, in Slobodka. Friedrich Kolke died in

Serbo-Slobodka, probably prior to Anna Wolf Kolke, but before July 9, 1944. They had four known children.[223]

- Wendeline Kolke (October 1896, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia – January 12, 1911, Slobodka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia).[224]
- Leonhard Kolke (b February 12, 1900, 2/12/1900 Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap February 20, 1900, Emilchin Parish).[225]
- Eduard Kolke (August 22, 1904, Serbo-Slobodka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >July 9, 1944).[226]
- Melitta Kolke (October 2, 1908, Serbo-Slobodka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 10, 1908, Emilchin Parish (GP: Reinhold Biberdorf and Adolphine Wolf) - >May 24, 1944).[227]

The only reference to Wilhelm Kolke I could locate was as a possible co-Godparent, with his sister Henriette Kolke, for the October 1884, baptism of Auguste Kolke, daughter of his brother Friedrich Kolke and his first wife Auguste Rhode.[228]

Wilhelmine Kolke married Ludwig Krause (1860, Warsaw, Congress Poland, Russia - <July 16, 1944, Gluschkowzy/Gluszkowce (225km SW of Shitomir)). They had three known children, all born in Staraja Huta, which was/is next to Marianowka, in the Emilchin Parish. In 1903, the Krause's sponsored Amalie Kolke, daughter of Wilhelmine Kolke Krause's brother August Kolke and his wife Lydia Wagner, in Marianowka. The same year, Ludwig Krause and his sister-in-law Emilie Kolke Schlak sponsored Henriette Kolke Pekrul's son Rudolph Pekrul, in Wladin. In July 1915, a Ludwig (son of Samuel) Krause family had their land expropriated, and they were deported to Russia. I am unable to determine if it was Wilhelmine Kolke Krause's family. Wilhelmine Kolke Krause died in Staraja Huta, but the date of her death is unknown.[229]

- Amanda Krause (January 29, 1899, Staraja Huta, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >July 16, 1944).[230]
- Emil Krause (b January 24, 1902, Staraja Huta, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 26, 1902, Emilchin Parish (GP: Emilie Kolke)).[231]
- Reinhold Krause (b April 1, 1908, Staraja Huta, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 15, 1908, Emilchin Parish).[232]

Henriette Kolke and her brother Wilhelm Kolke sponsored Auguste Kolke, daughter of brother Friedrich Kolke and his first wife Auguste Rohde, on October 21, 1884, in Nedbajewka. Henriette Kolke married Friedrich Pekeruhl/Pekruhl/Pekrul (1865/66, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia – March 29, 1912, Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish), son of her aunt and uncle Wilhelmina Kolke and Jacob Pekeruhl. Henriette Kolke and Friedrich Pekruhl had four known children. *See* Chapter 2.

- Emil Pekrul (November 27, 1899, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 30, 1899, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Hulda (Kolke) Pekrul) – >January 16, 1938, probably Russia).[233]
- Rudolph Pekrul (b June 3, 1903, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 15, 1903, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Ludwig Krause (m Wilhelmine Kolke; daughter of *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*) and Emilie (Kolke) Schlak (daughter of *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*) - >July 1915, possibly Russia).[234]

- Ottilie Pekrul (b August 31, 1905, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 11, 1905, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Julianne (Klink) Pekrul) - >July 1915, possibly Russia).[235]

- Leonhard Pekrul (July 12, 1908, Wladin, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 18, 1908, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Ferdinand Pekrul) - >July 1915, possibly Russia).[236]

August Kolke married Lydia/Leudia Wagner (December 8, 1881, Warwarowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 6, 1882, Heimtal Parish - ≥January 13, 1915),[237] daughter of Simon Peter Wagner (January 26, 1853, Leski, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 13, 1853, Shitomir Parish - ≥February 1885; son of Friedrich Wagner and Anna Ziesmann (1816, Congress Poland, Russia – November 30, 1882, Pawlinowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia)) and Justine Rhode/Rode (____ - >November 7, 1885; m September 9, 1879, Heimtal Parish),[238] on July 10, 1902, in Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish.[239] August Kolke and Lydia/Leudia Wagner had five known children.

- Amalie Kolke (b July 19, 1903, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap 1903, Emilchin Parish (GP: Ludwig Krause and Wilhelmine Kolke Krause)).[240]

- Martha Kolke (b April 27, 1906, Neu Borisowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap April 27, 1906, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Johann Barz and Ernestine Barz)).[241]

- Bernhard Kolke (b May 30, 1908, Neu Borisowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 2, 1908, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Rudolf Wagner and Amanda Wagner)).[242]

- Rudolf Kolke (November 16, 1909, Neu Borisowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 22, 1909, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Rudolf Krause and Emma Wagner) – June 24, 1910, Borisowka, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia).[243]

- Tatiana Kolke (January 13, 1915, Neu Borisowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 13, 1915, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish (GP: Michael Kleinfeld (h/o Auguste Kolke))).[244]

Sometime in the 1930s, August Kolke (resident of Adamowo, west of Borisowka) was resettled to Taldy-Kurgan, Kazakhstan, part of the extensive Karlag system. Although, I could find no other records, it is likely other members of August Kolke's family were also deported to Kazakhstan. Members of the Ludwig Krause and Wilhelmine Kolke (August Kolke's sister) family had also been deported to Akmolinsk, Kazakhstan, as were members of the Henriette Kolke Mundt and Marie Ottilie Kolke Neumann family, daughters of Ferdinand Kolke and Henriette Schoen; most of whom remained in Kazakhstan until the fall of the Soviet Union in 1991; which may also have been the fate of August Kolke's family members.[245]

Johann Kolke, a single laborer, appears to have been the first of his family to leave Marianowka, when he traveled by the ship *Viola*, owned by the A. Kirsten Shipping Line, from Hamburg, Germany, to London, England, on May 14, 1902.[246] Within days of his arrival in England, on May 21, 1902, Johann Kolke departed Liverpool, England, for Québec, Canada, on the *Lake Simcoe*.[247] Johann Kolke originally moved to Winnipeg, Manitoba, but on July 15, 1903, traveled by rail from Winnipeg to Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio.[248] He Anglicized his name to John Kolke. In his *1924 Declaration of Intention* (to renounce his fidelity and allegiance to the government of Russia), John Kolke claimed he arrived in New York, New York, in May 1903.[249]

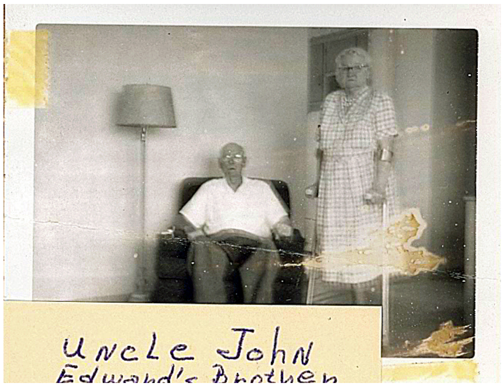
After his arrival in Cleveland in 1903, John Kolke lived at 215 5th Avenue, Lorain, Lorain County, Ohio, which is between Sandusky and Cleveland on Lake Erie. One month after his arrival in the United States, Johan Kolke was named by his brother *Eduard Kolke* as the person he would be joining in the United States. John's sister Emilie Kolke Schlact/Schlak emigrated to the

United States in 1913, and also joined him in Cleveland. John Kolke (33), a carpenter, married Anna Broege Johnson (22) (March 12, 1887, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio – August 17, 1976, Parma Heights, Cuyahoga County, Ohio), a divorcee,[250] from Cleveland, on July 24, 1909, in Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, by Rev. Henry Weseloh (1852, Germany – 1925, Cleveland), founding pastor of the Immanuel Evangelical Lutheran Church, in the "Brooklyn" neighborhood of Cleveland, which had suffered heavy damage in the April 29, 1909, Cleveland tornado.[251]

Anna Broege Johnson was the daughter of Herman J. Broege (June 1, 1856, Prussia – February 19, 1914, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio; m 1877) and Augusta Schenk (November 1853, Prussia – September 8, 1927, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio; daughter of Johann Schenk and Louisa Heyse, and emigrated to the United States from Germany on May 19, 1883). Anna Broege was one of nine children.[252]

John Kolke's *1922 Petition for Naturalization* listed the four children from their marriage. In April 1910, John and Anna Broege Kolke, and her children were living at 3035 Barber Avenue (Tremont Neighborhood), Cleveland, Ohio. John Kolke was working as a carpenter building homes. In 1914, the family was living at 2332 West 40th Street SW, in Cleveland, and John Kolke was a carpenter. By September 1918, the John Kolke family was living at 2831 West 11th Street (Tremont Neighborhood), Cleveland, Ohio, and he was working as a carpenter for the Ohio Shipbuilding Company. By January 1920, John Kolke was back working as a residential carpenter, and he, Anna and five children (two stepchildren and their three children), were living at 3601 Cecelia Avenue (Brooklyn Neighborhood), Cleveland, Ohio. On May 1, 1922, John Kolke filed his *US Petition for Naturalization*, and on December 16, 1924, the *Declaration of Intention*.[253]

As of May 1922, the family was living at 7602 Chesterfield Avenue, Parma, Parma Township, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, which they owned (next to John's sister Emilia Kolke and her husband Emil Malon). John's occupation was carpenter. John Kolke became a US citizen on September 16, 1927, by order of the United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, Eastern Division.[254] In April 1930, the family still had seven members: John, Anna and five children (one stepchild and their four children), were still living on Chesterfield Avenue, Parma, and John Kolke was employed by the school board as a carpenter. Even though she was a natural born citizen, Anna Broege Johnson Kolke submitted a *Petition for US Citizenship* on July 25, 1932. Between 1935 and 1940, the family moved from Parma to York Township, Medina County, Ohio, where they lived on Road 22. In April 1940, the household consisted of John, Anna, two daughters and a grandson. John Kolke was still employed in the building industry as a carpenter at age 65. As of April 1, 1950, John and Anna Broege Kolke, and daughter Ruth Kolke (who apparently never worked or married), were living in Medina Township, Medina County, Ohio, and John was retired by age 75.[255]



John and Anna Broege Kolke Circa 1960

John Kolke, a resident of Medina Township, age 87, died on November 21, 1962, in the Medina Community Hospital, Medina, Medina County, Ohio, from arteriosclerosis. John Kolke's death certificate's informant was his son Edward Kolke, who stated John's birth date was March 11, 1875, not February 27, 1875. Anna Broege (Johnson) Kolke died on August 17, 1976, in Parma Heights, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, possibly at her son Edward Kolke's home, at the age of 89. She is buried with her husband John and daughter Ruth in Myrtle Hill Cemetery, Valley City, Medina County, Ohio.[256] Johann/John Kolke and Anna Broege Johnson had four known children.

- Ruth E. Kolke (March 13, 1911, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio – May 14, 1951, Berea, Cuyahoga County, Ohio).[257]

- Edward Rudolph Kolke (April 26, 1914, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio – December 31, 1995, Beverly Hills, Citrus County Florida).[258]

- Eleanor E. Kolke (September 11, 1916, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio – January 25, 2010, Independence, Cuyahoga County, Ohio).[259]

- Marian Myrtle Kolke (July 15, 1926, Parma Township, Cuyahoga County, Ohio – January 26, 1984, Parma, Cuyahoga County, Ohio).[260]

Auguste Kolke lived in Nedbajewka until 1880, when the family moved to Slobodka, where she lived until 1897. She married Michał/Michael Kleinfeld (August 23, 1868, Łachy, Pułtusk Parish, Congress Poland, Russia – September 14, 1937, Verstorben (deceased), Haserilowka, probably Ukraine SSR),[261] probably the son of Karl Kleinfeld (1825, Congress Poland, Russia - September 22, 1908, in Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia)[262] and Krystyna Becker, on August 23, 1897, in Slobodka.[263] Between 1897 and 1935, Michael Kleinfeld and Auguste Kolke Kleinfeld lived in Marianowka. In 1903, Michael Kleinfeld and Auguste Kolke Kleinfeld sponsored Ernst Kleinfeld, son of Eduard Kleinfeld,[264] Michael's brother, in Marianowka. Auguste Kolke Kleinfeld and Michael Kleinfeld had one known child.

- "Infant Kleinfeld" (b April 3, 1912, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap 1912, Emilchin Parish – 1912, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia).[265]

In 1913, Auguste Kolke Kleinfeld sponsored Renate Kolke, daughter of Rudolf Kolke (her brother) and Auguste Gruenstern, in Marianowka. In 1915, Michael Kleinfeld sponsored Tatiana Kolke, daughter of August Kolke, Auguste's brother, and Lydia Wagner, in Neu Borisowka.[266]

In 1935, Auguste Kolke and Michael Kleinfeld moved (or were moved) to Charkow/Kharkov (Kharkiv), Ukraine SSR, which is 600km east of Shitomir. As of September 28, 1943, widow

Auguste Kolke Kleinfeld was in Tuschin, about 50 miles west of Nowograd Wolhynsk, where she completed an *EWZ* and *Feststellung* (which is the only document I have located which has the alleged identities of *Ludwig Kolke's* parents). However, the documents contain multiple errors, which raise questions about the accuracy of the remainder of the contents.[267]

Pauline Kolke lived in Slobodka until 1898, when she married Michael Jabs (1870, Nepoznanitschi, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia – April 30, 1919, Nepoznanitschi, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia), son of Daniel Jabs (1835, Congress Poland, Russia – November 7, 1912, Nepoznanitschi, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia) and Susanna Luettke (____ - >November 7, 1912),[268] a carpenter and farmer, in Nepoznanitschi, Emilchin Parish.[269] Pauline Kolke and Michael Jabs may have had three children.

- Julius Jabs (1899, Nepoznanitschi, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >January 13, 1936).[270]
- Theobald Jabs (June 1, 1908, Nepoznanitschi, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 3, 1908, Emilchin Parish – May 11, 1981, Bergen, Celle, Niedersachen, Germany).[271]
- Adolf/Adolph Jabs (1920 - ≥1936).[272]

In 1934, in Nepoznanitschi, Pauline Kolke Jabs married Adolf Seidel (June 10, 1867, Kalisch, Congress Poland, Russia – >May 19, 1944), son of Friedrich Seidel (____, Berlin - ____, Strybosch) and Henriette Schroter (____, Swinsche - ____, Strybosch), and widower of Wilhelmine Wolter (December 10, 1865, Rohrbach, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia - <1934, Nepoznanitschi (Neu-Posen), Ukraine SSR; daughter of Daniel Wolter and Justine Sonnenberg; m 1888, Neudorf, Heimtal Parish). Adolf Seidel lived in Nepoznanitschi from 1897 until 1942, when he and Pauline Kolke moved to Kodry'a (probably near Kiev) where they lived until November 10, 1943. In November 1943, the family was "umsiedlung," i.e. moved/relocated, to the Reich(?), and then as of March 7, 1944, to Zirke, Kreis Birnbaum, Wartheland, German occupied Poland, about 60 km west of Posen/Poznan, probably with his daughter Lydia Seidel Eppinger and her husband Jakob Eppinger.[273] Pauline Kolke Jabs Seidel apparently died during her "escape" to Germany in 1945.[274]

Emilie Kolke sponsored Emil Krause, son of her sister Wilhelmine Kolke and Ludwig Krause, on January 26, 1902, in Staraja Huta, Emilchin Parish.[275] Emilie Kolke married Carl/Karl Schlag/Schlak (February 12, 1881, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap May 28, 1881, Heimtal Parish (GP: Georg Schlag and Juliana Kolke Schlag) - >December 31, 1912), son of Friedrich Schlag[276] and Eva Ricks, on January 29, 1903, in the Emilchin Parish,[277] probably in Marianowka, where the *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Weise* family was residing. On June 15, 1903, Emilie Kolke Schlak sponsored her sister Henriette Kolke and husband Friedrich Pekrul's son Rudolph Pekrul, in Wladin, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish.[278] Emilie Kolke and Karl Schlag do not appear to have had any children. On February 1, 1912, a Karl Schlak married Emilie Drews Frank in the Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish.[279] Whether this Karl Schlak was Emilie Kolke's husband is unknown, as on December 31, 1912, when she emigrated to the United States, she stated she was married. Karl Schlack may have had his land confiscated and been sent to Russia in July 1915, or it could have been his uncle Karl Schlack.[280]

In the latter part of 1912 (and possibly earlier), Emilie Kolke Schlak may have lived in Kazimierz, Posen/Poznań Province, of German occupied Poland. She listed Julius Jabs[281] of Kazimierz as her nearest friend, when she boarded the *SS Main*, which departed Bremen, Germany, on December 31, 1912, for Baltimore, Maryland. Emilie Kolke Schlak stated she was married and destined for 3232 Seymour Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio, with $5 on her person, to join her brother Johann Kolke, who paid for her passage. Emilie Kolke Schlak arrived in Baltimore on January 19, 1913.[282]

Also living at 3232 Seymour Avenue, Cleveland, in 1913, was Emil Malon (May 15, 1883, Staraja Huta, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 19, 1883, Heimtal Parish – October 17, 1971, Clearwater, Pinellas County, Florida), son of Gottlieb Malon and Wilhelmina Pasoult, a laborer, who Johann/John Kolke clearly knew in Marianowka, which was next to Staraja Huta.[283] Emilia Kolke Schlack apparently obtained a divorce from Carl/Karl Schlacht (sic) in the Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Common Pleas Court.[284]

At the time of her December 26, 1914, second marriage to Emil Malon, by Pastor A. Weseloh, "Emilia" Kolke (30) was still living at 2332 W. 40th Street, Cleveland, the home of her brother *Eduard Kolka*. Emil Malon (30), a machine hand, was still living at 3232 Seymour Avenue, Cleveland, with her brother John Kolke.[285]

In September 1918, Emil Malon and Emilia Kolke were still living on Seymour Avenue, and he was employed as a bottler for the Pilsener Brewing Company. By January 1920, the couple was living in a home they owned at 9013 Sauer Avenue (Cudell Neighborhood), Cleveland, and Emil was still employed at the brewery. By April 1930, Emil and "Emily" Malon are living at 7520 Chesterfield Avenue, Parma Township, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, next to John Kolke's family. They owned a home worth $6,000. It appears they divorced between 1930 and 1935, as in April 1940, Emil Malon,[286] a truck driver for a wholesale bakery, was a lodger in a home in Cleveland, where he had been at least since 1935; and Emily "Kolke" was a live-in maid for the Walter Goldsmith family of 2550 Arlington Road, Cleveland Heights, working sixty hours per week, and had apparently started working in late 1939, where she had worked for ten weeks and earned $90. Emilie Kolke and Emil Malon did not have children.[287]

On January 29, 1941, Emilie Kolke, 7520 Chesterfield Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio, submitted her *Declaration of Intention* to become a citizen of the United States, along with her *Petition for Naturalization*. On January 14, 1944, Emilie Kolke (59) took the *Oath of Allegiance*, and became a US Citizen. As of April 1, 1950, Emilie Kolke was living in Parma, Ohio, and employed as a food server at the VA Hospital.[288] Emilie Kolke died on December 8, 1967, at the age of 83, in her home in Parma, Cuyahoga County, Ohio. She is buried in Cleveland's Lutheran Cemetery.[289]

Rudolph Kolke probably married Mathilde Auguste Gruenstern on February 20, 1913. Rudolph Kolke and Mathilde Gruenstern had one known child and one possible child.[290]

- Renate Kolke (b December 21, 1913, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 26, 1913, Emilchin Parish (GP: Auguste Kolke Kleinfeld)).[291]
- Maria Kolke (1916, ____ - 1932-38, Resettled from Nedbajewka 2500km to Komi Republic, Russia USSR).[292]

Eduard Kolke married *Ernestine* (*Albertina*) *Berg* ("Tina Berch") (January 17, 1886, Wola Mlocka, Mlock, Congress Poland – November 23, 1973, Bridgeport Township, Saginaw County, Michigan), daughter of *Friedrich Hermann Berg and Eufrozyna Katarzyna Tober*, on October 29, 1907, in the Immanuel Evangelical Lutheran Church, Cleveland, Ohio, by the Rev. Harry Weseloh.[293]

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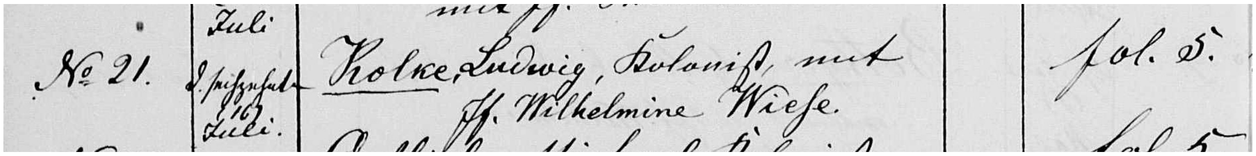
[207] *1863 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p26 #21.



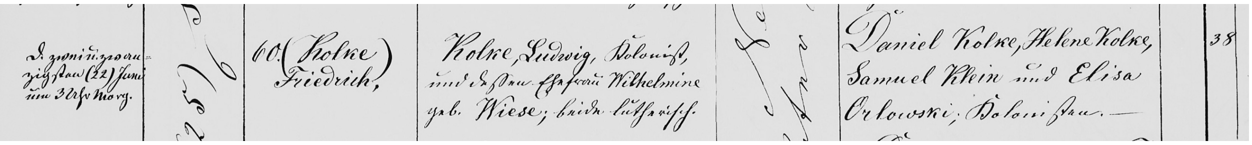
No 21.

Kolke, Ludwig, Kolonist, mit

Jgfr. Wilhelmine Wiese.

fol. 5.

[208] *1864 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p9 #60*; 1944EWZ939900* (son Eduard Kolke)*; A3342EWZ50-E028 0988, 0992, 0994, 0996, 1002; 1944EWZ904154* (daughter Melitta Kolke Krüger)*; and A3342EWZ50-E053 1575*.



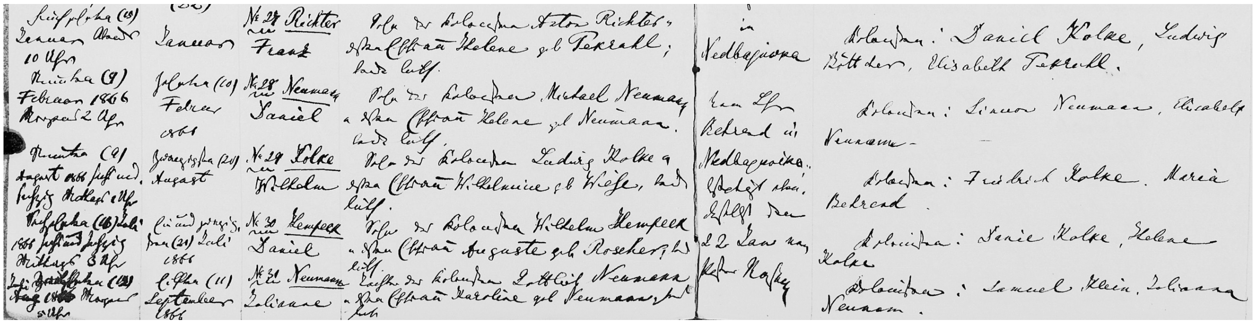
60. (Kolke) Friedrich,

Kolke, Ludwig, Kolonist, und dessen Ehefrau Wilhelmine geb. Wiese; beide lutherisch.

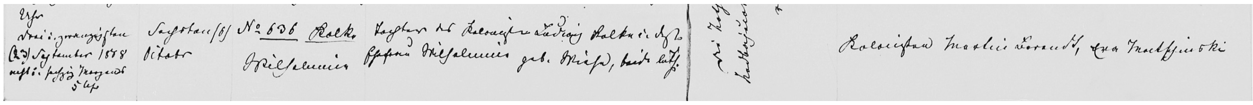
Daniel Kolke, Helene Kolke, Samuel Klein und Elisa Orlowski; Kolonisten.

38

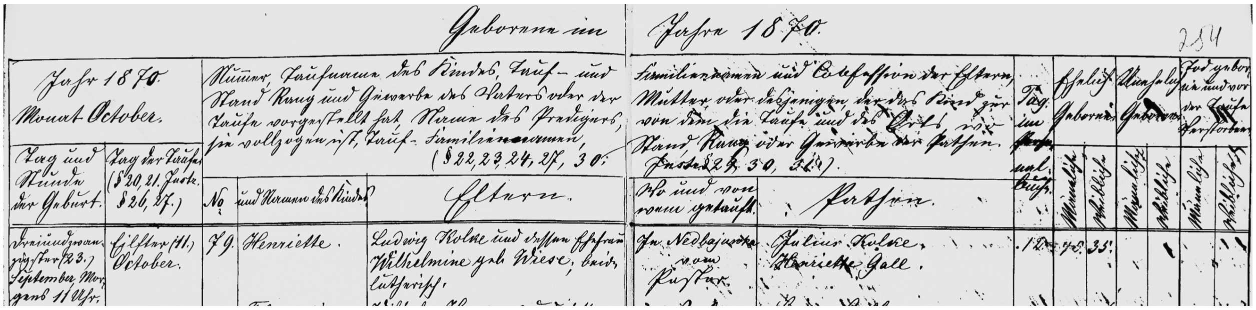
[209] *1867 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p501 #29.



[210] *1869 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p306 #636*; 1944EWZ940674* (Amanda Krause Potratz)*; and A3342EWZ50-G044 2334, 2340, 2342, 2344, 2346..*



[211] *1870 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p254 #79.



Geboren im Jahre 1870.

254

Jahr 1870. Monat October.

79. Henriette.

Ludwig Kolke und dessen Ehefrau Wilhelmine geb. Wiese, beide lutherisch.

Julius Kolke. Henriette Gall.

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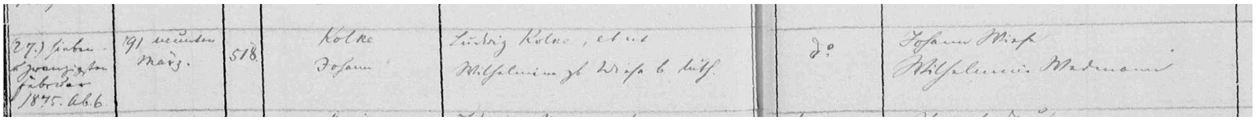
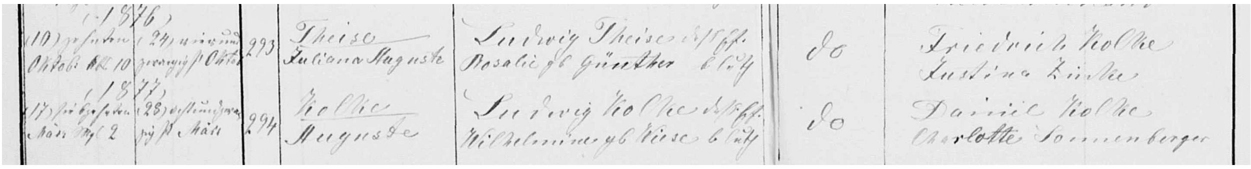
[212] *1902 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p45 #398*; and NKVD Repatriation #14226.* I don't know why August Kolke's baptism record did not appear contemporaneously with his birth/baptism in 1872, but the 1902 record is clearly for him. I am an *Ancestry*DNA™ match with the descendants of August Kolke and his wife Helene Biberdorf, through their daughter Maria Kolke. *See* Appendix A.

[213] *1875 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p651 #518.

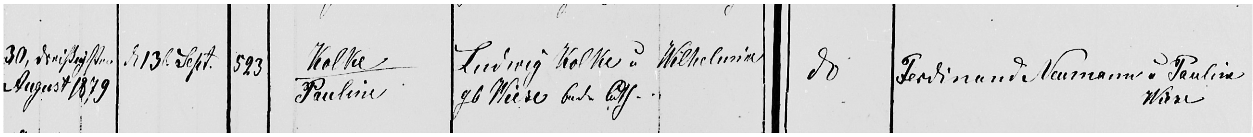

27.) sieben- zwanzigsten Februar 1875. Ab. 6 | (9) neunten März. | 518 | Kolke Johann | Ludwig Kolke, ev. luth. Wilhelmine geb. Wiese b. luth. | do | Johann Wiese Wilhelmine Weidemann

[214] *1877 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p617 #294*; 1943EWZ764082* (Augustine Kolge Kleinfeld)*; and A3342EWZ50-E014 1932, 1938, 1940, 1942.*


(1876) (10) zehnten Oktob. Ab. 10 | (24) vierundzwanzigsten Oktob. | 293 | Theise Juliana Auguste | Ludwig Theise ev. luth. Rosalie geb. Günther b. luth. | do | Friedrich Kolke Justina Zinke

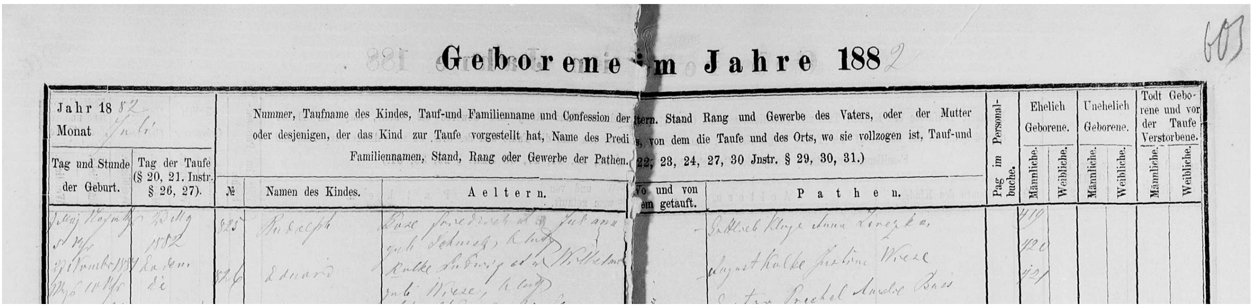
(1877) (17) siebzehnten März Mg. 2 | (28) achtundzwanzigsten März | 294 | Kolke Auguste | Ludwig Kolke ev. luth. Wilhelmine geb. Wiese b. luth. | do | Daniel Kolke Charlotte Sonnenberger

[215] *1879 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p814 #523.


30, dreißigsten August 1879 | d. 13. Sept. | 523 | Kolke Pauline | Ludwig Kolke u. Wilhelmine geb. Wiese beide luth. | do | Ferdinand Naumann u. Pauline Wiese

In 1907, Pauline Kolke and Edward Kolke (son of Friedrich Kolke and Justine Rode; not her brother *Eduard Kolke* who was in the United States) sponsored Hertha Sonntag, daughter of Emma Frieda Kolke (daughter of Friedrich Kolke and Justine Rode) and Emil Sonntag, in Maksimowka. *1907 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p1 #2.

[216] *1882 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p603 #826.


603

Geborene im Jahre 1882

Jahr 1882
Monat Juli

Tag und Stunde der Geburt. | Tag der Taufe (§ 20, 21. Instr. § 26, 27). | № | Namen des Kindes. | Aeltern. | Wo und von wem getauft. | Pathen. | Pag. im Personal-buche. | Ehelich Geborene. Männliche. | Weibliche. | Unehelich Geborene. Männliche. | Weibliche. | Todt Geborene und vor der Taufe Verstorbene. Männliche. | Weibliche.

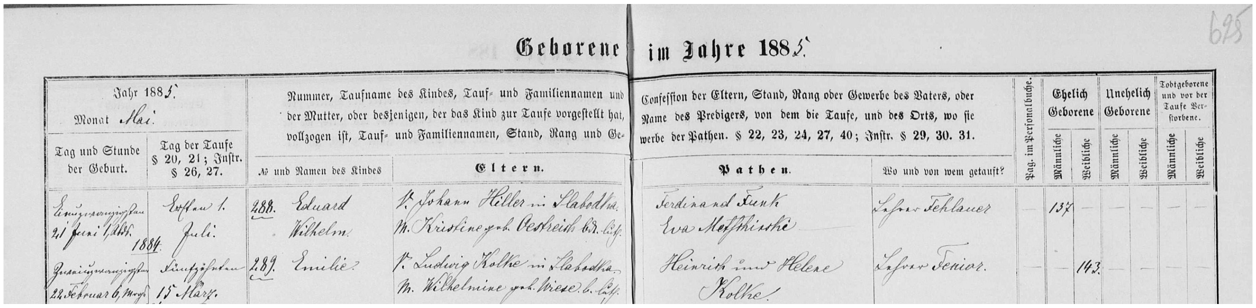
Nummer, Taufname des Kindes, Tauf-und Familienname und Confession der Aeltern. Stand Rang und Gewerbe des Vaters, oder der Mutter oder desjenigen, der das Kind zur Taufe vorgestellt hat, Name des Predigers, von dem die Taufe und des Orts, wo sie vollzogen ist, Tauf-und Familiennamen, Stand, Rang oder Gewerbe der Pathen. (22, 23, 24, 27, 30 Jnstr. § 29, 30, 31.)

825 | Rudolph | Rose Friedrich ... Justina geb. Schmidt, luth. | Gottlieb Kluge Anna ... | 419, 420

826 | Eduard | Kolke Ludwig ... Wilhelmine geb. Wiese, luth. | August Kolke Justine Wiese ... | 421

Edward Kolke/Kolka used birthdates of November 25 and December 25, 1882, when in the United States, which is also on his gravemarker (based upon what *Ernestine Berg Kolka* had originally told the engraver in 1952 when she ordered the marker, and then changed her mind and had only their names engraved).

[217] *1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p625 #289.



625

Geborene im Jahre 1885.

Jahr 1885.
Monat Mai.

Tag und Stunde der Geburt.	Tag der Taufe § 20, 21; Instr. § 26, 27.	№ und Namen des Kindes	Eltern.	Pathen.	Wo und von wem getauft?	Pag. im Personalbuche.	Ehelich Geborene Männliche	Ehelich Geborene Weibliche	Unehelich Geborene Männliche	Unehelich Geborene Weibliche	Todtgeborene und vor der Taufe Verstorbene Männliche	Todtgeborene und vor der Taufe Verstorbene Weibliche
Einundzwanzigsten 21 Juni 1 Abd. 1884	Ersten 1. Juli	288. Eduard Wilhelm	V. Johann Hiller in Slabodka M. Kristine geb. Oestreich b. Luth.	Ferdinand Funk Eva Meschinski	Lehrer Tehlauer	—	137	—	—	—	—	—
Zweiundzwanzigsten 22. Februar 6 Morg.	Fünfzehnten 15 März	289. Emilie	V. Ludwig Kolke in Slabodka M. Wilhelmine geb. Wiese b. Luth.	Heinrich und Helene Kolke	Lehrer Tenior.	—	—	143.	—	—	—	—

Nummer, Taufname des Kindes, Tauf- und Familiennamen und der Mutter, oder desjenigen, der das Kind zur Taufe vorgestellt hat, vollzogen ist, Tauf- und Familiennamen, Stand, Rang und Gewerbe der Pathen. § 22, 23, 24, 27, 40; Instr. § 29, 30. 31.

Confession der Eltern, Stand, Rang oder Gewerbe des Vaters, oder Name des Predigers, von dem die Taufe, und des Orts, wo sie

[218] There are no transcribed vital records for Volhynia between 1886 and 1899, or after 1919. However, his marriage and child's baptism records provide evidence Rudolph Kolke was a son of *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhelmine Wiese*.

[219] *1943EWZ764082* (Augustine Kolge Kleinfeld)*; and A3342EWZ50-E014 1932.*

[220] *1906 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p103 #162*; 1943 EWZ764082* (Augustine Kolge Kleinfeld)*; A3342EWZ50-E014 1932, 1940; 1944EWZ903226* (Pauline Kolke Jabs Seidel)*; A3342EWZ50-H081 2854; 1944EWZ939900* (Eduard Kolke)*; and A3342EWZ50-E028 0988, 1002.*

[221] *1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p611 #104.

Auguste Kolke married Adolf Lechner (February 26, 1881, Ostrowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia - <1944, Gnadenheim,* Ukraine SSR), son of Gottlieb Lechner (____ - ____) and Emilie/Pauline Frederkind (February 20, 1862, Ostrowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 9, 1862, Rohrbach, Shitomir Parish - ____ Nowo Borowajewka, Ukraine SSR; daughter of Ludwig Frederkink and Franciska Irene Kaufmann) on October 1, 1908, in the Heimtal Parish. In July 1915, Adolf Lechner's and his father Gottlieb Lechner's lands were appropriated by the Tsar, and their families were exiled to Siberia. It appears Auguste Kolke Lechner survived her deportation and returned to Volhynia, as she was relocated/deported from the Ukraine SSR to Siberia, Russia USSR, probably in the 1930s, where she probably died, because Berta Meisner (~1885, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia - ____, Ostrowka, Ukraine SSR) is listed as Adolf Lechner's spouse on multiple *EWZ* forms, including a couple which appear to identify her as the mother of Sophie Lechner and Herbert Lechner, which may be because she raised them after her mother was deported and father remarried. Based upon the dates of birth of all seven known children of Adolf Lechner, it appears Auguste Kolke was the mother of all of them, and she was deported in the 1930s, after which Adolf Lechner married Berta Meisner. All seven children appear in *EWZ* forms, and followed the German Army in its retreat from the Ukraine SSR. *1858 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p820 #17 (Johann Frederkink and Franciska Irene Kaufmann)*; 1862 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p434 #52 (Emilie Frederkink)*; 1908 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record*, p159, #144; *1915 Expropriation List; 1944EWZ1028176* (Lydia Lechner Deblitz)*; 1944EWZ1026177* (Pauline Frederkink Lechner)*; A3342EWZ50-A100 0968; 1944EWZ996824* (Frieda Lechner Schmidt)*; A3342EWZ50-H045 0640; 1944EWZ996826* (Sidonia Lechner)*; A3342-EWZ50-E076 2420, 2638, 2652; A3342EWZ58-H033 1256, 1258, 1262, 1268, 1269, 1270, 1274, 1287; 1944EWZ989832* (Auguste Lechner sister of Gottlieb)*; and A3342EWZ50-G035 1214.*

*Gnadenheim was one of 57 villages of the Molochna Colony, on the Sea of Azov, founded in 1804 by Mennonites from West Prussia, which was the second largest Mennonite settlement in Russia.

- Frieda Lechner (August 8, 1909, Ostrowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 16, 1909, Heimtal Parish (GP: Gustav Lechner, Adolf's brother) - >November 4, 1944) married Herbert Schmidt** (November 18, 1907, Solodyri, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia – September 5, 1941, Verschleppt), his second marriage, son of Michael Schmidt and Pauline Fietz, on June 12, 1932, in the Heimtal Parish. Herbert Schmidt was

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verschleppt on September 5, 1941. As of 1942, Frieda Lechner Schmidt was still a resident of Gnadenheim, Tschernigowka Rayon, where their two children had been born. Frieda Lechner Schmidt was in Hohensalza, Wartheland (occupied Poland), as of November 4, 1944, with her two children and stepson. Frieda Lechner and Herbert Schmidt had two known children, and one stepson. *1907 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p50 #447*; 1909 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p62 #608*; 1942 Volkstumsausweis*** and Certificate #396; 1944EWZ996824* (Frieda Lechner Schmidt)*; A3342EWZ50-H045 0640, 0641, 0644, 0646, 0648, 0650, 0651; 1944EWZ996825* (Harald Schmidt)*; and A3342EWZ58-H033 1256, 1258, 1262.*

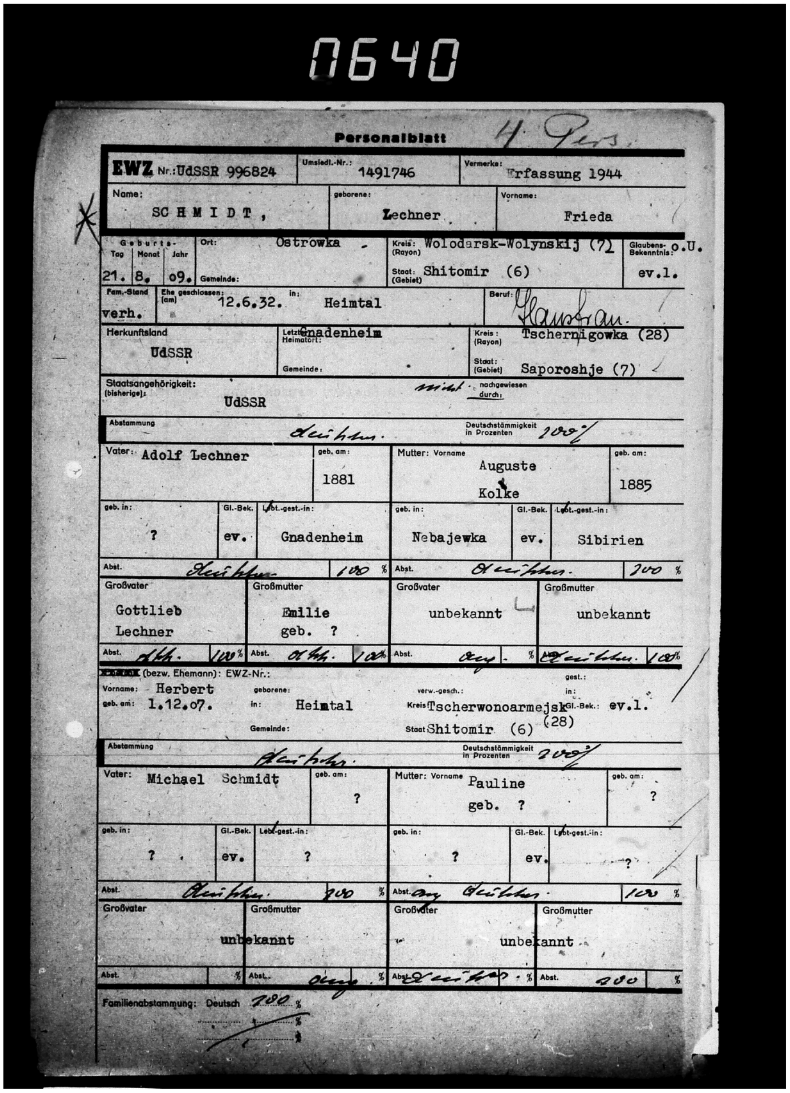
**Herbert Schmidt, son of Michael Schmidt and Pauline Fietz, died at the age of two months and was buried on February 15, 1908, in the Heimtal Parish. *1908 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p179 #199. Michael Schmidt and Pauline Fietz had six other known children, all born in Solodyri and baptized in the Heimtal Parish: August Schmidt (b1900); Rudolf Schmidt (b1902); Ewald Schmidt (b1903); Edmund Schmidt (b January 14, 1907); Amanda Schmidt (b1910); and Reinhold Schmidt (b1912). Frieda Lechner Schmidt's *EWZ* provides a December 1, 1907, birthdate and Solodyri as the place of birth, for her husband Herbert Schmidt, son of Michael Schmidt and Pauline ____. Frieda Lechner Schmidt's birthdate in the *EWZs* was August 21, 1909, also contrary to her baptism record, but was used by her in the *1942 Volkstumsausweis and Certificate #396*. There were six other Herbert Schmidts born in the four parishes between 1906 and 1909, none of whom had a father with the given name Michael. Therefore, either Herbert Schmidt's 1908 death (without date) was erroneous, or possibly one of his brothers assumed his name/identify. There is too much evidence he didn't die in 1908.

***The *Volkstumsausweis* was issued during the Nazi era (particularly 1941–1944) to individuals classified as *Volksdeutsche* (ethnic Germans) living outside the German Reich, specifically in the occupied territories of the Soviet Union and Poland. These cards were issued by the *Volksdeutsche Mittelstelle* (VoMi) to certify the bearer's status as belonging to the "Germanic" race, often for the purpose of granting privileges, employment, or inclusion in the "Germanization" efforts in occupied regions. The *Volkstumsausweis* were often used in conjunction with EWZ (*Einwandererzentralstelle* - Immigration Office) applications, which classified people for naturalization based on racial criteria.

1. Harald Schmidt (stepson) (July 29, 1928, Heimtal, Ukraine SSR - >November 4, 1944). Mother is Meta Zielke (July 8, 1903, Staraja Huta; bap August 3, 1903, Heimtal Parish - <June 12, 1932, probably Heimtal Parish, Ukraine SSR). As of June 11, 1947, Harald Schmidt was living in Vohenstrauss, Bavaria, in the American Zone of Occupation. *1903 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p54 #475; *1944EWZ996825* (Harald Schmidt)*; A3342EWZ58-H033 1258, 1262, 1264; A3342EWZ50-H045 0641, 0650; and* Arolsen Archives, Digital Archive; Bad Arolsen, Germany; *Lists of Persecutees 2.1.1.1 (American Zone), Ref #02010101 os, Document ID 70260103.*

2. Leonhard Schmidt (December 25, 1935, Gnadenheim, Ukraine SSR - >November 4, 1944). *1944EWZ996824* (Frieda Lechner Schmidt)*; A3342EWZ50-H045 0641, 0646; and A3342EWZ58-H033 1258.*

3. Seighard Schmidt (March 25, 1940, Gnadenheim, Ukraine SSR - >November 4, 1944). *1944EWZ996824* (Frieda Lechner Schmidt)*; A3342EWZ50-H045 0641, 0646; and A3342EWZ58-H033 1258.*



0640

Personalblatt 4. Pers.

EWZ Nr.: UdSSR 996824 | Umsiedl.-Nr.: 1491746 | Vermerke: Erfassung 1944

Name: SCHMIDT, | geborene: Lechner | Vorname: Frieda

Geburts- Tag 21. Monat 8. Jahr 09. | Ort: Ostrowka | Gemeinde: | Kreis: (Rayon) Wolodarsk-Wolynskij (7) | Staat: (Gebiet) Shitomir (6) | Glaubens-Bekenntnis: o.U. ev.l.

Fam.-Stand: verh. | Ehe geschlossen: (am) 12.6.32. in: Heimtal | Beruf: Hausfrau.

Herkunftsland: UdSSR | Letzter Heimatort: Gnadenheim | Gemeinde: | Kreis: (Rayon) Tschernigowka (28) | Staat: (Gebiet) Saporoshje (7)

Staatsangehörigkeit: (bisherige): UdSSR | nicht nachgewiesen durch:

Abstammung: deutschen. | Deutschstämmigkeit in Prozenten: 100%

Vater: Adolf Lechner | geb. am: 1881 | Mutter: Vorname Auguste Kolke | geb. am: 1885

geb. in: ? | Gl.-Bek.: ev. | Lebt.-gest.-in: Gnadenheim | geb. in: Nebajewka | Gl.-Bek.: ev. | Lebt.-gest.-in: Sibirien

Abst.: deutschen. 100 % | Abst.: deutschen. 100 %

Großvater: Gottlieb Lechner | Großmutter: Emilie geb. ? | Großvater: unbekannt | Großmutter: unbekannt

Abst.: dtsch. 100 % | Abst.: dtsch. 100 % | Abst.: - % | Abst.: deutschen. 100 %

[illegible] (bezw. Ehemann): EWZ-Nr.:

Vorname: Herbert | geborene: | verw.-gesch.: | gest.: in:

geb. am: 1.12.07. | in: Heimtal | Kreis: Tscherwonoarmejsk (28) | Gl.-Bek.: ev.l.

Gemeinde: | Staat: Shitomir (6)

Abstammung: deutschen. | Deutschstämmigkeit in Prozenten: 100%

Vater: Michael Schmidt | geb. am: ? | Mutter: Vorname Pauline geb. ? | geb. am: ?

geb. in: ? | Gl.-Bek.: ev. | Lebt.-gest.-in: ? | geb. in: ? | Gl.-Bek.: ev. | Lebt.-gest.-in: ?

Abst.: deutschen. 100 % | Abst.: deutschen. 100 %

Großvater | Großmutter: unbekannt | Großvater | Großmutter: unbekannt

Abst.: % | Abst.: % | Abst.: deutschen. % | Abst.: 100 %

Familienabstammung: Deutsch 100 %

- Agathe Lechner (b January 3, 1911, Ostrowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 7, 1911, Heimtal Parish). *1911 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p79 #774.

- Lydia Lechner (July 25, 1912, Ostrowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 17, 1912, Heimtal Parish, GP: Julius Neumann and Emma (Frieda Kolke) Sonntag (daughter of Friedrich Kolke, son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass, and Justine Rode (daughter of Daniel Rode and Helene Biberdorf)) - >December 6, 1944). Lydia Lechner married David Deblitz (August 30, 1902, Solodyri, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia) – September 5, 1941, Verschleppt), son of Karl Deblitz (1915, Land confiscated and family deported to Russia) (____ Verschleppt) (son of August Deblitz)), on March 24, 1937, in Ostrowka. They had two known children born in Gnadenheim, where Lydia Lechner Deblitz's sister Frieda Lechner Schmidt was also living. As of December 6, 1944, Lydia Lechner Deblitz and her two children were in Hohensalza, Wartheland (German occupied Poland), probably with her sister Frieda Lechner Schmidt. *1912 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p52 #495*; 1915 Expropriation List; 1944EWZ1028176* (Lydia Lechner Deblitz); *and A3342EWZ50-A100 0968, 0970, 0972, 0974.*

    1. Adeline Deblitz (February 13, 1938, Gnadenheim, Ukraine SSR - >December 6, 1944). *1944EWZ1028176* (Lydia Lechner Deblitz); *and A3342EWZ50-A100 0970, 0974.*

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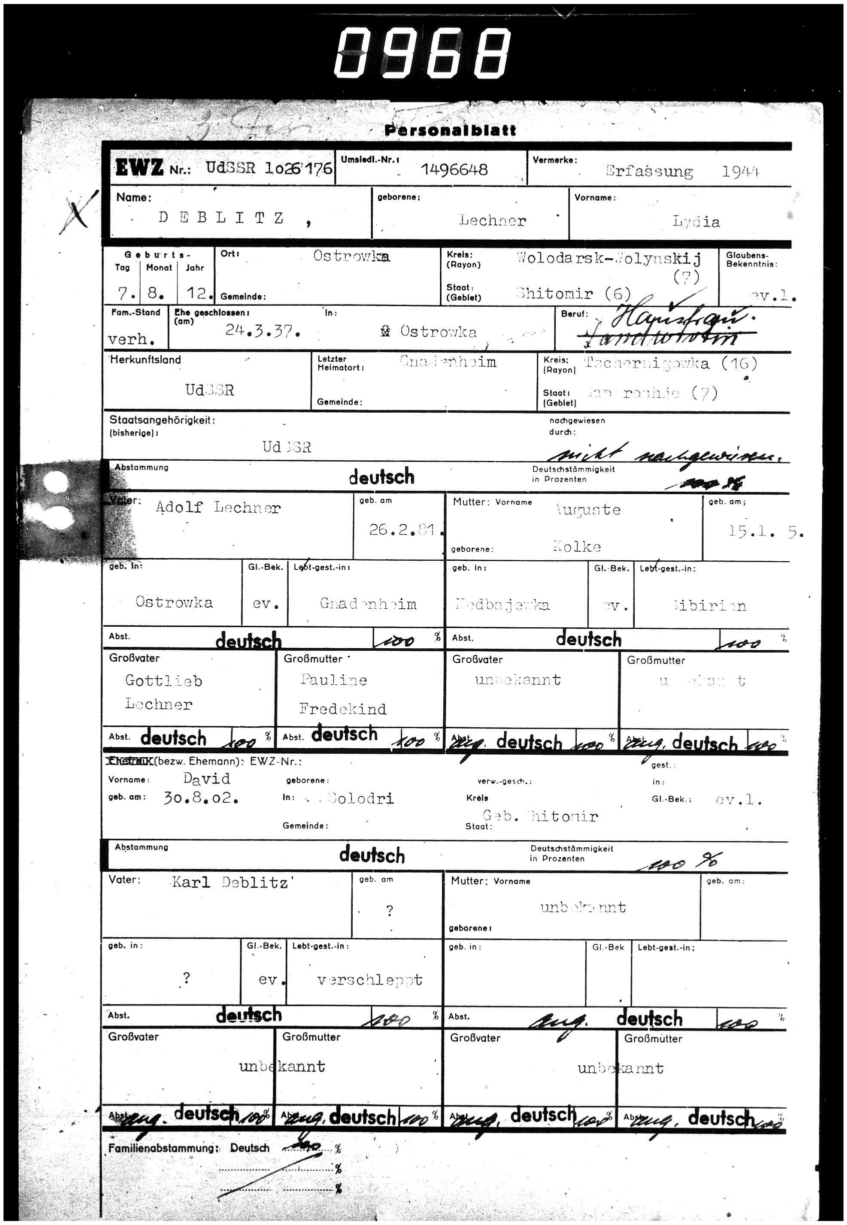
2. Irene Deblitz (March 6, 1941, Gnadenheim, Ukraine SSR - >December 6, 1944). *1944EWZ1028176* (Lydia Lechner Deblitz); *and A3342EWZ50-A100 0970, 0974.*



0968

Personalblatt

EWZ Nr.: UdSSR 1026176
Umsiedl.-Nr.: 1496648
Vermerke: Erfassung 1944

Name: DEBLITZ,
geborene: Lechner
Vorname: Lydia

Geburts- Tag: 7. Monat: 8. Jahr: 12.
Ort: Ostrowka
Gemeinde:
Kreis: (Rayon) Wolodarsk-Wolynskij (7)
Staat: (Gebiet) Shitomir (6)
Glaubens-Bekenntnis: ev.l.

Fam.-Stand: verh.
Ehe geschlossen: (am) 24.3.37.
in: Ostrowka
Beruf: Hausfrau. ~~Landarbeiterin~~

Herkunftsland: UdSSR
Letzter Heimatort: Gnadenheim
Gemeinde:
Kreis: (Rayon) Tschernigowka (16)
Staat: (Gebiet) Saporoshje (7)

Staatsangehörigkeit: (bisherige): UdSSR
nachgewiesen durch: nicht nachgewiesen.

Abstammung: deutsch
Deutschstämmigkeit in Prozenten: 100 %

Vater: Adolf Lechner	geb. am 26.2.81.	Mutter: Vorname Auguste geborene: Kolke	geb. am: 15.1. 5.

geb. in: Ostrowka	Gl.-Bek. ev.	Lebt-gest.-in: Gnadenheim	geb. in: Nedbajewka	Gl.-Bek. ev.	Lebt-gest.-in: Sibirien
Abst. deutsch	100 %		Abst. deutsch	100 %	

Großvater Gottlieb Lechner	Großmutter Pauline Fredekind	Großvater unbekannt	Großmutter unbekannt
Abst. deutsch 100 %	Abst. deutsch 100 %	Abst. ang. deutsch 100 %	Abst. ang. deutsch 100 %

~~Ehefrau~~ (bezw. Ehemann): EWZ-Nr.:
Vorname: David
geb. am: 30.8.02.
geborene:
In: Solodri
Gemeinde:
verw.-gesch.:
Kreis:
Geb. Shitomir
Staat:
gest.:
in:
Gl.-Bek.: ev.l.

Abstammung: deutsch
Deutschstämmigkeit in Prozenten: 100 %

Vater: Karl Deblitz	geb. am ?	Mutter: Vorname unbekannt geborene:	geb. am:

geb. in: ?	Gl.-Bek. ev.	Lebt-gest.-in: verschleppt	geb. in:	Gl.-Bek	Lebt-gest.-in:
Abst. deutsch	100 %		Abst. ang. deutsch	100 %	

Großvater	Großmutter unbekannt	Großvater	Großmutter unbekannt
Abst. ang. deutsch 100 %	Abst. ang. deutsch 100 %	Abst. ang. deutsch 100 %	Abst. ang. deutsch 100 %

Familienabstammung: Deutsch 100 %
%
%

• Reinhard Lechner (b December 14, 1913, Ostrowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 17, 1913, Heimtal Parish, GP: Friedrich Kolke and Mathilde (Gruenstern) Kolke (wife of Rudolph Kolke). *1913 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p41 #343.

• Sidonia Lechner (b June 9, 1918, Ostrowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia) was not married as of November 4, 1944, when she also was in Hohensalza, Wartheland (German occupied Poland). *1944EWZ996826* (Sidonia Lechner)*; A3342EWZ50-H033 1268, 1270; A3342-EWZ50-E076 2638, 2640, 2642, 2644, 2646, 2652; and A3342EWZ50-H045 0650.*

- Sophie Lechner (b November 10, 1925, Ostrowka, Ukraine SSR) was not married as of December 6, 1944, when she also was in Hohensalza, Wartheland (German occupied Poland). In the *EWZ* completed by Sophie Lechner, it appears she may have identified Berta Meisner Lechner as her mother, as did Herbert Lechner, when she was probably her step-mother. *A3342EWZ50-E076 2652; and 1944 Erfassung.*

- Herbert Lechner (b September 29, 1929, Ostrowka, Ukraine SSR) was a member of the Hitler Youth. Herbert Lechner appears in several *EWZs and Feststellung der Deutschstämmigkeit* forms, which include either Auguste or Berta. As of November 4, 1944, when he also was in Hohensalza, Wartheland (German occupied Poland). *1944EWZ996827* (Herbert Lechner)*; A3342EWZ50-E076 2420, 2421, 2638, 2640, 2646 (Hitlerjugend Umsiedler-Personalkarte); 1944EWZ996826* (Sidonia Lechner)*; A3342EWZ50-H033 1269, 1270; A3342EWZ58-H033 1269, 1274, 1276, 1287; and A3342EWZ50-H045 0650.*

[222] Daniel Wolf was the son of Fryderyk Wolf and Maria Rentz. Krystyna Schilling was the daughter of Gotfryd Schilling and Maria König. Daniel Wolf and Krystyna Schilling were married in 1859 in the Nasielsk Parish of the Church of the Augsburg Confession, Congress Poland, Russia, which was established in 1849. *1859 Nasielsk Church of the Augsburg Confession Marriage Record,* #2.

[223] *1944EWZ939900* (Eduard Kolke)*; A3342EWZ50-E028 0988, 0992, 0994, 0996, 1000, 1002, 1006, 1016; and 1944EWZ904154* (Melitta Kolke Krüger)*; and A3342EWZ50-E053 1575, 1581, 1583, 1585.*

[224] *1911 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p20 #172 (14Y 3M).

[225] *1900 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p25 #161.

[226] *1944EWZ939900* (Eduard Kolke)*; and A3342EWZ50-E028 0988, 0992, 0994, 0996, 1000, 1002, 1006, 1016.* Eduard Kolke was married twice.

M#1 On November 13, 1931, in Rohrbach/Berezowka, Eduard Kolke married Antonie/Antonia Schön (March 16, 1910, Kurne, Volhynia, Russia; bap March 25, 1910, Kurgany, Heimtal Parish – 1937, Serbo-Slobodka, Ukraine SSR), daughter of Emil Schön (son of Gustav Schön; m January 18, 1906, Heimtal Parish) and Erna Schön (daughter of Samuel Schön and Auguste David; m March 23, 1883, Heimtal Parish). Eduard Kolke and Antonia Schön had two known children before her death in 1937. Both family's ethnicities and genealogies are set forth in *A3342EWZ50-E028 1002 (Feststellung)*, part of *1944EWZ939900. 1883 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p853 #62 (Schön and David)*; 1906 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p125 #16 (Schön and Schön)*; and 1910 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p103 #1019.

> 1. Leo Kolke (b February 3, 1933, Serbo-Slobodka, Ukraine SSR) was in Gnesen, occupied Poland, as of July 9, 1944, with his father. *1944EWZ939900; and A3342EWZ50-E028 0988, 0994, 1010.*
>
> 2. Ida Kolke (b June 16, 1935, Serbo-Slobodka, Ukraine SSR) was sick and in an infirmary/hospital in Gnesen, Poland, when her father completed the *EWZ* on July 9, 1944. *1944EWZ939900; and A3342EWZ50-E028 0988, 0994, 1008.*

M#2 On April 19, 1938, in Mariendorf, Eduard Kolke (a farmer) married Lydia Stange (November 20, 1911, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 23, 1911, Emilchin Parish - >July 9, 1944), daughter of Ludwig Stange (August 23, 1868, Lomza, Congress Poland, Russia - <July 9, 1944, Mariendorf/Marianowka) and Emilie Markwardt (b May 3, 1871, Horodischische; daughter of Heinrich Markwardt (b November 2, 1844, Congress Poland, Russia) and Karoline Hiller (b January 12, 1846, Poland)). *1911 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p23 #192; *1944EWZ939900* (Eduard Kolke),

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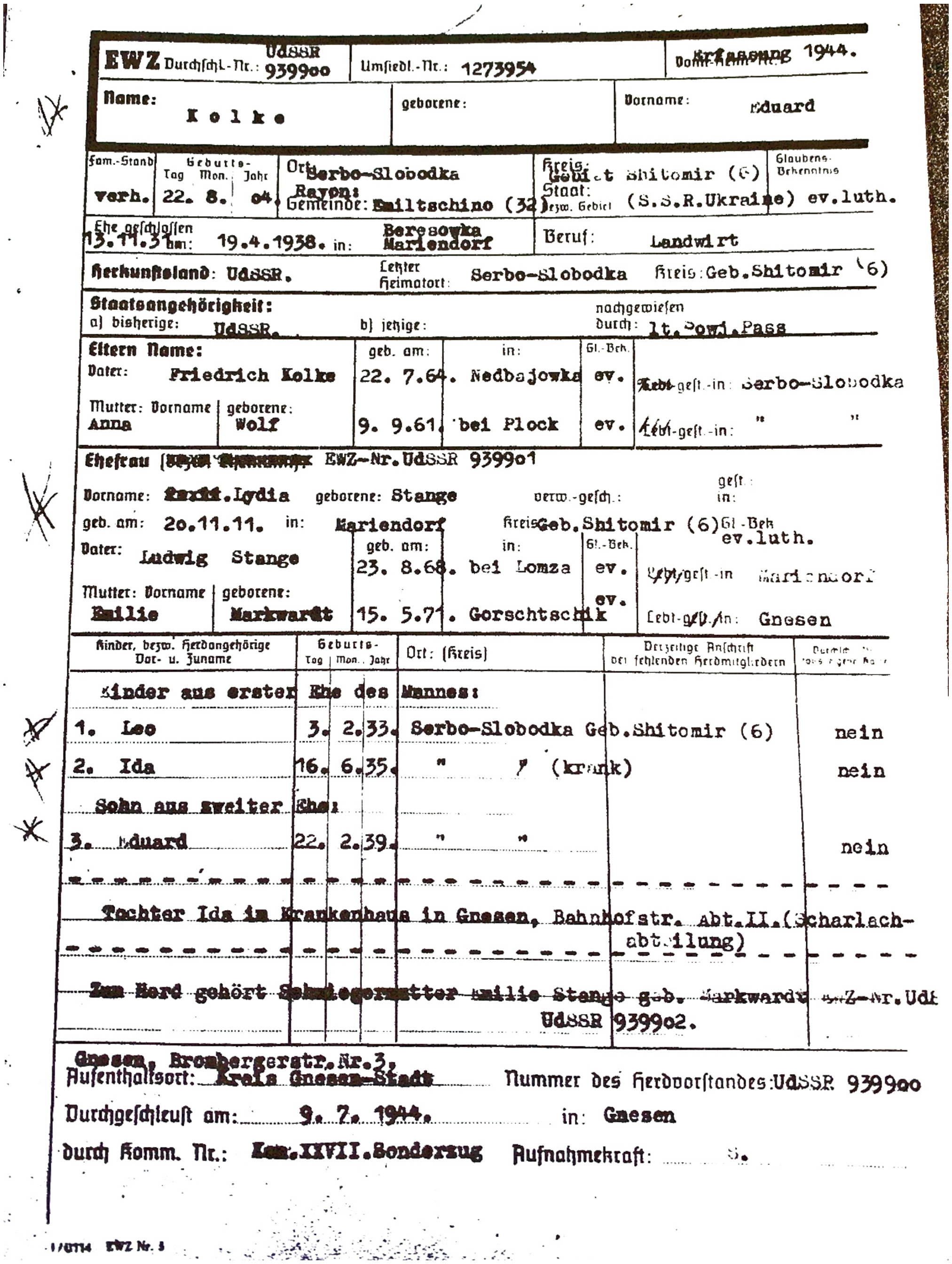
1944EWZ939901 (Lydia Stange Kolke) *and 1944EWZ939902* (Emilie Markwardt Stange)*; and A3342EWZ50-E028 0988*. Eduard Kolke and Lydia Stange had one known child:

1. Eduard Kolke (b February 22, 1939, Serbo-Slobodka). *1944EWZ939900; and A3342EWZ50-E028 0988*.

On July 9, 1944, the Eduard Kolke family, and his mother-in-law Emilie Stange, were residents of Gnesen (Gniezno), Poland, which was 50km east of Posen/Poznan, apparently accompanying the German Army back to Germany. They had left their home in Serbo-Slobodka (Slobodka), where Eduard Kolke had been a farmer.



EWZ Durchſchl.-Nr.: UdSSR 939900 | Umſiedl.-Nr.: 1273954 | Wohn-Heim-Nr.: Erfassung 1944.

Name: Kolke | geborene: | Vorname: Eduard

Fam.-Stand: verh. | Geburts- Tag Mon. Jahr: 22. 8. 04. | Ort: Serbo-Slobodka Rayon: Gemeinde: Emiltschino (32) | Kreis: Gebiet Shitomir (6) Staat: bezw. Gebiet (S.S.R.Ukraine) | Glaubens-Bekenntnis: ev.luth.

Ehe geſchloſſen am: 13.11.31 19.4.1938. in: Beresowka Mariendorf | Beruf: Landwirt

Herkunftsland: UdSSR. | Letzter Heimatort: Serbo-Slobodka | Kreis: Geb.Shitomir (6)

Staatsangehörigkeit:
a) bisherige: UdSSR. b) jetzige: nachgewieſen durch: lt. Sowj.Pass

Eltern Name:

	geb. am:	in:	Gl.-Bek.	
Vater: Friedrich Kolke	22. 7.64.	Nedbajowka	ev.	~~Lebt~~ geſt.-in: Serbo-Slobodka
Mutter: Vorname Anna, geborene: Wolf	9. 9.61.	bei Plock	ev.	~~Lebt~~-geſt.-in: " "

Ehefrau EWZ-Nr.UdSSR 939901

Vorname: Emilie.Lydia geborene: Stange verw.-geſch.: geſt.: in:

geb. am: 20.11.11. in: Mariendorf Kreis Geb.Shitomir (6) Gl.-Bek. ev.luth.

	geb. am:	in:	Gl.-Bek.	
Vater: Ludwig Stange	23. 8.68.	bei Lomza	ev.	~~Lebt~~/geſt.-in Mariendorf
Mutter: Vorname Emilie, geborene: Markwardt	15. 5.71.	Gorschtschik	ev.	Lebt-~~geſt.~~-in: Gnesen

Kinder, bezw. Herdangehörige Vor- u. Zuname	Geburts- Tag	Mon.	Jahr	Ort: (Kreis)	Derzeitige Anſchrift der fehlenden Herdmitglieder	
Kinder aus erster Ehe des Mannes:						
1. Leo	3.	2.	33.	Serbo-Slobodka Geb.Shitomir (6)		nein
2. Ida	16.	6.	35.	" " (krank)		nein
Sohn aus zweiter Ehe:						
3. Eduard	22.	2.	39.	" "		nein

Tochter Ida im Krankenhaus in Gnesen, Bahnhofstr. Abt.II.(Scharlach-abteilung)

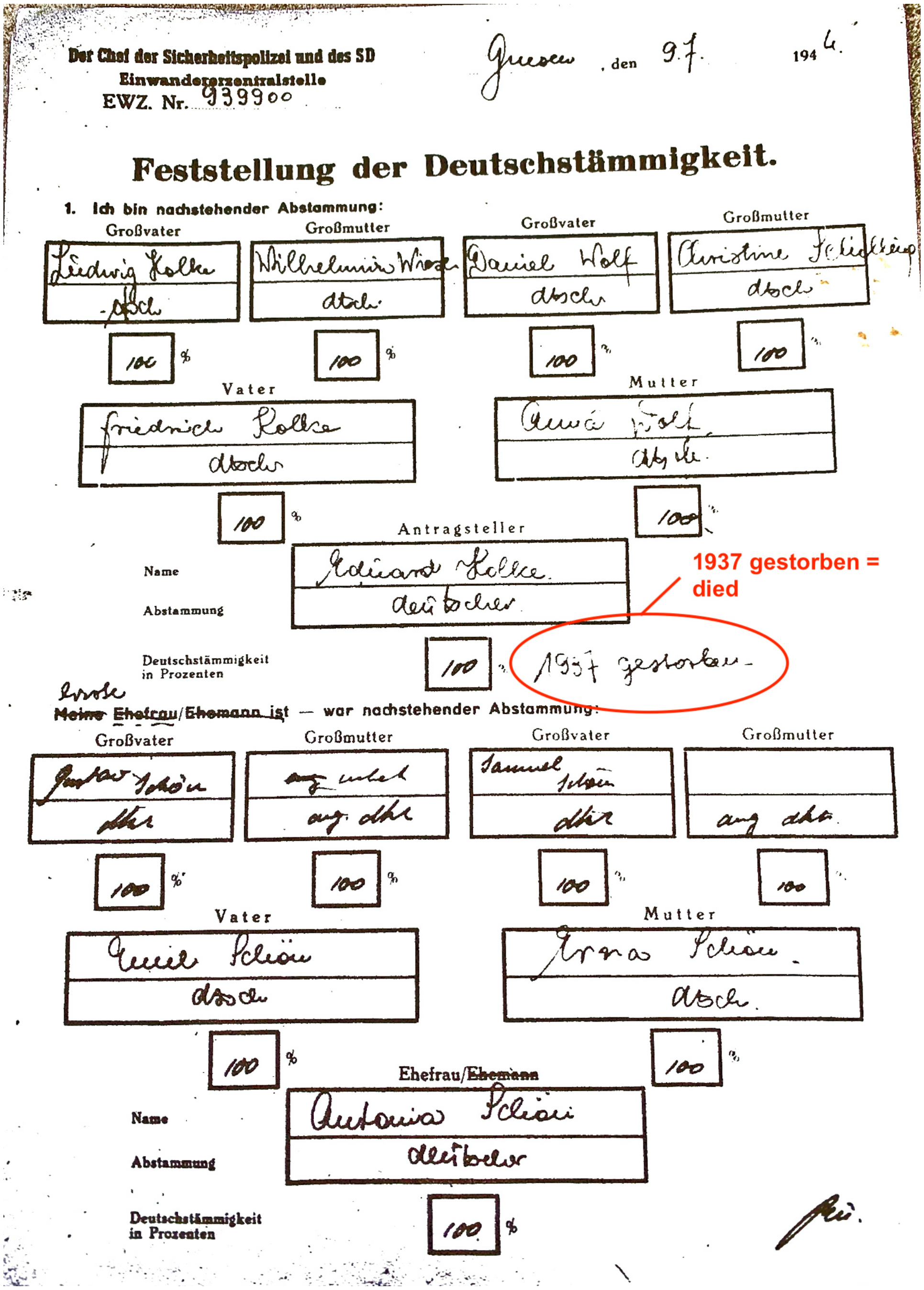
Zum Herd gehört Schwiegermutter Emilie Stange geb. Markwardt EWZ-Nr.UdSSR 939902.

Aufenthaltsort: Gnesen, Brombergerstr.Nr.3. Kreis Gnesen-Stadt | Nummer des Herdvorſtandes: UdSSR 939900

Durchgeſchleuſt am: 9. 7. 1944. in: Gnesen

durch Komm. Nr.: Kom.XXVII.Sonderzug | Aufnahmekraft: S.

1/0714 EWZ Nr. 3



Der Chef der Sicherheitspolizei und des SD
Einwandererzentralstelle
EWZ. Nr. 939900

Gnesen, den 9.7. 1944.

Feststellung der Deutschstämmigkeit.

1. Ich bin nachstehender Abstammung:

Großvater	Großmutter	Großvater	Großmutter
Ludwig Kolke	Wilhelmine Wiese	Daniel Wolf	Christine Schlieckberg
dtsch	dtsch.	dtsch	dtsch
100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

Vater	Mutter
Friedrich Kolke	Anna Wolf
dtsch	dtsch.
100 %	100 %

Antragsteller
Name: Eduard Kolke
Abstammung: deutscher
Deutschstämmigkeit in Prozenten: 100 % 1937 gestorben.

1937 gestorben = died

Seine ~~Meine~~ Ehefrau/~~Ehemann~~ ist — war nachstehender Abstammung:

Großvater	Großmutter	Großvater	Großmutter
Gustav Schön	ang. unbek	Samuel Schön	
dtsch	ang. dtsch	dtsch	ang. dtsch.
100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

Vater	Mutter
Emil Schön	Erna Schön.
dtsch	dtsch.
100 %	100 %

Ehefrau/~~Ehemann~~
Name: Antonia Schön
Abstammung: deutscher
Deutschstämmigkeit in Prozenten: 100 %

Rü.

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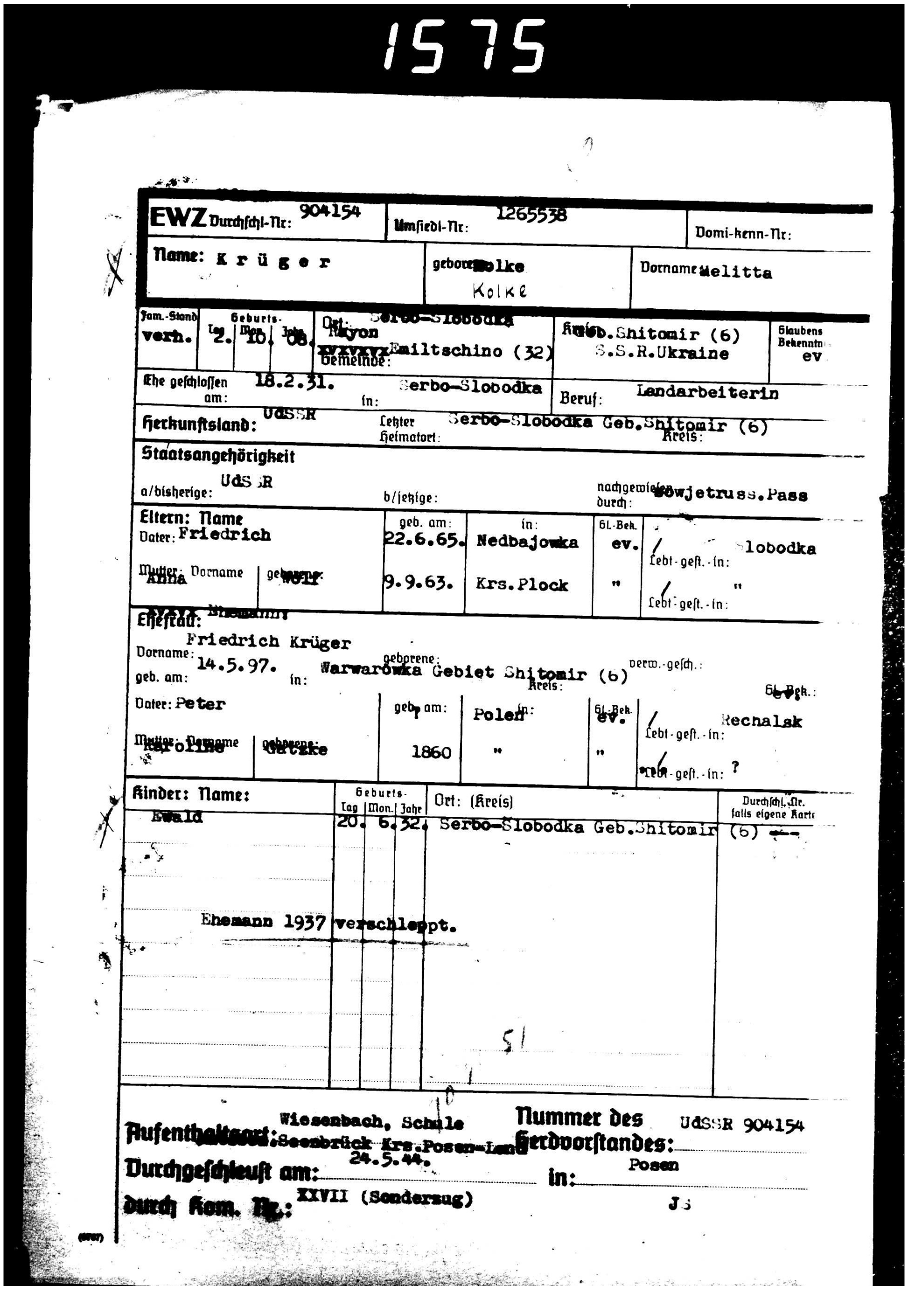
[227] *1908 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p16 #146*; 1944EWZ904154* (Melitta Kolke Krüger)*; and A3342EWZ50-E053 1575, 1581, 1583, 1585.*

On February 13, 1931, in Serbo-Slobodka, Melitta Kolke married Friedrich Krüger (May 14, 1897, Warwarowka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia – July 1937, shot by NKVD, probably in Emilchin, Ukraine SSR), son of Peter Krüger (____, Congress Poland, Russia - ____, Warwarowka) and Karoline Gatzke (b December 12, 1866, Gombin, Płock, Congress Poland, Russia); daughter of Peter Gatzke and Berta Kannenberg; m 1883 in Grosse Kamp, Warsaw, Congress Poland, Russia). Melitta Kolke and Friedrich Krüger had one known child. On June 12, 1937, Friedrich Krüger (Krieger), a "working farmer," son of Peter, with a wife Melita and son Ewald, was arrested by the Emilchin NKVD under Article 54-10 of the Ukraine Criminal Code (conducting anti-Soviet propaganda and agitation). Friedrich Krüger (Krieger) was tried by two NKVD officers from the USSR on June 26, 1937, found guilty and sentenced to the maximum punishment (death). He was shot, probably no later than July 1937. As of May 24, 1944, Melitta Kolke Krüger and her son Ewald Krüger were in Posen/Poznań, German occupied Poland. *1944EWZ904154* (Melitta Kolke Krüger)*; A3342EWZ50-E053 1575, 1581, 1583, 1585; 1944EWZ941445* (Karoline Gatzke Krüger)*; A3342EWZ50-E053 0440, 0448, 0450, 0454; A3342EWZ50-D039 1196; A3342EWZ50-H047 1562; and KGB#1617.*

1. Ewald Krüger (June 20, 1932, Serbo-Slobodka, Ukraine SSR - >May 24, 1944). *1944EWZ904154* (Melitta Kolke Krüger); *A3342EWZ50-E053 1575; and KGB#1617.*



1575

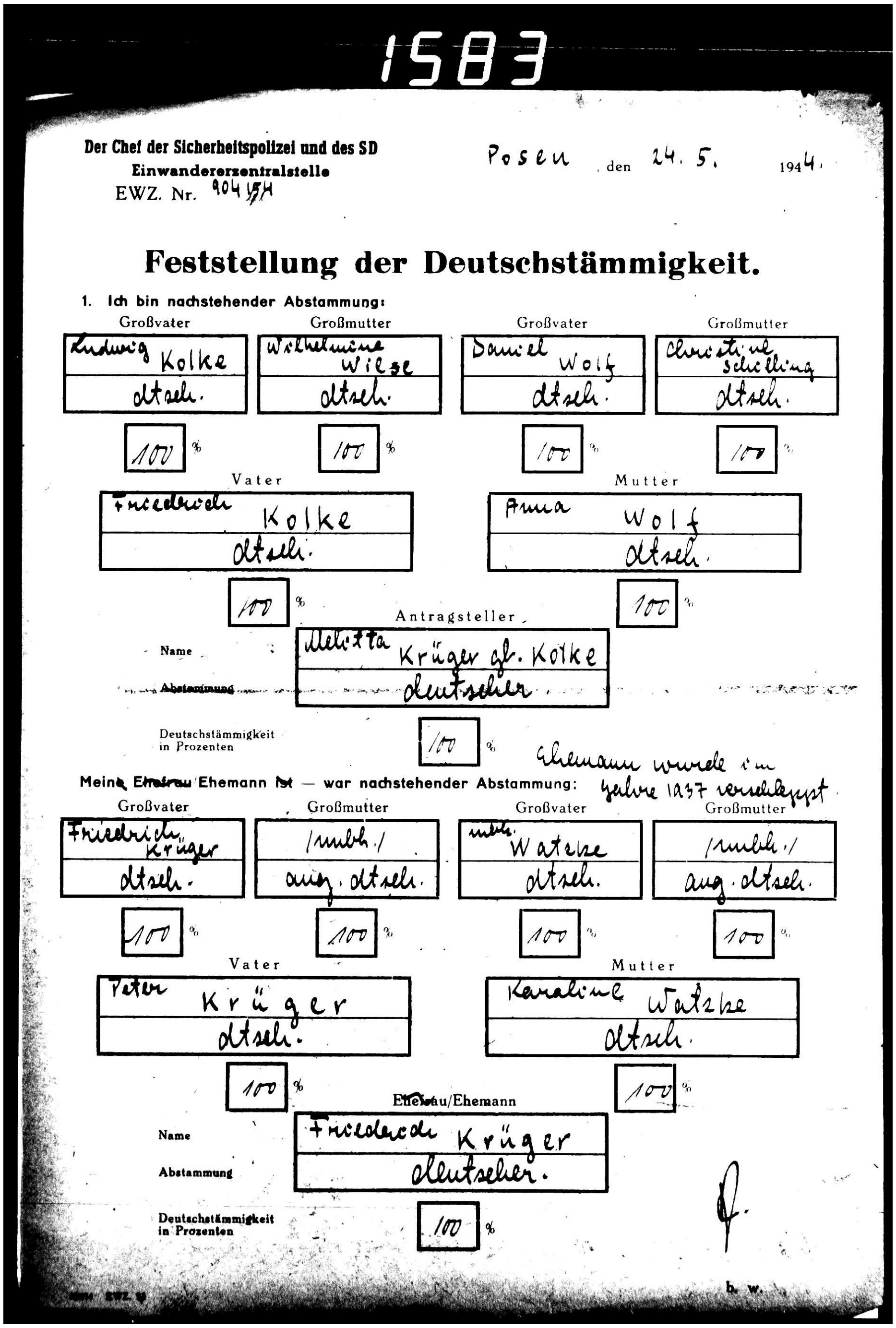
EWZ Durchschl-Nr: 904154
Umsiedl-Nr: 1265538
Domi-kenn-Nr:
Name: K r ü g e r
geborene Kolke
Kolke
Vorname Melitta
Fam.-Stand: verh.
Geburts- Tag: 2. Mon: 10. Jahr: 08.
Ort: Serbo-Slobodka
Rayon ~~Gemeinde~~: Emiltschino (32)
Kreis: Geb. Shitomir (6) S.S.R. Ukraine
Glaubens Bekenntnis: ev
Ehe geschlossen am: 18.2.31. in: Serbo-Slobodka
Beruf: Landarbeiterin
Herkunftsland: UdSSR
Letzter Heimatort: Serbo-Slobodka Geb. Shitomir (6) Kreis:
Staatsangehörigkeit
a/bisherige: UdSSR
b/jetzige:
nachgewiesen durch: Sowjetruss. Pass
Eltern: Name
Vater: Friedrich geb. am: 22.6.65. in: Nedbajowka Gl.-Bek.: ev. / lebt-gest.-in: Slobodka
Mutter: Vorname Anna geborene: Wolf 9.9.63. Krs. Plock " / lebt-gest.-in: "
~~Ehefrau~~: Ehemann:
Vorname: Friedrich Krüger
geb. am: 14.5.97. in: Warwarówka Gebiet Shitomir (6) Kreis:
geborene:
verw.-gesch.:
Gl.-Bek.: ev.
Vater: Peter geb. am: in: Polen Gl.-Bek.: ev. / lebt-gest.-in: Rechalak
Mutter: Vorname Karoline geborene: Gatzke 1860 " " / lebt-gest.-in: ?

Kinder: Name:	Geburts- Tag	Mon.	Jahr	Ort: (Kreis)	Durchschl.-Nr. falls eigene Karte
Ewald	20.	6.	32.	Serbo-Slobodka Geb. Shitomir	(6)

Ehemann 1937 verschleppt.

51

Aufenthaltsort: Wiesenbach, Schule Seenbrück Krs. Posen-Land
Nummer des Herdvorstandes: UdSSR 904154
Durchgeschleust am: 24.5.44. in: Posen
durch Kom. Nr.: XXVII (Sonderzug)
J



1583

Der Chef der Sicherheitspolizei und des SD
Einwandererzentralstelle
EWZ. Nr. 904 ʃ/H

Posen, den 24. 5. 1944.

Feststellung der Deutschstämmigkeit.

1. Ich bin nachstehender Abstammung:

Großvater	Großmutter	Großvater	Großmutter
Ludwig Kolke	Wilhelmine Wiese	Daniel Wolf	Christine Schilling
dtsch.	dtsch.	dtsch.	dtsch.
100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

Vater	Mutter
Friedrich Kolke	Anna Wolf
dtsch.	dtsch.
100 %	100 %

Antragsteller

Name: Melitta Krüger geb. Kolke
Abstammung: deutscher.
Deutschstämmigkeit in Prozenten: 100 %

Ehemann wurde im Jahre 1937 verschleppt.

Meine ~~Ehefrau~~/Ehemann ~~ist~~ — war nachstehender Abstammung:

Großvater	Großmutter	Großvater	Großmutter
Friedrich Krüger	/unbk./	unbk. Watzke	/unbk./
dtsch.	ang. dtsch.	dtsch.	ang. dtsch.
100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

Vater	Mutter
Peter Krüger	Karoline Watzke
dtsch.	dtsch.
100 %	100 %

~~Ehefrau~~/Ehemann

Name: Friedrich Krüger
Abstammung: deutscher.
Deutschstämmigkeit in Prozenten: 100 %

b. w.

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[228] *1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p611 #104.

In 1899, a Wilhelm Kolke and his family emigrated to the United States on the *Konigin Luise* out of Bremen, Germany. I thought it was a possibility he was the first of the family to leave Volhynia. However, the *1899 Konigin Luise Manifest* states their last residence was Kurgani, Wolyn, and Wilhelm's age as 34. The family settled initially in Berrien County, Michigan, and in the *1900 US Census*, "William" Kolke gave his birthdate as April 1864. He died in Vancouver, Clark County, Washington, and his *1951 Washington Death Certificate* lists his father as John Kolke and his mother's given name as Amelia.

I have been unable to locate any additional information about the fate of Wilhelm Kolke. He was not the Wilhelm Kolke who married Natalie Eggert.

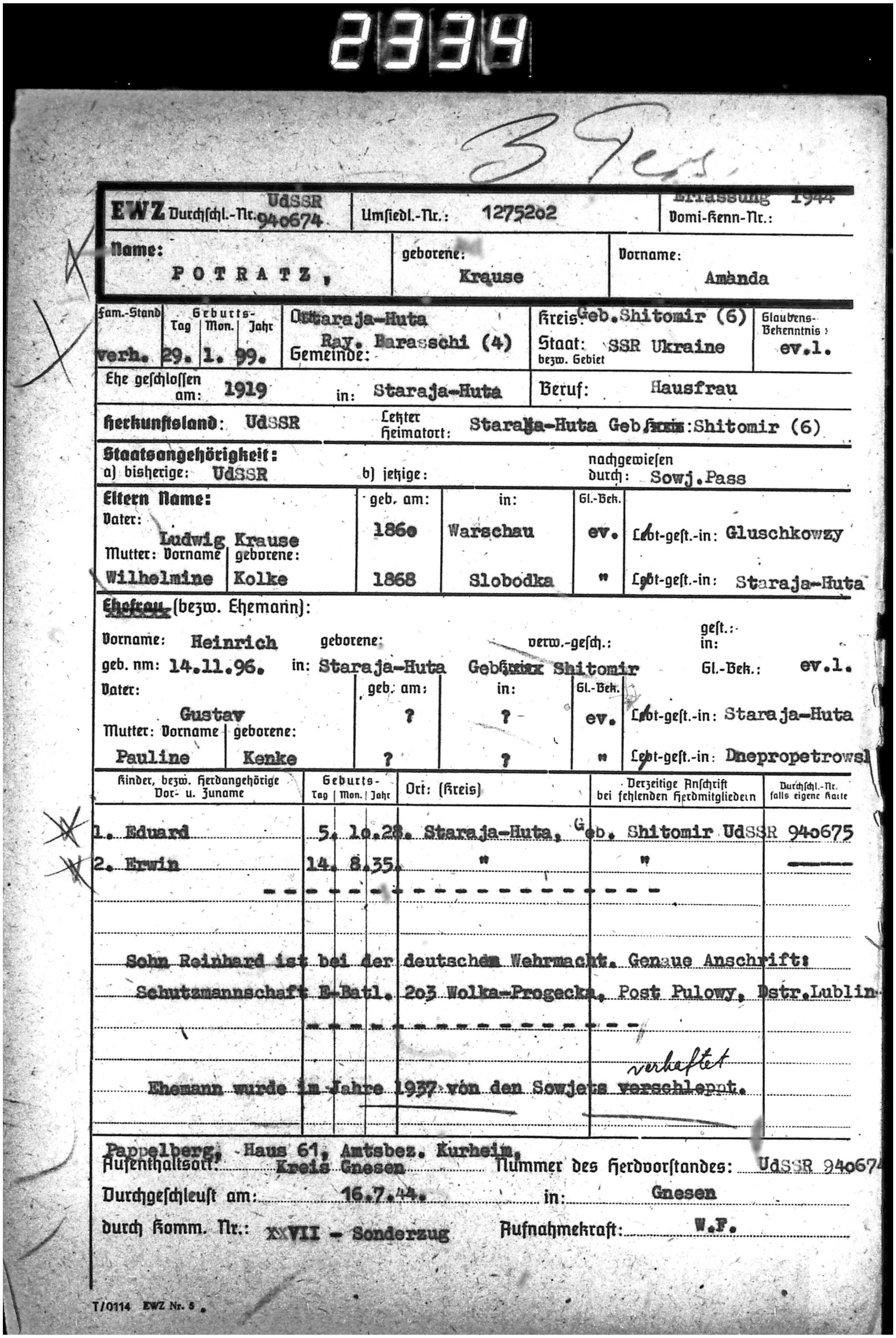
[229] *1903 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p276 #412 (Amalie Kolke)*; 1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk Baptism Record,* p82 #721 (Rudolph Pekrul)*; 1915 Expropriation List; 1944EWZ940674* (Amanda Krause Potratz)*; and A3342EWZ50-G044 2334, 2344.*

[230] Amanda Krause married Heinrich Potratz (November 14, 1896, Staraja Huta, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia – ≥1937) , son of Gustav Potratz (____ - ____, Staraja Huta) and Pauline Köhnke (____ - ____, Dnepropetrowsk), in 1919, in Staraja Huta, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia. Amanda Krause and Heinrich Potratz had five known children. In 1937, Heinrich Potratz was Verhaftet (arrested) and the family was deported to Akmolinsk, Kazakhstan.* As of July 16, 1944, Amanda Krause Potratz was in Gnesen, German occupied Poland, with her sons Eduard Potratz and Erwin Potratz. *NKVD Repatriation #s 5354 and 5431; 1944EWZ940674* (Amanda Krause Potratz); *and A3342EWZ50-G044 2334, 2340, 2342, 2344, 2346.*

That two of Heinrich and Amanda Krause Potratz's young children (Elsa and Erwin) are documented to have been in the Akmolinsk Gulag, Kazakhstan, and repatriated to Tatartschek (southeast of Shitomir) and Chodecz(?), respectively, which when combined with Amanda Krause Potratz's *EWZ* which included Erwin, and stated her husband Heinrich Potratz had been arrested in 1937, it is probable the entire family had been deported to Akmolinsk, Kazakhstan, probably in 1937, but were released (without Heinrich Potratz) sometime before Germany invaded the Soviet Union in June 1941.

> In August 1937, Nikolai Yezhov, head of the NKVD, signed NKVD Order No. 00486 for "the repression of wives and the placement of children of convicted 'traitors of the Motherland.'" The order was based upon the failure of wives, which was interpreted to include mothers, sisters, and daughters, to report the criminal activities of the head of the family. During 1937-38, about 8,000 "wives" were arrested right after their husband and imprisoned in the forced labor camp of ALZhIR (named by the inmates as the Akmol Labour Camp for Wives of Traitors of the Motherland) (officially 26th labor village) for 5 to 8 years. The women and children in the camp would go days or weeks without food; lived in barely heated barracks; were forced to work long hours in sub-human conditions; prohibited from communicating with anyone on the outside; and were never told the fate of their husbands, fathers, and children. Thousands of illegitimate births, miscarriages, and forced abortions resulted from the serial rape by the guards of the camps. Once a child was no longer breastfed, it was removed from its mother and placed in an orphanage for eventual adoption, if the child survived. *The Gulag Camp "ALZHIR": Memorialization Practices*, by Satymbekova Raikhan (2017); *and ALZHIR — The Horrific Soviet Labor Camp for Women & Children, An Injustice!,* by Alexander Leslie, March 5, 2021.

> ALZhIR and the other Akmolinsk forced labor camps were a part of the massive Karlag (Karaganda Corrective Labor Camp), which opened in 1931 and disbanded in 1959, to hold violators of Article 58 of the Russian SRSR Penal Code, broadly covering anyone who might be "an enemy of the people." Ethnic Germans clearly fell within the definition. Over 800,000 prisoners went through Karlag, and mass graves and execution sites may hold as many as 50,000 people. "Karlag was not just one camp but a whole system of gulags, consisting mostly of various separate hard labour camps spread out over a huge area in the endless steppe. The type of forced labour the inmates had to perform ranged from the construction of roads, canals and other industrial infrastructure, even cultural palaces, to manufacturing of army uniforms and agriculture. Karlag was so powerful that it operated outside of the jurisdiction of local or national authorities, answering only to Moscow." *Dark Tourism in Kazakhstan's Gulag Heartland, The Diplomat*, by Peter Ford, May 25, 2017; and *dark-tourism.com*, by Peter Hohenhaus.



2334

3 Pers.

EWZ Durchſchl.-Nr. UdSSR 940674 | Umſiedl.-Nr.: 1275202 | Erfassung 1944 Domi-Kenn-Nr.:

Name: P O T R A T Z , | geborene: Krause | Vorname: Amanda

Fam.-Stand	Geburts- Tag	Mon.	Jahr	Gemeinde:	Kreis: Staat: bezw. Gebiet	Glaubens-Bekenntnis:
verh.	29.	1.	99.	Ostaraja-Huta Ray. Barasschi (4)	Geb. Shitomir (6) SSR Ukraine	ev.l.

Ehe geſchloſſen am: 1919 in: Staraja-Huta | Beruf: Hausfrau

Herkunftsland: UdSSR | Letzter Heimatort: Staraja-Huta Geb ~~Kreis~~ :Shitomir (6)

Staatsangehörigkeit: a) bisherige: UdSSR b) jetzige: nachgewieſen durch: Sowj.Pass

Eltern Name:	geb. am:	in:	Gl.-Bek.	
Vater: Ludwig Krause	1860	Warschau	ev.	~~Lebt~~-geſt.-in: Gluschkowzy
Mutter: Vorname Wilhelmine, geborene: Kolke	1868	Slobodka	"	~~Lebt~~-geſt.-in: Staraja-Huta

~~Ehefrau~~ (bezw. Ehemann):

Vorname: Heinrich geborene: verw.-geſch.: geſt.: in:

geb. am: 14.11.96. in: Staraja-Huta Geb~~Kreis~~ Shitomir Gl.-Bek.: ev.l.

	geb. am:	in:	Gl.-Bek.	
Vater: Gustav	?	?	ev.	~~Lebt~~-geſt.-in: Staraja-Huta
Mutter: Vorname Pauline, geborene: Kenke	?	?	"	~~Lebt~~-geſt.-in: Dnepropetrowsk

Kinder, bezw. Herdangehörige Vor- u. Zuname	Geburts- Tag	Mon.	Jahr	Ort: (Kreis)	Derzeitige Anſchrift bei fehlenden Herdmitgliedern	Durchſchl.-Nr. falls eigene Karte
1. Eduard	5.	10.	28.	Staraja-Huta, Geb. Shitomir		UdSSR 940675
2. Erwin	14.	8.	35.	"	"	———

- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -

Sohn Reinhard ist bei der deutschem Wehrmacht. Genaue Anschrift:
Schutzmannschaft E-Batl. 203 Wolka-Progecka, Post Pulowy, Dstr.Lublin

- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -

Ehemann wurde im Jahre 1937 von den Sowjets ~~verschleppt.~~ verhaftet

Aufenthaltsort: Pappelberg, Haus 61, Amtsbez. Kurheim, Kreis Gnesen | Nummer des Herdvorſtandes: UdSSR 940674

Durchgeſchleuſt am: 16.7.44. in: Gnesen

durch Komm. Nr.: XXVII - Sonderzug Aufnahmekraft: W.F.

T/0114 EWZ Nr. 5

- Reinhard Potratz (1920-22, Staraja Huta, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >July 16, 1944) was in the German Wehrmacht, according to his mother's *EWZ.* As of July 16, 1944, he was stationed with the Schutzmannschaft Battalion 203, in Wolka Profecka, near Lublin, Poland, located southeast of Warsaw, about 450km east of Gnesen/Gniezno. He may have been a member of Schutzmannschaft Battalion 203 (Ukrainische) formed in 1943 (not the Wehrmacht), which was involved in the killing of Jews in the Ukraine. *1944EWZ940674* (Amanda Krause Potratz); *and A3342EWZ50-G044 2334, 2340, 2342, 2344, 2346.*

> "The shortage of German military personnel necessitated an increased reliance on local collaborators. The Schutzmannschaften — auxiliary police forces — were designated as an instrument, operating under the gendarmerie, intended to carry out the 'dirty work' (*Schmutzarbeit*) of the occupying forces, including the execution of Jews and Communists. Central assignments ranged from 'anti- partisan warfare, searching the ghettoes and sealing them off during *Aktionen*, to executions at the murder sites.'
>
> "While the Schutzmannschaften had constituted a fairly small force, they were drastically enlarged after the summer of 1942. From July 1942 to the end of that year, the overall strength of the Schutzmannschaft-einzeldienst increased from about thirty thousand to more than two hundred thousand men." *Rehearsal for Volhynia: Schutzmannschaft Battalion 201 and Hauptmann Roman Shukhevych in Occupied Belorussia, 1942*, by Per anders Rudling, *Lund University East European Politics and Societies and Cultures,* Vol. 34 No. 1, February 2020, p162, 2019 Sage Publication; and *Schutzmannschaft Bataillone, Axis History.com*, 09 June 2013.

- Meta Potratz (May 5, 1924, Staraja Huta, Ukraine SSR - >May 18, 1944) married Arnold Schulz (August 8, 1919, Nepoznanitschi, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia - >May 18, 1944), son of Michael Schulz (b March 12, 1887, Nepoznanitschi, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia) and Julianna Matt (b November 5, 1897, Janowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia), on March 20, 1943, in Nepoznanitschi. As of May 18, 1944, they were in Zirke, Birnbaum, German occupied Poland. *1944EWZ903609* (Meta Potratz Schulz)*; 1044EWZ903608* (Arnold Schulz)*; and A3342EWZ50-H068 1710, 1714, 1720, 1722.*

- Elsa/Else Potratz (b 1928, Staraja Huta, Ukraine SSR) was repatriated from the notorious Akmolinsk Gulag, located 3,400km from Staraja Huta in central Kazakhstan to Tatartschek, which is just southeast of Shitomir. She may have been a twin of Eduard Potratz. *KGB#5354.*

- Eduard Potratz (October 5, 1928, Staraja Huta, Ukraine SSR - >July 16, 1944). *1944EWZ940674* (Amanda Krause Potratz); *and A3342EWZ50-G044 2334.*

- Erwin Potratz (b August 14, 1935, Staraja Huta, Ukraine SSR - >July 16, 1944). Erwin Potratz was deported/relocated to the Akmolinsk Gulag, Kazakhstan, from which he was repatriated to "Chotizh," (Chodecz?). *1944EWZ940674* (Amanda Krause Potratz); *A3342EWZ50-G044 2334, 2342; 1944EWZ940675* (Eduard Potratz)*; and KGB#5431.*

[231] *1902 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p136 #289.

[232] *1908 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p3 #18. Reinhold Krause may have had at least one child, although his wife is unknown at this time:

- Meta/Mejta Krause (b 1930), daughter of Reinhold Krause, a resident of Neposnanotschi (Emilchin Parish), was "resettled" to Akmolinsk, Kazakhstan. *KGB#15665.*

If the Meta Krause who was deported was Reinhold Krause's daughter, it is unlikely the child would have gone without one or both of her parents. However, at this time, I am unable to locate further information on the family.

[233] Emil Pekrul married Gerda____ , and they had two known children: (1) Celia (?) Pekrul and (2) Erich Pekrul. On December 18, 1937, Emil Pekrul, a semiliterate collective farmer in Wladin, Ukraine SSR, was arrested by the Nowograd Wolhynsk GO NKVD under Article 54-10 (conducting anti-Soviet propaganda and agitation). His cousin Gerhard Pekrul, son of Ferdinand Pekruhl and Hulda Kolka, was arrested the same day, and was subsequently shot by the NKVD. On January 16, 1938, Emil Pekrul was tried by a Special Conference with the NKVD USSR, found guilty, and sentenced to ten years imprisonment in corrective labor camp. *1899 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p78 #636*; 1915 Expropriation List* (heirs of Friedrich Pekrul)*; and NKVD Arrest #2877.*

[234] *1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p82 #721*; and 1915 Expropriation List* (heirs of Friedrich Pekrul).

[235] *1905 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p209 #1872*; and 1915 Expropriation List* (heirs of Friedrich Pekrul).

[236] *1908 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p134 #1189*; and 1915 Expropriation List* (heirs of Friedrich Pekrul).

[237] *1882 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p954 #256.

[238] *1853 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p328 #126*; 1879 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p831 #78*; and 1882 Heimtal Parish Burial Record* (Anna Wagner, geb Ziesmann, wife of Friedrich Wagner, 66Y, born in Poland).

Justina Rhode/Rode was not the daughter of Daniel Rode (b1831, son of Christian Rode and Elisabeth Barck) and Helene Bieberdorf (b1832, daughter of Friedrich Bieberdorf and Helene Luther), who resided in HH#12, Annette, as of November 1857. That Justina Rode (b January 9, 1859, Annette, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia) married Friedrich Kolke, son of Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass, on June 7, 1878, in the Shitomir Parish. In July 1915, the Friedrich Kolke family had its land expropriated and was deported to Russia. Simon Peter Wagner and Justine Rode/Rhode's September 9, 1879, marriage was after Friedrich Kolke and Justine Rode's first child was born. *Revision of November 30, 1857, in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia, #12; 1878 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p623 #169*; and 1915 Expropriations List.*

Simon Peter Wagner and Justine Rode/Rhode had another known daughter: Olga Wagner (November 7, 1885, Warwarowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia – November 23, 1885, Warwarowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia) died at age sixteen days. *1885 Heimtal Prish Baptism Record,* p641 #499*; and 1885 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p736 #391.

[239] *1902 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Marriage Record,* p143 #119.

[240] *1903 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p276 #412.

[241] *1906 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p59 #516.

[242] *1909 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p135 #1204.

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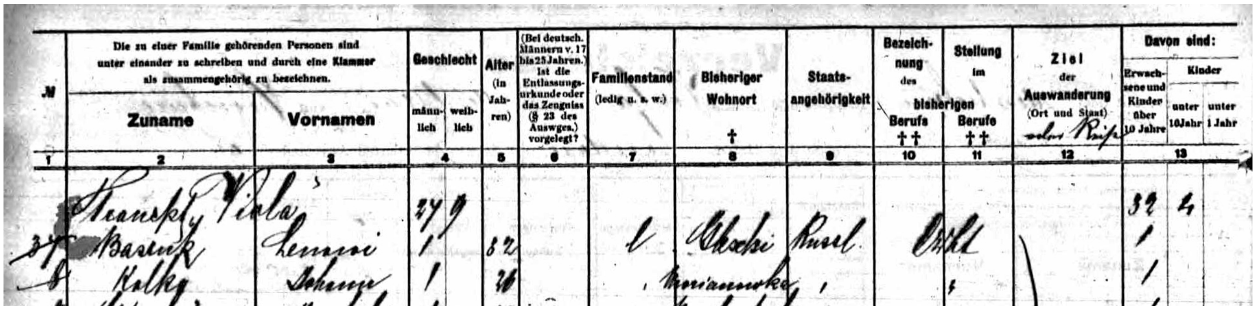
[243] *1909 Nowograd Wolhynsk Baptism Record,* p62 #541*; and 1910 Nowograd Wolhynsk Burial Record,* p138 #84.

[244] *1915 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* pp121/186 #144.

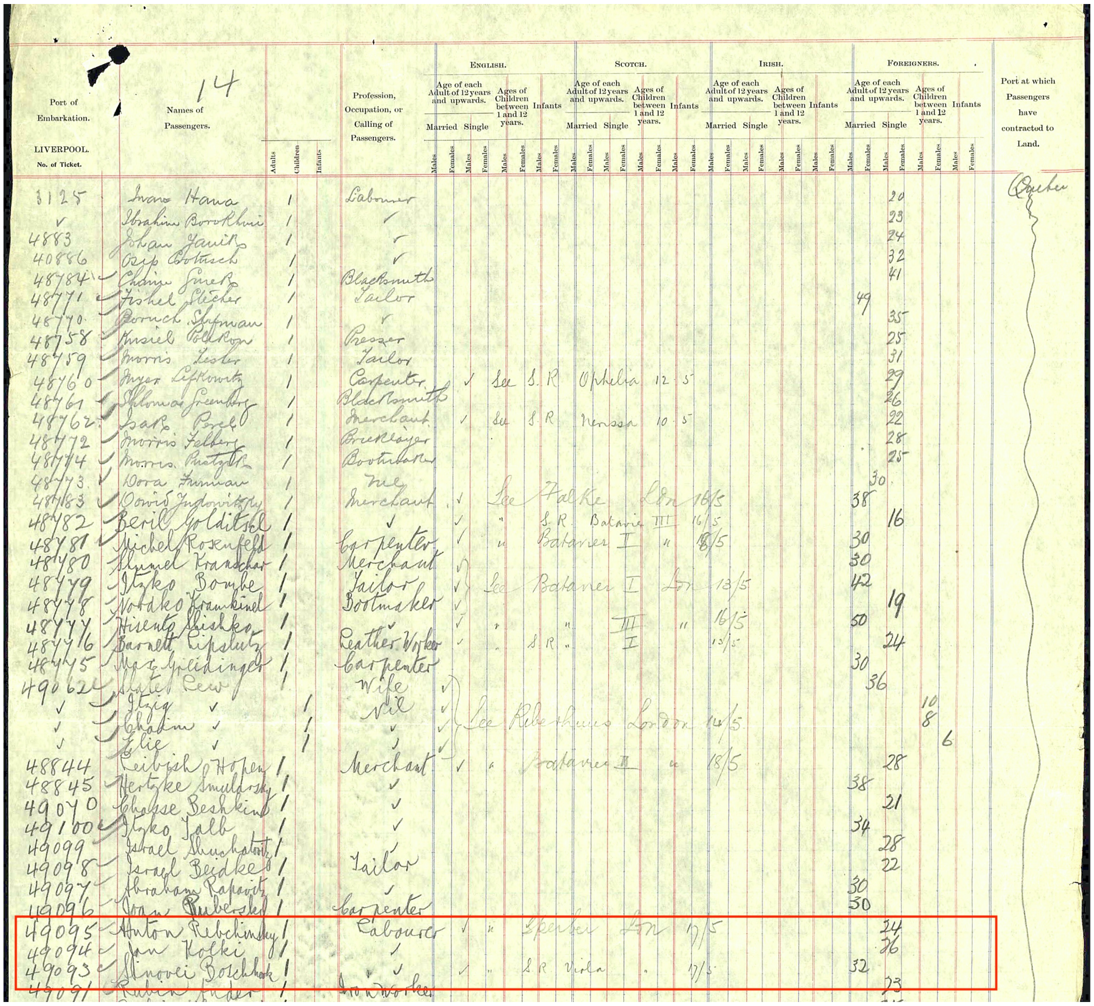
[245] *NKVD Repatriation #14226.*

[246] *1902 Viola Manifest.*



№	Die zu einer Familie gehörenden Personen sind unter einander zu schreiben und durch eine Klammer als zusammengehörig zu bezeichnen. Zuname	Vornamen	Geschlecht männlich	Geschlecht weiblich	Alter (in Jahren)	(Bei deutsch. Männern v. 17 bis 25 Jahren.) Ist die Entlassungsurkunde oder das Zeugniss (§ 23 des Auswges.) vorgelegt?	Familienstand (ledig u. s. w.)	Bisheriger Wohnort †	Staatsangehörigkeit	Bezeichnung des bisherigen Berufs ††	Stellung im bisherigen Berufe ††	Ziel der Auswanderung (Ort und Staat) ~~oder Reise~~	Davon sind: Erwachsene und Kinder über 10 Jahre	Kinder unter 10 Jahr	Kinder unter 1 Jahr
1	2	3	4		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		
	Steancky	Viola	27	9									32	4	
37	Basenk	Semovi	1		32		l	Okschi	Russl.	[illegible]			1		
38	Kolke	Johann	1		26			Marianowka					1		

[247] *1902 Lake Simcoe Manifest.*



14

Port of Embarkation. LIVERPOOL. No. of Ticket.	Names of Passengers.	Adults	Children	Infants	Profession, Occupation, or Calling of Passengers.	English. / Scotch. / Irish.	Foreigners. Age of each Adult of 12 years and upwards. Married Males	Married Females	Single Males	Single Females	Ages of Children between 1 and 12 years. Males	Females	Infants	Port at which Passengers have contracted to Land.
3125	Ivan Hana	1			Labourer				20					Quebec
✓	Ibrahim Borokhui	1			✓				23					
4883	Johan Janitz	1			✓				24					
40886	Osip Gotusch	1			✓				32					
48784	Chaim Smek	1			Blacksmith				41					
48771	Fishel Slecher	1			Tailor		49							
48770	Boruch Shifman	1			✓				35					
48758	Kusiel Polikon	1			Presser				25					
48759	Morris Lester	1			Tailor				31					
48760	Myer Lefkowitz	1			Carpenter	✓ See S.R Ophelia 12.5			29					
48761	Shlomo Greenberg	1			Blacksmith				26					
48762	Isak Perel	1			Merchant	✓ See S.R Nerissa 10.5			22					
48772	Morris Felberg	1			Bricklayer				28					
48774	Morris Pruatyk	1			Bootmaker				25					
48773	Dora Furman	1			Nil			30						
48783	Dowid Judowitzky	1			Merchant	✓ See Falke Lon 16/5	38							
48782	Beril Golditsch	1			✓	✓ " S.R. Batavia III 16/5			16					
48781	Michel Rosenfeld	1			Carpenter	✓ " Batavier I " 18/5	30							
48780	Shmuel Kranchar	1			Merchant	✓	30							
48779	Itzko Bombe	1			Tailor	✓ See Batavier I Lon 13/5	42							
48778	Notako Frankind	1			Bootmaker	✓			19					
48777	Hirsch Slishko	1			✓	✓ " " III " 16/5	50							
48776	Barnett Lipslutz	1			Leather Worker	✓ " S.R. " I 13/5			24					
48775	Max Grliedinger	1			Carpenter		30							
49062	Slate Lew				Wife	✓		36						
✓	Itzig ✓		1		Nil	✓ See Rebechuns London 14/5					10			
✓	Chaim ✓		1		✓	✓					8			
✓	Elie ✓		1		✓	✓						6		
48844	Leibish Hopen	1			Merchant	✓ " Batavier II " 18/5			28					
48845	Hertzke Smulorsky	1			✓		38							
49070	Chasse Beshkind	1			✓				21					
49100	Itzko Jalb	1			✓		34							
49099	Israel Shuchatowitz	1			✓				28					
49098	Israel Beidke	1			Tailor				22					
49097	Abraham Rapovitz	1			✓		30							
49096	Ivan Ruberski	1			Carpenter		30							
49095	Anton Rebchinsky	1			Labourer	✓ " Sperber Lon 17/5			24					
49094	Jan Kolki	1			✓				26					
49093	Sinovei Boschhok	1			✓	✓ " S.R. Viola " 17/5	32							
49091	Rubin Ander	1			Iron Worker				23					

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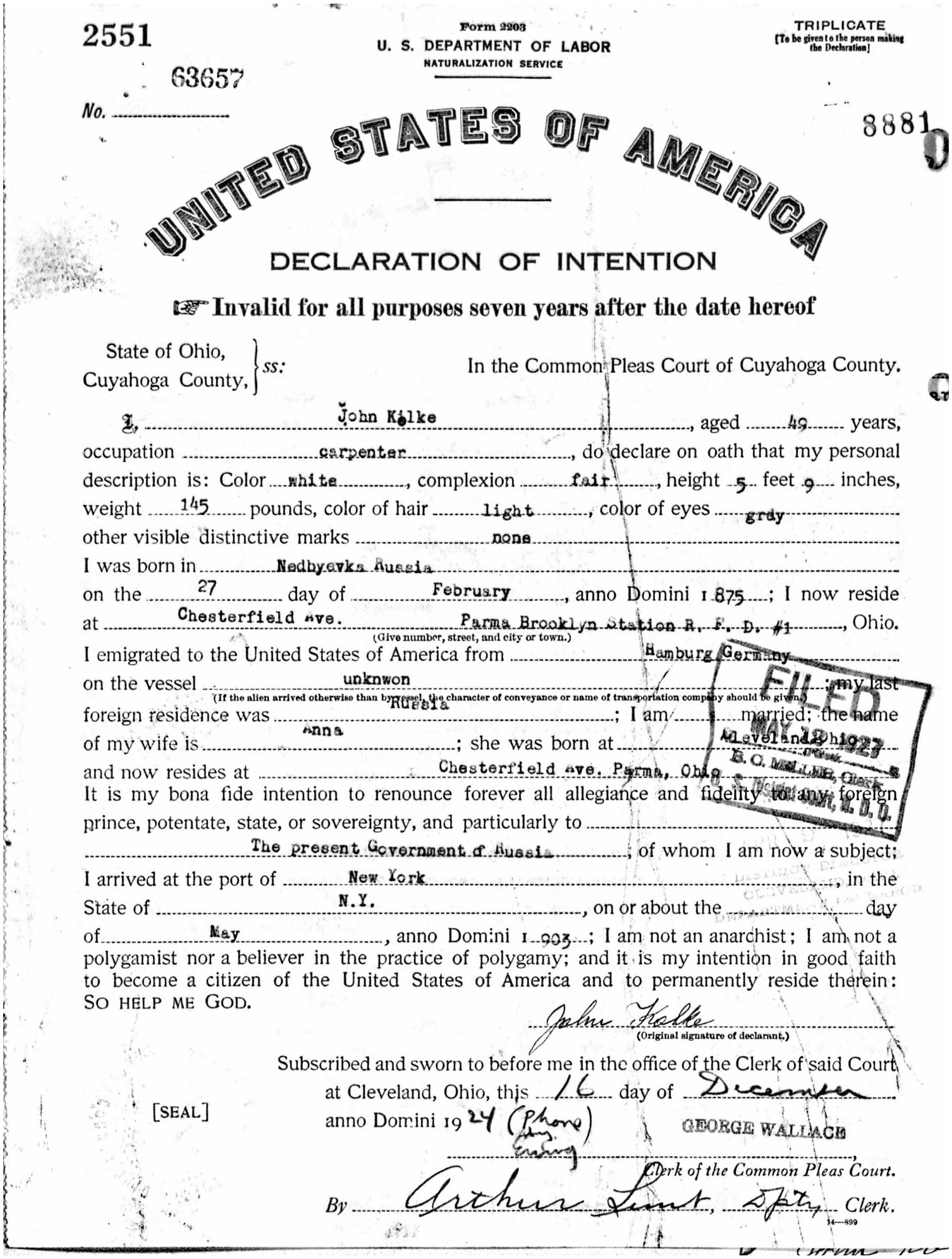
[248] *1922 US Petition for Naturalization.*

[249] *1924 Declaration of Intention.*



2551

63657

No.

Form 2203
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
NATURALIZATION SERVICE

TRIPLICATE
[To be given to the person making the Declaration]

8881

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

DECLARATION OF INTENTION

☞ **Invalid for all purposes seven years after the date hereof**

State of Ohio,
Cuyahoga County, } *ss:*

In the Common Pleas Court of Cuyahoga County.

I, John Kolke, aged 49 years, occupation carpenter, do declare on oath that my personal description is: Color white, complexion fair, height 5 feet 9 inches, weight 145 pounds, color of hair light, color of eyes grdy other visible distinctive marks none

I was born in Nedbyevka Russia

on the 27 day of February, anno Domini 1875; I now reside at Chesterfield Ave. Parma Brooklyn Station R. F. D. #1, Ohio.
(Give number, street, and city or town.)

I emigrated to the United States of America from Hamburg Germany

on the vessel unknwon; my last
(If the alien arrived otherwise than by vessel, the character of conveyance or name of transportation company should be given.)

foreign residence was Russia; I am married; the name of my wife is Anna; she was born at Cleveland Ohio and now resides at Chesterfield Ave. Parma, Ohio

It is my bona fide intention to renounce forever all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince, potentate, state, or sovereignty, and particularly to The present Government of Russia, of whom I am now a subject; I arrived at the port of New York, in the State of N.Y., on or about the ____ day of May, anno Domini 1903; I am not an anarchist; I am not a polygamist nor a believer in the practice of polygamy; and it is my intention in good faith to become a citizen of the United States of America and to permanently reside therein: SO HELP ME GOD.

John Kolke
(Original signature of declarant.)

Subscribed and sworn to before me in the office of the Clerk of said Court at Cleveland, Ohio, this 16 day of December anno Domini 1924 (Phone day Evening)

[SEAL]

GEORGE WALLACE
Clerk of the Common Pleas Court.

By Arthur Lunt, Dpty Clerk.

14—899

FILED
MAY 12 1927
B. C. MILLER, Clerk
U. S. District Court, N. D. O.

[250] Anna Broege's first husband was William Johnson (b December 1881, Barrow in Furness, Lancashire, England; bap December 25, 1881, St John the Evangelist, Barrow, Lancashire, England), son of John Roper Johnson (April 1858, Ulverston, Lancashire, England – January 13, 1931, Barrow in Furness, Lancashire, England) and Hannah Giltner (1856, Joint Stock, Durham, England – November 2, 1929, Barrow in

Furness, Lancashire, England), whom she married when she was sixteen (and pregnant with son Wilbert), on August 26, 1903, in Cleveland. William Johnson would have emigrated to the United States between 1901 and 1903. Anna Broege and William Johnson had two children, who were identified as John Kolke's stepchildren in the *1910 US Census*, but had the Kolke surname in the *1920 and 1930* (Pearl) *US Censuses*. Although raised in the John and Anna Broege Kolke home, they were never formally adopted by John Kolke. *1858 Q2 England Civil Registration Birth Record* (John Roper Johnson)*; 1861, 1871, 1881, 1891, 1901, 1911 and 1921 England Census; 1881 St. John the Evangelist, Barrow-in-Furnace, Lancashire, England, Baptism Record; 1903 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Marriage Record* (identifies parents)*; and 1931 Q1 England Civil Registration Death Record* (John R. Johnson).

I could not locate William Johnson after the divorce. He may have returned to England.

• Wilbert Claude Johnson (March 10, 1904, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio - December 27, 1962, Clearwater, Pinellas County, Florida). The only occasion I could find Wilbert with the Kolke surname was in the *1920 US Census*, when he was living with his mother and stepfather. Wilbert Claude Johnson married twice.

M#1 On January 11, 1926, Wilbert married Helen G. Bullock (January 26, 1908, Alexandria, Alexandria County, Virginia – February 19, 1997, Pinellas County, Florida), daughter of Emmitt Bullock and Mary Cash Sullivan, in Washington D.C. In the 1930s and 1940s, Wilbert C. Johnson's family were residents of Edgewood, Harford County, Maryland, where he worked as a laborer and a government chauffer. In 1935, the family was in Osceola County, Florida, where Wilbert was employed as a laborer. He may have enlisted in the armed services on January 14, 1941, but for some reason also registered for the military draft on February 16, 1942, and was employed by the US Government's Edgewood Arsenal. As of 1950, Wilbert Claude Johnson and Helen G. Bullock were divorced, and she was living with their three children in Abingdon, Harford County, Maryland. Wilbert Claude Johnson appears to have died on December 27, 1962, in Clearwater, Florida. Wilbert Claude Johnson and Helen G. Bullock had three known children:

1. Wilbert C. Johnson Jr. (b September 6, 1926, Washington D.C. - >December 25, 1983) had a son David Allen Johnson who married Dina Francesac Lombardi in December 1983..

2. William Carl Johnson (July 23, 1930, Edgewood, Harford County, Maryland – April 2, 1992, possibly Abingdon, Harford County, Maryland) married Rose Marie Ann Mengel on November 18, 1950, in Abington, Maryland, and had two children: Sandara L. Johnson and William Brian Johnson.

3. Kenneth E. Johnson (b 1939, Edgewood, Harford County, Maryland).

1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1922 Petition for Naturalization (John Kolke)*; 1926 District of Columbia Marriage Record; 1926 Washington D.C. Evening Star Marriage License List; 1932 Petition for Citizenship* (Anna Broege Johnson Kolke)*; 1935 Osceola County, Florida, Census; WWII Draft Regs; December 4, 1950, Pottsville, Pennsylvania, Republican, Marriage Announcement* (Mengel-Johnson)*; 1962 US Veterans Administration Master Index; 1962 and 1997 Pinellas County, Florida, Death Records; December 25, 1983, The Baltimore Sun Wedding Announcement* (David Allen Johnson)*; April 4, 1992, The Baltimore Sun Obituary (William Carl Johnson); and 1992 US Apps/Claims* (William Carl Johnson).

M#2 Sometime between 1940 and 1950, Wilbert C. Johnson married Helen F. Albin/Alban (July 10, 1902, Baltimore, Maryland – March 11, 1972, Clearwater, Pinellas County, Florida), daughter of George H. Albin (October 3, 1869, Beckleysvill, Baltimore County, Maryland – February 9, 1945, Baltimore, Maryland) and Alice Little (February 25, 1875, Mt. Vernon, Baltimore County, Maryland – February 20, 1948, Baltimore, Maryland). Helen F. Albin/Alban was divorced from her first husband Charles Ellsworth Thompson (January 2, 1898, Baltimore, Maryland – November 1963, ____), with whom she had a son

---

Donald D. Thompson (November 10, 1926, Baltimore, Maryland - 1986, North Royalton, Cuyahoga County, Ohio). As of April 1, 1950, they were living in Baltimore, Maryland, where Wilbert was a manufacturing inspector at the US Army Chemical Center (probably Fort Dittrich) and Helen was a cost accounting clerk.

1870, 1880, 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; February 10, 1945, and February 23, 1948, The Baltimore Evening Sun Obituaries; 1972 Pinellas County, Florida, Death Record; 1972 US Deaths; 1945 and 1972 US Apps/Claims; March 13, 1972, The Cleveland Plain Dealer Obituary; and Find-a-Grave (Gravemarker Myrtle Hill Cemetery, Valley City, Ohio).

• Pearl D. (Johnson) Kolke (February 4, 1908, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio – December 3, 1985, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio) used the Kolke surname independently from her mother and stepfather. On August 15, 1936, Pearl D. Kolke married George Daniel Steingass (September 3, 1901, York Township, Medina County, Ohio – November 29, 1989, Middleburg Heights, Cuyahoga County, Ohio), son of Daniel Steingass (September 1864, Ohio – July 8, 1906, Abbeyville, Medina County, Ohio; m April 25, 1889, Medina County, Ohio) and Mary A. Borger (September 1867, Ohio – September 27, 1946, Elyria, Lorain County, Ohio), in Ripley, Chautauqua County, New York. In April 1940, the Steingass' were renting and living in John Kolke's former home at 7602 Chesterfield Avenue, Parma, Parma Township, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, with Pearl's half-sister Eleanor Kolke Draper (while Eleanor's son Daniel Draper (6) lived with his grandparents). George Steingass was a painter for a bus manufacturer, and Pearl was a bookkeeper, which was also her occupation in 1930. George was employed painting motor vehicles and equipment. Pearl D. Kolke and George Daniel Steingass had two known children:

1. George Richard Steingass (March 12, 1944, Parma, Parma Township, Cuyahoga County, Ohio – July 18, 2016, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio) married and divorced Paulett Lois Korber (January 26, 1949, Pennsylvania – August 20, 2018, North Ridgeville, Lorain County, Ohio), daughter of Victor Korber and Josephine Jedrzejek, twice, all in Cuyahoga County, Ohio: (1) married 1968-69, and divorced September 11, 1984; and (2) married March 29, 1985, and divorced September 20, 2000. They had two sons:

    (1) George Victor Steingass (b September 28, 1969) married Jennifer C. Flanigan on October 28, 1995.

    (2) Christopher George Steingass (b March 15, 1978, Ohio).

    Paulett Lois Korber Steingass married Gerald S. Wisniewski on October 27, 2001, in Cuyahoga County, Ohio.

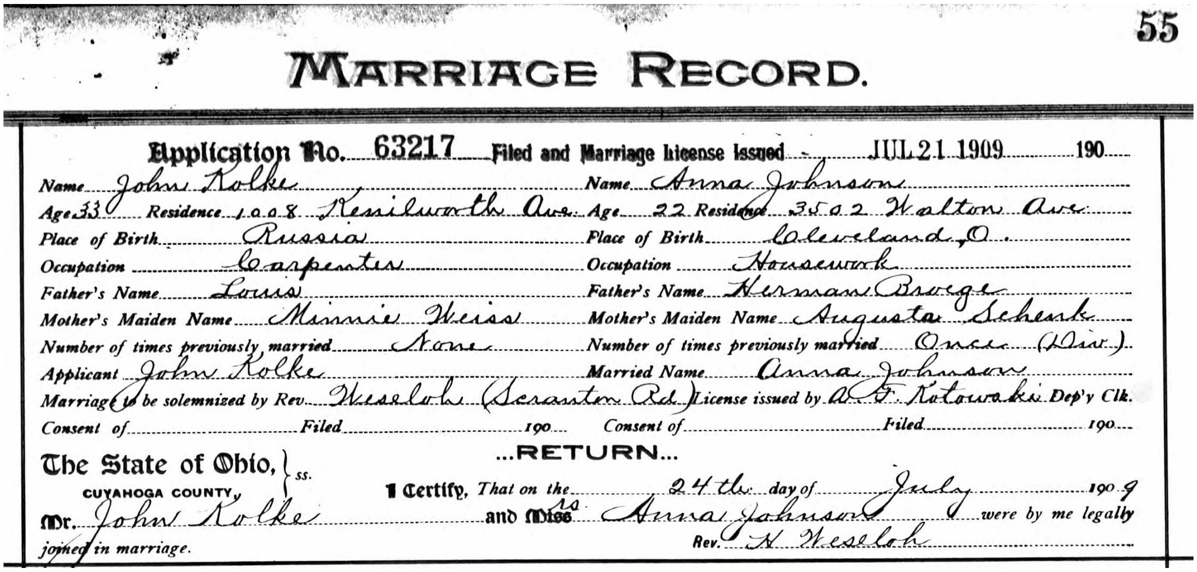
2. Carol Ann Steingass (b April 5, 1946, Parma, Parma Township, Cuyahoga County, Ohio) married Thomas Richard Vormelker (November 3, 1946 – September 9, 1994, North Olmsted Falls, Cuyahoga County, Ohio), son of Erwin A. Vormelker (1909-1971) and Helen Vancucha (1904-1976), and they had one known child:

    (1) Richard Thomas Vormelker (b March 1, 1969).

1908, 1944, 1946, 1969 and 1978 Ohio Birth Records; 1880, 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1926 District of Columbia Marriage Record; 1932 Petition for Citizenship (Anna Broege Johnson Kolke)*; 1936 New York Marriage Record; WWII Draft Reg; 1889 Medina County, Ohio, Marriage Record; 1906 Medina County Gazette Obituary; 1946, 1985, 1989 and 2004 Ohio Death Records; 1946 Cleveland Plain Dealer Obituary; 1968-69, 1985, 1995 and 2001 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Marriage Records; 1984 and 2000 Cuyahoga County, Divorce Records; 1985, 1989, 1994, 2016 and 2018 US Deaths; 1989 and*

1994 US Apps/Claims; November 30, 1989, The Cleveland Plain Dealer Obituary; 2016 BIRLS Deaths; and Find-a-Grave (Gravemarkers George and Pearl Steingass; George Richard Steingass; Thomas Richard Vormelker, Sunset Memorial Park, North Olmsted, Ohio).

[251] *1887 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Birth Record; The Tremont History Project; and 1909 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Marriage Record.*



55

MARRIAGE RECORD.

Application No. 63217 Filed and Marriage License Issued JUL 21 1909 190

Name	John Kolke	Name	Anna Johnson
Age 33 Residence	1008 Kenilworth Ave	Age 22 Residence	3502 Walton Ave
Place of Birth	Russia	Place of Birth	Cleveland, O.
Occupation	Carpenter	Occupation	Housework
Father's Name	Louis	Father's Name	Herman Broege
Mother's Maiden Name	Minnie Weiss	Mother's Maiden Name	Augusta Schenk
Number of times previously married	None	Number of times previously married	Once (Div.)
Applicant	John Kolke	Married Name	Anna Johnson
Marriage to be solemnized by Rev.	Weseloh (Scranton Rd.)	License issued by	A. F. Kotowski Dep'y Clk.
Consent of	Filed 190	Consent of	Filed 190

...RETURN...

The State of Ohio, } ss.
CUYAHOGA COUNTY,

I Certify, That on the 24th day of July 1909
Mr. John Kolke and Miss rs Anna Johnson were by me legally joined in marriage.

Rev. H. Weseloh

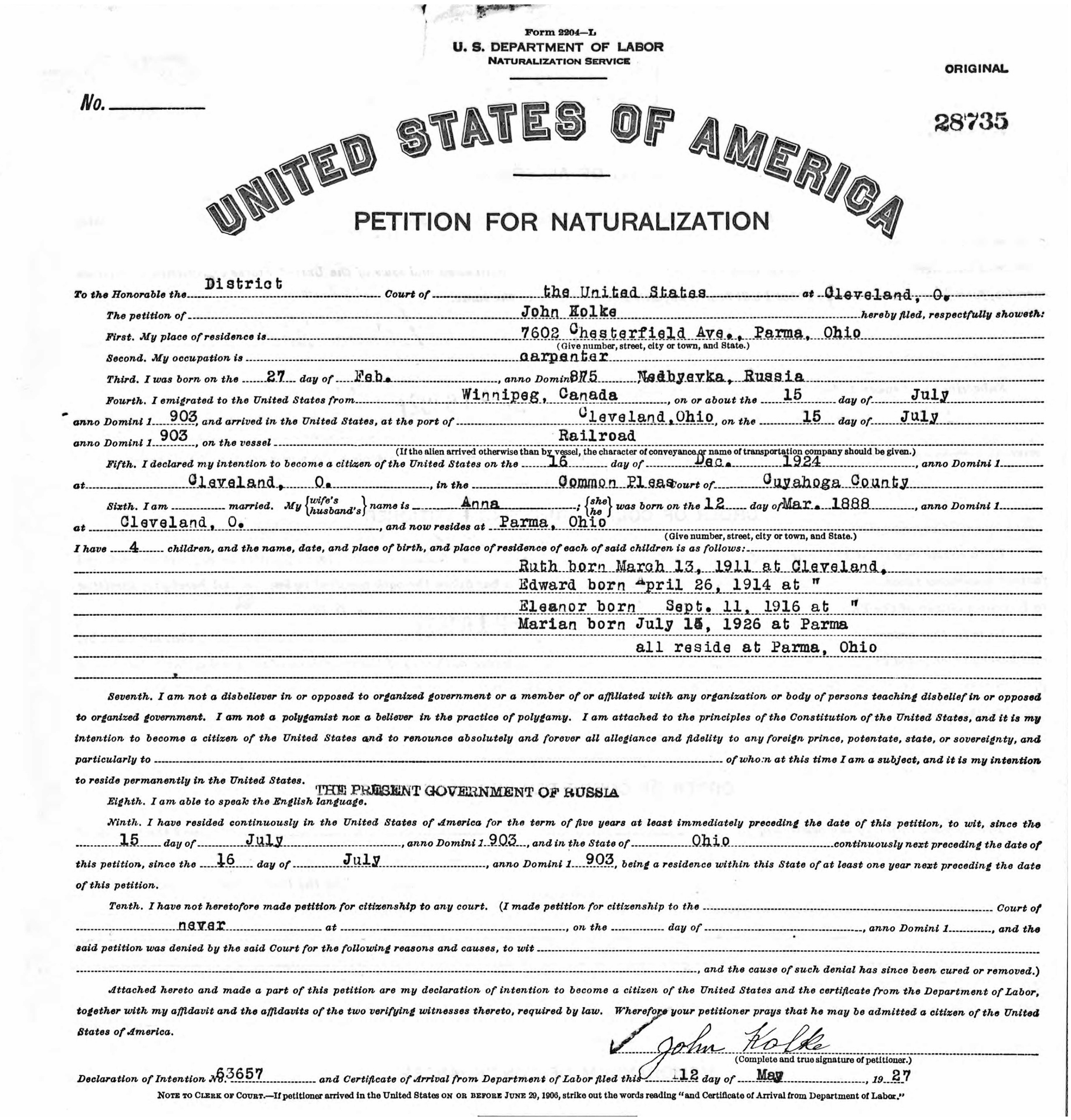
[252] Seven months after Herman Broege's death, Augusta Schenk Broege married Peter Kewitz (1849-<1920), son of Peter Kewitz and Anna Behnke, on September 22, 1914, in Cuyahoga County, Ohio.

After Peter Kewitz's death, Augusta Schenk Broege Kewitz, married Carl Strunk (October 5, 1865, Prussia – December 28, 1932, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio), son of Carl Strunk and Charlotte Stockowski, on October 11, 1920, in Cleveland, by Rev. H. Weseloh. Carl Strunk was a widower for the second time as of April 1, 1930.

1900, 1910, 1920 and 1930 US Census; October 27, 1888, Naturalization Record (Herman Broge); *1903, 1914 and 1920 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Marriage Records; 1920 Cleveland, Ohio, City Directory; 1914, 1927 and 1932 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Death Records; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Broege, Scranton Road Cemetery, Cleveland).

[253] *1910 and 1920 US Census; 1914 Cleveland, Ohio, City Directory; and WWI Draft Reg* (which contained his correct date of birth).

[254] *1927 US Certificate of Naturalization, No. 2639406.*



Form 2204—L
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
NATURALIZATION SERVICE

ORIGINAL

No. ____

28735

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

PETITION FOR NATURALIZATION

To the Honorable the District *Court of* the United States *at* Cleveland, O.

The petition of John Kolke *hereby filed, respectfully showeth:*

First. My place of residence is 7602 Chesterfield Ave., Parma, Ohio
(Give number, street, city or town, and State.)

Second. My occupation is carpenter

Third. I was born on the 27 *day of* Feb., *anno Domini* 1875 Nedbyevka, Russia

Fourth. I emigrated to the United States from Winnipeg, Canada, *on or about the* 15 *day of* July *anno Domini* 1903, *and arrived in the United States, at the port of* Cleveland, Ohio, *on the* 15 *day of* July *anno Domini* 1903, *on the vessel* Railroad
(If the alien arrived otherwise than by vessel, the character of conveyance or name of transportation company should be given.)

Fifth. I declared my intention to become a citizen of the United States on the 16 *day of* Dec. 1924, *anno Domini 1* *at* Cleveland, O., *in the* Common Pleas *Court of* Cuyahoga County

Sixth. I am ____ *married. My* {*wife's* / *husband's*} *name is* Anna; {*she* / *he*} *was born on the* 12 *day of* Mar. 1888, *anno Domini 1* *at* Cleveland, O., *and now resides at* Parma, Ohio
(Give number, street, city or town, and State.)

I have 4 *children, and the name, date, and place of birth, and place of residence of each of said children is as follows:*

Ruth born March 13, 1911 at Cleveland,
Edward born April 26, 1914 at "
Eleanor born Sept. 11, 1916 at "
Marian born July 15, 1926 at Parma
all reside at Parma, Ohio

Seventh. I am not a disbeliever in or opposed to organized government or a member of or affiliated with any organization or body of persons teaching disbelief in or opposed to organized government. I am not a polygamist nor a believer in the practice of polygamy. I am attached to the principles of the Constitution of the United States, and it is my intention to become a citizen of the United States and to renounce absolutely and forever all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince, potentate, state, or sovereignty, and particularly to ____ *of whom at this time I am a subject, and it is my intention to reside permanently in the United States.*
THE PRESENT GOVERNMENT OF RUSSIA

Eighth. I am able to speak the English language.

Ninth. I have resided continuously in the United States of America for the term of five years at least immediately preceding the date of this petition, to wit, since the 15 *day of* July, *anno Domini* 1903, *and in the State of* Ohio *continuously next preceding the date of this petition, since the* 16 *day of* July, *anno Domini* 1903, *being a residence within this State of at least one year next preceding the date of this petition.*

Tenth. I have not heretofore made petition for citizenship to any court. (I made petition for citizenship to the ____ *Court of* never *at* ____, *on the* ____ *day of* ____, *anno Domini 1*____, *and the said petition was denied by the said Court for the following reasons and causes, to wit* ____, *and the cause of such denial has since been cured or removed.)*

Attached hereto and made a part of this petition are my declaration of intention to become a citizen of the United States and the certificate from the Department of Labor, together with my affidavit and the affidavits of the two verifying witnesses thereto, required by law. Wherefore your petitioner prays that he may be admitted a citizen of the United States of America.

John Kolke
(Complete and true signature of petitioner.)

Declaration of Intention No. 63657 *and Certificate of Arrival from Department of Labor filed this* 12 *day of* May, 19 27

NOTE TO CLERK OF COURT.—If petitioner arrived in the United States ON OR BEFORE JUNE 29, 1906, strike out the words reading "and Certificate of Arrival from Department of Labor."

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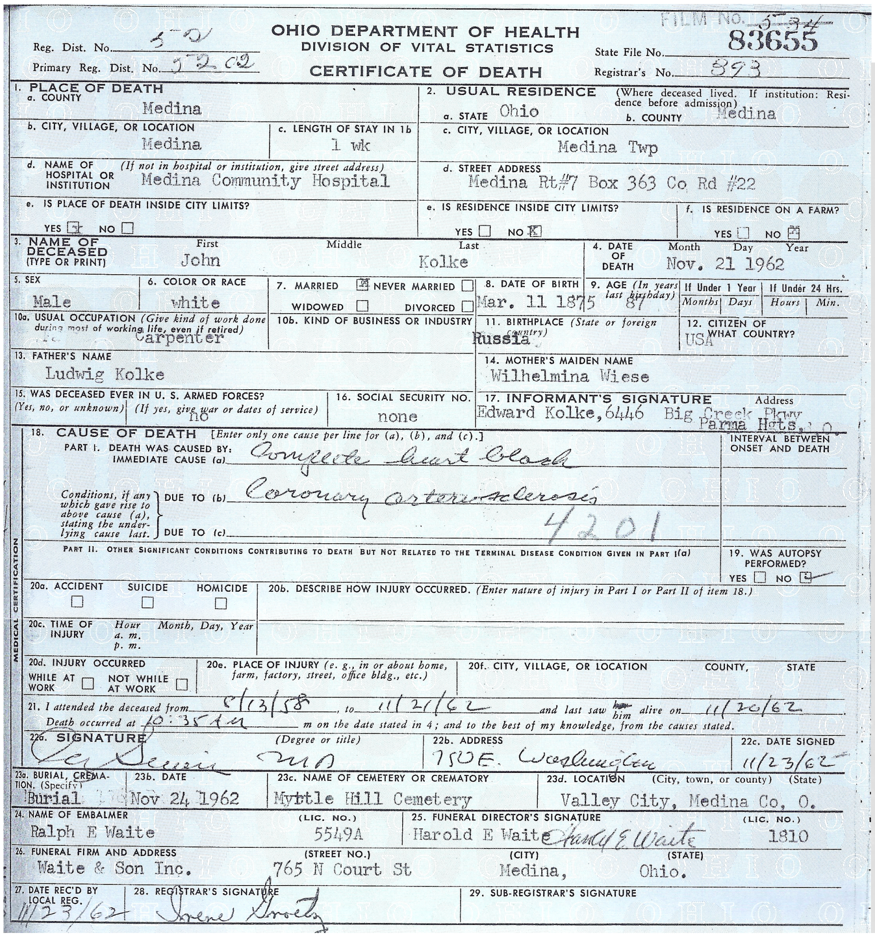
[255] *1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census.*

[256] *1962 Medina County, Ohio, Death Certificate; and November 23, 1962, The Akron Beacon Journal Obituary.*



FILM No. 534

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
DIVISION OF VITAL STATISTICS
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

Reg. Dist. No. 52
Primary Reg. Dist. No. 5202
State File No. 83655
Registrar's No. 893

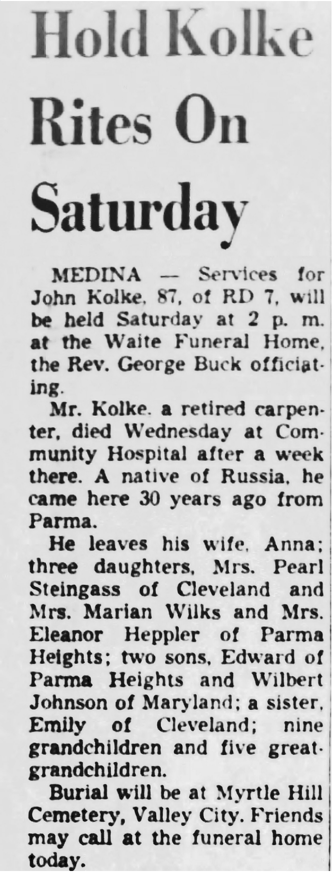
1. PLACE OF DEATH a. COUNTY Medina
b. CITY, VILLAGE, OR LOCATION Medina
c. LENGTH OF STAY IN 1b 1 wk
d. NAME OF HOSPITAL OR INSTITUTION (If not in hospital or institution, give street address) Medina Community Hospital
e. IS PLACE OF DEATH INSIDE CITY LIMITS? YES ☒ NO ☐

2. USUAL RESIDENCE (Where deceased lived. If institution: Residence before admission)
a. STATE Ohio
b. COUNTY Medina
c. CITY, VILLAGE, OR LOCATION Medina Twp
d. STREET ADDRESS Medina Rt#7 Box 363 Co Rd #22
e. IS RESIDENCE INSIDE CITY LIMITS? YES ☐ NO ☒
f. IS RESIDENCE ON A FARM? YES ☐ NO ☒

3. NAME OF DECEASED (TYPE OR PRINT) First John Middle Last Kolke
4. DATE OF DEATH Month Day Year Nov. 21 1962
5. SEX Male
6. COLOR OR RACE white
7. MARRIED ☒ NEVER MARRIED ☐ WIDOWED ☐ DIVORCED ☐
8. DATE OF BIRTH Mar. 11 1875
9. AGE (In years last birthday) 87 If Under 1 Year Months Days If Under 24 Hrs. Hours Min.
10a. USUAL OCCUPATION (Give kind of work done during most of working life, even if retired) Carpenter
10b. KIND OF BUSINESS OR INDUSTRY
11. BIRTHPLACE (State or foreign country) Russia
12. CITIZEN OF WHAT COUNTRY? USA
13. FATHER'S NAME Ludwig Kolke
14. MOTHER'S MAIDEN NAME Wilhelmina Wiese
15. WAS DECEASED EVER IN U. S. ARMED FORCES? (Yes, no, or unknown) (If yes, give war or dates of service) no
16. SOCIAL SECURITY NO. none
17. INFORMANT'S SIGNATURE Address Edward Kolke, 6446 Big Creek Pkwy Parma Hgts, O.

MEDICAL CERTIFICATION

18. CAUSE OF DEATH [Enter only one cause per line for (a), (b), and (c).]
PART I. DEATH WAS CAUSED BY: IMMEDIATE CAUSE (a) Complete heart block
Conditions, if any which gave rise to above cause (a), stating the underlying cause last. DUE TO (b) Coronary arteriosclerosis
DUE TO (c) 4201
INTERVAL BETWEEN ONSET AND DEATH
PART II. OTHER SIGNIFICANT CONDITIONS CONTRIBUTING TO DEATH BUT NOT RELATED TO THE TERMINAL DISEASE CONDITION GIVEN IN PART I(a)
19. WAS AUTOPSY PERFORMED? YES ☐ NO ☒
20a. ACCIDENT ☐ SUICIDE ☐ HOMICIDE ☐
20b. DESCRIBE HOW INJURY OCCURRED. (Enter nature of injury in Part I or Part II of item 18.)
20c. TIME OF INJURY Hour a. m. p. m. Month, Day, Year
20d. INJURY OCCURRED WHILE AT WORK ☐ NOT WHILE AT WORK ☐
20e. PLACE OF INJURY (e. g., in or about home, farm, factory, street, office bldg., etc.)
20f. CITY, VILLAGE, OR LOCATION COUNTY, STATE
21. I attended the deceased from 5/13/58, to 11/21/62 and last saw him alive on 11/20/62. Death occurred at 10:35 A m on the date stated in 4; and to the best of my knowledge, from the causes stated.
22a. SIGNATURE (Degree or title) MD
22b. ADDRESS 750 E. Washington
22c. DATE SIGNED 11/23/62
23a. BURIAL, CREMATION. (Specify) Burial
23b. DATE Nov 24 1962
23c. NAME OF CEMETERY OR CREMATORY Myrtle Hill Cemetery
23d. LOCATION (City, town, or county) (State) Valley City, Medina Co, O.
24. NAME OF EMBALMER Ralph E Waite (LIC. NO.) 5549A
25. FUNERAL DIRECTOR'S SIGNATURE Harold E Waite Harold E Waite (LIC. NO.) 1810
26. FUNERAL FIRM AND ADDRESS Waite & Son Inc. (STREET NO.) 765 N Court St (CITY) Medina, (STATE) Ohio.
27. DATE REC'D BY LOCAL REG. 11/23/62
28. REGISTRAR'S SIGNATURE Irene Groetz
29. SUB-REGISTRAR'S SIGNATURE



Hold Kolke Rites On Saturday

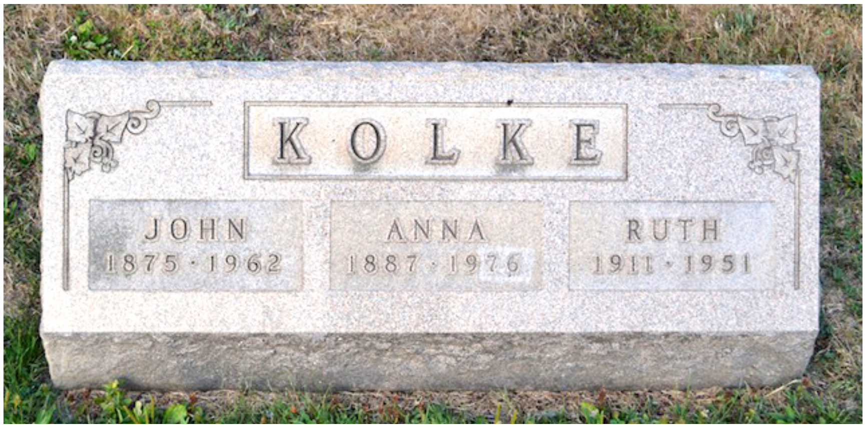
MEDINA — Services for John Kolke, 87, of RD 7, will be held Saturday at 2 p. m. at the Waite Funeral Home, the Rev. George Buck officiating.

Mr. Kolke, a retired carpenter, died Wednesday at Community Hospital after a week there. A native of Russia, he came here 30 years ago from Parma.

He leaves his wife, Anna; three daughters, Mrs. Pearl Steingass of Cleveland and Mrs. Marian Wilks and Mrs. Eleanor Heppler of Parma Heights; two sons, Edward of Parma Heights and Wilbert Johnson of Maryland; a sister, Emily of Cleveland; nine grandchildren and five great-grandchildren.

Burial will be at Myrtle Hill Cemetery, Valley City. Friends may call at the funeral home today.

1976 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Death Record; 1976 US Deaths; and Find-a-Grave.



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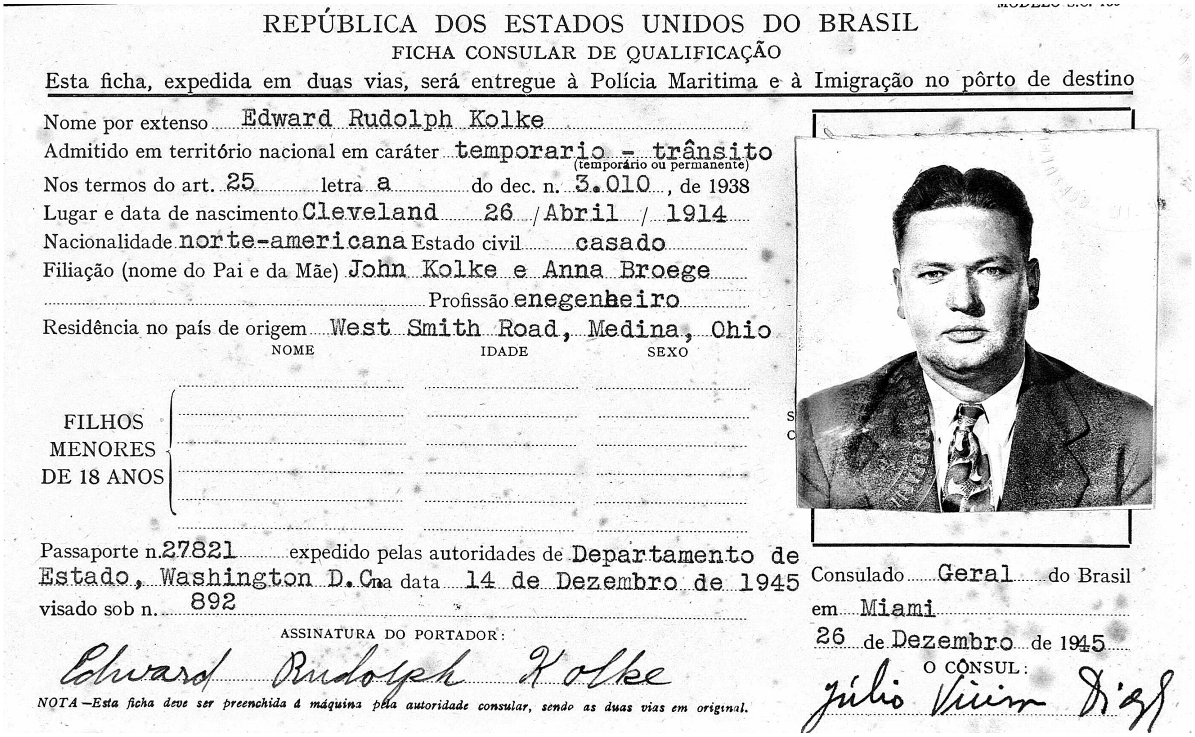
[257] Ruth E. Kolke never married and never worked, living with her parents until her death. She is buried in the Myrtle Hill Cemetery with her parents. *1911 Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio Birth Record; 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1951 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Death Certificate; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker)*; and May 15, 1951, Akron Beacon Journal Obituary.*

[258] Edward Rudolph Kolke may have been named after his father's brothers. Sometime in the mid to late 1930s, probably in Cleveland, Edward Rudolph Kolke married Helen Gertrude Zumpft (May 17, 1917,

Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio – November 30, 1999, Beverly Hills, Citrus County, Florida), daughter of Frederick Alfred Zumpft (April 28, 1890, Sharpsburg, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania – June 30, 1988, Middleburg Heights, Cuyahoga County, Ohio; son of Charles Zumpft and Mary Kay) and Helen Elizabeth Megill/Mcgill (September 1890, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania – December 13, 1918, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio; daughter of Warren Megile/Mcgill and Annie Prophet; m November 28, 1912, Montrose, Pennsylvania). Edward Kolke was a diesel mechanic for the rubber industry, and was often stationed in South America and Africa, where Helen joined him. Their lives certainly had to be interesting. In September 1942, the couple returned from Fisherman's Lake, Liberia, West Africa, where Edward worked for the Firestone Plantation Company. In April 1945, Edward Kolke was in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil. August 2, 1948, saw the couple arriving in New York from Paris. On February 17, 1951, they sailed on the *SS African Sun* from New York to Monrovia, Liberia, where they would live for two years as part of Edward Kolke's employment with the Firestone Tire & Rubber Company, Akron, Ohio. They did not have children. Whether Edward Rudolph Kolke continued to work overseas or in the US is unknown at this time, but he was the informant for his father's death certificate in 1962.



REPÚBLICA DOS ESTADOS UNIDOS DO BRASIL

FICHA CONSULAR DE QUALIFICAÇÃO

Esta ficha, expedida em duas vias, será entregue à Polícia Maritima e à Imigração no pôrto de destino

Nome por extenso Edward Rudolph Kolke

Admitido em território nacional em caráter temporario - trânsito (temporário ou permanente)

Nos termos do art. 25 letra a do dec. n. 3.010, de 1938

Lugar e data de nascimento Cleveland 26 / Abril / 1914

Nacionalidade norte-americana Estado civil casado

Filiação (nome do Pai e da Mãe) John Kolke e Anna Broege

Profissão enegenheiro

Residência no país de origem West Smith Road, Medina, Ohio

FILHOS MENORES DE 18 ANOS	NOME	IDADE	SEXO

Passaporte n. 27821 expedido pelas autoridades de Departamento de Estado, Washington D. C. na data 14 de Dezembro de 1945

visado sob n. 892

ASSINATURA DO PORTADOR: Edward Rudolph Kolke

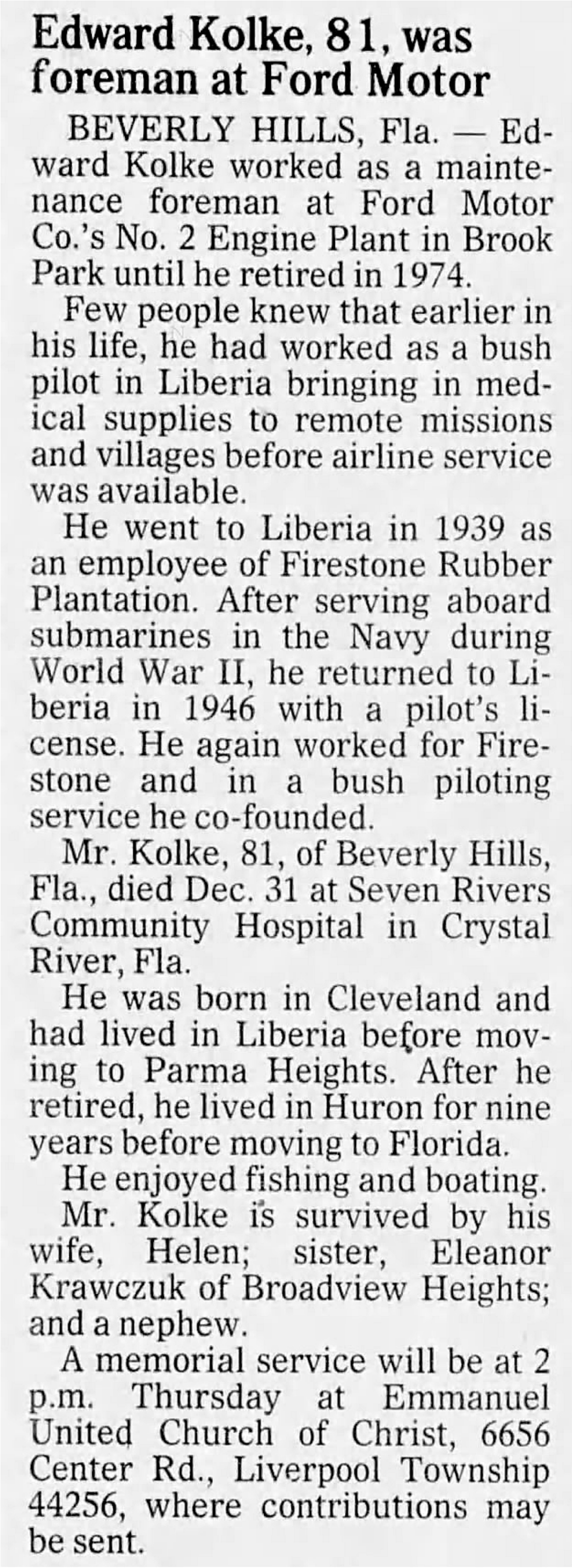
NOTA — Esta ficha deve ser preenchida à máquina pela autoridade consular, sendo as duas vias em original.

Consulado Geral do Brasil

em Miami

26 de Dezembro de 1945

O CÔNSUL: Júlio Vieira



Edward Kolke, 81, was foreman at Ford Motor

BEVERLY HILLS, Fla. — Edward Kolke worked as a maintenance foreman at Ford Motor Co.'s No. 2 Engine Plant in Brook Park until he retired in 1974.

Few people knew that earlier in his life, he had worked as a bush pilot in Liberia bringing in medical supplies to remote missions and villages before airline service was available.

He went to Liberia in 1939 as an employee of Firestone Rubber Plantation. After serving aboard submarines in the Navy during World War II, he returned to Liberia in 1946 with a pilot's license. He again worked for Firestone and in a bush piloting service he co-founded.

Mr. Kolke, 81, of Beverly Hills, Fla., died Dec. 31 at Seven Rivers Community Hospital in Crystal River, Fla.

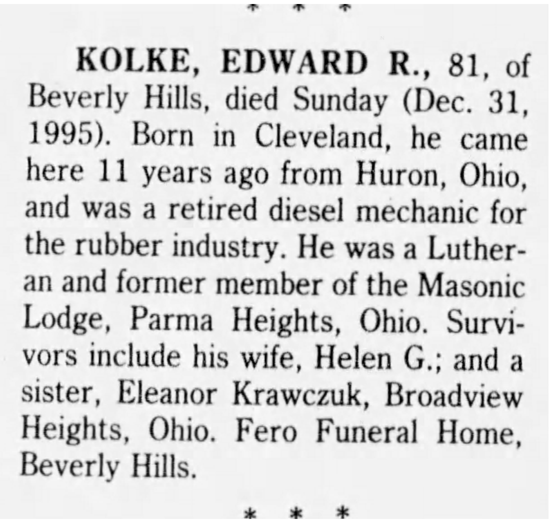
He was born in Cleveland and had lived in Liberia before moving to Parma Heights. After he retired, he lived in Huron for nine years before moving to Florida.

He enjoyed fishing and boating.

Mr. Kolke is survived by his wife, Helen; sister, Eleanor Krawczuk of Broadview Heights; and a nephew.

A memorial service will be at 2 p.m. Thursday at Emmanuel United Church of Christ, 6656 Center Rd., Liverpool Township 44256, where contributions may be sent.

The Cleveland Plain Dealer



* * *

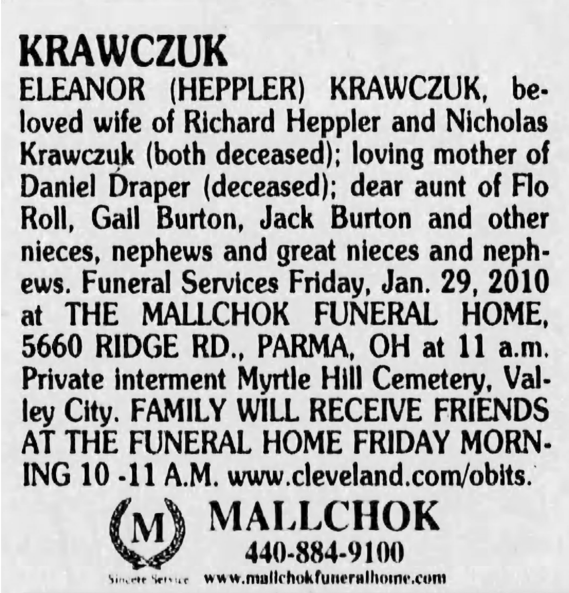
KOLKE, EDWARD R., 81, of Beverly Hills, died Sunday (Dec. 31, 1995). Born in Cleveland, he came here 11 years ago from Huron, Ohio, and was a retired diesel mechanic for the rubber industry. He was a Lutheran and former member of the Masonic Lodge, Parma Heights, Ohio. Survivors include his wife, Helen G.; and a sister, Eleanor Krawczuk, Broadview Heights, Ohio. Fero Funeral Home, Beverly Hills.

* * *

Tampa Bay Times

1900, 1920 and 1930 US Census; 1912 Pittsburgh Daily Post Marriage Announcement; October 27, 1912, The Pittsburgh Press Marriage Announcement; WWI&II Draft Regs; 1942 Pan Am Entry Declaration of Aircraft Commander; 1945 Brazil Immigration Card; 1948 Air France Passenger List; 1951 SS African Sun Outward-Bound Passenger Manifest; 1988 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Death Record; 1988, 1995 and 1999 US Deaths; 1995 Citrus County, Florida, Death Record; 1995 and 1999 US Apps/Claims; January 2, 1996, and December 2, 1999, Tampa Bay Times Obituaries; January 30, 1996, The Cleveland Plain Dealer Obituary; January 2, 2000, The Cleveland Plain Dealer Obituary; and Find-a-Grave (Gravemarker Myrtle Hill Cemetery, Valley City, Medina County, Ohio).

[259] Eleanor E. Kolke married three times. Eleanor E. Kolke is buried in Myrtle Hill Cemetery, Valley City, Medina County, Ohio, with Richard C. Heppler, the second of her three husbands. *1916 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Birth Record; 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; January 2, 1996, Tampa Bay Times Obituary* (brother Edward Rudolph Kolke)*; January 30, 1996, The Cleveland Plain Dealer Obituary* (brother Edward Rudolph Kolke)*; 2010 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Death Record; 2010 US Deaths; January 28, 2010, The Cleveland Plain Dealer Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Myrtle Hill Cemetery, Valley City, Medina County, Ohio).



KRAWCZUK

ELEANOR (HEPPLER) KRAWCZUK, beloved wife of Richard Heppler and Nicholas Krawczuk (both deceased); loving mother of Daniel Draper (deceased); dear aunt of Flo Roll, Gail Burton, Jack Burton and other nieces, nephews and great nieces and nephews. Funeral Services Friday, Jan. 29, 2010 at THE MALLCHOK FUNERAL HOME, 5660 RIDGE RD., PARMA, OH at 11 a.m. Private interment Myrtle Hill Cemetery, Valley City. FAMILY WILL RECEIVE FRIENDS AT THE FUNERAL HOME FRIDAY MORNING 10 -11 A.M. www.cleveland.com/obits.

MALLCHOK
440-884-9100
Sincere Service www.mallchokfuneralhome.com

M#1 In March 1933, probably in New Castle, Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, Eleanor E. Kolke, when she was just sixteen years six months of age, and pregnant, married Howard Willis Draper (January 12, 1910, Strongsville, Cuyahoga County, Ohio – June 27, 1970, Old Soldiers and Sailors Home, Sandusky, Erie County, Ohio). Howard Willis Draper was the son of Harland Forest Draper (September 14, 1873, Strongsville, Cuyahoga County, Ohio – January 5, 1953, Berea, Cuyahoga County, Ohio) and Mabel L. Wilkinson (July 21, 1880, North Royalton, Cuyahoga County, Michigan – January 5, 1950, Strongsville, Cuyahoga County, Ohio; m July 2, 1902, Royalton, Ohio). Eleanor Kolke and Howard Draper were divorced in 1938. Eleanor Kolke Draper was living with her half-sister Pearl Kolke Steingass in April 1940, while her son Daniel H. Draper was living with his grandparents, John and Anna Broege Kolke. On June 5, 1941, Howard W. Draper married Vera E. Larmour (b1915/16, Canada), daughter of James Larmour and Maude Horsman, in Strongsville, Ohio, but the marriage didn't last a year. On June 7, 1949, Howard Willis Draper was divorced by his third known wife Primrose Dorsa Pritchard, in Sarasota County, Florida, whom he married on April 20, 1947, in Dade County, Florida.. On June 3, 1950, Howard Willis Draper was married for a fourth known time, to Lillian (nee Jordan) Monroe, in Bradenton, Sarasota County, Florida, which also ended in divorce in 1951, in Sarasota County, Florida. Howard Willis Draper was a

World War II veteran, and is buried in Strongsville Cemetery, Cuyahoga County, Ohio. Howard W. Draper and Eleanor E. Kolke had one child. *1880 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Birth Record; 1880, 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1902 and 1941 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Marriage Certificates; March 4, 1933, New Castle Pennsylvania News Marriage Licenses; 1938 and 1992 US Apps/Claims* (Mabel Wilkinson Draper); *WWII Draft Reg; 1942 Army Enlistment Record; 1947 Dade County, Florida, Marriage Record; 1949, Sarasota County, Florida, Divorce Record; June 8, 1949, The Tampa Tribune, Divorce Notice; May 30, 1950, The Tampa Tribune Marriage Announcement; 1950 Sarasota County, Florida, Marriage Record; 1951 Sarasota County, Florida, Divorce Record; 1970 US Deaths; 1970 Erie County, Ohio, Death Record; June 30, 1970, The Cleveland Plain Dealer Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Howard W. Draper, Harland Forest Draper and Mable L. Wilkinson Draper, Strongsville Cemetery, Strongsville, Ohio).

- Daniel H. Draper (August 13, 1933, Berea, Cuyahoga County, Ohio – January 13, 1992, Parma, Cuyahoga County, Ohio) was living with his grandparents, John and Anna Broege Kolke, in April 1940. Daniel H. Draper was married at least five times. He and his five wives accounted for a ridiculous number of marriages (at least seventeen), which were hard to track . He is buried in Myrtle Hill Cemetery, Valley City, Medina County, Ohio. *1933 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Birth Record; 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1992 US Deaths; 1992 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Death Record; 1992 BIRLS Deaths; 1992 US Apps/Claims; January 15, 1992, The Akron Beacon Journal Obituary; January 15, 1992, The Cleveland Plain Dealer Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Daniel H. Draper Myrtle Hill Cemetery).

M#1 Daniel H. Draper married widow Caroline Agatha Prince (Main) (August 18, 1921, Charleston, Charleston County, South Carolina – May 10, 2006, Charleston, Charleston County, South Carolina), daughter of Percy Leawrence Prince and Sarah/Sadie Cameron, on October 15, 1954, in Charleston, South Carolina, probably when he was in the service. Her first husband was Willie Holman Main Jr. (February 22, 1923, Fairfax, Allendale County, South Carolina – July 20, 1952, Jacksonboro, Colleton County, South Carolina), who was killed in an automobile accident. They were divorced on January 26, 1955, in Medina County, Ohio. On May 17, 1963, Caroline Agatha Prince (Main) married Romie Northe Euthon (1917-1980), in Charleston, South Carolina. Romie Northe Euthon married Mary Leola Young on January 8, 1979, in Charleston, South Carolina. Caroline Agatha Prince married for at least a fourth time, as her surname at the time of the death was “Baity,” but I could not locate her marriage or any information about her fourth husband *1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1952 Charleston County, South Carolina, Death Certificate; July 22, 1952, The Columbia State Accident Article; 1954, 1963 and 1979 Charleston, Charleston County, South Carolina, Marriage Records; and 2006 US Deaths*.

M#2 Daniel H. Draper married divorcee Betty Lou Travis (Maxwell) (March 23, 1931, Lodi, Harrisville Township, Medina County, Ohio – September 29, 2015, Perrysburg, Wood County, Ohio), daughter of Martin L. Travis Sr. May 11, 1882, Louisa, Lawrence County, Kentucky – November 16, 1968, Lodi, Medina County, Ohio) and Bertha Julia Norris (February 5, 1887, Hubbardstown, Wayne County, West Virginia – October 29, 1977, Lodi, Medina County, Ohio), on May 16, 1958, Parma, Cuyahoga County, Ohio. Betty Lou Travis’ first husband was William Norman Maxwell (March 24, 1927, Wooster, Wayne County, Ohio – February 12, 2006, New Port Richey, Pasco County, Florida), whom she married on June 21, 1947, in Lodi, Medina County, Ohio, when she was only sixteen years old. William Norman Maxwell and Betty Lou Travis had three children. The Betty Lou Travis – Daniel H. Draper marriage was apparently short lived, around 1960, she married Russell Dean Johnson (August 30, 1940, Sunbury, Delaware County, Ohio – August 2, 2017, Coldwater Lake, Branch County, Michigan) probably in Lucas County, Ohio, which was his third marriage. They divorced after thirty years of marriage on August 29, 1990, in Lucas County, Ohio. At the time of her death Betty Lous Travis was married to John R. Heath (____-___). *1931 Medina County, Ohio, Birth Record; 1940 Delaware County, Ohio, Birth Record; 1947 and 1958 Medina County, Ohio, Marriage Certificates; 1959 Parma, Ohio, City Directory; 1990 Lucas County, Ohio, Divorce Record; October 3, 2015, Medina Gazette Obituary* (Betty Lou Travis Maxwell Johnson Heath)*; 2017 Ohio Death Record* (Russell Dean Johnson)*; and August 2017 Newcomer Funeral Home Obituary*.

M#3 Daniel H. Draper married Alice A. ____ (b1912), whom he divorced on August 21, 1962, in Cuyahoga County, Ohio, after one year of marriage, which was his third marriage and her second marriage. *1962 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Divorce Record.*

M#4 In July 1964, in Escambia County, Alabama, Daniel H. Draper married Celestine Sheffield (Slack) (January 22, 1928, Flomaton, Escambia County, Alabama – February 7, 2005, Medina, Medina County, Ohio), whom he divorced on November 2, 1966. Celestine Sheffield, daughter of Charles Arter Sheffield Jr. (December 12, 1904, Flomaton, Escambia County, Alabama - July 19, 1973, Pensacola, Escambia County, Florida) and Clara Hammac (February 17, 1908, Owens, Escambia County, Alabama – April 3, 1990, Pensacola, Escambia County, Florida), apparently married at least four other times: (1) ____ Slack (____-____), whom she married circa April 1949, and for whom I could not locate any information; (3) widower Elmer J. Bogar (April 1, 1912, Cuyahoga County, Ohio – September 26, 1971, Medina, Medina County, Ohio), who was fifty six years of age when they married circa September 1968, and divorced less than a year later on July 14, 1969, in Medina County, Ohio); (4) On May 27, 1972, widow Celestine Sheffield Slack married Earl Waldo Wagner (March 25, 1936, Barberton, Summit County, Ohio – January 1, 2002, Akron, Summit county, Ohio), in Winchester, Virginia, in what she claimed was her second marriage (his first); and (5) as of May 23, 1979, she went by "Celeste Slack," but in what she stated was her fourth marriage married David Arthur Kovacs (December 15, 1927, Akron, Summit county, Ohio – January 17, 2017,Cuyahoga Falls, Summit County, Ohio), in Medina County, Ohio, on September 22, 1979. She was "Celestine Kovacs" and married at the time of her death according to her Ohio death records. *1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1927 and 1936 Summit County, Ohio, Birth Records; WWII Draft Reg* (David Arthur Kovacs)*; 1964 Escambia County, Alabama, Marriage Index; November 10, 1966, Medina County Gazette, Divorce Announcement; 1967 and 1969 Medina County, Ohio, Divorce Records; 1972 Winchester County, Virginia, Marriage Record; July 21, 1973, The Pensacola News, Obituary; 1978 Summit County, Ohio, Divorce Record* (David Arthur Kovacs)*; 1979 Medina County, Ohio, Marriage Record; 1971 and 2005 Medina County, Ohio, Death Record; 1971, 1973, 2002 and 2005 US Deaths; 1973 and 1990 Escambia County, Florida, Death Record; 2002 and 2017 Summit County, Ohio, Death Records; January 3, 2002, and January 21, 2017, The Akron Beacon Journal Obituaries; and 2005 US Apps/Claims.*

M#5 Daniel H. Draper married widow Dorothy Clara Miller (March 11, 1934, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio - August 13, 2013, Lakewood, Cuyahoga County, Ohio), daughter of George Miller and Dorothy Fulton, on June 11, 1982, in Medina County, Ohio, claiming it was only his second marriage. It was Dorothy C. Miller's second marriage. Her first husband was Charlese Ezra Dutton (April 6, 1931, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio – April 21, 1973, Lakewood, Cuyahoga County, Ohio), whom she married on July 7, 1952, in Cleveland. Daniel H. Draper remained married to Dorothy Clara Miller at the time of his death. His gravemarker is engraved "Husband." *1934 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Birth Record; 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1952 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Marriage Record; 1973 and 2013 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Death Record; 1973 BIRLS Deaths; ; 1973 and 2013 US Deaths; April 23, 1973* (Charles E. Dutton) *and August 16, 2013, The Cleveland Plain Dealer Obituary* (Dorothy Clara Dutton Draper)*; 1982 Medina County, Ohio, Marriage Record; January 15, 1992, The Cleveland Plain Dealer Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Daniel H. Draper Myrtle Hill Cemetery).

M#2 In 1941, in Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Eleanor E. Kolke married Richard Conrad Heppler (March 3, 1913, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio – December 8, 1982, Parma, Cuyahoga County, Ohio), son of Conrad Christian Heppner (July 5, 1880, Liverpool, Lancashire, England – November 30, 1928, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio; 1898 and 1906 Imm to US) and Florence Ellen James (February 12, 1881, Lancashire, England - March 26, 1972, Rocky River, Cuyahoga County, Ohio; m September 9, 1901, Lancashire, England; daughter of Richard James; 1907 Imm to US). Richard Heppler served in the US Army from February 1942 to February 1944, when he was discharged due to disease. Richard C. Heppler, Eleanor E. Kolke Draper Heppler, and her son Daniel H. Draper, were living in Parma, Cuyahoga County,

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Ohio, as of April 1, 1950. Richard C. Heppler is buried in Myrtle Hill Cemetery with Eleanor E. Kolke. They apparently did not have children. *1880 St. Francis Xavier, Liverpool, Lancashire, England, Baptism Record; 1901 Princes Park, All Saints, Lancashire, England, Marriage Record; 1906 SS Carmania Manifest; 1907 SS Baltic Manifest; 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1913 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Birth Record; 1918 US Petition for Naturalization* (Conrad Christian Heppler)*; WWI&II Draft Regs; 1928, 1972 and 1982 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Death Records; 1928, 1972 and 1982 US Deaths; 1941 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Marriage Record; 1942 Army Enlistment Record; 1943 US WWII Hospital Admission File; 1972 US Deaths; 1982 BIRLS Deaths; December 10, 1982, The Cleveland Plain Dealer Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Myrtle Hill Cemetery, Valley City, Medina County, Ohio).

M#3 On March 23, 1985, in Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Eleanor E. Kolke married Nicholas G. Krawczuk (December 26, 1922, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio – November 23, 2004, Broadview Heights, Cuyahoga County, Ohio), son of Stefan/Steve Krawczuk (February 7, 1891, Galicia, Austria/Poland – February 25, 1964, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio; June 10, 1913 Imm to New York, US) and Stella/Tekla Cerepanak (1894, Galicia, Austria/Poland – February 18, 1977, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio; m January 30, 1915, Cuyahoga County, Ohio). Nicholas Krawczuk's first wife was Sylvia ____ (~1925, ____, Ohio - >1966, ____), with whom he had three children. Sylvia ____ Krawczuk remarried circa 1966. Nicholas G. Krawczuk was a private in the US Marine Corps at the end of World War II, and is buried in Myrtle Hill Cemetery, Valley City, Medina County, Ohio. *1912 SS George Washington Manifest; 1915 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Marriage Certificate; 1922 US Declaration of Intention* (Stefan Krawczuk)*; 1923 US Naturalization Petition* (Stefan Krawczuk)*; 1946, 1966 and 1985 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Marriage Records; 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; WWII Draft Reg; 1964 and 2004 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Death Records; 1985 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Marriage Record; 1964 and 2004 US Deaths;; 2004 US Apps/Claims; February 20, 1977, and November 26, 2004, The Cleveland Plain Dealer Obituaries; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Myrtle Hill Cemetery, Valley City, Medina County, Ohio)

[260] Marian Myrtle Kolke married twice. She is buried in Myrtle Hill Cemetery, Valley City, Medina County, Ohio. *1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1943 Medina High School Yearbook; 1984 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Death Record; 1984 US Deaths; 1984 US Apps/Claims; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Marian M. Wilks, Myrtle Hill Cemetery).

M#1. On June 10, 1944, in Medina County, Ohio, Marian Myrtle Kolke married Lawrence Chester Burton (December 27, 1922, Hannibal, Monroe County, Ohio – July 9, 1983, Port Orange, Volusia County, Florida), a truck driver and maintenance mechanic, son of Stanley Burton (March 22, 1899, New Martinsville, Wetzel County, West Virginia - March 23, 1959, Medina, Medina County, Ohio; bur Spring Grove Cemetery, Median, Ohio) and Ida S. Grossenbaugh (December 1, 1902, West Virginia - July 29, 1977, Medina, Medina County, Ohio). Lawrence Chester Burton enlisted in the US Army on January 13, 1943. Marian Kolke was a minor (17), and received her parents' permission to marry. On April 1, 1950, they were living next to John Kolke and Anna Broege in Medina Township, Ohio. They were divorced on January 24, 1956, in Medina County, Ohio. They had three known children:

• Florence A. Burton (1944, Medina, Medina County, Ohio - >1966). *1950 US Census; and 1966 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Marriage Record.*

• Nick (Jack) L. Burton (b January 26, 1947,, Medina, Medina County, Ohio) was a resident of Brunswick, Ohio as of 1999. *1950 US Census; and 1999 Tampa Bay Times Obituary* (Helen Gertrude Kolke).

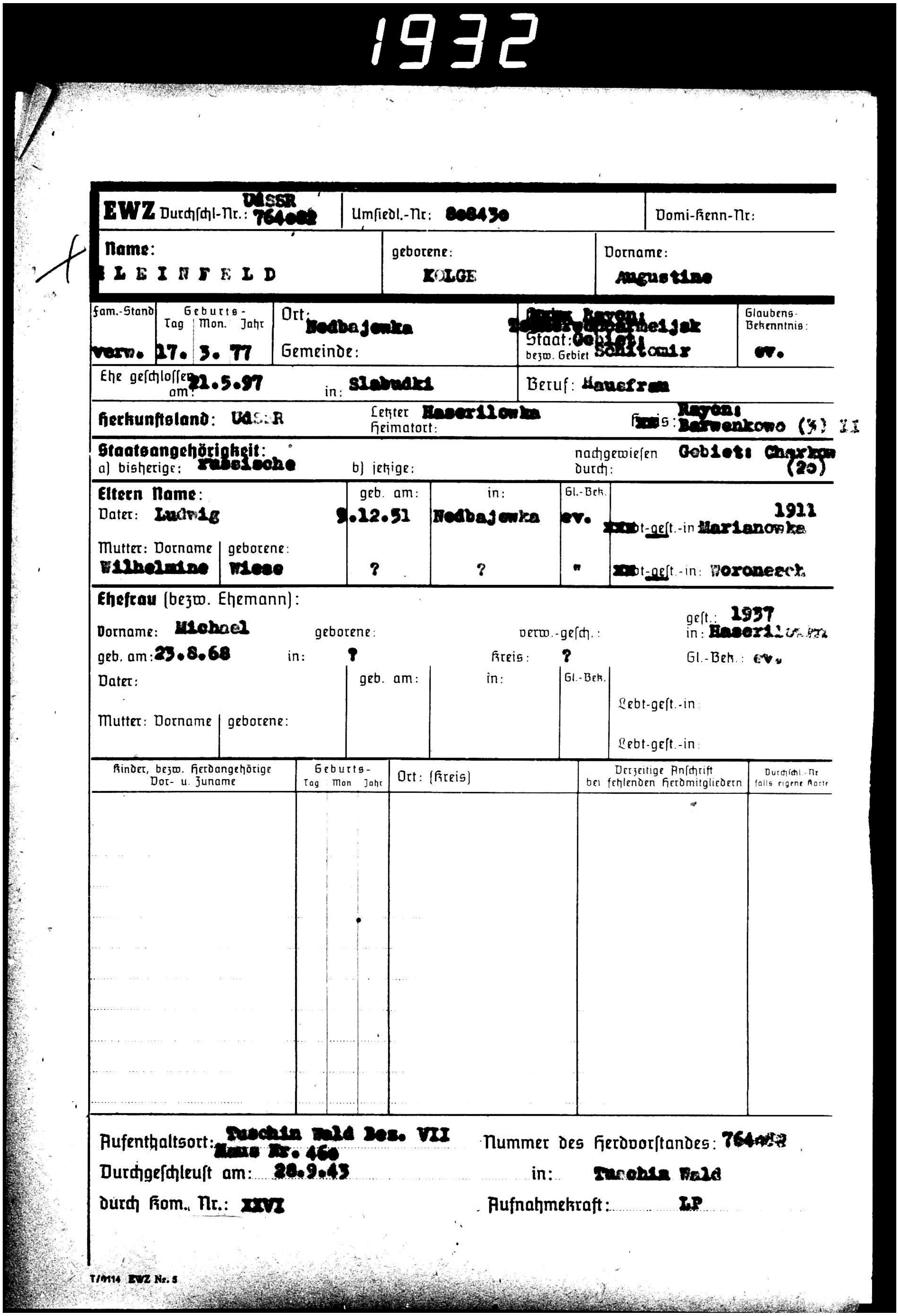
• Gail Burton (b1950, Medina, Medina County, Ohio).

On February 25, 1956, in Steuben County, Indiana, Lawrence Chester Burton married Helen Louise Holly (January 4, 1934, Chicago, Cook County, Illinois – January 5, 2019, Sault Ste. Marie, Chippewa County, Michigan), and they had four sons. On November 18, 1983, in Seminole County, Florida, widow Helen Louise Holly Burton married Jack Herbert Bailey.

1934 Cook County, Illinois, Birth Record; 1944 Medina County, Ohio, Marriage Certificate; 1900, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; WWI&II Draft Regs; 1943 US Army Enlistment Record; 1959 and 1977 Medina County, Ohio, Death Records; 1959, 1977 and 1983 US Deaths; 1983 BIRLS Deaths; 1983 Volusia County, Florida, Death Record; 1983 US Apps/Claims; July 13, 1983, The Orlando Sentinel Obituary;1983 Seminole County, Florida, Marriage Record; and Find-a-Grave (Gravemarkers Lawrence C. Burton and Helen Burton Bailey, Daytona Memorial Park, Daytona Beach, Florida).

M#2. On May 25, 1957, Marian Myrtle Kolke (Burton) married widower George Donald Wilks (April 8, 1920, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio – November 15, 1994, Parma, Cuyahoga County, Ohio), son Harold Lawrence Wilks (March 13, 1895, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio – January 24, 1962, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio) and Katherine Thut (1888, Austria – August 20, 1969, Summit County, Ohio; m September 1, 1928, Cuyahoga County, Ohio), in Cleveland, Ohio. They did not have children. George Donald Wilks' first wife was Josephine J. Dewald (May 2, 1911, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio – >April 1, 1950 ≤December 31, 1950, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio), daughter of Spanish American War veteran Joseph W. Dewald (January 2, 1878, Germany - January 15, 1917, Cleveland, Cuyahoga, Ohio; married Effie Hall on May 29, 1899, in Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio) and Effie Olive Hall (January 31, 1882, Cleveland, Cuyahoga, Ohio - December 27, 1971, Brunswick, Medina County, Ohio; daughter of Frank Hall and Kittie A. Foote; married Harry T. Simmons). George Daniel Wilks and Josephine J. Dewald (O'Neil) lived with her mother Effie Hall and step-father Harry T. Simmons, on Wade Park Avenue, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, as of April 15, 1950. Josephine Dewald Wilks died in 1950, and is buried with her parents in Sunset Memorial Park, North Olmsted, Ohio. Josephine Dewald's first marriage was to Thomas Francis O'Neil Jr. (June 29, 1909, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio – March 22, 1955, Los Angeles County, California; son of Thomas Francis O'Neil (b1870, Ohio) and Oddie Hinchcliff (b1875, Ohio)), on November 26, 1932, in Cuyahoga County, Ohio. They divorced prior to April 1, 1940. *1882, 1889, 1895, 1911 and 1920 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Birth Records; 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1899* (Dewald-Hall)*, 1909* (Simmons-Marik)*, 1927* (Simmons-Hall/Dewald)*, 1928, and 1932 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Marriage Certificates; 1917 US VA Master* Index (Joseph W. Dewald*); January 17, 1917, and 1962, The Cleveland Plain Dealer Obituaries; 1940 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Marriage Record; WWII Draft Regs; 1955 Los Angeles County, California, Death Record; 1957 Medina County, Ohio, Marriage Certificate; 1962, 1969, 1970 and 1994 US Deaths; 1962 and 1984 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Death Records; 1970 and 1971 Medina County, Ohio, Death Record; July 19, 1970, The Akron Beacon Journal Obituary; 1994 US Apps/Claims; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Josephine Wilks, Sunset Memorial Park, North Olmsted, Ohio)*; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Joseph W. Dewald Woodland Cemetery, Cleveland)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Harold Lawrence Wilks and Katherine Thut Wilks, East Cleveland Township Cemetery, Cleveland, Ohio).

[261] *1868 Pultusk Parish of the Church of the Augsburg Confession Baptism Record,* #108*; and 1943EWZ764082* (Augustine Kolge Kleinfeld)*; and A3342EWZ50-E014 1932, 1938, 1940, 1942.*



1932

EWZ Durchſchl-Nr.: UdSSR 764082 | Umſiedl.-Nr: 808430 | Domi-Kenn-Nr:

Name: KLEINFELD | geborene: KOLGE | Vorname: Auguſtine

Fam.-Stand: verw. | Geburts- Tag: 17. Mon.: 3. Jahr: 77 | Ort: Nedbajewka Gemeinde: | Rayon: Tscherwonoarmeijak Staat: Gebiet: Schitomir bezw. Gebiet | Glaubens-Bekenntnis: ev.

Ehe geſchloſſen am: 21.5.97 in: Slabudki | Beruf: Hausfrau

Herkunftsland: UdSSR | Letzter Heimatort: Haserilowka | ~~Kreis~~: Rayon: Barwenkowo (3) II

Staatsangehörigkeit: a) bisherige: russische b) jetzige: | nachgewieſen durch: Gebiet: Charkow (20)

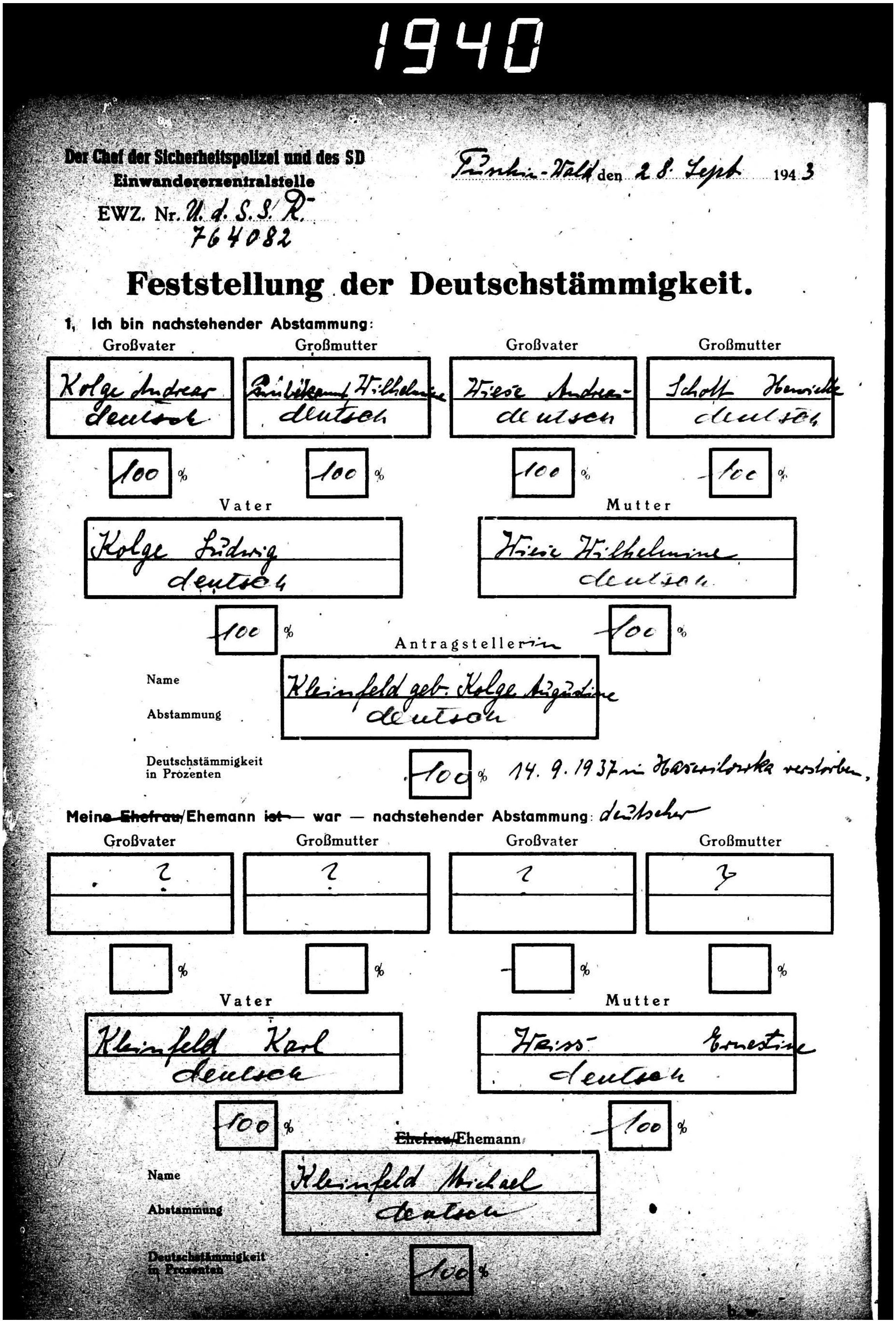
Eltern Name: | geb. am: | in: | Gl.-Bek. |
Vater: Ludwig | 9.12.51 | Nedbajewka | ev. | ~~Lebt~~-geſt.-in 1911 Marianowka
Mutter: Vorname Wilhelmine | geborene: Wieſe | ? | ? | " | ~~Lebt~~-geſt.-in: Woronesch

Ehefrau (bezw. Ehemann):
Vorname: Michael | geborene: | verw.-geſch.: | geſt.: 1937 in: Haserilowka
geb. am: 23.8.68 | in: ? | Kreis: ? | Gl.-Bek.: ev.
Vater: | geb. am: | in: | Gl.-Bek. | Lebt-geſt.-in:
Mutter: Vorname | geborene: | Lebt-geſt.-in:

Kinder, bezw. Herdangehörige Vor- u. Zuname	Geburts- Tag	Mon	Jahr	Ort: (Kreis)	Derzeitige Anſchrift bei fehlenden Herdmitgliedern	Durchſchl.-Nr falls eigene Karte

Aufenthaltsort: Tuschin Wald Bez. VII Haus Nr. 460 | Nummer des Herdvorſtandes: 764082
Durchgeſchleuſt am: 28.9.43 | in: Tuschin Wald
durch Kom. Nr.: XXVI | Aufnahmekraft: LP

T/0114 EWZ Nr. 5



1940

Der Chef der Sicherheitspolizei und des SD
Einwandererzentralstelle
EWZ. Nr. U. d. S. S. R.
764082

Pünkin-Wald den 28. Sept 1943

Feststellung der Deutschstämmigkeit.

1. Ich bin nachstehender Abstammung:

Großvater	Großmutter	Großvater	Großmutter
Kolge Andreas	Brühlkamp Wilhelmine	Wiese Andreas	Schott Henriette
deutsch	deutsch	deutsch	deutsch
100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

Vater	Mutter
Kolge Ludwig	Wiese Wilhelmine
deutsch	deutsch
100 %	100 %

Antragsteller~~in~~

Name: Kleinfeld geb. Kolge Augustine
Abstammung: deutsch
Deutschstämmigkeit in Prozenten: 100 % 14. 9. 1937 in Hasenilowka verstorben,

Meine ~~Ehefrau~~/Ehemann ~~ist~~ — war — nachstehender Abstammung: deutscher

Großvater	Großmutter	Großvater	Großmutter
?	?	?	?
%	%	%	%

Vater	Mutter
Kleinfeld Karl	Weiss Ernestine
deutsch	deutsch
100 %	100 %

~~Ehefrau~~/Ehemann

Name: Kleinfeld Michael
Abstammung: deutsch
Deutschstämmigkeit in Prozenten: 100 %

b. w.

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[262] A Karl Kleinfeld was born to Henryk Kleinfeld and Katarzyna Ewa Nix (Maks) in 1825, in Nieporęt, Congress Poland, Russia, which is located just to the north of Warsaw. Karl Kleinfeld (married, age 78 (=1830), born in Poland), died on September 22, 1908, in Emilchin Parish, where Michael Kleinfeld and Auguste Kolke also resided. I suspect they are the same Karl Kleinfeld who was the father of Michał Kleinfeld as well as several other children, whom I identified in the various records. *1825 Nieporęt Parish Baptism Record*, #61*; and 1908 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p64 #81.

• Ewa Kleinfeld (January 26, 1849, Łachy,* Pułtusk Parish, Congress Poland, Russia – April 5, 1882, Warwarowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russ) married Jan/Johann Kuntz on February 21, 1865, in Nowa Wieś, Popowo, Pułtusk Parish, when she would have just turned sixteen years of age. *1849 Pułtusk Parish of the Church of the Augsburg Confession Baptism Record,* #10*; 1865 Pułtusk Parish of the Church of the Augsburg Confession Marriage Record; and 1882 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p990 #138 (Eva Kunt; Age 32Y (not 82Y per *Odessa3* translation); born Lache, Poland; husband was Johann Kunt; maiden name Kleinfeld).

*Łachy is northeast of Pułtusk.

• Adam Kleinfeld (1853, Łachy, Pułtusk Parish, Congress Poland, Russia - ≥July 1915) married Elisabeth Ewert/Ebert/Evert on October 20, 1876, in the Heimtal Parish. I located seven of their children. In July 1915, Adam Kleinfeld, son of Karl Kleinfeld, had his property expropriated by the Tsar and was probably deported to Siberia. *1853 Pułtusk Parish of the Church of the Augsburg Confession Baptism Record,* #94*; 1876 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p776 #68*; and 1915 Expropriation List.*

1. August Kleinfeld (July 27, 1877, Warwarowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia - ≥July 1915). In July 1915, August Kleinfeld, son of Adam Kleinfeld, had his property expropriated by the Tsar and was probably deported to Siberia. *1878 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p797 #187*; and 1915 Expropriation List.*

2. Ottilie Kleinfeld (b July 11, 1879, Warwarowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1880 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p444 #242.

3. Bertha Kleinfeld (b July 12, 1881, Warwarowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1882 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p967 #449.

4. Lydia Kleinfeld (b January 4, 1883, Warwarowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1883 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p817 #343.

5. Emma Kleinfeld (b March 28, 1885, Warwarowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p640 #490.

6. Emil Kleinfeld (1893, Warwarowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia – January 29, 1938, shot by NKVD, probably in Emilchin, Ukraine SSR). Emil Kleinfeld, son of Adam Kleinfeld, was arrested by the Emilchin RO NKVD on December 18, 1937, under Section 54-10 (conducting anti-Soviet propaganda and agitation). On January 20, 1938, he was tried by two USSSR NKVD and sentenced to the maximum punishment (death). He was shot on January 29, 1938. He was a resident of Warwarowka, and married to Hilda ____, with four children in the home (Ella, Adeline, Ewald and Agness). *NKVD #1600.*

7. Richard Kleinfeld (1894, Warwarowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia – September 28, 1938, shot by NKVD, probably in Emilchin, Ukraine SSR). Richard Kleinfeld, son of Adam Kleinfeld, was arrested by the Emilchin RO NKVD under Sections 54-2 (bourgeois separatism and nationalism) and

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54-11 (being a member of an anti-Soviet organization). On September 22, 1938, he was tried by a troika of Zhitomir NKVD and sentenced to the maximum punishment (death). He was shot on September 28, 1938. He was a collective farmer in Warwarowka, and there is no indication of a wife and/or children. *NKVD #1424*.

• Ferdinand Kleinfeld (b1857, Łachy, Pułtusk Parish, Congress Poland, Russia), son of Karl Kleinfeld, married Julianna Schmidt, daughter of Christ. Schmidt. I was able to locate one child. *1857 Pułtusk Parish of the Church of the Augsburg Confession Baptism Record,* #45.

1. Eduard Kleinfeld (b May 23, 1876, Warwarowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1877 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p615 #262.

• Jakob Kleinfeld (b1859, Łachy, Pułtusk Parish, Congress Poland, Russia). *1859 Pułtusk Parish of the Church of the Augsburg Confession Baptism Record,* #130.

• Zuzanna Kleinfeld (b1862, Łachy, Pułtusk Parish, Congress Poland, Russia). *1862 Pułtusk Parish of the Church of the Augsburg Confession Baptism Record,* #114.

• Eduard Kleinfeld (1865, Łachy, Pułtusk Parish, Congress Poland, Russia - ≥July 1915) married Wilhelmine Bank (b June 4, 1872, Neudorf, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 18, 1872, Heimtal Parish), daughter of Karl Bank and Pauline Stoike. I located four of their children. In July 1915, Edward Kleinfeld, son of Karl Kleinfeld, had his property confiscated by the Tsar and his family was probably deported to Siberia. *1865 Pułtusk Parish of the Church of the Augsburg Confession Baptism Record,* #184*; 1872 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record*, p656 #251*; and 1915 Expropriation List.*

1. Eduard Kleinfeld (December 1900, Marianowka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia – January 26, 1901, Marianowka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1902 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p201 #117 (1M).

2. Ernst Kleinfeld (March 4, 1903, Marianowka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap 1903, Emilchin Parish (GP: Michael Kleinfeld and Auguste Kolke Kleinfeld) – November 11, 1903, Marianowka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1903 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p258 #285*; and 1903 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p315 #129 (5Y 5M).

3. Ernestine Kleinfeld (August 16, 1907, Marianowka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia – December 21, 1912, Marianowka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1907 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p152 #326*; and 1912 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p204 #143 (8M).

4. Adele Kleinfeld (b November 28, 1911, Marianowka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1907 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p13 #100.

[263] *1943EWZ764082* (Augustine Kolge Kleinfeld).

[264] *1903 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p258 #285.

[265] This child apparently died shortly after birth, as he/she was baptized, which wouldn't occur with a stillborn child. Nevertheless, the child did not have a given name in the church record. *1912 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p10 #86.

[266] *1913 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p11 #86*;* and *1915 Nowograd Wolhynsk Baptism Record,* pp 121/186 #144.

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[267] For example, Auguste Kolke Kleinfeld has her father *Ludwig Kolke* born on December 9, 1851, in Nedbajewka. However, he would have only been eleven years and eight months old when he married *Wilhelmine Wiese* on July 16, 1863, which is documented. Auguste Kolke Kleinfeld has her father dying in Marianowka, which is accurate, but in 1911, which is five years after his documented death. As noted in Chapter 3, there are no records of an Andreas Wiese and Henriette Schott, either individually or as a couple, who Auguste Kolke Kleinfeld states in the *Feststellung* were her maternal grandparents. Also, alleged paternal grandfather Andreas Kolke was married to Maria Biberdorf, not Wilhelmine ______ (possibly Biberdorf?). *1943EWZ764082* (Augustine Kolge Kleinfeld)*; and A3342EWZ50-E014 1932, 1938, 1940, 1942.*

[268] The only Daniel Jabs in Nepoznanitschi in the 1870s and 1880s was married to Susanna Luettke. They had four other children born in Nepoznanitschi during that period of time. *1912 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p206 #152 (77Y, married, born Poland).

• Justine Jaabs (b February 20, 1874, Nepoznanitschi, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1875 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p619 #123.

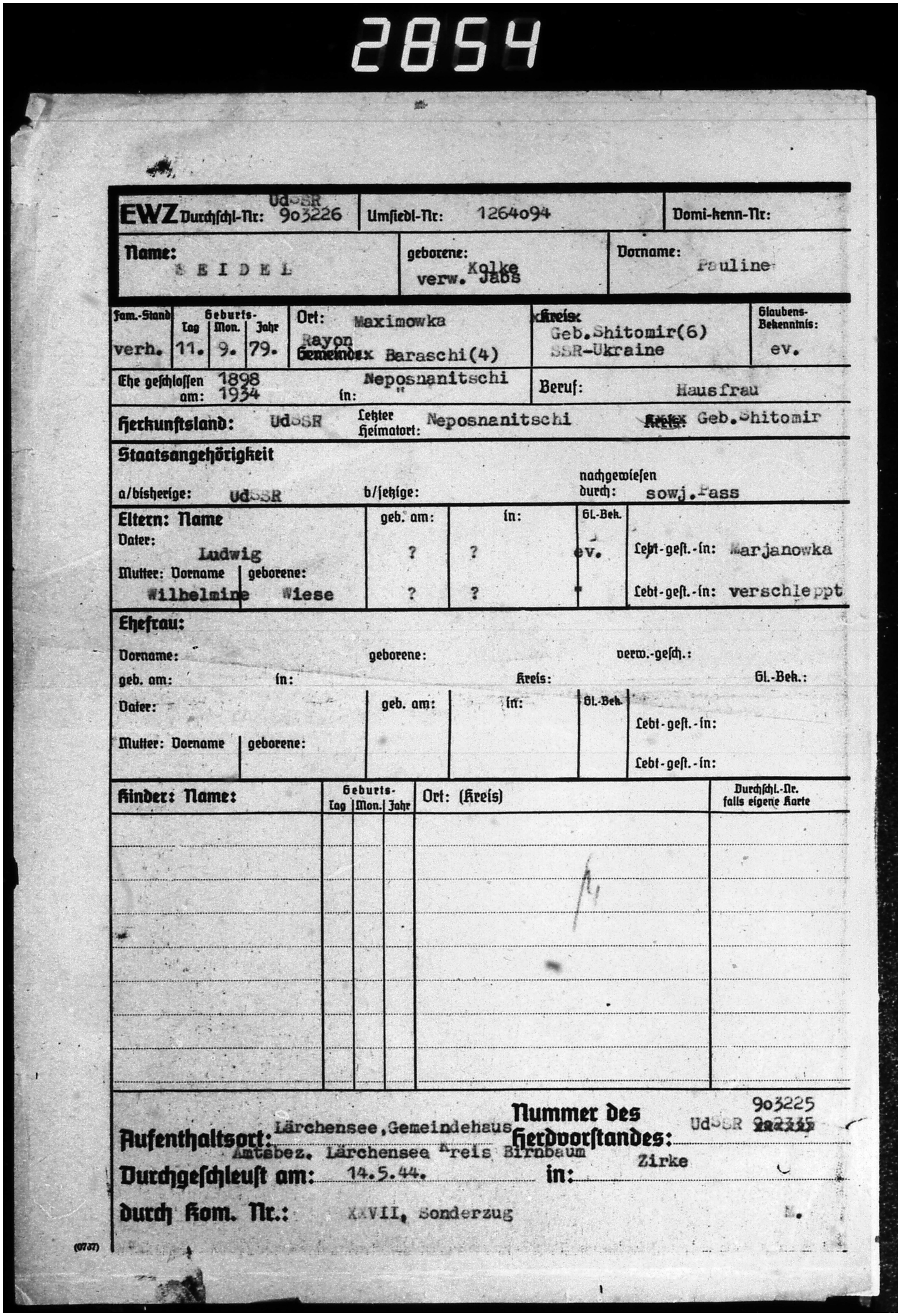
• Susanna Jaabs (b August 15, 1875, Nepoznanitschi, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1876 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p730 #151.

• Kristian Jabs (b May 16, 1878, Nepoznanitschi, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1878 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p799 #221.

• Amalie Jabs (b January 25, 1880, Rohrbach, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1880 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p441 #160.

Another source of Michael Jabs' father, birth and death in 1919, is Ida Jabs Betke, daughter of Michael's son Alexander Jabs, who lives in Garbsen, Germany.

[269] *1944EWZ903226* (Pauline Kolke Jabs Seidel)*; A3342EWZ50-H081 2854; 1945EWZ1044404* (Agathe Kuhn Jabs); *A3342EWZ50-D036 1938; and 1915 Expropriation List* (Michael Jabs son of Daniel Jabs).



2854

EWZ Durchſchl.-Nr.: UdSSR 903226
Umſiedl.-Nr.: 1264094
Domi-kenn-Nr.:

Name: SEIDEL
geborene: Kolke verw. Jabs
Vorname: Pauline

Fam.-Stand	Geburts- Tag	Mon.	Jahr	Ort:	Kreis:	Glaubens-Bekenntnis:
verh.	11.	9.	79.	Maximowka Rayon ~~Gemeinde~~ Baraschi(4)	Geb. Shitomir(6) SSR-Ukraine	ev.

Ehe geſchloſſen am: 1898 / 1934 in: Neposnanitschi / "
Beruf: Hausfrau

Herkunftsland: UdSSR
Letzter Heimatort: Neposnanitschi ~~Kreis~~ Geb. Shitomir

Staatsangehörigkeit
a/bisherige: UdSSR
b/jetzige:
nachgewieſen durch: sowj. Pass

Eltern: Name	geb. am:	in:	Gl.-Bek.	
Vater: Ludwig	?	?	ev.	Lebt-geſt.-in: Marjanowka
Mutter: Vorname Wilhelmine / geborene: Wiese	?	?		Lebt-geſt.-in: verschleppt

Ehefrau:
Vorname: geborene: verw.-geſch.:
geb. am: in: Kreis: Gl.-Bek.:

	geb. am:	in:	Gl.-Bek.	
Vater:				Lebt-geſt.-in:
Mutter: Vorname / geborene:				Lebt-geſt.-in:

Kinder: Name:	Geburts- Tag	Mon.	Jahr	Ort: (Kreis)	Durchſchl.-Nr. falls eigene Karte

Aufenthaltsort: Lärchensee, Gemeindehaus Amtsbez. Lärchensee Kreis Birnbaum
Nummer des Herdvorſtandes: UdSSR 903225
Durchgeſchleuſt am: 14.5.44. in: Zirke
durch Kom. Nr.: XXVII, Sonderzug M.

(0737)

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[270] Julius Jabs (Jobs) (b 1899 Nepozanitsche), son of Michael Jabs, a semi-literate, collective farmer, resident of Nepozanitsche, and married to Valerie ____, with five (unnamed) children,* was arrested on October 16, 1935, by the Emilchin NKVD, under Article 54-10 of the Ukraine Criminal Code (conducting anti-Soviet propaganda and agitation). On January 13, 1936, he was tried by the Kiev Provincial Law Court, and sentenced to five years imprisonment in a corrective labor camp (Gulag), with loss of rights for three years. If Julius Jabs survived the five years in the gulag, he should have been released five months before the German Army invaded Russia on June 22, 1941. On September 9, 1992, the Procurator of Ukraine ordered Julius Jabs rehabilitated. *NKVD #2972*. Julius Jabs is included as a possible child because of the date and place of birth, as well as the NKVD record identifying his father as Michael Jabs (although there were many Michael Jabs). A Julius Jabs (b July 11, 1898, Olschowka, Ukraine) is identified as a stateless person, who was a resident of Weddelbrook (north of Hamburg), in the British Zone of Occupation, and employed in Germany circa 1944. There is also a registration for the same Julius Jabs in the Soviet Zone of Occupation. Whether he is the same person is unknown, but if he was, then he survived the gulag and was repatriated before Germany invaded Russia. *Arolsen Archives, Registration of Foreigners and German Persecutees*, British Zone, Ref # 02010201 oS, Document ID# 70736143*; and Arolsen Archives, Registration of Foreigners and German Persecutees*, Soviet Zone, Ref #10005227, Document ID#71006380.

*The first of Julius Jabs' children may have been Mejta/Meeta/Meta Jabs (b1920, Neposnanitschi, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia), who was repatriated from the Komi Republic. *NKVD Repatriation #8658*.

[271] Theobold Jabs apparently married twice. *1908 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p30 #294.

M#1 Theobold Jabs married Agathe Kühn (November 15, 1910, Staraja Huta, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 18, 1910, Heimtal Parish – 1959, Taldy-Kurgan, Kazakhstan), daughter of Jakob Kühn and Pauline Wolf,* on June 10, 1931, in Nepoznanitschi.

Jakob Kühn (November 10, 1878, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia – 1936 Verbannt (arrested); 1944 Verstorben (deceased)) was the son of Heinrich Kühn and Scherlotte (Charlotte) Wiese,* who were married on January 8, 1860, in the Shitomir Parish. Pauline Wolf (July 20, 1882, Tscherwonoarmejsk – 1935, Heimtal, Ukraine SSR) was the daughter of Karl Wolf and Karoline ______. *1860 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p179 #1*; 1879 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record*, p808 #447*; 1945EWZ1044404* (Agathe Kuhn Jabs)*; and A3342EWZ50-D036 1938.*

*I don't believe this Charlotte Wiese was the daughter of *Karl/Carl Wiese and Charlotte Mielke/Mylke*. None of their children had Wiese sponsors. Further, Kühns never sponsored any of children of Charlotte Wiese's siblings. *See* Chapter 3, EN173.

Theobald Jabs and Agathe Kühn had three known children. In April 1944, Theobold Jabs was in the Waffen SS, possibly in Passau on the Danube, Lower Bavaria, Germany. As of January 6, 1945, Agathe Kühn Jabs and their three children were in Wreschen, Warthegau,, German occupied Poland, and were issued a *German Certificate of Naturalization* (*Einbürgerungsurkunde*). How Agathe Kühn Jabs and her children (and Theobald Jabs?) ended up in Irkutsk and then Kazakhstan as related by Ida Jabs Betke, daughter of Alexander Jabs, is unknown. At the end of January 1945, the Red Army began its campaign to capture Posen/Poznan, which was achieved by the end of February 1945. Perhaps the Jabs family was unable to escape and were captured during or after the battle, or made it to the Soviet zone of Germany only to be deported, possibly because their father was in the Waffen SS. *1910 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p30 #285*; 1945EWZ1044404* (Agathe Kühn Jabs); *and A3342EWZ50-D036 1938, 1939, 1944, 1946, 1949, 1950.*

• Alexander Jabs (b May 20, 1933, Neposnanetz, Ukraine SSR) was deported to Irkutsk, Russia, where he probably married Meta _____, and they had three children. According to his daughter, Ida Jabs Betke, Alexander Jabs lives in Garbsen, Lower Saxony, Germany, which is about 10km northwest of Hannover, as of 2021. Garbsen is 50km southeast of Celle, where Theobald Jabs died in 1981. *1945EWZ1044404* (Agathe Kühn Jabs); *A3342EWZ50-D036 1938, 1939, 1944, 1946; and Ida Jabs Betke.*

1. Reinhold Jabs (b August 1, 1954, Ignit, Irkutsk, Siberia, Russia USSR). *Ida Jabs Betke.*

2. Ida Jabs (b December 16, 1955, Ignit, Irkutsk, Siberia, Russia USSR) married _____ Betke. *Ida Jabs Betke.*

3. Lilli Jabs (b March 14, 1959, Semipalatinsk, Kazakhstan USSR) married ________ Schönenmann-Baier. Semipalatinsk is about 1,900km southeast of Ignit. Why the family was moved is unknown. *Ida Jabs Betke.*

> "Between 1949 and 1989, 456 atomic and thermonuclear devices were exploded at the Semipalatinsk Test Site … Explosions were conducted on the surface and in the atmosphere. Five of the surface tests were unsuccessful and resulted in the dispersion of plutonium into the environment …" *Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty Organization.*

• Banida/Benita Jabs (January 18, 1937, Kijanka, Poland – 2007, Garbsen, Lower Saxony, Germany) married _______ Wittmann. *1945EWZ1044404* (Agathe Kühn Jabs); *A3342EWZ50-D036 1938, 1939, 1944, 1946; and Ida Jabs Betke.*

• Waldemar Jabs (July 20, 1938, Kijanka, Poland – 1973, Semipalatinsk, Kazakhstan). *1945EWZ1044404* (Agathe Kühn Jabs); *A3342EWZ50-D036 1938, 1939, 1944, 1946; and Ida Jabs Betke.*

Two of his three children with Agathe Kühn Jabs were apparently successful in returning to Germany from Kazakhstan after the fall of the Soviet Union; and resided only 50km from him in Garbsen.

M#2 *Family Search.org* identifies Emma Else Habermann as Theobald Jabs' wife, which may indicate she was his second wife after 1945, probably after Agathe Kühn Jabs and their three children were exiled to Irkutsk, Siberia, and then Kazakhstan. The content is undocumented. However, the *1949, 1955 and 1965 City Directories for Bergen, Celle, Germany*, have "Theobald Jabs" listed. In 1949 and 1955, he was living at Deichend 18, Bergen; and in 1965 at Wullfurth 14, Bergen, with Marianne Jabs, possibly a daughter from his second marriage.

[272] If Michael Jabs didn't die in 1919, but in 1923, although if he died on April 30, 1919, he could have had a child (Adolf/Adolph Jabs (b1920)) born in January 1920. Adolf/Adolph Jabs (b1920), son of Michael Jabs, was a resident of Beresowka Hut when he was convicted and sent to the Komi Republic, Russia, probably between 1936 and 1938. *NKVD #8657.*

[273] *1866 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p630 #1*; 1944EWZ903225* (Adolf Seidel); *A3342EWZ50-H081 2232, 2236, 2854; 1944EWZ903770* (Jakob Eppinger*); and A3342EWZ50-B047 1508, 1524.*

[274] *Ida Jabs Betke.*

[275] *1902 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p136 #289.

[276] *1881 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p545 #128.

Friedrich Schlag/Schlak married Eva Ricks (for whom I could not locate any information) on February 16, 1875, in the Heimtal Parish. Friedrich Schlag/Schlak was the brother of Georg Schlag/Schlak, Karl Schlag/Schlak and Samuel Schlag/Schlak, all of whom lived in or very close to Marianowka, which was close to Slobodka where the *Ludwig Kolke* family resided until 1897, before moving to Marianowka. *1875 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p662 #8. In addition to Karl/Carl, they had at least two other children.

- Auguste Schlack (b June 29, 1876, Nepoznanitschi, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 29, 1876, Heimtal Parish (GP: Christian Wiese and Elisabeth Wiese)). *1876 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p766 #544.

- August Schlag (b June 2, 1884, Marianowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 2, 1884, Heimtal Parish (GP: August Müller and Eleonore Fehlauer)) may have married Emilie Wiese (relationship, if any, to *Wilhelmine Wiese* undetermined*) on February 13, 1908, in Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish. They had two known children born in Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia (Stillborn Boy Schlag in 1908; and Bernhard Schlag in 1910). *1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p607 #43*; 1908 Nowograd Wolhynsk Marriage Record,* 145 #15*; 1908 Emilchin Parish Birth Record,* p48 #474*; 1908 Emilchin Parish Burial Record,* p64 #82*; and 1910 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p31 #279.

  *Emilie Wiese may have been one of three "illegitimate" children of her brother Ludwig Kolke and Louise Drews, born on January 24, 1881, in Oskarburg/Oskarowka, Heimtal Parish. *1883 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p844 #731.

Samuel Schlag/Schlak married Karoline Betke (b~1850, Dogoszewo, Pułtusk Parish, Congress Poland, Russia), possibly the daughter of Piotr Betke and Maryann Lange, on January 31, 1869, in the Shitomir Parish. They had six known children, and one probable son. *1869 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p309 #14.

- Wilhelmine Schlack (b October 1, 1873, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 10, 1873, Heimtal Parish (GP: Karl Müller and Dorothea Schmidt)). *1875 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p649 #493.

- Juliane Schlack (b December 9, 1875, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 10, 1875, Heimtal Parish (GP: Karl Muller and Juliana Kolke Schlak (w/o Georg Schlack))). *1876 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p744 #304.

- Eva Schlag (b July 13, 1877, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap July 18, 1877, Heimtal Parish (GP: Kristian Wiese and Eva Ricks Schlag)). *1878 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p798 #201.

- Heinrich Schlag (b June 13, 1879, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap June 16, 1879, Heimtal Parish (GP: Peter Janz and Louise Janz)). *1879 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p803 #396.

- Ernestine Schlag (October 1881, Marianowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia – June 1, 1883, Marianowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1883 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p865 #43 (1Y 7M, born in Marianowka).

- Mathilde Schlag (b December 11, 1884, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap December 11, 1884, Heimtal Parish (GP: Karl Bank and Karoline Arndt)). *1885 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p607 #42.

- Karl Schlag (b____), son of Samuel Schlack had his land confiscated by the Tsar and was deported to Siberia. *1915 Expropriation List.*

Georg Schlag/Schlack married Julianne Kolke on October 10, 1875, in Shitomir Parish. I have identified at least three of their children. I have been unable to determine if Julianne Kolke (or Carl Kolke, who was a Godparent) was related to any of the Kolke families in Chapter 2. *1875 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p470 #123.

- Augustine Schlag (b September 24, 1877, Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap September 25, 1877, Heimtal Parish (GP: Eva Ricks Schlag)). *1878 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p798 #199.

- Emilie Schlack (b August 15, 1879, Warwarowka, Volhynia, Russia; bap August 19, 1879, Heimtal Parish (GP: Karoline Ratz Schlack) – December 19, 1880, Marianowka, Heimtal Parish, Volhynia, Russia). *1880 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record,* p441 #164*; and 1880 Heimtal Parish Burial Record,* p31 #279 (daughter of George Schlak and Juliane Kolke, 1Y 4M, born in Warwarowka).

- Pauline Schlag (b October 20, 1881, Nedbajewka, Volhynia, Russia; bap November 1, 1881, Shitomir Parish (GP: Carl Kolhke/Kolke)). *1883 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p414 #151.

Carl Schlack married Karoline Ratz, on September 30, 1875, in the Heimtal Parish. *1875 Heimtal Parish Marriage Record,* p663 #64. They had four known children. Karl Schlack may have had his property confiscated by the Tsar in July 1915, and been deported to Siberia, Russia.

- Wilhelmine Schlag (b October 13, 1876, Karolinchin, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 18, 1876, Heimtal Parish). *1876 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record*, p766 #548.

- Michael Schlak (1878, Murawa, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia – March 17, 1900, Murawa, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia (typhus)). *1900 Nowograd Wolhynsk Burial Record,* p176 #352 (22Y, single, born Murawa).

- Eduard Schlak (January 13, 1881, Murawa, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia; bap January 18, 1881, Shitomir Parish – March 27, 1900, Murawa, Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish, Volhynia, Russia (typhus)). *1881 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record,* p178 #706*; and 1900 Nowograd Wolhynsk Burial Record,* p176 #353 (19, single, born Murawa).

- Gustav Schlack (b October 4, 1884, Murawa, Volhynia, Russia; bap October 6, 1884, Shitomir Parish). *1885 Shitomir Parish Baptism Record*, p5 #36.

[277] *1903 Emilchin Parish Marriage Record*, p298 #6 (Karl Schlau).

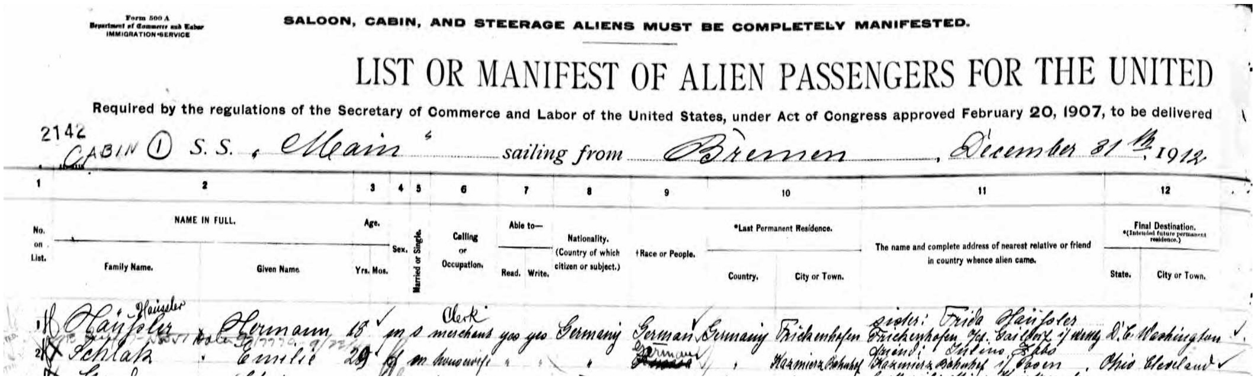
[278] *1903 Nowograd Wolhynsk Parish Baptism Record,* p82 #721.

[279] *1912 Nowograd Wolhynsk Marriage Record*, p121 #32.

[280] *1912 SS Main Manifest; and 1915 Expropriation List*.

[281] Julius Jabs may have been related to Michael Jabs who married Emilie's sister Pauline Kolke, but was not their son born in 1899; and may have been the son of Jakob Jabs and Mathilde Heser/Hoeser, who was born on November 13, 1880, in Staraja Huta, and baptized in Heimtal Parish on December 7, 1880. *1880 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record*, p548 #163.

[282] *1912 SS Main Manifest; and September 24, 1940, Immigration & Naturalization Service, Certificate of Arrival*.



Form 500 A
Department of Commerce and Labor
IMMIGRATION SERVICE

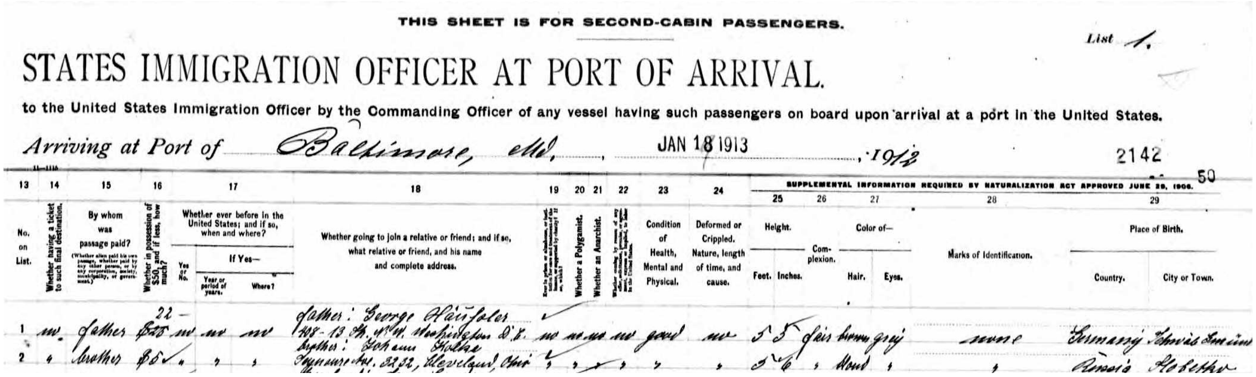
SALOON, CABIN, AND STEERAGE ALIENS MUST BE COMPLETELY MANIFESTED.

LIST OR MANIFEST OF ALIEN PASSENGERS FOR THE UNITED

Required by the regulations of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor of the United States, under Act of Congress approved February 20, 1907, to be delivered

2142 CABIN ① S. S. Main sailing from Bremen, December 31th, 1912

No. on List	Family Name	Given Name	Age Yrs.	Sex	Married or Single	Calling or Occupation	Read	Write	Nationality	Race or People	Last Permanent Residence: Country	City or Town	Nearest relative or friend in country whence alien came	Final Destination: State	City or Town
1	Haufsler Haussler	Hermann	18	m	s	Clerk merchant	yes	yes	Germany	German	Germany	Frickenhofen	sister: Frida Haufsler Frickenhofen	D.C.	Washington
2	Schlak	Emilie	29	f	m	housewife	"	"	"	German	"	Kazmierz Bahnhof	friend: Julius Kobs Kazmierz Bahnhof i/ Posen	Ohio	Cleveland



THIS SHEET IS FOR SECOND-CABIN PASSENGERS.

List 1.

STATES IMMIGRATION OFFICER AT PORT OF ARRIVAL.

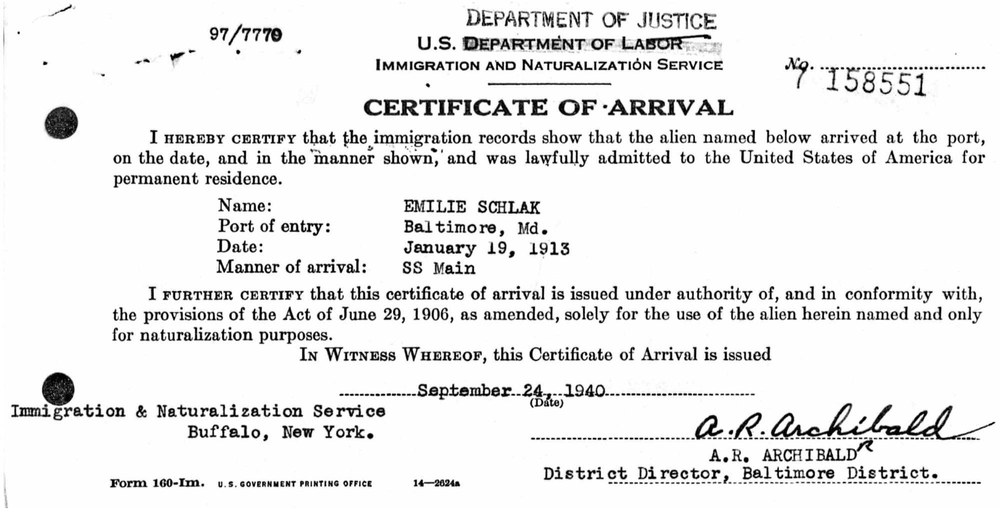
to the United States Immigration Officer by the Commanding Officer of any vessel having such passengers on board upon arrival at a port in the United States.

Arriving at Port of Baltimore, Md. JAN 18 1913, 1912

2142

50

No. on List	Ticket to final destination	By whom was passage paid?	$50 in possession	Ever before in U.S.	Year	Where?	Going to join a relative or friend	Prison	Polygamist	Anarchist	Contract labor	Condition of Health	Deformed or Crippled	Height Feet	Inches	Complexion	Hair	Eyes	Marks of Identification	Place of Birth: Country	City or Town
1	no	father	22 – $25	no	no	no	father: George Haufsler 408-13 St. N.W. Washington D.C.	no	no	no	no	good	no	5	5	fair	brown	grey	none	Germany	Schwäbisch Gmünd
2	"	brother	$50	"	"	"	brother: Johann Kolke Sycamore Av. 3232, Cleveland, Ohio	"	"	"	"	"	"	5	6	"	blond	"	"	Russia	Hobetko



97/7770

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
U.S. ~~DEPARTMENT OF LABOR~~
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

No. 7 158551

CERTIFICATE OF ARRIVAL

I hereby certify that the immigration records show that the alien named below arrived at the port, on the date, and in the manner shown, and was lawfully admitted to the United States of America for permanent residence.

Name: EMILIE SCHLAK
Port of entry: Baltimore, Md.
Date: January 19, 1913
Manner of arrival: SS Main

I further certify that this certificate of arrival is issued under authority of, and in conformity with, the provisions of the Act of June 29, 1906, as amended, solely for the use of the alien herein named and only for naturalization purposes.

In Witness Whereof, this Certificate of Arrival is issued

September 24, 1940
(Date)

Immigration & Naturalization Service
Buffalo, New York.

A.R. Archibald
A.R. ARCHIBALD
District Director, Baltimore District.

Form 160-Im. U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 14—2624a

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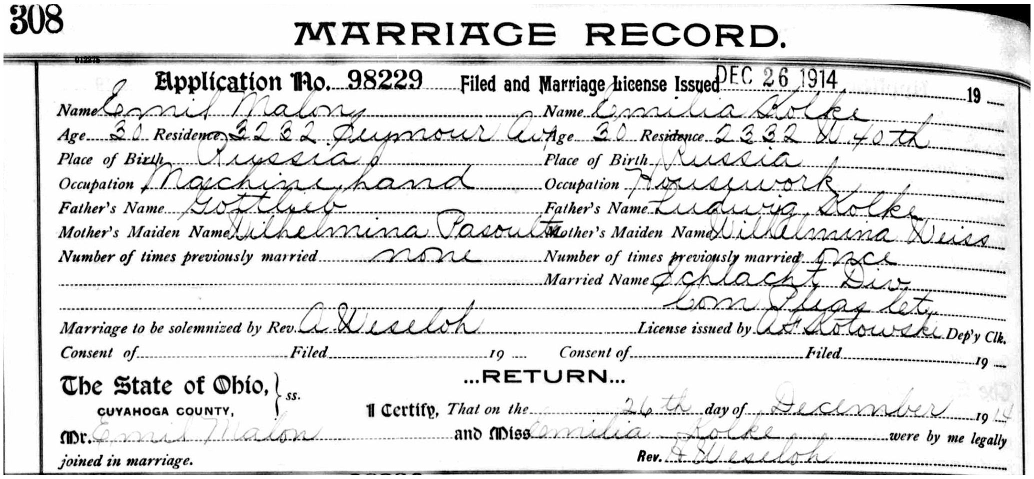
[283] *1913 Cleveland City Directory; 1883 Heimtal Parish Baptism Record*, p643 #520*; 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 UDS Census; WWI&II Draft Regs; 1971 Pinellas County, Florida, Death Record; 1971 US Deaths; and October 20, 1971, The Tampa Tribune Obituary*.

[284] *1914 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Marriage Record.*

[285] *1914 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Marriage Record.*



308

MARRIAGE RECORD.

Application No. 98229 Filed and Marriage License Issued DEC 26 1914 19

Name Emil Malony — Name Emilia Kolke
Age 30 Residence 3232 Seymour Av — Age 30 Residence 2332 W 40th
Place of Birth Russia — Place of Birth Russia
Occupation Machine hand — Occupation Housework
Father's Name Gottlieb — Father's Name Ludwig Kolke
Mother's Maiden Name Wilhelmina Pasoultz — Mother's Maiden Name Wilhelmina Weiss
Number of times previously married none — Number of times previously married once
Married Name Schlacht Div
Com Pleas Cty
Marriage to be solemnized by Rev. A Wesseloh — License issued by A F Kotowski Dep'y Clk.
Consent of .... Filed .... 19 .... Consent of .... Filed .... 19 ....

The State of Ohio, } ss.
CUYAHOGA COUNTY,

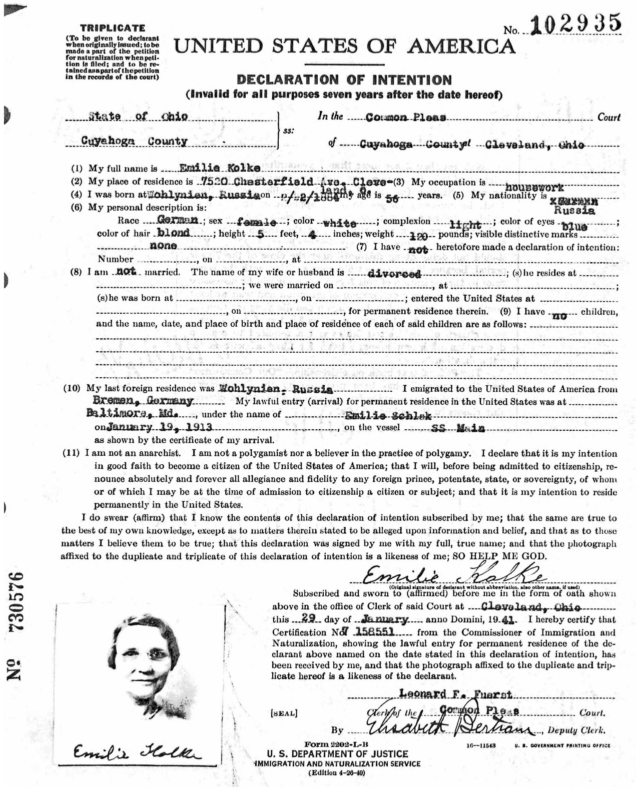
...RETURN...

I Certify, That on the 26th day of December 1914
Mr. Emil Malon and Miss Emilia Kolke were by me legally joined in marriage.
Rev. A Wesseloh

[286] As of April 1942, Emil "Mallon" was still employed by a bakery and living in Cleveland. Around 1956, Emil Mallon probably retired as a bakery truck driver, and moved to 1562 Tioga Avenue, Clearwater, Pinellas County, Florida, where he died on October 17, 1971. He was married at the time of his death to "Alwina" Mallon, for whom I could locate no further information. *WWII Draft Reg; 1971 Pinellas County, Florida, Death Record; 1971 US Deaths; and October 20, 1971, The Tampa Tribune Obituary.*

[287] *WWI Draft Reg; and 1920, 1930 and 1940 US Census.*

[288] *1941 Declaration of Intention; and 1950 US Census.*



TRIPLICATE
(To be given to declarant when originally issued; to be made a part of the petition for naturalization when petition is filed; and to be retained as a part of the petition in the records of the court)

No. 102935

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

DECLARATION OF INTENTION
(Invalid for all purposes seven years after the date hereof)

State of Ohio } ss: In the Common Pleas Court
Cuyahoga County } of Cuyahoga County at Cleveland, Ohio

(1) My full name is Emilie Kolke
(2) My place of residence is 7520 Chesterfield Ave. Cleveland, O. (3) My occupation is housework
(4) I was born at Wohlynien, Russia on 2/22/1884 my age is 56 years. (5) My nationality is ~~German~~ Russia
(6) My personal description is: Race German; sex female; color white; complexion light; color of eyes blue; color of hair blond; height 5 feet, 4 inches; weight 120 pounds; visible distinctive marks none (7) I have not heretofore made a declaration of intention: Number ...., on ...., at ....
(8) I am not married. The name of my wife or husband is divorced; (s)he resides at ....; we were married on ...., at ....; (s)he was born at ...., on ....; entered the United States at ...., on ...., for permanent residence therein. (9) I have no children, and the name, date, and place of birth and place of residence of each of said children are as follows: ....
(10) My last foreign residence was Wohlynien, Russia I emigrated to the United States of America from Bremen, Germany My lawful entry (arrival) for permanent residence in the United States was at Baltimore, Md., under the name of Emilie Schlak on January 19, 1913, on the vessel SS Main as shown by the certificate of my arrival.
(11) I am not an anarchist. I am not a polygamist nor a believer in the practice of polygamy. I declare that it is my intention in good faith to become a citizen of the United States of America; that I will, before being admitted to citizenship, renounce absolutely and forever all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince, potentate, state, or sovereignty, of whom or of which I may be at the time of admission to citizenship a citizen or subject; and that it is my intention to reside permanently in the United States.

I do swear (affirm) that I know the contents of this declaration of intention subscribed by me; that the same are true to the best of my own knowledge, except as to matters therein stated to be alleged upon information and belief, and that as to those matters I believe them to be true; that this declaration was signed by me with my full, true name; and that the photograph affixed to the duplicate and triplicate of this declaration of intention is a likeness of me; SO HELP ME GOD.

Emilie Kolke
(Original signature of declarant without abbreviation, also other name, if used)

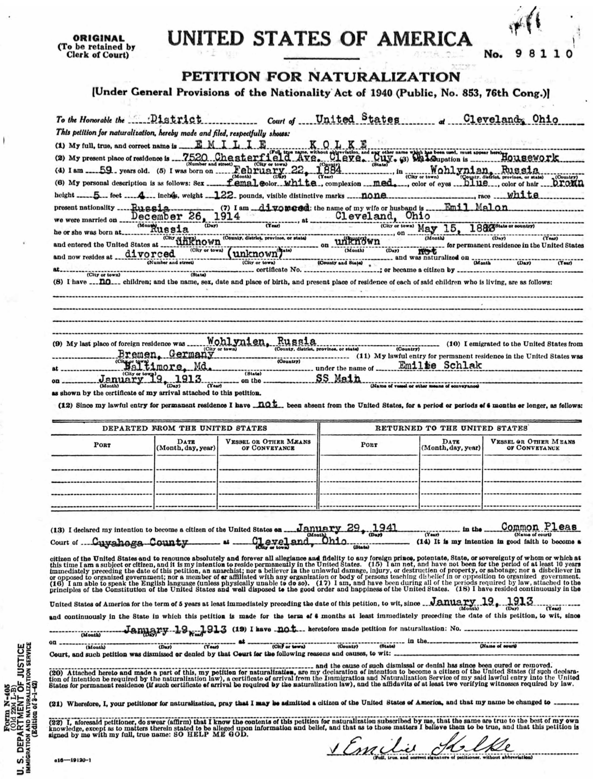
Subscribed and sworn to (affirmed) before me in the form of oath shown above in the office of Clerk of said Court at Cleveland, Ohio this 29 day of January anno Domini, 1941. I hereby certify that Certification No. 7 158551 from the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization, showing the lawful entry for permanent residence of the declarant above named on the date stated in this declaration of intention, has been received by me, and that the photograph affixed to the duplicate and triplicate hereof is a likeness of the declarant.

Leonard F. Fuerst
[SEAL] Clerk of the Common Pleas Court.
By Elisabeth Bertram, Deputy Clerk.

Nº 730576

Emilie Kolke

Form 2202-L-B
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE
(Edition 4-26-40)
16—11543 U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE



ORIGINAL
(To be retained by Clerk of Court)

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

No. 98110

PETITION FOR NATURALIZATION
[Under General Provisions of the Nationality Act of 1940 (Public, No. 853, 76th Cong.)]

To the Honorable the District Court of United States at Cleveland, Ohio
This petition for naturalization, hereby made and filed, respectfully shows:
(1) My full, true, and correct name is EMILIE KOLKE (Full, true name, without abbreviation, and any other name which has been used, must appear here)
(2) My present place of residence is 7520 Chesterfield Ave. Cleve. Cuy. Ohio (3) My occupation is Housework
(4) I am 59 years old. (5) I was born on February 22, 1884 in Wohlynian, Russia
(6) My personal description is as follows: Sex female color white, complexion med., color of eyes blue, color of hair brown height 5 feet 4 inches, weight 122 pounds, visible distinctive marks none, race white present nationality Russia (7) I am divorced; the name of my wife or husband is Emil Malon we were married on December 26, 1914, at Cleveland, Ohio he or she was born at Russia, on May 15, 1883 and entered the United States at unknown on unknown for permanent residence in the United States and now resides at divorced (unknown) and was not naturalized on .... at .... certificate No. ....; or became a citizen by ....
(8) I have no children; and the name, sex, date and place of birth, and present place of residence of each of said children who is living, are as follows:
(9) My last place of foreign residence was Wohlynien, Russia (10) I emigrated to the United States from Bremen, Germany (11) My lawful entry for permanent residence in the United States was at Baltimore, Md. under the name of Emilie Schlak on January 19, 1913 on the SS Main as shown by the certificate of my arrival attached to this petition.
(12) Since my lawful entry for permanent residence I have not been absent from the United States, for a period or periods of 6 months or longer, as follows:

DEPARTED FROM THE UNITED STATES			RETURNED TO THE UNITED STATES		
PORT	DATE (Month, day, year)	VESSEL OR OTHER MEANS OF CONVEYANCE	PORT	DATE (Month, day, year)	VESSEL OR OTHER MEANS OF CONVEYANCE

(13) I declared my intention to become a citizen of the United States on January 29, 1941 in the Common Pleas Court of Cuyahoga County at Cleveland, Ohio (14) It is my intention in good faith to become a citizen of the United States and to renounce absolutely and forever all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince, potentate, State, or sovereignty of whom or which at this time I am a subject or citizen, and it is my intention to reside permanently in the United States. (15) I am not, and have not been for the period of at least 10 years immediately preceding the date of this petition, an anarchist; nor a believer in the unlawful damage, injury, or destruction of property, or sabotage; nor a disbeliever in or opposed to organized government; nor a member of or affiliated with any organization or body of persons teaching disbelief in or opposition to organized government. (16) I am able to speak the English language (unless physically unable to do so). (17) I am, and have been during all of the periods required by law, attached to the principles of the Constitution of the United States and well disposed to the good order and happiness of the United States. (18) I have resided continuously in the United States of America for the term of 5 years at least immediately preceding the date of this petition, to wit, since January 19, 1913 and continuously in the State in which this petition is made for the term of 6 months at least immediately preceding the date of this petition, to wit, since January 19, 1913 (19) I have not heretofore made petition for naturalization: No. .... on .... at .... in the .... Court, and such petition was dismissed or denied by that Court for the following reasons and causes, to wit: .... and the cause of such dismissal or denial has since been cured or removed.
(20) Attached hereto and made a part of this, my petition for naturalization, are my declaration of intention to become a citizen of the United States (if such declaration of intention be required by the naturalization law), a certificate of arrival from the Immigration and Naturalization Service of my said lawful entry into the United States for permanent residence (if such certificate of arrival be required by the naturalization law), and the affidavits of at least two verifying witnesses required by law.
(21) Wherefore, I, your petitioner for naturalization, pray that I may be admitted a citizen of the United States of America, and that my name be changed to ....
(22) I, aforesaid petitioner, do swear (affirm) that I know the contents of this petition for naturalization subscribed by me, that the same are true to the best of my own knowledge, except as to matters therein stated to be alleged upon information and belief, and that as to those matters I believe them to be true, and that this petition is signed by me with my full, true name: SO HELP ME GOD.

Emilie Kolke
(Full, true, and correct signature of petitioner, without abbreviation)

Form N-405
(Old 2204 L-B)
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE
(Edition of 3-1-42)

o16—19120-1

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[289] *1967 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Death Record; 1967 US Deaths; 1967 US Apps/Claims; December 11, 1967, The Cleveland Press Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Lutheran Cemetery, Cleveland).

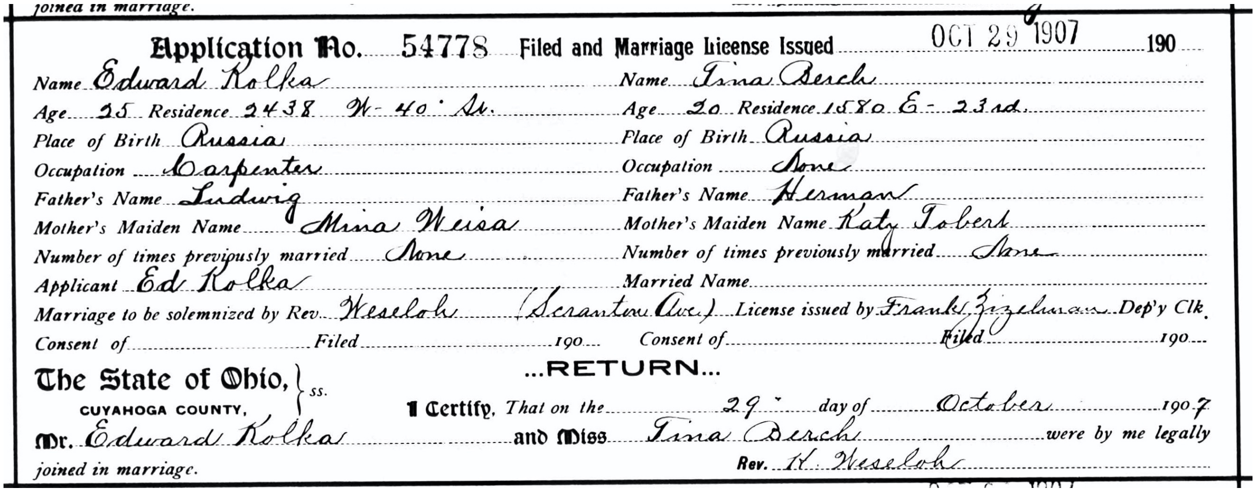
[290] *1913 Shitomir Parish Marriage Record,* p145 #54.

An August Gruenstern and Emilie Pletzke had a daughter Emilie Gruenstern (b October 8, 1907, Mossijewka, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia), whose Godparent was Pauline Kolke Jabs, sister of Rudolph Kolke. *1881* (p410 #93) *and 1907* (p140 #1253) *Shitomir Parish Baptism Records.*

[291] *1913 Emilchin Parish Baptism Record,* p11 #86.

[292] *NKVD Repatriation #16750.* Maria Kolke may have been the daughter of Rudolf Kolke, son of Heinrich Kolke and Emilie Hoffman, and Hulda Hemminger. Maria Kolke was resettled to the Komi Republic, while Kuno Kolke, son of Rudolf Kolke and Hulda Hemminger, was resettled to Molotowskaja.

[293] *1907 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Marriage Certificate.*



joined in marriage.

Application No. 54778 **Filed and Marriage License Issued** OCT 29 1907 **190**

Name Edward Kolka	*Name* Tina Berch
Age 25 *Residence* 2438 W. 40 St.	*Age* 20 *Residence* 1580 E. 23rd.
Place of Birth Russia	*Place of Birth* Russia
Occupation Carpenter	*Occupation* None
Father's Name Ludwig	*Father's Name* Herman
Mother's Maiden Name Mina Weisa	*Mother's Maiden Name* Katy Tobert
Number of times previously married None	*Number of times previously married* None
Applicant Ed Kolka	*Married Name*

Marriage to be solemnized by Rev. Weseloh (Scranton Ave.) *License issued by* Frank Zizelman *Dep'y Clk.*

Consent of ________ *Filed* ________ *190*___ *Consent of* ________ *Filed* ________ *190*___

The State of Ohio, } *ss.*
CUYAHOGA COUNTY,

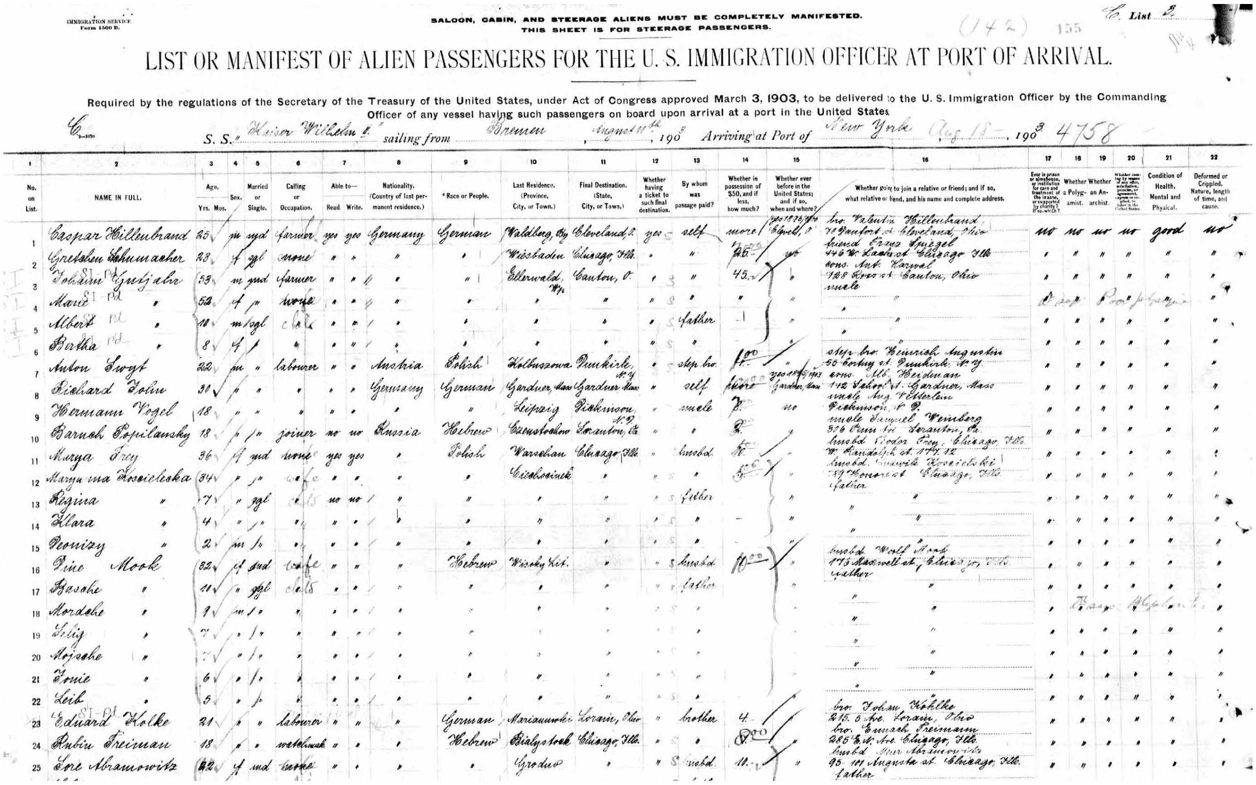
...RETURN...

I Certify, *That on the* 29 *day of* October *190*7

Mr. Edward Kolka **and Miss** Tina Berch *were by me legally joined in marriage.*

Rev. H. Weseloh

Eduard Kolke (November 27, 1881, Segenthal, Volhynia, Russia; bap 1882, Shitomir Parish – February 22, 1938, Bay City, Bay County, Michigan) emigrated to the United States from Marianowka,[1] Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia, via Bremen, Germany, on August 11, 1903, on the *SS Kaiser Wilhelm II*,[294] arriving in New York, on August 18, 1903, to join his brother Johann (John Kolke), in Cleveland, Ohio, who had emigrated in 1902. His parents *Ludwig Kolke and Wilhemine Wiese* were alive and living in Marianowka.



IMMIGRATION SERVICE
Form 1500 B.

SALOON, CABIN, AND STEERAGE ALIENS MUST BE COMPLETELY MANIFESTED.
THIS SHEET IS FOR STEERAGE PASSENGERS.

(142) 155

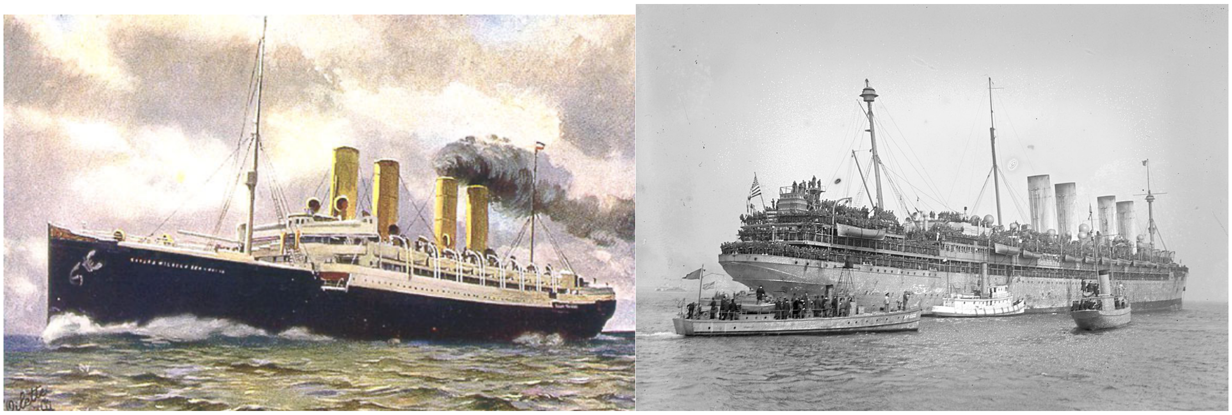
C. List 2.

LIST OR MANIFEST OF ALIEN PASSENGERS FOR THE U. S. IMMIGRATION OFFICER AT PORT OF ARRIVAL.

Required by the regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, under Act of Congress approved March 3, 1903, to be delivered to the U. S. Immigration Officer by the Commanding Officer of any vessel having such passengers on board upon arrival at a port in the United States.

S. S. "Kaiser Wilhelm II." sailing from Bremen, August 11th, 1903 Arriving at Port of New York, Aug 18 –, 1903 4758

1	2	3	4	5	6	7		8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
No. on List.	NAME IN FULL.	Age. Yrs. Mos.	Sex.	Married or Single.	Calling or Occupation.	Able to— Read.	Write.	Nationality. (Country of last permanent residence.)	* Race or People.	Last Residence. (Province, City, or Town.)	Final Destination. (State, City, or Town.)	Whether having a ticket to such final destination.	By whom was passage paid?	Whether in possession of $50, and if less, how much?	Whether ever before in the United States; and if so, when and where?	Whether going to join a relative or friend; and if so, what relative or friend, and his name and complete address.	Ever in prison or almshouse, or institution for care and treatment of the insane, or supported by charity? If so, which?	Whether a Polygamist.	Whether an Anarchist.	Whether coming by reason of any offer, solicitation, promise, or agreement, express or implied, to labor in the United States.	Condition of Health, Mental and Physical.	Deformed or Crippled. Nature, length of time, and cause.
1	Caspar Hillenbrand	25	m	md	farmer	yes	yes	Germany	German	Waldberg, By	Cleveland, O.	yes	self	more	yes 1876/190 Clevel, O.	bro. Valentin Hillenbrand 70 Danfort st. Cleveland, Ohio	no	no	no	no	good	no
2	Gretchen Schumacher	23	f	sgl	none	"	"	"	"	Wiesbaden	Chicago, Ills.	"	"	25.00	no	friend Franz Spiegel 446 W. Lake st. Chicago Ills	"	"	"	"	"	"
3	Johann Gutjahr	53	m	md	farmer	"	"	"	"	Ellerwald, Wp.	Canton, O.	"	"	45.	"	cons. Ant. Harwal 128 Ross st. Canton, Ohio uncle	"	"	"	"	"	"
4	Marie "	52	f	"	none	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	D. sep. Poor physique					"
5	Albert "	10	m	sgl	child	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	father	–	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
6	Bertha "	8	f	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"		"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
7	Anton Swyt	22	m	"	labourer	"	"	Austria	Polish	Kolbuszowa	Dunkirk, N.Y.	"	step bro.	10.00	"	step bro. Heinrich Augustin 55 Cortny st. Dunkirk, N.Y.	"	"	"	"	"	"
8	Richard Zolin	30	"	"	"	"	"	Germany	German	Gardner, Mass	Gardner Mass	"	self	more	yes 1895/1903 Gardner, Mass	cons. Alb. Heidman 142 School st. Gardner, Mass	"	"	"	"	"	"
9	Hermann Vogel	18	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	Leipzig	Dickinson, N.D.	"	uncle	7.	no	uncle Aug. Vetterlein Dickinson, N.D.	"	"	"	"	"	"
10	Baruch Popilansky	18	"	"	joiner	no	no	Russia	Hebrew	Czenstochow	Scranton, Pa.	"	"	2.	"	uncle Samuel Weinberg 306 Penn Ave Scranton, Pa.	"	"	"	"	"	"
11	Marya Frey	36	f	md	none	yes	yes	"	Polish	Warschau	Chicago, Ills.	"	husbd.	10.00	"	husbd Todor Frey, Chicago, Ills. W. Randolph st. 177. 12	"	"	"	"	"	"
12	Maryanna Koscielecka	34	"	"	wife	"	"	"	"	Ciechocinek	"	"	"	5.00	"	husbd. Ludwik Koscielski 89 Honore st Chicago, Ills.	"	"	"	"	"	"
13	Regina "	7	"	sgl	child	no	no	"	"	"	"	"	father		"	father	"	"	"	"	"	"
14	Klara "	4	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	–	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
15	Peonizy "	2	m	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	–	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
16	Pine Mook	32	f	md	wife	"	"	"	Hebrew	Wisoky Lit.	"	"	husbd.	10.00	"	husbd. Wolf Mook 175 Maxwell st. Chicago, Ills.	"	"	"	"	"	"
17	Basche "	10	"	sgl	child	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	father		"	father	"	"	"	"	"	"
18	Mordche "	9	m	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"				"	"	[illegible]				"
19	Selig "	7	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"				"	"	"	"	"	"	"
20	Mojsche "	7	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"				"	"	"	"	"	"	"
21	Fonie "	6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"				"	"	"	"	"	"	"
22	Leib "	5	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"				"	"	"	"	"	"	"
23	Eduard Kolke	21	"	"	labourer	"	"	"	German	Marianuwki	Lorain, Ohio	"	brother	4.	"	bro. Johan Kohlke 215. 5 Ave. Lorain, Ohio	"	"	"	"	"	"
24	Rubin Freiman	18	"	"	watchmak.	"	"	"	Hebrew	Bialystock	Chicago, Ills.	"	"	8.00	"	bro. Emnach Freimann 285 E.N. Ave. Chicago, Ills.	"	"	"	"	"	"
25	Sore Abramowitz	42	f	md	none	"	"	"	"	Grodno	"	"	husbd.	10.	"	husbd Meir Abramowitz 95-101 Augusta st. Chicago, Ills.	"	"	"	"	"	"



SS Kaiser Wilhelm II

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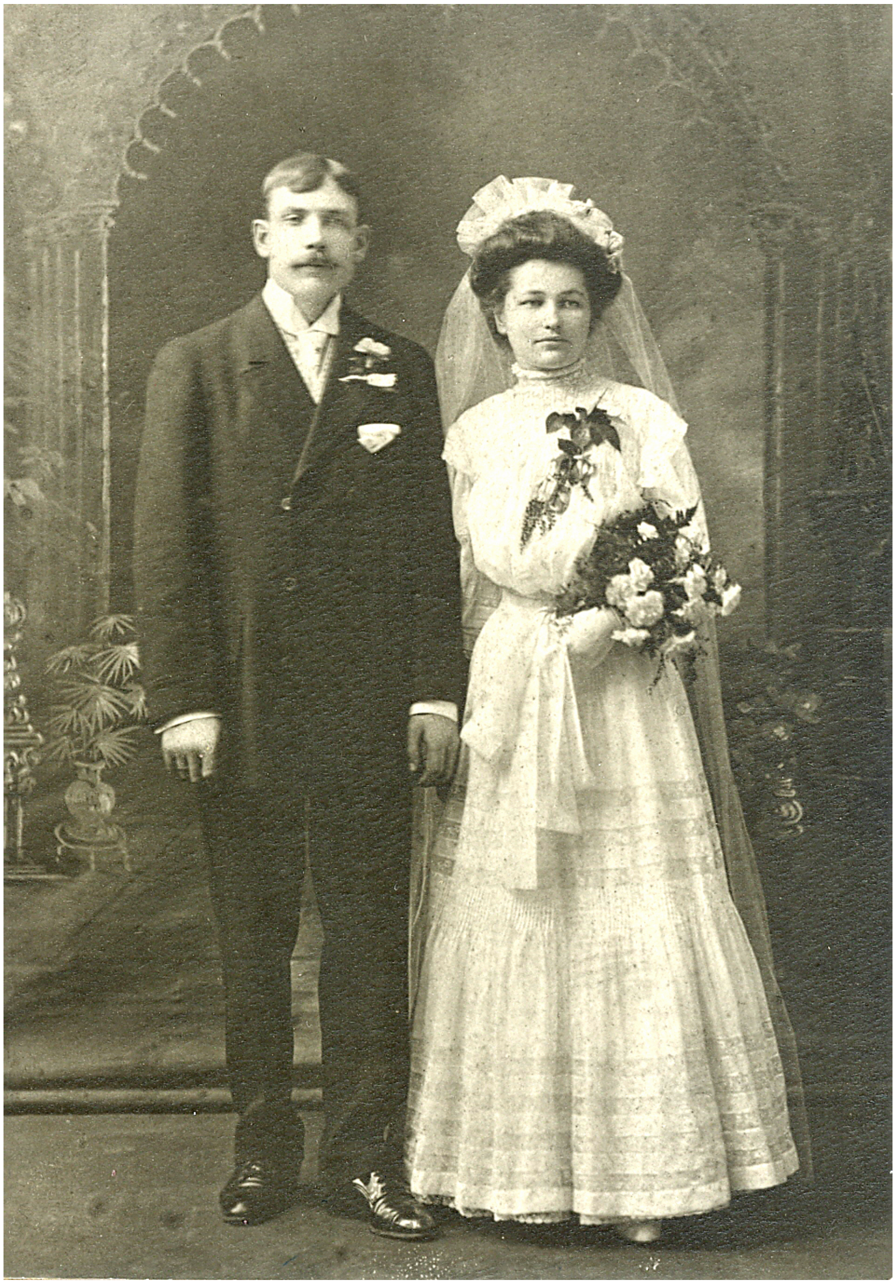
[1] It was spelled "Marianuwki" in the manifest, but mis-translated as "Mariannuk" by the Ellis Island Foundation, Inc.

Eduard Kolke's father *Ludwig Kolke* died on March 3, 1906, in Marianowka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia.

On October 29, 1907, *Eduard Kolke* under the name *Edward Kolka* married *Ernestine* (*Albertina*) *Berg* ("Tina Berch") (1:00 am, January 17, 1886, Wola Młocka, Młock, Congress Poland, Russia; bap January 18, 1886, Przasnysz Parish – November 23, 1973, Bridgeport Township, Saginaw County, Michigan),[295] daughter of *Friedrich Hermann Berg and Eufrozyna Katarzyna Tober*, in the Immanuel Evangelical Lutheran Church, Cleveland, Ohio, by the Rev. Harry Weseloh.[296]



1907 Edward Kolka and Ernestine Berg

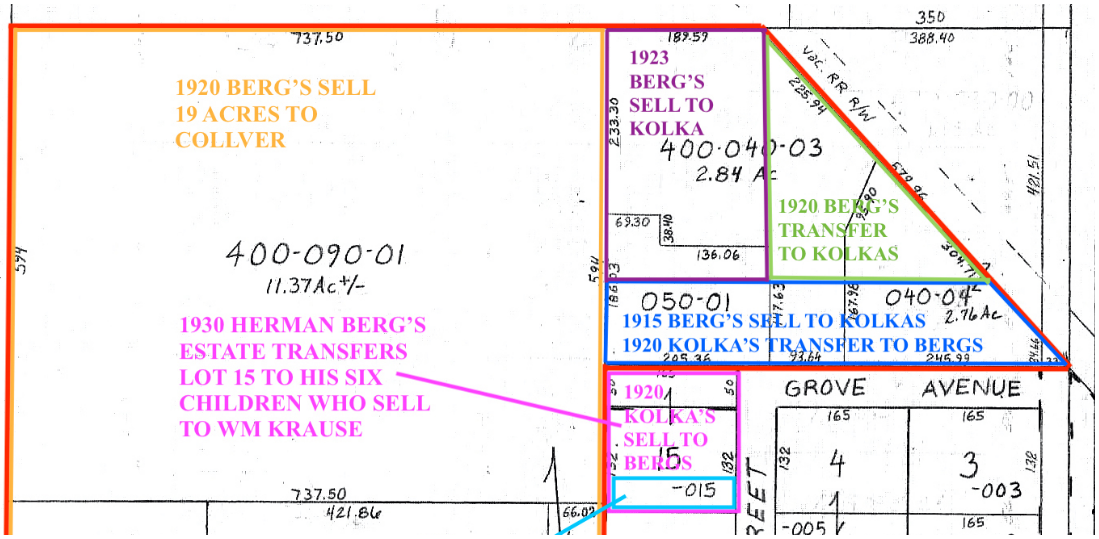
Edward Kolka and Ernestine Berg had seven children.

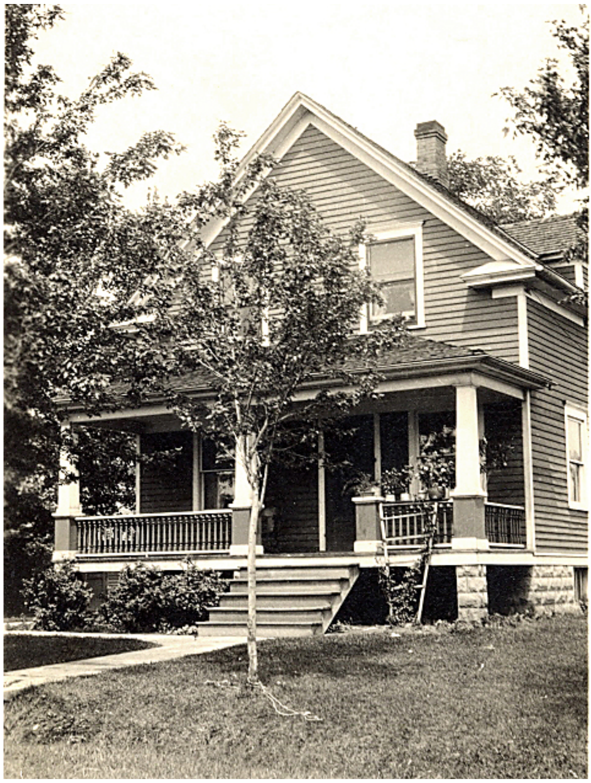
- Lydia (Lee) Amanda Kolka (August 14, 1908, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio – February 17, 2011, Goodrich, Genesee County, Michigan).[297]
- Dorothy Ernestine Kolka (October 4, 1910, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio – March 10, 1976, Avon Township (Rochester Hills), Oakland County, Michigan).[298]
- Evelyn Amelia Kolka (October 23, 1913, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio – July 3, 2008, Decatur, Morgan County, Alabama).[299]
- Alice Ruth Kolka (August 22, 1917, Munger, Merritt Township, Bay County, Michigan – December 21, 2002, Goodrich, Genesee County, Michigan).[300]
- Kenneth Edward Kolka (June 4, 1920, Munger, Merritt Township, Bay County, Michigan - July 1, 1992, Kawkawlin Township, Bay County, Michigan).[301]
- *Arthur Allen Kolka* (August 2, 1922, Munger, Merritt Township, Bay County, Michigan – March 5, 1994, Essexville, Bay County, Michigan).[302]
- Eldon James Kolka (June 26, 1924, Munger, Merritt Township, Bay County, Michigan – January 4, 2010, Flushing, Genesee County, Michigan).[303]

By April 15, 1910, *Eduard Kolke* (27), a carpenter, "*Tena*" (22), and daughter Lydia (2½) were living at 2015 Vega, Cleveland, Ohio.[304] *Edward's* brother John Kolke was also a carpenter, and he and *Edward* may have worked together in Cleveland. In 1912-13, the *Edward Kolka* family was living at 2332 W. 40th SW, Cleveland.[305]

By 1914, the *Edward Kolka* family had moved from Cleveland to Munger, Michigan, and were probably living with *Ernestine's* parents, *Herman and Katherine Tober Berg*.[306] *Herman and Frazina Berg* had purchased a 24.5-acre parcel in the southeast quarter of Section 17, facing Munger Road on the south, on May 6, 1913.[307]

On August 28, 1915, *Herman and Frazina Berg* sold *Edward and Tiena Kolka* a piece of land, which was 99′ deep and 577.5′ wide, in the southeast quarter of Section 17. The *Kolka's* paid $400 for the property.[308] *Edward* built the *Kolka* family home on this parcel, facing the Madajski Subdivision, but having a Histed Road address. The family attended Trinity Lutheran Church in Munger. The home, built in *Edward's* typical "craftsman" style, still exists today as 1030 Grove Road, Munger; although deprived of its craftsman origins.


1920 BERG'S SELL 19 ACRES TO COLLVER
1923 BERG'S SELL TO KOLKA
1920 BERG'S TRANSFER TO KOLKAS
1915 BERG'S SELL TO KOLKAS
1920 KOLKA'S TRANSFER TO BERGS
1930 HERMAN BERG'S ESTATE TRANSFERS LOT 15 TO HIS SIX CHILDREN WHO SELL TO WM KRAUSE
1920 KOLKA'S SELL TO BERGS
400-090-01
11.37Ac+/-
400-040-03
2.84 Ac
050-01
040-04
2.76 Ac
-015
-003
-005
15
4
3
GROVE AVENUE
Vac. RR R/W
737.50
189.59
350
388.40
233.30
225.94
579.96
304.71
421.51
594
69.30
38.40
136.06
205.36
93.64
245.99
165
132
66.02
421.86



Kolka family home circa 1920

circa 2010

Around July 1915, *Edward Kolka's* mother, *Wilhelmine Wiese Kolke*, who was probably still living in Marianowka, Emilchin Parish, Volhynia, Russia, had her property expropriated by Tsar Nicholas II, and she was packed onto a train with other deportees for transport to Siberia. She never made it, apparently dying on the train near Woronesch, Russia, where her body was probably just thrown off of the train and abandoned.

On March 12, 1917, *Edward Kolka* filed his Declaration of Intention to become a citizen of the United States of America, in the Bay County, Michigan, Circuit Court.[309] The document states his birth occurred in Marianowka, Russia; although the official record states he was born in Segenthal, Shitomir Parish, Volhynia, Russia. On September 12, 1918, *Edward Kolka* registered for the draft during World War I.[310]

As of January 1, 1920, the *Edward Kolka* family was still living on Histed Road, Merritt Township, Bay County, Michigan, east of *Herman and Katherine Berg's* home. The family consisted of *Edward* (37), *Tena* (32), Lydia (11), Dorothy (9), Evelyn (6) and Alice (2½; born in the Munger home) *Kolka*. *Edward* lists his profession as a carpenter in the construction industry. Both are permanent aliens, who state they were Germans born in Russia.[311]

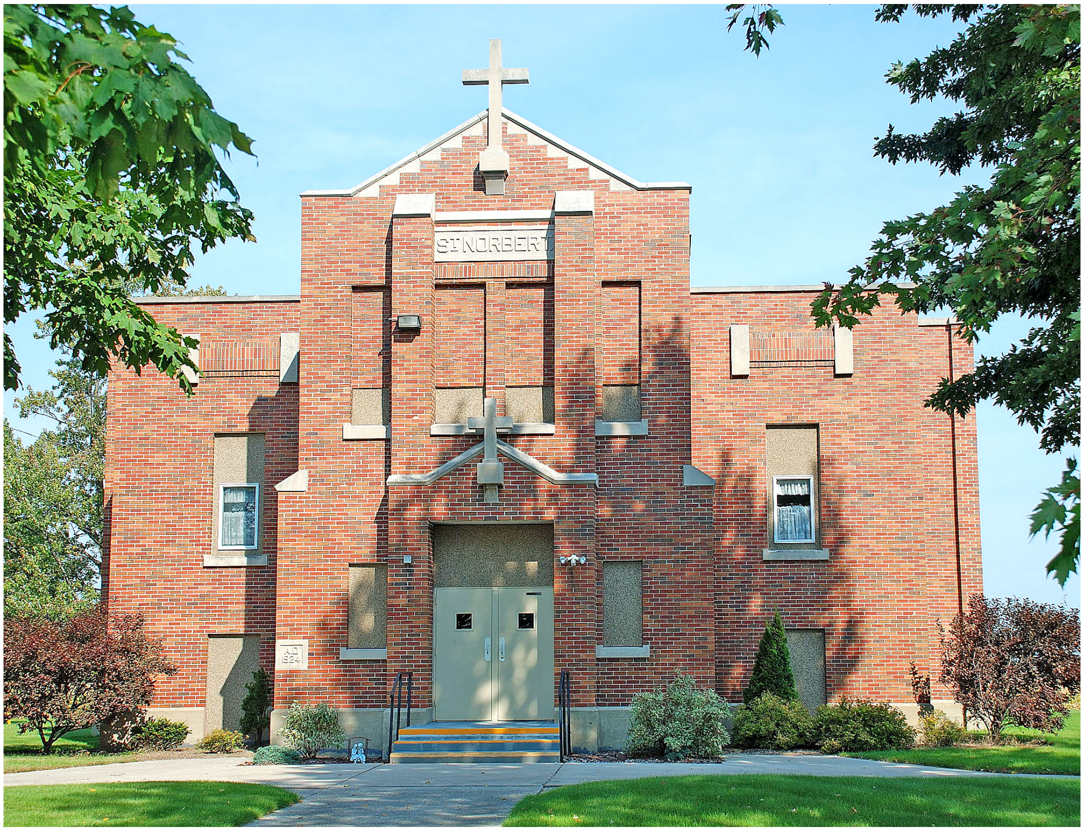
Beginning in February 1920, *Edward Kolka and Herman Berg* engaged in a series of land purchases and swaps. in which *Edward* purchased Lot 15 of the Madajski Subdivision for $600, which he later exchanged with *Herman Berg* for more property to the west and north of his home and the property he had purchased in 1915. When completed *Edward and Tiena Kolka* ended up with 5.5 acres of land, and *Herman and Frazina Berg* built a home on Lot 15.[312]

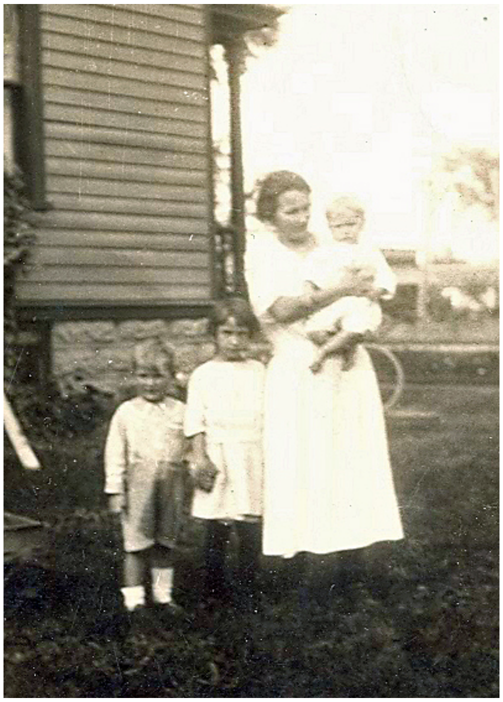
Lydia, Dorothy & Evelyn

Lydia, Dorothy, Evelyn & Alice

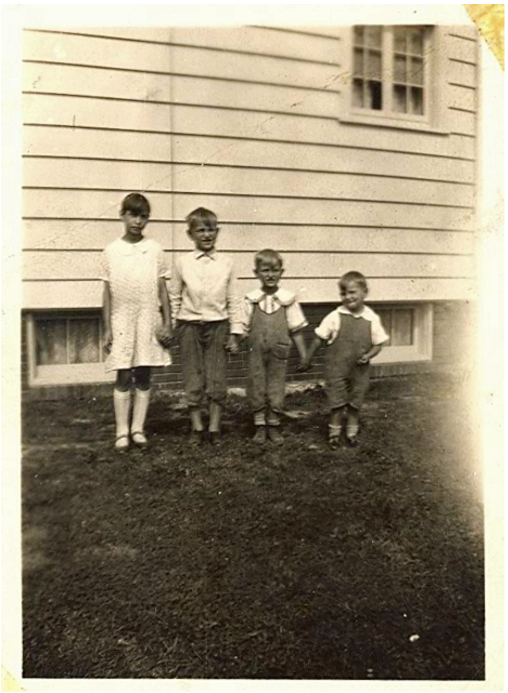
Sons Kenneth Edward, *Arthur Allen* and Eldon James *Kolka* were also born in the Munger home.

In 1924, *Edward Kolka* completed construction of St. Norbert's Catholic Church[313] on Munger Road, just around the corner from his home, which may have been on land which was part of *Herman Berg's* original 19.5 acre purchase in Section 17 of Merritt Township.

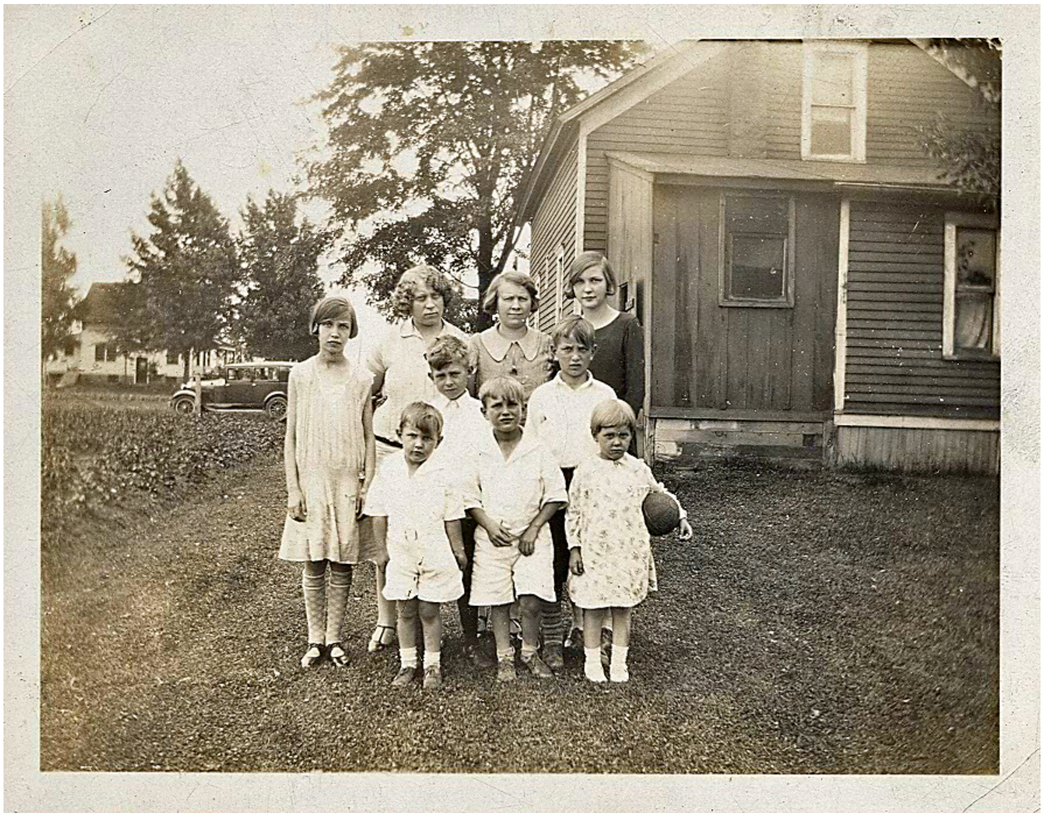




Alice, Art, Eldon and Ernestine



Alice, Ken, Art and Eldon



Circa 1926 at Herman Berg home in Munger:
(Back: Alice, Evelyn, Dorothy & Lydia; Middle: unknown and Ken; Front: Eldon, Art and unknown)

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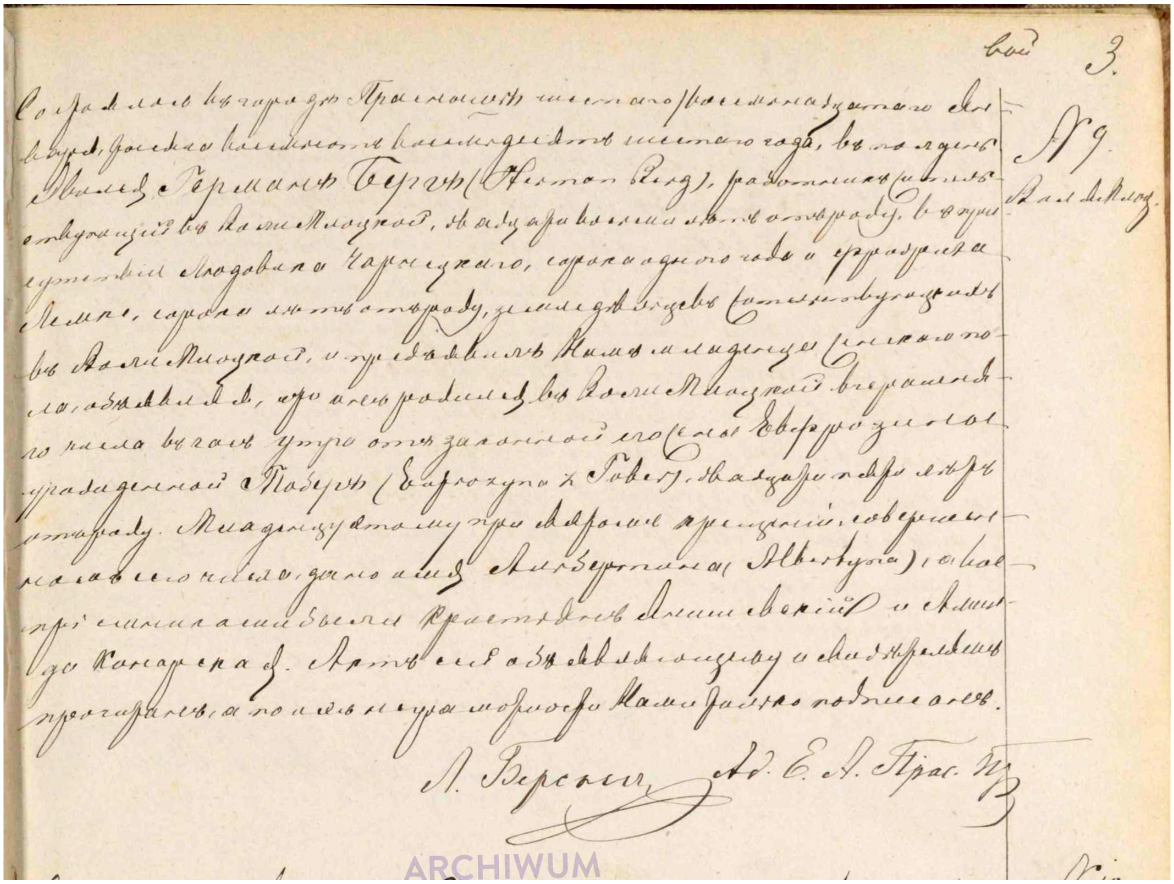
[294] *1903 SS Kaiser Wilhelm II Manifest*. The *SS Kaiser Wilhelm II*, named for the German Emperor, was built at Stettin, Germany, and completed in the spring of 1903. The ship was seized by the U.S. Government during World War I, and subsequently served as a transport ship under the name *USS Agamemnon*.

[295] *1886 Przasnysz Evangelical Church of the Augsburg Confession Baptism Record; 1973 Saginaw County, Michigan, Death Certificate; 1973 US Deaths; 1973 US Apps/Claims; 1973 The Bay City Times Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Green Ridge Cemetery, Bay City, Michigan).

> #9 (1886) Wola Mlocka
> Happened in the town of Przasnysz, on 6/18 Jan AD 1886, at noon. There appeared Herman Berg, laborer, resident in Wola Mlocka, 28 years old, in the presence of witnesses: Ludwik Czarocki(?), 41 years old, and Friedrich Lemke, 40 years old, both farmers resident in Wola Mlocka, and showed us a baby of female sex declaring that she was born in Wola Mlocka on the previous day at 1 am, of his legitimate wife Euphrosina nee Tober, 25 years old. This baby was given, at the Holy Baptism conferred today, the name Albertina and her godparents were Christian Aniszewski(?) and Al???da Konarska. This record was read to the informant and the witnesses, and due to their illiteracy signed by us only.



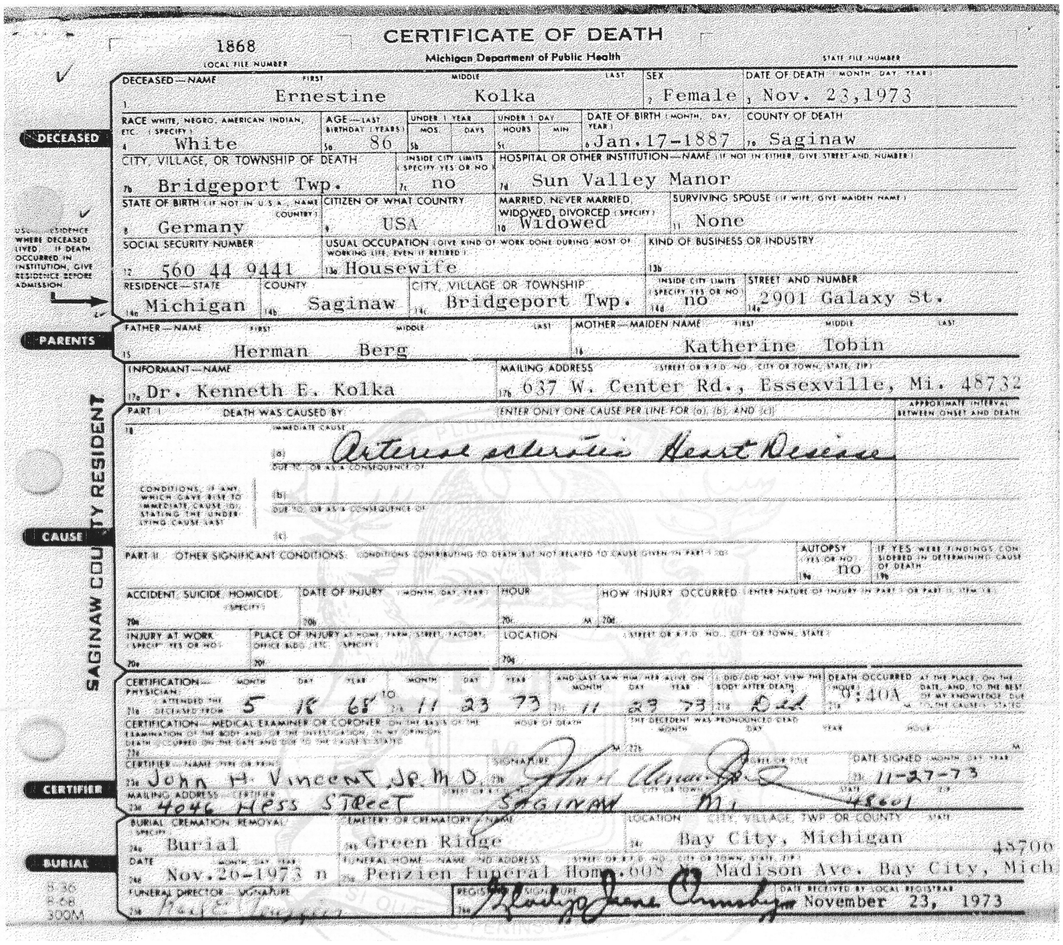
вой 3.

№ 9.
Воля Млоц.

Состоялось въ городѣ Прасныше шестаго/восемнадцатаго Ян-
варя, тысяча восемьсотъ восемьдесятъ шестаго года, въ полдень.
Явился Германъ Бергъ (Herman Berg), работникъ житель-
ствующій въ Воле Млоцкой, двадцати восьми лѣтъ отъ роду, въ при-
сутствіи Людовика Чарноцкаго, сорока одного года и Фридриха
Лемке, сорока лѣтъ отъ роду, земледѣльцевъ жительствующихъ
въ Воле Млоцкой, и предъявилъ Намъ младенца женскаго по-
ла, объявляя, что она родилась въ Воле Млоцкой вчерашня-
го числа въ часъ утра отъ законной его жены Евфрозины
урожденной Тоберъ (Eufrozyna z Tober), двадцати пяти лѣтъ
отъ роду. Младенцу этому при Святомъ крещеніи, совершен-
номъ сего числа, дано имя Альбертина (Albertyna), а вос-
пріемниками были Христіанъ Анишевскій и Аль[illegible]-
да Конарская. Актъ сей объявляющему и свидѣтелямъ
прочитанъ, а по ихъ неграмотности Нами только подписанъ.

Л. [illegible] Ад. Е. А. Прас. П.

ARCHIWUM



1868
LOCAL FILE NUMBER

CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
Michigan Department of Public Health

STATE FILE NUMBER

DECEASED

1. DECEASED—NAME (First, Middle, Last): Ernestine Kolka
2. SEX: Female
3. DATE OF DEATH (Month, Day, Year): Nov. 23,1973
4. RACE (White, Negro, American Indian, etc.) (Specify): White
5a. AGE—LAST BIRTHDAY (YEARS): 86
5b. UNDER 1 YEAR: MOS. DAYS
5c. UNDER 1 DAY: HOURS MIN
6. DATE OF BIRTH (Month, Day, Year): Jan.17-1887
7a. COUNTY OF DEATH: Saginaw
7b. CITY, VILLAGE, OR TOWNSHIP OF DEATH: Bridgeport Twp.
7c. INSIDE CITY LIMITS (Specify yes or no): no
7d. HOSPITAL OR OTHER INSTITUTION—NAME (If not in either, give street and number): Sun Valley Manor
8. STATE OF BIRTH (If not in U.S.A., name country): Germany
9. CITIZEN OF WHAT COUNTRY: USA
10. MARRIED, NEVER MARRIED, WIDOWED, DIVORCED (Specify): Widowed
11. SURVIVING SPOUSE (If wife, give maiden name): None
12. SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER: 560 44 9441
13a. USUAL OCCUPATION (Give kind of work done during most of working life, even if retired): Housewife
13b. KIND OF BUSINESS OR INDUSTRY:

USUAL RESIDENCE WHERE DECEASED LIVED. IF DEATH OCCURRED IN INSTITUTION, GIVE RESIDENCE BEFORE ADMISSION.

14a. RESIDENCE—STATE: Michigan
14b. COUNTY: Saginaw
14c. CITY, VILLAGE OR TOWNSHIP: Bridgeport Twp.
14d. INSIDE CITY LIMITS (Specify yes or no): no
14e. STREET AND NUMBER: 2901 Galaxy St.

PARENTS

15. FATHER—NAME (First, Middle, Last): Herman Berg
16. MOTHER—MAIDEN NAME (First, Middle, Last): Katherine Tobin
17a. INFORMANT—NAME: Dr. Kenneth E. Kolka
17b. MAILING ADDRESS (Street or R.F.D. No., City or Town, State, Zip): 637 W. Center Rd., Essexville, Mi. 48732

CAUSE

SAGINAW COUNTY RESIDENT

18. PART I. DEATH WAS CAUSED BY: ENTER ONLY ONE CAUSE PER LINE FOR (a), (b), AND (c) — APPROXIMATE INTERVAL BETWEEN ONSET AND DEATH
(a) IMMEDIATE CAUSE: Arteriosclerotic Heart Disease
(b) DUE TO, OR AS A CONSEQUENCE OF:
(c) DUE TO, OR AS A CONSEQUENCE OF:
CONDITIONS, IF ANY, WHICH GAVE RISE TO IMMEDIATE CAUSE (a), STATING THE UNDERLYING CAUSE LAST

PART II. OTHER SIGNIFICANT CONDITIONS: CONDITIONS CONTRIBUTING TO DEATH BUT NOT RELATED TO CAUSE GIVEN IN PART I (a)
19a. AUTOPSY (Yes or no): no
19b. IF YES WERE FINDINGS CONSIDERED IN DETERMINING CAUSE OF DEATH:
20a. ACCIDENT, SUICIDE, HOMICIDE (Specify):
20b. DATE OF INJURY (Month, Day, Year):
20c. HOUR: M
20d. HOW INJURY OCCURRED (Enter nature of injury in Part I or Part II, item 18):
20e. INJURY AT WORK (Specify yes or no):
20f. PLACE OF INJURY (At home, farm, street, factory, office bldg., etc.) (Specify):
20g. LOCATION (Street or R.F.D. No., City or Town, State):

CERTIFIER

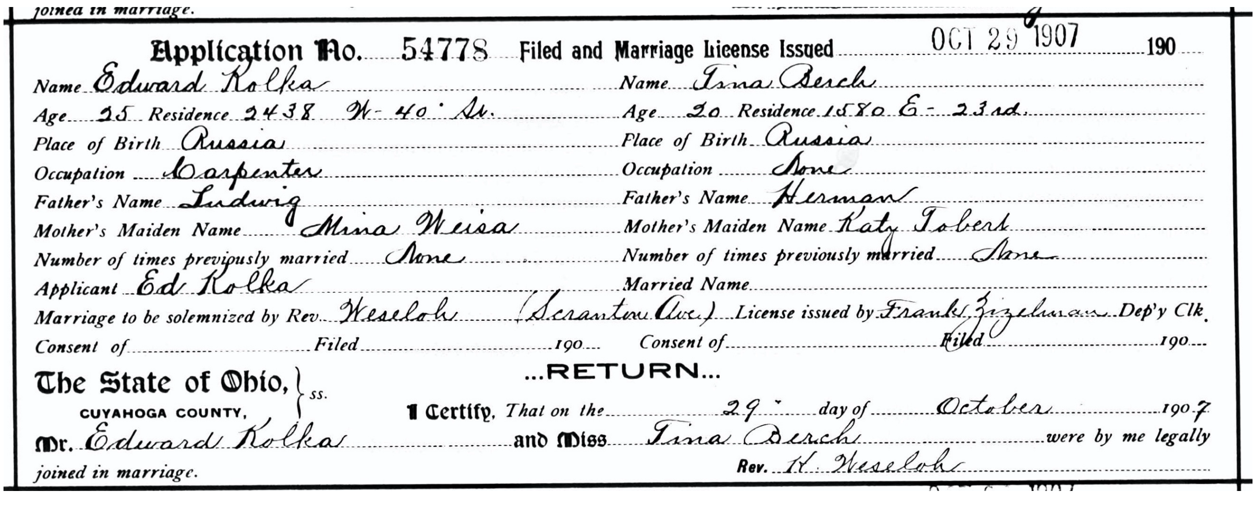
21a. CERTIFICATION—PHYSICIAN: I ATTENDED THE DECEASED FROM 5 18 68 TO 21b. 11 23 73
21c. AND LAST SAW HIM/HER ALIVE ON: 11 23 73
21d. I DID/DID NOT VIEW THE BODY AFTER DEATH: Did
21e. DEATH OCCURRED AT THE PLACE, ON THE DATE, AND, TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE, DUE TO THE CAUSE(S) STATED. HOUR: 9:40A M
22a. CERTIFICATION—MEDICAL EXAMINER OR CORONER: ON THE BASIS OF THE EXAMINATION OF THE BODY AND/OR THE INVESTIGATION, IN MY OPINION DEATH OCCURRED ON THE DATE AND DUE TO THE CAUSE(S) STATED. HOUR OF DEATH M
22b. THE DECEDENT WAS PRONOUNCED DEAD: MONTH DAY YEAR HOUR M
23a. CERTIFIER—NAME (Type or print): John H. Vincent Jr. M.D.
23b. SIGNATURE:
23c. DATE SIGNED (Month, Day, Year): 11-27-73
23d. MAILING ADDRESS—CERTIFIER: 4046 Hess Street, Saginaw, Mi. 48601

BURIAL

24a. BURIAL, CREMATION, REMOVAL (Specify): Burial
24b. CEMETERY OR CREMATORY—NAME: Green Ridge
24c. LOCATION (City, Village, Twp. or County, State): Bay City, Michigan 48706
24d. DATE (Month, Day, Year): Nov.26-1973 n
25a. FUNERAL HOME—NAME AND ADDRESS (Street or R.F.D. No., City or Town, State, Zip): Penzien Funeral Home, 608 N. Madison Ave. Bay City, Mich
25b. FUNERAL DIRECTOR—SIGNATURE:
26a. REGISTRAR—SIGNATURE: Gladys Jane Ormsby
26b. DATE RECEIVED BY LOCAL REGISTRAR: November 23, 1973

B-36
R-68
300M

296 *1907 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Marriage Certificate,* vol. 68, p 445.



joined in marriage.

Application No. 54778 **Filed and Marriage License Issued** OCT 29 1907 190

Name Edward Kolka	Name Tina Berch
Age 25 Residence 2438 W. 40th St.	Age 20 Residence 1580 E. 23rd.
Place of Birth Russia	Place of Birth Russia
Occupation Carpenter	Occupation None
Father's Name Ludwig	Father's Name Herman
Mother's Maiden Name Mina Weisa	Mother's Maiden Name Katy Tobert
Number of times previously married None	Number of times previously married None
Applicant Ed Kolka	Married Name

Marriage to be solemnized by Rev. Weseloh (Scranton Ave.) License issued by Frank Ziegelman Dep'y Clk.
Consent of .... Filed .... 190.... Consent of .... Filed .... 190....

The State of Ohio, } ss.
CUYAHOGA COUNTY,

...RETURN...

I Certify, That on the 29th day of October 1907
Mr. Edward Kolka **and Miss** Tina Berch were by me legally joined in marriage.
Rev. H. Weseloh

Pastor Weseloh (1852-1925), who would also later marry *Edward Kolka's* siblings, John Kolke and Emilie Kolke. was a Candidate of Theology when he was brought to Cleveland from Germany to assist Pastor Niemann of Trinity Lutheran Church, which was on West 30th Street in Cleveland. Pastor Weseloh was called because so many members of Trinity were locating in the "Brooklyn," which was on the city's west side. Rev. Weseloh devoted himself to Brooklyn with the thought of establishing a new Immanuel

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Evangelical Lutheran Church congregation there; which he did in 1880, in the Tremont area of Brooklyn. Immanuel to this date claims it is a "German/English Lutheran Church." The evangelical nature of the church corresponds with the strong Evangelical Lutheran Church in Germany, Russia and the former Poland. Rev. Weseloh served as the pastor until his death.

On his marriage license, *Edward Kolka* (25) is living at 2438 W. 40th Street, Cleveland, which is on the west side of Cleveland in the Brooklyn/Tremont area. He stated he was born in Russia, and a carpenter. *Ernestine Berg* (20) is living on the east of downtown Cleveland and was also born in Russia.

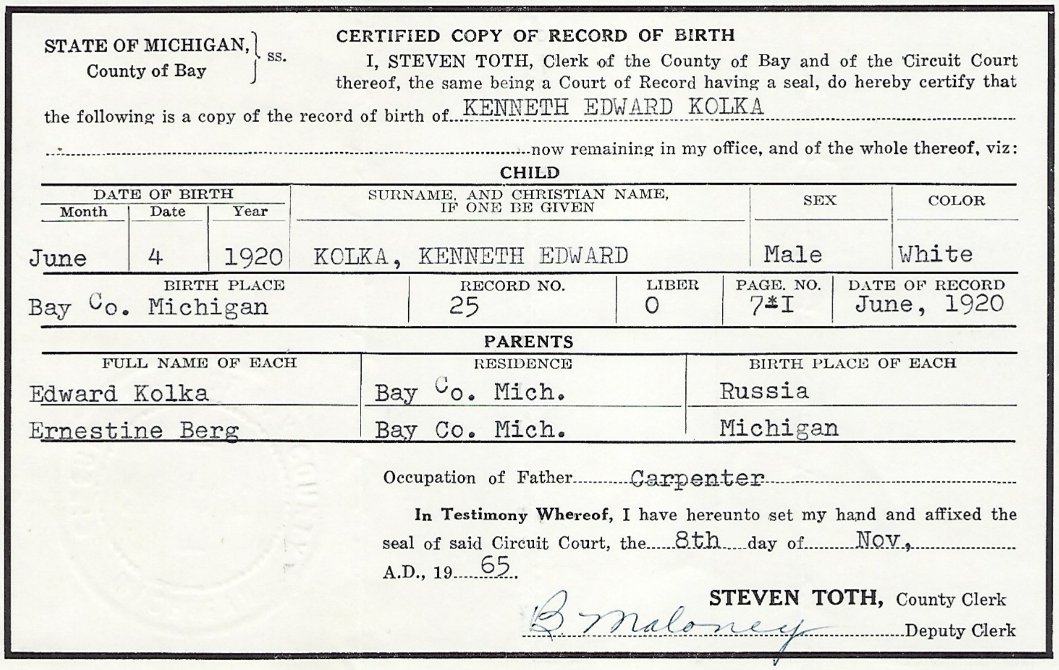
[297] *Ernestine Kolka's Petition for Naturalization; 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 2011 US Deaths; and 2011 Sharp Funeral Home Funeral Card.*

[298] *Ernestine Kolka's Petition for Naturalization; 1910 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Birth Record; 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1976 Avon Township, Oakland County, Michigan, Death Record; 1976 St. John Evangelical Lutheran Church Obituary; and 1976 US Deaths.*

[299] *Ernestine Kolka's Petition for Naturalization; 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; and July 6, 2008, Flint Journal Obituary.*

[300] *Ernestine Kolka's Petition for Naturalization; 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 2002 US Deaths; 2002 US Apps/Claims; December 23 and 24, 2002, Flint Journal Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Evergreen Cemetery, Grand Blanc, Michigan).

[301] *Ernestine Kolka's Petition for Naturalization; 1920 Bay County, Michigan, Birth Certificates; 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1992 Kawkawlin, Bay County, Michigan, Death Certificate; 1992 US Deaths; 1992 BIRLS Deaths; 1992 US Apps/Claims; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Floral Gardens Cemetery, Bay City, Michigan).



STATE OF MICHIGAN, } ss.
County of Bay

CERTIFIED COPY OF RECORD OF BIRTH

I, STEVEN TOTH, Clerk of the County of Bay and of the Circuit Court thereof, the same being a Court of Record having a seal, do hereby certify that the following is a copy of the record of birth of KENNETH EDWARD KOLKA now remaining in my office, and of the whole thereof, viz:

CHILD

DATE OF BIRTH Month	Date	Year	SURNAME, AND CHRISTIAN NAME, IF ONE BE GIVEN	SEX	COLOR
June	4	1920	KOLKA, KENNETH EDWARD	Male	White

BIRTH PLACE	RECORD NO.	LIBER	PAGE. NO.	DATE OF RECORD
Bay Co. Michigan	25	0	7-I	June, 1920

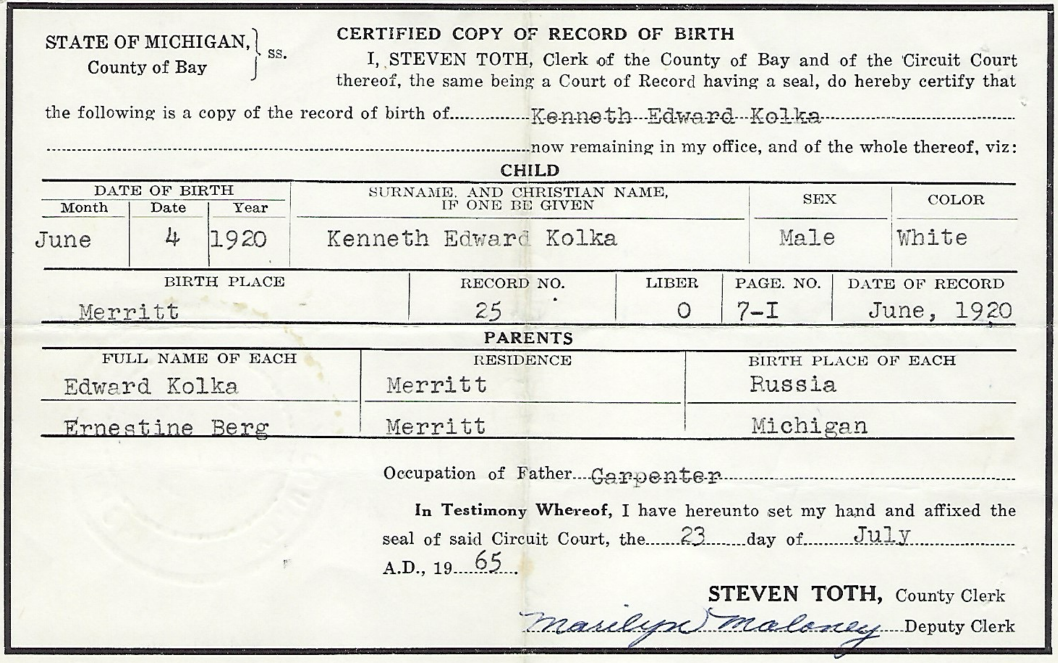
PARENTS

FULL NAME OF EACH	RESIDENCE	BIRTH PLACE OF EACH
Edward Kolka	Bay Co. Mich.	Russia
Ernestine Berg	Bay Co. Mich.	Michigan

Occupation of Father Carpenter

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said Circuit Court, the 8th day of Nov., A.D., 1965.

STEVEN TOTH, County Clerk
B Maloney Deputy Clerk



STATE OF MICHIGAN, } ss.
County of Bay

CERTIFIED COPY OF RECORD OF BIRTH

I, STEVEN TOTH, Clerk of the County of Bay and of the Circuit Court thereof, the same being a Court of Record having a seal, do hereby certify that the following is a copy of the record of birth of Kenneth Edward Kolka now remaining in my office, and of the whole thereof, viz:

CHILD

DATE OF BIRTH Month	Date	Year	SURNAME, AND CHRISTIAN NAME, IF ONE BE GIVEN	SEX	COLOR
June	4	1920	Kenneth Edward Kolka	Male	White

BIRTH PLACE	RECORD NO.	LIBER	PAGE. NO.	DATE OF RECORD
Merritt	25	0	7-I	June, 1920

PARENTS

FULL NAME OF EACH	RESIDENCE	BIRTH PLACE OF EACH
Edward Kolka	Merritt	Russia
Ernestine Berg	Merritt	Michigan

Occupation of Father Carpenter

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said Circuit Court, the 23 day of July A.D., 1965.

STEVEN TOTH, County Clerk
Marilyn Maloney Deputy Clerk

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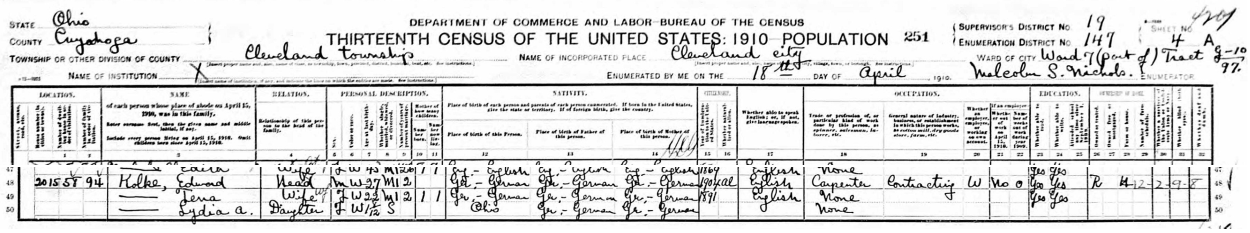
[302] *Ernestine Kolka's Petition for Naturalization; and 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; WWII Draft Reg; 1994 Bay County, Michigan, Death Record; 1994 BIRLS Deaths; 1994 US Deaths; 1994 US Apps/Claims; and Gravemarker Elm Lawn Cemetery, Bay City, Michigan.*

[303] *Ernestine Kolka's Petition for Naturalization; 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; WWII Draft Reg; 2010 Bay County, Michigan, Death Record; 2010 US Deaths; 2010 US Apps/Claims; 2010 BIRLS Deaths; January 6, 2010, Flint Journal Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker New Calvary Catholic Cemetery, Flint, Michigan).

[304] *1910 US Census*.



STATE Ohio
COUNTY Cuyahoga
TOWNSHIP OR OTHER DIVISION OF COUNTY Cleveland township
NAME OF INSTITUTION X
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND LABOR—BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
THIRTEENTH CENSUS OF THE UNITED STATES: 1910—POPULATION 251
NAME OF INCORPORATED PLACE Cleveland city
ENUMERATED BY ME ON THE 18th DAY OF April, 1910. Malcolm S. Nichols. ENUMERATOR
SUPERVISOR'S DISTRICT NO 19
ENUMERATION DISTRICT NO 147
WARD OF CITY Ward 7 (part of) Tract 9-10 97
SHEET NO 4 A

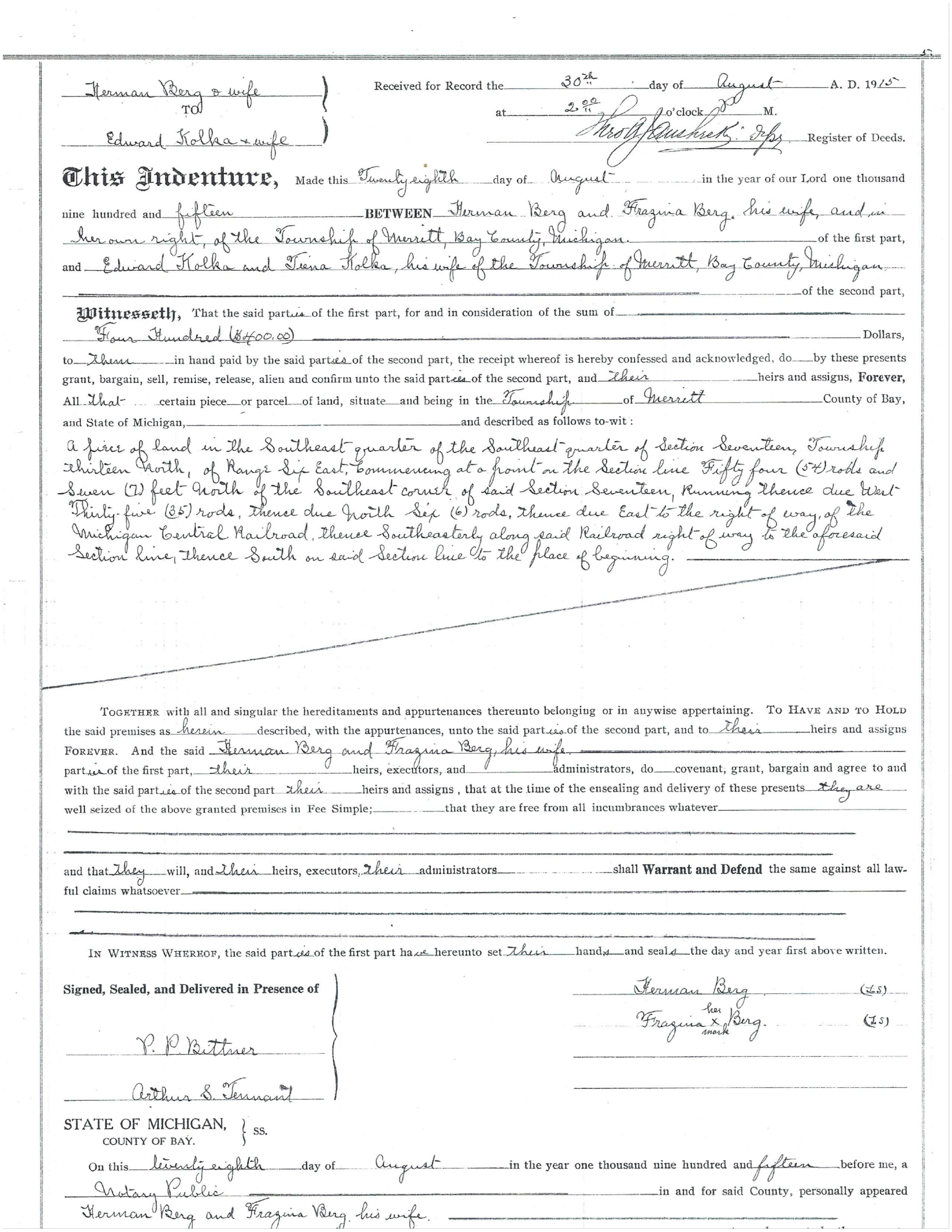
47					Wife	F	W	43	M1	26	7	7	Eng. - English	Eng. - English	Eng. - English	1864		English	None					Yes	Yes		
48	2015	58	94	Kolke, Edward	Head	M	W	27	M1	2			Ger. - German	Ger. - German	Ger. - German	1904	Al	English	Carpenter	Contracting	W	No	0	Yes	Yes	R	H 12-2-9-8
49				——— Tena	Wife	F	W	22	M1	2	1	1	Ger. - German	Ger. - German	Ger. - German	1891		English	None					Yes	Yes		
50				——— Lydia A.	Daughter	F	W	1/12	S				Ohio	Ger. - German	Ger. - German				None								

[305] *1912 and 1913 Cleveland, Ohio, City Directories*.

[306] *Edward Kolka's 1938 The Bay City Times Obituary* (1913)*; and Ernestine's Petition for Naturalization* (1914).

[307] *1913 Warranty Deed, Bay County Records,* Liber 151, Page 354.

[308] *1915 Warranty Deed, Bay County, Michigan, Records,* Liber 167, Page 65.



Herman Berg & wife
TO
Edward Kolka & wife

Received for Record the 30th day of August A. D. 1915
at 2 00 o'clock P M.
Theo A. Kaushrek Dep. Register of Deeds.

This Indenture, Made this Twenty eighth day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and fifteen **BETWEEN** Herman Berg and Frazina Berg, his wife, and in her own right, of the Township of Merritt, Bay County, Michigan. of the first part, and Edward Kolka and Tiena Kolka, his wife of the Township of Merritt, Bay County, Michigan of the second part,

Witnesseth, That the said parties of the first part, for and in consideration of the sum of Four Hundred ($400.00) Dollars, to them in hand paid by the said parties of the second part, the receipt whereof is hereby confessed and acknowledged, do by these presents grant, bargain, sell, remise, release, alien and confirm unto the said parties of the second part, and their heirs and assigns, **Forever,** All that certain piece or parcel of land, situate and being in the Township of Merritt County of Bay, and State of Michigan, and described as follows to-wit:

A piece of land in the Southeast quarter of the Southeast quarter of Section Seventeen, Township thirteen North, of Range Six East, Commencing at a point on the Section line Fifty four (54) rods and Seven (7) feet North of the Southeast corner of said Section Seventeen, Running thence due West Thirty-five (35) rods, thence due North Six (6) rods, thence due East to the right of way, of the Michigan Central Railroad, thence Southeasterly along said Railroad right of way to the aforesaid Section line, thence South on said Section line to the place of beginning.

TOGETHER with all and singular the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining. TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the said premises as herein described, with the appurtenances, unto the said parties of the second part, and to their heirs and assigns FOREVER. And the said Herman Berg and Frazina Berg, his wife. parties of the first part, their heirs, executors, and administrators, do covenant, grant, bargain and agree to and with the said parties of the second part their heirs and assigns, that at the time of the ensealing and delivery of these presents they are well seized of the above granted premises in Fee Simple; that they are free from all incumbrances whatever

and that they will, and their heirs, executors, their administrators shall **Warrant and Defend** the same against all lawful claims whatsoever

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the said parties of the first part have hereunto set their hands and seals the day and year first above written.

Signed, Sealed, and Delivered in Presence of

P. P. Bittner
Arthur S. Tennant

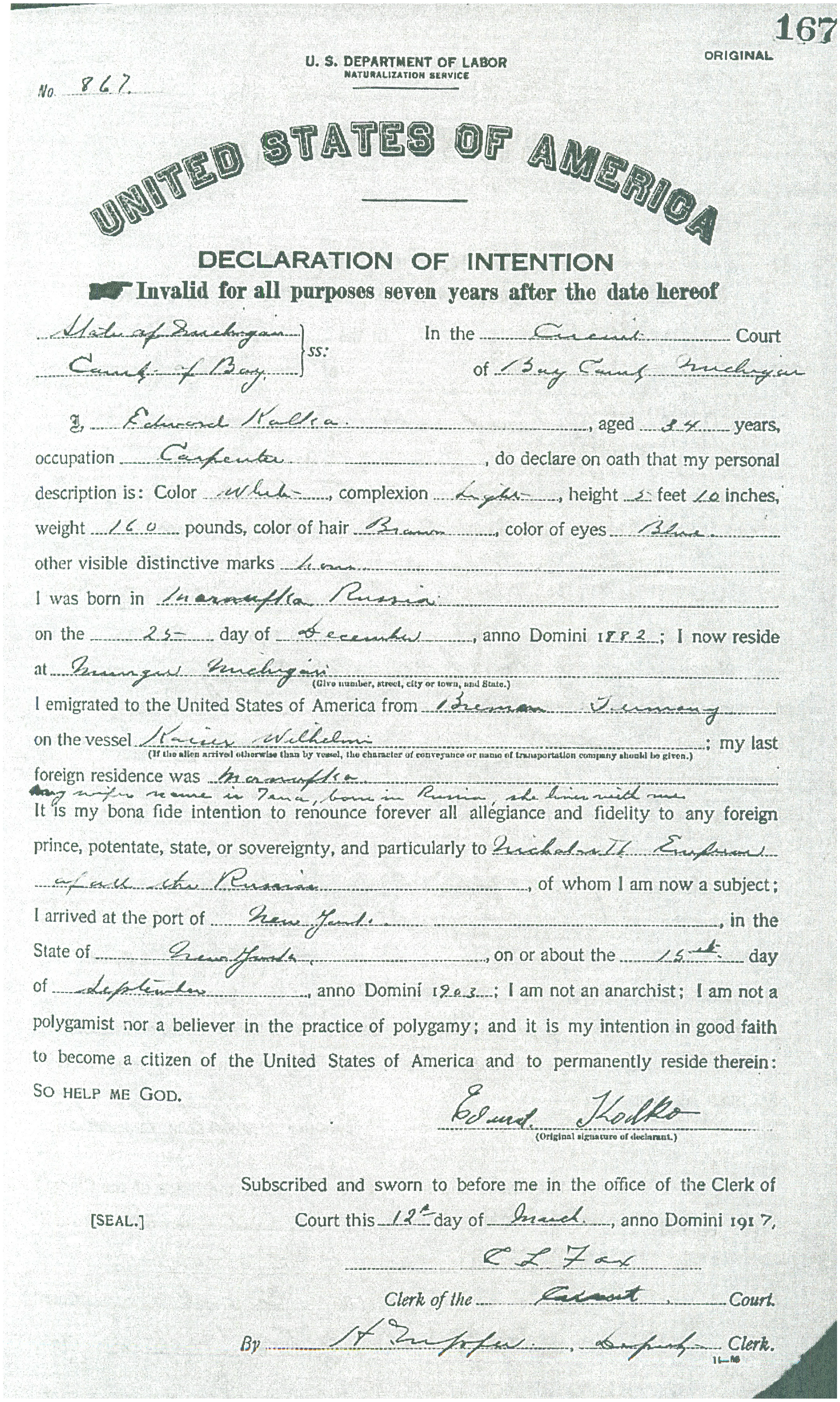
Herman Berg (L.S.)
Frazina her x mark Berg. (L.S.)

STATE OF MICHIGAN, } ss.
COUNTY OF BAY.

On this twenty eighth day of August in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen before me, a Notary Public in and for said County, personally appeared Herman Berg and Frazina Berg, his wife.

---

[309] *1917 Declaration of Intention*.



167

ORIGINAL

No. 867.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
NATURALIZATION SERVICE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

DECLARATION OF INTENTION

Invalid for all purposes seven years after the date hereof

State of Michigan } ss: In the Circuit Court
County of Bay } of Bay County Michigan

I, Edward Kolka, aged 34 years,
occupation Carpenter, do declare on oath that my personal
description is: Color White, complexion Light, height 5 feet 10 inches,
weight 160 pounds, color of hair Brown, color of eyes Blue
other visible distinctive marks none
I was born in Marawufka Russia
on the 25 day of December, anno Domini 1882; I now reside
at Munger Michigan (Give number, street, city or town, and State.)
I emigrated to the United States of America from Bremen Germany
on the vessel Kaiser Wilhelm (If the alien arrived otherwise than by vessel, the character of conveyance or name of transportation company should be given.); my last
foreign residence was Marawufka
my wifes name is Tena, born in Russia, she lives with me
It is my bona fide intention to renounce forever all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince, potentate, state, or sovereignty, and particularly to Nicholas II Emperor of all the Russias, of whom I am now a subject;
I arrived at the port of New York, in the
State of New York, on or about the 15th day
of September, anno Domini 1903; I am not an anarchist; I am not a polygamist nor a believer in the practice of polygamy; and it is my intention in good faith to become a citizen of the United States of America and to permanently reside therein: SO HELP ME GOD.

Edward Kolko
(Original signature of declarant.)

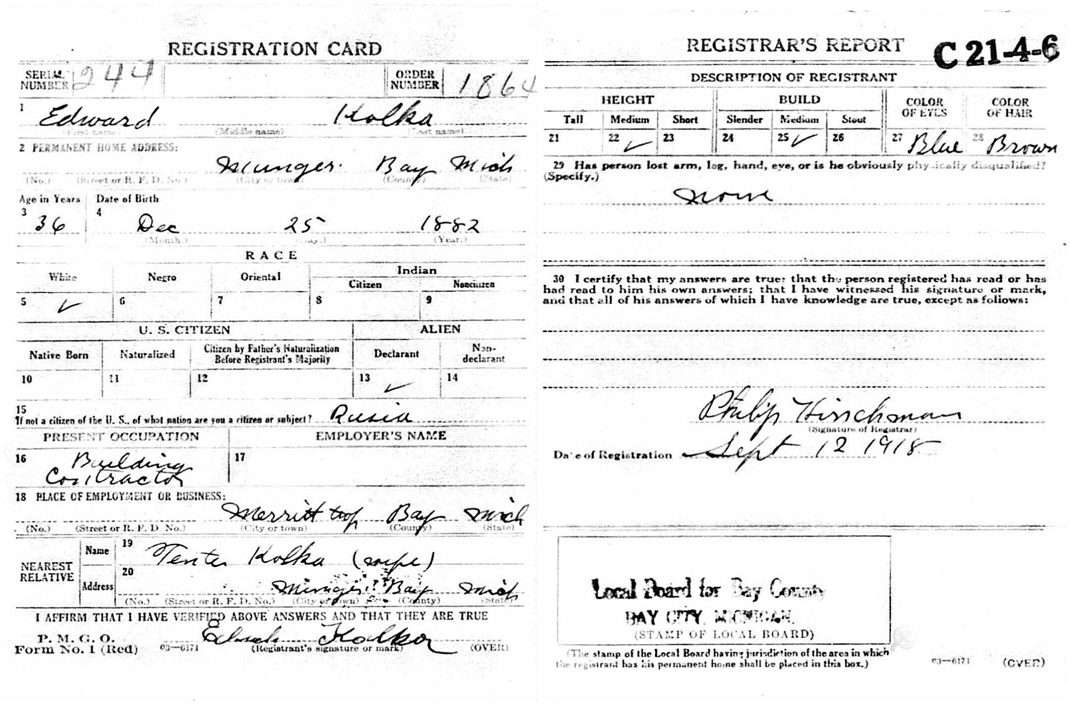
Subscribed and sworn to before me in the office of the Clerk of
[SEAL.] Court this 12th day of March, anno Domini 1917,

C L Fox
Clerk of the Circuit Court.

By H [illegible], Deputy Clerk.

11—16

[310] *World War I Draft Registration.*



REGISTRATION CARD

SERIAL NUMBER	244	ORDER NUMBER	1864

1 Edward (First name) (Middle name) Kolka (Last name)

2 PERMANENT HOME ADDRESS: (No.) (Street or R. F. D. No.) Munger (City or town) Bay (County) Mich (State)

Age in Years 3 36

Date of Birth 4 Dec (Month) 25 (Day) 1882 (Year)

RACE

White	Negro	Oriental	Indian Citizen	Indian Noncitizen
5 ✓	6	7	8	9

U. S. CITIZEN Native Born	Naturalized	Citizen by Father's Naturalization Before Registrant's Majority	ALIEN Declarant	Non-declarant
10	11	12	13 ✓	14

15 If not a citizen of the U. S., of what nation are you a citizen or subject? Russia

PRESENT OCCUPATION 16 Building Contractor

EMPLOYER'S NAME 17

18 PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT OR BUSINESS: (No.) (Street or R. F. D. No.) Merritt twp (City or town) Bay (County) Mich (State)

NEAREST RELATIVE Name 19 Tena Kolka (wife)

Address 20 (No.) (Street or R. F. D. No.) Munger (City or town) Bay (County) Mich (State)

I AFFIRM THAT I HAVE VERIFIED ABOVE ANSWERS AND THAT THEY ARE TRUE

Edward Kolka (Registrant's signature or mark)

P. M. G. O. Form No. 1 (Red) 63—6171 (OVER)

REGISTRAR'S REPORT C 21-4-6

DESCRIPTION OF REGISTRANT

HEIGHT Tall	Medium	Short	BUILD Slender	Medium	Stout	COLOR OF EYES	COLOR OF HAIR
21	22 ✓	23	24	25 ✓	26	27 Blue	28 Brown

29 Has person lost arm, leg, hand, eye, or is he obviously physically disqualified? (Specify.) None

30 I certify that my answers are true; that the person registered has read or has had read to him his own answers; that I have witnessed his signature or mark, and that all of his answers of which I have knowledge are true, except as follows:

Philip Hirschman (Signature of Registrar)

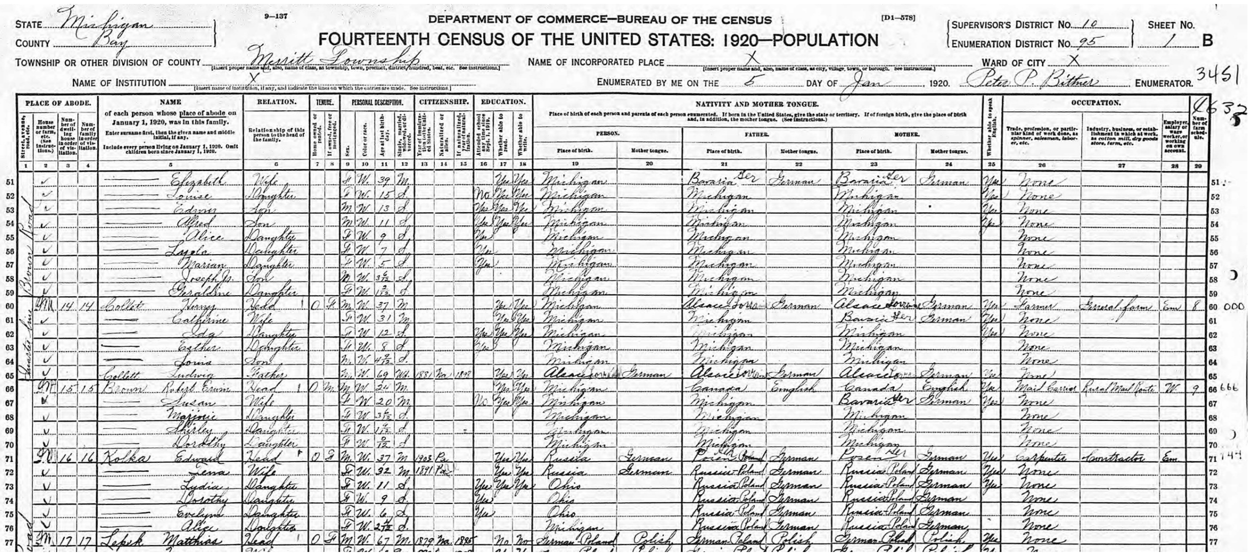
Date of Registration Sept 12 1918

Local Board for Bay County
BAY CITY, MICHIGAN.
(STAMP OF LOCAL BOARD)

(The stamp of the Local Board having jurisdiction of the area in which the registrant has his permanent home shall be placed in this box.)

63—6171 (OVER)

[311] *1920 US Census*.



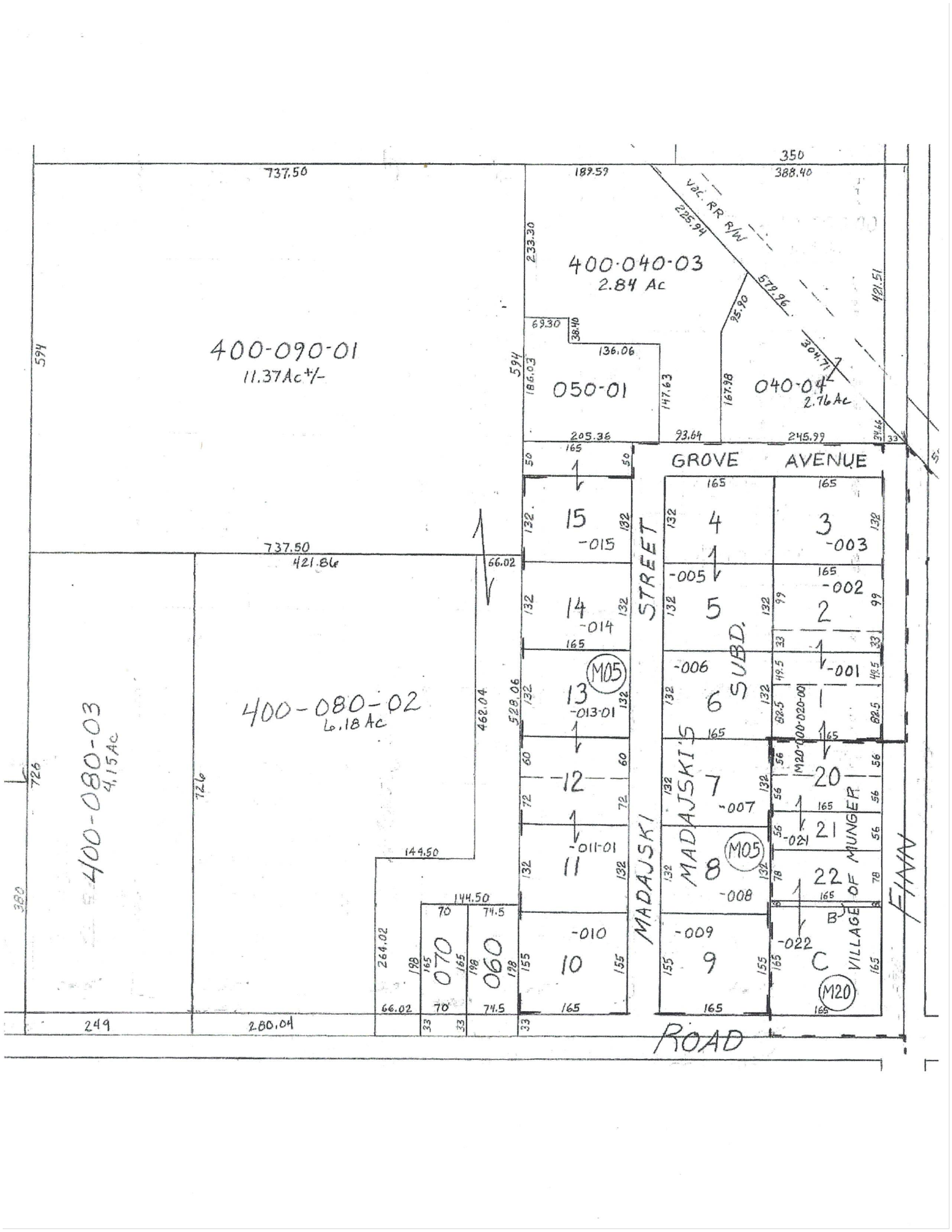
9—137 DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE—BUREAU OF THE CENSUS [D1—578]

FOURTEENTH CENSUS OF THE UNITED STATES: 1920—POPULATION

STATE Michigan
COUNTY Bay
TOWNSHIP OR OTHER DIVISION OF COUNTY Merritt Township
NAME OF INSTITUTION X
NAME OF INCORPORATED PLACE X
ENUMERATED BY ME ON THE 5 DAY OF Jan 1920. Peter P. Bittner ENUMERATOR. 3451
SUPERVISOR'S DISTRICT NO. 10
ENUMERATION DISTRICT NO. 95
WARD OF CITY X
SHEET NO. 1 B

	PLACE OF ABODE. Street, avenue, road, etc. 1	House number or farm, etc. 2	Number of dwelling house in order of visitation 3	Number of family in order of visitation 4	NAME 5	RELATION. 6	TENURE. Home owned or rented 7	If owned, free or mortgaged 8	PERSONAL DESCRIPTION. Sex 9	Color or race 10	Age at last birthday 11	Single, married, widowed, or divorced 12	CITIZENSHIP. Year of immigration 13	Naturalized or alien 14	If naturalized, year of naturalization 15	EDUCATION. Attended school 16	Whether able to read 17	Whether able to write 18	PERSON Place of birth 19	Mother tongue 20	FATHER Place of birth 21	Mother tongue 22	MOTHER Place of birth 23	Mother tongue 24	Whether able to speak English 25	OCCUPATION. Trade, profession 26	Industry, business 27	Employer, salary or wage worker 28	Number of farm schedule 29	
51	Brown Road	✓			—— Elizabeth	Wife			F	W	39	M					Yes	Yes	Michigan		Bavaria Ger	German	Bavaria Ger	German	Yes	None				51
52		✓			—— Louise	Daughter			F	W	15	S				No	Yes	Yes	Michigan		Michigan		Michigan		Yes	None				52
53		✓			—— Edwin	Son			M	W	13	S				Yes	Yes	Yes	Michigan		Michigan		Michigan		Yes	None				53
54		✓			—— Alfred	Son			M	W	11	S				Yes	Yes	Yes	Michigan		Michigan		Michigan		Yes	None				54
55		✓			—— Alice	Daughter			F	W	9	S				Yes			Michigan		Michigan		Michigan			None				55
56		✓			—— Loyola	Daughter			F	W	7	S				Yes			Michigan		Michigan		Michigan			None				56
57		✓			—— Marian	Daughter			F	W	5	S				Yes			Michigan		Michigan		Michigan			None				57
58		✓			—— Joseph Jr.	Son			M	W	3 6/12	S							Michigan		Michigan		Michigan			None				58
59		✓			—— Geraldine	Daughter			F	W	1 2/12	S							Michigan		Michigan		Michigan			None				59
60	Quarter Line	FM	14	14	Collet Harry	Head	O	F	M	W	37	M					Yes	Yes	Michigan		Alsace Lorraine	German	Alsace Lorraine	German	Yes	Farmer	General farm	Em	8	60 000
61		✓			—— Catherine	Wife			F	W	31	M					Yes	Yes	Michigan		Michigan		Bavaria Ger	German	Yes	None				61
62		✓			—— Ida	Daughter			F	W	12	S				Yes	Yes	Yes	Michigan		Michigan		Michigan		Yes	None				62
63		✓			—— Esther	Daughter			F	W	8	S				Yes			Michigan		Michigan		Michigan			None				63
64		✓			—— Louis	Son			M	W	4 9/12	S							Michigan		Michigan		Michigan			None				64
65		✓			Collett Ludwig	Father			M	W	69	Wd	1881	Na	1898		Yes	Yes	Alsace Lorraine	German	Alsace Lorraine	German	Alsace Lorraine	German	Yes	None				65
66		FM	15	15	Brown Robert Erwin	Head	O	M	M	W	24	M					Yes	Yes	Michigan		Canada	English	Canada	English	Yes	Mail Carrier	Rural Mail Route	W	9	66 666
67		✓			—— Susan	Wife			F	W	20	M				No	Yes	Yes	Michigan		Michigan		Bavaria Ger	German	Yes	None				67
68		✓			—— Marjorie	Daughter			F	W	3 6/12	S							Michigan		Michigan		Michigan			None				68
69		✓			—— Shirley	Daughter			F	W	1 9/12	S							Michigan		Michigan		Michigan			None				69
70		✓			—— Dorothy	Daughter			F	W	0/12	S							Michigan		Michigan		Michigan			None				70
71		FM	16	16	Kolka Edward	Head	O	F	M	W	37	M	1903	Pa			Yes	Yes	Russia	German	Posen Ger Poland	German	Posen Ger	German	Yes	Carpenter	Contractor	Em		71 144
72		✓			—— Lena	Wife			F	W	32	M	1891	Pa			Yes	Yes	Russia	German	Russia-Poland	German	Russia-Poland	German	Yes	None				72
73		✓			—— Lydia	Daughter			F	W	11	S				Yes	Yes	Yes	Ohio		Russia-Poland	German	Russia-Poland	German	Yes	None				73
74		✓			—— Dorothy	Daughter			F	W	9	S				Yes			Ohio		Russia-Poland	German	Russia-Poland	German		None				74
75		✓			—— Evelyn	Daughter			F	W	6	S				Yes			Ohio		Russia-Poland	German	Russia-Poland	German		None				75
76		✓			—— Alice	Daughter			F	W	2 7/12	S							Michigan		Russia-Poland	German	Russia-Poland	German		None				76
77		FM	17	17	Lepik Matthias	Head	O	F	M	W	67	M	1879	Na	1885		No	No	German-Poland	Polish	German-Poland	Polish	German-Poland	Polish	Yes	None				77

[312] *Plat Map of SE¼ of SE¼ of Section 17, Merritt Township; February 2, 1920, Ellison to Kolka Warranty Deed, Bay County, Michigan, Records,* Liber 183, Page 285*; February 3, 1920, Kolka to Berg Warranty Deed, Bay County, Michigan, Records,* Liber 183, Page 376*; May 13, 1920, Kolka to Berg Warranty Deed, Bay County, Michigan, Records,* Liber 188, Page 157*; May 13, 1920, Berg to Kolka Warranty Deed, Bay County, Michigan, Records,* Liber 188, Page 158*; and April 24, 1923, Berg to Kolka Warranty Deed, Bay County, Michigan, Records,* Liber 201, Page 296.


400-090-01
11.37Ac+/-
400-040-03
2.84 Ac
VAC. RR R/W
050-01
040-04
2.76Ac
400-080-02
6.18 Ac
400-080-03
4.15Ac
GROVE AVENUE
MADAJSKI STREET
MADAJSKI'S SUBD.
VILLAGE OF MUNGER
FINN
ROAD
M05
M20
M20-000-020-00
070
060
15
-015
14
-014
13
-013-01
12
11
-011-01
10
-010
4
-005
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-006
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-007
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-008
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-009
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-003
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-002
1
-001
20
21
-021
22
C
B
-022
737.50
421.86
189.59
388.40
350
225.94
579.96
304.71
421.51
594
233.30
186.03
69.30
38.40
136.06
147.63
95.90
167.98
205.36
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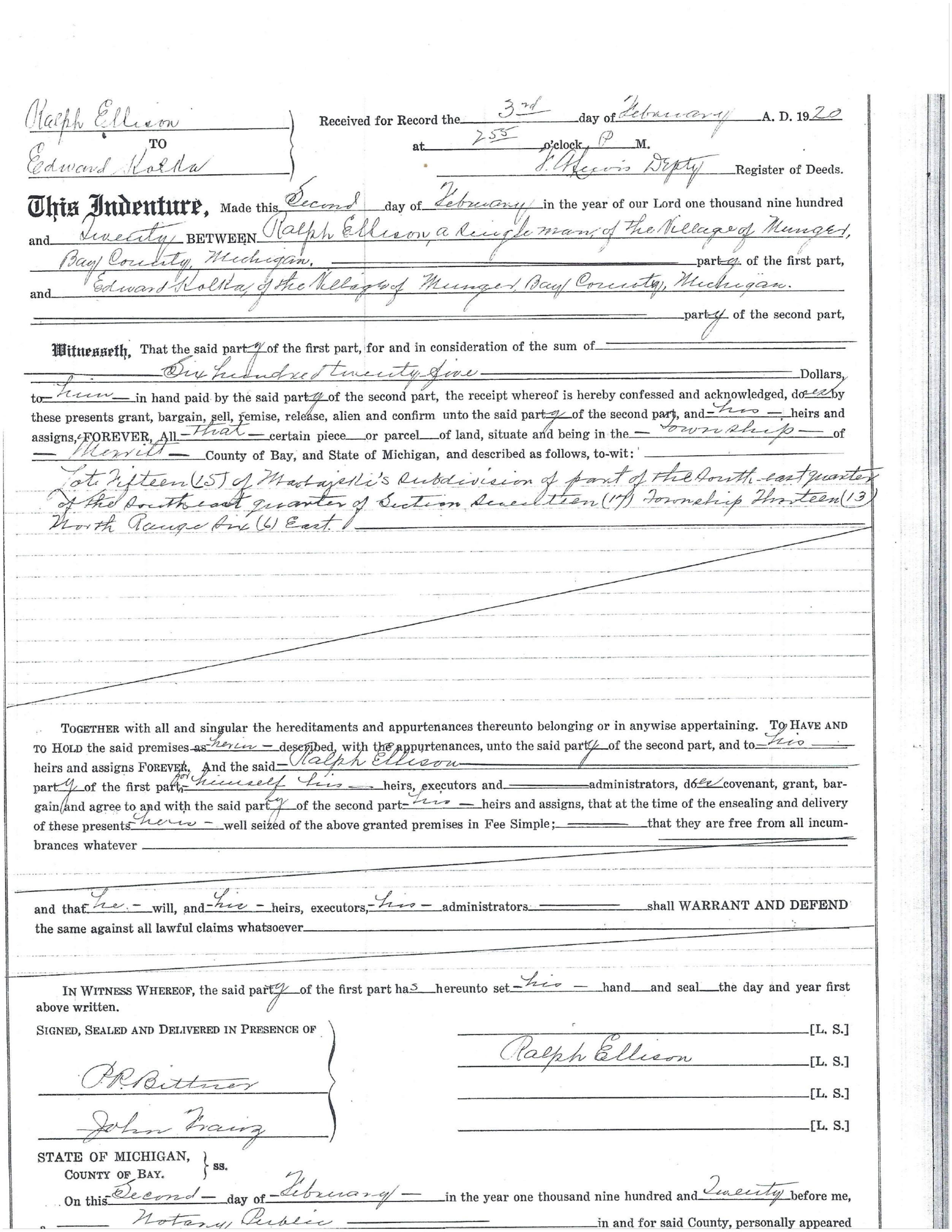
245.99
24.66
462.04
528.06
66.02
144.50
264.02
726
380
249
280.04



Ralph Ellison
TO
Edward Kolka

Received for Record the 3rd day of February A. D. 1920
at 255 o'clock P M.
F. Alexis Depty Register of Deeds.

This Indenture, Made this Second day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and Twenty BETWEEN Ralph Ellison, a single man, of the Village of Munger, Bay County, Michigan, party of the first part, and Edward Kolka, of the Village of Munger, Bay County, Michigan. party of the second part,

Witnesseth, That the said party of the first part, for and in consideration of the sum of Six hundred twenty five Dollars, to him in hand paid by the said party of the second part, the receipt whereof is hereby confessed and acknowledged, does by these presents grant, bargain, sell, remise, release, alien and confirm unto the said party of the second part, and his heirs and assigns, FOREVER, All that certain piece or parcel of land, situate and being in the Township of Merritt County of Bay, and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot Fifteen (15) of Matajski's subdivision of part of the South-east quarter of the Southeast quarter of Section Seventeen (17) Township Thirteen (13) North Range Six (6) East.

TOGETHER with all and singular the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining. TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the said premises ~~as~~ herein described, with the appurtenances, unto the said party of the second part, and to his heirs and assigns FOREVER. And the said Ralph Ellison party of the first part, for himself his heirs, executors and administrators, does covenant, grant, bargain and agree to and with the said party of the second part his heirs and assigns, that at the time of the ensealing and delivery of these presents he is well seized of the above granted premises in Fee Simple; that they are free from all incumbrances whatever

and that he will, and his heirs, executors, his administrators shall WARRANT AND DEFEND the same against all lawful claims whatsoever

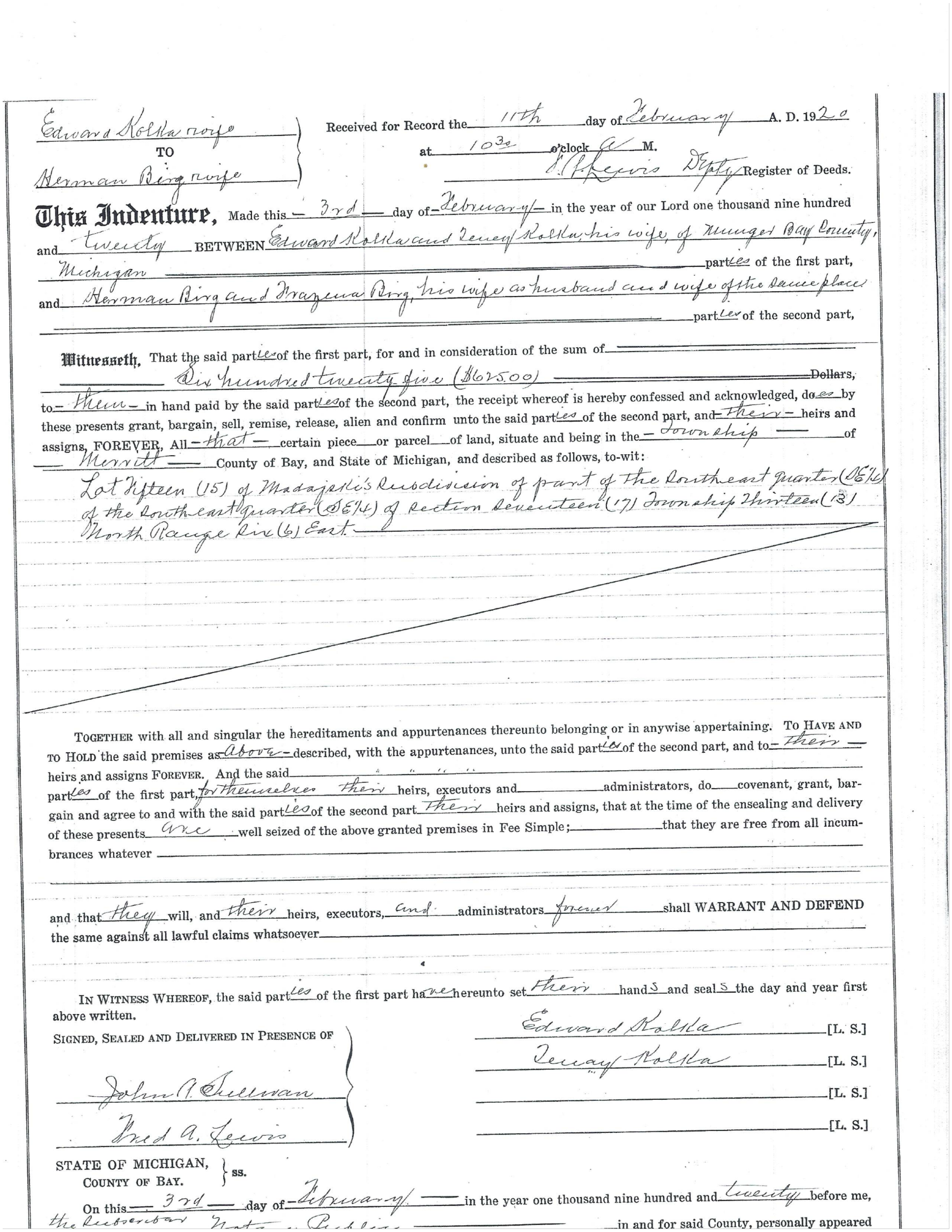
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the said party of the first part has hereunto set his hand and seal the day year first above written.

SIGNED, SEALED AND DELIVERED IN PRESENCE OF
P.R. Bittner
John Franz

[L. S.]
Ralph Ellison [L. S.]
[L. S.]
[L. S.]

STATE OF MICHIGAN, } ss.
COUNTY OF BAY.

On this Second day of February in the year one thousand nine hundred and Twenty before me, a Notary Public in and for said County, personally appeared



Edward Kolka wife
TO
Herman Berg wife

Received for Record the 11th day of February A. D. 1920
at 10³⁰ o'clock A M.
F. A. Lewis Depty Register of Deeds.

This Indenture, Made this 3rd day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty BETWEEN Edward Kolka and Tenay Kolka, his wife, of Munger Bay County, Michigan parties of the first part, and Herman Berg and Frazena Berg, his wife as husband and wife of the same place parties of the second part,

Witnesseth, That the said parties of the first part, for and in consideration of the sum of Six hundred twenty five ($625.00) Dollars, to them in hand paid by the said parties of the second part, the receipt whereof is hereby confessed and acknowledged, does by these presents grant, bargain, sell, remise, release, alien and confirm unto the said parties of the second part, and their heirs and assigns, FOREVER, All that certain piece or parcel of land, situate and being in the Township of Merritt County of Bay, and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot Fifteen (15) of Madajski's Subdivision of part of the Southeast quarter (SE¼) of the Southeast quarter (SE¼) of Section Seventeen (17) Township Thirteen (13) North Range Six (6) East.

TOGETHER with all and singular the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining. TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the said premises as above described, with the appurtenances, unto the said parties of the second part, and to their heirs and assigns FOREVER. And the said " " " " parties of the first part, for themselves their heirs, executors and administrators, do covenant, grant, bargain and agree to and with the said parties of the second part their heirs and assigns, that at the time of the ensealing and delivery of these presents are well seized of the above granted premises in Fee Simple; that they are free from all incumbrances whatever

and that they will, and their heirs, executors, and administrators forever shall WARRANT AND DEFEND the same against all lawful claims whatsoever

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the said parties of the first part have hereunto set their hands and seals the day and year first above written.

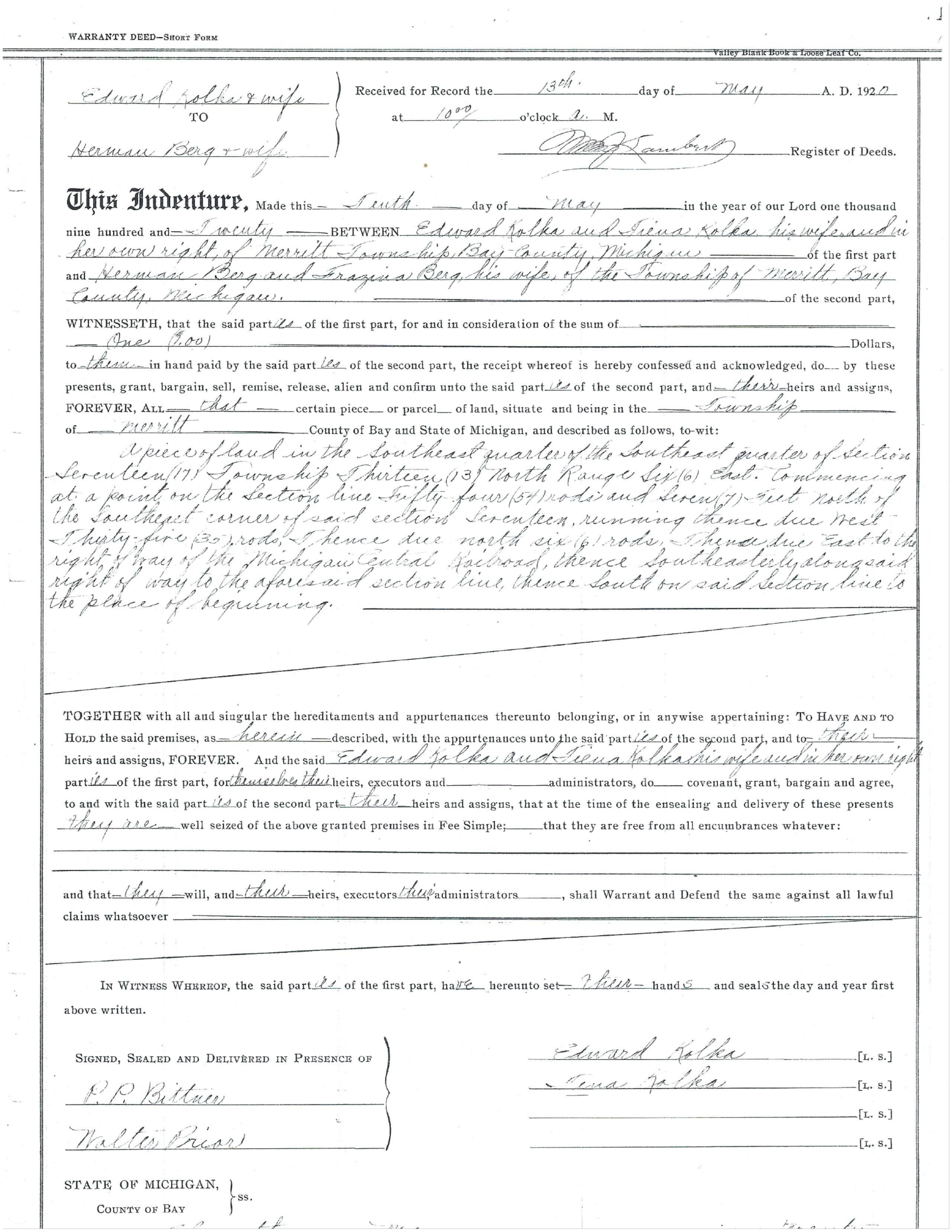
SIGNED, SEALED AND DELIVERED IN PRESENCE OF

John A. Sullivan
Fred A. Lewis

Edward Kolka [L. S.]
Tenay Kolka [L. S.]
[L. S.]
[L. S.]

STATE OF MICHIGAN, }
COUNTY OF BAY. } ss.

On this 3rd day of February in the year one thousand nine hundred and twenty before me, the subscriber Nota Public in and for said County, personally appeared



WARRANTY DEED—SHORT FORM

Valley Blank Book & Loose Leaf Co.

Edward Kolka & wife
TO
Herman Berg & wife

Received for Record the 13th. day of May A. D. 1920
at 10⁰⁰ o'clock a. M.
Mary J Lambert Register of Deeds.

This Indenture, Made this Tenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and Twenty BETWEEN Edward Kolka and Tiena Kolka his wife and in her own right, of Merritt Township, Bay County, Michigan of the first part and Herman Berg and Frazina Berg, his wife, of the Township of Merritt, Bay County, Michigan. of the second part,

WITNESSETH, that the said parties of the first part, for and in consideration of the sum of One (1.00) Dollars, to them in hand paid by the said parties of the second part, the receipt whereof is hereby confessed and acknowledged, do by these presents, grant, bargain, sell, remise, release, alien and confirm unto the said parties of the second part, and their heirs and assigns, FOREVER, ALL that certain piece or parcel of land, situate and being in the Township of Merritt County of Bay and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit:

A piece of land in the Southeast quarter of the Southeast quarter of Section Seventeen (17) Township Thirteen (13) North Range Six (6) East. Commencing at a point on the Section line Fifty-four (54) rods and Seven (7) Feet north of the Southeast corner of said section Seventeen, running thence due West Thirty-five (35) rods, Thence due north six (6) rods, Thence due East to the right of way of the Michigan Central Railroad, thence Southeasterly along said right of way to the aforesaid section line, thence South on said Section line to the place of beginning.

TOGETHER with all and singular the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, or in anywise appertaining: TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the said premises, as herein described, with the appurtenances unto the said parties of the second part, and to their heirs and assigns, FOREVER. And the said Edward Kolka and Tiena Kolka his wife and in her own right parties of the first part, for themselves their heirs, executors and administrators, do covenant, grant, bargain and agree, to and with the said parties of the second part their heirs and assigns, that at the time of the ensealing and delivery of these presents they are well seized of the above granted premises in Fee Simple; that they are free from all encumbrances whatever:

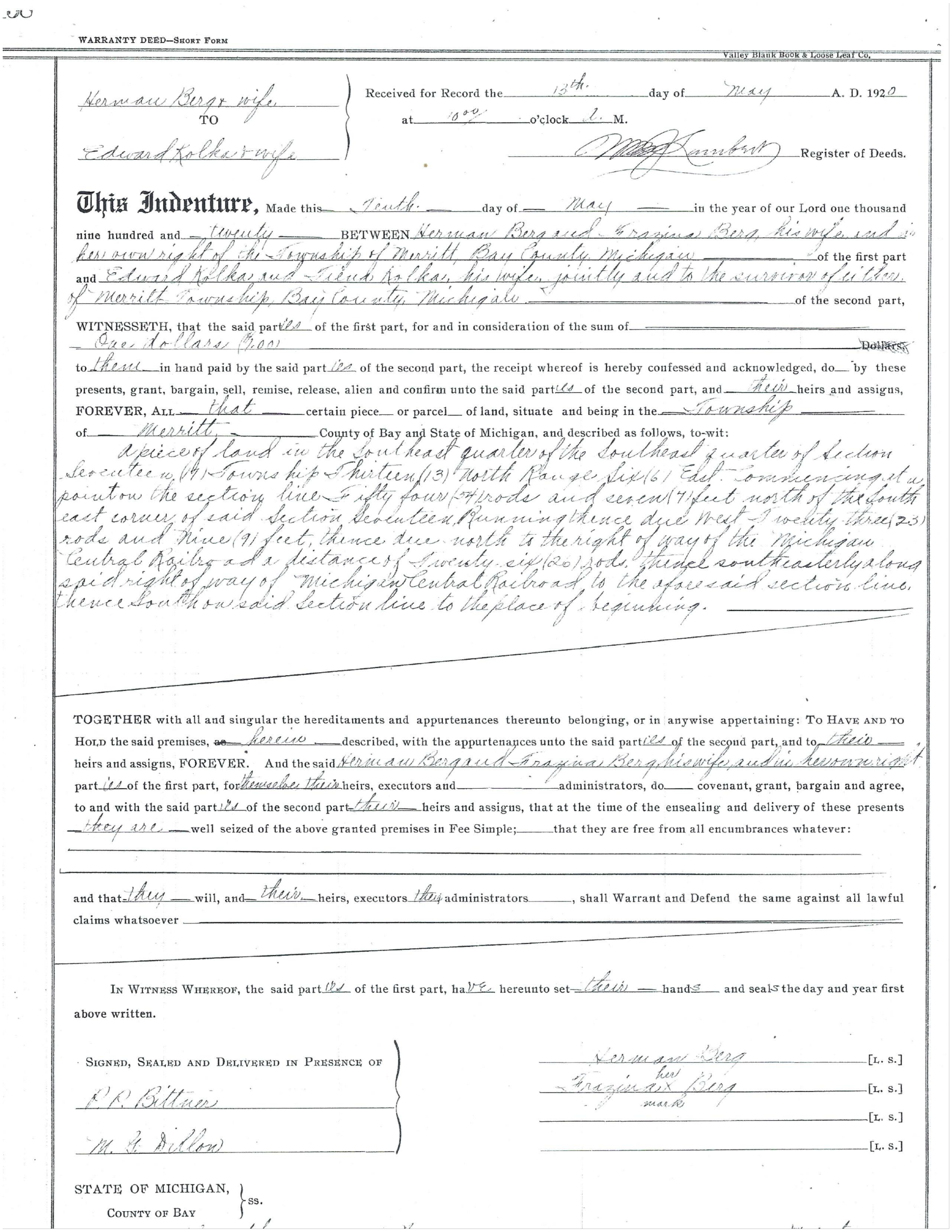
and that they will, and their heirs, executors their administrators, shall Warrant and Defend the same against all lawful claims whatsoever

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the said parties of the first part, have hereunto set their hands and seals the day and year first above written.

SIGNED, SEALED AND DELIVERED IN PRESENCE OF
P. P. Bittner
Walter Prior

Edward Kolka [L. S.]
Tena Kolka [L. S.]
[L. S.]
[L. S.]

STATE OF MICHIGAN,
COUNTY OF BAY } ss.



WARRANTY DEED—SHORT FORM

Valley Blank Book & Loose Leaf Co.

Herman Berg & wife
TO
Edward Kolka & wife

Received for Record the 13th. day of May A. D. 1920
at 10⁰⁰ o'clock A. M.
M. J. Lambert Register of Deeds.

This Indenture, Made this Tenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty BETWEEN Herman Berg and Frazina Berg, his wife, and in her own right of the Township of Merritt, Bay County, Michigan of the first part and Edward Kolka and Tiena Kolka, his wife, jointly and to the survivor of either, of Merritt Township, Bay County, Michigan of the second part,

WITNESSETH, that the said parties of the first part, for and in consideration of the sum of One dollars ($1.00) Dollars to them in hand paid by the said parties of the second part, the receipt whereof is hereby confessed and acknowledged, do by these presents, grant, bargain, sell, remise, release, alien and confirm unto the said parties of the second part, and their heirs and assigns, FOREVER, ALL that certain piece or parcel of land, situate and being in the Township of Merritt County of Bay and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit:

A piece of land in the Southeast quarter of the Southeast quarter of Section Seventeen (17) Township Thirteen (13) North Range Six (6) East. Commencing at a point on the section line Fifty four (54) rods and seven (7) feet north of the South east corner of said Section Seventeen, Running thence due West Twenty three (23) rods and Nine (9) feet, thence due north to the right of way of the Michigan Central Railroad a distance of Twenty six (26) rods, thence southeasterly along said right of way of Michigan Central Railroad to the aforesaid section line, thence South on said Section line to the place of beginning.

TOGETHER with all and singular the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, or in anywise appertaining: TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the said premises, ~~as~~ herein described, with the appurtenances unto the said parties of the second part, and to their heirs and assigns, FOREVER. And the said Herman Berg and Frazina Berg his wife, and in her own right parties of the first part, for themselves their heirs, executors and administrators, do covenant, grant, bargain and agree, to and with the said parties of the second part their heirs and assigns, that at the time of the ensealing and delivery of these presents they are well seized of the above granted premises in Fee Simple; that they are free from all encumbrances whatever:

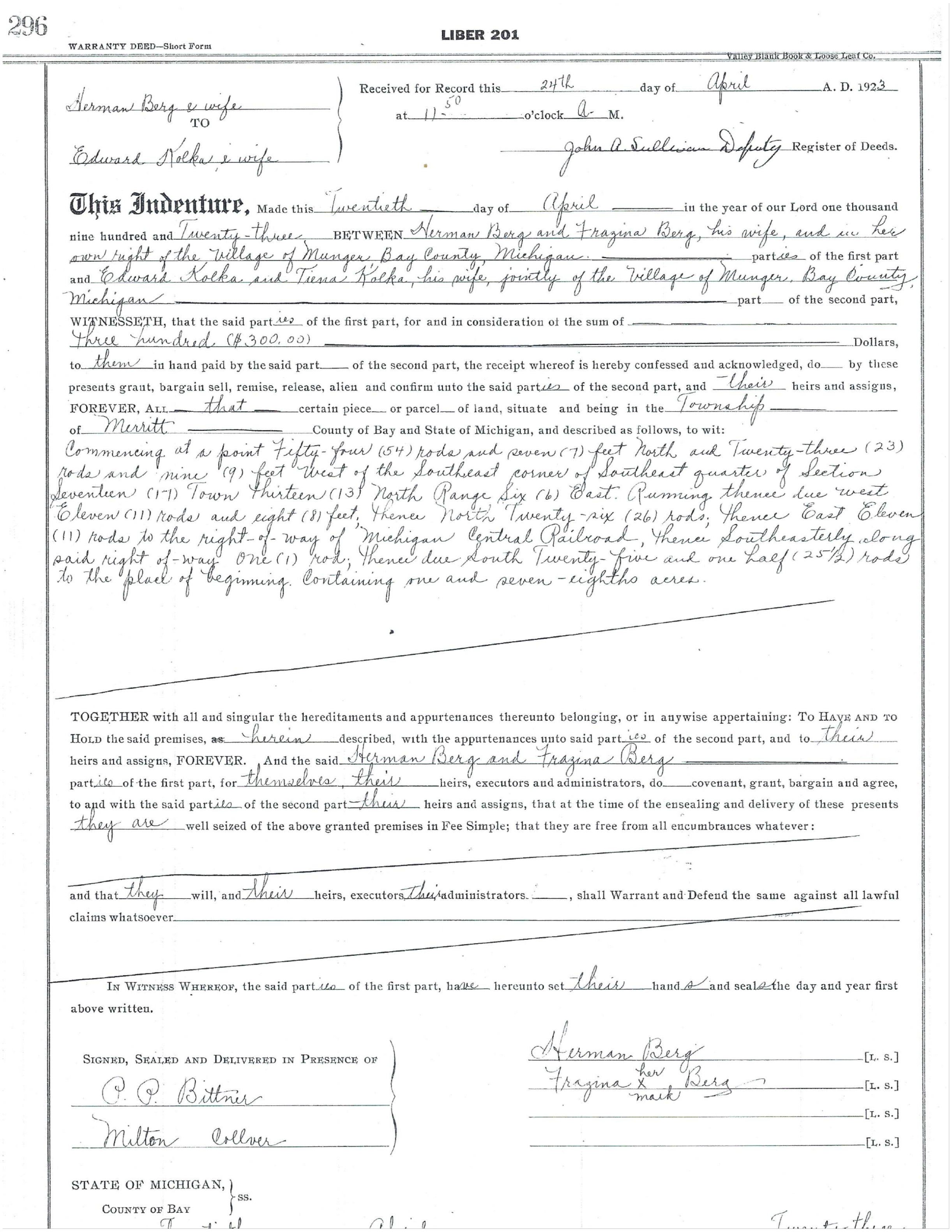
and that they will, and their heirs, executors their administrators, shall Warrant and Defend the same against all lawful claims whatsoever

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the said parties of the first part, have hereunto set their hands and seals the day and year first above written.

SIGNED, SEALED AND DELIVERED IN PRESENCE OF
P. P. Bittner
M. G. Dillon

Herman Berg [L. S.]
Frazina her X mark Berg [L. S.]
[L. S.]
[L. S.]

STATE OF MICHIGAN,
COUNTY OF BAY } ss.



296 LIBER 201

WARRANTY DEED—Short Form

Valley Blank Book & Loose Leaf Co.

Herman Berg & wife
TO
Edward Kolka & wife

Received for Record this 24th day of April A. D. 1923
at 11-50 o'clock a M.
John A. Sullivan Deputy Register of Deeds.

This Indenture, Made this Twentieth day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and Twenty-three BETWEEN Herman Berg and Frazina Berg, his wife, and in her own right of the Village of Munger Bay County, Michigan parties of the first part and Edward Kolka and Tiena Kolka, his wife, jointly of the Village of Munger, Bay County, Michigan part of the second part,

WITNESSETH, that the said parties of the first part, for and in consideration of the sum of Three hundred ($300.00) Dollars, to them in hand paid by the said part of the second part, the receipt whereof is hereby confessed and acknowledged, do by these presents grant, bargain sell, remise, release, alien and confirm unto the said parties of the second part, and their heirs and assigns, FOREVER, All that certain piece or parcel of land, situate and being in the Township of Merritt County of Bay and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to wit:

Commencing at a point Fifty-four (54) rods and seven (7) feet North and Twenty-three (23) rods and nine (9) feet West of the Southeast corner of Southeast quarter of Section Seventeen (17) Town Thirteen (13) North Range Six (6) East. Running thence due west Eleven (11) rods and eight (8) feet, thence North Twenty-six (26) rods, thence East Eleven (11) rods to the right-of-way of Michigan Central Railroad, thence Southeasterly along said right of-way One (1) rod, thence due South Twenty-five and one half (25½) rods to the place of beginning. Containing one and seven-eighths acres.

TOGETHER with all and singular the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, or in anywise appertaining: To Have and to Hold the said premises, ~~as~~ herein described, with the appurtenances unto said parties of the second part, and to their heirs and assigns, FOREVER. And the said Herman Berg and Frazina Berg parties of the first part, for themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, do covenant, grant, bargain and agree, to and with the said parties of the second part their heirs and assigns, that at the time of the ensealing and delivery of these presents they are well seized of the above granted premises in Fee Simple; that they are free from all encumbrances whatever:

and that they will, and their heirs, executors their administrators, shall Warrant and Defend the same against all lawful claims whatsoever

In Witness Whereof, the said parties of the first part, have hereunto set their hands and seals the day and year first above written.

Signed, Sealed and Delivered in Presence of
P. P. Bittner
Milton Collver

Herman Berg [L. S.]
Frazina her X mark Berg [L. S.]
[L. S.]
[L. S.]

STATE OF MICHIGAN, } ss.
County of Bay

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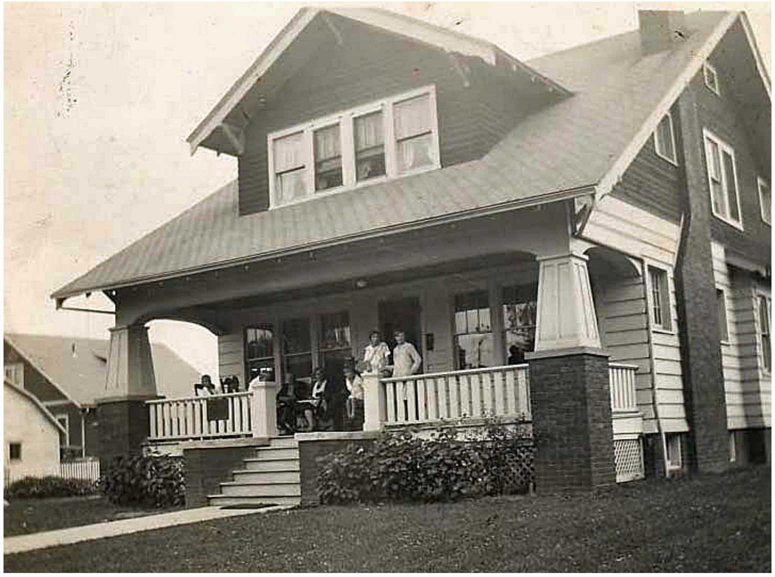
[313] Eldon Kolka, a few years before his death, pointed out to me all of the homes his father had built in Bay County, as well as St. Norbert's Catholic Church and the family home on Grove (Histed) Road where he was born in Munger.

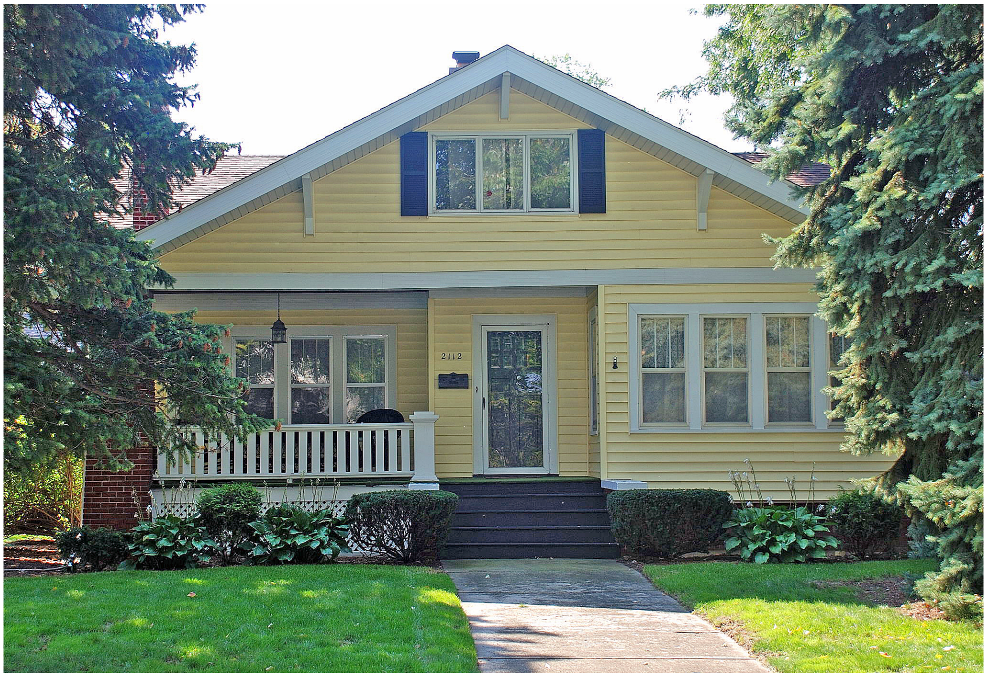
On January 19, 1926, *Edward and Tiena Kolka* sold their Munger home and remaining property, about 5.5 acres, to William and Matilda Rudell for $4,000.[314] Two days later, on January 21, 1926, *Edward and Tena Kolka* purchased two lots in Bay City, which were part of the G. W. Ames Plat, from Earl E. Cameron and his wife.[315] *Edward Kolka* would build the family home 2114 Seventh Street, Bay City.[316] The family rented a house on Hampton Street until they could move into the Seventh Street home.



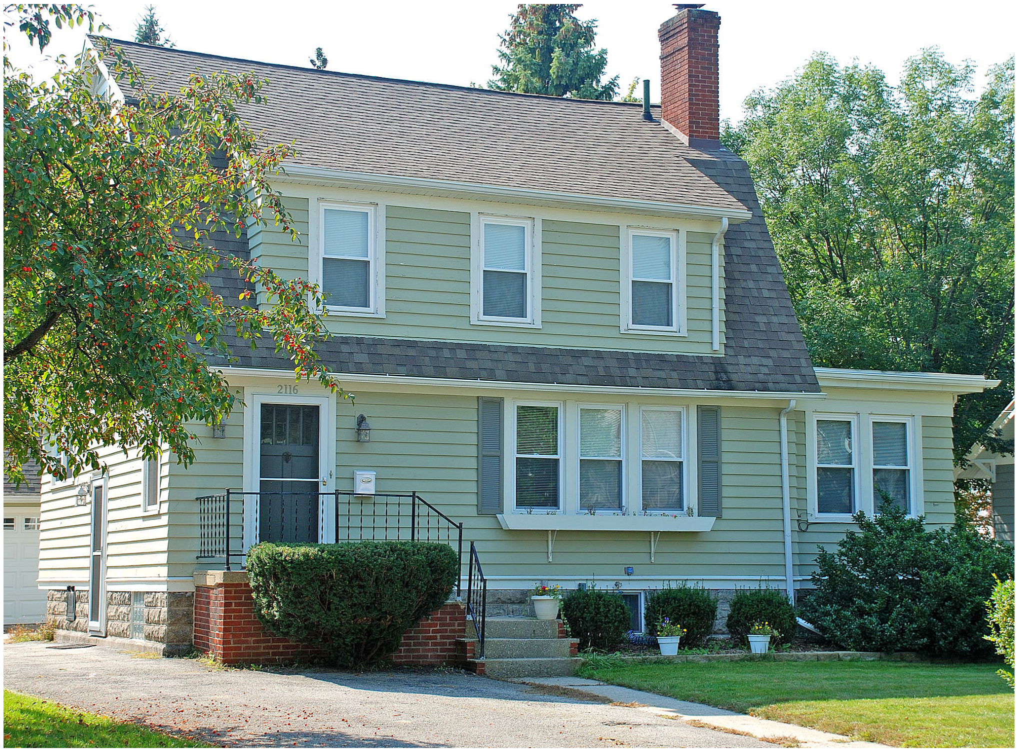
Kolka family on porch of 2114 Seventh Street
Left to right: Ken, Art, Herman Berg, Tena,
Edward, Eldon, Alice and Evelyn

2114 Seventh Street, Bay City, Michigan

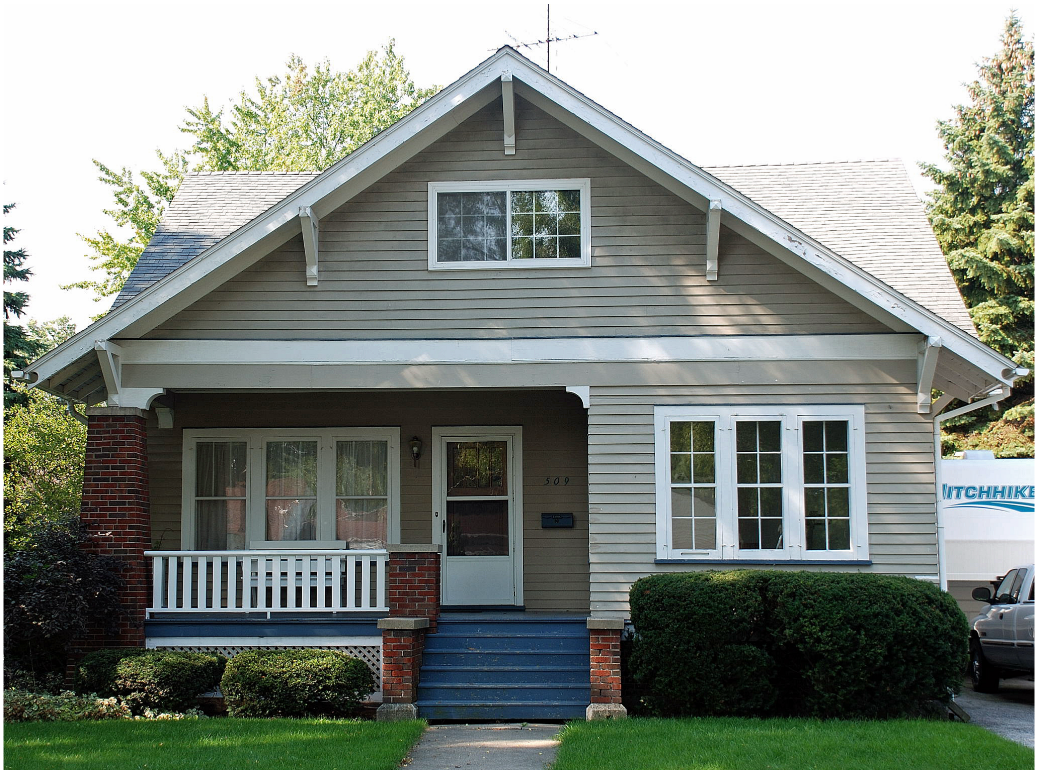
The family attended Immanuel Lutheran Church[317] after the move to Bay City. Ken, *Art* and Eldon attended Immanuel Lutheran School. *Edward Kolka* also built the adjacent custom homes at 2112 and 2116 Seventh Street, which were located between North Trumbull Street and Hill Street, on the south side of Seventh Street. He also built the home at 507 Hill Street, which was around the corner from his home.



2112 Seventh Street, Bay City, Michigan

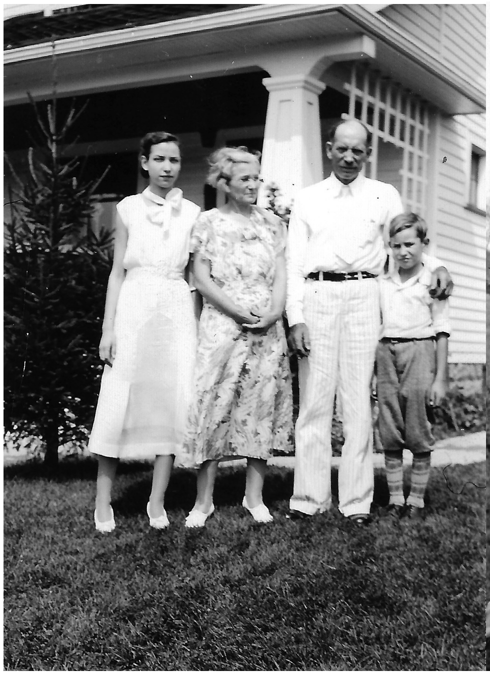


2112 Seventh Street, Bay City, Michigan

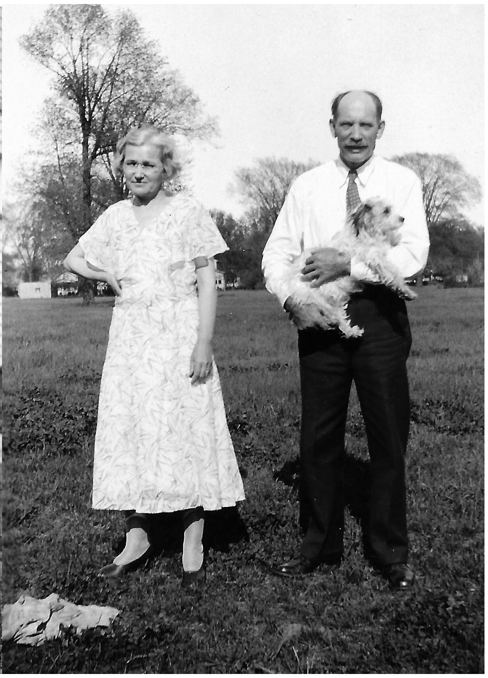


507 Hill Street, Bay City, Michigan

On August 27, 1929, *Edward and Tena Kolka* sold the home at 2114 Seventh Street to Aldric and Katherine LaPorte.[318] After the sale, the *Kolka* family moved to 400 N. Catherine Street, Bay City, while *Edward* was building a new family home at 205 Gates Street, Bay City.[319]

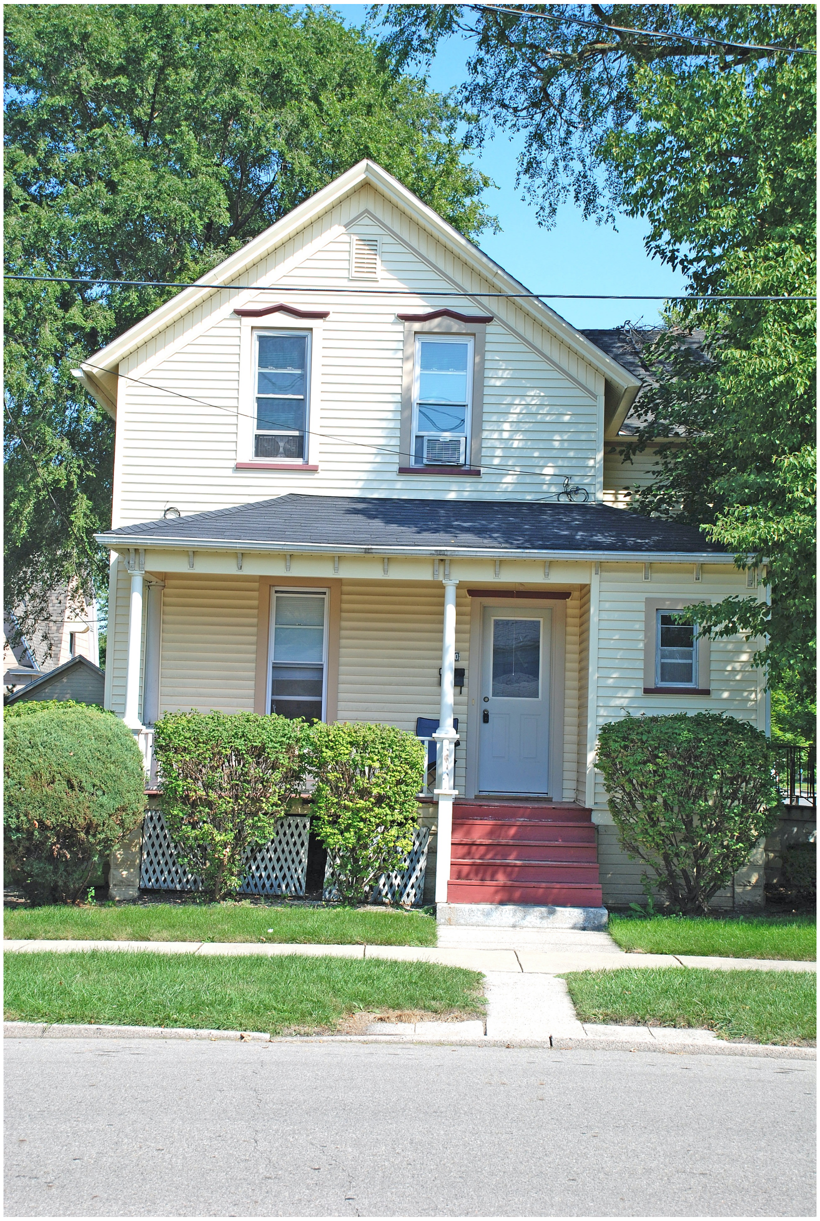


Circa 1929 Alice, Ernestine,
Edward and Ken



Circa 1930
Ernestine & Edward Kolka

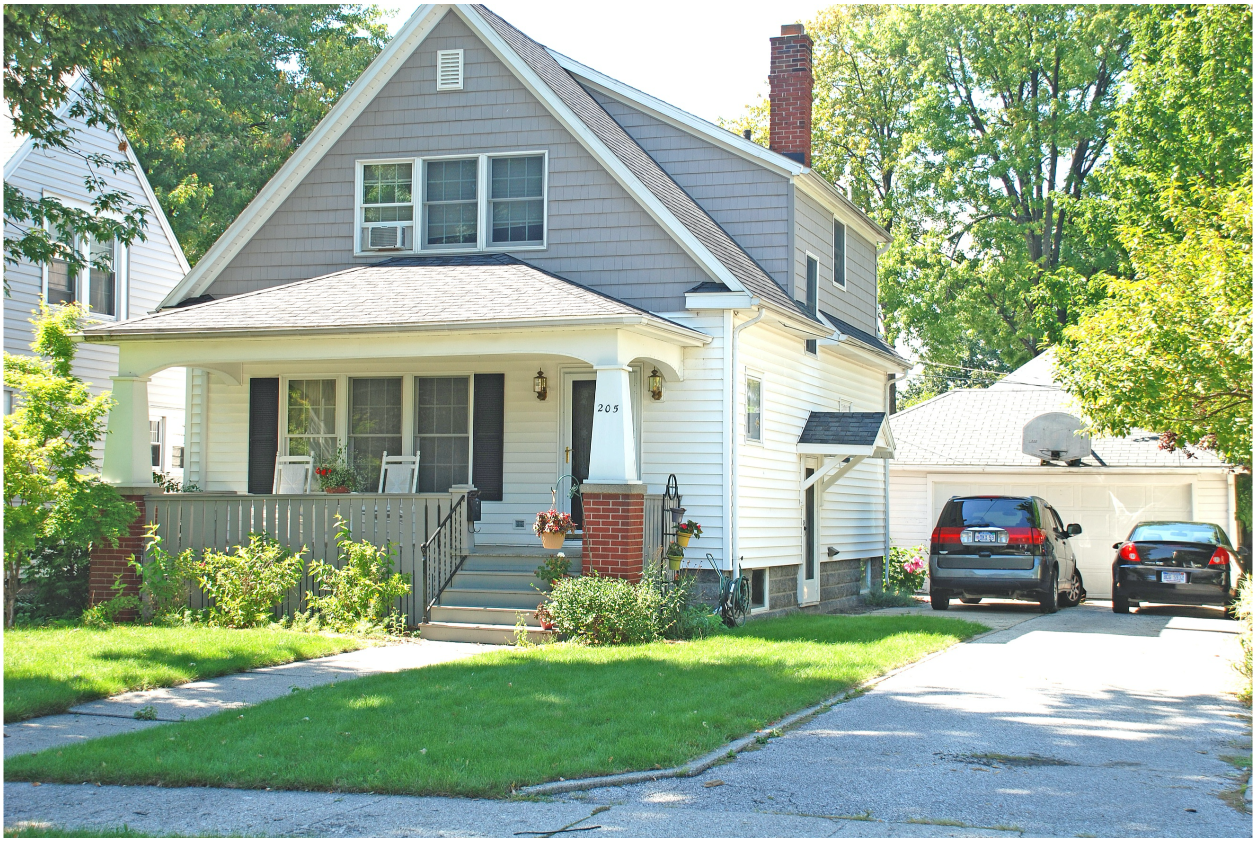
In April 1930, *Edward*, *Ernestine*, Dorothy (19), Evelyn (16), Alice (12), Kenneth (9), *Arthur* (7) and Eldon (5) *Kolka* were still at 400 N. Catherine, Bay City, which the family was renting for $30 per month,[320]



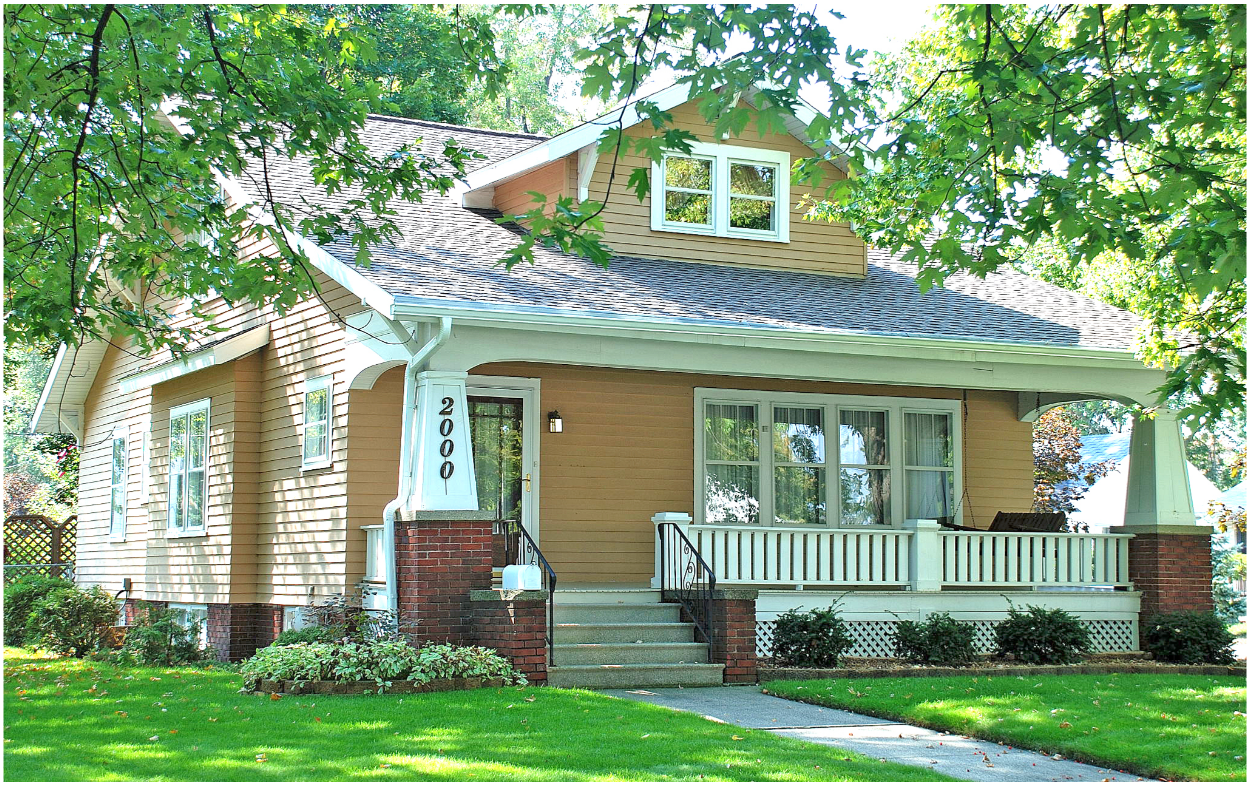
400 N. Catherine Street, Bay City

Edward and Ernestine both claimed to be naturalized citizens, which is contradicted by *Ernestine's* later *Petition for Naturalization* and required alien registration during World War II. *Edward* lists his occupation as "contractor" and industry as "builder." No one else in the home lists any employment on the *1930 US Census*.

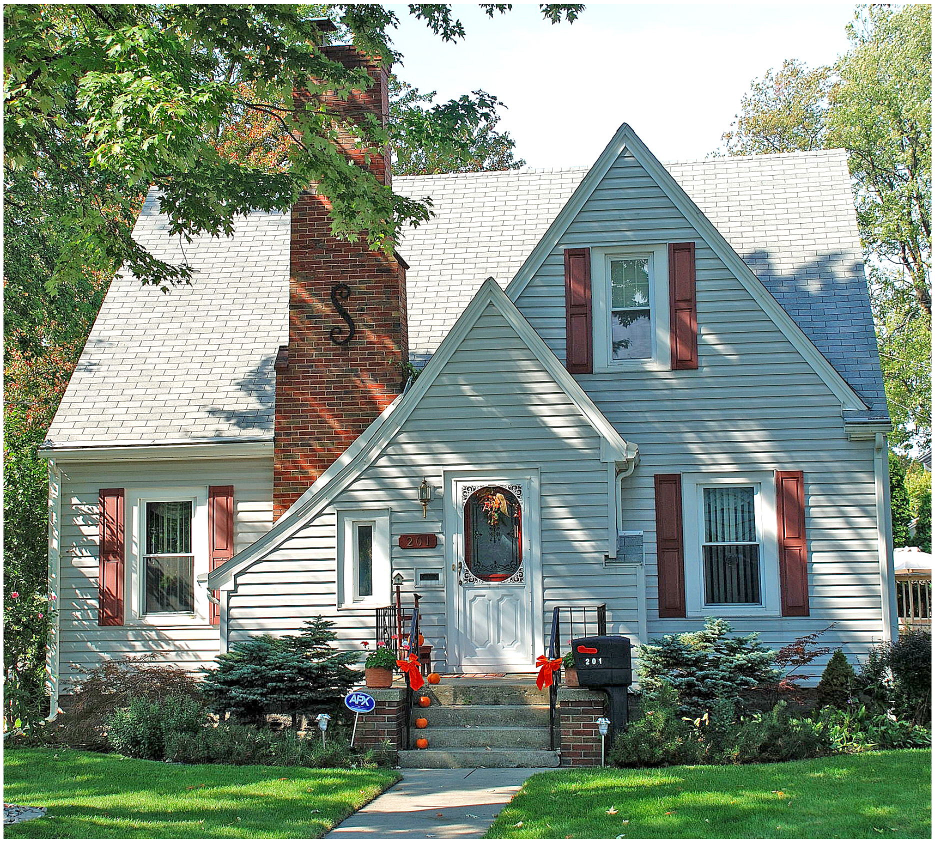
By 1932, the *Kolka* family is living in their new home at 205 Gates Street.[321] *Edward* also built homes at 2000 Tenth Street, and 201, 207 and 209 Gates Street, in Bay City, probably between 1929 and 1935. He built other homes in the area, including a fieldstone home in Gladwin County.



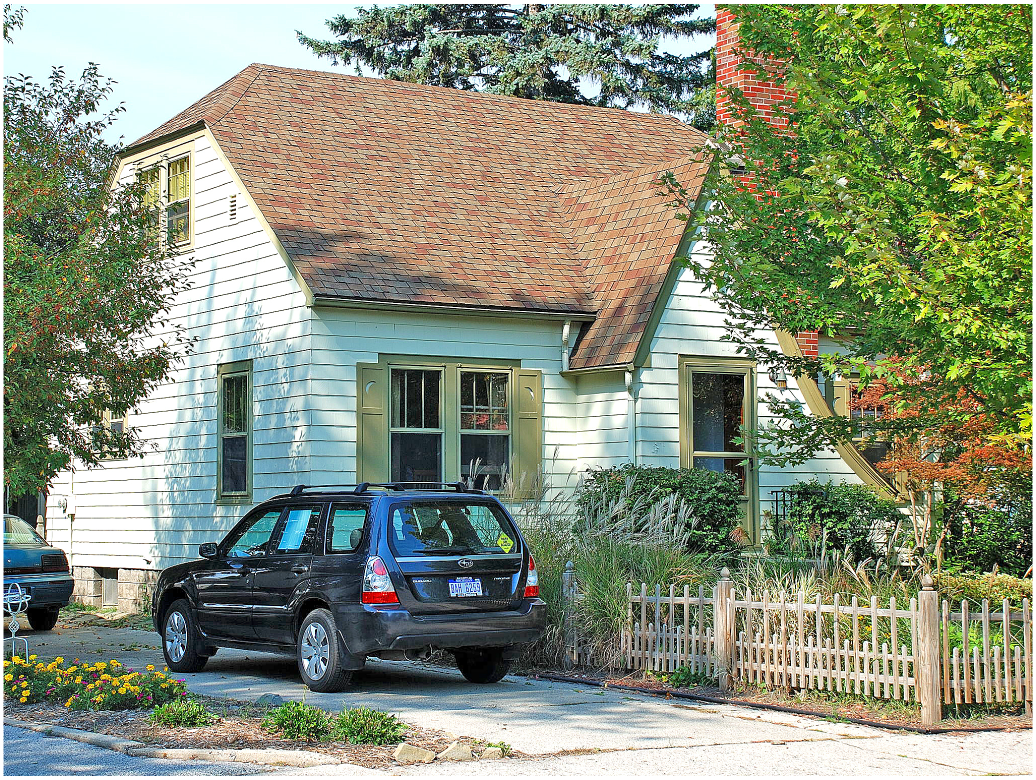
205 Gates Street, Bay City, Michigan



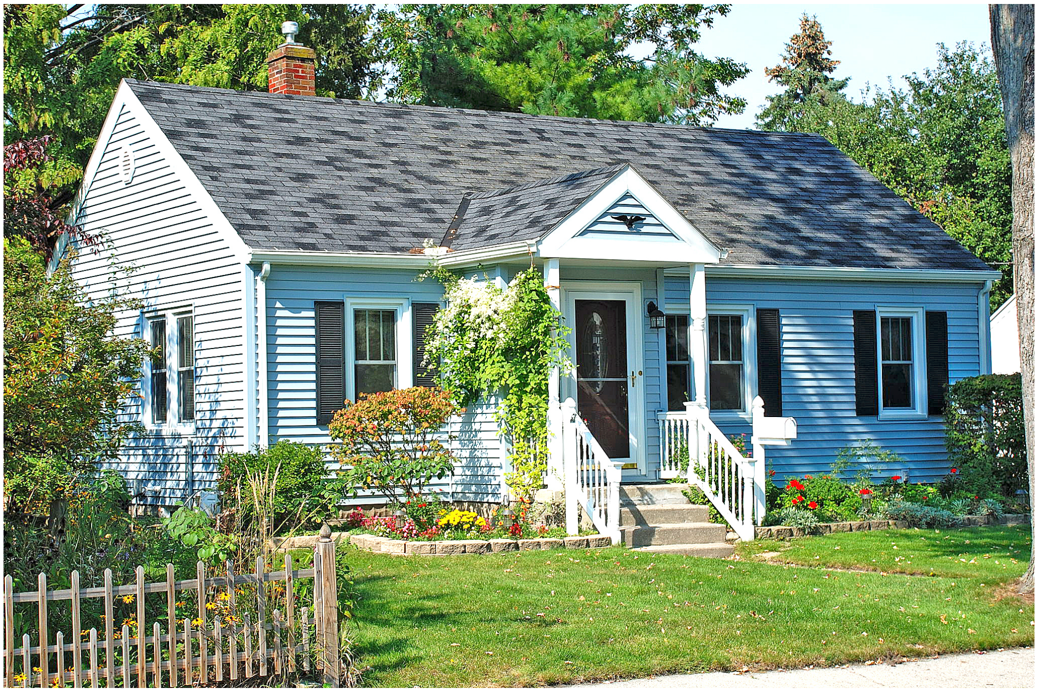
2000 Tenth Street, Bay City



201 Gates Street, Bay City



207 Gates Street, Bay City, Michigan



209 Gates Street, Bay City, Michigan

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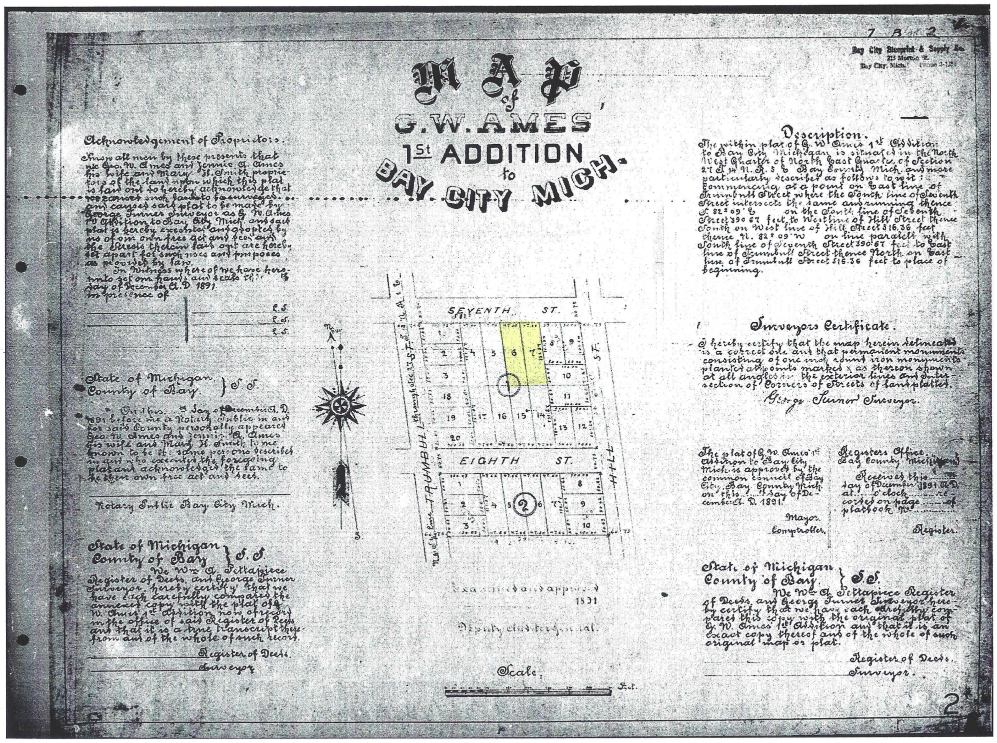
[314] *1926 Warranty Deed, Bay County, Michigan, Records,* Liber 212, Page 359.

[315] *1926 Warranty Deed, Bay County, Michigan, Records,* Liber 213, Page 289*; and 1929 Warranty Deed, Bay County, Michigan, Records,* Liber 203, Page 556.



7 B 2
Bay City Blueprint & Supply Co.
213 Morton St.
Bay City, Mich. Phone 3-12
MAP of G. W. AMES' 1st ADDITION to BAY CITY MICH.
SEVENTH ST.
EIGHTH ST.
TRUMBULL ST.
HILL ST.
N.
S.
1
2
Examined and approved 1891
Deputy auditor general.
Scale.
Feet.
2

Acknowledgement of Proprietors.

Know all men by these presents that we Geo. W. Ames and Jennie A. Ames his wife and Mary H. Smith proprietors of the land upon which this plat is laid out do hereby acknowledge that we caused such lands to be surveyed and caused said plat to be made by George Turner Surveyor as G. W. Ames 1st Addition to Bay City Mich and said plat is hereby executed and adopted by us of our own free act and deed and the Streets therein laid out are hereby set apart for such uses and purposes as provided by law.

In Witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 15 day of December A. D 1891 in presence of

L.S.
L.S.
L.S.

State of Michigan }
County of Bay. } S.S.

On this ... day of December A. D. 1891 before me a Notary Public in and for said County personally appeared Geo. W. Ames and Jennie A. Ames his wife and Mary H. Smith to me known to be the same persons described in and who executed the foregoing plat and acknowledged the same to be their own free act and deed.

Notary Public Bay City Mich.

State of Michigan }
County of Bay } S.S.

We Wm A. Pettapiece Register of Deeds, and George Turner Surveyor, hereby certify that we have each carefully compared the annexed copy with the plat of G. W. Ames 1st Addition now of record in the office of said Register of Deeds and that it is a true transcript therefrom and of the whole of such record.

Register of Deeds.
Surveyor.

Description.

The within plat of G. W. Ames 1st Addition to Bay City Michigan is situated in the North West Quarter of North East Quarter of Section 27 T. 14 N. R. 5 E. Bay County Mich. and more particularly described as follows to wit: Commencing at a point on East line of Trumbull Street where the South line of Seventh Street intersects the same and running thence S. 82° 09' E. on the South line of Seventh Street 390.67 feet to West line of Hill Street thence South on West line of Hill Street 516.36 feet thence N. 82° 09' W. on line parallel with South line of Seventh Street 390.67 feet to East line of Trumbull Street thence North on East line of Trumbull Street 516.36 feet to place of beginning.

Surveyors Certificate.

I hereby certify that the map herein delineated is a correct one and that permanent monuments consisting of one inch round iron monuments planted at points marked x as thereon shown at all angles in the exterior lines and intersection of Corners of Streets of land platted.

George Turner Surveyor.

The plat of G. W. Ames 1st Addition to Bay City Mich. is approved by the common council of Bay City, Bay County Mich. on this ....th day of December A. D. 1891.

Mayor.
Comptroller.

Registers Office.
Bay County Michigan

Received this ...... day of December 1891 A. D. at ..... o'clock .... recorded on page .... of platbook No. ....

Register.

State of Michigan }
County of Bay. } S.S.

We Wm A. Pettapiece Register of Deeds and George Turner Surveyor hereby certify that we have each carefully compared this copy with the original plat of G. W. Ames 1st Addition and that it is an exact copy thereof and of the whole of such original map or plat.

Register of Deeds.
Surveyor.

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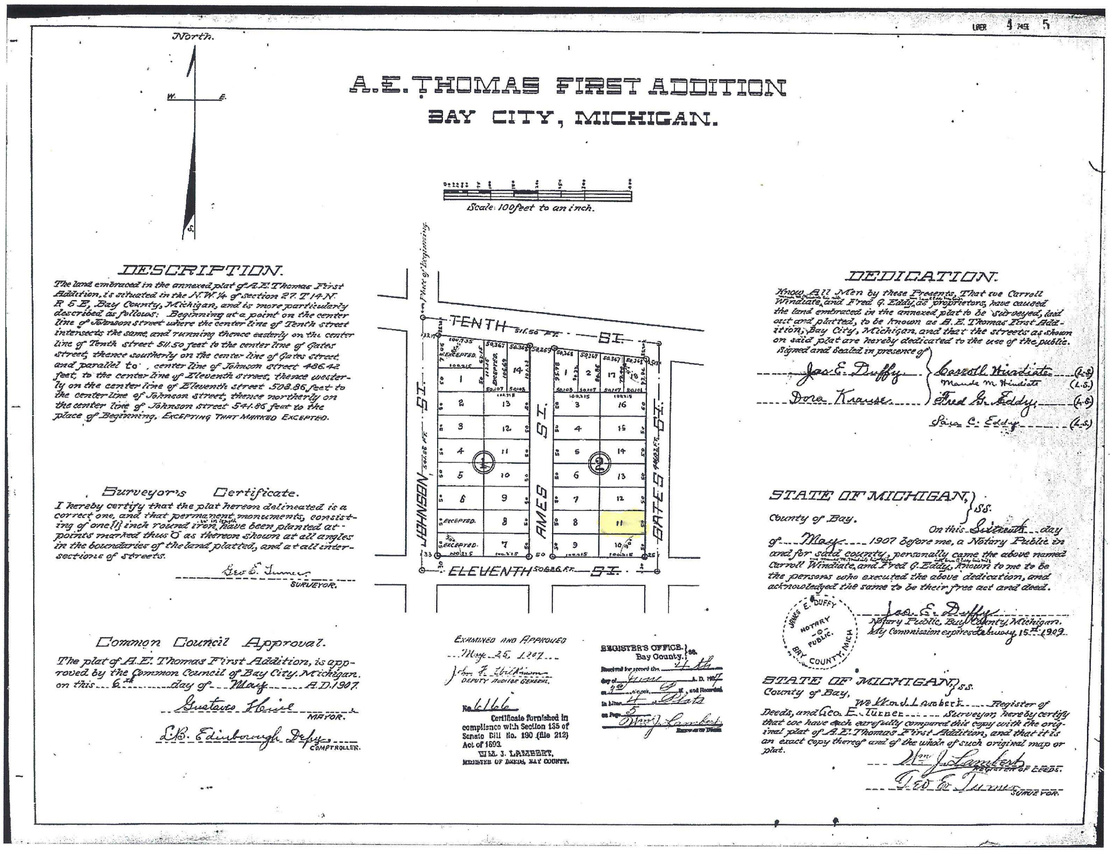
[316] *1929 Polk Bay City, Michigan, Directory.*

[317] Immanuel Lutheran Church had its beginning in 1852, when Rev. Ferdinand Sievers, founder of St. Paul Lutheran Church in Frankenlust Township, performed biweekly church services in the Lower Bay City homes of German Lutheran immigrants. In 1861, Immanuel Lutheran Church, located on Lincoln Street at Tenth Street, Bay City, officially began its existence.

[318] *1929 Warranty Deed, Bay County, Michigan, Records,* Liber 203, Page 604.

[319] *1907 A. E. Thomas First Addition Plat,* Liber 4 Page 5 of Bay County Records.



A.E. THOMAS FIRST ADDITION
BAY CITY, MICHIGAN.

DESCRIPTION.

The land embraced in the annexed plat of A.E. Thomas First Addition, is situated in the N.W. ¼ of section 27. T 14 N. R 5 E, Bay County, Michigan, and is more particularly described as follows: Beginning at a point on the center line of Johnson street where the center line of Tenth street intersects the same, and running thence easterly on the center line of Tenth street 511.50 feet to the center line of Gates street, thence southerly on the center line of Gates street and parallel to , center line of Johnson street 486.42 feet, to the center line of Eleventh street, thence westerly on the center line of Eleventh street 508.86 feet to the center line of Johnson street, thence northerly on the center line of Johnson street 541.86 feet to the place of Beginning, EXCEPTING THAT MARKED EXCEPTED.

Surveyor's Certificate.

I hereby certify that the plat hereon delineated is a correct one, and that permanent monuments, consisting of one (1) inch round iron, have been planted at points marked thus O as thereon shown at all angles in the boundaries of the land platted, and at all intersections of streets.

Geo E. Turner
SURVEYOR.

Common Council Approval.

The plat of A.E. Thomas First Addition, is approved by the Common Council of Bay City. Michigan. on this 6th day of May A.D. 1907.

Gustave Heine
MAYOR.

L.B. Edinborough Depy.
COMPTROLLER.

DEDICATION.

Know All Men by these Presents, That we Carroll Windiate, and Fred G. Eddy, as proprietors, have caused the land embraced in the annexed plat to be surveyed, laid out and platted, to be known as A.E. Thomas First Addition, Bay City, Michigan, and that the streets as shown on said plat are hereby dedicated to the use of the public.

Signed and Sealed in presence of

Jas E. Duffy
Dora Krause

Carroll Windiate (L.S.)
Maude M. Windiate (L.S.)
Fred G. Eddy (L.S.)
Sara C. Eddy (L.S.)

STATE OF MICHIGAN, } SS.
County of Bay.

On this Sixteenth day of May 1907 before me, a Notary Public in and for said county, personally came the above named Carroll Windiate, and Fred G. Eddy, known to me to be the persons who executed the above dedication, and acknowledged the same to be their free act and deed.

JAMES E. DUFFY NOTARY PUBLIC BAY COUNTY, MICH

Jas. E. Duffy
Notary Public, Bay County, Michigan.
My Commission expires February 15th 1909.

EXAMINED AND APPROVED
May 25, 1907
John F. Wilkinson
DEPUTY AUDITOR GENERAL.

No. 6166
Certificate furnished in compliance with Section 135 of Senate Bill No. 190 (file 212) Act of 1893.
WM. J. LAMBERT,
REGISTER OF DEEDS, BAY COUNTY.

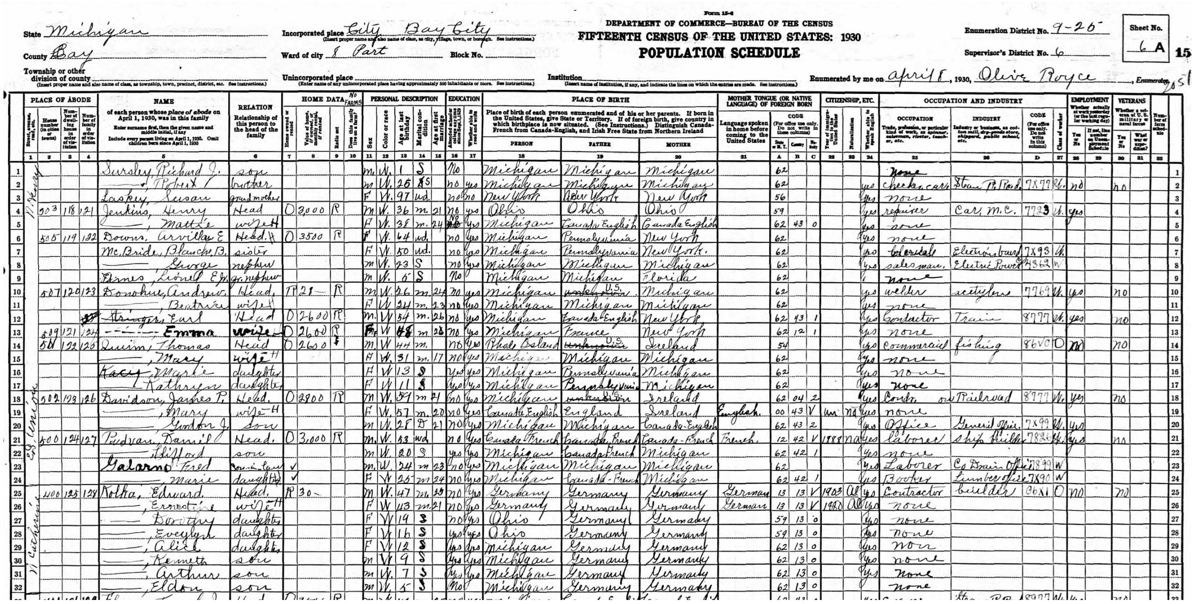
REGISTER'S OFFICE. } ss.
Bay County.
Received for record the 4th day of June A. D. 1907
at 3:40 o'clock P M, and Recorded
in Liber 4 of Plats
on Page 5
Wm J. Lambert
Register of Deeds

STATE OF MICHIGAN, } SS.
County of Bay,

We Wm J. Lambert Register of Deeds, and Geo. E. Turner Surveyor, hereby certify that we have each carefully compared this copy with the original plat of A.E. Thomas First Addition, and that it is an exact copy thereof and of the whole of such original map or plat.

Wm J. Lambert
REGISTER OF DEEDS.
Geo E. Turner
SURVEYOR.

[320] *1930 US Census; and 1931 Polk Bay City, Michigan, Directory.*



Form 15-6
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE—BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
FIFTEENTH CENSUS OF THE UNITED STATES: 1930
POPULATION SCHEDULE

State Michigan
County Bay
Township or other division of county
Incorporated place City Bay City
Ward of city 8 Part
Block No.
Unincorporated place
Institution
Enumeration District No. 9-26
Supervisor's District No. 6
Sheet No. 6 A
15
Enumerated by me on April 8, 1930, Olive Royce, Enumerator.
251

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	A	B	C	22	23	24	25	26	D	27	28	29	30	31	32
1	N. Henry				Sursley, Richard J.	son					M.	W.	1	S		No		Michigan	Michigan	Michigan		62						none								
2					——, Robert	brother					M	W.	26	S		no	yes	Michigan	Michigan	Michigan		62					yes	checker, cars	Steam R. Road	7X77	W.	no		no		
3					Laskey, Susan	grandmother					F	W.	97	wd.		no	no	New York	New York	New York		56					yes	none								
4		503	118	121	Jenkins, Henry	Head	O	3,000	R		M	W.	36	m.	21	no	yes	Ohio	Ohio	Ohio		59					yes	repairer	Car, M.C.	7723	W.	yes				
5					——, Mattie	wife-H					F	W.	38	m.	24	No	yes	Michigan	Canada English	Canada English		62	43	0			yes	none								
6		505	119	122	Downs, Arvilla E	Head. H	O	3500	R		F	W.	64	wd.		no	yes	Michigan	Pennsylvania	New York		62					yes	none								
7					McBride, Blanche B.	sister					F	W.	50	wd.		no	yes	Michigan	Pennsylvania	New York.		62					yes	clerical	Electric board	7X93	W.					
8					——, George	nephew					M	W.	23	S		no	yes	Michigan	Michigan	Michigan		62					yes	salesman.	Electric Power	4362	W					
9					Ferness, Lionel E. Jr.	gr. nephew					M	W.	6	S		No		Michigan	Michigan	Florida		62						none								
10		507	120	123	Donohue, Andrew.	Head.	R	28—	R		M	W.	26	m.	24	no	yes	Michigan	~~unknown~~ U.S.	Michigan		62					yes	welder	acetylene	7769	W.	yes		no		
11					——, Beatrice	wife-H					F	W	24	m.	23	no	yes	Michigan	Michigan	Michigan		62					yes	none								
12				~~123~~	~~Stringer~~, Earl	Head	O	2600	R		M.	W	54	m.	26	no	yes	Michigan	Canada English	New York		62	43	1			yes	Conductor	Train	8777	W.	yes		no		
13		509	121	124	——, Emma	wife	O	2600	R		F	W	48	m	28	no	yes	Michigan	France	New York		62	12	1			yes	none								
14		511	122	125	Quinn, Thomas	Head	O	2600	R		M.	W	44	m.		no	yes	Rhode Island	~~unknown~~ U.S.	Ireland		54					yes	commercial	fishing	86V0	O	no		no		
15					——, Mary	wife-H					F	W.	31	m.	17	no	yes	Michigan	Michigan	Michigan		62					yes	none								
16					Kacy, Marie	daughter					F	W	13	S		yes	yes	Michigan	Pennsylvania	Michigan		62					yes	none								
17					——, Kathryn	daughter					F	W	11	S		yes	yes	Michigan	Pennsylvania	Michigan		62					yes	none								
18	S. Union	502	123	126	Davidson, James P.	Head.	O	2800	R		M	W.	59	m	21	no	yes	Michigan	~~unknown~~ U.S.	Ireland		62	04	2			yes	Condr.	on Railroad	8777	W.	yes		no		
19					——, Mary	wife-H					F	W.	57	m.	20	no	yes	Canada English	England	Ireland	English.	00	43	V	Un	Na	yes	none								
20					——, Gordon J.	son					M	W.	28	D	21	no	yes	Michigan	Michigan	Canada-English		62	43	2			yes	Office	General Office.	7X99	W.	yes				
21		500	124	127	Pudvan, Daniel	Head.	O	3,000	R		M.	W.	53	wd		no	yes	Canada French	Canada French	Canada-French	French.	12	42	V	1888	Na	yes	laborer	Ship Builder	7826	W.	yes		no		
22					——, Clifford	son					M	W.	20	S		yes	yes	Michigan	Canada French	Michigan		62	42	1			yes	none								
23					Galarno, Fred	son-in-law	✓				M.	W.	24	m	23	no	yes	Michigan	Michigan	Michigan		62					yes	Laborer	Co Drain Office	7899	W					
24					——, Marie	daughter-H	✓				F	W	25	m	24	no	yes	Michigan	Canada-French	Michigan		62	42	1			yes	Booker	Lumber office	7X90	W					
25	N. Catherine	400	125	128	Kolka, Edward.	Head.	R	30—			M	W.	47	m.	25	no	yes	Germany	Germany	Germany	German	13	13	V	1903	Al	yes	Contractor	builder	06X1	O	no		no		
26					——, Ernestine	wife-H					F	W	43	m	21	no	yes	Germany	Germany	Germany	German	13	13	V	1880	Al	yes	none								
27					——, Dorothy	daughter					F	W	19	S		no	yes	Ohio	Germany	Germany		59	13	0			yes	none								
28					——, Evelyn	daughter					F	W	16	S		yes	yes	Ohio	Germany	Germany		59	13	0			yes	none								
29					——, Alice	daughter					F	W	12	S		yes	yes	Michigan	Germany	Germany		62	13	0			yes	none								
30					——, Kenneth	son					M	W	9	S		yes	yes	Michigan	Germany	Germany		62	13	0			yes	none								
31					——, Arthur	son					M	W.	7	S		yes	yes	Michigan	Germany	Germany		62	13	0			yes	none								
32					——, Eldon	son					M	W.	5	S		No		Michigan	Germany	Germany		62	13	0				none								

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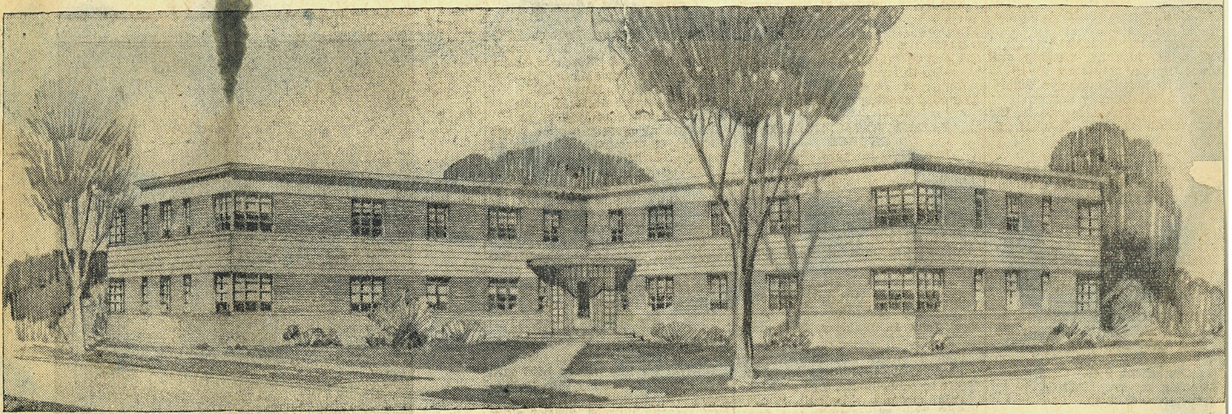
[321] *1931, 1932, 1933, 1935 and 1937 Polk Bay City, Michigan, Directories.*

In the 1930s, *Edward* expanded his construction business into Midland, because the Dow Chemical Company made the town depression proof.[322] He constructed the first family apartment building (18 units) in Midland for Frank E. Wilson at 501 State Street.[323] Contrary to published reports the building was actually located at the intersection of Indian and State Streets. The building fell victim to fire on February 4, 1975, and was totally destroyed.[324] The site is now occupied by the Grove Street Apartments.

New Apartment House, City's First, Completed for Frank E. Wilson



This 18-family apartment, first to be built for the purpose in Midland, will be completed by the end of the week and ready for inspection by the public, states Frank E. Wilson, owner. The two-story brick structure stands at the corner of First and Indian streets. It is modern throughout.

In December 1935, *Edward and Ernestine Kolka* obtained a loan from Leona Wilson, using their Gates Street home as collateral.[325] While not stated, this was probably for *Edward's* construction business which had expanded into Midland at the time.

Sometime around 1935, *Edward Kolka* constructed his first Midland house for Midland businessman Dirk B. Waltz (1913-2011) at 1317 W. St. Andrews, Midland, which is adjacent to the Midland Country Club. Dirk married Gilbert Currie's daughter Jean in 1935. The Midland Historical Society has photographs of the home while under construction.[326] In 1945, Dirk Waltz founded the Dirk Waltz Buick dealership. From 1960 to 1983, he was on the Board of Directors at Chemical Financial Corp.[327] In the 1990s, I met Dirk Waltz Jr., who was still living in the home, and he raved about the quality of its construction.

Dirk Waltz Home

In 1937, *Edward Kolka* began construction of the Gilbert A. Currie, Sr. home at 1217 W. St. Andrews, a few houses down from the Waltz home. Currie was one of the most prominent individuals in Midland. Gilbert Currie (1882-1960) was the Midland Township Supervisor (1906), Speaker of the Michigan House of Representatives (1908), a Congressman (1917-1921), Midland City and Midland Board of Education attorney, and helped incorporate the Chemical State Bank. Mr. Currie donated and laid out the Currie Municipal Golf Course, built a softball stadium in Emerson Park, and gave the city Currie Bennett Park as well as the Midland County War Memorial on the Courthouse grounds.[328] The Currie home is still one of the finest homes in Midland.

Gilbert A. Currie, Sr. Home

Edward Kolka was planning on moving his family to Midland, because of the building opportunities it presented, as his contracting business was clearly in the process of building significant custom homes for Midland's elite.

Edward Kolka talked very little about his parents and siblings in Volhynia. The family did visit his siblings John Kolke and Emilie Kolke Malon in the Cleveland area. Lydia (Lee) talked about taking the train from the Jackson Street, Bay City, station to Gladwin with *Grandma (Katie Tober) Berg*, as her favorite grandchild, to stay at Uncle Andrew Berg's farm for 2-3 weeks during blueberry season. *Edward, Ernestine* and their family would drive to Andrew's farm, which would take all day. Along the way they would have a chicken dinner *Tena* had prepared.

Edward had begun treatment in November 1937 for what was thought to be an illness relating to his gall bladder. However, during a January 15, 1938, surgery, it was discovered his "liver filled with massive carcinoma." On February 22, 1938, at 11:00 am, *Edward Kolka* died at his Gates Street home, from liver cancer. His obituary incorrectly stated *Edward Kolka* was born in the Free City of Danzig, which didn't exist until 1919, and wasn't close to his actual birthplace. No mention was made of his parents or the siblings he had left behind in Volhynia.[329] *Edward Kolka* was buried in Green Ridge Cemetery, Bay City (Lot 1557, Section D).

Kenneth (17), *Arthur* (15), Eldon (13), Evelyn (24) and Alice (20) Kolka were still living at home when *Edward Kolka* died. *Herman Berg* may have been living with *Ernestine and Edward Kolka* on Gates Street at the time, because his health was failing (he died in November 1939).

Edward Kolka's estate was probated in the Bay County Probate Court in accordance with his Will dated February 9, 1938.[330] His estate had assets of $1,195 (1937 Buick Model 41 Sedan;

Mack Jr. Pick-up; cement mixer, lumber, electric motor and interest in the "Curry" contract), and debts which exceeded the assets. Lydia Kolka Hayner purchased the 1937 Buick from her father's estate for $600. The monthly mortgage payment on 205 Gates was $26 (probably the Wilson loan), and there were three years back taxes. The construction of the Currie house was finished by his foreman. *Edward Kolka's* interest in the "Curry" project was only valued at $90, which was greatly exceed by his business related debts.

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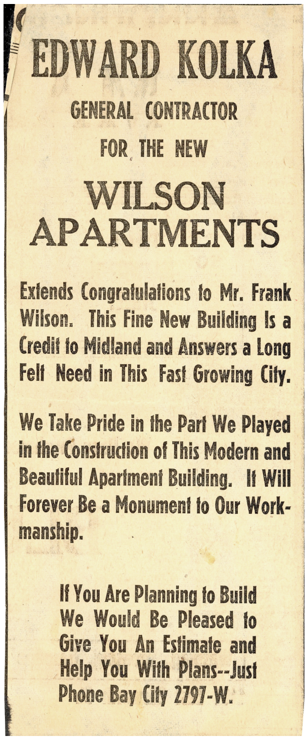
[322] *Midland County Historical Society*.

[323] Unknown publication.



EDWARD KOLKA

GENERAL CONTRACTOR
FOR THE NEW

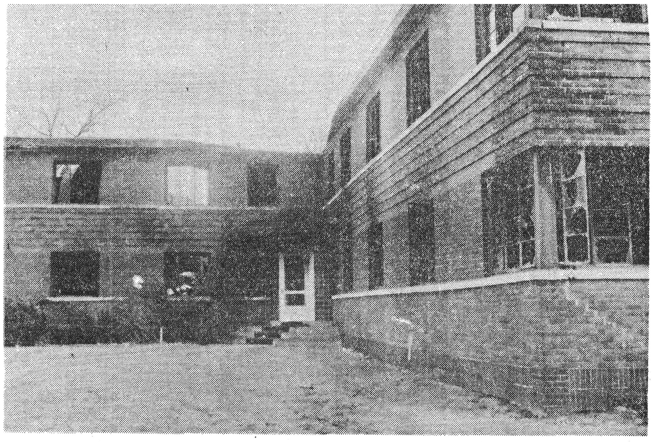
WILSON APARTMENTS

Extends Congratulations to Mr. Frank Wilson. This Fine New Building Is a Credit to Midland and Answers a Long Felt Need in This Fast Growing City.

We Take Pride in the Part We Played in the Construction of This Modern and Beautiful Apartment Building. It Will Forever Be a Monument to Our Workmanship.

If You Are Planning to Build
We Would Be Pleased to
Give You An Estimate and
Help You With Plans--Just
Phone Bay City 2797-W.

[324] *Midland Daily News,* February 1975.



Ruled unsafe

Labeling Wilson Apartments, 501 State, a threat to public safety, city council has ordered the building's remains fenced or razed within seven days. The apartments were gutted in a Febraury 4 fire. (Daily News photo).

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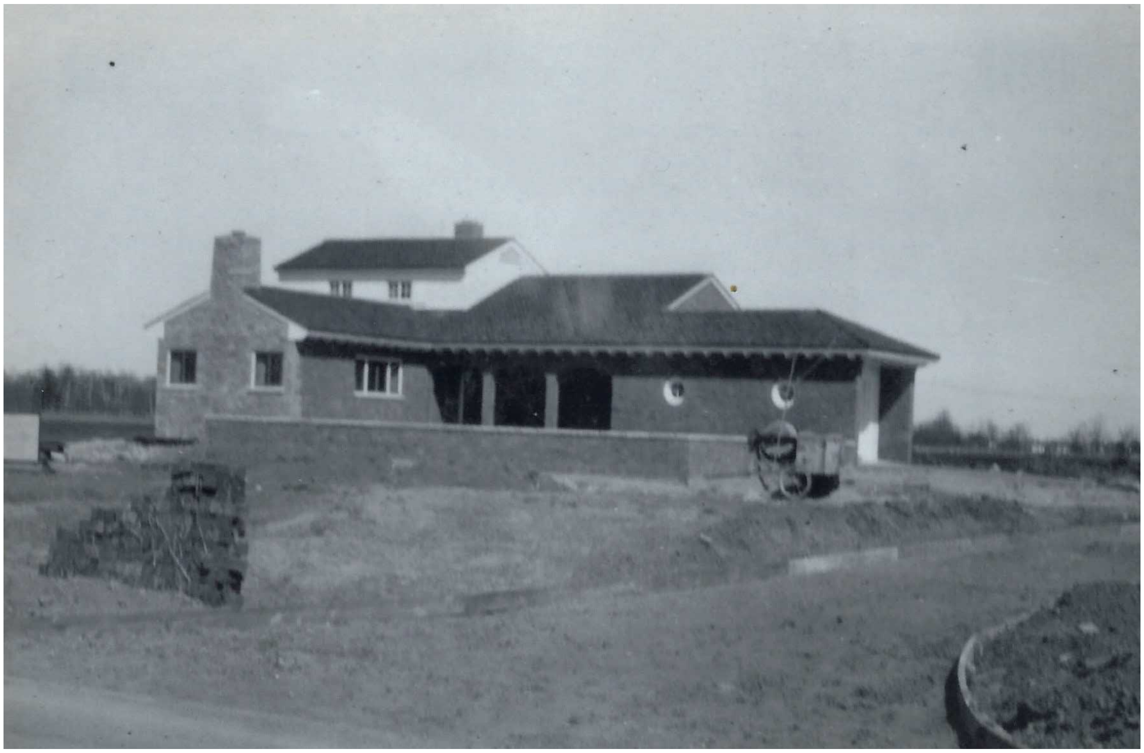
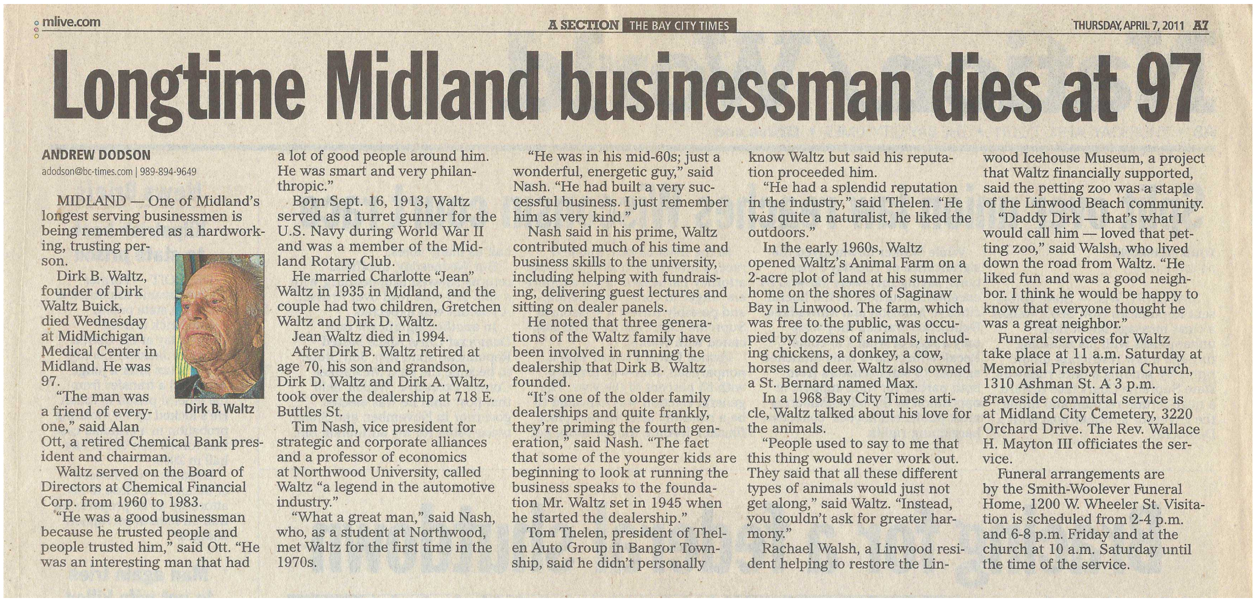
[325] *December 17, 1935, Quit Claim Deed, Bay County, Michigan, Records,* Liber 248, Page 537.

[326] *Midland County Historical Society*.



[327] April 7, 2011, *The Bay City Times* Article "*Longtime Midland businessman dies at 97*."



mlive.com A SECTION THE BAY CITY TIMES THURSDAY, APRIL 7, 2011 A7

Longtime Midland businessman dies at 97

ANDREW DODSON
adodson@bc-times.com | 989-894-9649

MIDLAND — One of Midland's longest serving businessmen is being remembered as a hardworking, trusting person.

Dirk B. Waltz, founder of Dirk Waltz Buick, died Wednesday at MidMichigan Medical Center in Midland. He was 97.

Dirk B. Waltz

"The man was a friend of everyone," said Alan Ott, a retired Chemical Bank president and chairman.

Waltz served on the Board of Directors at Chemical Financial Corp. from 1960 to 1983.

"He was a good businessman because he trusted people and people trusted him," said Ott. "He was an interesting man that had a lot of good people around him. He was smart and very philanthropic."

Born Sept. 16, 1913, Waltz served as a turret gunner for the U.S. Navy during World War II and was a member of the Midland Rotary Club.

He married Charlotte "Jean" Waltz in 1935 in Midland, and the couple had two children, Gretchen Waltz and Dirk D. Waltz.

Jean Waltz died in 1994.

After Dirk B. Waltz retired at age 70, his son and grandson, Dirk D. Waltz and Dirk A. Waltz, took over the dealership at 718 E. Buttles St.

Tim Nash, vice president for strategic and corporate alliances and a professor of economics at Northwood University, called Waltz "a legend in the automotive industry."

"What a great man," said Nash, who, as a student at Northwood, met Waltz for the first time in the 1970s.

"He was in his mid-60s; just a wonderful, energetic guy," said Nash. "He had built a very successful business. I just remember him as very kind."

Nash said in his prime, Waltz contributed much of his time and business skills to the university, including helping with fundraising, delivering guest lectures and sitting on dealer panels.

He noted that three generations of the Waltz family have been involved in running the dealership that Dirk B. Waltz founded.

"It's one of the older family dealerships and quite frankly, they're priming the fourth generation," said Nash. "The fact that some of the younger kids are beginning to look at running the business speaks to the foundation Mr. Waltz set in 1945 when he started the dealership."

Tom Thelen, president of Thelen Auto Group in Bangor Township, said he didn't personally know Waltz but said his reputation proceeded him.

"He had a splendid reputation in the industry," said Thelen. "He was quite a naturalist, he liked the outdoors."

In the early 1960s, Waltz opened Waltz's Animal Farm on a 2-acre plot of land at his summer home on the shores of Saginaw Bay in Linwood. The farm, which was free to the public, was occupied by dozens of animals, including chickens, a donkey, a cow, horses and deer. Waltz also owned a St. Bernard named Max.

In a 1968 Bay City Times article, Waltz talked about his love for the animals.

"People used to say to me that this thing would never work out. They said that all these different types of animals would just not get along," said Waltz. "Instead, you couldn't ask for greater harmony."

Rachael Walsh, a Linwood resident helping to restore the Linwood Icehouse Museum, a project that Waltz financially supported, said the petting zoo was a staple of the Linwood Beach community.

"Daddy Dirk — that's what I would call him — loved that petting zoo," said Walsh, who lived down the road from Waltz. "He liked fun and was a good neighbor. I think he would be happy to know that everyone thought he was a great neighbor."

Funeral services for Waltz take place at 11 a.m. Saturday at Memorial Presbyterian Church, 1310 Ashman St. A 3 p.m. graveside committal service is at Midland City Cemetery, 3220 Orchard Drive. The Rev. Wallace H. Mayton III officiates the service.

Funeral arrangements are by the Smith-Woolever Funeral Home, 1200 W. Wheeler St. Visitation is scheduled from 2-4 p.m. and 6-8 p.m. Friday and at the church at 10 a.m. Saturday until the time of the service.

[328] *The Life and Times of Gilbert A. Currie, Sr.,* by Kathryn Cummins (1982).

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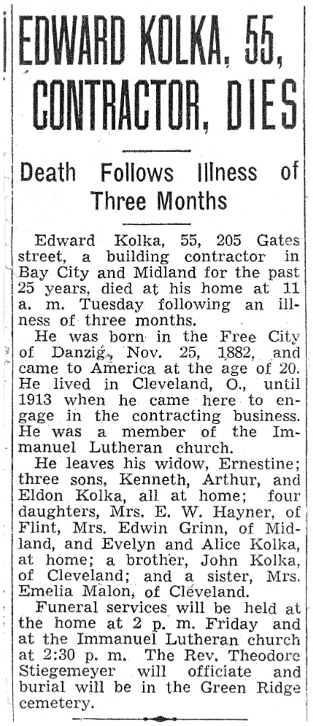
[329] *1938 Bay County, Michigan, Death Certificate; and February 23, 1938, The Bay City Times Obituary.*



EDWARD KOLKA, 55, CONTRACTOR, DIES

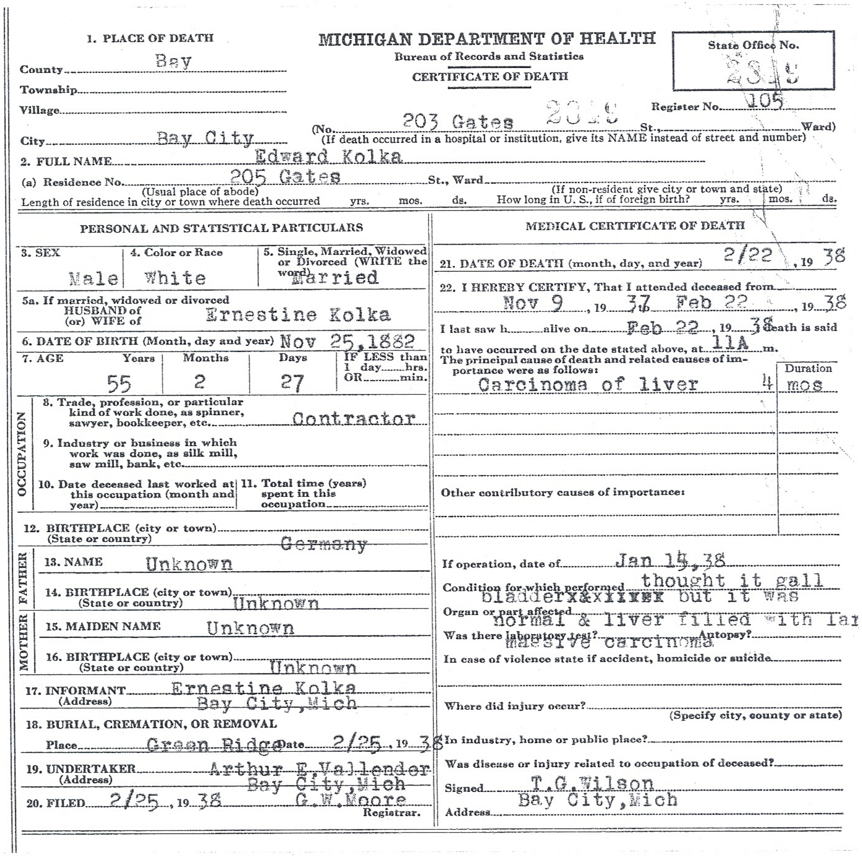
Death Follows Illness of Three Months

Edward Kolka, 55, 205 Gates street, a building contractor in Bay City and Midland for the past 25 years, died at his home at 11 a. m. Tuesday following an illness of three months.

He was born in the Free City of Danzig, Nov. 25, 1882, and came to America at the age of 20. He lived in Cleveland, O., until 1913 when he came here to engage in the contracting business. He was a member of the Immanuel Lutheran church.

He leaves his widow, Ernestine; three sons, Kenneth, Arthur, and Eldon Kolka, all at home; four daughters, Mrs. E. W. Hayner, of Flint, Mrs. Edwin Grinn, of Midland, and Evelyn and Alice Kolka, at home; a brother, John Kolka, of Cleveland; and a sister, Mrs. Emelia Malon, of Cleveland.

Funeral services will be held at the home at 2 p. m. Friday and at the Immanuel Lutheran church at 2:30 p. m. The Rev. Theodore Stiegemeyer will officiate and burial will be in the Green Ridge cemetery.



MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
Bureau of Records and Statistics
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

State Office No. 2319

1. PLACE OF DEATH
County Bay
Township
Village
City Bay City
(No. 203 Gates 2019 St., Ward)
(If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number)
Register No. 105

2. FULL NAME Edward Kolka
(a) Residence No. 205 Gates St., Ward
(Usual place of abode) (If non-resident give city or town and state)
Length of residence in city or town where death occurred yrs. mos. ds. How long in U. S., if of foreign birth? yrs. mos. ds.

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

3. SEX Male
4. Color or Race White
5. Single, Married, Widowed or Divorced (WRITE the word) Married
5a. If married, widowed or divorced HUSBAND of (or) WIFE of Ernestine Kolka
6. DATE OF BIRTH (Month, day and year) Nov 25,1882
7. AGE Years 55 Months 2 Days 27 IF LESS than 1 day ...hrs. OR ...min.

OCCUPATION
8. Trade, profession, or particular kind of work done, as spinner, sawyer, bookkeeper, etc. Contractor
9. Industry or business in which work was done, as silk mill, saw mill, bank, etc.
10. Date deceased last worked at this occupation (month and year)
11. Total time (years) spent in this occupation

12. BIRTHPLACE (city or town) (State or country) Germany

FATHER
13. NAME Unknown
14. BIRTHPLACE (city or town) (State or country) Unknown

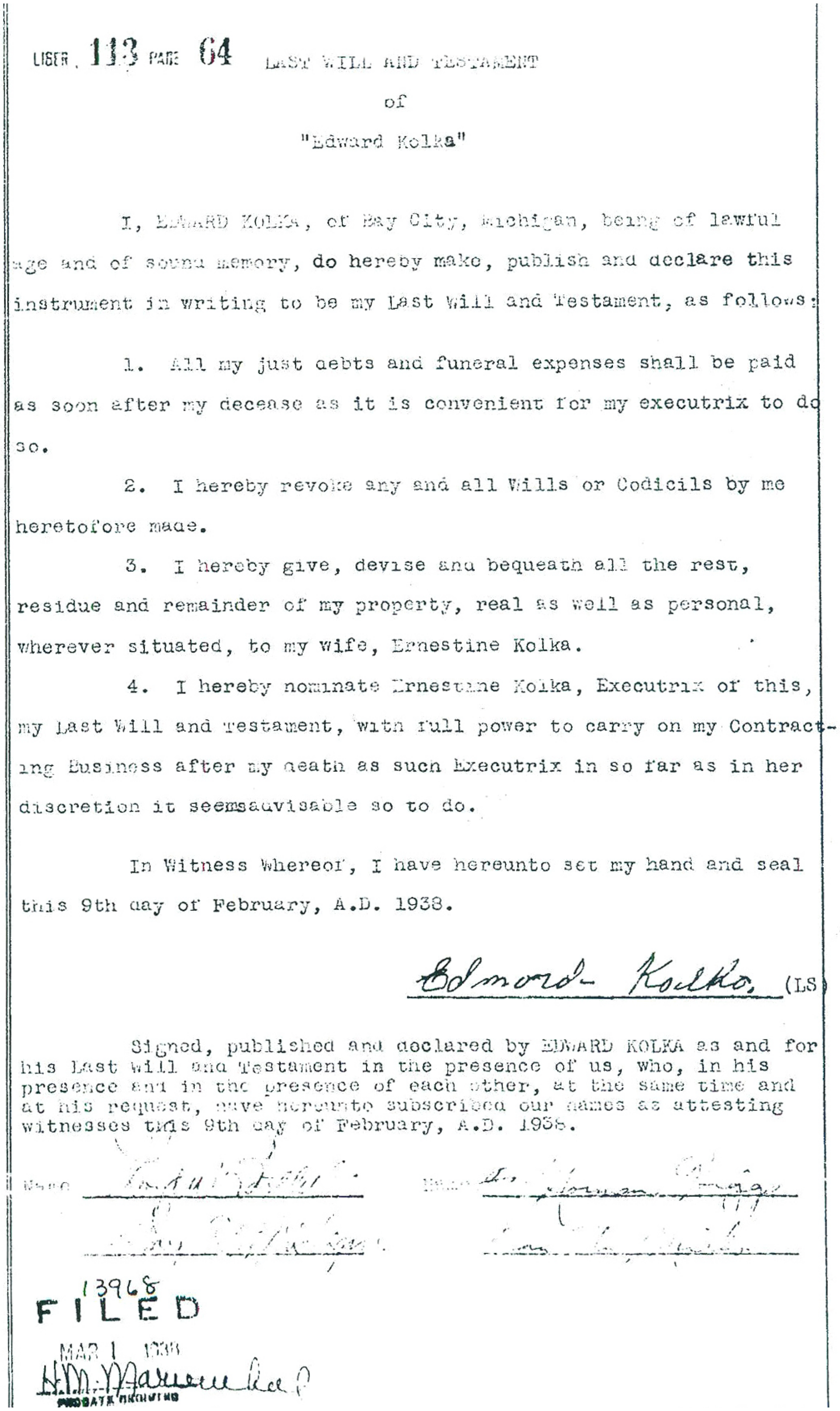
MOTHER
15. MAIDEN NAME Unknown
16. BIRTHPLACE (city or town) (State or country) Unknown

17. INFORMANT Ernestine Kolka
(Address) Bay City,Mich
18. BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL
Place Green Ridge Date 2/25, 19 38
19. UNDERTAKER Arthur E.Vallender
(Address) Bay City,Mich
20. FILED 2/25, 19 38 G.W.Moore Registrar.

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

21. DATE OF DEATH (month, day, and year) 2/22, 19 38
22. I HEREBY CERTIFY, That I attended deceased from Nov 9, 19 37 to Feb 22, 19 38
I last saw h... alive on Feb 22, 19 38 death is said to have occurred on the date stated above, at 11A m.
The principal cause of death and related causes of importance were as follows: Carcinoma of liver Duration 4 mos
Other contributory causes of importance:
If operation, date of Jan 14,38
Condition for which performed thought it gall bladder~~x&xliver~~ but it was
Organ or part affected normal & liver filled with lar
Was there laboratory test? massive carcinoma Autopsy?
In case of violence state if accident, homicide or suicide
Where did injury occur? (Specify city, county or state)
In industry, home or public place?
Was disease or injury related to occupation of deceased?
Signed T.G.Wilson
Address Bay City,Mich

[330] *Edward Kolka's Will; and Bay County, Michigan, Probate Court File No 13968:*



LIBER 113 PAGE 64

LAST WILL AND TESTAMENT
of
"Edward Kolka"

I, EDWARD KOLKA, of Bay City, Michigan, being of lawful age and of sound memory, do hereby make, publish and declare this instrument in writing to be my Last Will and Testament, as follows:

1. All my just debts and funeral expenses shall be paid as soon after my decease as it is convenient for my executrix to do so.

2. I hereby revoke any and all Wills or Codicils by me heretofore made.

3. I hereby give, devise and bequeath all the rest, residue and remainder of my property, real as well as personal, wherever situated, to my wife, Ernestine Kolka.

4. I hereby nominate Ernestine Kolka, Executrix of this, my Last Will and testament, with full power to carry on my Contracting Business after my death as such Executrix in so far as in her discretion it seemsadvisable so to do.

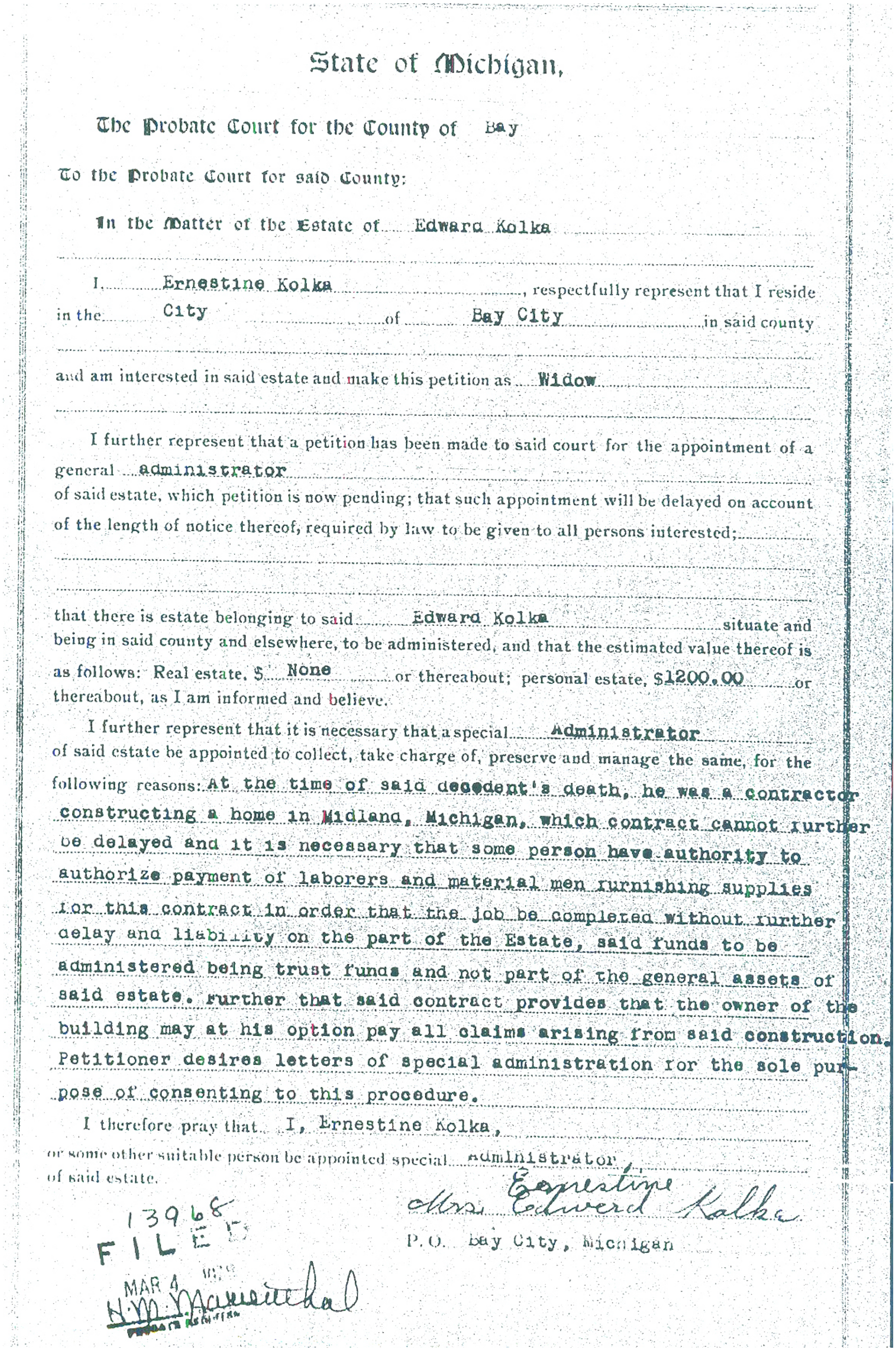
In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and seal this 9th day of February, A.D. 1938.

Edmond Kolka. (LS)

Signed, published and declared by EDWARD KOLKA as and for his Last will and Testament in the presence of us, who, in his presence and in the presence of each other, at the same time and at his request, have hereunto subscribed our names as attesting witnesses this 9th day of February, A.D. 1938.

Name [illegible]   Name [illegible]

13968
FILED
MAR 1 1938
PROBATE REGISTER



State of Michigan,

The Probate Court for the County of Bay

To the Probate Court for said County:

In the Matter of the Estate of Edward Kolka

I, Ernestine Kolka, respectfully represent that I reside in the City of Bay City in said county and am interested in said estate and make this petition as Widow

I further represent that a petition has been made to said court for the appointment of a general administrator of said estate, which petition is now pending; that such appointment will be delayed on account of the length of notice thereof, required by law to be given to all persons interested;

that there is estate belonging to said Edward Kolka situate and being in said county and elsewhere, to be administered, and that the estimated value thereof is as follows: Real estate, $ None or thereabout; personal estate, $1200.00 or thereabout, as I am informed and believe.

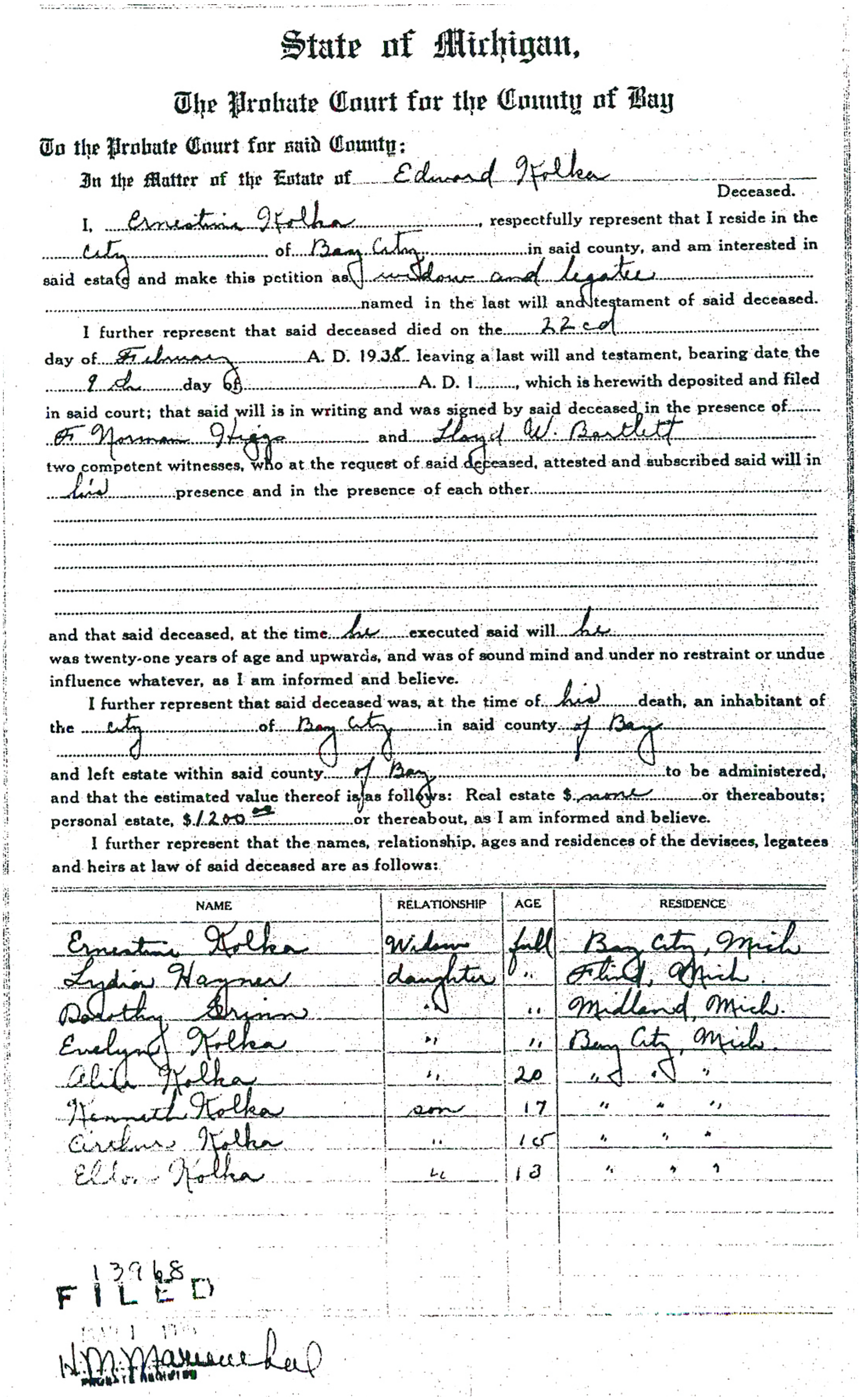
I further represent that it is necessary that a special Administrator of said estate be appointed to collect, take charge of, preserve and manage the same, for the following reasons: At the time of said decedent's death, he was a contractor constructing a home in Midland, Michigan, which contract cannot further be delayed and it is necessary that some person have authority to authorize payment of laborers and material men furnishing supplies for this contract in order that the job be completed without further delay and liability on the part of the Estate, said funds to be administered being trust funds and not part of the general assets of said estate. Further that said contract provides that the owner of the building may at his option pay all claims arising from said construction. Petitioner desires letters of special administration for the sole purpose of consenting to this procedure.

I therefore pray that I, Ernestine Kolka, or some other suitable person be appointed special administrator of said estate.

Ernestine
Mrs. Edward Kolka

P.O. Bay City, Michigan

13968
FILED
MAR 4
PROBATE REGISTER



State of Michigan,

The Probate Court for the County of Bay

To the Probate Court for said County:

In the Matter of the Estate of Edward Kolka
Deceased.

I, Ernestine Kolka, respectfully represent that I reside in the city of Bay City in said county, and am interested in said estate and make this petition as widow and legatee named in the last will and testament of said deceased.

I further represent that said deceased died on the 22cd day of February A. D. 1938 leaving a last will and testament, bearing date the 9th day of A. D. 1........, which is herewith deposited and filed in said court; that said will is in writing and was signed by said deceased in the presence of F. Norman Higgs and Lloyd W. Bartlett two competent witnesses, who at the request of said deceased, attested and subscribed said will in his presence and in the presence of each other

and that said deceased, at the time he executed said will he was twenty-one years of age and upwards, and was of sound mind and under no restraint or undue influence whatever, as I am informed and believe.

I further represent that said deceased was, at the time of his death, an inhabitant of the city of Bay City in said county of Bay

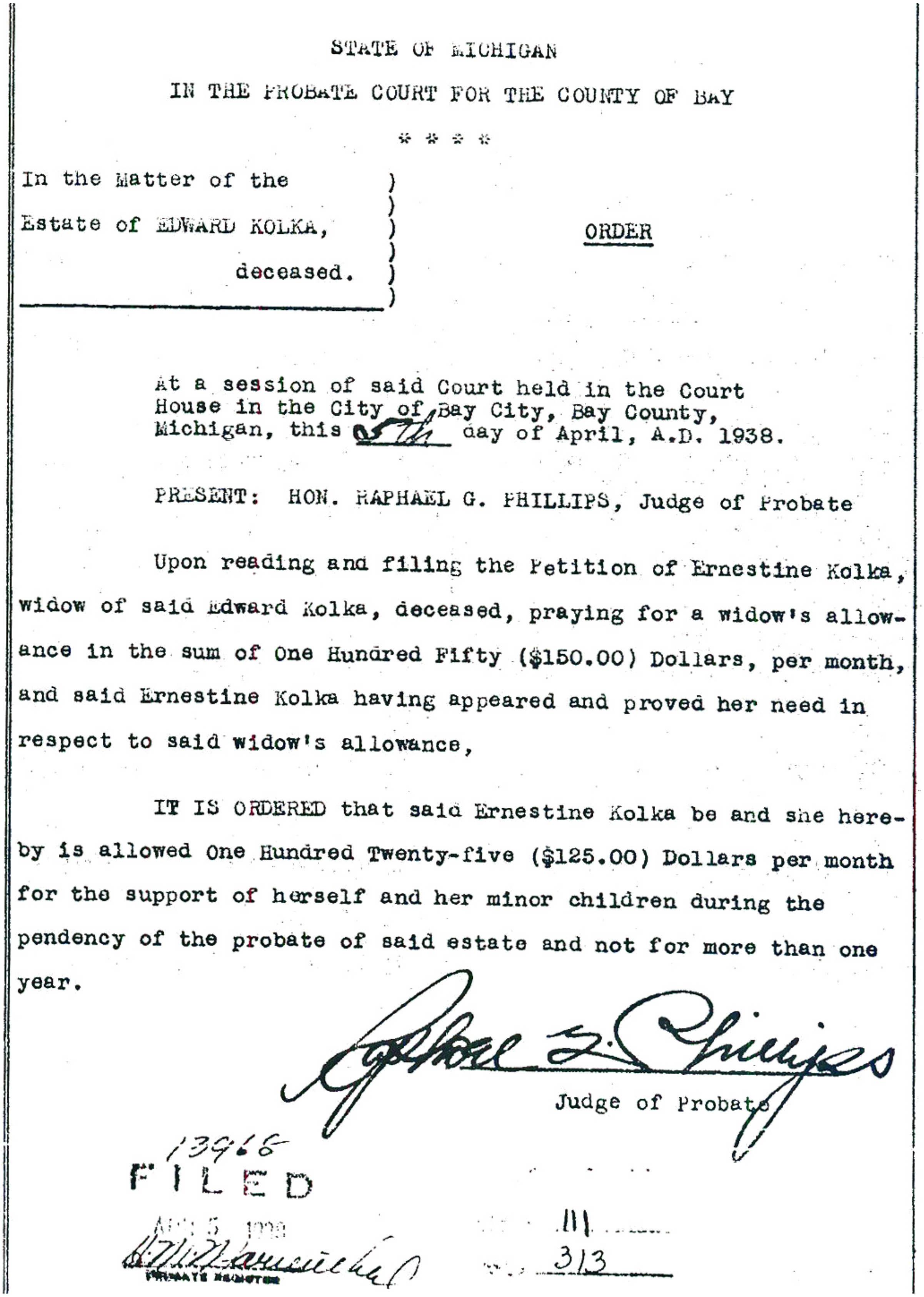
and left estate within said county of Bay to be administered, and that the estimated value thereof is as follows: Real estate $ none or thereabouts; personal estate, $1200.00 or thereabout, as I am informed and believe.

I further represent that the names, relationship, ages and residences of the devisees, legatees and heirs at law of said deceased are as follows:

NAME	RELATIONSHIP	AGE	RESIDENCE
Ernestine Kolka	Widow	full	Bay City, Mich
Lydia Hagner	daughter	"	Flint, Mich.
Dorothy Grimm	"	"	Midland, Mich.
Evelyn Kolka	"	"	Bay City, Mich.
Alida Kolka	"	20	" " "
Kenneth Kolka	son	17	" " "
Arelius Kolka	"	15	" " "
Elton Kolka	"	13	" " "

13968
FILED

H. M. Marechal
PROBATE REGISTER



STATE OF MICHIGAN

IN THE PROBATE COURT FOR THE COUNTY OF BAY

* * * *

In the Matter of the
Estate of EDWARD KOLKA,
deceased.

ORDER

At a session of said Court held in the Court House in the City of Bay City, Bay County, Michigan, this 5th day of April, A.D. 1938.

PRESENT: HON. RAPHAEL G. PHILLIPS, Judge of Probate

Upon reading and filing the Petition of Ernestine Kolka, widow of said Edward Kolka, deceased, praying for a widow's allowance in the sum of One Hundred Fifty ($150.00) Dollars, per month, and said Ernestine Kolka having appeared and proved her need in respect to said widow's allowance,

IT IS ORDERED that said Ernestine Kolka be and she hereby is allowed One Hundred Twenty-five ($125.00) Dollars per month for the support of herself and her minor children during the pendency of the probate of said estate and not for more than one year.

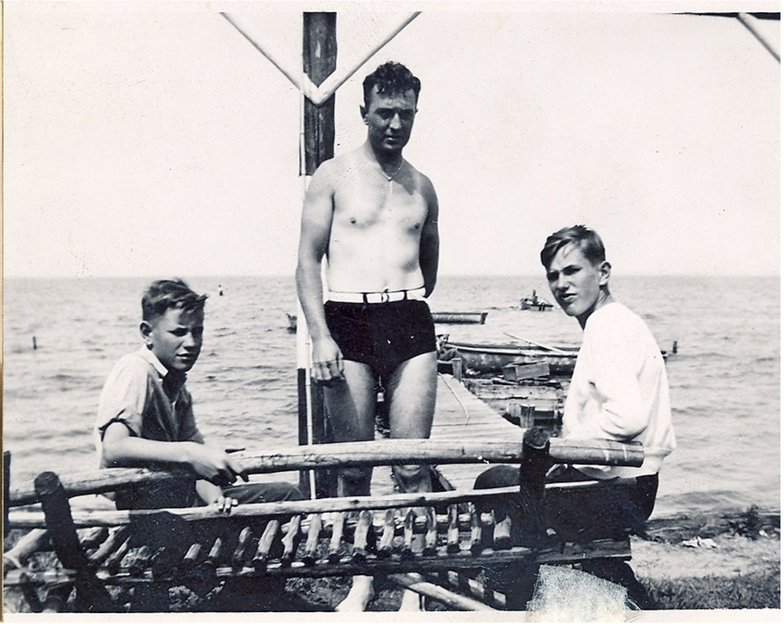
Raphael G. Phillips
Judge of Probate

13966
FILED
APR 5 1938
PROBATE REGISTER

111
313

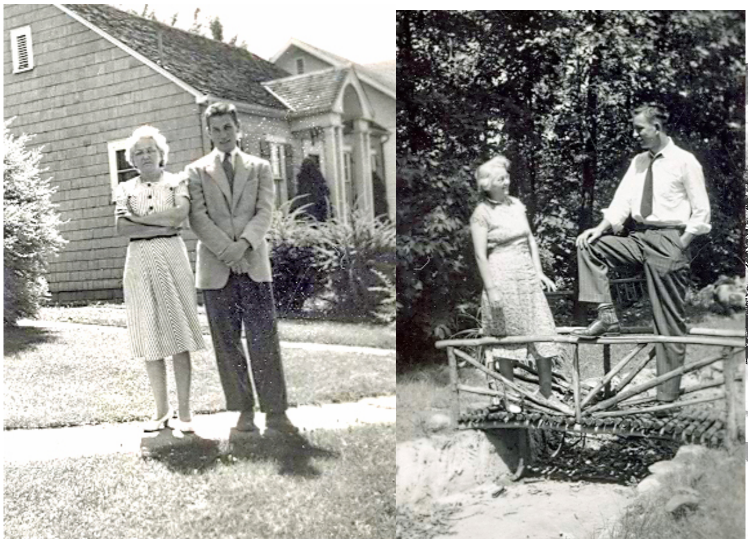
After *Edward's* death, *Ernestine Berg Kolka* completed a *Petition for Naturalization*, but it is undated and probably never filed. The document also incorrectly states *Edward* and herself were born in Danzig, Germany.[331]

Ernestine Kolka

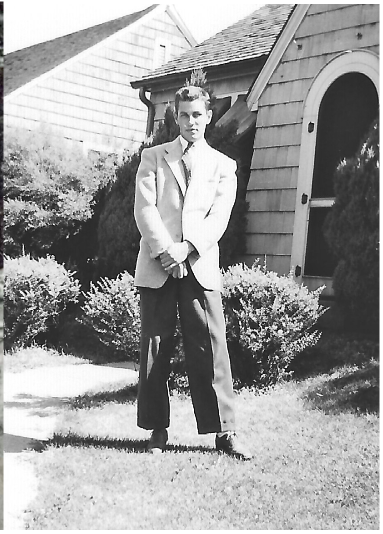


Eldon, Ken and Art

In April 1940, *Ernestine Kolka* was living at 205 Gates Street, with Evelyn (26), Alice (22), Ken (19), *Arthur* (17);and Eldon (14), in the home, with everyone contributing to the family.[332]

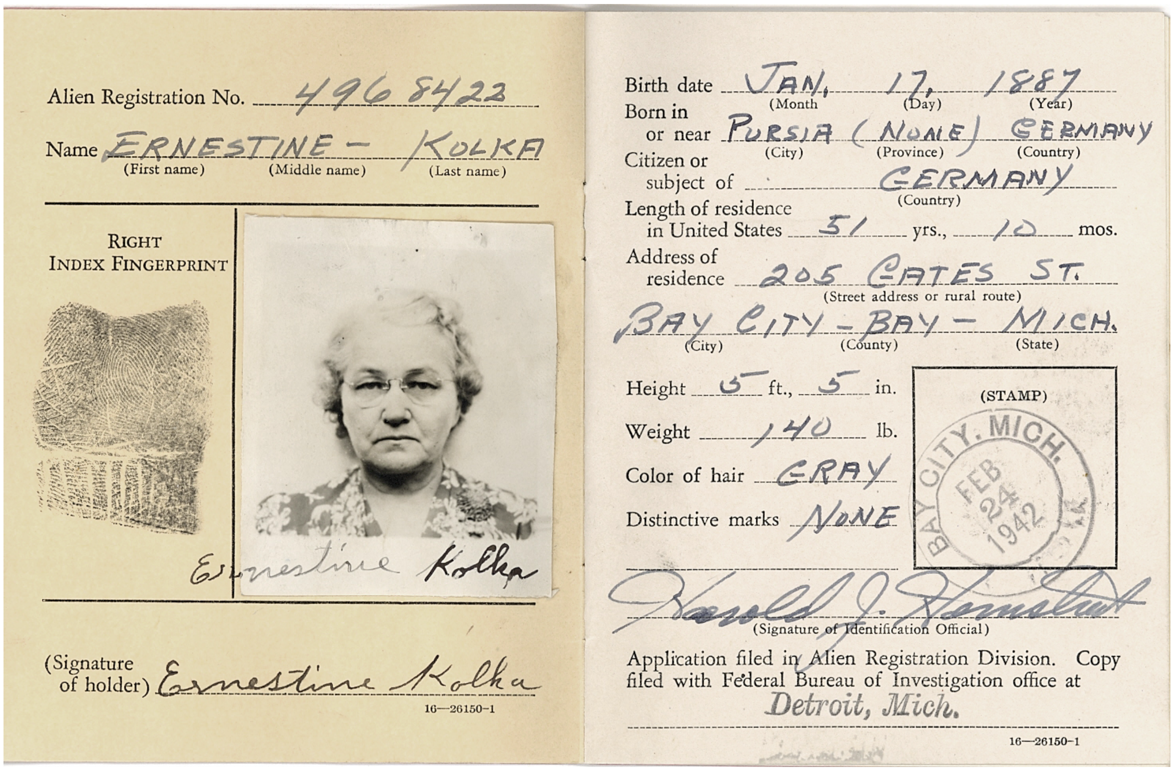


Ernestine with Eldon & Kenneth



Eldon

When World War II came, *Ernestine Kolka* was required to register as an alien.



Alien Registration No. 496 8422

Name ERNESTINE — KOLKA
(First name) (Middle name) (Last name)

RIGHT
INDEX FINGERPRINT

Ernestine Kolka

(Signature of holder) Ernestine Kolka

16—26150—1

Birth date JAN. 17, 1887
(Month) (Day) (Year)

Born in or near PURSIA (NONE) GERMANY
(City) (Province) (Country)

Citizen or subject of GERMANY
(Country)

Length of residence in United States 51 yrs., 10 mos.

Address of residence 205 GATES ST.
(Street address or rural route)

BAY CITY - BAY - MICH.
(City) (County) (State)

Height 5 ft., 5 in.

Weight 140 lb.

Color of hair GRAY

Distinctive marks NONE

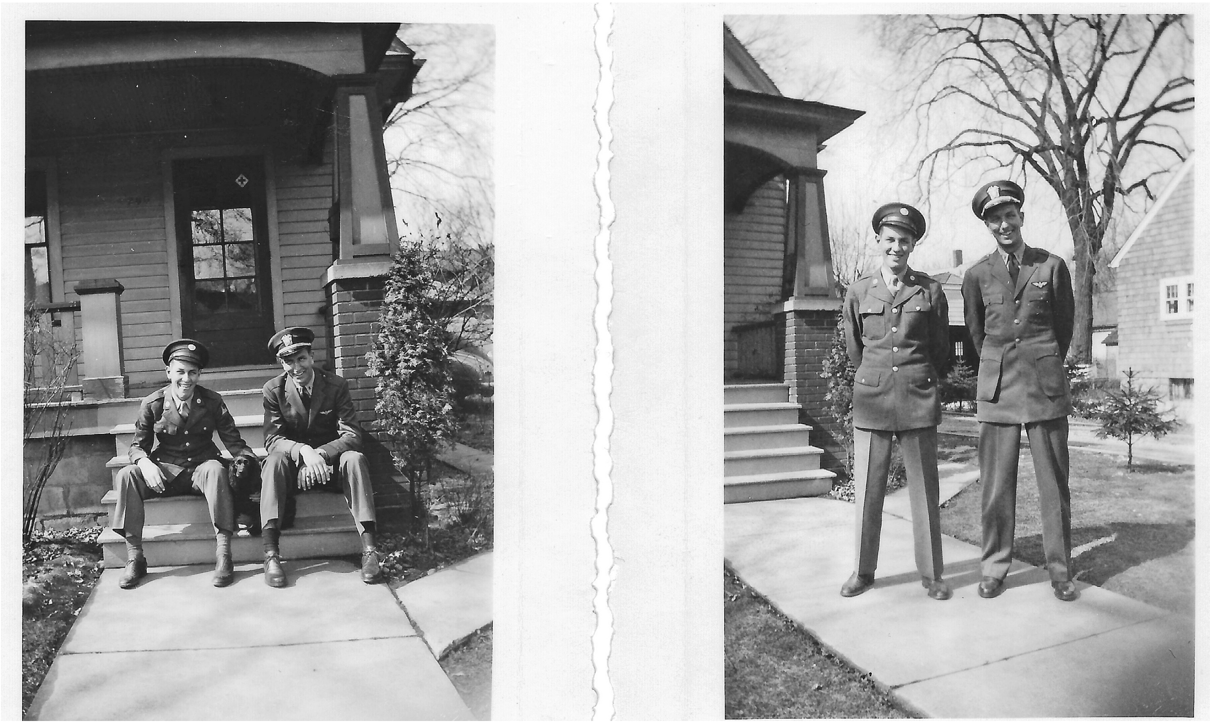
(STAMP)
BAY CITY, MICH.
FEB 24 1942

Harold J. Hemstead
(Signature of Identification Official)

Application filed in Alien Registration Division. Copy filed with Federal Bureau of Investigation office at
Detroit, Mich.

16—26150—1

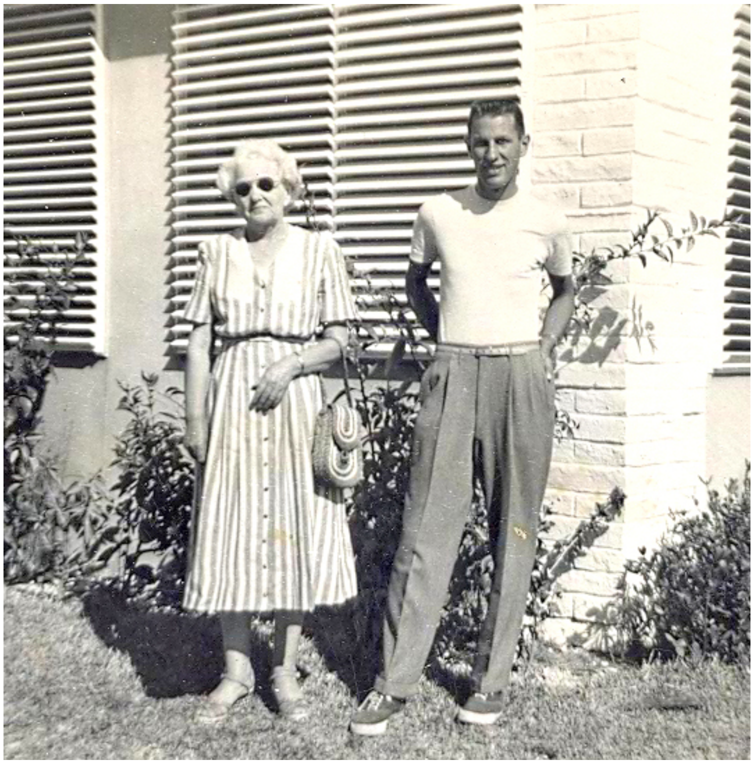
She continued to live at 205 Gates Street with her sons, until one-by-one, during a six month period in 1943, they enlisted in the armed forces, even though at least one could have been exempt and stayed home.



Eldon and Ken on leave before going overseas

In 1948, *Ernestine*, Eldon (who was a student), and *Art*, along with his wife *Barbara Jean Martin*, were living at 205 Gates Street.

On July 28, 1949, *Ernestine* sold the 205 Gates Street home to F. Carter Taylor Jr. and his wife Lenore.[333] *Ernestine Kolka* visited sons Eldon and Ken (and his wife Betty) in Miami, Florida, where they were attending the University of Miami.



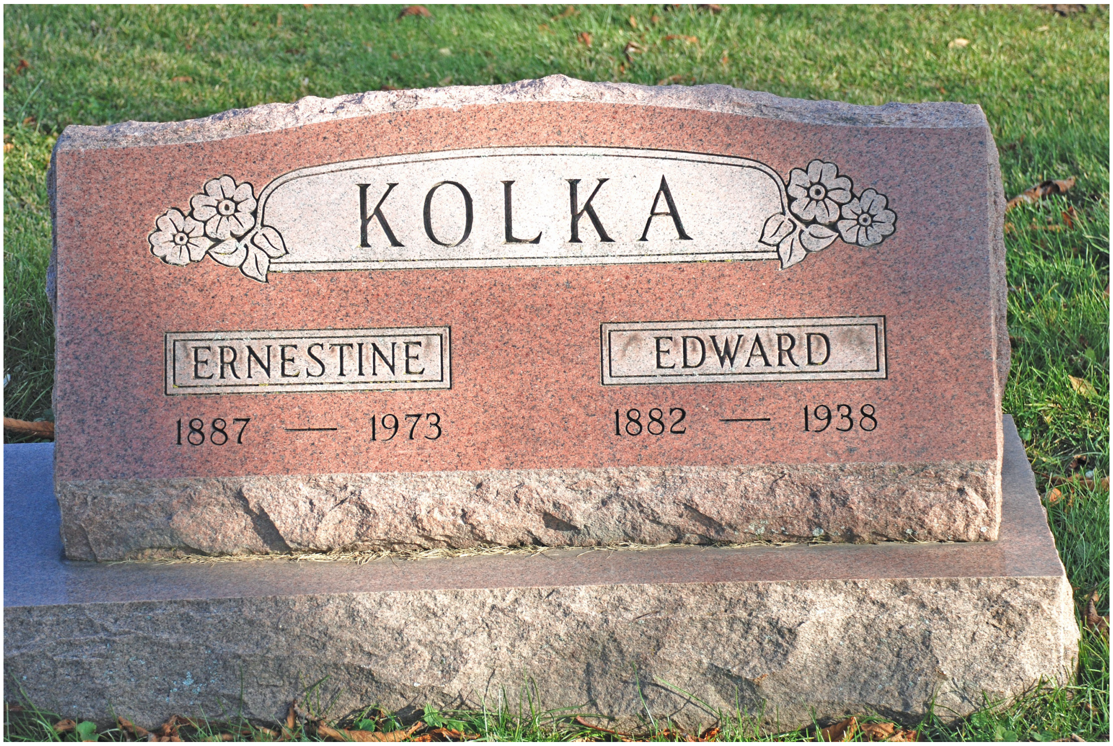
In April 1950, *Ernestine Berg Kolka* was living at 503 N. Jackson, and was a housekeeper for its owner Florence Hamet. Around 1951, *Ernestine* went to live and work in California with Harold Staudacher's mother Johanna Helen Curry Staudacher (daughter Alice's mother-in-law). Her Social Security card (issued in California) has an 1823 Foothill Blvd., LaCanada (Flintridge), California, address, which is described today as a small, affluent city in Los Angeles County, east of Burbank and north of Los Angeles at the base of the Angeles Mountains.

Mrs. Staudacher & Ernestine Kolka in San Francisco

In May 1952, after returning from California, *Ernestine Kolka*, living at 1804 W. Mosher Street, Bay City, with daughter and son-in-law Al and Lee Hayner, ordered a headstone for *Edward's* (and her) grave, but only put their names on it, even though she originally wanted dates on it also. The monument maker told me she changed her mind about including the dates, and showed me a note from 1952 in his files to that effect. Then *Grandma Tena* lived in an apartment above Utermullen's Furniture Store on the southwest corner of Johnson and Fifth Streets, Bay City. Her favorite meal seemed to be potato pancakes.

In the 1950-60s, I would ride my bike to visit her when I went to the hobby shop across the street from her apartment. During high school, I would accompany her to Immanuel Lutheran Church's German language service with Pastor Theodore Stiegemeyer at 8:00 am on Sunday mornings.[334]

In the last years of her life, *Ernestine Berg Kolka* resided in the Colonial Nursing Home, Bay City, and then the Sun Valley Manor Nursing Home, Bridgeport, Michigan, where she was suffering from what we now call dementia. *Ernestine Berg Kolka* died on November 23, 1973, from heart disease.[335] In 2007, Lee, Eldon and I had *Edward and Ernestine's* years of birth (as *Ernestine* wanted in 1952 and as they had represented during their lives, even though incorrect) and death engraved on their headstone (Green Ridge Cemetery, Lots 1557-1558, Section D).[336]


KOLKA
ERNESTINE
1887 — 1973
EDWARD
1882 — 1938

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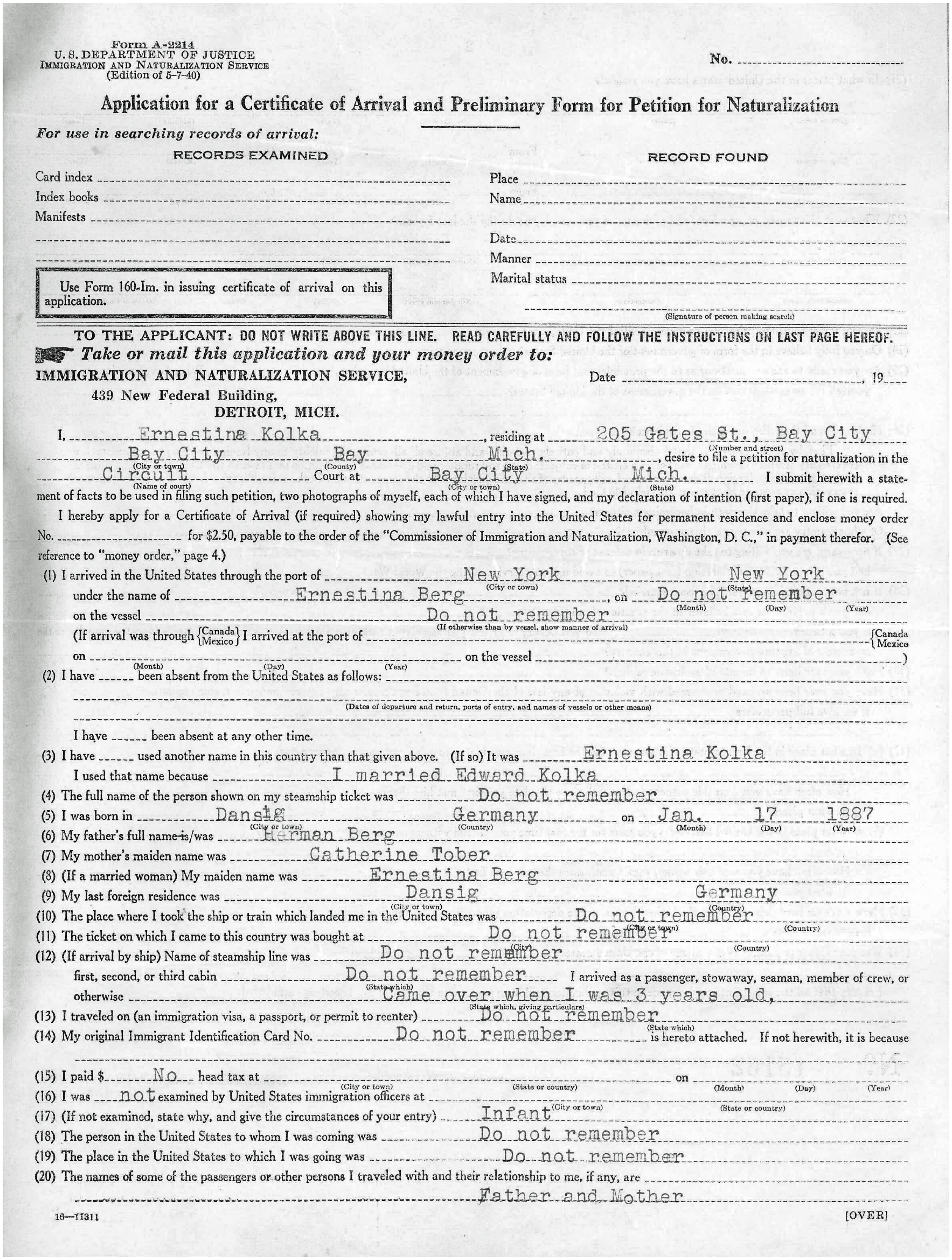
[331] *Petition for Naturalization.*



Form A-2214
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE
(Edition of 5-7-40)

No. ____________

Application for a Certificate of Arrival and Preliminary Form for Petition for Naturalization

For use in searching records of arrival:

RECORDS EXAMINED

Card index ____________
Index books ____________
Manifests ____________

Use Form 160-Im. in issuing certificate of arrival on this application.

RECORD FOUND

Place ____________
Name ____________
Date ____________
Manner ____________
Marital status ____________
____________ (Signature of person making search)

TO THE APPLICANT: DO NOT WRITE ABOVE THIS LINE. READ CAREFULLY AND FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS ON LAST PAGE HEREOF.

☛ *Take or mail this application and your money order to:*

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE,
439 New Federal Building,
DETROIT, MICH.

Date ____________, 19____

I, Ernestina Kolka, residing at 205 Gates St., Bay City (Number and street) Bay City (City or town) Bay (County) Mich. (State), desire to file a petition for naturalization in the Circuit (Name of court) Court at Bay City (City or town) Mich. (State) I submit herewith a statement of facts to be used in filing such petition, two photographs of myself, each of which I have signed, and my declaration of intention (first paper), if one is required.

I hereby apply for a Certificate of Arrival (if required) showing my lawful entry into the United States for permanent residence and enclose money order No. ____________ for $2.50, payable to the order of the "Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization, Washington, D. C.," in payment therefor. (See reference to "money order," page 4.)

(1) I arrived in the United States through the port of New York (City or town) New York (State)
under the name of Ernestina Berg, on Do not remember (Month) (Day) (Year)
on the vessel Do not remember (If otherwise than by vessel, show manner of arrival)
(If arrival was through {Canada / Mexico} I arrived at the port of ____________ {Canada / Mexico
on ____________ (Month) (Day) (Year) on the vessel ____________)

(2) I have ______ been absent from the United States as follows: ____________ (Dates of departure and return, ports of entry, and names of vessels or other means)
I have ______ been absent at any other time.

(3) I have ______ used another name in this country than that given above. (If so) It was Ernestina Kolka
I used that name because I married Edward Kolka

(4) The full name of the person shown on my steamship ticket was Do not remember

(5) I was born in Dansig (City or town) Germany (Country) on Jan. (Month) 17 (Day) 1887 (Year)

(6) My father's full name ~~is~~/was Herman Berg

(7) My mother's maiden name was Catherine Tober

(8) (If a married woman) My maiden name was Ernestina Berg

(9) My last foreign residence was Dansig (City or town) Germany (Country)

(10) The place where I took the ship or train which landed me in the United States was Do not remember (City or town) (Country)

(11) The ticket on which I came to this country was bought at Do not remember (City) (Country)

(12) (If arrival by ship) Name of steamship line was Do not remember
first, second, or third cabin Do not remember (State which) I arrived as a passenger, stowaway, seaman, member of crew, or otherwise Came over when I was 3 years old. (State which, giving particulars)

(13) I traveled on (an immigration visa, a passport, or permit to reenter) Do not remember (State which)

(14) My original Immigrant Identification Card No. Do not remember is hereto attached. If not herewith, it is because ____________

(15) I paid $ No head tax at ____________ (City or town) (State or country) on ____________ (Month) (Day) (Year)

(16) I was not examined by United States immigration officers at ____________ (City or town) (State or country)

(17) (If not examined, state why, and give the circumstances of your entry) Infant

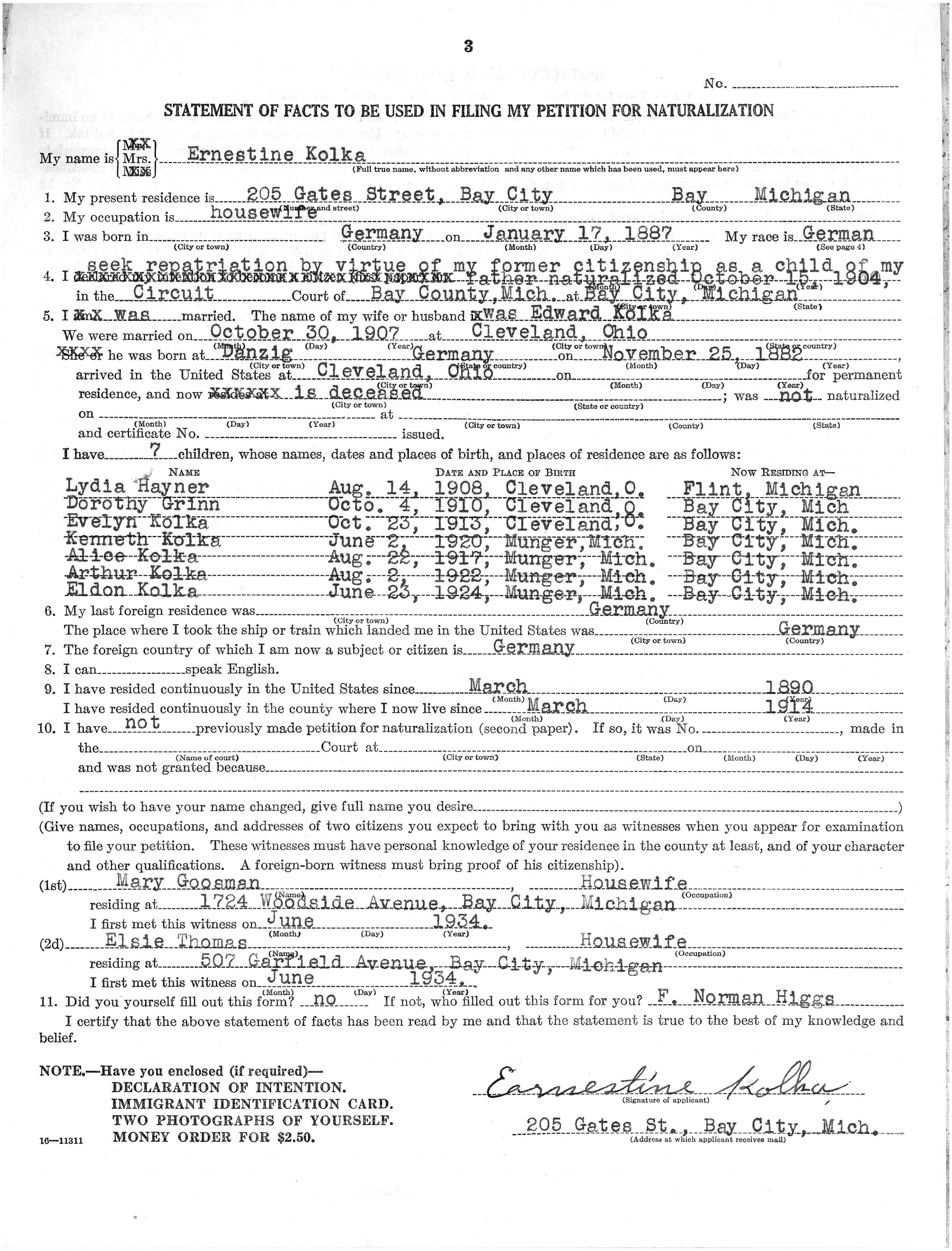
(18) The person in the United States to whom I was coming was Do not remember

(19) The place in the United States to which I was going was Do not remember

(20) The names of some of the passengers or other persons I traveled with and their relationship to me, if any, are
Father and Mother

16—11311

[OVER]



3

No.

STATEMENT OF FACTS TO BE USED IN FILING MY PETITION FOR NATURALIZATION

My name is ~~Mr.~~ Mrs. ~~Miss~~ Ernestine Kolka
(Full true name, without abbreviation and any other name which has been used, must appear here)

1. My present residence is 205 Gates Street, Bay City (Number and street) (City or town) Bay (County) Michigan (State)
2. My occupation is housewife
3. I was born in (City or town) Germany (Country) on January 17, 1887 (Month) (Day) (Year) My race is German (See page 4)
4. I ~~declared my intention to become a citizen (first paper) on~~ seek repatriation by virtue of my former citizenship as a child of my father naturalized October 15, 1904, (Month) (Day) (Year) in the Circuit Court of Bay County, Mich. at Bay City, Michigan (City or town) (State)
5. I ~~am~~ Was married. The name of my wife or husband ~~is~~ was Edward Kolka
We were married on October 30, 1907 (Month) (Day) (Year) at Cleveland, Ohio (City or town) (State or country)
~~She or~~ he was born at Danzig (City or town) Germany (State or country) on November 25, 1882 (Month) (Day) (Year), arrived in the United States at Cleveland, Ohio (City or town) (State or country) on (Month) (Day) (Year) for permanent residence, and now ~~resides at~~ is deceased (City or town) (State or country); was not naturalized on (Month) (Day) (Year) at (City or town) (County) (State) and certificate No. issued.

I have 7 children, whose names, dates and places of birth, and places of residence are as follows:

Name	Date and Place of Birth	Now Residing at—
Lydia Hayner	Aug. 14, 1908, Cleveland, O.	Flint, Michigan
Dorothy Grinn	Octo. 4, 1910, Cleveland, O.	Bay City, Mich
Evelyn Kolka	Oct. 23, 1913, Cleveland, O.	Bay City, Mich.
Kenneth Kolka	June 2, 1920, Munger, Mich.	Bay City, Mich.
Alice Kolka	Aug. 22, 1917, Munger, Mich.	Bay City, Mich.
Arthur Kolka	Aug. 2, 1922, Munger, Mich.	Bay City, Mich.
Eldon Kolka	June 23, 1924, Munger, Mich.	Bay City, Mich.

6. My last foreign residence was (City or town) Germany (Country)
The place where I took the ship or train which landed me in the United States was (City or town) Germany (Country)
7. The foreign country of which I am now a subject or citizen is Germany
8. I can speak English.
9. I have resided continuously in the United States since March (Month) (Day) 1890 (Year)
I have resided continuously in the county where I now live since March (Month) (Day) 1914 (Year)
10. I have not previously made petition for naturalization (second paper). If so, it was No. , made in the (Name of court) Court at (City or town) (State) on (Month) (Day) (Year) and was not granted because

(If you wish to have your name changed, give full name you desire)

(Give names, occupations, and addresses of two citizens you expect to bring with you as witnesses when you appear for examination to file your petition. These witnesses must have personal knowledge of your residence in the county at least, and of your character and other qualifications. A foreign-born witness must bring proof of his citizenship).

(1st) Mary Goosman (Name), Housewife (Occupation)
residing at 1724 Woodside Avenue, Bay City, Michigan
I first met this witness on June (Month) (Day) 1934. (Year)

(2d) Elsie Thomas (Name), Housewife (Occupation)
residing at 507 Garfield Avenue, Bay City, Michigan
I first met this witness on June (Month) (Day) 1934. (Year)

11. Did you yourself fill out this form? no If not, who filled out this form for you? F. Norman Higgs

I certify that the above statement of facts has been read by me and that the statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

NOTE.—Have you enclosed (if required)—
DECLARATION OF INTENTION.
IMMIGRANT IDENTIFICATION CARD.
TWO PHOTOGRAPHS OF YOURSELF.
MONEY ORDER FOR $2.50.

16—11311

Ernestine Kolka
(Signature of applicant)

205 Gates St., Bay City, Mich.
(Address at which applicant receives mail)

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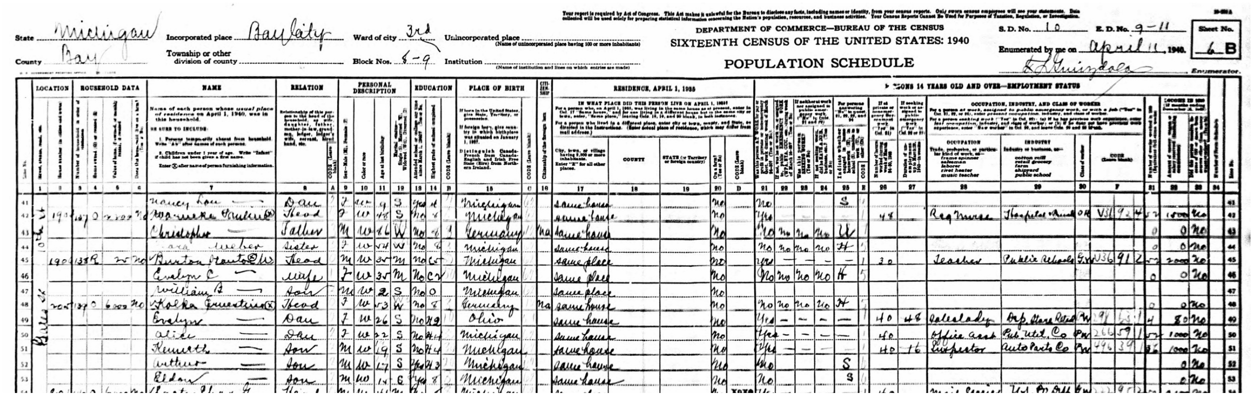
[332] *1940 US Census; and 1940, 1942, 1944, 1946, 1947 and 1948 Polk Bay City, Michigan, Directories.*



State Michigan Incorporated place Bay City Ward of city 3rd Unincorporated place
County Bay Township or other division of county Block Nos. 8-9 Institution

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE—BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
SIXTEENTH CENSUS OF THE UNITED STATES: 1940
POPULATION SCHEDULE

S. D. No. 10 E. D. No. 9-11 Sheet No. 6 B
Enumerated by me on April 11, 1940. E. L. Guinzdale Enumerator.

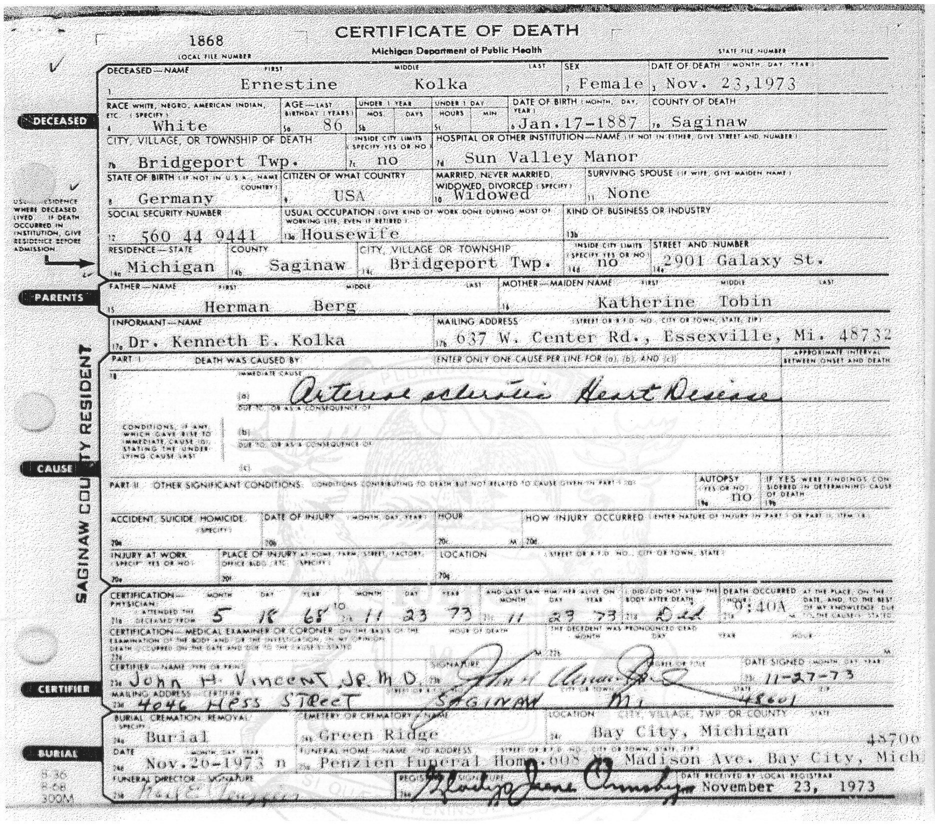
Line	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
41							Nancy Lou	Dau	F	[illegible]	9	S	Yes	4	Michigan		same house			No	No				S								
42	10th St	190	157	O	2500	No	Warnke Pauline ⊗	Head	F	W	48	S	No	8	Michigan		same house			No	Yes					48		Reg Nurse	Hospital [illegible]	OA	52	1500	No
43							Christopher	Father	M	W	86	W	No	4	Germany	Na	same house			No	No	No	No	No	U						0	0	No
44							[illegible]ara Weber	Sister	F	W	54	W	No	8	Michigan		same house			No	No	No	No	No	H						0	0	No
45		190	138	R	25	No	Burton Stanton ⊗ W	Head	M	W	35	M	No	C5	Michigan		same place			No	Yes	—	—	—	—	30		Teacher	Public Schools	GW	52	2000	No
46							Evelyn C	Wife	F	W	35	M	No	C4	Michigan		same place			No	No	No	No	No	H						0	0	No
47							William B	Son	M	W	2	S	No	0	Michigan		same place			No													
48	[illegible] St	205	137	O	6000	No	Kolka Ernestine ⊗	Head	F	W	53	W	No	8	Germany	Na	same house			No	No	No	No	No	H						0	0	No
49							Evelyn	Dau	F	W	26	S	No	H2	Ohio		same house			No	Yes	—	—	—	—	40	48	Saleslady	Dep. Store Retail	PW	4	80	No
50							Alice	Dau	F	W	22	S	No	H4	Michigan		same house			No	Yes	—	—	—	—	40		Office asst	Pub. Util. Co	PW	52	1000	No
51							Kenneth	Son	M	W	19	S	No	H4	Michigan		same house			No	Yes	—	—	—	—	40	16	Inspector	Auto Parts Co	PW	38	1000	No
52							Arthur	Son	M	W	17	S	Yes	H3	Michigan		same house			No	No				S							0	No
53							Eldon	Son	M	W	14	S	Yes	8	Michigan		same house			No	No				S							0	No

---

[333] *1949 Warranty Deed, Bay County, Michigan, Records,* Liber 395, Page320.

[334] *1950, 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958 and 1960 Polk Bay City, Michigan, Directories.*

[335] *1973 Saginaw County, Michigan, Death Certificate; 1973 Saginaw County, Michigan, Death Record; and 1973 US Deaths.*



CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
Michigan Department of Public Health
1868 LOCAL FILE NUMBER
STATE FILE NUMBER

DECEASED
1. DECEASED—NAME Ernestine Kolka
2. SEX Female
3. DATE OF DEATH Nov. 23, 1973
4. RACE White
5a. AGE—LAST BIRTHDAY (YEARS) 86
6. DATE OF BIRTH Jan. 17-1887
7a. COUNTY OF DEATH Saginaw
7b. CITY, VILLAGE, OR TOWNSHIP OF DEATH Bridgeport Twp.
7c. INSIDE CITY LIMITS no
7d. HOSPITAL OR OTHER INSTITUTION—NAME Sun Valley Manor
8. STATE OF BIRTH (IF NOT IN U.S.A., NAME COUNTRY) Germany
9. CITIZEN OF WHAT COUNTRY USA
10. MARRIED, NEVER MARRIED, WIDOWED, DIVORCED Widowed
11. SURVIVING SPOUSE None
12. SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER 560 44 9441
13a. USUAL OCCUPATION Housewife
13b. KIND OF BUSINESS OR INDUSTRY
14a. RESIDENCE—STATE Michigan
14b. COUNTY Saginaw
14c. CITY, VILLAGE OR TOWNSHIP Bridgeport Twp.
14d. INSIDE CITY LIMITS no
14e. STREET AND NUMBER 2901 Galaxy St.

PARENTS
15. FATHER—NAME Herman Berg
16. MOTHER—MAIDEN NAME Katherine Tobin
17a. INFORMANT—NAME Dr. Kenneth E. Kolka
17b. MAILING ADDRESS 637 W. Center Rd., Essexville, Mi. 48732

CAUSE
18. PART I. DEATH WAS CAUSED BY
(a) IMMEDIATE CAUSE Arteriosclerotic Heart Disease
(b)
(c)
PART II. OTHER SIGNIFICANT CONDITIONS
19a. AUTOPSY no

SAGINAW COUNTY RESIDENT

CERTIFIER
21a. CERTIFICATION—PHYSICIAN I ATTENDED THE DECEASED FROM 5 18 68 TO 11 23 73
21b. AND LAST SAW HIM/HER ALIVE ON 11 23 73
21c. I DID/DID NOT VIEW THE BODY AFTER DEATH Did
21d. DEATH OCCURRED AT 9:40A
23a. CERTIFIER—NAME John H. Vincent Jr. M.D.
23b. SIGNATURE John H. Vincent Jr.
23c. DATE SIGNED 11-27-73
23d. MAILING ADDRESS 4046 Hess Street Saginaw Mi. 48601

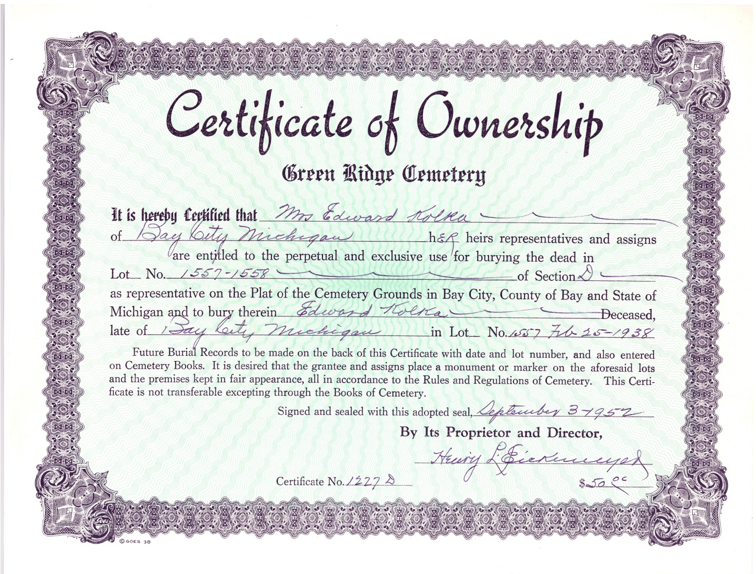
BURIAL
24a. BURIAL, CREMATION, REMOVAL Burial
24b. CEMETERY OR CREMATORY—NAME Green Ridge
24c. LOCATION Bay City, Michigan 48700
24d. DATE Nov. 26-1973
25a. FUNERAL HOME—NAME AND ADDRESS Penzien Funeral Home 608 N. Madison Ave. Bay City, Mich
25b. FUNERAL DIRECTOR—SIGNATURE
26a. REGISTRAR—SIGNATURE Gladys Jane Ormsby
26b. DATE RECEIVED BY LOCAL REGISTRAR November 23, 1973

8-36
8-68
300M

Kolka, Ernestine
2901 Galaxy St.
Saginaw, Michigan.

Private funeral services were held Saturday afternoon at the Penzien Funeral Home for Mrs. Ernestine Kolka. Mrs. Kolka, age 86, passed away at Sun Valley Manor following a lingering illness, on Friday, November 23, 1973. She was born in Germany on January 17, 1887 and came to America when three years of age residing most of her lifetime in Bay County. The former Ernestine Berg, she married the late Edward Kolka on October 29, 1907. Mrs. Kolka is survived by three sons, Dr. Kenneth E. Kolka, Arthur A. Kolka, both of Essexville and Eldon J. Kolka of Grand Blanc, Mich. and four daughters, Mrs. A. Hayner of Bay City, Mrs. Edwin Grinn of Gladwin, Mrs. Harold Staudacher of Flint, and Mrs. O. S. Greer of Saginaw as well as 18 grandchildren and three great-grandchildren. Mrs. Kolka was a member of Immanuel Lutheran Church. She is also survived by a sister, Mrs. August Heinzman of Quanicassee and a brother, Mr. Fred Berg of Marine City, Michigan.

[336] *Bay Monument Company Records*; and original gravemarker in Green Ridge Cemetery:



Certificate of Ownership

Green Ridge Cemetery

It is hereby Certified that Mrs Edward Kolka
of Bay City Michigan hER heirs representatives and assigns are entitled to the perpetual and exclusive use for burying the dead in
Lot No. 1557-1558 of Section D
as representative on the Plat of the Cemetery Grounds in Bay City, County of Bay and State of Michigan and to bury therein Edward Kolka Deceased,
late of Bay City, Michigan in Lot No. 1557 Feb 25-1938

Future Burial Records to be made on the back of this Certificate with date and lot number, and also entered on Cemetery Books. It is desired that the grantee and assigns place a monument or marker on the aforesaid lots and the premises kept in fair appearance, all in accordance to the Rules and Regulations of Cemetery. This Certificate is not transferable excepting through the Books of Cemetery.

Signed and sealed with this adopted seal, September 3-1952

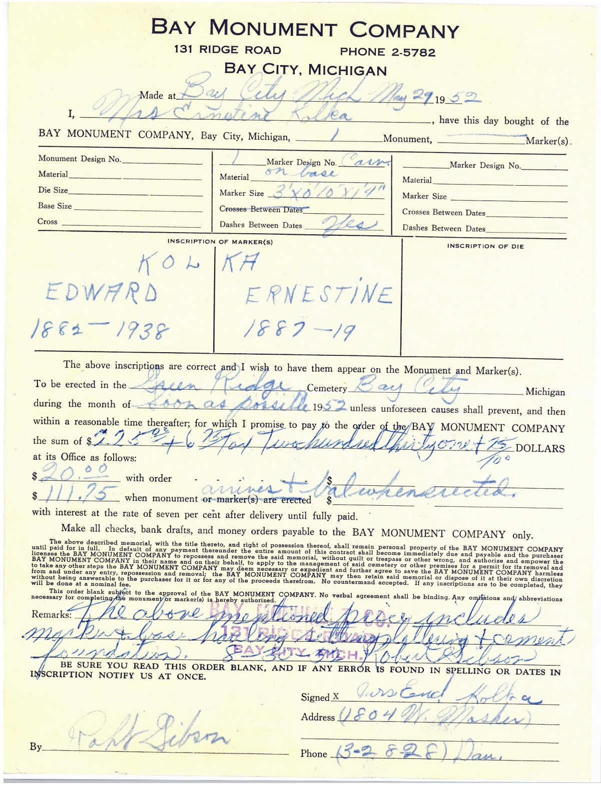
By Its Proprietor and Director,

Henry L. Eickmeyer

Certificate No. 1227 D

$50.00

©GOES 38



BAY MONUMENT COMPANY
131 RIDGE ROAD PHONE 2-5782
BAY CITY, MICHIGAN

Made at Bay City Mich May 29 1952

I, Mrs Ernestine Kolka, have this day bought of the BAY MONUMENT COMPANY, Bay City, Michigan, 1 Monument, Marker(s).

Monument Design No.	1 Marker Design No. Carv.	Marker Design No.
Material	Material on base	Material
Die Size	Marker Size 3'x0'10"x1'4"	Marker Size
Base Size	~~Crosses Between Dates~~	Crosses Between Dates
Cross	Dashes Between Dates Yes	Dashes Between Dates

INSCRIPTION OF MARKER(S)		INSCRIPTION OF DIE
KOL	KA	
EDWARD	ERNESTINE	
1882 — 1938	1887 — 19	

The above inscriptions are correct and I wish to have them appear on the Monument and Marker(s).

To be erected in the Green Ridge Cemetery Bay City Michigan during the month of Soon as possible 1952 unless unforeseen causes shall prevent, and then within a reasonable time thereafter; for which I promise to pay to the order of the BAY MONUMENT COMPANY the sum of $225.00 + 6.75 tax Two hundred thirty one + 75/100 DOLLARS at its Office as follows:

$20.00 with order
$111.75 when monument or marker(s) are erected arrives + bal when erected.

with interest at the rate of seven per cent after delivery until fully paid.

Make all checks, bank drafts, and money orders payable to the BAY MONUMENT COMPANY only.

The above described memorial, with the title thereto, and right of possession thereof, shall remain personal property of the BAY MONUMENT COMPANY until paid for in full. In default of any payment thereunder the entire amount of this contract shall become immediately due and payable and the purchaser licenses the BAY MONUMENT COMPANY to repossess and remove the said memorial, without guilt or trespass or other wrong, and authorize and empower the BAY MONUMENT COMPANY in their name and on their behalf, to apply to the management of said cemetery or other premises for a permit for its removal and to take any other steps the BAY MONUMENT COMPANY may deem necessary or expedient and further agree to save the BAY MONUMENT COMPANY harmless from and under any entry, repossession and removal; the BAY MONUMENT COMPANY may then retain said memorial or dispose of it at their own discretion without being answerable to the purchaser for it or for any of the proceeds therefrom. No countermand accepted. If any inscriptions are to be completed, they will be done at a nominal fee.

This order blank subject to the approval of the BAY MONUMENT COMPANY. No verbal agreement shall be binding. Any omissions and abbreviations necessary for completing the monument or marker(s) is hereby authorized.

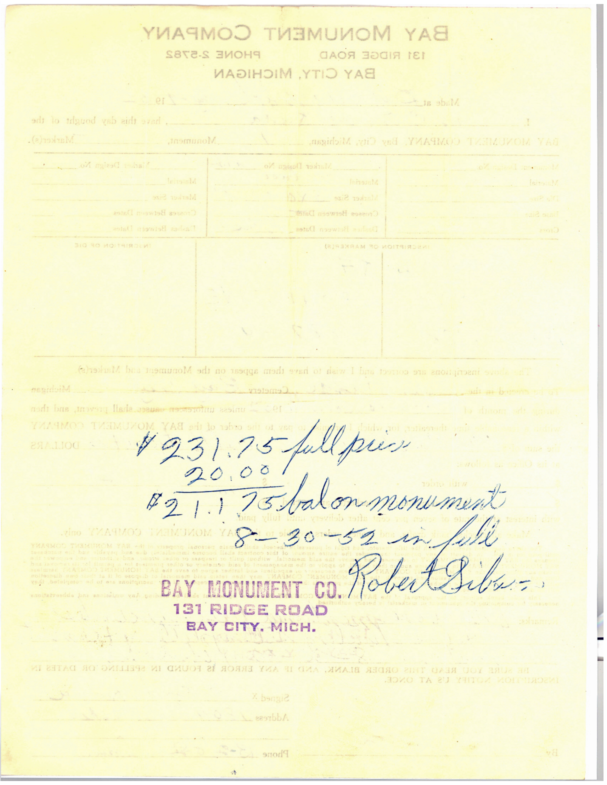
Remarks: The above mentioned price includes marker + base hauling setting lettering + cement foundation. 8-30-52 Robert Gibson

BAY MONUMENT CO.
131 RIDGE ROAD
BAY CITY, MICH.

BE SURE YOU READ THIS ORDER BLANK, AND IF ANY ERROR IS FOUND IN SPELLING OR DATES IN INSCRIPTION NOTIFY US AT ONCE.

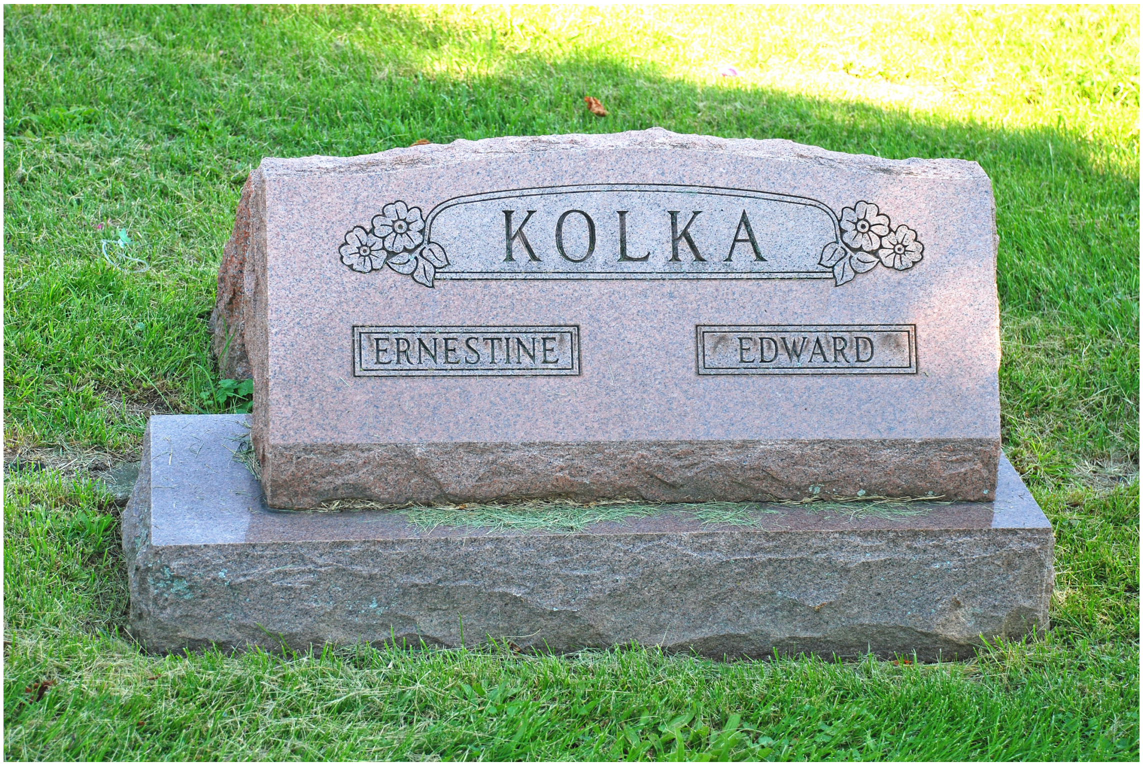
Signed X Mrs Edw. Kolka
Address (1804 W. Mosher)
Phone (3-2828) Dan.

By Robt Gibson



$231.75 full price
20.00
$211.75 bal on monument
8-30-52 in full
Robert Gibson

BAY MONUMENT CO.
131 RIDGE ROAD
BAY CITY, MICH.


KOLKA
ERNESTINE
EDWARD

Lydia (Lee) Amanda Kolka told me she and her grandmother, *Katherine Tober Berg*, came down with the 1918 Spanish flu. In 1929, Lydia was a stenographer at World's Star Knitting Company.[337] Lee (Lydia) left home in 1929 (probably after her parents sold the Seventh Street home in August 1929) and moved to Flint to work as a stenographer for Consumers Power, which she did for 15 years. In April 1930, Lydia (Lee) Kolka was living with 23 other women in an East First Street, Flint, Michigan, rooming house.[338] Lydia (Lee) Kolka, and her friend Alice Willy, took a cruise to Europe aboard the *RMS Franconia (II)*, owned by the Cunard White Star Line, in June 1932. She arrived in London on July 4, 1932. They spent six weeks in Europe, before returning on Cunard's *SS Aquitania*.[339]

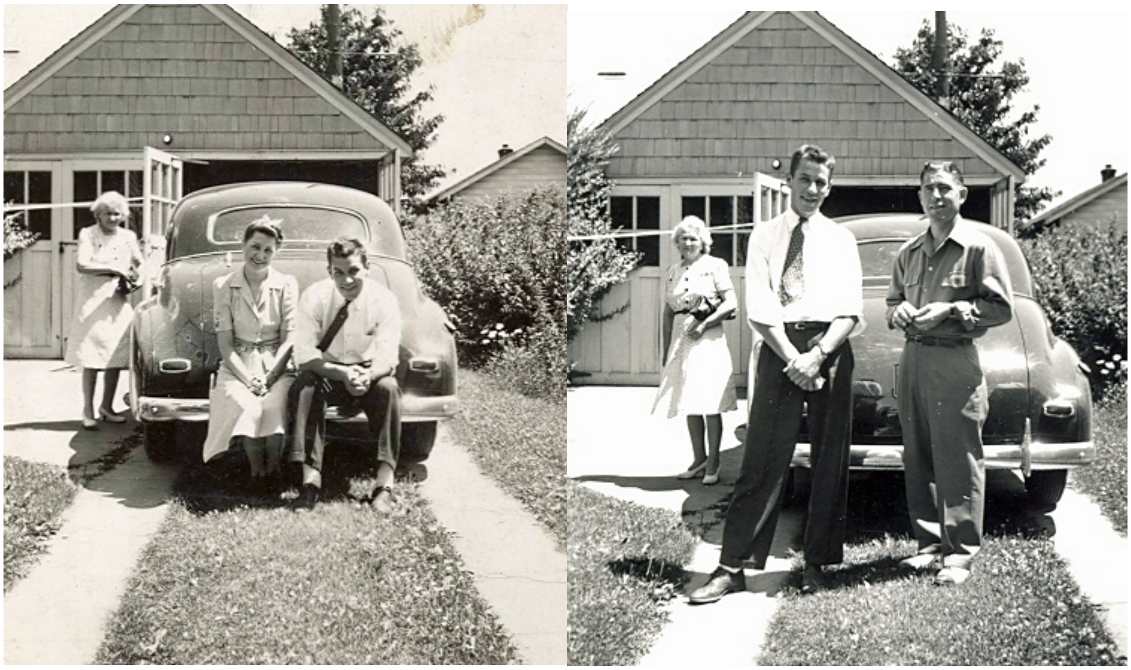
1925

1930

Lee on the RMS Franconia 1932

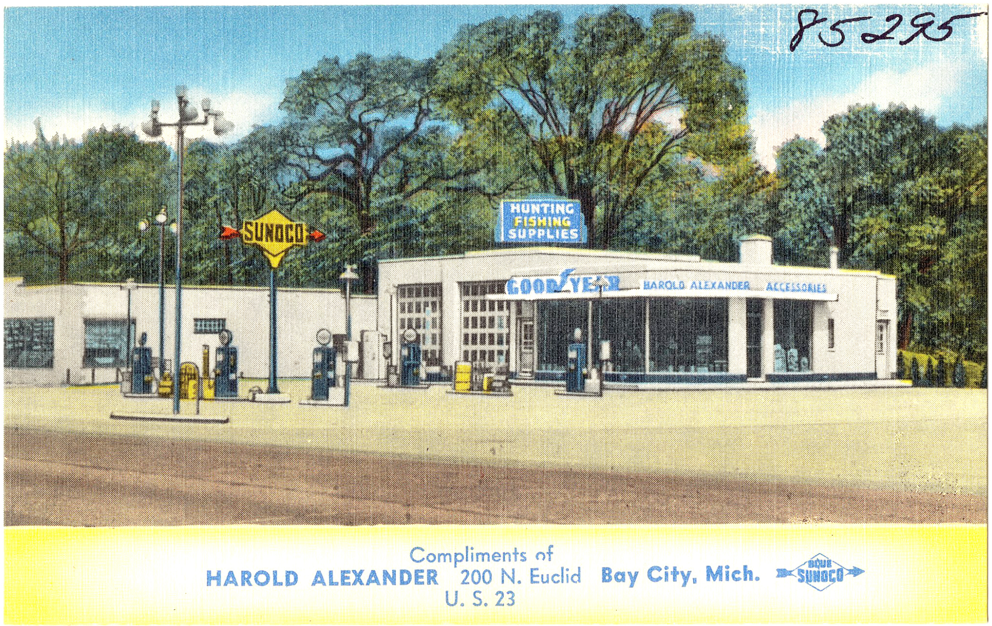
On July 17, 1936, Lydia (Lee) Amanda Kolka, who was living at the Flint YWCA, married Elmer (Al) Warren Hayner (September 15, 1901, Wilson Township, Charlevoix County, Michigan – June 19, 1992, Flint, Genesee County, Michigan), son of Elmer J. Hayner (January 22, 1866, probably Kalamazoo County, Michigan – May 24, 1916, Wilson Township, Charlevoix County, Michigan; m Ida M. Clark on September 14, 1896, Caro, Tuscola County, Michigan; son of Civil War veteran George W. Hayner and Laura Ann Cottrell) and Ida May Clark (December 20, 1880, Kingston, Tuscola County, Michigan – December 3, 1973, Petoskey, Emmet County, Michigan; December 29, 1930, m Robert Henry Davis; daughter of Rose Clark and Anna Connant), a service station manager, in the parsonage of the Immanuel Lutheran Church, Bay City, by Rev. Theodore Stiegemeyer. Her brother Ken and sister Alice witnessed the ceremony.[340]

The Hayner's continued living in Flint at least into 1942, where they lived at 416 Clifford Street. Al was the owner of Hayner's Service, a gasoline filling station, located at 504 Garland Street, Flint. Lydia was working 40 hours a week and earned $1,448 in 1939. World War II probably had a significant impact on Al Hayner's business due to rationing.[341]



Circa 1942 Ernestine and Eldon with Lydia and Al Hayner

By 1946, the Hayner's were living in Bay City. Al was working as a salesman for Harold Alexander Super Service, who owned gas stations and delivered gas. One of the stations was at 200 North Euclid Avenue in Bay City.


85295
SUNOCO
HUNTING
FISHING
SUPPLIES
GOODYEAR
HAROLD ALEXANDER
ACCESSORIES
Compliments of
HAROLD ALEXANDER
200 N. Euclid
U. S. 23
Bay City, Mich.
BLUE SUNOCO

By 1952, they were living at 1804 W. Mosher Street, Bay City, and *Ernestine Kolka* lived with them on her return from California. Lee pitched in and helped *Art* build his house (1950) and Ken in building Bay Animal Hospital (1956). Lee and Al lived in Petoskey after Al's retirement, and eventually moved to Grand Blanc, Michigan. Uncle Al was nicknamed the "Governor," because of his resemblance to Michigan Governor George Romney. They did not have children.

Al Hayner and Lydia Kolka Hayner circa 1976

After Al's death, Lee lived by herself in an apartment in Grand Blanc, until a couple of weeks before her death. She kept up on the news and Michigan State football and basketball, and we would talk frequently. Lydia (Lee) Kolka Hayner outlived all of her siblings and died at the age of 102 on February 17, 2011, in Goodrich, Genesee County, Michigan. Lydia (Lee) Amanda Kolka and Elmer Warren Hayner are interred in the Chapel Hill Mausoleum, Freeland, Michigan.[342] Aunt Lee was an awesome lady and is greatly missed.

2006 Mark Kolka, Lee Kolka Hayner*, Josh Kolka, Pauline Swincicki Kolka*, Eldon Kolka and Joan Micinski Kolka

Dorothy Ernestine Kolka worked as an aide and a clerk at the Samaritan Hospital after high school, from 1929 to 1937.[343]

On November 14, 1936, Dorothy Kolka married Edwin Otto Grinn (April 4, 1901, Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio – January 23, 1971, Sherman Township, Gladwin County, Michigan), son of Ludwig (Louis) Grinn (May 7, 1872, Prussia/Germany – November 15, 1939, Sherman Township, Gladwin County, Michigan; m Augusta Rode on May 6, 1900, in Cleveland, Ohio; Imm 1894 New York; son of Johann Grinn and Maria Pahl/Paul) and Augusta Rode (February 6, 1878, Congress Poland – April 27, 1959, St. Clair Shores, Macomb County, Michigan; daughter of Ferdinand Rode and Eufrozyna Franciszka (Katharina) Lau), a carpenter and cabinetmaker, in Oberlin, Sage Township, Gladwin County, Michigan. Edwin Grinn was raised on a farm in Sherman Township, Gladwin County, Michigan.[344]

In April 1940, they were living in Grand Rapids, Michigan, where Edwin was a contractor/home builder. However, Edwin and Dorothy Kolka Grinn were also listed as living at 205 Gates Street, Bay City, in 1940. By February 1942, they were living at 17374 Orleans, Detroit, and Edwin Grinn was a carpenter for Walter A. Mast, Inc. In 1944, the Grinn's lived at 3044 N. Water Street, Bay City, and Edwin was employed as a "molder," shaping lumber using multi-blade moulding machines for construction. As of April 1, 1950, the family was living in Sherman Township, Gladwin County, Michigan, having moved from Prudenville, Roscommon County, in 1949. Edwin was a carpenter building homes and cottages. He later was a cabinetmaker.[345]

Dorothy Kolka and Edwin Grinn had two sons (Richard and Gary), both of whom graduated from Michigan Technological University.[346]

- Richard Louis Grinn (November 5, 1940, Grand Rapids, Kent County, Michigan – December 24, 2013, ____, Oakland County, Michigan).[347]
- Gary James Grinn (b1946, ____ - ____).[348]

Edwin Grinn

Circa 1941
Dorothy and Richard

Dorothy Kolka Grinn died on March 10, 1976, at the age of 65, in Avon Township, Oakland County, Michigan. They are buried in the St. John's Evangelical Lutheran Church Cemetery, Gladwin.[349]

Evelyn Amelia Kolka was a high school student in 1931. After graduating from Bay City Central High School, was working as a housekeeper in 1932. As of April 1940, Evelyn (26), was still living with her mother at 205 Gates Street, and working full time as a saleslady at a retail department store (J. C. Penney). As of 1942, she was a clerk working at Consumers Power.[350]

Evelyn (Evie) Amelia Kolka married World War II veteran Oval Summers Greer (May 9, 1921, Flint, Genesee County, Michigan – May 24, 2014, Alabama), one of eight children of John Wilburn Greer (March 24, 1886, Fairdealing, Ripley County, Missouri – March 22, 1946, Chicago, Cook County, Illinois; m February 21, 1913, Caruthersville, Pemiscot County, Missouri; son of John W. Greer and Mary Catherine Pierce Cope) and Cannie Sadie Barham (August 25, 1890, Kennett, Dunklin County, Missouri – November 18, 1978, Flint, Genesee County, Michigan; divorced John Wilburn Greer on August 14, 1935, in Genesee County, Michigan; daughter of Charles J. Barham and Mary Frances (Mollie) Ingram)),[351] on November 23, 1946, in Bay City, Bay County, Michigan.[352]

Unknown (possibly a Berg brother), Ernestine, Art, Evelyn and Summers Greer

Oval Summers Greer enlisted in the US Marine Corps on October 25, 1939, probably after graduating from high school in June 1939. He mustered into the service in San Diego in December 1939. He was usually listed as a Private with an anti-aircraft battalion. He was stationed in San Diego (1940-1941) and Midway (1941) before World War II. He re-enlisted on March 26, 1941. On December 7, 1941, he was stationed at Pearl Harbor and was involved in defending against the Japanese attack. He later saw action in the Solomon Islands and Iwo Jima. During World War II, he was stationed throughout the Pacific (Pearl Harbor/Oahu (1941, 1943), Palmyra Island (1942-1943), San Diego (1943), Eniwetok Atoll, Carolines, and Okinawa). Even though he was discharged from the Marines on December 2, 1945, and had served for six years, he registered for the draft on December 7, 1945.[353]

After their marriage, Evelyn and Summers Greer moved to Flint, Michigan, where he was working as a salesman and district supervisor for the George A. Gardella Co., a wholesale food/candy distributor, and a salesman for the Curtiss Candy Company. Summers Greer owned a vending machine company in Saginaw during the 1960-70s. On September 25, 1972, The Saginaw City Council approved adding Oval Summers Greer as a stockholder to the liquor license for 222 Federal Street, Saginaw. a bar a block off of Washington Avenue, Saginaw. By 1981, they were living in Longwood, near Orlando, Florida, and had moved to Decatur, Alabama, by 1991. Evelyn Kolka Greer died on July 3, 2008, at the age of 94, in Decatur, Alabama.[354]

April 1981: Oval Summers Greer, Evelyn Kolka Greer, Harold Staudacher, Ken Kolka and Alice Kolka Staudacher in Longwood, Florida

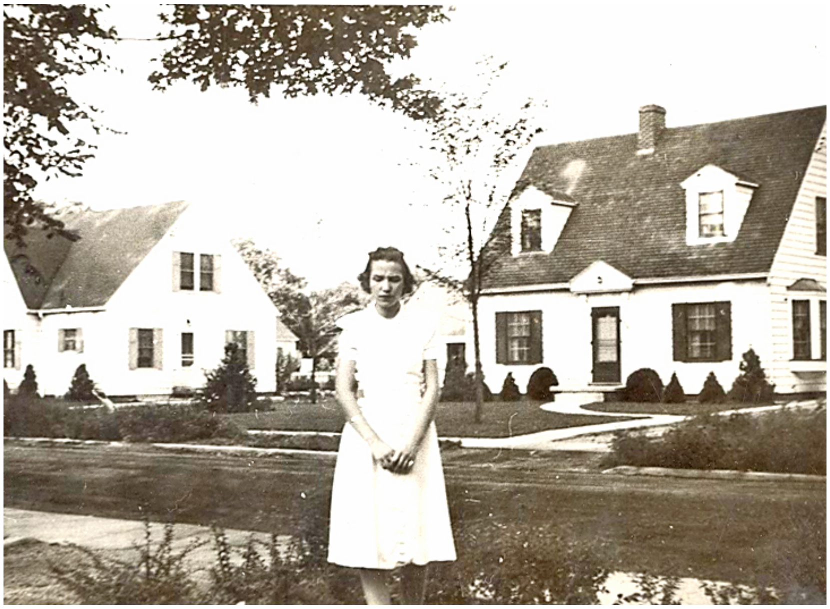
Oval Summers Greer and Evelyn Amelia Kolka had one child.

- Jack Summers Greer (b September 1947, Flint, Genesee County, Michigan).[355]

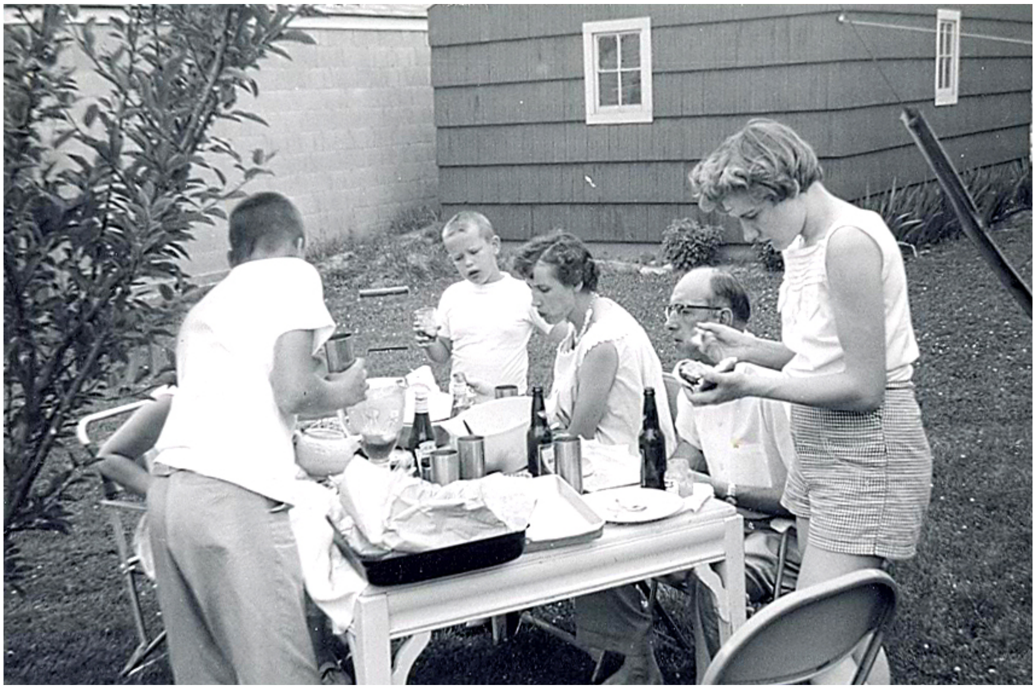
Alice Ruth Kolka, graduated from Bay City Central High School in January 1935 and Bay City Business College, and was living at home when *Edward Kolka* died. She worked as a stenographer for the Federal Life Insurance Company of Chicago. In April 1940, Alice (22) was working full time as an office assistant at Consumers Power.[356]

On April 22, 1942, in Bay City, Michigan, with Elmer and Lydia Kolka Hayner as their witnesses, Alice Ruth Kolka married Harold Arthur Staudacher[357] (May 20, 1917, Flint, Genesee County, Michigan - June 11, 1996, Flint, Genesee County, Michigan),[358] one of three sons of Arthur Frederick Staudacher (March 27, 1891, West Bay City, Bay County, Michigan – December 22, 1953, East Tawas, Iosco County, Michigan; m October 6, 1916, in Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan; son of George Michael Staudacher and Ida Therese Jagnow)[359] and Johanna Helen Curry (August 6, 1893, Tawas City, Iosco County, Michigan – July 17, 1980, Tawas City, Iosco County, Michigan), daughter of Thomas Curry (October 29, 1842, Chatham de Gore, Deux-Montagnes, Lower Canada (Québec), Canada – January 29, 1917, East Tawas, Iosco County, Michigan; m February 15, 1874, Tawas City, Iosco County, Michigan) and Catherine Josephine Schneeberger (September 24, 1853, Freedom Township, Washtenaw County, Michigan – March 14, 1934, East Tawas, Iosco County, Michigan).[360]

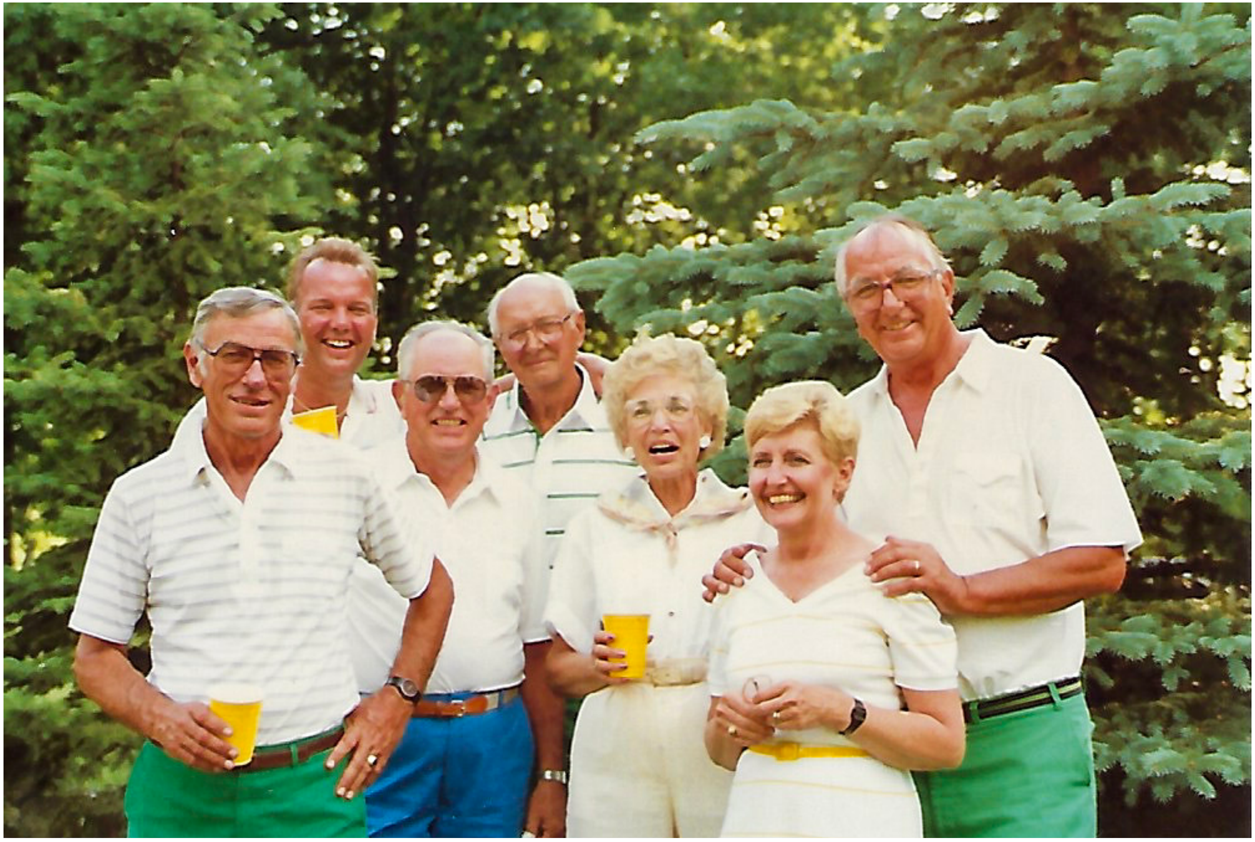
Harold Staudacher was a laborer in East Tawas, Michigan, in April 1940. In October 1940, Harold was employed by Timkin Detroit Axle Company in Detroit. At the time of their marriage Harold Staudacher was a shipping clerk for Dow Chemical in Bay City. As of April 1950, the family was living at 208 Spring Street on the Kawkawlin River in Bangor Township, Bay County, Michigan, and Harold was a manager for Singer Sewing Machine. Later he was a salesman for wine distributors. The family moved to Flint in the 1960s. Alice Ruth Kolka Staudacher became the executive secretary for the Comptroller of McLaren Hospital.[361]



Alice Kolka Staudacher



August 1957
Tom, Jon, Alice and Harold Staudacher (and Joan Kolka?)



Back: Tom Staudacher, Harod Staudacher and Ken Kolka
Front: Eldon Kolka, Art Kolka, Alice Kolka Staudacher and Nancy Krone Kolka

Alice Kolka Staudacher died on December 21, 2002, in Goodrich, Michigan, at the age of 85.[362] Harold Arthur Staudacher and Alice Ruth Kolka had three sons.

- Thomas James Staudacher (July 28, 1944, Bay City, Bay County, Michigan - January 10, 2025, Fenton, Genesee County, Michigan).[363]
- Jon Theodore Staudacher (b1949, Bay City, Bay County, Michigan).[364]
- Kent Edward Staudacher (b1957, Bay City, Bay County, Michigan).[365]

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[337] *1929 Polk Bay City, Michigan, Directory.*

[338] *1930 US Census; and 1930, 1931, 1932, 1934 and 1936 Flint, Michigan, City Directories.*

[339] *RMS Franconia (II) Manifest.*

> "Built by John Brown & Co., and designed by Leslie Peskett, head designer for Cunard, the same man that had designed the *Aquitania* – 'The Ship Beautiful'. To honour the first *Franconia* that had been sunk during the war, Cunard decided to give this new ship that name. On October 21, 1922, Lady Royden, wife of Sir Thomas Royden, chairman of Cunard, launched the *Franconia* into the River Clyde. On June 23, 1923, the *Franconia* successfully carried through her maiden voyage between Liverpool and New York.
>
> "It was now evident that the *Franconia* was by far superior to the four previous single stackers that had set her pattern. She was more luxurious, better decorated and had differences in design that the passengers seemed to favour. The interiors of the *Franconia* were fabulous. She had two garden lounges, a fifteenth-century styled smoking room, a health centre and a racquetball court.
>
> "During the Twenties, the *Franconia* was much used for cruising – something the shipping companies more and more had to rely on. Loyal passengers on board the *Franconia* were celebrities such as Cole Porter, Noël Coward, Richard Rodgers and Oscar Hammerstein.
>
> "The *Franconia* seemed to be every inch a ship for people who wanted to leave their troubles behind and relax for some time, but she ship was certainly not immune to accidents. On April 10th, 1926, the *Franconia* was involved in a collision between her, an Italian gunboat and a Japanese vessel in Shanghai harbour. The *Franconia* had intended to leave her wharf, but run aground with her bow, making her stern swing around into the two smaller vessels. To make matters worse, a buoy became tangled in the *Franconia's* propellers. This resulted in the sinking of a small lighter and the killing of four of its crewmembers.
>
> "Despite this tragic accident, the *Franconia* remained a very popular ship who continued on the Liverpool-New York route on the summers and as a cruise ship in the winter months. She continued this scheduled service until the outbreak of World War II in 1939.
>
> "In September of 1939, as Adolf Hitler marched into Poland, the *Franconia* was repainted grey and turned into a troopship capable of carrying 3,000 soldiers. She was immediately employed in the Mediterranean. On October 5 the same year she collided with the Royal Mail Line's Alcantra who was serving as a troopship for the British as well. This event did not go of well, as *Franconia* suffered serious damage and had to go to Malta for extensive repairs. The following June, the *Franconia* was hit by Axis bombers while in service west of France when she was carrying 8,000 troops. The safety policy of Cunard paid off, as the *Franconia* remained afloat and saved the lives

of thousands of people. For the remaining years of the war, the *Franconia* continued as a troop ship, going to India and the Middle East via Cape Town and taking part of the invasions in Madagascar, North Africa and Italy. During 1944 she carried American troops to the Mediterranean.

"Proven a very sturdy and reliable ship, the *Franconia* was given a very honourable task in 1945. Top secret orders from above ordered the Cunarder to the Mediterranean after she had some of her luxury fittings taken from storage and re-installed. When in the Mediterranean, the Franconia was sent further on into the Black Sea where she would serve as the floating headquarters for the British Prime Minister Winston Churchill and his staff during the historical Yalta Conference. Prime Minister Churchill was given a series of suites, while the staff; including secretaries, telegraphers, typists, and security guards – in all over a hundred people – joined him in less ornate environments. Cunard knew how to treat Churchill and since he liked spending much time in the bathtub, they installed a shelf just next to the tub, offering the Prime Minister to work and enjoy a good soak at the same time.

"When the devastating war finally was over in 1945, the *Franconia* completed some voyages across the Atlantic with refugee and emigrants. She had covered 319,784 miles in Government service carrying 189,239 military personnel all together. In 1949, she was handed back to Cunard who fully restored her into her pre-war glory. The notable thing about the emerging of the post-war *Franconia* was the fact that her passenger capacity had been considerably reduced – from 1,843 to 853. From now on she was put on the Canadian service, from Liverpool to Québec via Greenock.

"Until 1956, Cunard employed *Franconia* as a passenger ship. … *Franconia* was sold to the British Steel & Iron Corporation who received the old vessel in late December 1956 and broke her up at Inverkeithing." *thegreatoceanliners.com*.

* * *

"Throughout the entire career of the *RMS Aquitania*, the ship personified the perfection of pre-WWI naval architecture and design, aptly allowing the ship to transcend multiple generations of maritime tradition. Regarded as one of the most classic looking liners, the ship was nicknamed "Ship Beautiful" by her passengers throughout the 1920's.

"When the *Aquitania* was launched in 1914, Cunard had the advantage of both speed with the Lusitania and Mauritania, and the size and grandeur of the *Aquitania*. Slower than her two counterparts, the ship made up in terms of luxury and amenities.

"The *Aquitania* sailed in both World Wars, the only true ocean liner to do so. Launched right before the onset of WWI, the *Aquitania* like many other ships, did not see much civilian service before being requisitioned for the war efforts. At first, armed to sail as an armed merchant cruiser, it was deemed too expensive to have her sail. The ship was transitioned to a troopship and carried soldiers to the different battle fronts around the world. Soon after, it was decided that hospital ships were needed, the *Aquitania* joined the *Brittanic* in healing and returning wounded soldiers home in WWI.

"During WWII, the ship had been set to retire, but the British Admiralty again decided to utilize the ship as a troop transport, the *Aquitania* was back at it, serving as a troop transport. Sailing mostly between Britain and Canada, the ship ended up surviving the war and continued to sail for Cunard, making the ship the longest serving Cunard liner, until 2004 when the RMS Queen Elizabeth II surpassed that record." *thegreatoceanliners.com*.

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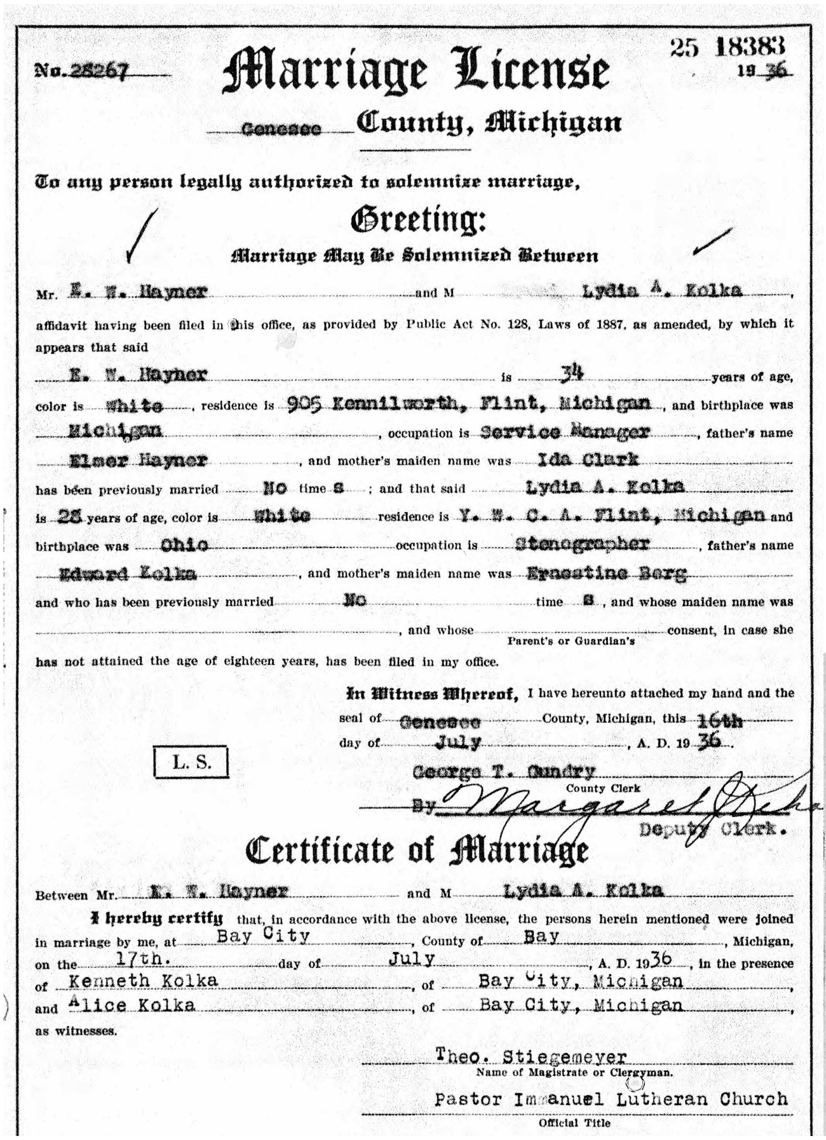
[340] *1840, 1850, 1860, 1870* (including Agricultural and Mortality Schedules)*, 1880, 1890* (Veteran's Schedule)*, 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1855 and 1865 New York Census; 1870* (Elizabeth Dimond) *and 1873* (William A. Hayner) *Texas Township, Kalamazoo County, Michigan, Death Records; 1896 Caro, Tuscola County, Michigan, Marriage Record; 1911* (George W. Hayner)*, WWI Draft Reg* (Charles Hayner)*; 1933* (Laura A. Cottrell Hayner) *and 1936* (Robert Henry Davis) *East Jordan, Charlevoix County, Michigan, Death Certificates; 1916 Wilson Township, Charlevoix County, Michigan, Death Certificate; 1930 Charlevoix County, Michigan, Marriage License and Certificate* (Ida May Clark Hayner - Robert H. Davis)*; July 12, 1933, The Grand Rapids Press Obituary* (Laura Cottrell Hayner)*; 1934 and 1936 Flint, Michigan, City Directories; 1936 Genesee County, Michigan, Marriage License; 1936 Bay County, Michigan, Marriage Certificate; 1936 The Bay City Times Marriage Announcement; WWII* (Elmer Hayner) *Draft Reg; 1973 Petosky, Emmet County, Michigan, Death Record; December 4, 1973 Petoskey News-Review Obituary* (Ida Clark Hayner Davis)*; 1992 Genesee County, Michigan, Death Record; 1992 US Apps/Claims; 1973 and 1992 US Deaths; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers: Hope Cemetery, Texas Corners, Michigan; Sunset Hill Cemetery, East Jordan, Michigan; and Chapel Hill Mausoleum, Freeland, Michigan).



No. 28267 **Marriage License** 25 18383

19 36

Genesee **County, Michigan**

To any person legally authorized to solemnize marriage,

Greeting:

Marriage May Be Solemnized Between

Mr. E. W. Hayner and M Lydia A. Kolka,

affidavit having been filed in this office, as provided by Public Act No. 128, Laws of 1887, as amended, by which it appears that said

E. W. Hayner is 34 years of age,

color is White, residence is 905 Kennilworth, Flint, Michigan, and birthplace was

Michigan, occupation is Service Manager, father's name

Elmer Hayner, and mother's maiden name was Ida Clark

has been previously married No time s; and that said Lydia A. Kolka

is 28 years of age, color is White residence is Y. W. C. A. Flint, Michigan and

birthplace was Ohio occupation is Stenographer, father's name

Edward Kolka, and mother's maiden name was Ernestine Berg

and who has been previously married No time s, and whose maiden name was

, and whose Parent's or Guardian's consent, in case she has not attained the age of eighteen years, has been filed in my office.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto attached my hand and the seal of Genesee County, Michigan, this 16th day of July, A. D. 1936.

L. S.

George T. Gundry
County Clerk

By Margaret
Deputy Clerk.

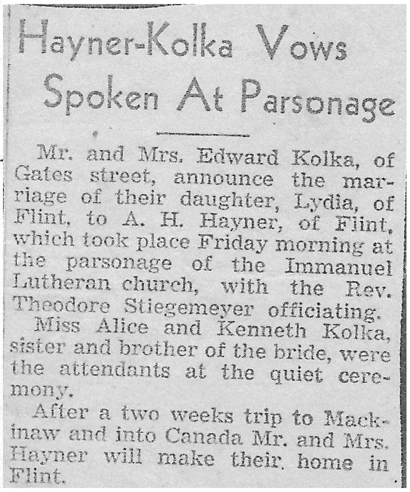
Certificate of Marriage

Between Mr. E. W. Hayner and M Lydia A. Kolka

I hereby certify that, in accordance with the above license, the persons herein mentioned were joined in marriage by me, at Bay City, County of Bay, Michigan, on the 17th. day of July, A. D. 1936, in the presence of Kenneth Kolka, of Bay City, Michigan, and Alice Kolka, of Bay City, Michigan, as witnesses.

Theo. Stiegemeyer
Name of Magistrate or Clergyman.

Pastor Immanuel Lutheran Church
Official Title



Hayner-Kolka Vows Spoken At Parsonage

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Kolka, of Gates street, announce the marriage of their daughter, Lydia, of Flint, to A. H. Hayner, of Flint, which took place Friday morning at the parsonage of the Immanuel Lutheran church, with the Rev. Theodore Stiegemeyer officiating.

Miss Alice and Kenneth Kolka, sister and brother of the bride, were the attendants at the quiet ceremony.

After a two weeks trip to Mackinaw and into Canada Mr. and Mrs. Hayner will make their home in Flint.

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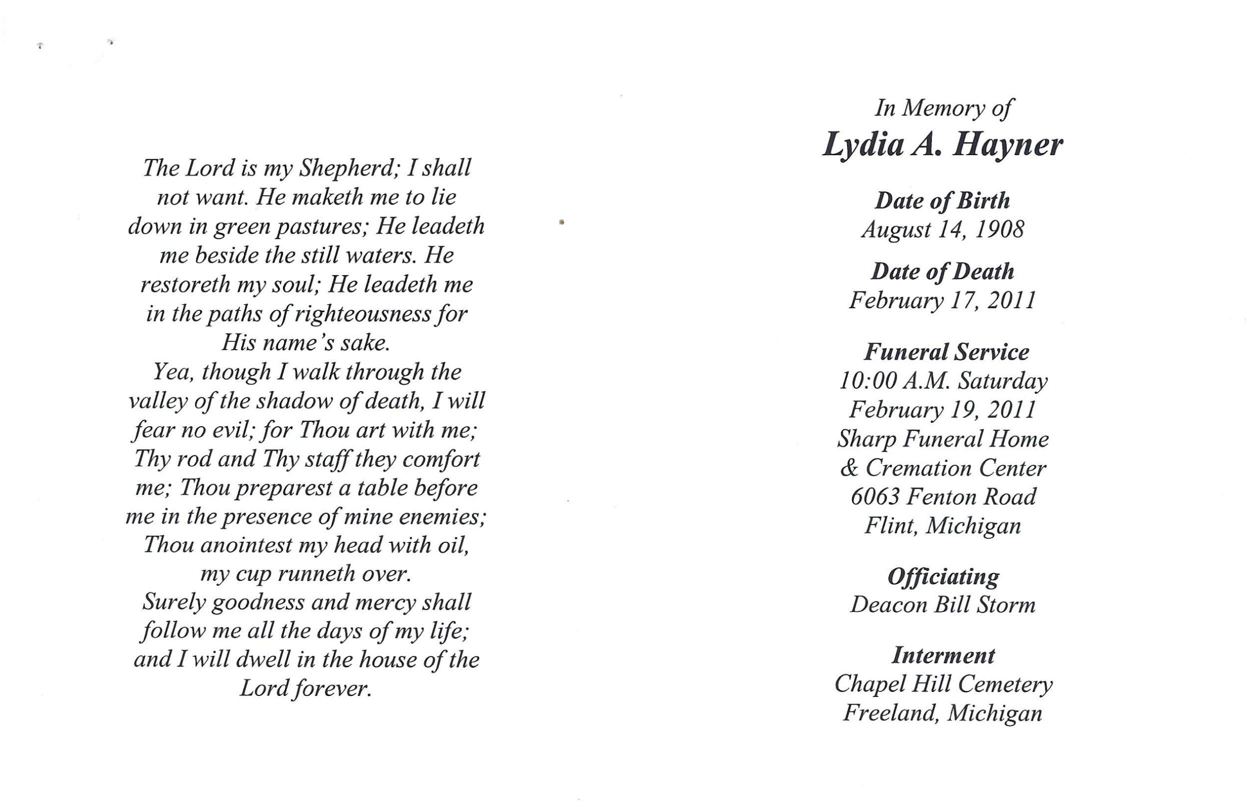
[341] *1937, 1939, 1941 and 1942 Flint, Michigan, City Directories; 1940 US Census; and WWII Draft Reg.*

[342] *1946, 1948, 1950, 1952 and 1960 Bay City, Michigan, City Directories; 1940 and 1950 US Census; 2011 US Deaths; February 19, 2011, Sharp Funeral Home Funeral Card; and Find-a-Grave* (Marker Chapel Hill Mausoleum, Freeland, Michigan).



The Lord is my Shepherd; I shall
not want. He maketh me to lie
down in green pastures; He leadeth
me beside the still waters. He
restoreth my soul; He leadeth me
in the paths of righteousness for
His name's sake.
Yea, though I walk through the
valley of the shadow of death, I will
fear no evil; for Thou art with me;
Thy rod and Thy staff they comfort
me; Thou preparest a table before
me in the presence of mine enemies;
Thou anointest my head with oil,
my cup runneth over.
Surely goodness and mercy shall
follow me all the days of my life;
and I will dwell in the house of the
Lord forever.

In Memory of
Lydia A. Hayner

Date of Birth
August 14, 1908

Date of Death
February 17, 2011

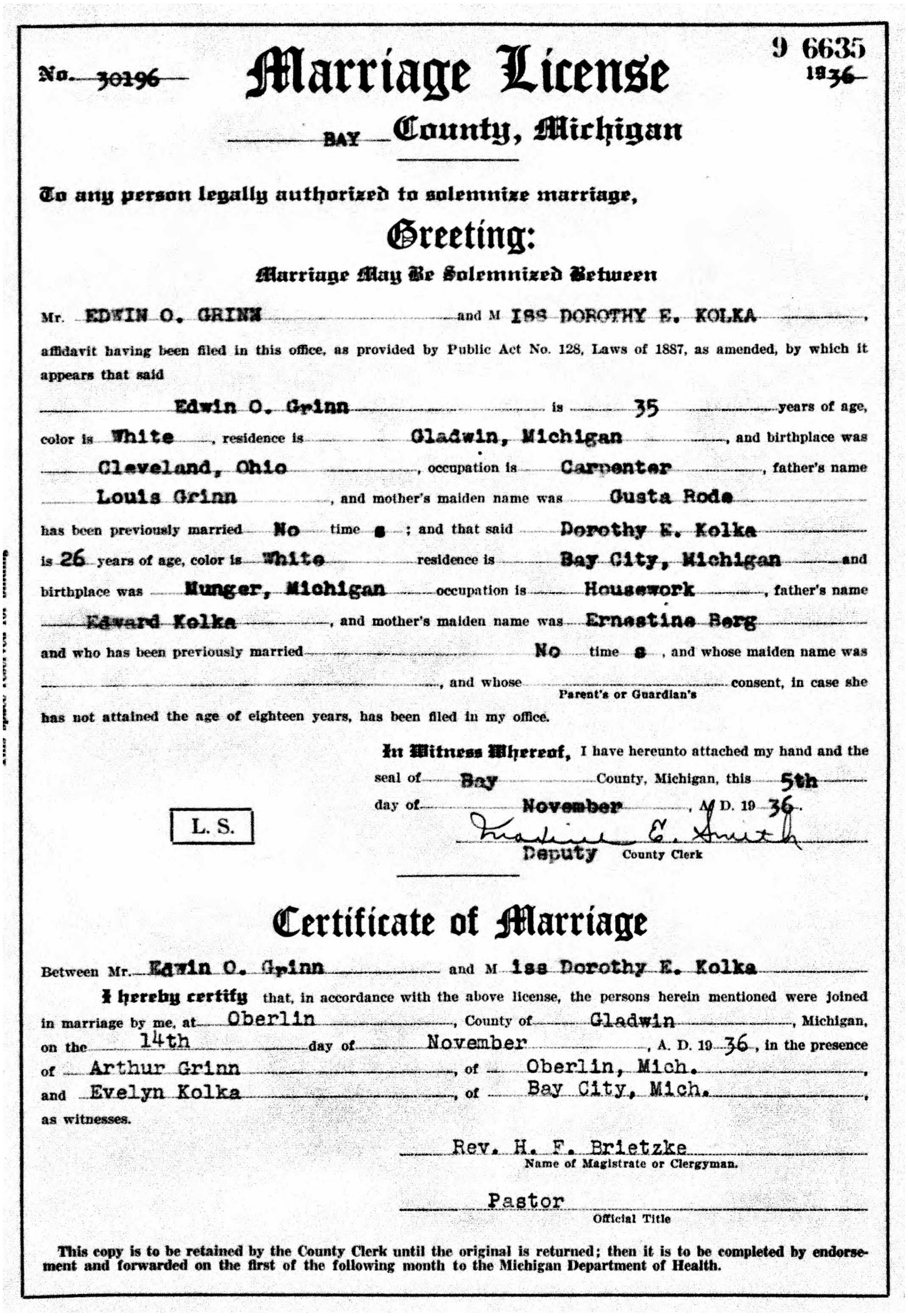
Funeral Service
10:00 A.M. Saturday
February 19, 2011
Sharp Funeral Home
& Cremation Center
6063 Fenton Road
Flint, Michigan

Officiating
Deacon Bill Storm

Interment
Chapel Hill Cemetery
Freeland, Michigan

[343] *1929, 1931, 1932, 1933, 1935 and 1937 Polk Bay City, Michigan, Directories.*

[344] *Jack Berg; 1894 HMS Teutonic Manifest; 1900 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Marriage Certificate; 1901 Cuyahoga County, Ohio, Birth Record; 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1936 Bay County, Michigan, Marriage License; 1936 Gladwin County, Michigan, Marriage Certificate; 1939 Sherman Township, Gladwin County, Michigan, Death Certificate; November 17, 1939, Saginaw News Obituary; November 22, 1939, Gladwin County Record Obituary; WWII Draft Reg; 1957 US Apps/Claims; 1959 Macomb County, Michigan, Death Record; 1971 Sherman Township, Gladwin County, Michigan, Death Record; 1971 US Deaths; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers: Highland Cemetery, Glawin; and Saint John's Evangelical Lutheran Cemetery, Hamilton Township, Clare County, Michigan).



No. 30196

9 6635
1936

Marriage License

BAY County, Michigan

To any person legally authorized to solemnize marriage,

Greeting:

Marriage May Be Solemnized Between

Mr. EDWIN O. GRINN and MISS DOROTHY E. KOLKA,

affidavit having been filed in this office, as provided by Public Act No. 128, Laws of 1887, as amended, by which it appears that said

Edwin O. Grinn is 35 years of age, color is White, residence is Gladwin, Michigan, and birthplace was Cleveland, Ohio, occupation is Carpenter, father's name Louis Grinn, and mother's maiden name was Gusta Rode has been previously married No times; and that said Dorothy E. Kolka is 26 years of age, color is White residence is Bay City, Michigan and birthplace was Munger, Michigan occupation is Housework, father's name Edward Kolka, and mother's maiden name was Ernestine Berg and who has been previously married No times, and whose maiden name was ________, and whose ________ (Parent's or Guardian's) consent, in case she has not attained the age of eighteen years, has been filed in my office.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto attached my hand and the seal of Bay County, Michigan, this 5th day of November, A. D. 1936.

L. S.

Maxine E. Smith
Deputy County Clerk

Certificate of Marriage

Between Mr. Edwin O. Grinn and Miss Dorothy E. Kolka

I hereby certify that, in accordance with the above license, the persons herein mentioned were joined in marriage by me, at Oberlin, County of Gladwin, Michigan, on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1936, in the presence of Arthur Grinn, of Oberlin, Mich., and Evelyn Kolka, of Bay City, Mich., as witnesses.

Rev. H. F. Brietzke
Name of Magistrate or Clergyman.

Pastor
Official Title

This copy is to be retained by the County Clerk until the original is returned; then it is to be completed by endorsement and forwarded on the first of the following month to the Michigan Department of Health.

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[345] *1940 and 1950 US Census; 1940 Bay City, Michigan, City Directory; and WWII Draft Reg.*

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[346] *1950 US Census*.

[347] Richard Louis Grinn married Carmalita Aranca (May 26, 1946, Philippines - ____; <1992 m Robert Graham Rankin), while working there for IBM in the Philippines. They had one child. *Jack Berg; 1950 US Census; 1976 St. John Evangelical Lutheran Church Obituary; and 2013 US Deaths*.

- Richard Edward Grinn. *Jack Berg; and 1976 St. John Evangelical Lutheran Church Obituary*.

[348] Gary James Grinn married Cheryl Lee Koroly (June 27, 1948, Mount Pleasant, Perry County, Pennsylvania – January 2, 2026, Gladwin, Gladwin County, Michigan), daughter of George William Koroly (April 21, 1918, Smithdale, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania – October 11, 2002, South Lyon, Oakland County, Michigan; m August 20, 1946, Frederick County, Virginia; son of Joseph Michael Koroly and Mary Ann Pusti) and Marion Elizabeth Smart (March 7, 1926, Mustard Hall, Elizabeth Township, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania – March 2, 2008, South Lyon, Oakland County, Michigan; daughter of John Clement Smart and Sadie Gash), on June 27, 1975, in Dearborn, Wayne County, Michigan. *Jack Berg; 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1932 Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, Death Certificate* (Mary Ann Pusti)*; WWII Draft Reg; 1945 Elizabeth Township, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, Death Certificate* (Joseph Michael Koroly)*; 1946 Frederick County, Virginia, Marriage Certificate; June 17, 1969, The Bay City Times Article* (graduation from Michigan Technological University)*; 1976 St. John Evangelical Lutheran Church Obituary; 1987* (John C. Smart and Sadie Gash Smart)*, 2002 and 2008 US Deaths; 2002 US Apps/Claims; 2002 BIRLS Deaths; January 6, 2026, Hall Funeral Home Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Highland Cemetery, Gladwin, Michigan; Gravemarker Smart, West Newton Cemetery, West Newton, Pennsylvania; and Gravemarker Koroly, South Lyon Cemetery, South Lyon, Oakland County, Michigan)

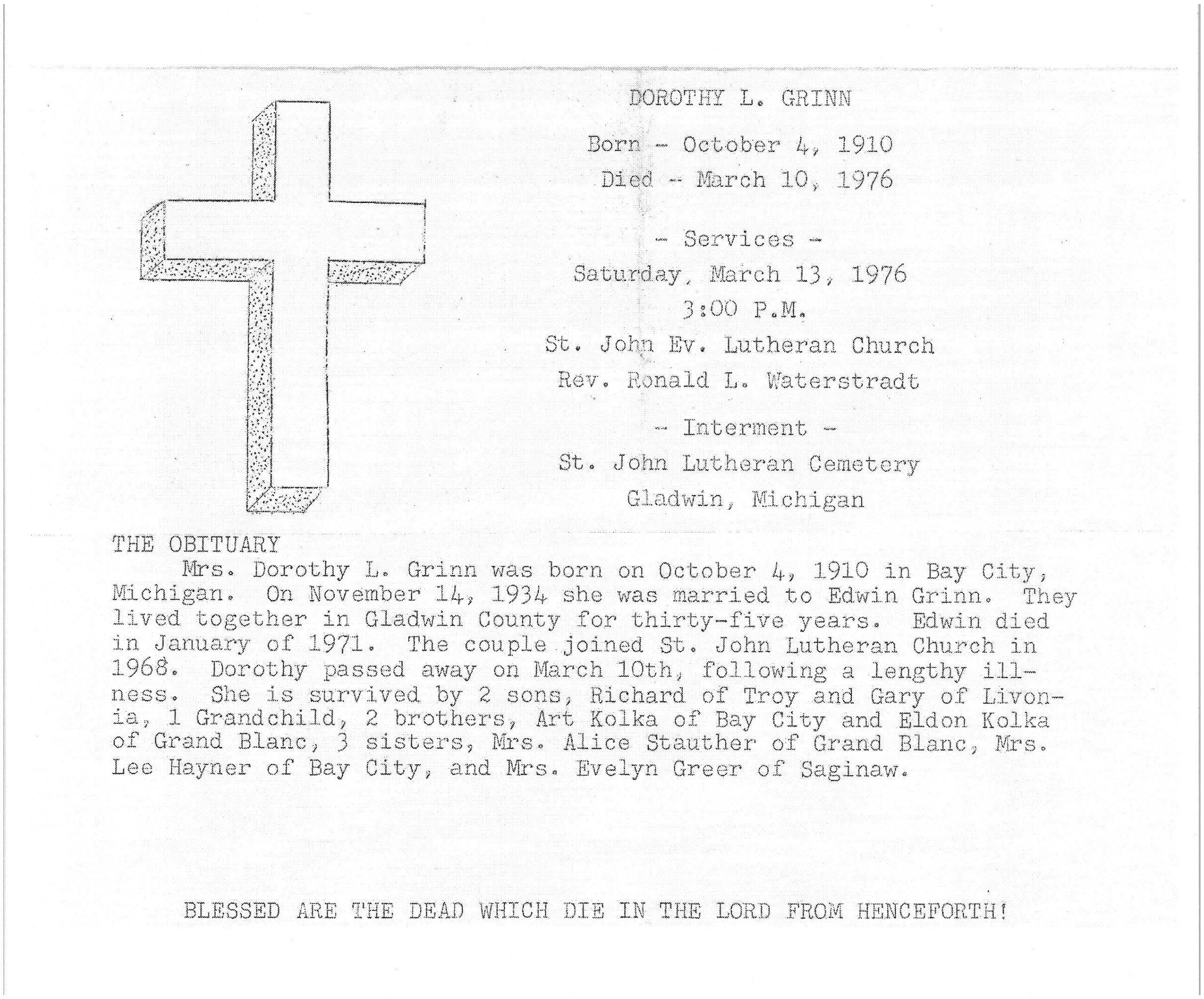
> Cheryl Koroly Grinn, age 77, passed away on Friday, January 2, 2026, at the Horizon Senior Living Center in Gladwin.
>
> Cheryl was born in Mount Pleasant, Pennsylvania on June 27, 1948, and was the daughter of George William Koroly and Marion Elizabeth Koroly (Smart). She grew up in Dearborn Heights, Michigan and graduated from Lowrey High School in 1966. Upon graduation, she attended Central Michigan University and was awarded a Bachelor of Arts in Elementary Education in 1970. She joined Clare Public School System at that time and enjoyed the next five rewarding years at Clare Schools. She was awarded a Master of Arts Degree in Elementary Education in 1973 from Central Michigan University.
>
> Cheryl married the love of her life, Gary James Grinn, on June 27, 1975 at Christ Episcopal Church in Dearborn, Michigan and they spent 50 fabulous years together. They travelled extensively through these years including the U.S., Europe, Asia, Caribbean, Mexico, Australia, New Zeeland, and even a couple of cruises. They usually had an RV for local excursions. Cheryl became a certified paralegal in 1979 and worked for several years at that profession at several prominent law firms in Detroit, Michigan. In the mid 80's, she returned to her lifelong passion of Elementary Education and worked for the Detroit Public Schools and South Lyon Public Schools until her retirement in 2002. Gary and Cheryl retired to Gladwin at Gary's childhood homestead and built a new home. They spend many winters in Arizona and Nevada (Las Vegas) and made many friends during those times. St. Paul's Episcopal Church in Gladwin was an integral part of Cheryl's life where many friends were made.
>
> She is survived by her husband Gary and many nieces, nephews, and cousins with Richard and Kimberly Grinn, Andrew and Blair Kenerson of Ferndale, Timothy and Hudson Dalsasso (great

nephew) of Plymouth, Nicholas and Katie Dalsasso of Florida, Joseph Dalsasso of Plymouth, cousins Ron and Diane Grinn of Troy, TN, Brian and Rachael Grinn of England, Aaron and Tami Richardson of Troy TN, Robert and Tami Prah of Dawson, PA, Steve, Stephen, and Rachel Sholtis of Rostraver Township, PA and uncle Nunzio Santo Colombo of Elco, PA, being most significant in her life.

She was preceded in death by her parents George and Marion Koroly, sister Robin Lynn Schultz, Brother Charles Koroly and nephew Christopher Koroly.

Honoring her wishes, cremation has taken place and services are being planned for a later date. In lieu of flowers, memorial contributions may be made to St. Paul's Episcopal Church in Gladwin or to Central Michigan University. She will be laid to rest at Highland Cemetery in Gladwin. Arrangements are in the care of Hall-Kokotovich Funeral Home.

[349] *1976 US Deaths; 1976 Avon Township, Oakland County, Michigan, Death Record; 1976 St. John Evangelical Lutheran Church Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Saint John's Evangelical Lutheran Cemetery, Hamilton Township, Clare County, Michigan).



DOROTHY L. GRINN

Born - October 4, 1910

Died - March 10, 1976

- Services -

Saturday, March 13, 1976

3:00 P.M.

St. John Ev. Lutheran Church

Rev. Ronald L. Waterstradt

- Interment -

St. John Lutheran Cemetery

Gladwin, Michigan

THE OBITUARY

Mrs. Dorothy L. Grinn was born on October 4, 1910 in Bay City, Michigan. On November 14, 1934 she was married to Edwin Grinn. They lived together in Gladwin County for thirty-five years. Edwin died in January of 1971. The couple joined St. John Lutheran Church in 1968. Dorothy passed away on March 10th, following a lengthy illness. She is survived by 2 sons, Richard of Troy and Gary of Livonia, 1 Grandchild, 2 brothers, Art Kolka of Bay City and Eldon Kolka of Grand Blanc, 3 sisters, Mrs. Alice Stauther of Grand Blanc, Mrs. Lee Hayner of Bay City, and Mrs. Evelyn Greer of Saginaw.

BLESSED ARE THE DEAD WHICH DIE IN THE LORD FROM HENCEFORTH!

[350] *1931, 1932, 1933, 1935, 1937, 1940, 1942, 1944 and 1946 Polk Bay City, Michigan, Directories; and 1940 US Census.*

---

[351] John Wilburn* Greer's parents were:

John W. Greer (December 28, 1855, Graves County, Kentucky – October 2-9, 1885, Graves County, Kentucky; m May 12, 1878, Washington Township, Ripley County, Missouri), son of William Harrison Greer (1823, Kentucky – 1900, Missouri) and Susan Elizabeth Rhodes (1829, Kentucky – 1891, Missouri) and

Mary Catherine Pierce Cope (February 26, 1854, Tennessee – April 15, 1940, Butler County, Missouri), daughter of Alexander Cope (1823, North Carolina – 1877, Missouri; m January 10, 1846, Davie County, North Carolina; son of John Frederick Cope (1793-1860) and Mary Sally Wyatt (1800-1861)) and Letitia Caudell (1824, Rowan County, North Carolina – 1896, Fairdealing, Ripley County, Missouri; daughter of Ishmel Caudell (1790, North Carolina - 1836, North Carolina) and Catherine Owings/Owens (1795, North Carolina – 1866, North Carolina)).

Baltimore County Families, 1659-1759, p486*; Owings and Allied Families: A Genealogy of Some of the Descendants of Richard Owings I of Maryland 1685-1975,* by Addison Davis Owings, p157*; 1790* (Owings-Foster) *and 1810* (Caudell-Owens) *Rowan County, North Carolina, Marriage Records; Marriages of Rowan County, North Carolina 1753-1868,* by Brent H. Holcomb, p72 (2001)*; 1790, 1800, 1810, 1820, 1830, 1840, 1850, 1860, 1870, 1880, 1890* (Veterans Schedule)*, 1910 and 1930 US Census; 1822 Logan County, Kentucky, Marriage Record* (Greer-Phelps)*; 1846 Davie County, North Carolina, Marriage Record* (Cope-Caudle)*; 1855 Graves County, Kentucky, Birth Record; 1878 Washington Township, Ripley County, Missouri, Marriage Record; October 9, 1885, Newspaper Abstracts from Mayfield Monitor, published in Graves County, Kentucky* ("John W. Greer d. at home of J. A. Dick. He was b. this county and lived here until 1874, when he moved to Missouri. In 1878 he m. Miss Mary C. Cope. He was visiting here.")*; 1940 Butler County, Missouri, Death Certificate; April 18, 1940, Poplar Bluff, Missouri, Republican, Obituary; The History of the Owings Family,* by Donnell MacClure Owings, p37*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Fairdealing Cemetery, Fairdealing, Missouri).

*He was not John Wesley Greer (1885-1973), son of John Wesley Greer and Mary E. Head, who married Kathinka F. Gray; all of whom lived in Pettis County, Missouri.

Cannie Sadie Barham's parents were:

Charles J. Barham (May 17, 1858, Independence Township, Dunklin County, Missouri – May 26, 1901, Kennett, Dunklin County, Missouri), son of Capt. William C. Barham (1832, Perry County, Tennessee - >July 1, 1863 <December 31, 1863, Independence Township, Dunklin County, Missouri; son of Hartwell Freedom Barham (1807, North Carolina – 1869, Dunklin County, Missouri; m 1825, Bedford County, Tennessee) and Nancy Coble (1811, Tennessee – 1869, Dunklin County, Missouri)) and Dolly Ann Moore (April 14, 1836, Tennessee – November 9, 1896, Independence Township, Dunklin County, Missouri; daughter of William C. Moore and Dolly Ann Wells; m John Wesley Moore (1835-1905) on November 29, 1875, in Dunklin County, Missouri)). In June of 1880, Charles J. Barham (22) was single and a student in Clarkton, Freeborn Township, Dunklin County, Missouri.

On September 5, 1887, in Dunklin County, Missouri, Charles J. Barham married Mary Frances (Mollie) F. Ingram (1867, Lexington, Henderson County, Tennessee - September __, 1892, Kennett, Dunklin County, Missouri), daughter of John Bell Ingram (1839-40, Tennessee – January 6, 1896, Dunklin County, Missouri) and Susanna Hare (1839, Tennessee - <June 1, 1880, Dunklin County, Missouri).

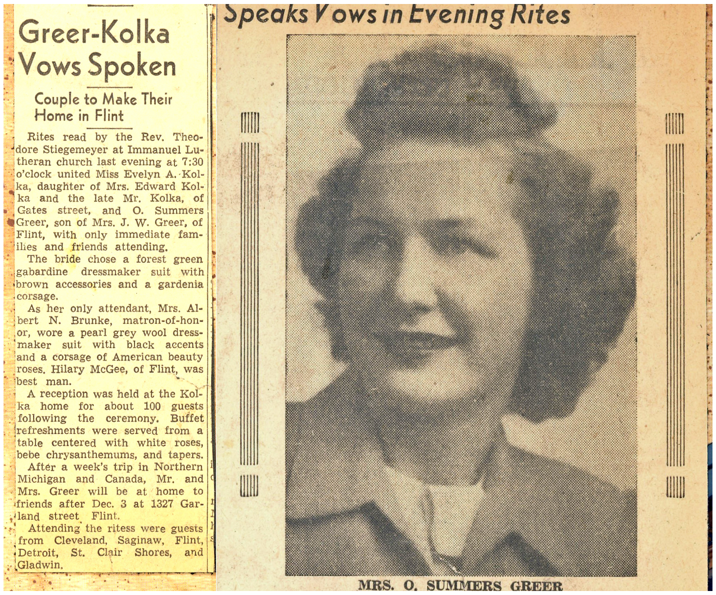
M#2 On September 4, 1893, widower Charles J. Barham married Ada Morgan (March 10, 1875, Stoddard County, Missouri – September 3, 1964, Kennett, Dunklin County, Missouri; daughter of Rial Morgan and Elizabeth Wilfong).

1840, 1850, 1860, 1870, 1880 and 1900 US Census; 1875 and 1887 Dunklin County, Missouri, Marriage Records; 1893 Kennett, Dunlin County, Missouri, Marriage License and Certificate; January 9, 1896, May 31, 1901, and April 21, 1905, The Daily Dunklin Democrat Obituaries; WWI Draft Regs; 1919 Jefferson County, Missouri, Death Certificate; February 7, 1919, Dunklin County News Obituary (Summers Harrison Barham, mother died when he was three months old)*; 1964 Kennett, Dunklin County, Missouri, Death Certificate; The River Counties Quarterly,* Vol. 1, No. 3, p179, Jul 1972*; The History of the McHaney Family in Dunklin County, Missouri,* by Hal McHaney, pp344-350*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker C.J. Barham, Oak Ridge Cemetery, Kennett, Missouri; and Gravemarkers Moore, Gregory Cemetery, Kennett, Missouri).

In 1916, John Wilburn Greer and Cannie Sadie Barham were living at 4314 North Street in Flint. In September 1918, they were living at 206 South Catherine Street in Bay City, where their son Woodrow Wilson Greer was born in December 1918. By 1921, the family was living in Flint, Michigan, where John Wilburn Greer was a laborer in an auto factory. For some reason, all but one of their children were allegedly born in Missouri according to the *1930 US Census*; which was obviously inaccurate. After their divorce, Cannie Sadie Barham Greer remained in Flint, where she died and is buried in Flint Memorial Park, Mt. Morris, Michigan. John Wilburn Greer returned to Missouri, and on April 1, 1940, was living with a cousin on a farm in Beaver Dam, Butler County, Missouri. On April 25, 1942, John Wilburn Greer was unemployed and living in Harviell, Butler County, Missouri. John Wilburn Greer died in Chicago, Cook County, Illinois, on March 22, 1946, at age 59, where he worked in a restaurant. He was buried four days later in Poplar Bluffs, Butler County, Missouri. His death was confirmed by Cannie Barham Greer's statement she was a widow in the *1947 Flint City Directory*, even though they were divorced in 1935.

1913 Pemiscot County, Missouri, Marriage Record; WWI&II Draft Regs (John Wilburn Greer)*; 1900, 1910, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1916, 1921, 1939, 1947, 1950, 1954 and 1956 Flint, Michigan, City Directories; 1935 Genesee County, Michigan, Divorce Record; 1939-1945 US Marine Corps Muster Rolls; 1946 Cook County, Illinois, Death Record; 1946 US Apps/Claims; December 11, 1976* (Jackie B. Greer)*, and November 19, 1978, The Flint Journal Obituaries; 1978 Genesee County, Michigan, Death Record; 1978 US Deaths; 2012 Allen Funeral Home Obituary* (Joan M. Greer Harrison)*; 2014 BIRLS Deaths; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Greer, Evergreen Cemetery, Grand Blanc, Michigan; and Cannie Sadie Barham Greer, Flint Memorial Park, Mount Morris, Michigan).

[352] *1946 Bay County, Michigan, Marriage License and Certificate; and November 24, 1946, The Bay City Times Marriage Announcement:*



Greer-Kolka Vows Spoken

Couple to Make Their Home in Flint

Rites read by the Rev. Theodore Stiegemeyer at Immanuel Lutheran church last evening at 7:30 o'clock united Miss Evelyn A. Kolka, daughter of Mrs. Edward Kolka and the late Mr. Kolka, of Gates street, and O. Summers Greer, son of Mrs. J. W. Greer, of Flint, with only immediate families and friends attending.

The bride chose a forest green gabardine dressmaker suit with brown accessories and a gardenia corsage.

As her only attendant, Mrs. Albert N. Brunke, matron-of-honor, wore a pearl grey wool dressmaker suit with black accents and a corsage of American beauty roses. Hilary McGee, of Flint, was best man.

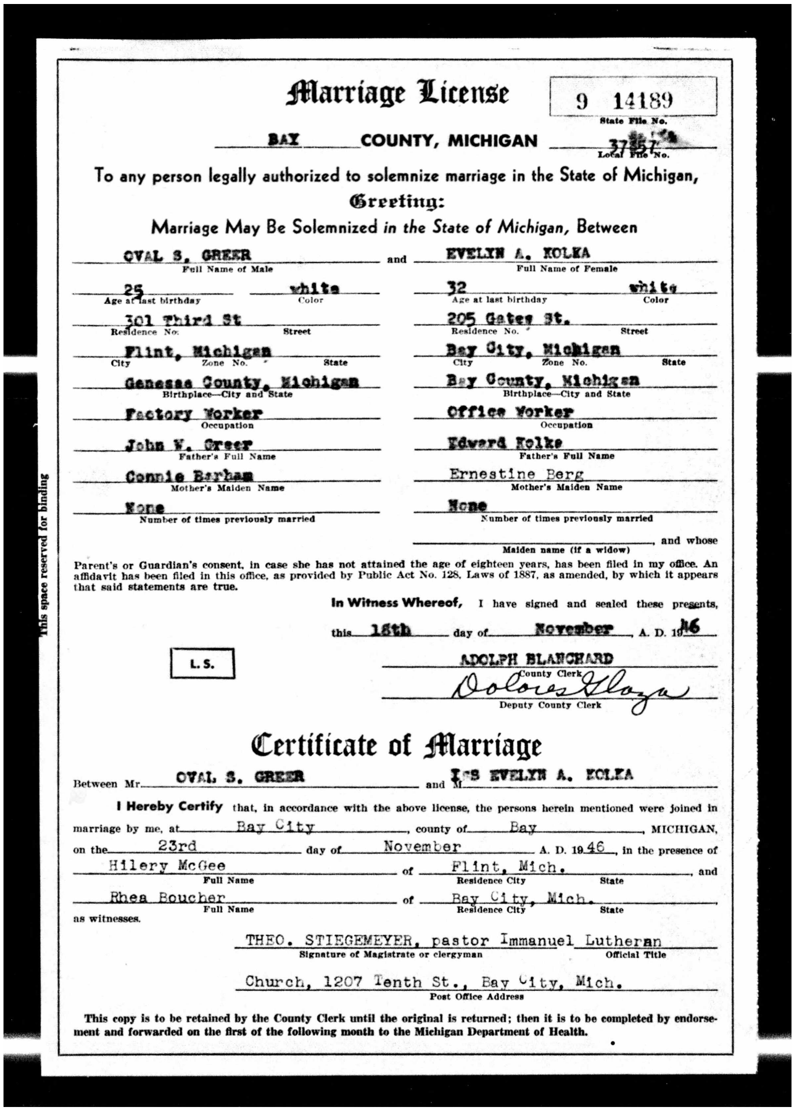
A reception was held at the Kolka home for about 100 guests following the ceremony. Buffet refreshments were served from a table centered with white roses, bebe chrysanthemums, and tapers.

After a week's trip in Northern Michigan and Canada, Mr. and Mrs. Greer will be at home to friends after Dec. 3 at 1327 Garland street, Flint.

Attending the rites were guests from Cleveland, Saginaw, Flint, Detroit, St. Clair Shores, and Gladwin.

Speaks Vows in Evening Rites

MRS. O. SUMMERS GREER



Marriage License

9 14189
State File No.

BAY COUNTY, MICHIGAN

37557
Local File No.

To any person legally authorized to solemnize marriage in the State of Michigan,

Greeting:

Marriage May Be Solemnized *in the State of Michigan,* Between

OVAL S. GREER Full Name of Male	and	EVELYN A. KOLKA Full Name of Female
25 Age at last birthday — white Color		32 Age at last birthday — white Color
301 Third St Residence No. Street		205 Gates St. Residence No. Street
Flint, Michigan City Zone No. State		Bay City, Michigan City Zone No. State
Genesee County, Michigan Birthplace—City and State		Bay County, Michigan Birthplace—City and State
Factory Worker Occupation		Office Worker Occupation
John W. Greer Father's Full Name		Edward Kolke Father's Full Name
Connie Barham Mother's Maiden Name		Ernestine Berg Mother's Maiden Name
None Number of times previously married		None Number of times previously married

_______________, and whose
Maiden name (if a widow)

Parent's or Guardian's consent, in case she has not attained the age of eighteen years, has been filed in my office. An affidavit has been filed in this office, as provided by Public Act No. 128, Laws of 1887, as amended, by which it appears that said statements are true.

In Witness Whereof, I have signed and sealed these presents, this 18th day of November A. D. 1946

L. S.

ADOLPH BLANCHARD
County Clerk

Dolores Gloza
Deputy County Clerk

Certificate of Marriage

Between Mr. OVAL S. GREER and MISS EVELYN A. KOLKA

I Hereby Certify that, in accordance with the above license, the persons herein mentioned were joined in marriage by me, at Bay City, county of Bay, MICHIGAN, on the 23rd day of November A. D. 1946, in the presence of

Hilery McGee (Full Name) of Flint, Mich. (Residence City, State), and

Rhea Boucher (Full Name) of Bay City, Mich. (Residence City, State),

as witnesses.

THEO. STIEGEMEYER, pastor Immanuel Lutheran
Signature of Magistrate or clergyman — Official Title

Church, 1207 Tenth St., Bay City, Mich.
Post Office Address

This copy is to be retained by the County Clerk until the original is returned; then it is to be completed by endorsement and forwarded on the first of the following month to the Michigan Department of Health.

This space reserved for binding

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[353] *1939-1945 US Marine Corps Muster Rolls; 1940 US Census; WWII Draft Reg; 2014 BIRLS Deaths; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Oval Summers Greer Evergreen Cemetery, Grand Blanc, Michigan).

[354] *1913 Pemiscot County, Missouri, Marriage Record; WWI&II Draft Regs* (John Wilburn Greer)*; 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1935 Genesee County, Michigan, Divorce Record; 1946 Cook County, Illinois, Death Record; WWII Draft Reg; 1946 US Apps/Claims; 1947, 1950, 1954 and 1956 Flint, Michigan, City Directories; 1939-1945 US Marine Corps Muster Rolls; 1978 Genesee County, Michigan, Death Record; 1978 and 2008 US Deaths; July 6, 2008, Flint Journal Obituary; July 7, 2008, Decatur Daily Obituary; 2012 Allen Funeral Home Obituary* (Joan M. Greer Harrison)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Evergreen Cemetery, Grand Blanc, Michigan).

> GREER, Evelyn Amelia - Passed away on July 3, 2008, in Decatur, Alabama. She was born in Ohio to Edward and Ernestine (Berg) Kolka on October 23, 1913. Loving wife of 61 years to Oval S. Beloved mother of Jack (Sharon); proud grandmother of Jessica (Jared) DeWitt, Katherine and Matthew. Dear sister of Lee Hayner of Grand Blanc and Eldon Kolka of Flushing. Aunt to numerous nieces and nephews. She was predeceased by sisters, Dorothy and Alice; and brothers, Kenneth and Arthur. Visitation will be held Wednesday, July 9 from 10-11 a.m. followed by the funeral service at 11 a.m. at Hill Funeral Home, 11723 S. Saginaw Street, Grand Blanc. Interment at Evergreen Cemetery, Grand Blanc. Memorials may be made to Hospice of North Alabama, 3311 Bob Wallace Ave., Ste. 101 Huntsville, AL 35805

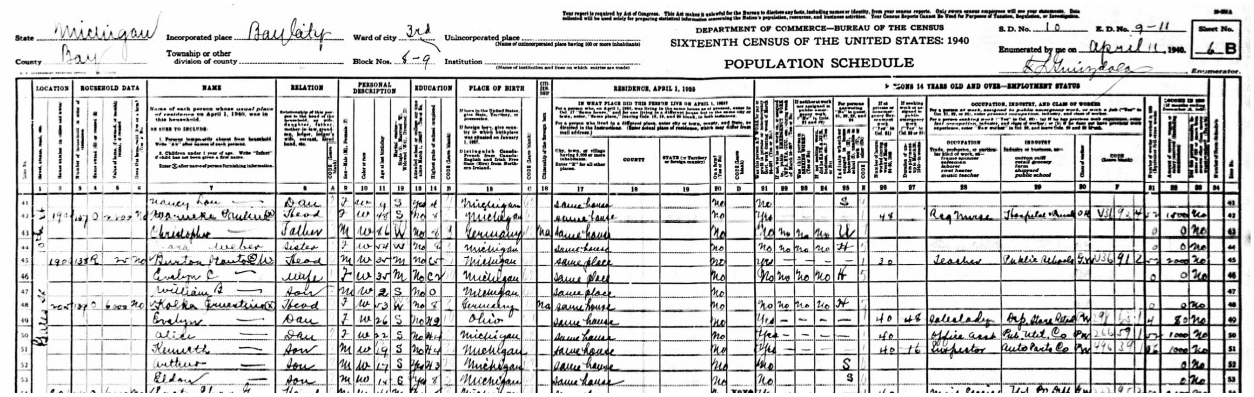
[355] Jack Summers Greer married Sharon Ann Roehl, daughter of John Francis Roehl (November 14, 1925, Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan – June 15, 2004, Harrison Township, Macomb County, Michigan; m Marie Verbeke on June 18, 1949, Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan; son of John Stephen Roehl (August 24, 1904, Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan – December 2, 1968, Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan; m July 10, 1924, Wayne County, Michigan; son of John Francis Roehl and Susan Mary Kraemer) and Barbara Vivian C. Müller (Miller) (August 12, 1904, Slovenia, Austria-Hungary – June 14, 1964, Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan; daughter of Konrad Müller and Magdalena Kühn)) and Marie Jose Verbeke (December 13, 1926, Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan - February 18, 2015, Fort Gratiot Township, St. Clair County, Michigan; daughter of Octave (Victor) Verbeke (August 11, 1901, Shuffers Capelle (Schuiferskapelle), Belgium – November 3, 1978, Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan; m February 13, 1926, Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan; son of Edouardus/Edward Verbeke and Maria Sidonia Buydaert) and Evelyn Werbrouke/Werbrouck (September 11, 1901, Stadan, Belgium – January 13, 1996, Roseville, Macomb County, Michigan; daughter of Pieter Werbrouck and Juliana Stagler)), on June 28, 1974, in Harper Woods, Michigan. Jack was a C.P.A. They have three children. *Jack Berg; 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1904 Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan, Birth Record; 1919 SS Lafayette Manifest; 1919* (Conrad Müller (Miller), identifies parents) *and 1950* (John Francis Roehl, identifies parents) *Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan, Death Certificates; 1920 SS Olympic Manifest; 1926 Wayne County, Michigan, Marriage License and Certificate; 1930 Declarations of Intention* (Octave Verbeke and Evelyn Werbrouck Verbeke)*; August 17, 1934* (Christopher Roehl)*, July 9, 1950* (Major John F. Roehl)*, July 19, 1959* (Edward Verbeke)*, October 3, 1962* (Susan M. Kraemer Roehl)*, June 15, 1964* (Vivian B. Müller Roehl)*, December 4, 1968, November 5, 1978* (Octave Verbeke)*, January 14 and 15, 1996* (Evelyn Werbrouck Verbeke)*, June 17, 2004, and February 19, 2015, Detroit Free Press Obituaries; 1939 US Naturalization Record* (Barbara Vivian Müller Roehl)*; WWII Draft Regs; 1950, 1989* (Maurice Verbeke)*, 1996, 1998* (George Verbeke) *and 2004 US Apps/Claims; 1968, 1978, 1996, 1998* (Bertha Verbeke Pelt) *and 2004 US Deaths; 1969* (Maria/Mary Verbeke)*, 1978* (Octave Verbeke) *and 1996 Macomb County, Michigan, Death Records; March 17, 1974, and July 5, 1974, The Saginaw News Wedding Announcements; 1978 Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan, Death Record; 1996 Roseville, Macomb County, Michigan, Death Record; 2004 BIRLS Deaths; 2004 Macomb County, Michigan, Death Record; July 6, 2008, Flint Journal Obituary; February 20, 2015, The Port Huron Times Herald Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Roehl, Resurrection Cemetery, Clinton Township, Michigan; Gravemarkers Roehl, Mount Olivet Cemetery, Detroit, Michigan).

- Jessica Lynn Greer married Jared DeWitt. *Jack Berg; and July 6, 2008, Flint Journal Obituary*

- Katherine (Katie) A. Greer (DNA). *July 6, 2008, Flint Journal Obituary*

- Matthew John Greer. *July 6, 2008, Flint Journal Obituary*

[356] *January 25, 1935, The Bay City Daily Times Graduation Announcement; 1931, 1937, 1938, 1940, 1942, and 1944 Polk Bay City, Michigan, Directories; and 1940 US Census.*

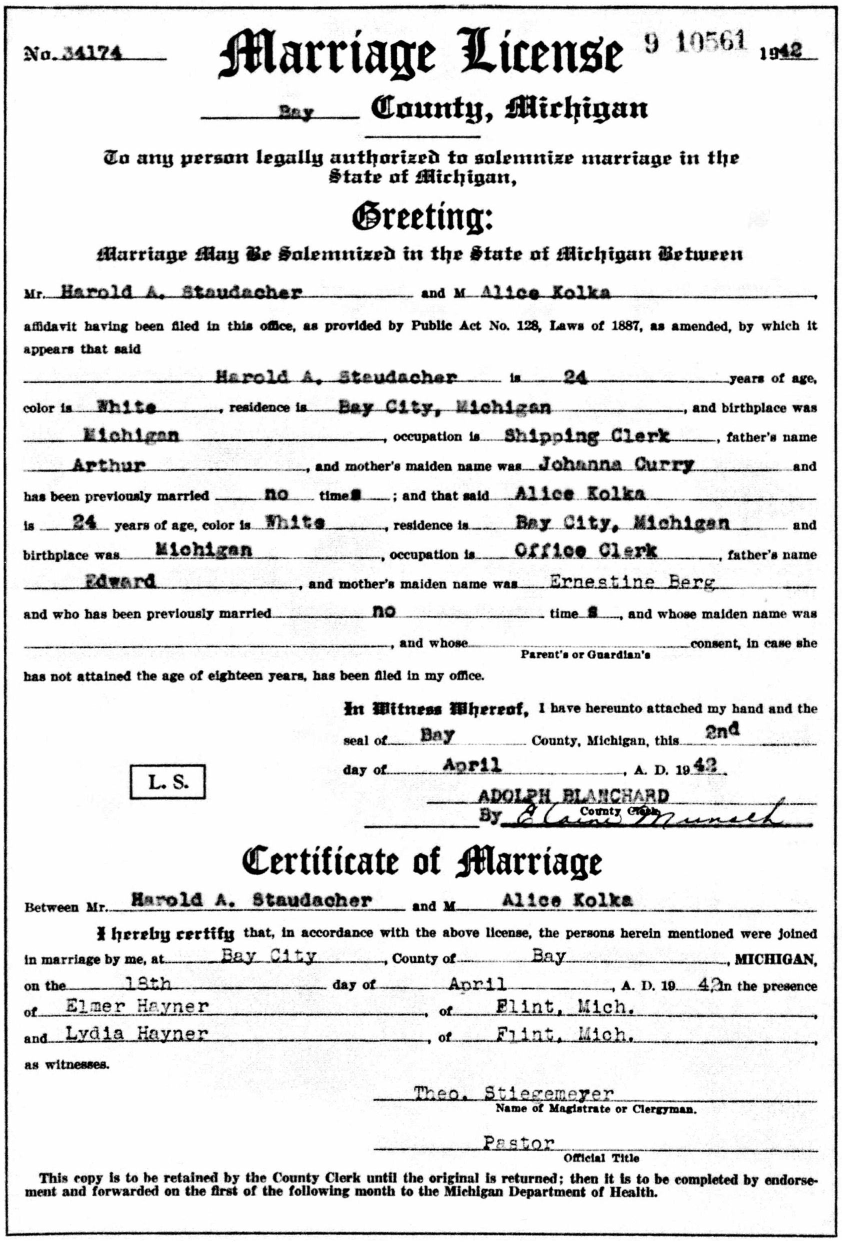


DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE—BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
SIXTEENTH CENSUS OF THE UNITED STATES: 1940
POPULATION SCHEDULE

State Michigan
County Bay
Incorporated place Bay City
Ward of city 3rd
Block Nos. 8-9
S. D. No. 10
E. D. No. 9-11
Sheet No. 6 B
Enumerated by me on April 11, 1940.

Line	Street	House No.	Household No.	Owned or rented	Value or rent	Farm	Name	Relation	Sex	Race	Age	Marital	School	Grade	Place of birth	Citizenship	Residence 1935	On a farm	21	22	23	24	25	Hours	Weeks seeking	Occupation	Industry	Class	Code	Weeks worked	Wages	Other income
41							Nancy Lou	Dau	F	W	9	S	Yes	4	Michigan		same house	No	No				S									
42	10th St	1907	137	O	2500	No	Warneke Pauline ⓧ	Head	F	W	48	S	No	8	Michigan		same house	No	Yes					48		Reg Nurse	Hospital	OA	V31 92 4	52	1500	No
43							Christopher	Father	M	W	86	W	No	4	Germany	Na	same house	No	No	No	No	No	U							0	0	No
44							Clara Weber	Sister	F	W	54	W	No	8	Michigan		same house	No	No	No	No	No	H							0	0	No
45		1906	138	R	25	No	Burton Stanton ⓧ	Head	M	W	35	M	No	C5	Michigan		same place	No	Yes	—	—	—	—	30		Teacher	Public Schools	GW	036 91 2	52	2000	No
46							Evelyn C	Wife	F	W	35	M	No	C4	Michigan		same place	No	No	No	No	No	H							0	0	No
47							William B	Son	M	W	2	S	No	0	Michigan		same place	No														
48	Bates St	2052	137	O	6000	No	Kolka Ernestine ⓧ	Head	F	W	53	W	No	8	Germany	Na	same house	No	No	No	No	No	H							0	0	No
49							Evelyn	Dau	F	W	26	S	No	H2	Ohio		same house	No	Yes	—	—	—	—	40	48	Saleslady	Dep. Store Retail	PW	298 63 1	4	80	No
50							Alice	Dau	F	W	22	S	No	H4	Michigan		same house	No	Yes	—	—	—	—	40		Office asst	Pub. Util. Co	PW	266 59 1	52	1000	No
51							Kenneth	Son	M	W	19	S	No	H4	Michigan		same house	No	Yes	—	—	—	—	40	16	Inspector	Auto Parts Co	PW	496 39 1	52	1000	No
52							Arthur	Son	M	W	17	S	Yes	H3	Michigan		same house	No	No				S								0	No
53							Eldon	Son	M	W	14	S	Yes	8	Michigan		same house	No	No				S								0	No

[357] *1942 Bay County, Michigan, Marriage License and Certificate.*



No. 34174 **Marriage License** 9 10561 1942

Bay **County, Michigan**

To any person legally authorized to solemnize marriage in the State of Michigan,

Greeting:

Marriage May Be Solemnized in the State of Michigan Between

Mr. Harold A. Staudacher and M Alice Kolka,

affidavit having been filed in this office, as provided by Public Act No. 128, Laws of 1887, as amended, by which it appears that said

Harold A. Staudacher is 24 years of age,

color is White, residence is Bay City, Michigan, and birthplace was

Michigan, occupation is Shipping Clerk, father's name

Arthur, and mother's maiden name was Johanna Curry and

has been previously married no times; and that said Alice Kolka

is 24 years of age, color is White, residence is Bay City, Michigan and

birthplace was Michigan, occupation is Office Clerk, father's name

Edward, and mother's maiden name was Ernestine Berg

and who has been previously married no time s, and whose maiden name was

________, and whose ________ consent, in case she
Parent's or Guardian's

has not attained the age of eighteen years, has been filed in my office.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto attached my hand and the

seal of Bay County, Michigan, this 2nd

day of April, A. D. 1942.

L. S.

ADOLPH BLANCHARD
County Clerk
By Elaine Munsch

Certificate of Marriage

Between Mr. Harold A. Staudacher and M Alice Kolka

I hereby certify that, in accordance with the above license, the persons herein mentioned were joined in marriage by me, at Bay City, County of Bay, MICHIGAN,

on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1942 in the presence

of Elmer Hayner, of Flint, Mich.,

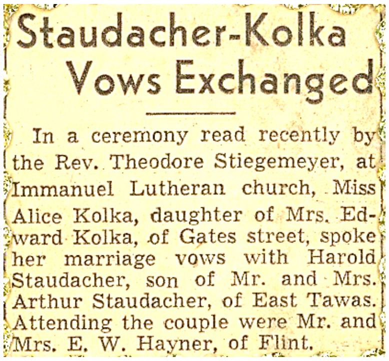
and Lydia Hayner, of Flint, Mich.,

as witnesses.

Theo. Stiegemeyer
Name of Magistrate or Clergyman.

Pastor
Official Title

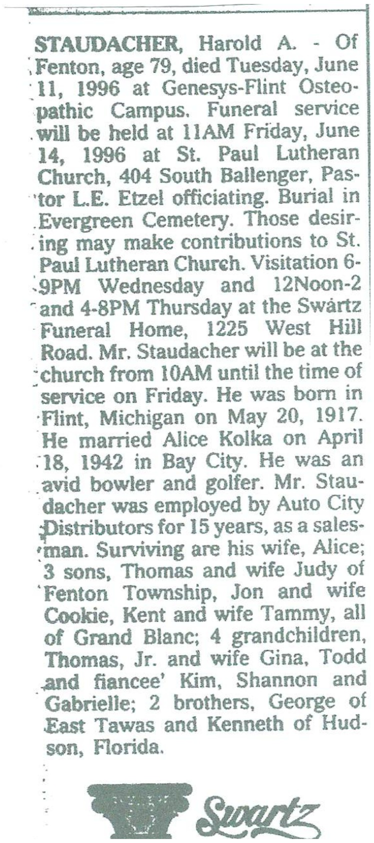
This copy is to be retained by the County Clerk until the original is returned; then it is to be completed by endorsement and forwarded on the first of the following month to the Michigan Department of Health.



Staudacher-Kolka Vows Exchanged

In a ceremony read recently by the Rev. Theodore Stiegemeyer, at Immanuel Lutheran church, Miss Alice Kolka, daughter of Mrs. Edward Kolka, of Gates street, spoke her marriage vows with Harold Staudacher, son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Staudacher, of East Tawas. Attending the couple were Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Hayner, of Flint.

[358] *1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; WWII Draft Reg; 1996 Flint, Genesee County, Michigan, Death Record; 1996 US Apps/Claims; 1996 US Deaths; June 12 and 13, 1996, The Flint Journal Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Harold and Alice Staudacher Evergreen Cemetery, Grand Blanc, Michigan).



STAUDACHER, Harold A. - Of Fenton, age 79, died Tuesday, June 11, 1996 at Genesys-Flint Osteopathic Campus. Funeral service will be held at 11AM Friday, June 14, 1996 at St. Paul Lutheran Church, 404 South Ballenger, Pastor L.E. Etzel officiating. Burial in Evergreen Cemetery. Those desiring may make contributions to St. Paul Lutheran Church. Visitation 6-9PM Wednesday and 12Noon-2 and 4-8PM Thursday at the Swártz Funeral Home, 1225 West Hill Road. Mr. Staudacher will be at the church from 10AM until the time of service on Friday. He was born in Flint, Michigan on May 20, 1917. He married Alice Kolka on April 18, 1942 in Bay City. He was an avid bowler and golfer. Mr. Staudacher was employed by Auto City Distributors for 15 years, as a salesman. Surviving are his wife, Alice; 3 sons, Thomas and wife Judy of Fenton Township, Jon and wife Cookie, Kent and wife Tammy, all of Grand Blanc; 4 grandchildren, Thomas, Jr. and wife Gina, Todd and fiancee' Kim, Shannon and Gabrielle; 2 brothers, George of East Tawas and Kenneth of Hudson, Florida.

Swartz

[359] In April 1950, although married, Arthur Frederick Staudaucher was living alone in East Tawas, Michigan, and was the owner-operator of a fruit stand. Johanna Helen Curry Staudacher was employed as a domestic in Burbank, California. Johanna Curry Staudacher traveled to California with Ernestine Kolka circa 1951-52. Arthur Staudacher and his wife Johanna Curry are not buried together, which further suggests they were separated as of 1950 until his death. He is not mentioned in her obituary.

1900, 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1916 Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan, Marriage Record (identifies parents)*; 1920 Detroit, Michigan, City Directory; 1942 Bay County, Michigan, Marriage License and Certificate* (identifies parents)*; WWI&II Draft Regs; 1938 and 1953 US Apps/Claims; December 1953 Tawas Herald Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Staudacher, Clinton Grove Cemetery, Clinton Township, Macomb County, Michigan).

Arthur Frederick Staudacher's parents were:

Michael George (a/k/a George Michael*) Staudacher (December 14, 1861, Bay City, Bay County, Michigan - August 12, 1942, Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan), was the son of Bartholomaus Staudacher** (February 10, 1828, Kingdom of Bavaria – December 20, 1910, Monitor Township, Bay County, Michigan; m 1852/53, Rohr, Ansbach Parish, Kingdom of Bavaria) and Elisabeth Margareta Grüber (May 2, 1831, Rohr, Kingdom of Bavaria – October 29, 1870, Bangor Township, Bay County, Michigan), who emigrated to New York, United States, in 1854 on the *Nirnburg*, with their daughter Anna Margaretha Staudacher.

*"George" Staudacher was aged 6/12 in the *1860 US Census* enumerated on June 1, 1860, which translates to a December 1859 date of birth. George A. Staudacher was born May 20, 1860, according to his death certificate. His brother "Michael" Staudacher was born in 1861-62, according to the *1870 US Census* in

which both were listed. "Michael" Staudacher also went by the name George Michael, thus confusing the two brothers. It was "Michael" Staudacher who married Elisabeth Margareta Grüber.

**Bartholomaus Staudacher's brother George Adam Staudacher (February 27, 1826, Kingdom of Bavaria – September 15, 1900, Kawkawlin, Bangor Township, Bay County, Michigan) emigrated to the United States in 1858. George Adam Staudacher served in Company K of the 5th Michigan Infantry Regiment from September 1861 through September 1864, when his enlistment ended and he was mustered out at Petersburg, Virginia. What he participated in and witnessed must have seen amazing. *Record of Michigan Volunteers in the Civil War, 1861-1865,* Vol. 5, pp 17-20 and 135

Bartholomaus and George were in business together in Salzburg, Frankenlust Township, Bay County, Michigan. In 1871, under the company name G S & Bro., George and Bartholomaus Staudacher manufactured salt and were grocers, clothiers and general merchandise on State Road. Bartholomew was also a farmer and George was a postmaster. In 1873, under the name Staudacher & Co., with George and Bartholomew residing on Broadway Street, they operated a dry goods and grocery store on State Road. *1871 and 1873 Salzburg Directories*. George's death certificate identified his parents as Joseph Staudacher and Barbara Humbolt, both born in "Germany." The informant was ____. Bartholomaus' death certificate, as reported by John S. Staudacher*** of Bay City (Bartholomaus' son?) stated his parents were "____ Staudacher and Margret Seibold." A Georg Staudacher married an Anna Seibold in Moosbach, Ansbach Parish, Kingdom of Bavaria, and they had a daughter Maria Staudacher (1825, Moosbach, Kingdom of Bavaria – July 29, 1889, Windsbach, Kingdom of Bavaria; m Konrad Denk). *Ansbach Parish Register.*

***His sons John George Staudacher and John Michael Staudacher were both living in Bay City in 1910, so I was unable to determine who was the "John S. Staudacher," who was the informant or where his information originated.

Widower Bartholomaus Staudacher married his second wife Anna Barbara Sturm on June 12, 1872, in Frankenlust Township, Bay County, Michigan.

1850, 1860, 1870, 1880, 1890 (Veterans Schedule)*, 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1853 Ansbach, Kingdom of Bavaria, Birth/Baptism Record* (Anna Margaretha Staudacher d/o Bartholomaus Staudacher and Elsabeth Margaretha Grüber)*; 1854 Nirnburg Manifest; 1863 Civil War Draft Registration Record* (Bartholomew Staudacher)*; 1872 Saginaw County, Michigan, Marriage Record* (Staudacher-Sturm)*; 1890 Bay City, Bay County, Michigan, Marriage Record* (Staudacher-Jagnow, identifies parents)*; 1894 Michigan Census; 1900 Kawkawlin, Bangor Township, Bay County, Michigan, Death Certificate* (George A. Staudacher identifies parents as Joseph Staudacher and Barbara Humbolt)*; 1903* (Jacob Staudacher s/o Bartholomaus Staudacher)*, 1936* (Anna Margaretha Staudacher Reinhardt d/o Bartholomaus Staudacher and Elisabeth Grüber) *and 1952* (Adam Staudacher s/o Bartholomaus Staudacher and Elisabeth Grüber) *Monitory Township, Bay County, Michigan, Death Certificates; 1910 Bay City/Monitory Township, Bay County Michigan, Death Certificate* (Bartholomew Staudacher identifies parents as ____ Staudacher and Margret Seibold)*; December 21, 1910, Bay City Daily Tribune Obituary; 1916 Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan, Marriage Record* (identifies parents)*; 1932* (Maria/Marie Staudacher d/o Bartholomaus Staudacher and Elisabeth Grüber) *and 1944* (John M. Staudacher s/o Bartholomaus Staudacher and Elisabeth Grüber) *Bay City, Bay County, Michigan, Death Certificates; 1942 Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan, Death Certificate; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Staudacher, Clinton Grove Cemetery, Clinton Township, Macomb County, Michigan; Gravemarker Staudacher Saint Paul Lutheran Cemetery, Bay City, Michigan).

On August 28, 1890, in Bay City, Bay County, Michigan, Michael George Staudacher (who continued to go by "George M. and George Michael") married Ida Therese Jagnow (May 20, 1865, ____, Germany – June 6, 1929, Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan), daughter of Carl (Charles) Jagnow (____-____) and E.

W. (Rosalie) Ditz/Dietz (____ - August 23, 1903, Stolp, Farther Pomerania, Germany). They had four known children.

1887 Frankenlust Township, Bay County, Michigan, Marriage Record (Otto Jagnow b/o Ida Therese Jagnow; identifies parents)*; 1890 Bay City, Bay County, Michigan, Marriage Record* (Staudacher-Jagnow; identifies parents)*; 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930 and 1940 US Census; September 6, 1903, Bay City Daily Tribune* ("Word has been received here of the death August 23, of Mrs. Carl Jagnow, in Stolp, Germany. She was the mother of Mrs. G. M. Staudacher")*; 1915* (daughter Helen M. Staudacher; identifies parents) *and 1916* (Staudacher-Curry; identifies parents) *Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan, Marriage Records; 1923 Monitor Township, Bay County, Michigan, Death Certificate* (Otto Jagnow b/o Ida Therese Jagnow; identifies parents)*; 1927 Wayne County, Michigan, Marriage License and Certificate* (daughter Florence Staudacher; identifies parents)*; 1929 Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan, Death Certificates* (Ida Therese Jagnow Staudacher and son Theodore Staudacher)*; 1929 Detroit Bethlehem Evangelical Luther Church Burial Records; 1938 Mt. Clemens, Macomb County, Michigan, Death Certificate* (daughter Helen M. Staudacher; identifies parents)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Staudacher, Clinton Grove Cemetery, Clinton Township, Macomb County, Michigan).

[360] In April 1950, Johanna Helen Curry Staudacher was working as a domestic in the home at 3412 Honolulu Avenue, Glendale, Los Angeles County, California, which would appear to confirm her separation from her husband. No marital status was given. Johanna Curry Staudacher traveled to California with Ernestine Kolka circa 1951-52. Arthur Staudacher and his wife Johanna Helen Curry are not buried together, which further suggests they were separated as of 1950 until his death. He is not mentioned in her obituary.

1842, 1851 and 1861 Canada East Census; 1870, 1880, 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1874 Tawas City, Iosco County, Michigan, Marriage Record (Curry-Schneeberger)*; 1916 Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan, Marriage Record* (identifies parents)*; 1917 East Taws, Iosco County, Michigan, Death Certificate; January 31, 1917, The Saginaw Daily News Obituary; 1980 Tawas City, Iosco County, Michigan, Death Record; 1980 US Deaths; July 1980 Tawas Herald Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Curry and Staudacher, Memorial Gardens Cemetery, Tawas City, Michigan).

Thomas Curry was one of five children of Irish immigrants and Lower Canada/Canada East/Québec residents Isaiah Curry (January 1, 1801, Cootehill, County Cavan, Ireland – February 21, 1882, Gore, Argenteuil, Quebec, Canada) and Abigail Riley (December 20, 1801, Cootehill, County Cavan, Ireland - >January 14, 1861,<April 2, 1871, Gore, Argenteuil, Quebec, Canada).

> "Thomas Curry. — Northern Michigan has been the home and the scene of the labors of many men who have not only led lives that should serve as an example to those who come after them, but who have also been of important service to this section of the fine old Wolverine state in various avenues of public usefulness. A representative pioneer in Iosco county is Thomas Curry, of East Tawas, whose contribution to progress and development has ever been of the most insistent order and who was long a member of the well-known firm of Curry Brothers, a prominent lumber and hotel concern in the early days.
>
> "Thomas Curry was born in County Argenteuil, in the province of Quebec, Canada, on the 29th of October, 1842, and is a son of Isaiah and Abigail (Riley) Curry, both of whom are now deceased. The father was an agriculturist in Canada during the major portion of his active business career, and he reared to maturity five children, namely: John, Charles, Isaiah, Mary A. and Thomas, all of whom are deceased except Thomas, the immediate subject of this review.
>
> "Isaiah Curry, an elder brother of him to whom this sketch is dedicated, immigrated to Michigan in the year 1865, and Thomas joined him in the following year. They were extensive land owners,

> holding about eight hundred acres of splendid timber land. In 1867 they purchased a large tract of land in Tawas township, a portion of which is still owned by the subject of this sketch. Thomas Curry has already given to his children nearly five hundred acres of farm land in this section and he is still the owner of much valuable property in and adjoining East Tawas.
>
> “In 1867 the Curry Brothers constructed a large hotel in Tawas City, the same being christened the ‘American House’ In this popular hotel the traveling public found the best entertainment and the most hospitable of hosts. The American House was destroyed by fire in 1868 and in the same year they erected a hotel at Tawas City, which was much superior to the first one in every respect. Later they built the Tawas City Hotel, and this too was destroyed by the ravages of fire. During the years between 1867 and 1882 the Curry Brothers lost four hotels and one dwelling through fire. This would be enough to dishearten any ordinary man, but Isaiah and Thomas Curry plodded on and eventually success crowned their various ventures so that today Mr. Curry has attained a competency and is now living in virtual retirement at East Tawas.
>
> “In 1894, Mr. Thomas Curry with his family, removed to one of his farms in Iosco County, where he continued to reside until 1905, in which year he established the family home in East Tawas. That Mr. Curry is eminently popular among his fellow citizens and business associates may well be seen when it is stated that for the past thirty-three years he has been incumbent of the office of director in the Michigan Agricultural Society.
>
> “In politics he endorses the cause of the Republican party and while he has never had time or ambition for the honors and emoluments of public office his every effort has been exerted on behalf of good government and general prosperity. The Curry family has even been aligned as devout communicants of the Protestant Episcopal church, the established church of England, in whose faith Thomas Curry was reared and to which he continues to give a most zealous allegiance.
>
> “On the 5th of February, 1874, Mr. Curry was united in marriage to Miss Catherine J. Schneeberger, who was born at Ann Arbor, Michigan, and who is a daughter of John Schneeberger, long a representative and influential citizen of that place.
>
> “Mr. and Mrs. Curry have six children, all of whom were born in Iosco County, Michigan, whose names are here entered in respective order of birth: Charles W., Vinn M., Lillie M., Waldo I., Thomas V., and Johanna C. Lillie M. is now the wife of Mertal Barns, and they maintain their home at East Tawas.
>
> The entire life of Thomas Curry has been one of industry and propriety. He has reared and educated a fine family and now, in his declining years, surrounded with plenty to supply every want and by a family of which he is justly proud, he may pass the residue of his life in comfort and contentment — a deserved reward for a most deserving man.” Excerpted from A HISTORY OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN AND ITS PEOPLE, by PERRY F. POWERS, assisted by H. G. CUTLER, editor of the Lewis Publishing Company, 1912.

On February 15, 1874, in Tawas City, Iosco County, Michigan, Thomas Curry married Catherine Josephine Schneeberger, daughter of Johannes Freidrich Schneeberger (March 23, 1827, Pennsylvania – January 19, 1865, probably East Saginaw, Saginaw County, Michigan) and Johanna Katherina Sautter (May 2, 1824, Bondorf, Württemberg – July 15, 1901, Saginaw, Saginaw County, Michigan).

1842, 1851 and 1861 Canada East Census (Curry family)*; 1849 Washtenaw County, Michigan, Marriage Record* (Schneeberger-Sauter)*; 1860, 1870, 1880, 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1871 Canada Census; 1874 Tawas City, Iosco County, Michigan, Marriage Record* (Curry-Schneeberger)*;*

1882 St. Jerome Church of England, Gore, Argenteuil, Quebec, Canada , Burial Record; 1901 Saginaw County, Saginaw, Death Record; July 15, 1901, Saginaw Evening News Obituary; 1916 Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan, Marriage Record (identifies parents)*; 1917 East Tawas, Iosco County, Michigan, Death Certificate; January 31, 1917, The Saginaw Daily News Obituary; 1934 East Tawas, Iosco County, Micihgan, Death Certificate; March 1934 and July 1980 Tawas Herald Obituaries; 1980 Tawas City, Iosco County, Michigan, Death Record; 1980 US Deaths; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Curry and Staudacher, Memorial Gardens Cemetery, Tawas City, Michigan).

[361] *1900, 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; WWII Draft Reg* (Harold Staudacher born in Flint)*; 1947, 1948, 1950, 1955 and 1956 Bay City, Michigan, City, Directories; 1996 Genesee County, Michigan, Death Record; 1980, 1996 and 2002 US Deaths; 1996 US Apps/Claims* (Harold Staudacher born in Flint); *1953 and 2002 US Apps/Claims; 1980 Iosco County, Michigan, Death Record; Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Arthur Frederick Staudacher, Clinton Grove Cemetery, Clinton Township, Macomb County, Michigan; and Gravemarker Johanna Currey Staudacher, Memorial Gardens Cemetery, Tawas City, Michigan;

[362] *2002 US Deaths; 2002 US Apps/Claims; December 23 and 24, 2002, Flint Journal Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Alice Staudacher, Evergreen Cemetery, Grand Blanc, Michigan).

> STAUDACHER, Alice Ruth, age 85, of Fenton, formerly of Flint, died Saturday, December 21, 2002, at Genesys Hospice Care Center in Goodrich. A Funeral Service will be held 11am Thursday, December 26, 2002, at St. Paul Lutheran Church, 402 S. Ballenger, Flint with Pastor Roger Kilponen officiating, interment to follow at Evergreen Cemetery, Grand Blanc. Visitation will be held Tuesday 11AM-2PM at Sharp Funeral Homes, Fenton Chapel, 1000 Silver Lake Rd., Fenton. Memorial Contributions can be made in Mrs. Staudacher's name to St. Paul Lutheran Church and School Scholarship Fund or Genesys Hospice. Mrs. Staudacher was born on August 22, 1917, in Munger, MI, the daughter of Edwin and Ernestine (Berg) Kolka. She had lived in Fenton since August of 1995 having come from Flint and was married to Harold A. Staudacher on April 22, 1941. Mrs. Staudacher was a graduate of both Bay City Central High School and Bay City Business College and retired from McLaren Regional Medical Center as executive secretary to the comptroller. Mrs. Staudacher was also a member of St. Paul Lutheran Church. She is survived by son Thomas Staudacher and wife Judith of Lake Fenton, son Jon Staudacher and wife Carla of Bellaire, MI, son Kent Staudacher and wife Tammy of Grand Blanc, grandchildren Thomas, Todd, Shannon, Gabriele, and Madison, great grandchildren Sadie, Paige, Frannie, Matthew, and Ethan, sister, Lee Hayner of Grand Blanc, sister Evelyn Greer and husband Oval of Decatur, Alabama, brother Eldon Kolka and wife Joanne of Flushing. Mrs. Staudacher was preceded in death by her parents, husband, sister Dorothy, and brothers Kenneth and Arthur. The family would like to extend a special thanks friends and caregivers, Gail, Vickie and Kelly of Fenton. Friends may share their online condolences with the family at *www. Sharpfuneralhomes.com; and December 23 and 24, 2002, Flint Journal Obituary*.

[363] *Jack Berg; August 4, 1944, The Bay Cit Times Birth Announcement; April 13, 1966, The Flint Journal Wedding Announcement; June 12, 1996, The Flint Journal Obituary; September 2, 1966, The Flint Journal, Listing of Marriage Licenses; December 23 and 24, 2002, Flint Journal Obituary; and January 2025 Sharp Funeral Home Obituary*

> Thomas James Staudacher
> Jul 28, 1944 — Jan 10, 2025
> Fenton

STAUDACHER, Thomas James “Tom” - Age 80, of Fenton, passed away Friday, January 10, 2025. Funeral Service 11:00 AM Tuesday, January 21, 2025 at Sharp Funeral Homes Fenton Chapel 1000 Silver Lake Road, Fenton. Mr. Tim Goyette, a friend of the family officiating. His service will be live streamed and may be viewed on his obituary page at www.sharpfuneralhomes.com Visitation 3:00pm - 7:00 pm Monday, January 20, 2025 and 10:00am on Tuesday, January 21st until the time of Service at the Funeral Home. A Sharing Service will begin at 5:30pm on Monday evening during visitation. This service will also be livestreamed and may be viewed on Tom's obituary page. In lieu of flowers, memorial contributions would be appreciated to The St. John Catholic Church Outreach of Fenton or Sigma Phi Gamma Sorority to support victims of domestic violence.

Tom was born July 28, 1944 in Bay City, the son of Harold and Alice (Kolka) Staudacher. He married Judith Ann Wittbrodt in Flint on September 3, 1966. Tom graduated from Flint Northern High School in 1962. He later graduated from Flint Junior College and Central Michigan University (Fire up chips!) in 1968. He began his career at GM in 1968, retiring in 1996 as Director of Labor Relations. Tom was the founder of the St. John Fenton Applefest Road Race, a longtime member of the Fenton Moose Lodge, loved lake living and a resident on Lake Fenton for 40 years. He looked forward to his ROMEO (retired old men eating out) time and enjoyed running, golfing, boating, swimming and water skiing. He was a huge fan of U of M sports, Detroit Lions and Tigers, an avid fan of college and high school sports and especially took pride in watching his grandchildren play volleyball, soccer, swimming, baseball, basketball and hockey.

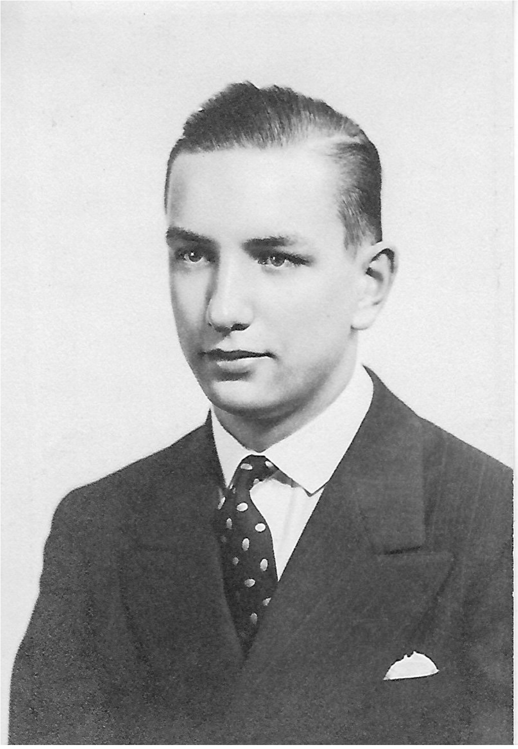
Tom is survived by his wife, Judy Staudacher; sons, Thom (Gina) Staudacher, and Todd (Kim) Staudacher; grandchildren, Sadie (Richard) Matrassi, Paige (Ryan) Kosmynka, Francine (Rance) Hennessey, Matthew Staudacher, Ethan Staudacher, and Ellen Staudacher; brothers, Jon (Cookie) Staudacher, and Kent Staudacher; In-Laws, Tony (Kathy) Wittbrodt, Liz (Bob) Zirnhelt, Ray Wittbrodt, Patrick (Debbie) Wittbrodt, Nanci (Keith) Norman, Richard (Amy) Wittbrodt, Steve (Mary) Wittbrodt, and Matthew (Michele) Wittbrodt; and many nieces and nephews.

Tom was preceded in death by his parents; In-Laws, Donny Wittbrodt, Annie Sisovsky, and Mary Jo Asp. The Staudacher Family would like to thank the 2 South patient care staff at Henry Ford Genesy Hospital for the wonderful care that was provided to Tom. Online tributes may be shared at www.sharpfuneralhomes.com.

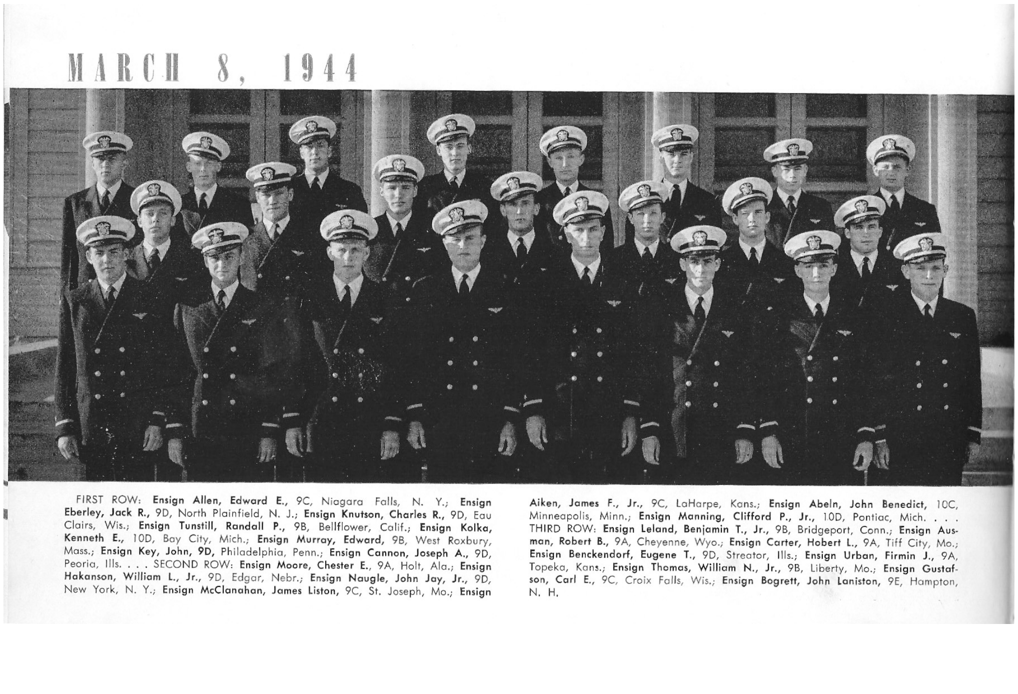
[364] Jon Theodore Staudacher married Carla Faye Fowler (Burtrum) in September 1980. *Jack Berg; June 12, 1996, The Flint Journal Obituary; September 1, 1980, The Flint Journal Listing of Marriage Licenses; and December 23 and 24, 2002, Flint Journal Obituary*

[365] Kent Edward Staudacher married and divorced Tammy ____. They had two daughters Gabrielle Kolka and Madison Kolka. *Jack Berg; June 12, 1996, The Flint Journal Obituary; and December 23 and 24, 2002, Flint Journal Obituary*

Kenneth[366] Edward Kolka (as well as *Art* and Eldon) worked for his father during the summers. Ken graduated from Bay City Central High School in June 1938, and attended Bay City Junior College. He went to work for the Auto-Lite plant in Bay City.[367]

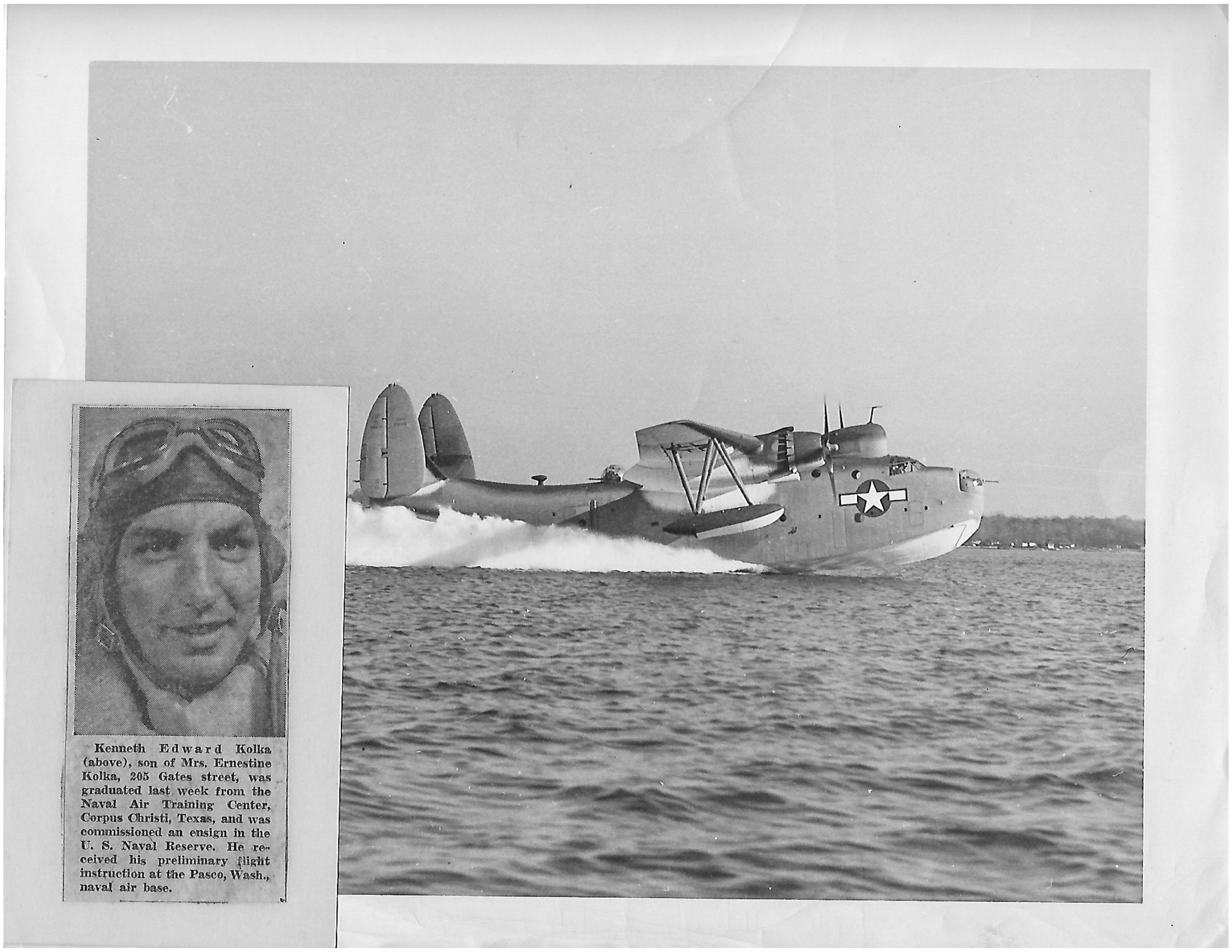


In April 1940, Ken (19) was working full time as an inspector at an auto parts company (Auto-Lite) and living at home at 205 Gates Street, Bay City.[368] After registering for the Draft in July 1941,[369] Ken Kolka enlisted in the U.S. Navy on September 23, 1942, joining the US Navy on January 3, 1943, and trained as a pilot of Catalina PBY flying boats. Ken graduated from flight school on March 8, 1944.[370]

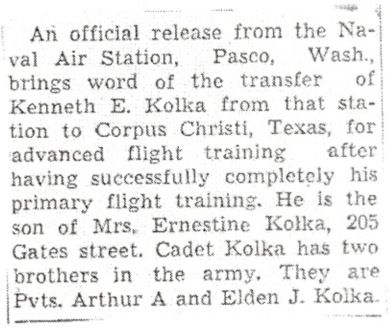


MARCH 8, 1944

FIRST ROW: **Ensign Allen, Edward E.,** 9C, Niagara Falls, N. Y.; **Ensign Eberley, Jack R.,** 9D, North Plainfield, N. J.; **Ensign Knutson, Charles R.,** 9D, Eau Clairs, Wis.; **Ensign Tunstill, Randall P.,** 9B, Bellflower, Calif.; **Ensign Kolka, Kenneth E.,** 10D, Bay City, Mich.; **Ensign Murray, Edward,** 9B, West Roxbury, Mass.; **Ensign Key, John, 9D,** Philadelphia, Penn.; **Ensign Cannon, Joseph A.,** 9D, Peoria, Ills. . . . SECOND ROW: **Ensign Moore, Chester E.,** 9A, Holt, Ala.; **Ensign Hakanson, William L., Jr.,** 9D, Edgar, Nebr.; **Ensign Naugle, John Jay, Jr.,** 9D, New York, N. Y.; **Ensign McClanahan, James Liston,** 9C, St. Joseph, Mo.; **Ensign Aiken, James F., Jr.,** 9C, LaHarpe, Kans.; **Ensign Abeln, John Benedict,** 10C, Minneapolis, Minn.; **Ensign Manning, Clifford P., Jr.,** 10D, Pontiac, Mich. . . . THIRD ROW: **Ensign Leland, Benjamin T., Jr.,** 9B, Bridgeport, Conn.; **Ensign Ausman, Robert B.,** 9A, Cheyenne, Wyo.; **Ensign Carter, Hobert L.,** 9A, Tiff City, Mo.; **Ensign Benckendorf, Eugene T.,** 9D, Streator, Ills.; **Ensign Urban, Firmin J.,** 9A, Topeka, Kans.; **Ensign Thomas, William N., Jr.,** 9B, Liberty, Mo.; **Ensign Gustafson, Carl E.,** 9C, Croix Falls, Wis.; **Ensign Bogrett, John Laniston,** 9E, Hampton, N. H.



Kenneth Edward Kolka (above), son of Mrs. Ernestine Kolka, 205 Gates street, was graduated last week from the Naval Air Training Center, Corpus Christi, Texas, and was commissioned an ensign in the U. S. Naval Reserve. He received his preliminary flight instruction at the Pasco, Wash., naval air base.



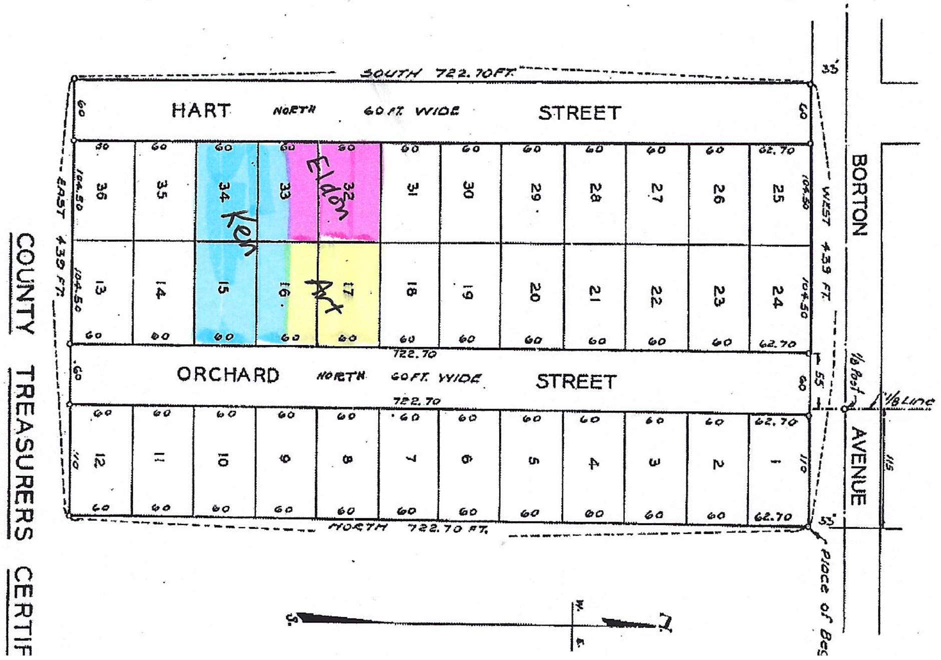
An official release from the Naval Air Station, Pasco, Wash., brings word of the transfer of Kenneth E. Kolka from that station to Corpus Christi, Texas, for advanced flight training after having successfully completely his primary flight training. He is the son of Mrs. Ernestine Kolka, 205 Gates street. Cadet Kolka has two brothers in the army. They are Pvts. Arthur A and Elden J. Kolka.

While in the Pacific Theatre, Lt. J.G. Ken Kolka flew Catalina PBY flying boats. Ken Kolka was honorably discharged from the Navy on April 2, 1946, but remained in the Naval Reserve at least into 1954.[371]

On January 5, 1946, in Folkston, Georgia, Ken Kolka married Ida Elizabeth ("Betty") German (September 14, 1917, Passaic, Passaic County, New Jersey – March 3, 1987, Bay City, Bay

County, Michigan), whom he met in the Navy.[372] She was the daughter of Michael German (August 31, 1895, Sourbathel, Veszprém, Hungary – February 4, 1958, Norwalk, Fairfield County, Connecticut; Imm 1909 to US; 1916 m Elizabeth Kuhn in New Jersey) and Elizabeth Kuhn (March 15, 1895, Vaji/Vaja, Hungary – April 8, 1987, Bay City, Bay County, Michigan; April 16, 1913, Imm to New York, US on *SS Kaiserin Auguste Victoria*; June 7, 1949, naturalized as US citizen). The family initially lived in Passaic, Passaic County, and Garfield, Bergen County, New Jersey, before moving to Norfolk, Fairfield County, Connecticut in the 1920s. In 1940, Betty German was living in Manhattan, and was a nurse at St. Luke's Hospital in New York City from which she had graduated. Ida Elizabeth German served as a nurse in the United States Navy during World War II, from September 1, 1942, to May 27, 1946, where she served in the Aleutian Islands and Florida.[373]

On June 6 and 17, 1946, Ken Kolka and Ida Elizabeth ("Betty") German, who were living at 225 Ames Street (one street over and in the same block as his mother's), purchased Lots 15 and 34, as well as south halves of Lots 16 and 33, of L. E. Sharpe's Subdivision in Essexville.[374] On April 18, 1949, *Art* and Eldon Kolka, who were still living at 205 Gates Street, purchased Lots 17 and 32, as well as the north halves of Lots 16 and 33. Lots 32-34 were on Hart Street, while Lots 16-18 were on Orchard Street, which would later be re-named Sharpe Street after the subdivision's developer Lawrence Sharpe.[375]


SOUTH 722.70 FT.
HART NORTH 60 FT. WIDE STREET
36
35
34
33
32
31
30
29
28
27
26
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13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
Ken
Eldon
Art
EAST 439 FT.
WEST 439 FT.
722.70
ORCHARD NORTH 60 FT. WIDE STREET
722.70
12
11
10
9
8
7
6
5
4
3
2
1
NORTH 722.70 FT.
BORTON AVENUE
1/8 Line
Piece of Beg
COUNTY TREASURERS CERTIF

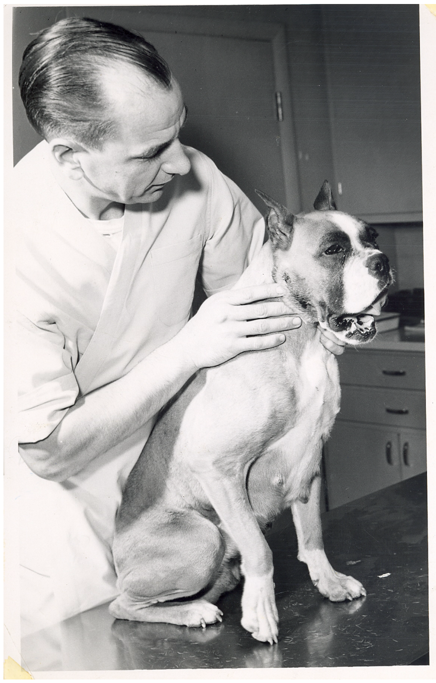
L. E. Sharpe's Plat

Ken sold his lots to Don and Ellen Czerwinski. *Art Kolka* purchased/exchanged Eldon's interest in their lots, for the parts which fronted Orchard/Sharpe Street,[376] where he built his family's home. The lots fronting Hart Street went to Eldon, and were eventually built on by Bob Perkins.

In 1947 and 1948, Ken, employed by Auto Lite as an engineer, and Betty German Kolka were still living at 225 Ames Street in Bay City, and Ken was employed as an engineer at Auto-Lite. However, by 1949, they were living at 40 NW 40th Avenue, Miami, Dade County, Florida, where Ken was attending the University of Miami. As of April 1, 1950, they were living at 5931 SW

46th Street, in Miami, Dade County, Florida, and Betty was a registered nurse in a doctor's office. His brother Eldon Kolka lived with them. Betty was chief nurse for the American Red Cross in Lansing in 1953-54. Ken enrolled in Michigan State Agricultural College where he earned a Doctor of Veterinary Medicine degree on June 7, 1955.

Ken received his first Veterinary Medicine License on June 7, 1955. Ken Kolka came back to Bay City and started Bay Animal Hospital on Center Road (M-25) in Hampton Township, Bay County, Michigan, in 1956, where he worked until he retired in January 1984. His brother *Art Kolka* designed the building, and *Art*, Eldon and Lydia participated in the animal hospital's construction.[377]



HAPPY
EMENT
KEN

Uncle Ken was a great guy. He was always there when I would call asking for help with an injured animal. Ken was an avid Michigan State University supporter and was a President of its Alumni Association around 1977.[378] Ken loved to socialize and golf, which I did with him many times over the years. Ken and Betty adopted two children: Walter John Kolka and Robin Marie Kolka.[379]

Ken Kolka and Ida Elizabeth German divorced. Betty continued her important work with the American Red Cross traveling to natural disasters throughout the country.

On October 2, 1977, Ken Kolka married Nancy Anne Krone (Weaver) (December 29, 1932, East Lansing, Ingham County, Michigan – June 16, 2021, Bay City, Bay County, Michigan), daughter of Paul Robert Krone (April 3, 1906, Clarence, Snow Shoe Township, Centre County, Pennsylvania – January 1, 1973, Lansing, Ingham County, Michigan; m December 13, 1930, Williams County, Ohio) and Nedra Lorena Wonsetler (August 14, 1905, Bryan, Williams County, Ohio – June 3, 1983, East Lansing, Ingham County, Michigan).[380]

They lived on Rosemary Lane in Hampton Township until his death from lung and brain cancer on July 1, 1992, at the age of 72. His cremains are interred at the mausoleum of Floral Gardens Cemetery on Cass Avenue, Bay City.[381]

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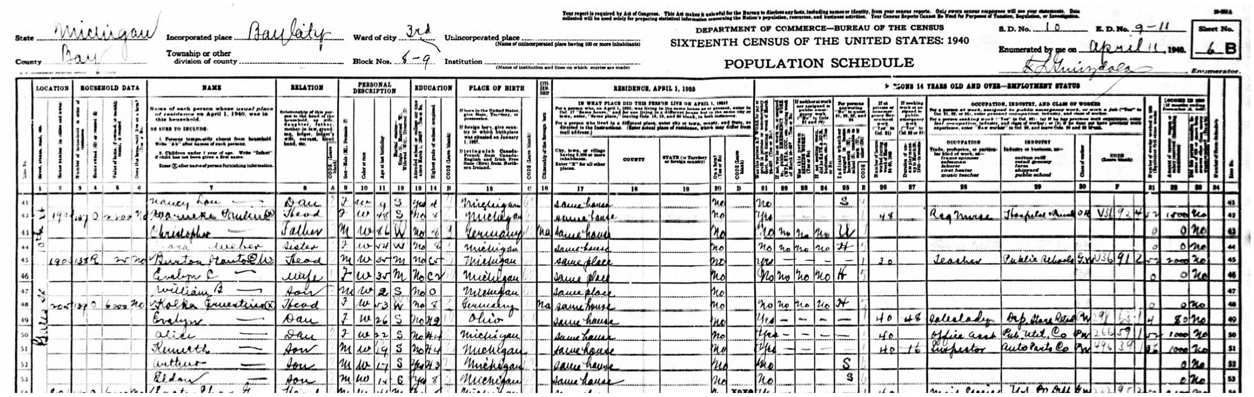
[366]

[367] *1937 and 1938 Polk, Bay City, Michigan, Directories.*

[368] *1940 US Census; and 1940 and 1942 Polk Bay City, Michigan, Directories.*

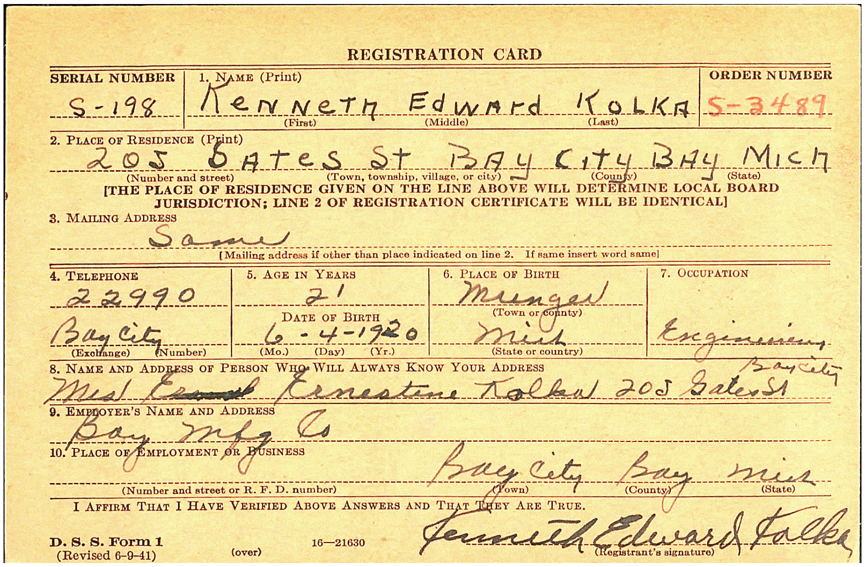


DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE—BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
SIXTEENTH CENSUS OF THE UNITED STATES: 1940
POPULATION SCHEDULE

State: Michigan
County: Bay
Incorporated place: Bay City
Ward of city: 3rd
Block Nos.: 8-9
S.D. No.: 10
E.D. No.: 9-11
Sheet No.: 6 B
Enumerated by me on April 11, 1940.

Line	Street	House no.	Household no.	Owned or rented	Value or rent	Farm	Name	Relation	Sex	Race	Age	Marital	School	Grade	Place of birth	Citizenship	Residence 1935	On a farm	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	Occupation	Industry	Class	Code	Weeks worked	Wages	Other income
41							Nancy Lou	Dau	F	W	9	S	Yes	4	Michigan		same house	No	No				S									
42	10th St	190?	187	O	2500	No	Warnke Pauline ⊗	Head	F	W	48	S	No	6	Michigan		same house	No	Yes					48		Reg Nurse	Hospital	OA	V31 92 4	52	1500	No
43							Christopher	Father	M	W	86	W	No	6	Germany	Na	same house	No	No	No	No	No	U							0	0	No
44							Clara Weber	Sister	F	W	54	W	No	8	Michigan		same house	No	No	No	No	No	H							0	0	No
45		1906	138	R	25	No	Burton Stanton ⊗ W	Head	M	W	35	M	No	C5	Michigan		same place	No	Yes	—	—	—	—	30		Teacher	Public Schools	Gw	N36 91 2	52	2000	No
46							Evelyn C	Wife	F	W	35	M	No	C4	Michigan		same place	No	No	No	No	No	H							0	0	No
47							William B	Son	M	W	2	S	No	0	Michigan		same place	No														
48	Bates St	1205	137	O	6000	No	Kolka Ernestine ⊗	Head	F	W	53	W	No	8	Germany	Na	same house	No	No	No	No	No	H							0	0	No
49							Evelyn	Dau	F	W	26	S	No	H2	Ohio		same house	No	Yes	—	—	—	—	40	48	Saleslady	Dep. Store Retail	Pw	29 65 1	4	80	No
50							Alice	Dau	F	W	22	S	No	H4	Michigan		same house	No	Yes	—	—	—	—	40		Office asst	Pub. Util. Co	Pw	266 59 1	52	1000	No
51							Kenneth	Son	M	W	19	S	No	H4	Michigan		same house	No	Yes	—	—	—	—	40	16	Inspector	Auto Parts Co	Pw	496 39 1	36	1000	No
52							Arthur	Son	M	W	17	S	Yes	H3	Michigan		same house	No	No				S								0	No
53							Eldon	Son	M	W	14	S	Yes	8	Michigan		same house	No	No				S								0	No

[369] *WWII Draft Reg.*



REGISTRATION CARD

SERIAL NUMBER S-198

1. NAME (Print) Kenneth Edward Kolka (First) (Middle) (Last)

ORDER NUMBER S-3489

2. PLACE OF RESIDENCE (Print) 205 Gates St Bay City Bay Mich (Number and street) (Town, township, village, or city) (County) (State)

[THE PLACE OF RESIDENCE GIVEN ON THE LINE ABOVE WILL DETERMINE LOCAL BOARD JURISDICTION; LINE 2 OF REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE WILL BE IDENTICAL]

3. MAILING ADDRESS Same [Mailing address if other than place indicated on line 2. If same insert word same]

4. TELEPHONE 22990 Bay City (Exchange) (Number)

5. AGE IN YEARS 21 DATE OF BIRTH 6-4-1920 (Mo.) (Day) (Yr.)

6. PLACE OF BIRTH Munger (Town or county) Mich (State or country)

7. OCCUPATION Engineering

8. NAME AND ADDRESS OF PERSON WHO WILL ALWAYS KNOW YOUR ADDRESS Mrs ~~Edward~~ Ernestine Kolka 205 Gates St Bay City

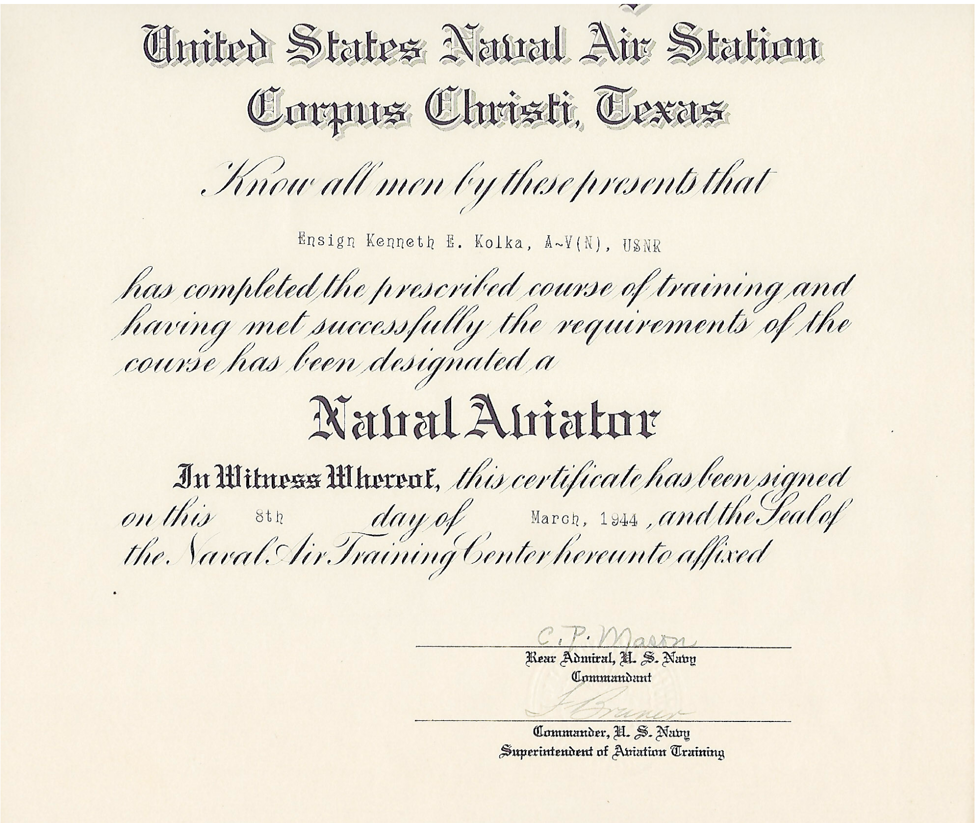
9. EMPLOYER'S NAME AND ADDRESS Bay Mfg Co

10. PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT OR BUSINESS Bay City Bay Mich (Number and street or R. F. D. number) (Town) (County) (State)

I AFFIRM THAT I HAVE VERIFIED ABOVE ANSWERS AND THAT THEY ARE TRUE.

D. S. S. Form 1 (Revised 6-9-41) (over) 16—21630 Kenneth Edward Kolka (Registrant's signature)

[370] *October 14, 1942, The Bay City Times Article*. According to *Michigan's Military Pilots of Bay County*, Ken claimed to have been a "contemporary pilot with and an acquaintance of 'Pappy' Boyington" of "Black Sheep" fame. Boyington a Medal of Honor recipient was shot down on January 3, 1944, and held as a prisoner-of-war until the end of the war; two months before Ken graduated from flight school.



United States Naval Air Station

Corpus Christi, Texas

Know all men by these presents that

Ensign Kenneth E. Kolka, A-V(N), USNR

has completed the prescribed course of training and having met successfully the requirements of the course has been designated a

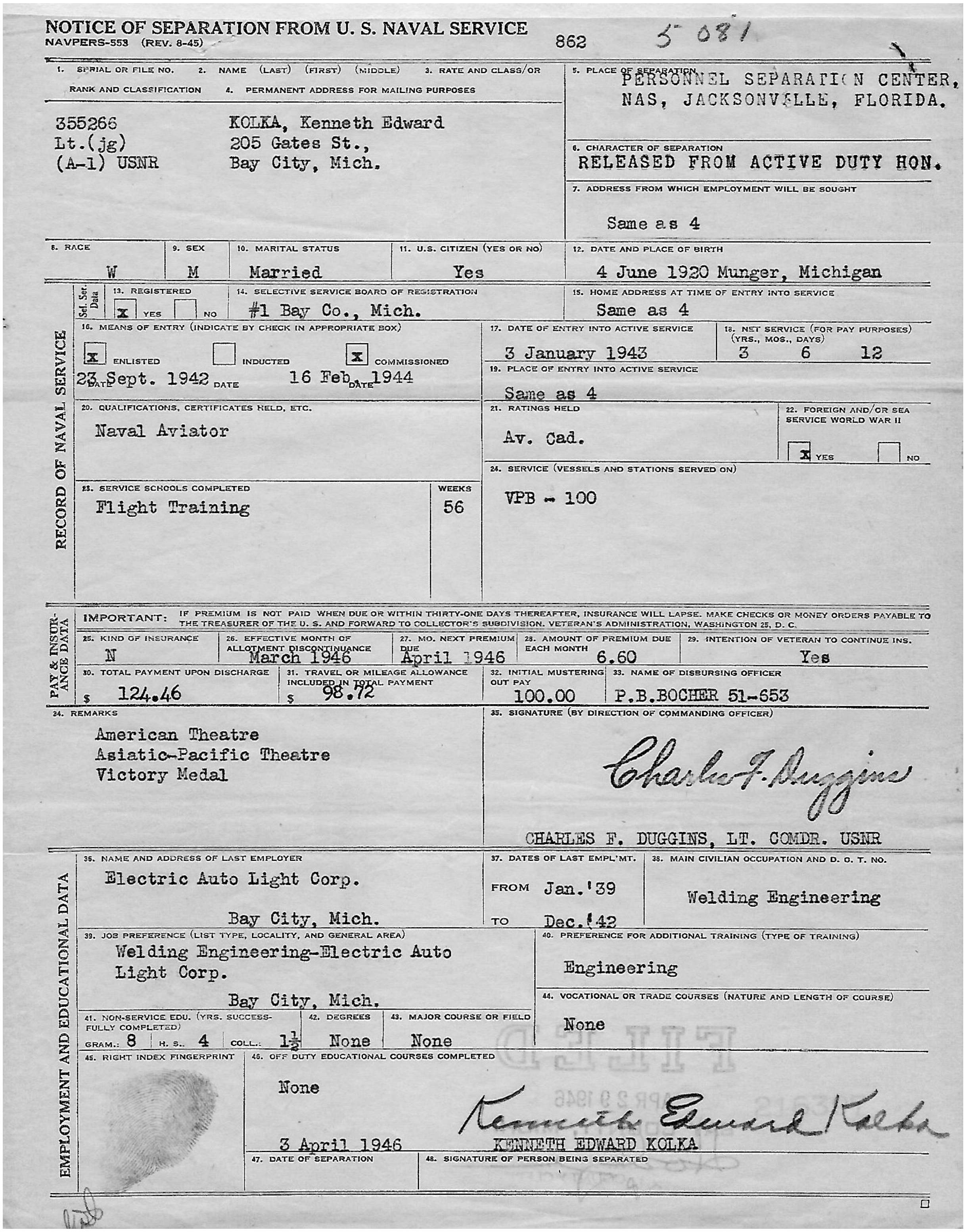
Naval Aviator

In Witness Whereof, *this certificate has been signed on this* 8th *day of* March, 1944, *and the Seal of the Naval Air Training Center hereunto affixed*

C. P. Mason
Rear Admiral, U. S. Navy
Commandant

Commander, U. S. Navy
Superintendent of Aviation Training

[371] *1946 Notice of Separation from U.S. Naval Service; 1951 USN Register of Commissioned Officers in USN Reserve; and 1954 Honorable Discharge.*



NOTICE OF SEPARATION FROM U. S. NAVAL SERVICE
NAVPERS-553 (REV. 8-45)
862
5 081

1. SERIAL OR FILE NO. 2. NAME (LAST) (FIRST) (MIDDLE) 3. RATE AND CLASS/OR RANK AND CLASSIFICATION 4. PERMANENT ADDRESS FOR MAILING PURPOSES

355266
Lt.(jg)
(A-1) USNR

KOLKA, Kenneth Edward
205 Gates St.,
Bay City, Mich.

5. PLACE OF SEPARATION: PERSONNEL SEPARATION CENTER, NAS, JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA.

6. CHARACTER OF SEPARATION: RELEASED FROM ACTIVE DUTY HON.

7. ADDRESS FROM WHICH EMPLOYMENT WILL BE SOUGHT: Same as 4

8. RACE: W

9. SEX: M

10. MARITAL STATUS: Married

11. U.S. CITIZEN (YES OR NO): Yes

12. DATE AND PLACE OF BIRTH: 4 June 1920 Munger, Michigan

RECORD OF NAVAL SERVICE

Sel. Ser. Data

13. REGISTERED: ☒ YES ☐ NO

14. SELECTIVE SERVICE BOARD OF REGISTRATION: #1 Bay Co., Mich.

15. HOME ADDRESS AT TIME OF ENTRY INTO SERVICE: Same as 4

16. MEANS OF ENTRY (INDICATE BY CHECK IN APPROPRIATE BOX): ☒ ENLISTED ☐ INDUCTED ☒ COMMISSIONED

DATE 23 Sept. 1942 DATE DATE 16 Feb. 1944

17. DATE OF ENTRY INTO ACTIVE SERVICE: 3 January 1943

18. NET SERVICE (FOR PAY PURPOSES) (YRS., MOS., DAYS): 3 6 12

19. PLACE OF ENTRY INTO ACTIVE SERVICE: Same as 4

20. QUALIFICATIONS, CERTIFICATES HELD, ETC.: Naval Aviator

21. RATINGS HELD: Av. Cad.

22. FOREIGN AND/OR SEA SERVICE WORLD WAR II: ☒ YES ☐ NO

23. SERVICE SCHOOLS COMPLETED: Flight Training WEEKS: 56

24. SERVICE (VESSELS AND STATIONS SERVED ON): VPB - 100

PAY & INSURANCE DATA

IMPORTANT: IF PREMIUM IS NOT PAID WHEN DUE OR WITHIN THIRTY-ONE DAYS THEREAFTER, INSURANCE WILL LAPSE. MAKE CHECKS OR MONEY ORDERS PAYABLE TO THE TREASURER OF THE U. S. AND FORWARD TO COLLECTOR'S SUBDIVISION. VETERAN'S ADMINISTRATION, WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

25. KIND OF INSURANCE: N

26. EFFECTIVE MONTH OF ALLOTMENT DISCONTINUANCE: March 1946

27. MO. NEXT PREMIUM DUE: April 1946

28. AMOUNT OF PREMIUM DUE EACH MONTH: 6.60

29. INTENTION OF VETERAN TO CONTINUE INS.: Yes

30. TOTAL PAYMENT UPON DISCHARGE: $ 124.46

31. TRAVEL OR MILEAGE ALLOWANCE INCLUDED IN TOTAL PAYMENT: $ 98.72

32. INITIAL MUSTERING OUT PAY: 100.00

33. NAME OF DISBURSING OFFICER: P.B.BOCHER 51-653

34. REMARKS:
American Theatre
Asiatic-Pacific Theatre
Victory Medal

35. SIGNATURE (BY DIRECTION OF COMMANDING OFFICER):
Charles F. Duggins
CHARLES F. DUGGINS, LT. COMDR. USNR

EMPLOYMENT AND EDUCATIONAL DATA

36. NAME AND ADDRESS OF LAST EMPLOYER:
Electric Auto Light Corp.
Bay City, Mich.

37. DATES OF LAST EMPL'MT.: FROM Jan.'39 TO Dec.'42

38. MAIN CIVILIAN OCCUPATION AND D. O. T. NO.: Welding Engineering

39. JOB PREFERENCE (LIST TYPE, LOCALITY, AND GENERAL AREA):
Welding Engineering-Electric Auto Light Corp.
Bay City, Mich.

40. PREFERENCE FOR ADDITIONAL TRAINING (TYPE OF TRAINING): Engineering

41. NON-SERVICE EDU. (YRS. SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED): GRAM.: 8 H. S.: 4 COLL.: 1½

42. DEGREES: None

43. MAJOR COURSE OR FIELD: None

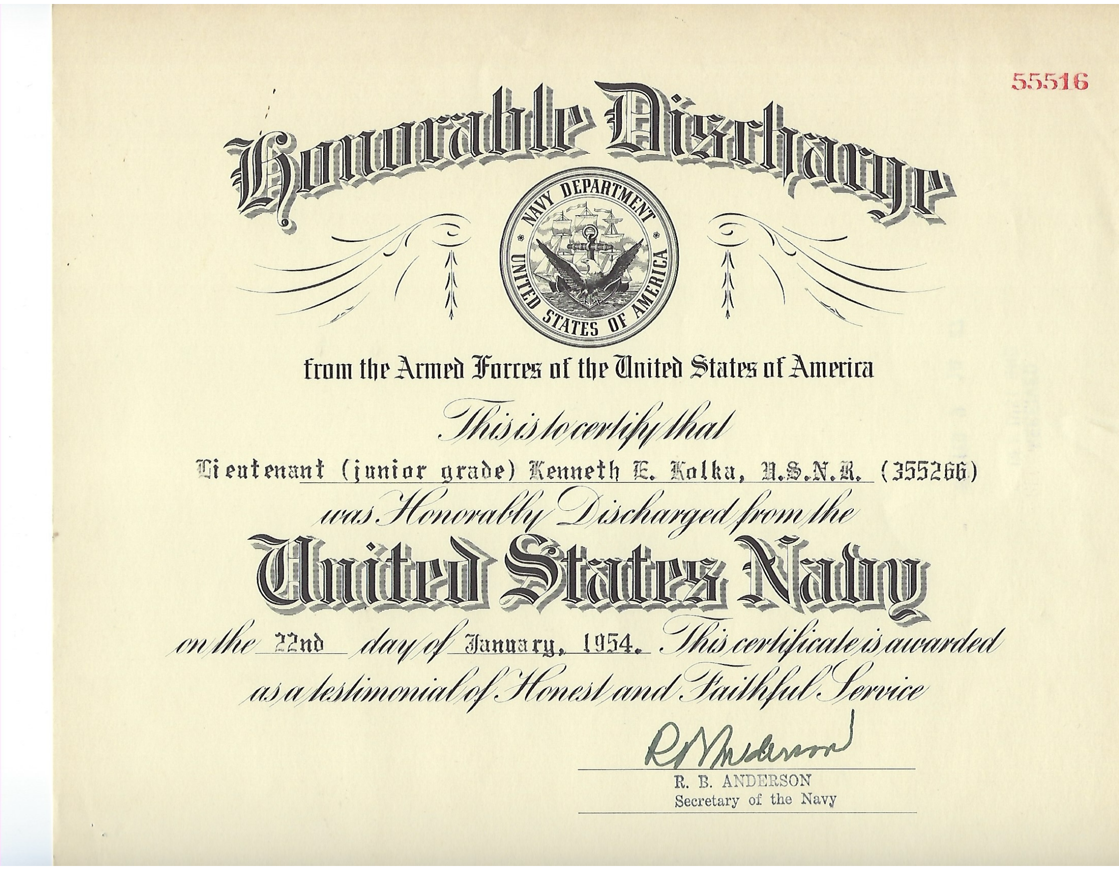
44. VOCATIONAL OR TRADE COURSES (NATURE AND LENGTH OF COURSE): None

45. RIGHT INDEX FINGERPRINT

46. OFF DUTY EDUCATIONAL COURSES COMPLETED: None

47. DATE OF SEPARATION: 3 April 1946

48. SIGNATURE OF PERSON BEING SEPARATED:
Kenneth Edward Kolka
KENNETH EDWARD KOLKA



55516

Honorable Discharge

from the Armed Forces of the United States of America

This is to certify that

Lieutenant (junior grade) Kenneth E. Kolka, U.S.N.R. (355266)

was Honorably Discharged from the

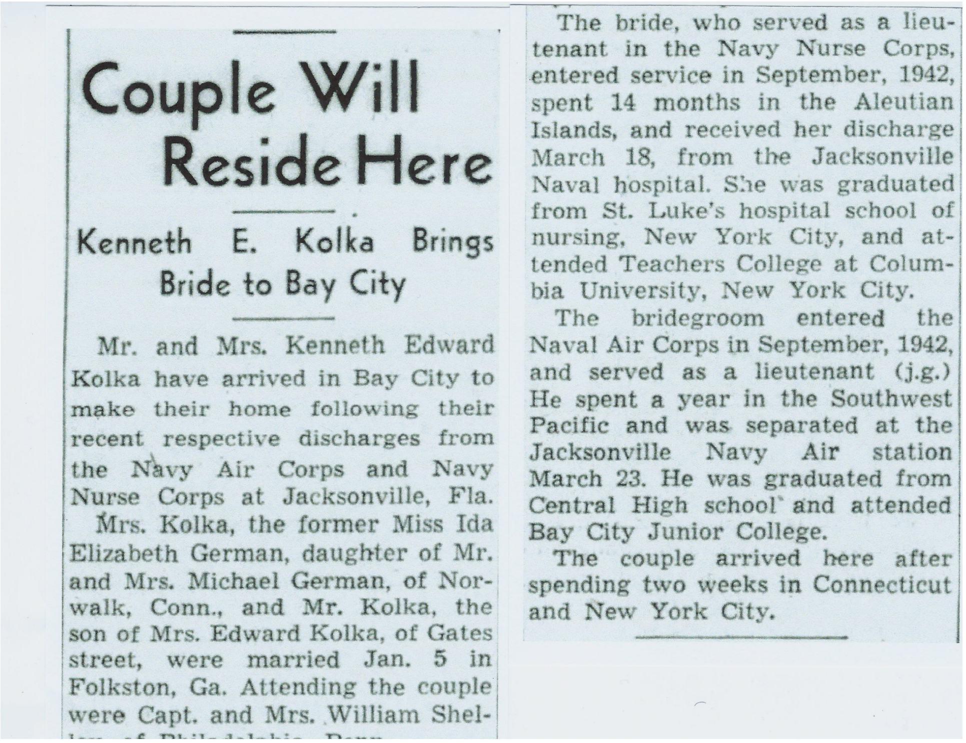
United States Navy

on the 22nd day of January, 1954. This certificate is awarded as a testimonial of Honest and Faithful Service

R B Anderson

R. B. ANDERSON
Secretary of the Navy

[372] *April 17, 1946, The Bay City Times.*



Couple Will Reside Here

Kenneth E. Kolka Brings Bride to Bay City

Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Edward Kolka have arrived in Bay City to make their home following their recent respective discharges from the Navy Air Corps and Navy Nurse Corps at Jacksonville, Fla.

Mrs. Kolka, the former Miss Ida Elizabeth German, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael German, of Norwalk, Conn., and Mr. Kolka, the son of Mrs. Edward Kolka, of Gates street, were married Jan. 5 in Folkston, Ga. Attending the couple were Capt. and Mrs. William Shel-

The bride, who served as a lieutenant in the Navy Nurse Corps, entered service in September, 1942, spent 14 months in the Aleutian Islands, and received her discharge March 18, from the Jacksonville Naval hospital. She was graduated from St. Luke's hospital school of nursing, New York City, and attended Teachers College at Columbia University, New York City.

The bridegroom entered the Naval Air Corps in September, 1942, and served as a lieutenant (j.g.) He spent a year in the Southwest Pacific and was separated at the Jacksonville Navy Air station March 23. He was graduated from Central High school and attended Bay City Junior College.

The couple arrived here after spending two weeks in Connecticut and New York City.

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[373] *1912 US Naturalization Certificate* (Michael German)*; 1916 New Jersey Marriage Record; WWI&II Draft Regs* (Michael German)*; 1920, 1940 and 1950 US Census* (Michael and Elizabeth German)*; 1940 US Census* (Ida E. German)*; 1940 Manhattan, New York, Voter Register; 1947 Buffalo, New York, US Border Crossing Record* (Michael and Elizabeth German)*; 1949 US Naturalization Certificate* (Elizabeth German)*; 1958 Norwalk, Fairfield County, Connecticut, Death Record; 1958 and 2004* (Michael Dennis German) *US Apps/Claims; February 7, 1958, The Passaic, New Jersey, Herald News Obituary; 1987 Bay City, Bay County, Michigan, Death Certificate; 1987 Bay County, Michigan, Death Records x2; 1987 US Deaths x2; and 1987 BIRLS Deaths*.

[374] In an ironic twist, in the 1980s Ken lived with his future wife Nancy Weaver in the house she owned on Hart Street, Essexville, which was built on Lots 33 and 34, which Ken had owned in 1946.

[375] *1946 Warranty Deeds, Bay County, Michigan, Records,* Liber 360, Page 598, and Liber 361, Page 519*; and 1949 Warranty Deed, Bay County, Michigan, Records,* Liber 393, Page 573.

[376] This exchange is evidenced in quit claim deeds in favor of Hildegard Horst, dated July 16, 1949, which served as debt (mortgage) security. *Arthur and Barbara Kolka* mortgaged Lot 17 and the north 30 feet of Lot 16; while Eldon Kolka mortgaged Lot 32 and the north 30 feet of Lot 33. *1949 Quit Claim Deeds, Bay County, Michigan, Records*, Liber 395, Pages 146 and 147.

[377] *1947 and 1948 Bay City, Michigan, City Directories; 1949 Miami, Florida, City Directory; 1950 US Census; 1953 and 1954 Lansing, Michigan, City, Directory; and 1954 Michigan State College of Agriculture and Applied Science Yearbook.*

[378] On April 2, 1977, Ken Kolka received a plaque "in recognition of his deep interest and dedicated willingness to give generously of his time and talents in contributing to the success of the Michigan State University Alumni Association." I believe this was when he was President of the Alumni Association.

[379] Ken and Betty Kolka's two children's original parents were Hattie Belle Parker (April 22, 1914, Elkhart, Elkhart County, Indiana - December 26, 1955, Wheeler, Gratiot County, Michigan; daughter of W. H. Parker and Jennie Doney), and her third husband Alva Phillip Chubb (June 11, 1924, Hamilton Township, Gratiot County, Michigan – November 9, 1988, Grand Rapids, Kent County, Michigan; son of Phillip Chubb and Dora Carmen) who were married on October 18, 1950, in Saginaw, Saginaw County, Michigan. On December 26, 1955, Hattie Belle Parker Chubb and two of her children, including Walter and Robin's infant sibling Steven Alva Chubb, died in a car-train accident, in Wheeler, Gratiot County, Michigan. Apparently, Alva Phillip Chubb was unable or unwilling to care for Walter and Robin, who were only almost four and two years old respectively, at the time of their mother's death. They were passed on to Hattie's family, who passed them on to the Saginaw Children's Home, from which Ken and Betty Kolka adopted both of them, because Robin was so attached to Walter. *1914 Elkhart, Elkhart County, Indiana, Birth Certificate; WWII Draft Reg; 1950 Saginaw County, Michigan, Marriage Record; December 27, 1955, The Saginaw News, Obituaries; 1988 Grand Rapids, Kent County, Michigan, Death Record; 1988 US Apps/Claims; and Find-a-Grave* (with unattributed biographies).

- Walter John Kolka (February 28, 1952, Saginaw, Saginaw County, Michigan – March 13, 2018, Florence, Lane County, Oregon) was in the US Army stationed at Ft. Lewis, Washington, and served two stints between April 21, 1970, and October 7, 1976.. Walter John Kolka married twice.

M#1 Gay Arlene Youngblood (December 30, 1954, St. Paul, Ramsey County, Minnesota), daughter of Glenn Youngblood and Velma Gephart, on November 5, 1974, in Olympia, Thurston County, Washington. They were divorced on December 21, 1976, in Thurston County, Washington. They did not have children.

M#2 Cheryl Elizabeth Tooley (35) on April 12, 1983, in Harris County, Texas. They had a son John Walter Kolka born in 1987, in Missoula, Missoula County, Missouri. John Walter Kolka married Hary Dena Harvey on March 20, 2006, in Lane County, Oregon.

1974 Thurston County, Washington, Marriage License; 1974 Thurston County, Washington, Marriage Certificate; 1976 Thurston County, Washington, Divorce Record; 1983 Reno, Nevada, Marriage Record (Youngblood-Blunt)*; 1983 Harris County, Texas, Marriage Record* (Cheryl E. Tooley)*; 1987 Missoula County, Missouri, Birth Record; 2006 Lane County, Oregon, Marriage Record; 2018 BIRLS Deaths; and Find-a-Grave*.

• Robin Marie Kolka (October 4, 1953, Saginaw, Saginaw County, Michigan – December 13, 1986, Rockledge, Brevard County, Florida) was tragically killed when she struck by a motor vehicle while riding a bicycle. Robin was married three times. *1986 Brevard County, Florida, Death Record; 1986 US Deaths; 1986 US Apps/Claims; December 16, 1986, The Orlando Sentinel Obituary; December 17, 1986, Florida Today* (Cocoa, FL) *Obituary* (Robin Marie Burchfield)*; December 19, 1986, The Bay City Times Obituary* (Robin Marie Kolka)*; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker Floral Gardens Cemetery, Bay City, Michigan).

M#1 ____ McClellan about July 1972. *1986 US Apps/Claims*.

M#2 Robert Lee Ellison about August 11, 1975, with whom she had three children. *1986 US Apps/Claims; December 17, 1986, Florida Today* (Cocoa, FL) *Obituary; and December 1986, The Bay City Times Obituary*.

1. Matthew David Ellison.

2. Kenneth Lee Ellison married Laura Weber in 1994, in Bay City.

3. Angela Marie Ellison.

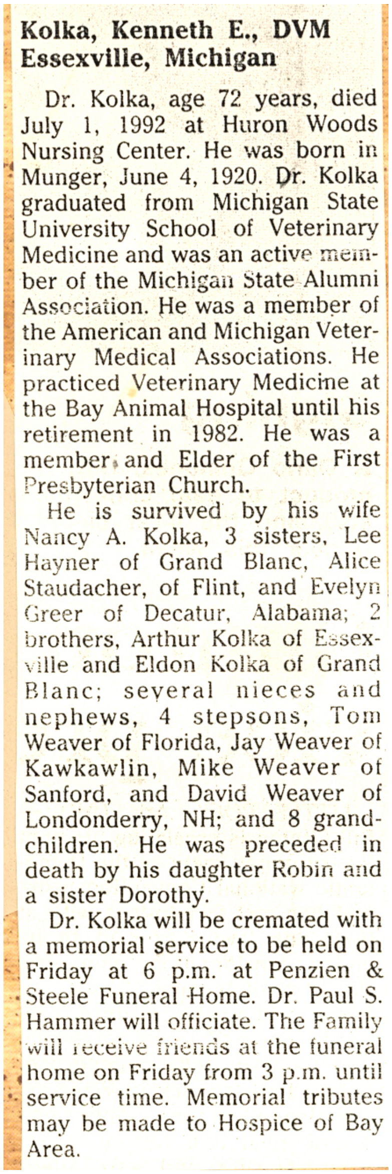
M#3 Daniel Lee Burchfield on June 28, 1985, in Brevard County, Florida. *1985 Brevard County, Florida, Marriage Record; 1986 US Apps/Claims; and December 17, 1986, Florida Today* (Cocoa, FL) *Obituary*.

[380] Nancy Anne Krone's first husband was Franklin Thomas Weaver (October 11, 1932, Johnstown, Fulton County, New York - January 8, 2011, Ann Arbor, Washtenaw County, Michigan), whom she married on January 19, 1952, in Lansing, Michigan, and with whom she had four sons. *1905 Bryan, Williams County, Ohio, Birth Record; 1906 Clarence, Show Shoe Township, Centre County, Pennsylvania, Birth Record; 1910, 1920, 1930 and 1940 US Census; 1930 Williams County, Ohio, Marriage Record; December 29, 1932, The Bryan, Ohio, Democrat Birth Announcement; WWII Draft Reg; 1952 Lansing, Ingham County, Michigan, Marriage Record; February 21, 1952, Lansing State Journal, Marriage Announcement; 1973, 1983 and 2011 US Deaths; January 2, 1973, Lansing State Journal Obituary* (Paul Krone)*; 1977 Bay County, Michigan, Marriage Certificate; 1983 East Lansing, Ingham County, Michigan, Death Record; and June 2021 Nancy A. Kolka Obituary*.

> Nancy A. Kolka
> Essexville, Michigan
>
> Nancy passed away Wednesday, June 16, 2021, at McLaren Bay Region, age 88. She was born December 29, 1932, in East Lansing, Michigan to the late Paul R. and Nedra L. (Wonsetler) Krone. Nancy married Kenneth E. Kolka, D.V.M. and he predeceased her in 1992. Nancy is survived by four sons: Thomas P. (Nancy) Weaver, James Jay (Jean) Weaver, Michael E. Weaver, and Dr.

> David R. (Janice) Weaver; their father Franklin T. “Buck” Weaver predeceased her in 2011. Also, surviving are six grandchildren: Lindsay “Zay” (James) Warfield, and Brenton, Gregory (Lizz), Michelle, Joseph “Joey” and Paul “PJ” Weaver; two great-granddaughters: Faedra Weaver and Henley Warfield; one brother Dr. Geoffrey E. (Carolyn) Krone; one sister-in-law Valerie Krone; nieces, nephews, great nieces and her “grand dog” companion Khaleesi. Nancy was also predeceased by one brother, James C. Krone.
>
> Per Nancy’s request, no memorial service will be held, and cremation has already taken place. Those planning an expression of sympathy may wish to consider memorials to the Humane Society of Bay County. Final arrangements in the care of Squires FuneralHome. www.squiresfuneralhome.com

[381] *1992 Bay County, Michigan, Death Certificate; 1992 US Deaths; 1992 BIRLS Deaths; 1992 US Apps/Claims; July 1992, The Bay City Times Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Marker Floral Gardens Cemetery, Bay City, Michigan).



Kolka, Kenneth E., DVM
Essexville, Michigan

Dr. Kolka, age 72 years, died July 1, 1992 at Huron Woods Nursing Center. He was born in Munger, June 4, 1920. Dr. Kolka graduated from Michigan State University School of Veterinary Medicine and was an active member of the Michigan State Alumni Association. He was a member of the American and Michigan Veterinary Medical Associations. He practiced Veterinary Medicine at the Bay Animal Hospital until his retirement in 1982. He was a member and Elder of the First Presbyterian Church.

He is survived by his wife Nancy A. Kolka, 3 sisters, Lee Hayner of Grand Blanc, Alice Staudacher, of Flint, and Evelyn Greer of Decatur, Alabama; 2 brothers, Arthur Kolka of Essexville and Eldon Kolka of Grand Blanc; several nieces and nephews, 4 stepsons, Tom Weaver of Florida, Jay Weaver of Kawkawlin, Mike Weaver of Sanford, and David Weaver of Londonderry, NH; and 8 grandchildren. He was preceded in death by his daughter Robin and a sister Dorothy.

Dr. Kolka will be cremated with a memorial service to be held on Friday at 6 p.m. at Penzien & Steele Funeral Home. Dr. Paul S. Hammer will officiate. The Family will receive friends at the funeral home on Friday from 3 p.m. until service time. Memorial tributes may be made to Hospice of Bay Area.

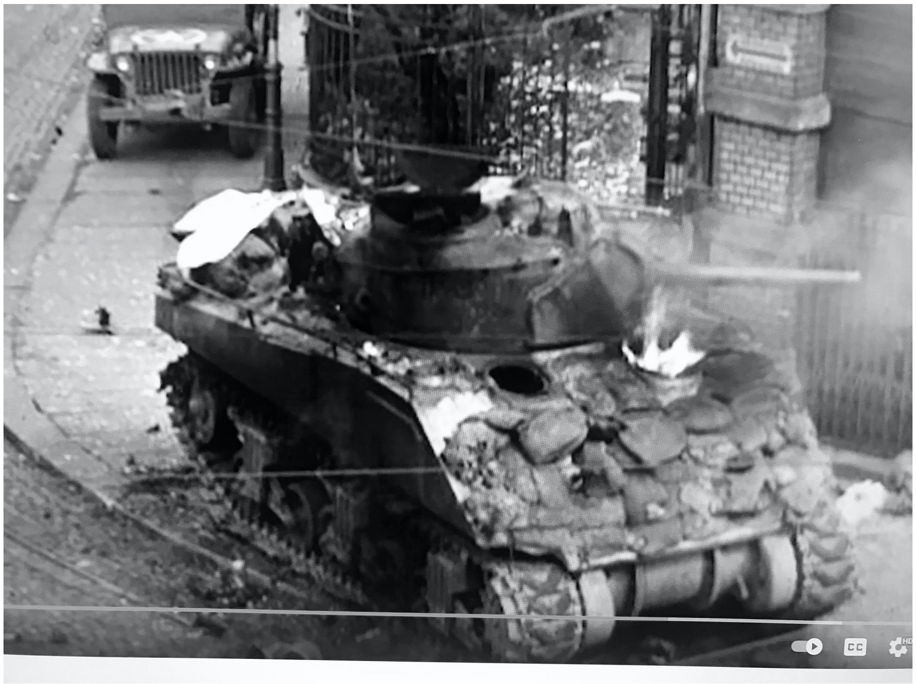
Eldon Kolka was a student at Immanuel Lutheran and living at home when *Edward Kolke* died. In April 1940, Eldon Kolka (14) was living at 205 Gates Street, Bay City, with his mother, sisters Evelyn and Alice, and brothers Kenneth and *Arthur*. While in high school, Eldon worked at Fletcher's Gas Station on the corner of Midland and Euclid on the west side of Bay City as well as at the F. S. Bremer grocery store on the corner of Columbus and Trumbull.[382]

Eldon and *Art* purchased a Model A Ford together, which they would occasionally sabotage to prevent the other from using it.

Eldon graduated from Central High School in 1943. On July 7, 1943, Eldon enlisted in the United States Army, where he served as a gunner in a Sherman tank in the 777th Tank Battalion,[383] which was attached to the 28th Infantry Division in late February 1945, and then to the 69th Infantry Division in late March 1945.

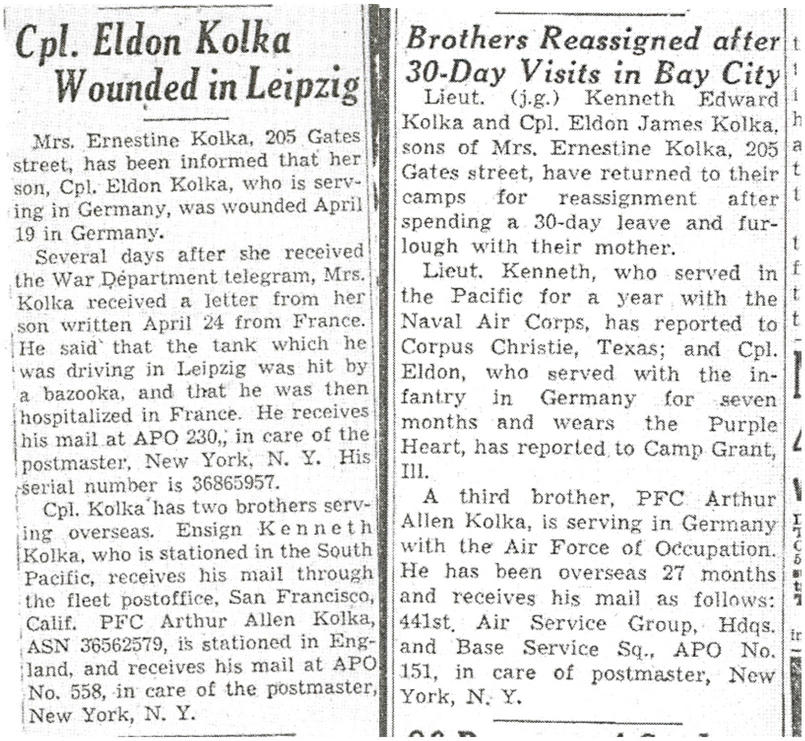
On April 18, 1945, less than a month before Germany's surrender, in the last major battle for US forces, Eldon's tank, which was in the lead, was blown up by a German panzerfaust (bazooka) as it entered the railroad station in Leipzig, Germany. The *Unit History of Company B, 777th Tank Battalion* states:

> "18 April: Departed Zweenfurth – 1st, 2nd, and 3rd platoons with 1st, 2nd, and 3rd battalions, 272nd Infantry Regiment, to attack the outskirts of Leipzig, Germany. At the outskirts, took 150 PWs. At 1800, the first three tanks of 2nd platoon went forward as a reconnaissance element and ran into heavy opposition. The balance of the platoon came forward in their zone to the vicinity of the railroad station, where the lead tank was knocked out. The crew dismounted, and the leader was killed. Ten enemy were killed and 10 captured, including an SS captain. The platoon returned under regimental orders to Phase Line Three and patrolled the area. The 1st and 3rd platoons worked with their respective battalions, patrolling enemy escape routes from the city of Leipzig."[384]



US Army footage of Eldon's ambushed tank

Eldon was wounded (shrapnel in the left arm and loss of hearing) and spent months recovering in various military hospitals. Eldon attained the rank of Corporal, earned two Bronze Stars for bravery, and was awarded the Purple Heart Medal. He was honorably discharged from the Army on February 11, 1946.[385]



Cpl. Eldon Kolka Wounded in Leipzig

Mrs. Ernestine Kolka, 205 Gates street, has been informed that her son, Cpl. Eldon Kolka, who is serving in Germany, was wounded April 19 in Germany.

Several days after she received the War Department telegram, Mrs. Kolka received a letter from her son written April 24 from France. He said that the tank which he was driving in Leipzig was hit by a bazooka, and that he was then hospitalized in France. He receives his mail at APO 230,, in care of the postmaster, New York, N. Y. His serial number is 36865957.

Cpl. Kolka has two brothers serving overseas. Ensign Kenneth Kolka, who is stationed in the South Pacific, receives his mail through the fleet postoffice, San Francisco, Calif. PFC Arthur Allen Kolka, ASN 36562579, is stationed in England, and receives his mail at APO No. 558, in care of the postmaster, New York, N. Y.

Brothers Reassigned after 30-Day Visits in Bay City

Lieut. (j.g.) Kenneth Edward Kolka and Cpl. Eldon James Kolka, sons of Mrs. Ernestine Kolka, 205 Gates street, have returned to their camps for reassignment after spending a 30-day leave and furlough with their mother.

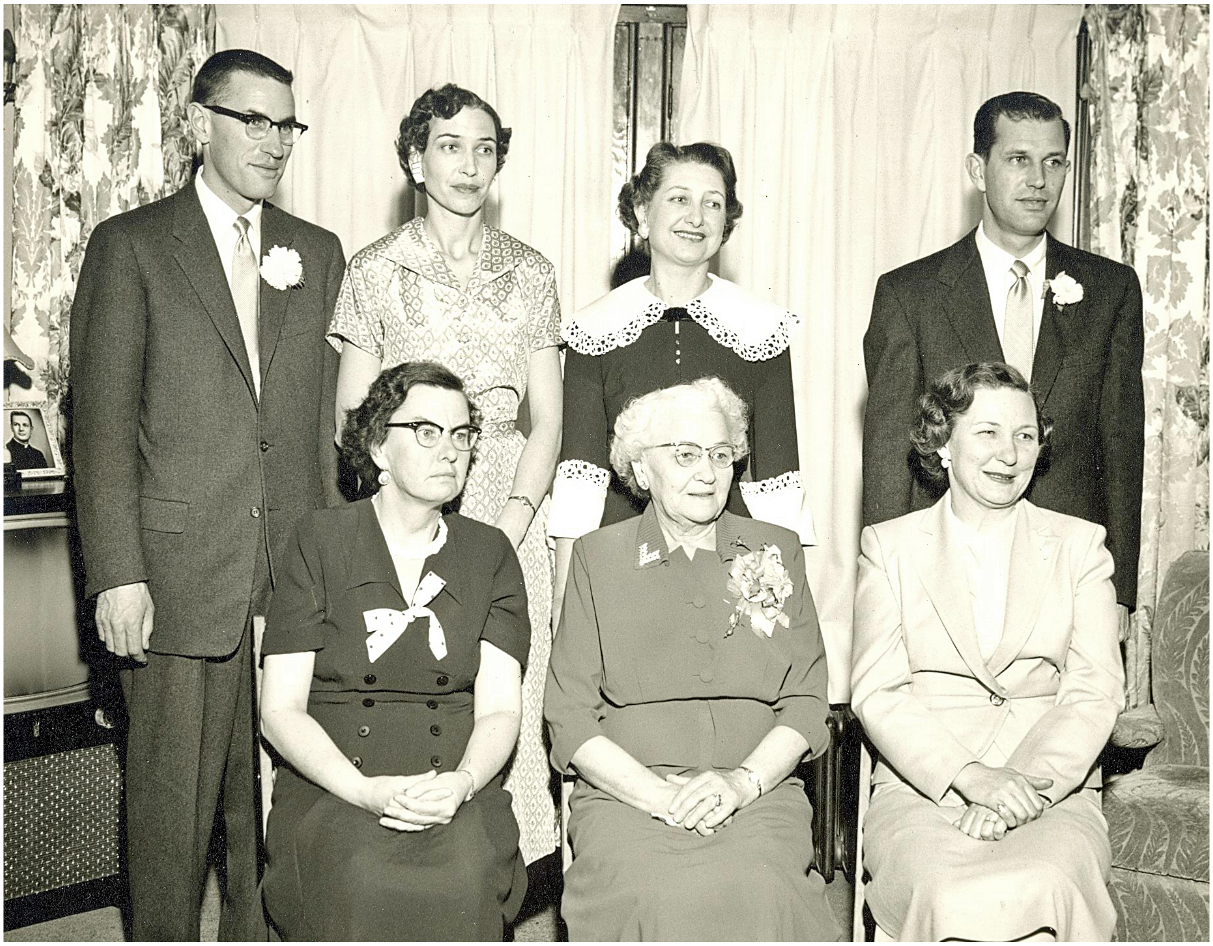
Lieut. Kenneth, who served in the Pacific for a year with the Naval Air Corps, has reported to Corpus Christie, Texas; and Cpl. Eldon, who served with the infantry in Germany for seven months and wears the Purple Heart, has reported to Camp Grant, Ill.

A third brother, PFC Arthur Allen Kolka, is serving in Germany with the Air Force of Occupation. He has been overseas 27 months and receives his mail as follows: 441st. Air Service Group, Hdqs. and Base Service Sq., APO No. 151, in care of postmaster, New York, N. Y.

In 1947, Eldon was living with his mother at 205 Gates Street, and was a student at Bay City Junior College. In 1948, Eldon (who was a student), his mother *Ernestine*, and brother *Art*, along with his wife *Barbara Jean Martin*, were living at 205 Gates Street. Eldon worked as a "porter" on the Great Lakes freighters Richard J. Reiss in 1948 and the J. L. Reiss 1949. Apparently, the J. L. Reiss became stuck in the Third Street Bridge on the Saginaw River in Bay City, and Eldon got off the ship on to the bridge and went home. Eldon then went to the University of Miami, Florida, for a year. As of April 1, 1950, he was living with his brother Ken and wife Betty on SW 46th Street, Dade County, Florida.[386]

Eldon returned to Michigan and received a degree in economics from Michigan State University. In 1952, Eldon lived in Flint and was an auditor for Buick, and lived in Flint at least into 1954. Sometime during the mid-1950s, Eldon lived in our home. *Art* and Eldon built a sailboat in the backyard of our home at 400 Sharpe Street, in Essexville.[387]

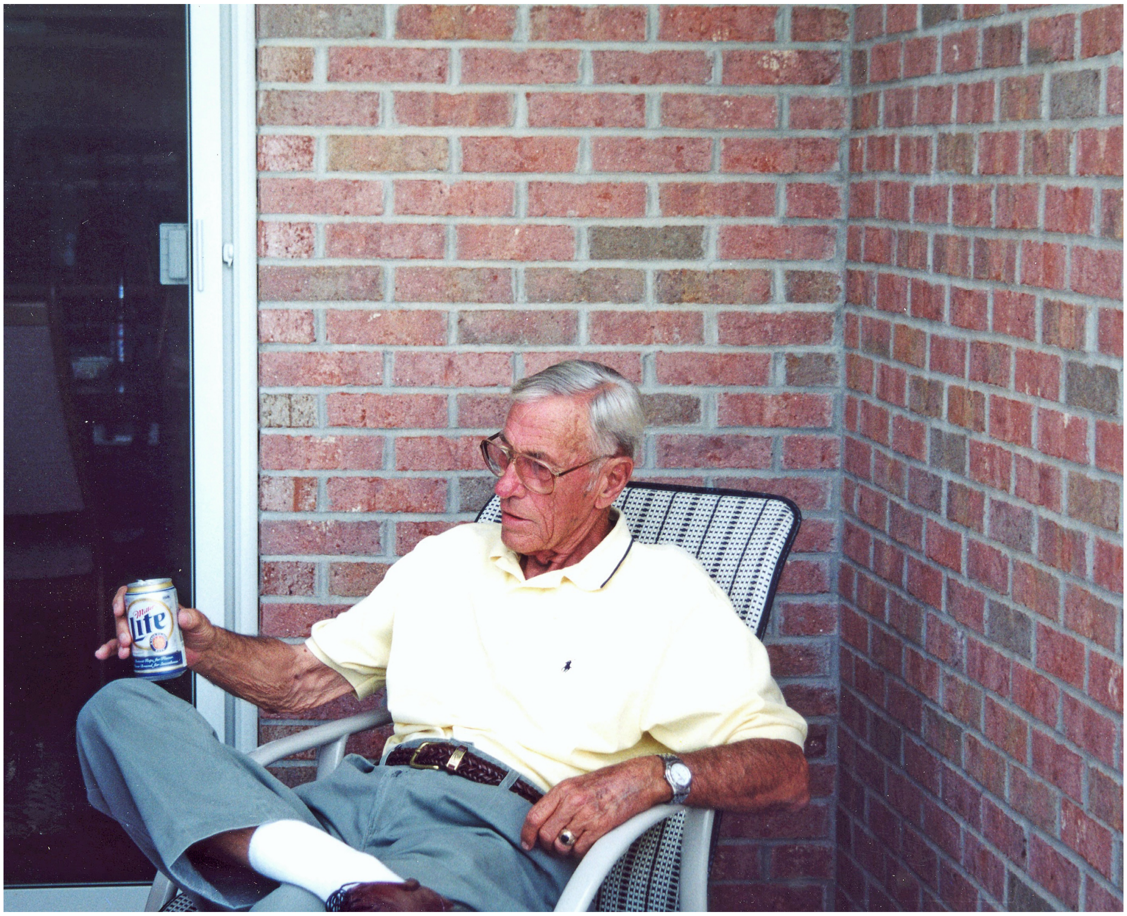
On April 7, 1956, in Flint, Eldon Kolka married Joan Elsie Micinski (December 20, 1932, Flint, Genesee County, Michigan – December 27, 2023, Palm Coast, Flagler County, Florida).[388]



1956 Eldon Kolka's wedding. Back row: Eldon, Alice, Lydia and Art
Front row: Dorothy, Ernestine and Evelyn

Joan Elsie Micinski was one of six children of Leon (Leo) Aloysius Micinski (April 11, 1899, South Bend, Portage Township, St. Joseph County, Indiana – April 4, 1981, Flint, Genesee County, Michigan; married Salomea (Sadie) Wojtkowiak on February 7, 1921, in South Bend, Indiana; son of Ignatius Micinski and Józefa Marianna Witkowska) and Salomea (Sadie) Wojtkowiak (November 13, 1897, West Bay City, Bay County, Michigan – October 10, 1998, Flint, Genesee County, Michigan; daughter of Anthony Wojtkowiak and Frances Kostrzewa).[389]

In 1956-57, they lived on Woodbridge Street in Bay City (one block west of Euclid Ave.) and Eldon worked as an agent for the Allstate Insurance Company. In 1958, Eldon was a salesman for Addressograph Multigraph Company.[390] Eldon Kolka was a licensed real estate agent when he joined the Michigan Department of Highways (later Transportation) and acquired rights-of-way for the State to construct roads. When he retired he was a District Right-of-Way Agent. His last jobs were appraising property for I-69 from Lansing to Perry and from Flint to Port Huron as well as I-475 through Flint.



2001 Uncle Eldon

Eldon and Joan Micinski Kolka had five children, in what was a very close family.

- Carol Lynn Kolka.[391]
- James Anthony Kolka.[392]
- Ronald Eldon Kolka.[393]
- Leeann Kolka.
- Teresa Alisa Kolka.[394]

Eldon Kolka died on January 4, 2010, at the age of 85, and is buried in New Calvary Catholic Cemetery, Flint. Uncle Eldon was always calm and laid back, like nothing ever bothered him. He was a great uncle and friend, and we miss him.[395]

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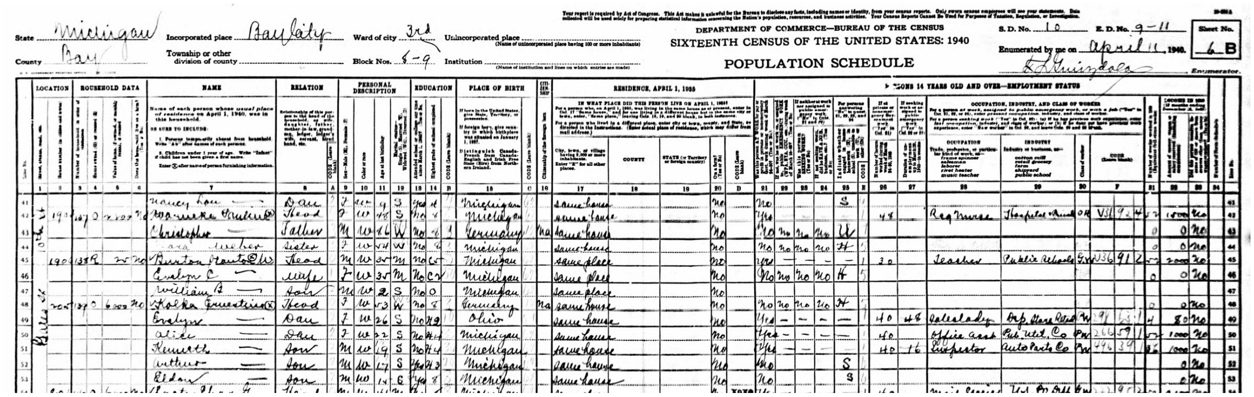
[382] *1940 US Census; 1940 and 1942 Polk Bay City, Michigan, Directories; and WWII Draft Reg.*

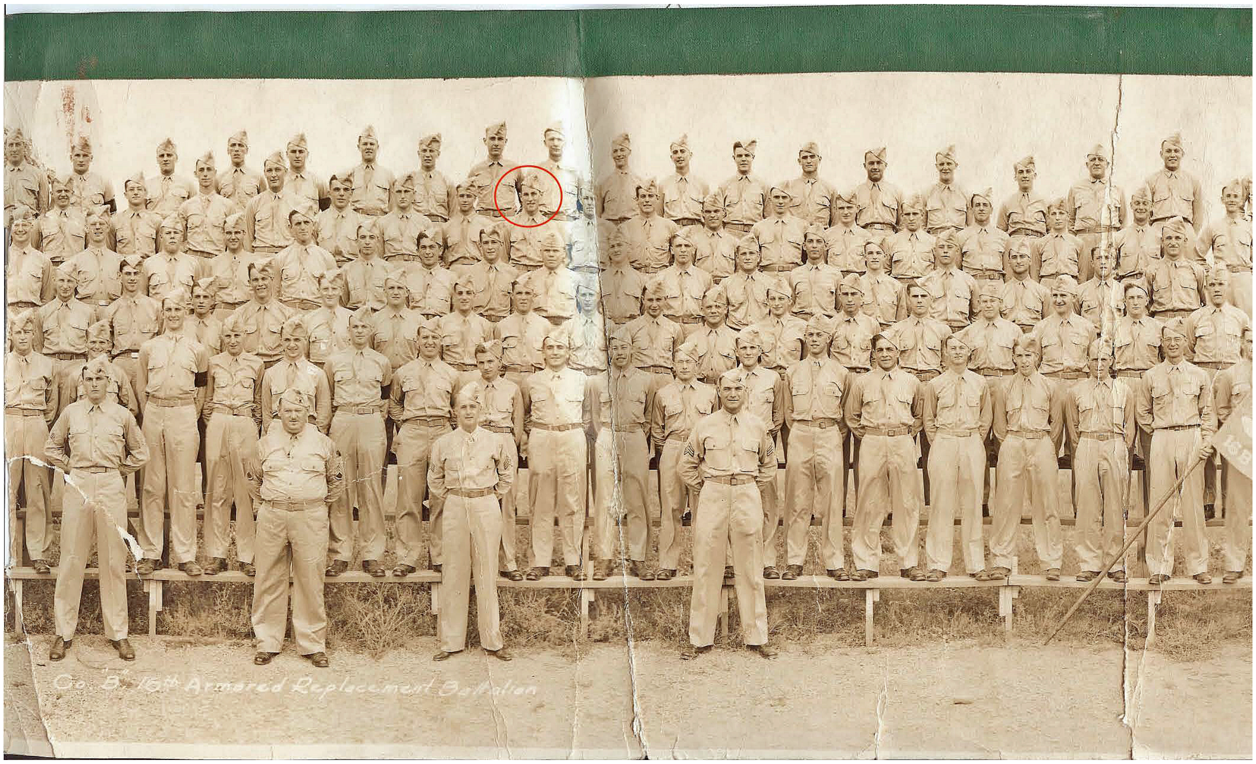


DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE—BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
SIXTEENTH CENSUS OF THE UNITED STATES: 1940
POPULATION SCHEDULE

State Michigan
County Bay
Incorporated place Bay City
Ward of city 3rd
Block Nos. 8-9
S. D. No. 10
E. D. No. 9-11
Sheet No. 6 B
Enumerated by me on April 11, 1940. E L Guinzdola, Enumerator.

Line	Street	House No.	Household No.	Owned/Rented	Value/Rent	Farm	Name	Relation	Sex	Race	Age	Marital	School	Grade	Place of Birth	Citizenship	Residence 1935	On farm	At work	22	23	24	25	Hours	Weeks seeking	Occupation	Industry	Class	Code	Weeks worked	Income	Other income	Line
41	10th St						Nancy Lou	Dau	F	W	9	S	Yes	4	Michigan		same house	No	No				S										41
42		1900	157	O	2500	No	Warnecke Pauline ⓧ	Head	F	W	48	S	No	4	Michigan		same house	No	Yes					48		Reg Nurse	Hospital + Private	OA	V31 92 4	52	1500	No	42
43							Christopher	Father	M	W	86	W	No	4	Germany	Na	same house	No	No	No	No	No	U							0	0	No	43
44							Clara Weber	Sister	F	W	54	W	No	8	Michigan		same house	No	No	No	No	No	H							0	0	No	44
45	Bates St	1906	138	R	25	No	Burton Stanton ⓧ W	Head	M	W	35	M	No	C5	Michigan		same place	No	Yes	—	—	—	—	30		Teacher	Public Schools	GW	V36 91 2	52	2000	No	45
46							Evelyn C	Wife	F	W	35	M	No	C4	Michigan		same place	No	No	No	No	No	H							0	0	No	46
47							William B	Son	M	W	2	S	No	0	Michigan		same place	No															47
48		1905	137	O	6000	No	Kolka Ernestine ⓧ	Head	F	W	53	W	No	8	Germany	Na	same house	No	No	No	No	No	H							0	0	No	48
49							Evelyn	Dau	F	W	26	S	No	H2	Ohio		same house	No	Yes	—	—	—	—	40	48	Saleslady	Dep. Store Retail	PW	29 63 1	4	80	No	49
50							Alice	Dau	F	W	22	S	No	H4	Michigan		same house	No	Yes	—	—	—	—	40		Office asst	Pub. Util. Co	PW	266 59 1	52	1000	No	50
51							Kenneth	Son	M	W	19	S	No	H4	Michigan		same house	No	Yes	—	—	—	—	40	16	Inspector	Auto Parts Co	PW	496 39 1	36	1000	No	51
52							Arthur	Son	M	W	17	S	Yes	H3	Michigan		same house	No	No				S								0	No	52
53							Eldon	Son	M	W	14	S	Yes	8	Michigan		same house	No	No				S								0	No	53

[383] 16th Armored Replacement Battalion.



Co. B. 16th Armored Replacement Battalion

[384] *777th Tank Battalion After Action Report.* Leipzig was the fifth largest city in Germany with a population of 750,000. The 1945 Battle of Leipzig was the last major battle for the US Army in the European Theatre. The following is a compilation from multiple sources of the battle in which Eldon was wounded:

> "Forward elements of the 2nd and 69th Divisions entered Leipzig on April 18 around 12:45. The 2nd encountered some resistance along the Weisse Elster River, but the bridges remained intact. A few Volkssturm and Wehrmacht soldiers made a stand behind a roadblock of overturned trolley cars filled with large rocks but were rapidly subdued. Spearheaded by an armored task force of the 777th Tank Battalion under the command of Lieutenant David Zweibel, troops of the 69th advanced into Leipzig from the south at 5:30 pm and ran into determined resistance at Napoleon Platz, where the monument was located. As Zweibel's armor neared Napoleon Platz, the tankers were greeted with a hail of small-arms fire and rounds from panzerfaust antitank weapons. One Sherman tank

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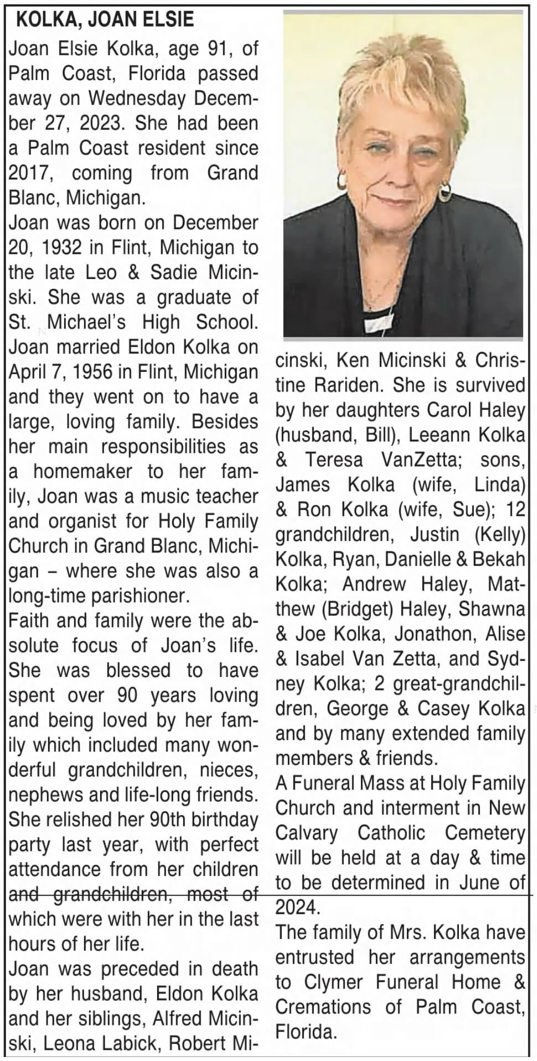
> was disabled, and the supporting infantry took a number of casualties. Eager to get out of the line of fire, the tanks picked up speed and rolled at nearly 30 miles per hour down the streets toward the city hall; some infantrymen riding atop the armored vehicles were actually thrown off. Faulty maps caused the attackers to overshoot city hall and placed them in a precarious position, unable to advance or fire on nearby German positions. After dark, the tanks were withdrawn."

[385] *August 14, 1945, The Bay City Times Article re: three Kolka brothers; and 2010 BIRLS Deaths*.

[386] *1947 and 1948 Bay City, Michigan, City Directories; 1948 Richard J. Reiss Manifest; 1949 J. L. Reiss Crew List; and 1950 US Census*.

[387] *1952 and 1954 Flint, Michigan, City Directories*.

[388] *1940 US Census; 1952 and 1954 Flint, Michigan, City Directories; March 30, 1956, The Flint Journal Marriage License Listing; 2017 Flagler County, Florida, Voter Registration; January 2 and 5, 2024, The Flint Journal Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarker New Calvary Catholic Cemetery, Flint, Michigan).



KOLKA, JOAN ELSIE

Joan Elsie Kolka, age 91, of Palm Coast, Florida passed away on Wednesday December 27, 2023. She had been a Palm Coast resident since 2017, coming from Grand Blanc, Michigan.

Joan was born on December 20, 1932 in Flint, Michigan to the late Leo & Sadie Micinski. She was a graduate of St. Michael's High School. Joan married Eldon Kolka on April 7, 1956 in Flint, Michigan and they went on to have a large, loving family. Besides her main responsibilities as a homemaker to her family, Joan was a music teacher and organist for Holy Family Church in Grand Blanc, Michigan – where she was also a long-time parishioner.

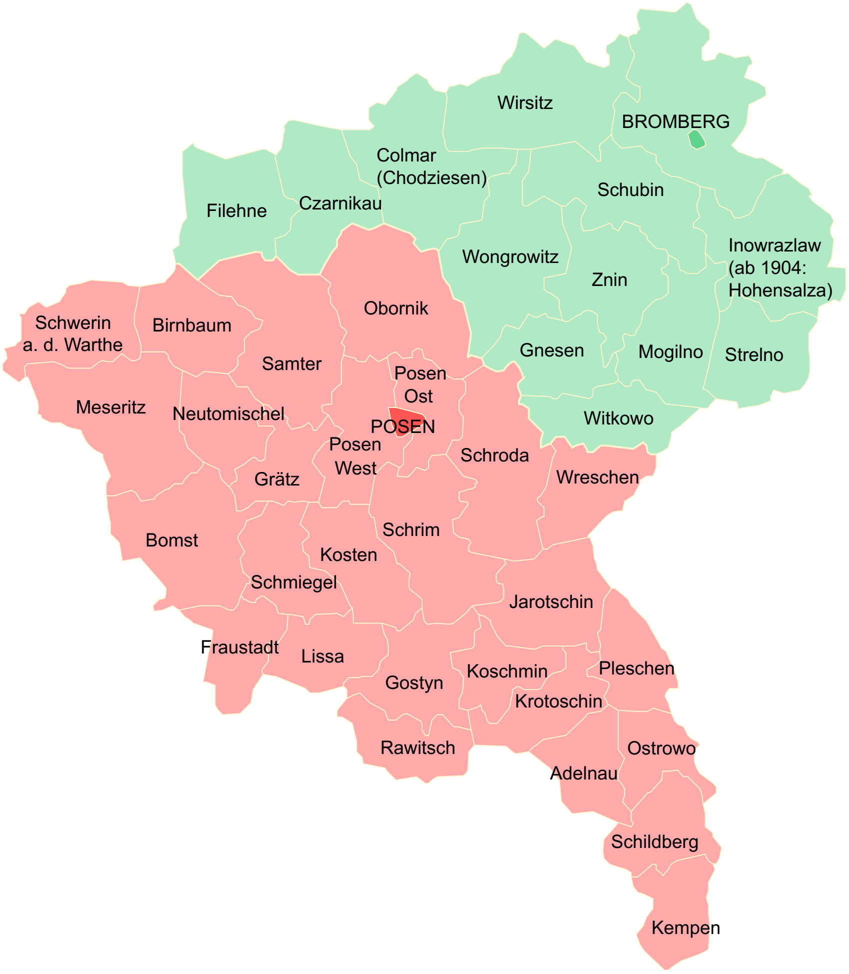
Faith and family were the absolute focus of Joan's life. She was blessed to have spent over 90 years loving and being loved by her family which included many wonderful grandchildren, nieces, nephews and life-long friends. She relished her 90th birthday party last year, with perfect attendance from her children and grandchildren, most of which were with her in the last hours of her life.

Joan was preceded in death by her husband, Eldon Kolka and her siblings, Alfred Micinski, Leona Labick, Robert Micinski, Ken Micinski & Christine Rariden. She is survived by her daughters Carol Haley (husband, Bill), Leeann Kolka & Teresa VanZetta; sons, James Kolka (wife, Linda) & Ron Kolka (wife, Sue); 12 grandchildren, Justin (Kelly) Kolka, Ryan, Danielle & Bekah Kolka; Andrew Haley, Matthew (Bridget) Haley, Shawna & Joe Kolka, Jonathon, Alise & Isabel Van Zetta, and Sydney Kolka; 2 great-grandchildren, George & Casey Kolka and by many extended family members & friends.

A Funeral Mass at Holy Family Church and interment in New Calvary Catholic Cemetery will be held at a day & time to be determined in June of 2024.

The family of Mrs. Kolka have entrusted her arrangements to Clymer Funeral Home & Cremations of Palm Coast, Florida.

Ignatius (Ignacy/Ignace) Micinski (July 27, 1871, Posen, Posen District, Province of Posen, German occupied Poland – October 17, 1928, South Bend, St. Joseph County, Indiana) was the son of Vincentius/Wincenty (Vincent) Myciński/ Męciński/Micinski (January 10, 1835, Kreis Żnin, Bromberg District, Province of Posen, Prussian occupied Poland – December 24, 1917, South Bend, St. Joseph County, Indiana; s/o Ignatius Miecinski (b1800; s/o Michal Mieciński and Zuzanna Kluth; married Anna Rusińska in 1830, Żnin Catholic parish) and Anna Rusińska (b1815; d/o Joannes Rusiński (b1789; married Anna Wittowna (b1785)in 1809, Kołdrąb Catholic parish) and Anna Witówna/Wittowna (b1785)). Vincentius/Wincenty Myciński, was a twenty-eight year old widower in 1863, when he married sixteen year old Theophila Kujawa (April 23, 1848, Cerekwica, Kreis Żnin, Bromberg District, Prussian occupied Poland – April 26, 1910, South Bend, St. Joseph County, Indiana)) in the Cerekwica Roman Catholic Parish. Vincentius Męciński's first wife was Catharina Toszyk (1836 – <1863, Kreis Żnin, Bromberg District, Province of Posen, Prussian occupied Poland), whom he married in 1855, in the Izdebno Roman Catholic Parish.


Wirsitz
BROMBERG
Colmar
(Chodziesen)
Schubin
Filehne
Czarnikau
Inowrazlaw
(ab 1904:
Hohensalza)
Wongrowitz
Znin
Schwerin
a. d. Warthe
Birnbaum
Obornik
Gnesen
Mogilno
Strelno
Samter
Posen
Ost
Meseritz
Neutomischel
POSEN
Witkowo
Posen
West
Schroda
Grätz
Wreschen
Bomst
Schrim
Kosten
Schmiegel
Jarotschin
Fraustadt
Lissa
Gostyn
Koschmin
Pleschen
Krotoschin
Rawitsch
Ostrowo
Adelnau
Schildberg
Kempen

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[389] *1894 St. Joseph County, Indiana, Marriage Record* (Micinski - Józefa Witkowska)*; 1897 Bay City, Bay County, Michigan, Birth Record; 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930 and 1940 US Census; WWI&II Draft Reg; 1921 St. Joseph County, Indiana, Marriage Certificate; 1981 and 1998 Flint, Genesee County, Michigan, Death Records; 1981 and 1998 US Deaths; April 5, 1981, The Flint Journal Obituary; April 6, 1981, The South Bend Tribune Obituary; 1998 US Apps/Claims; January 2, 2024, The Flint Journal Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers New Calvary Catholic Cemetery, Flint, Michigan).

Ignatius (Ignacy/Ignace) Micinski emigrated to the United States in 1890. On October 3, 1894, in St. Joseph County, Indiana, he married Józefa Marianna Witkowska (March 8, 1873, Bożejewiczki, Kreis Żnin, Bromberg District, Province of Posen, German occupied Poland – April 26, 1909, South Bend, St. Joseph County, Indiana; d/o Boleslaw Witkowska (b1836; married Joanna Boruszkiewicz in1868, Kruchowo, Posen District, Province of Posen, Prussian occupied Poland) and Joanna Boruszkiewicz (b1848)). They had nine known children until Józefa's death related to the birth of their last child.

On July 8/12, 1910, Ignatius Micinski married Jozefa's sister Zofia (Sophia) Witkowska (March 19, 1889, Bożejewiczki, Kreis Żnin, Bromberg District, Province of Posen, German occupied Poland – April 10, 1948, South Bend, St. Joseph County, Indiana; Imm November 1906, Baltimore, Maryland) in South Bend, Indiana. They had seven known children.

1809 Kołdrąb Roman Catholic Church Marriage Record, #1 (Jan Rusiński – Anna Witówna/Witkowna)*; 1830 Żnin Roman Catholic Church Marriage Record,* #13 (Ignatius Mieciński - Anna Rusińska)*; 1855 Izdebno Roman Catholic Church Marriage Record,* #10 (Vincentius Męciński - Catharina Toszyk)*; 1863 Cerekwica Roman Catholic Church Marriage Record,* #3 (Vincentius Myciński - Theophila Kujawa)*; 1868 Kruchowo Roman Catholic Church Marriage Record,* #5 (Boleslaus Witkowski - Joanna Boruszkiewcz)*; 1869, 1871, 1873, 1877, 1884, 1886 and 1889 Bożejewiczki, Żnin Roman Catholic Church Parish Baptism Records* (Witkowska)*; 1881, 1882 and 1892 Bożejewiczki, Żnin Roman Catholic Church Parish Death Records* (Witkowska)*; 1891, 1892 and 1903 Bożejewiczki, Żnin Roman Catholic Church Parish Marriage Records* (Witkowska)*; 1891 Dresden Manifest* (Micinski)*; 1894* (Micinski - Jozefa Witkowska) *and 1910* (Micinski – Zofia (Sophia) Witkowska) *St. Joseph County, Indiana, Marriage Records; 1889 Znin Roman Catholic Church Baptism Certificate; 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930 and 1940 US Census; 1906 SS Neckar Manifest; 1909* (Józefa/Josephine Witkowska Micinski) *and 1910* (Teofila Kujawa Micinski) *South Bend, St. Joseph County, Indiana, Death Records; December 28, 1917, South Bend News-Times Obituary* (Vincent Micinski)*; 1921 St. Joseph County, Indiana, Marriage Certificate; October 18, 1928, The South Bend Tribune Obituary* (Ignacy Micinski)*; WWI&II Draft Regs; 1917* (Wincenty Micinski) *and 1948* (Zofia (Sophia) Witkowska Micinski) *South Bend, St. Joseph County, Indiana, Death Certificates; 1981 and 1998 Flint, Genesee County, Michigan, Death Records; 1981 and 1998 US Deaths; April 5, 1981, The Flint Journal Obituary; April 11, 1948, and April 6, 1981, The South Bend Tribune Obituaries; 1998 US Apps/Claims; January 2, 2024, The Flint Journal Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Cedar Grove Cemetery, Notre Dame, Indiana).

Salomea (Sadie) Wojtkowiak (November 13, 1897, West Bay City, Bay County, Michigan – October 10, 1998, Flint, Genesee County, Michigan) was the daughter of Antoni (Anthony) Wojtkowiak (January 17, 1873, Środa, Posen District, Province of Posen, German occupied Poland – March 19, 1953, Flint, Genesee County, Michigan. Antoni Wojtkowiak was the son of Jacobus/Jakub Wojtkowiak (July 19, 1838, Środa, Posen District, Province of Posen, Prussian occupied Poland – April 13, 1923, Portsmouth Township, Bay County, Michigan) and Hedvigis/Jadwiga Kaszubska (1845 – 1877, Środa, Posen District, Province of Posen, Prussian occupied Poland), who married in 1864, in the Nekla Roman Catholic Parish, Posen District, Province of Posen, Prussian occupied Poland.

On November 26, 1894, in Bay City, Michigan, Antoni (Anthony) Wojtkowiak married Franciszka (Frances) Kostrzewa (December 23, 1875, Posen, Posen District, Province of Posen, German occupied Poland – March 9, 1962, probably Bay City, Bay County, Michigan), daughter of Martinus Kostrzewa (1836, possibly Province of Posen, Prussian occupied Poland – 1892-1895, Arnold, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania) and Marianna Budych (August 19, 1841, Szamotuły, Province of Posen, Prussian occupied Poland – June 25, 1932, Bay City, Bay County, Michigan; daughter of Jacobus Budych (b1809, Grand Duchy of Warsaw) and Catherina Ratayczak (b1815, provably Province of Posen, Prussian occupied Poland; 1838 married in the Szamotuły Roman Catholic Church, Province of Posen, Prussian occupied Poland)), who married in 1860, in the Szamotuły Roman Catholic Church, and emigrated with five

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daughters to New York, New York, on April 13, 1891, on the *Elbe*. They were separated as of April 1910 (petition for divorce was filed on April 17, 1909), and divorced on January 25, 1911, in Bay County, Michigan. After their divorce, Anthony Wojtkowiak continued to live in Portsmouth Township, while Frances Kostrezewa Wojtkowiak moved to 809 Addison Street in Flint, where their children began to migrate as of 1918; some of whom, including Frances and children Josephine, Julius,* Florian and Edmund, adopted the "Walker" surname, apparently Anglicizing "Wojtkowiak." Frances Kostrzewa Wojtkowiak eventually returned to live in Bay City, probably around 1930, intermittently using the Walker surname throughout the rest of her life while living in Bay City.

In his *WWI Draft Registration*, "Julius Leonard Walker" advised "has used name Julius Leonard Walker for 10 years and wants to be registered as such. Real name is Julius Leonard Wojtkowiak."

1838 (#30) *and 1860* (#26) *Szamotuły Roman Catholic Church Marriage Records; 1864 Nekla Roman Catholic Church Marriage Record,* #6*; 1873 Środa Roman Catholic Church Baptism Record,* #4 (son of Jakub Wojtkowiak and Jadwiga Kaszubska)*; 1877 Środa Roman Catholic Church Burial Record, #44; 1894 Bay City, Bay County, Michigan, Marriage Record; 1897 Bay City, Bay County, Michigan, Birth Record; 1897, 1899, 1901, 1902, 1905, 1906, 1908, 1910, 1913, 1914, 1915, 1918, 1920, 1922, 1926, 1931, 1933, 1948, 1952, 1957 and 1960 Bay City and Portsmouth Township, Michigan, City Directories; 1891 Elbe Manifest; 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940 and 1950 US Census; 1911 Bay County, Michigan, Divorce Record; 1916, 1917, 1918, 1919, 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924, 1928, 1934 and 1938 Flint, Michigan, City Directories; WWI Draft Reg; 1921 St. Joseph County, Indiana, Marriage Certificate; 1923 Portsmouth Township, Bay County, Michigan, Death Certificate; 1940 US Apps/Claims* (Anthony Wojtkowiak)*; March 19, 1953, The Flint Journal Obituary; April 6, 1981, The South Bend Tribune Obituary* (Leo Micinski)*; 1988 Flint, Genesee County, Michigan, Death Record; 1988 US Deaths; October 11, 1988, The Flint Journal Obituary; and Find-a-Grave* (Gravemarkers Kostrzewa, Union Cemetery, Arnold, Pennsylvania; and Walker/Wojtkowiak New Calvary Catholic Cemetery, Flint, Michigan).

[390] *1956 and 1957 Bay City, Michigan, City Directories; and 1958 Flint, Michigan, City Directory.*

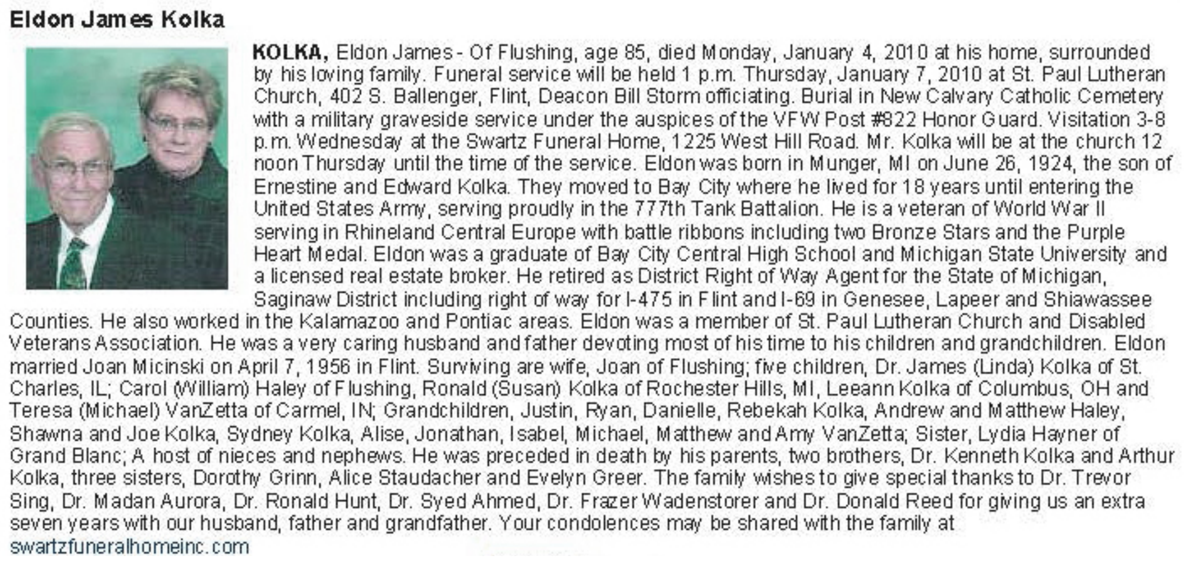
[391] Carol married William Haley.

[392] James Anthony Kolka D.O. is a board certified emergency physician, who graduated from Michigan State University and the Chicago College of Osteopathic Medicine. He founded MEA Management, LLC, which provides emergency rooms with physicians throughout Illinois. He also founded EMRRG, a risk retention group, which provides medical malpractice insurance. He also co-founded Air Angels to provide air and ground transportation for critically ill and injured patients. Before becoming a physician, Jim and his brother Ron worked as emergency medical providers.

[393] Ronald Eldon Kolka has also had an extremely successful and interesting career, which began at Crysler Corporation, and included overseas assignments, where I recall he lived in Singapore. He also graduated from Michigan State University, and then obtained a MBA from Wayne State University. He eventually became an Executive Vice President and CFO for Crysler, and CFO for Daimler AG, Cerberus Operations and Advisory Company, and Remington Outdoor Company.

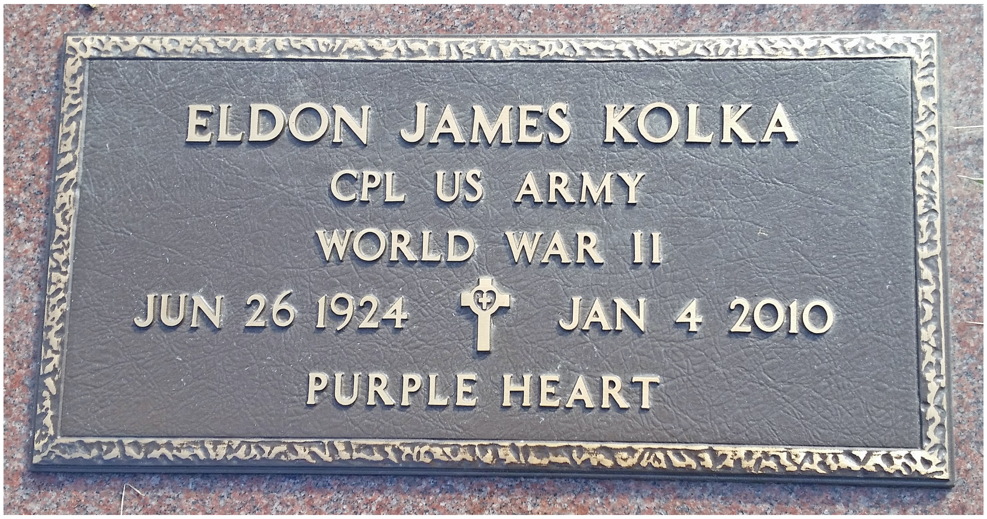
[394] Teresa married and divorced Michael VanZetta.

[395] *2010 US Deaths; 2010 BIRLS Deaths; January 6 and 7, 2010, Flint Journal Obituary; and New Calvary Catholic Cemetery, Flint, Michigan, Gravemarker.*

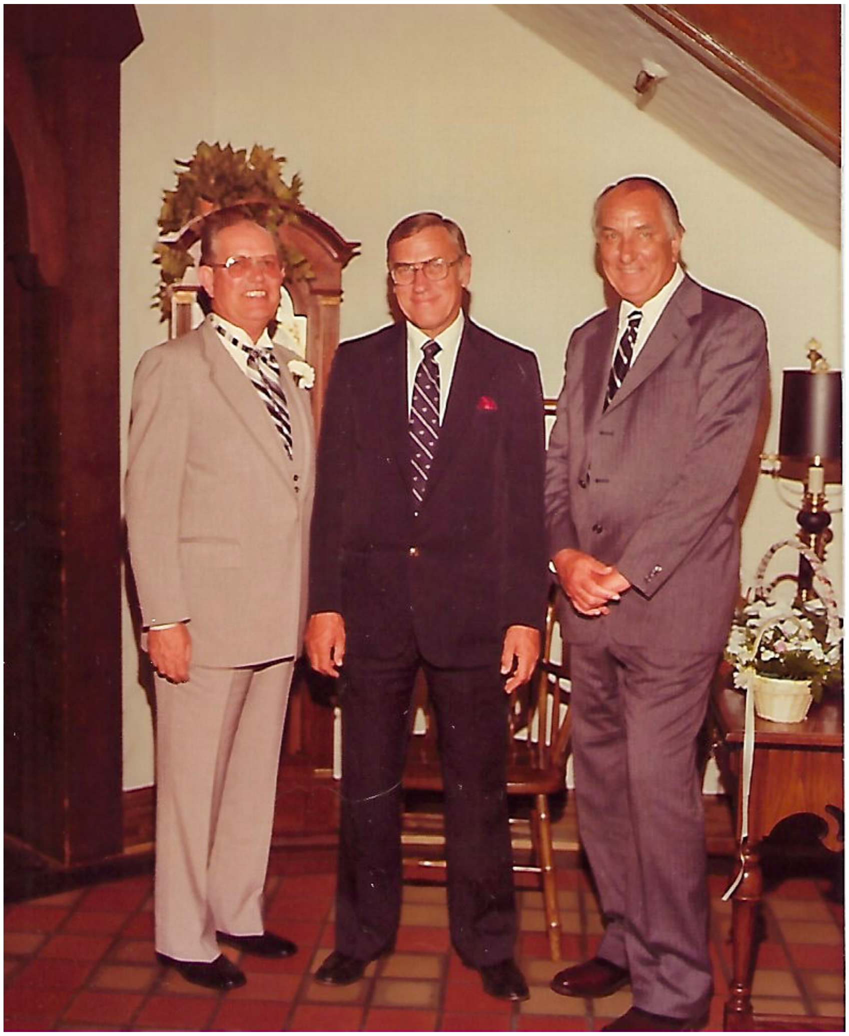


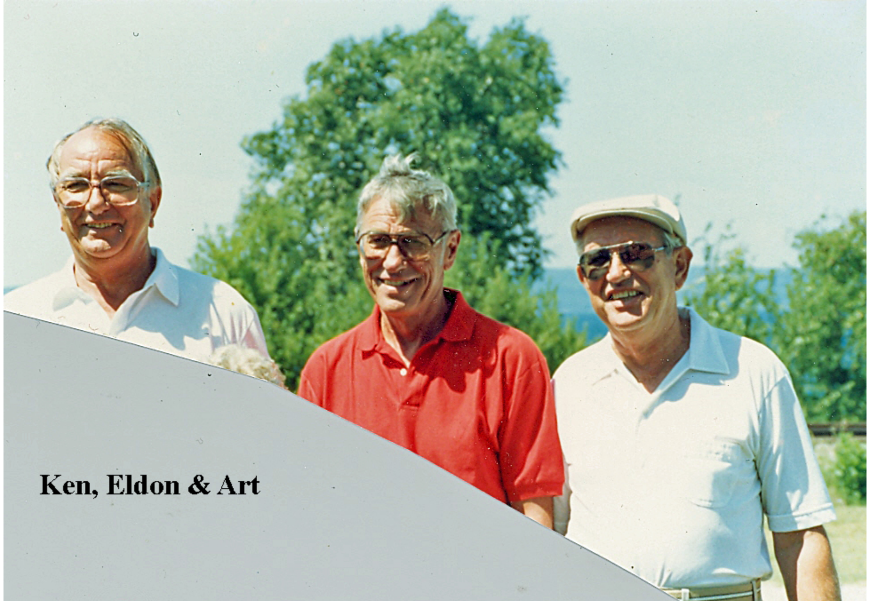
Eldon James Kolka

KOLKA, Eldon James - Of Flushing, age 85, died Monday, January 4, 2010 at his home, surrounded by his loving family. Funeral service will be held 1 p.m. Thursday, January 7, 2010 at St. Paul Lutheran Church, 402 S. Ballenger, Flint, Deacon Bill Storm officiating. Burial in New Calvary Catholic Cemetery with a military graveside service under the auspices of the VFW Post #822 Honor Guard. Visitation 3-8 p.m. Wednesday at the Swartz Funeral Home, 1225 West Hill Road. Mr. Kolka will be at the church 12 noon Thursday until the time of the service. Eldon was born in Munger, MI on June 26, 1924, the son of Ernestine and Edward Kolka. They moved to Bay City where he lived for 18 years until entering the United States Army, serving proudly in the 777th Tank Battalion. He is a veteran of World War II serving in Rhineland Central Europe with battle ribbons including two Bronze Stars and the Purple Heart Medal. Eldon was a graduate of Bay City Central High School and Michigan State University and a licensed real estate broker. He retired as District Right of Way Agent for the State of Michigan, Saginaw District including right of way for I-475 in Flint and I-69 in Genesee, Lapeer and Shiawassee Counties. He also worked in the Kalamazoo and Pontiac areas. Eldon was a member of St. Paul Lutheran Church and Disabled Veterans Association. He was a very caring husband and father devoting most of his time to his children and grandchildren. Eldon married Joan Micinski on April 7, 1956 in Flint. Surviving are wife, Joan of Flushing; five children, Dr. James (Linda) Kolka of St. Charles, IL; Carol (William) Haley of Flushing, Ronald (Susan) Kolka of Rochester Hills, MI, Leeann Kolka of Columbus, OH and Teresa (Michael) VanZetta of Carmel, IN; Grandchildren, Justin, Ryan, Danielle, Rebekah Kolka, Andrew and Matthew Haley, Shawna and Joe Kolka, Sydney Kolka, Alise, Jonathan, Isabel, Michael, Matthew and Amy VanZetta; Sister, Lydia Hayner of Grand Blanc; A host of nieces and nephews. He was preceded in death by his parents, two brothers, Dr. Kenneth Kolka and Arthur Kolka, three sisters, Dorothy Grinn, Alice Staudacher and Evelyn Greer. The family wishes to give special thanks to Dr. Trevor Sing, Dr. Madan Aurora, Dr. Ronald Hunt, Dr. Syed Ahmed, Dr. Frazer Wadenstorer and Dr. Donald Reed for giving us an extra seven years with our husband, father and grandfather. Your condolences may be shared with the family at swartzfuneralhomeinc.com



The Kolka brothers.

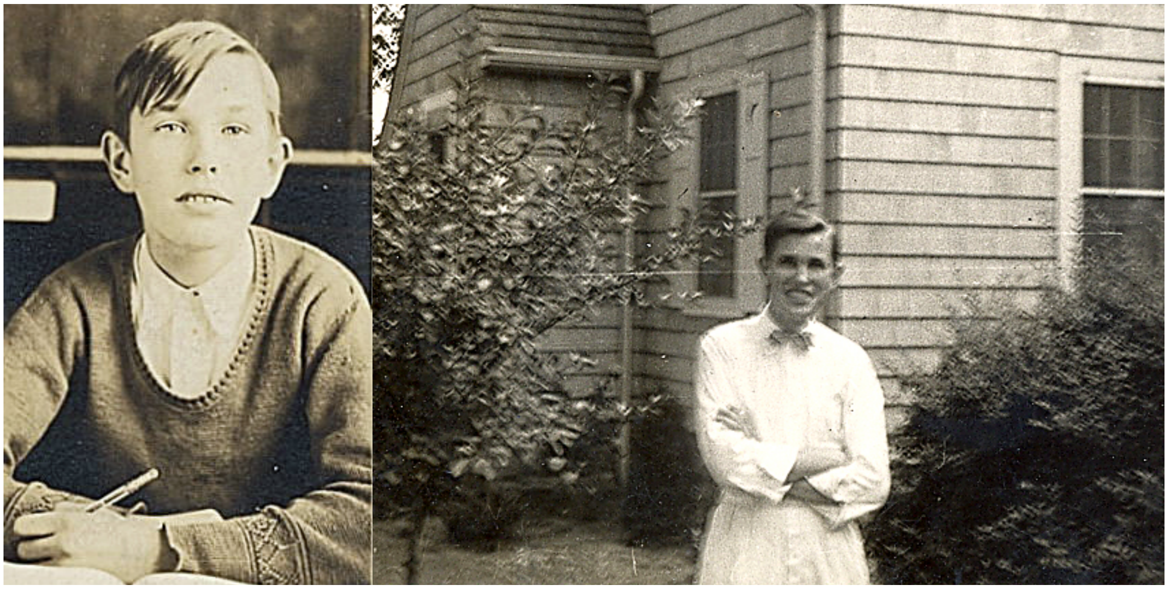




Ken, Eldon & Art

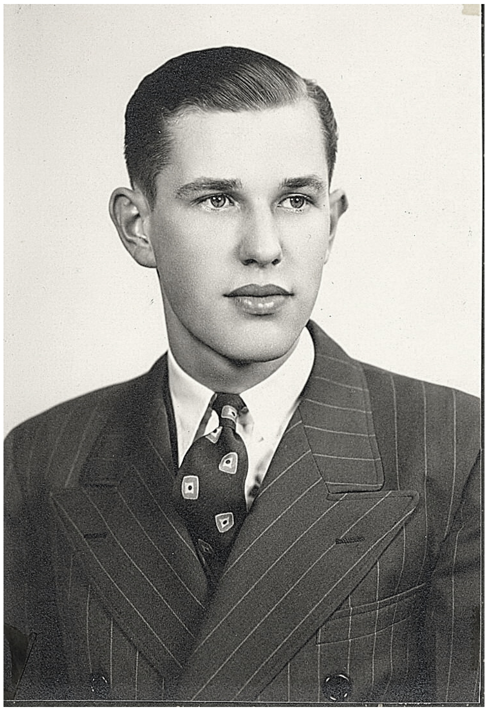
Arthur Kolka was fifteen when his father died and was a student at Bay City Central High School. *Art*, Ken, Eldon and their older sisters Evelyn and Alice were still living at home at 205 Gates Street when *Edward* died. *Art*, as well as Ken and Eldon, had worked with their father building homes. While in high school, *Art* worked for Layerer's Pharmacy on Columbus Avenue. *Art* and Eldon purchased a Model A Ford together, which they would occasionally sabotage to prevent the other from using it.

In April 1940, *Arthur* (17) lived with his mother, two brothers, and sisters Evelyn and Alice at 205 Gates Street with their mother *Ernestine Berg Kolka*.[396]



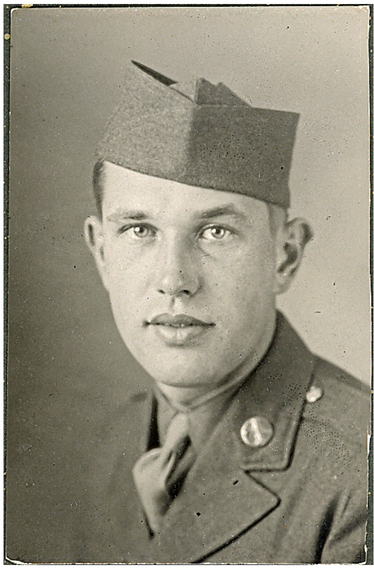
Art Kolka Circa 1936-38

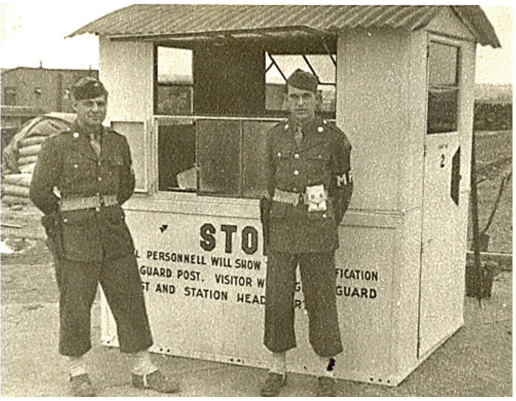
Art graduated from Bay City Central High School in 1940.

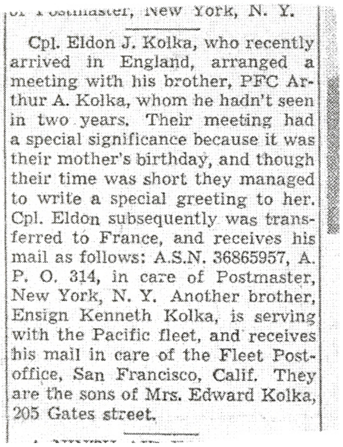


From January 1941 to January 1943, *Art Kolka* worked for the Dow Chemical Company in Midland as a stock clerk, where he ordered, dispensed and kept track of chemicals used by research chemists. He registered for the Draft on June 30, 1942.[397]

On January 30, 1943, *Art Kolka* enlisted in the U.S. Army Air Force, and reported to Fort Custer, near Battle Creek, Michigan, for basic training, where he was a Private. After two months, he was promoted to Corporal and was an investigator in the military police. *Art* was shipped to England on July 17, 1943, and was with a Military Police Company attached to the 357th Fighter Group, which arrived in England in October 1943. By the end of January 1944, the 357th Fighter Group was stationed at Leiston Field, Suffolk, East Anglia, England, which is about 60 miles ENE from London, and 3 miles from the North Sea.

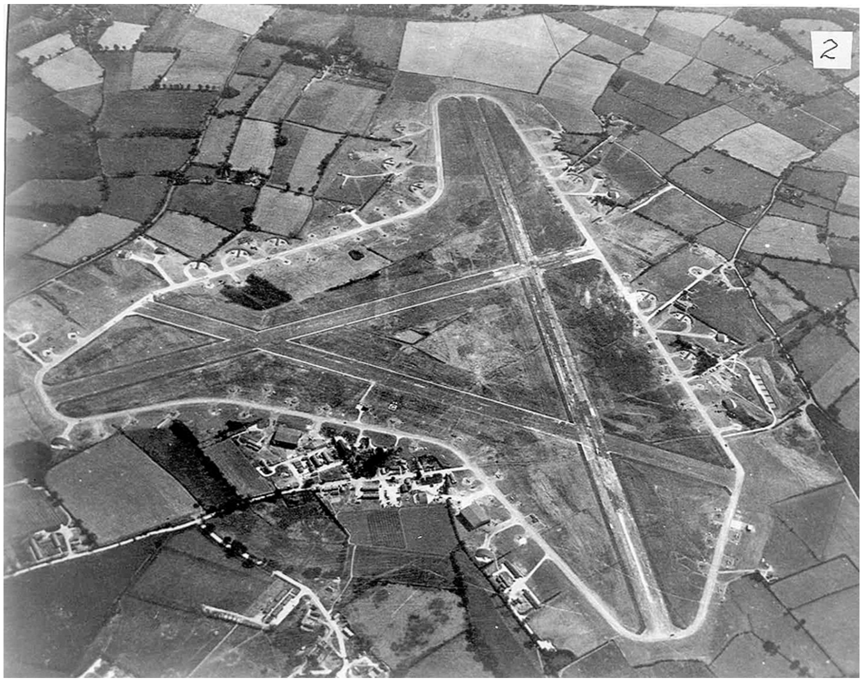




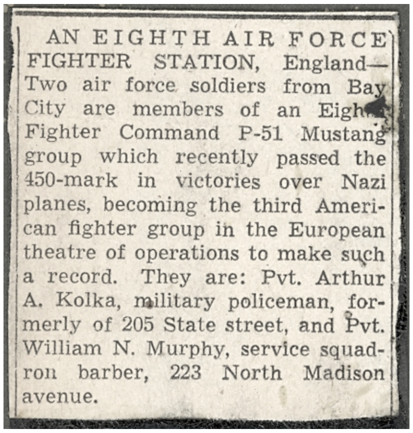


Postmaster, New York, N. Y.

Cpl. Eldon J. Kolka, who recently arrived in England, arranged a meeting with his brother, PFC Arthur A. Kolka, whom he hadn't seen in two years. Their meeting had a special significance because it was their mother's birthday, and though their time was short they managed to write a special greeting to her. Cpl. Eldon subsequently was transferred to France, and receives his mail as follows: A.S.N. 36865957, A. P. O. 314, in care of Postmaster, New York, N. Y. Another brother, Ensign Kenneth Kolka, is serving with the Pacific fleet, and receives his mail in care of the Fleet Postoffice, San Francisco, Calif. They are the sons of Mrs. Edward Kolka, 205 Gates street.



Leiston Field, Suffolk, East Anglia, England



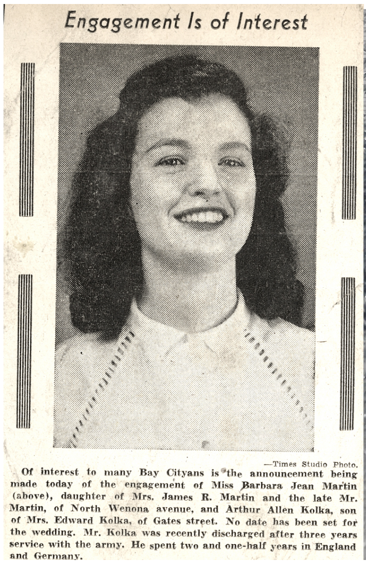
AN EIGHTH AIR FORCE FIGHTER STATION, England—Two air force soldiers from Bay City are members of an Eighth Fighter Command P-51 Mustang group which recently passed the 450-mark in victories over Nazi planes, becoming the third American fighter group in the European theatre of operations to make such a record. They are: Pvt. Arthur A. Kolka, military policeman, formerly of 205 State street, and Pvt. William N. Murphy, service squadron barber, 223 North Madison avenue.

The 357th Fighter Group was the first fighter group of the Eighth Air Force to fly the P51 Mustang fighter. The 357th was called "The Yoxford Boys" after a village near the base. In one mission over Berlin in January 1945, the fighter group was credited with shooting down 55 German fighters. At war's end the 357th had the highest number of aces and almost 700 air victories in 313 combat missions. Its pilots included Chuck Yeager and Bud Anderson, who flew the "Old Crow" P51, which is still flying today, and which my son Josh and I saw at the 2009 Oshkosh Air Show being reunited with Bud Anderson. *Art* talked about meeting British ace Johnny Johnson and being in London when some of the V1 "buzz bombs" fell on the city. He recalled the paratrooper barracks after D-Day, June 6, 1944, were decimated after the troopers returned to England. *Art* recalled flying in a B-24 during a bombing mission over Germany. In September 1944, *Art* was a member of the 1181st Military Police Company, and was still in England. *Art* corresponded with his sister Lee (Lydia) during the war, including on D-Day.[398]

In July 1945, the 357th Fighter Group was moved to Neubiberg Air Base, 9km south of Munich in southern Germany. *Art* used to talk about being stationed in Germany during the occupation of Germany, where he picked up a souvenir German pistol from an underground storage depot, which he had chromed when he returned home. *Art* left Germany for the States on January 15, 1946, on a liberty troop ship, and arrived on February 2, 1946. He was honorably discharged from the service as a member of the Headquarters and Base Service Squad of the 441st Air Service Group, at Camp Atterbury, Indiana, on February 6, 1946, and was paid $209.62 in his last Army paycheck.[399]

Art returned to work at the Dow Chemical Co. and lived with his mother on Gates Street.

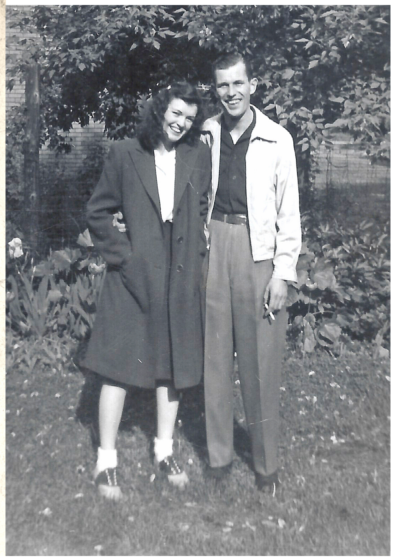
On October 19, 1946, in the Westminster Presbyterian Church, Bay City, the Rev. Donald Lowes married *Arthur Allen Kolka* and *Barbara Jean Martin* (June 25, 1926, Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan – January 27, 2023, Essexville, Bay County, Michigan), daughter of *James Raymond Martin and Bernice Dorothy Elizabeth Flaws*.[400]



Engagement Is of Interest

—Times Studio Photo.

Of interest to many Bay Cityans is the announcement being made today of the engagement of Miss Barbara Jean Martin (above), daughter of Mrs. James R. Martin and the late Mr. Martin, of North Wenona avenue, and Arthur Allen Kolka, son of Mrs. Edward Kolka, of Gates street. No date has been set for the wedding. Mr. Kolka was recently discharged after three years service with the army. He spent two and one-half years in England and Germany.



July 1946

Art and Barbara Jean Martin Kolka initially lived with *Ernestine Kolka* at 205 Gates Street. *Art* was back working for Dow Chemical Co. as a draftsman and *Barbara* was an accounting clerk for Consumers Power Company, where her father had worked, on the northwest corner of Sixth Street and Washington Avenue in Downtown Bay City. In 1947, *Art and Barbara Kolka* were living at 701 Litchfield, Bay City. In 1948, *Art and Barbara Jean Martin Kolka* lived at 205 Gates Street, Bay City, with *Ernestine* and Eldon (who was a student).[401]

In June 1949, *Art* and Eldon *Kolka* purchased Lots17 and 32 as well as the north one-halves of Lots 16 and 33 of L. E. Sharpe's Subdivision in Essexville. Lots 32 -34 were on Hart Street, while Lots 16-18 were on Orchard Street; which would later be re-named Sharpe Street after the subdivision's developer Lawrence Sharpe.

Art picked up and passed on his father's demand for perfection in everything he did. In 1950, *Art* built the family home at 1214/400 Sharpe Street, Essexville.[402] He would add a family room, garage and small bathroom in about 1962.

400 Sharpe Street, Essexville

By 1952, most of the neighborhood was built and occupied by families who would live their lives on Sharpe Street: Bob and Luella Bergen; Don and Ellen Czerwinski; Don and Dorothy Bremer; Bob and Mary Ann Haertel; John and Mary Nagy; John and Nan Duncan; Harold and Agnes Schornack; Evans and Mary Juhl; and a little later Clem and Betty Doriean. Because Sharpe Street was a dead end street until the 1960s the families were close. Every July 4th there would be a neighborhood picnic held in the street.[403]

In 1956, *Art* also designed and helped build his brother Ken's Bay Animal Hospital on Center Road in Hampton Township, which is still in business.

1957 at *Art Kolka* home. Left side:
Ken and Betty Kolka, Harold and Tommy Staudacher,
Peggy, Gregg, and Mark Kolka, and Jon Staudacher
Right side: *Art Kolka*, Alice Staudacher, and *Ernestine Kolka*.

Art was an elder at Immanuel Lutheran Church, Bay City, for many years. He also volunteered with the Essexville Hampton Little League, and was responsible for purchasing all of the baseball equipment for the Little League.

As early as 1957, *Art* became an "engineer" at Dow Chemical despite only having a high school diploma. He designed many buildings and processing systems for Dow. He worked on numerous special projects, including controlling sea lampreys in the Great Lakes, and on cancer research with the world famous Dr. Eugenie Clark a/k/a "The Shark Lady." *Art* would be named on many Dow patents. His last project was to design and supervise the construction of a large pharmaceutical production (1776) building. After forty years, he retired from Dow Chemical in 1981, as a Research Engineer.[404]

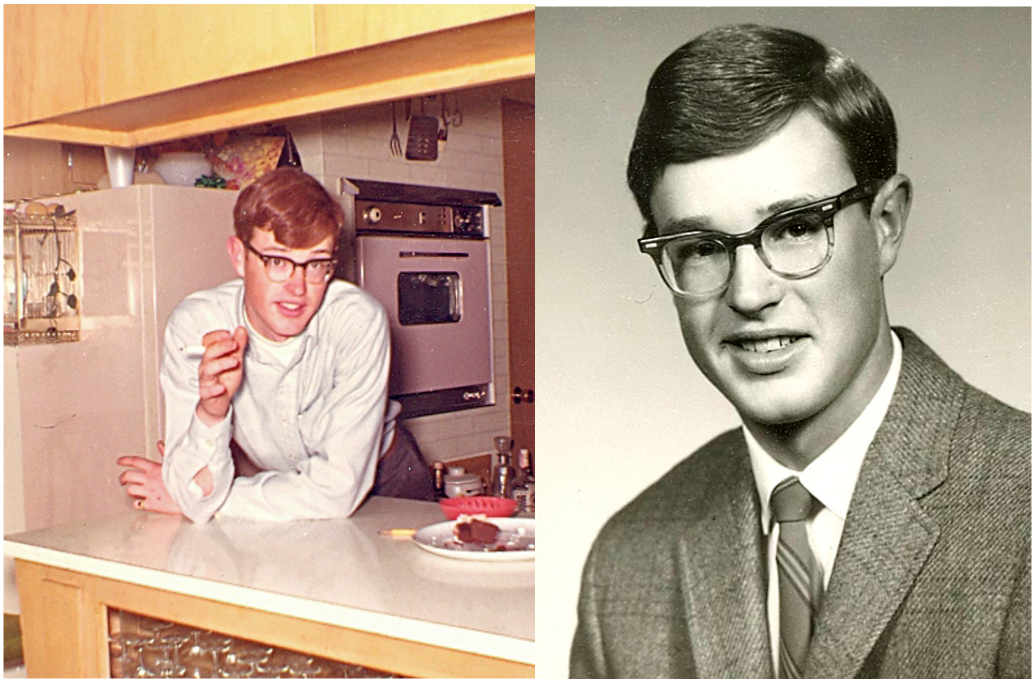
Arthur Allen Kolka died at his home on March 5, 1994, at the age of 71, from pancreatic cancer. He is buried in Elm Lawn Cemetery, Bay City, next to his son Gregg.[405]

Art and Barb Kolka had five children; all born in Bay City, Michigan.

- Mark Allen Kolka (1949).
- Gregg Arthur Kolka (February 18, 1951, Bay City, Bay County, Michigan – July 11, 1969, Bay City, Bay County, Michigan).
- Margaret Anne Kolka (b1952).
- Jeffrey Martin Kolka (b1957).
- Martin Edward Kolka (b1960).

Christmas 1961

Gregg Arthur Kolka graduated from Garber High School in June 1969 and planned to work as an automobile mechanic.



On July 10, 1969, Gregg was a passenger in a car which collided with a Bay County Road Commission truck at the intersection of Jones and Arms Roads in Hampton Township, Bay County. Gregg sustained massive head injuries from which he died the following morning of July 11, 1969. He is buried in Section 09, East 1/2, Plat 3829, Lot 150/151, of Elm Lawn Cemetery, Bay City.[406]

Margaret ("Peggy") Anne Kolka graduated from Garber High School in 1970. She graduated from Michigan State University, and received a doctorate in physiology from Indiana University. She worked for the U. S. Army and became the head of the Army's Environmental Medicine Division in the Boston area.

Jeffrey Martin Kolka also graduated from Garber High School. He went to Delta College and then to Western Michigan University where he graduated with a business degree. He worked in management for Steelcase in Grand Rapids. He married and divorced twice: (1) Laurie Ann Mackey; and (2) Laurie Crawford.

Martin ("Marty") Edward Kolka graduated from Garber High School, where he met his wife Annette Marie Stagray, whom he married on July 12, 1980, in the Immanuel Lutheran Church, Bay City. Marty graduated from Michigan State University in 1983 with a BS degree in Chemical Engineering and went to work for Dow Chemical in Midland from 1983 to 1997. He left Dow Chemical to work for ISP, a chemical company in Kentucky, from 1997 to 1999. From 1999 to 2011 he worked for Consumers Energy in its safety and risk management department. Marty was then employed by the Dart Container Corporation, in Mason, Michigan, from which he retired. Marty and Annette Kolka have three children.

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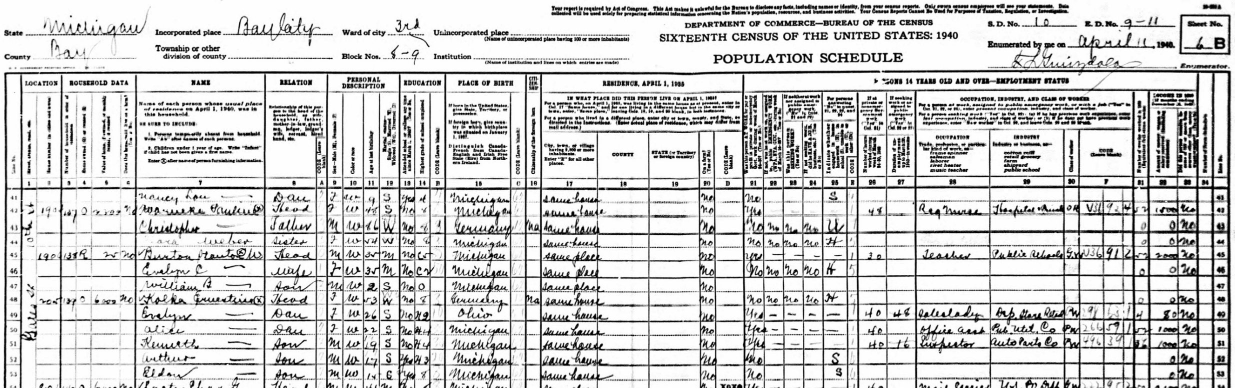
[396] *1940 US Census; and 1940 Polk Bay City, Michigan, Directory.*

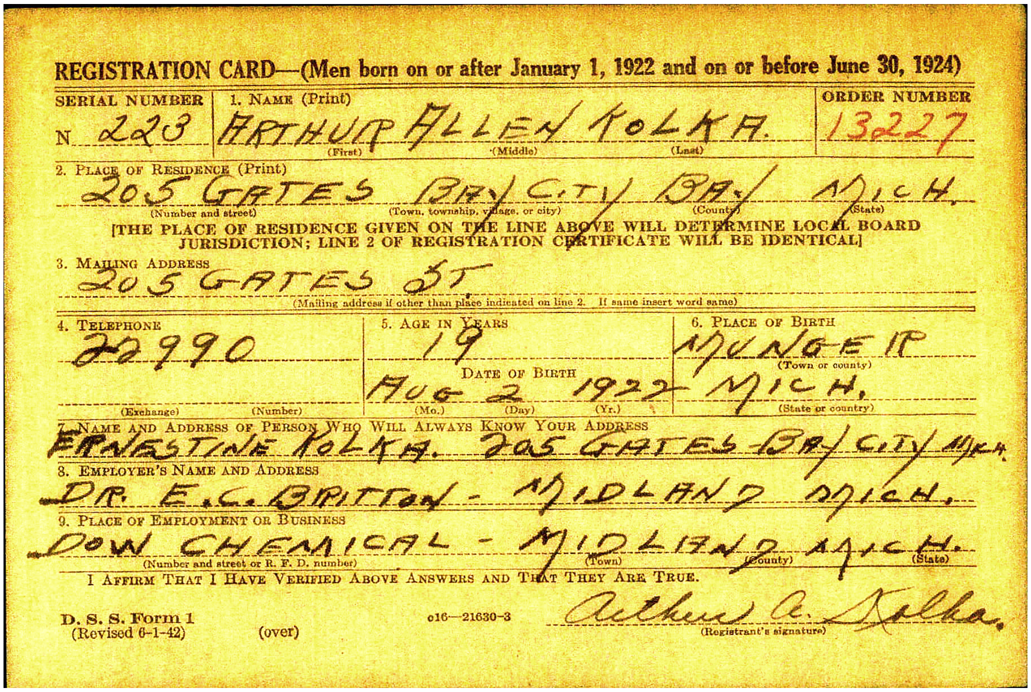


DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE—BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
SIXTEENTH CENSUS OF THE UNITED STATES: 1940
POPULATION SCHEDULE

State Michigan
County Bay
Incorporated place Bay City
Ward of city 3rd
Block Nos. 8-9
S. D. No. 10
E. D. No. 9-11
Sheet No. 6 B
Enumerated by me on April 11, 1940.

Line	Street	House no.	Household no.	Own/Rent	Value/Rent	Farm	Name	Relation	Sex	Race	Age	Marital	School	Grade	Place of birth	Citizenship	Residence 1935	On farm	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	Occupation	Industry	Class	Weeks	Income	Other income
41							Nancy Lou	Dau	F	W	9	S	Yes	4	Michigan		Same house	No	No				S								
42	10th St	1902	137	O	2500	No	Warnke Pauline ⓧ	Head	F	W	48	S	No	8	Michigan		Same house	No	Yes					48		Reg Nurse	Hospital Nurse	OA	52	1500	No
43							Christopher	Father	M	W	86	W	No	8	Germany	Na	Same house	No	No	No	No	No	U						0	0	No
44							Clara Weber	Sister	F	W	54	W	No	8	Michigan		Same house	No	No	No	No	No	H						0	0	No
45		1906	138	R	25	No	Burton Stanton ⓧ W.	Head	M	W	35	M	No	C5	Michigan		Same place	No	Yes	—	—	—	—	30		Teacher	Public Schools	GW	52	2000	No
46							Evelyn C	Wife	F	W	35	M	No	C2	Michigan		Same place	No	No	No	No	No	H						0	0	No
47							William B	Son	M	W	2	S	No	0	Michigan		Same place	No													
48	Bates St	2025	137	O	6000	No	Kolka Ernestine ⓧ	Head	F	W	53	W	No	8	Germany	Na	Same house	No	No	No	No	No	H						0	0	No
49							Evelyn	Dau	F	W	26	S	No	H2	Ohio		Same house	No	Yes	—	—	—	—	40	48	Saleslady	Dep. Store Retail	PW	4	80	No
50							Alice	Dau	F	W	22	S	No	H4	Michigan		Same house	No	Yes	—	—	—	—	40		Office asst	Pub. Util. Co	PW	52	1000	No
51							Kenneth	Son	M	W	19	S	No	H4	Michigan		Same house	No	Yes	—	—	—	—	40	16	Inspector	Auto Parts Co	PW	36	1000	No
52							Arthur	Son	M	W	17	S	Yes	H3	Michigan		Same house	No	No				S							0	No
53							Eldon	Son	M	W	14	S	Yes	8	Michigan		Same house	No	No				S							0	No

[397] *World War II Draft Registration; 1942 Bay City, Michigan, City Directory; and Art Kolka's Service Records.*



REGISTRATION CARD—(Men born on or after January 1, 1922 and on or before June 30, 1924)

SERIAL NUMBER N 223

1. NAME (Print) ARTHUR ALLEN KOLKA. (First) (Middle) (Last)

ORDER NUMBER 13227

2. PLACE OF RESIDENCE (Print) 205 GATES BAY CITY BAY MICH. (Number and street) (Town, township, village, or city) (County) (State)

[THE PLACE OF RESIDENCE GIVEN ON THE LINE ABOVE WILL DETERMINE LOCAL BOARD JURISDICTION; LINE 2 OF REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE WILL BE IDENTICAL]

3. MAILING ADDRESS 205 GATES ST.

(Mailing address if other than place indicated on line 2. If same insert word same)

4. TELEPHONE 22990 (Exchange) (Number)

5. AGE IN YEARS 19

DATE OF BIRTH AUG 2 1922 (Mo.) (Day) (Yr.)

6. PLACE OF BIRTH MUNGER (Town or county) MICH. (State or country)

7. NAME AND ADDRESS OF PERSON WHO WILL ALWAYS KNOW YOUR ADDRESS ERNESTINE KOLKA. 205 GATES - BAY CITY MICH.

8. EMPLOYER'S NAME AND ADDRESS DR. E. C. BRITTON - MIDLAND MICH.

9. PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT OR BUSINESS DOW CHEMICAL - MIDLAND MICH. (Number and street or R. F. D. number) (Town) (County) (State)

I AFFIRM THAT I HAVE VERIFIED ABOVE ANSWERS AND THAT THEY ARE TRUE.

D. S. S. Form 1
(Revised 6-1-42)
(over)
c16—21630-3

Arthur A. Kolka
(Registrant's signature)

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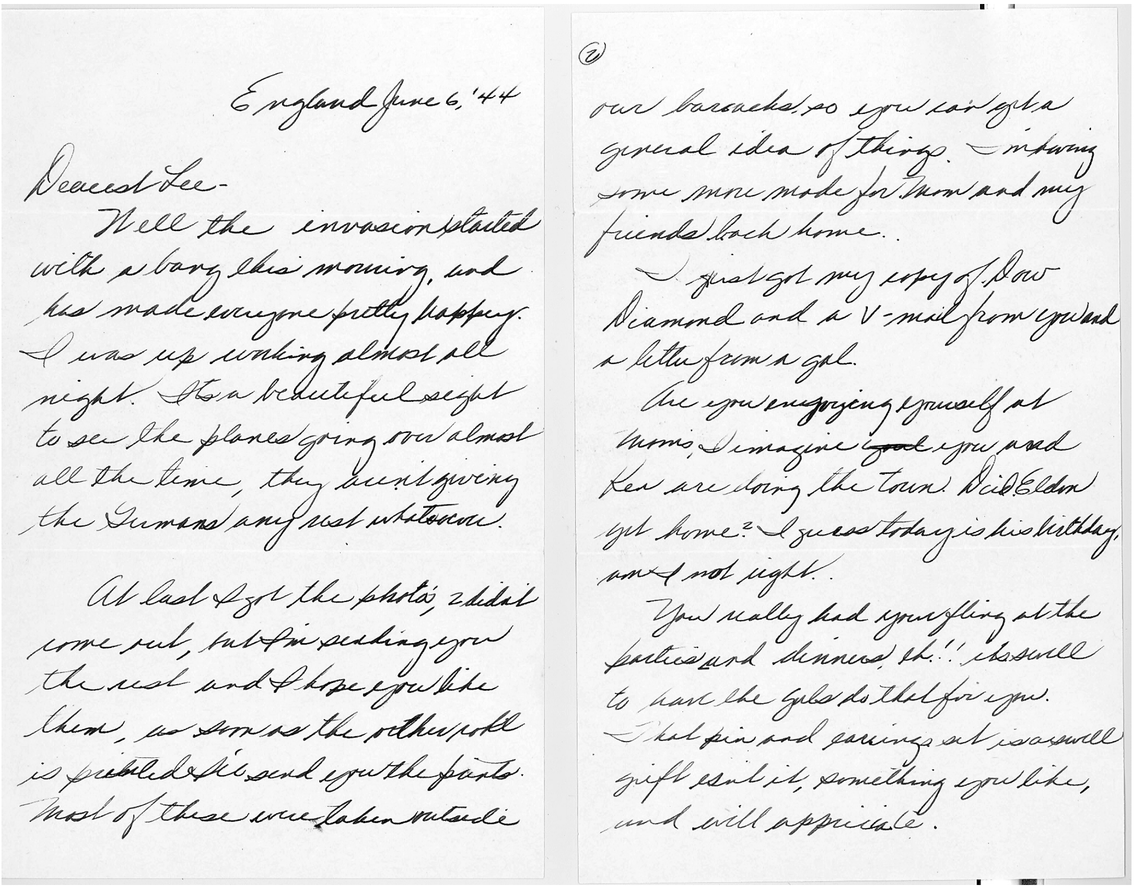
[398] *June 6, 1944, and September 23, 1944, letters from Art Kolka to sister Lee Kolka Hayner*:



England June 6, '44

Dearest Lee-

Well the invasion started with a bang this morning, and has made everyone pretty happy. I was up working almost all night. It's a beautiful sight to see the planes going over almost all the time, they aren't giving the Germans any rest whatsoever.

At last I got the photo's, 2 didn't come out, but I'm sending you the rest and I hope you like them, as soon as the other roll is printed I'll send you the prints. Most of these were taken outside

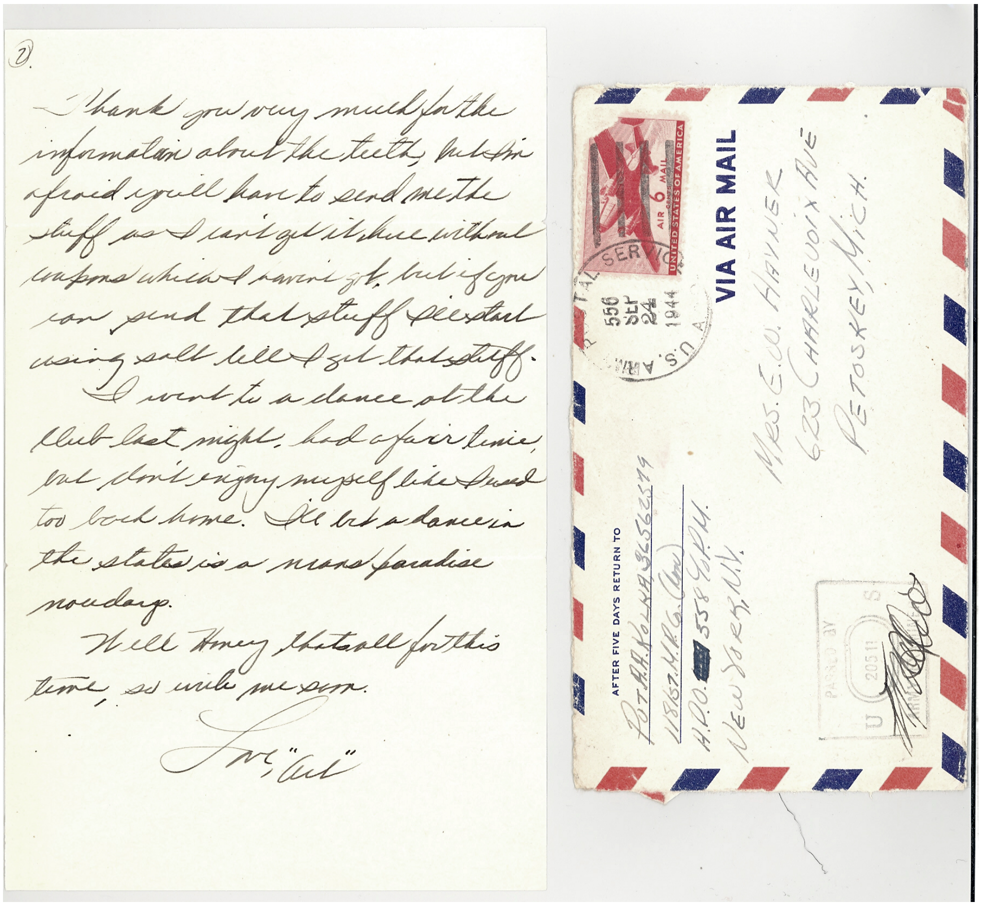
②

our barracks, so you can get a general idea of things. I'm having some more made for Mom and my friends back home.

I just got my copy of Dow Diamond and a V-mail from you and a letter from a gal.

Are you enjoying yourself at Mom's, I imagine ~~you~~ you and Ken are doing the town. Did Eldon get home? I guess today is his birthday, am I not right.

You really had your fling at the parties and dinners, eh!! It's swell to have the gals do that for you. That pin and earrings set is a swell gift isn't it, something you like, and will appreciate.



②

Thank you very much for the information about the teeth, but I'm afraid you'll have to send me the stuff as I can't get it here without coupons which I haven't got, but if you can send that stuff I'll start using salt till I get that stuff.

I went to a dance at the club last night, had a fair time, but don't enjoy myself like I used too back home. I'll bet a dance in the states is a man's paradise nowadays.

Well Honey that's all for this time, so write me soon.

Love, "Art"

AFTER FIVE DAYS RETURN TO
Pvt. A.H. Kolka 36562579
1815T. M.P.G. (Am)
A.P.O. [redacted] 558 % P.M.
New York, N.Y.

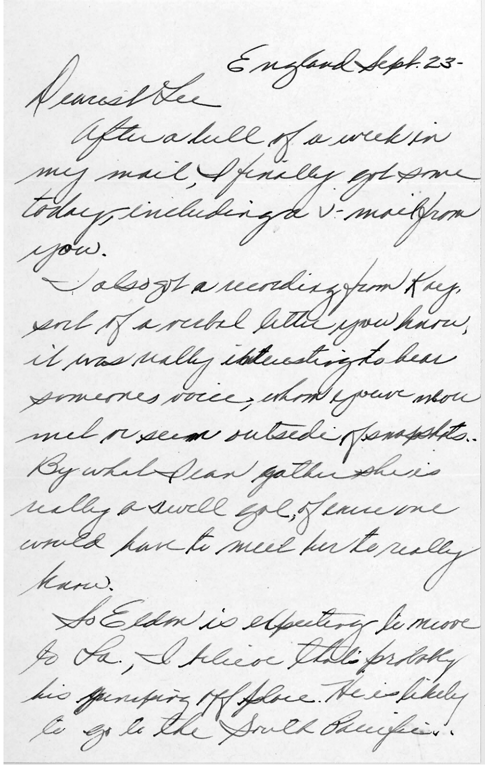
VIA AIR MAIL

AIR 6 CENTS MAIL
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

U.S. ARMY POSTAL SERVICE
556
SEP
24
1944

Mrs. E.W. Havner
623 Charlevoix Ave
Petoskey, Mich.

PASSED BY
20511
U.S. ARMY EXAMINER



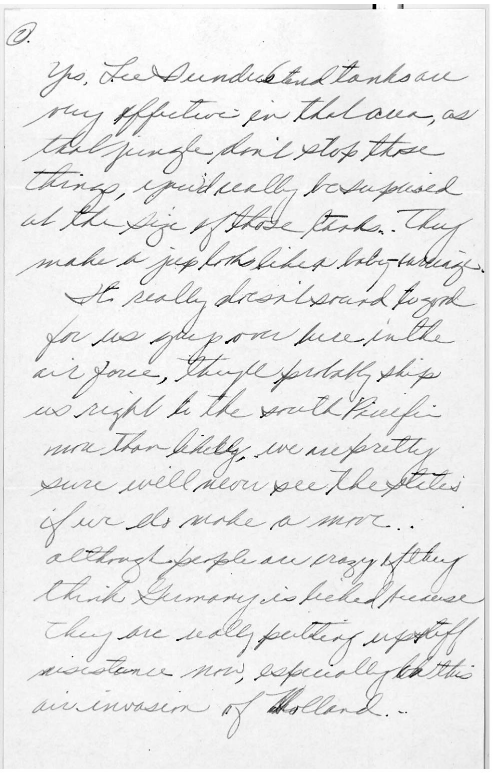
England Sept. 23-

Dearest Lee

After a lull of a week in my mail, I finally got some today, including a V-mail from you.

I also got a recording from Kay, sort of a verbal letter you know, it was really interesting to hear someone's voice, whom you've never met or seen outside of snapshots.. By what I can gather she is really a swell gal, of course one would have to meet her to really know.

So Eldon is expecting to move to Pa., I believe that's probably his jumping off place. He is likely to go to the South Pacific..

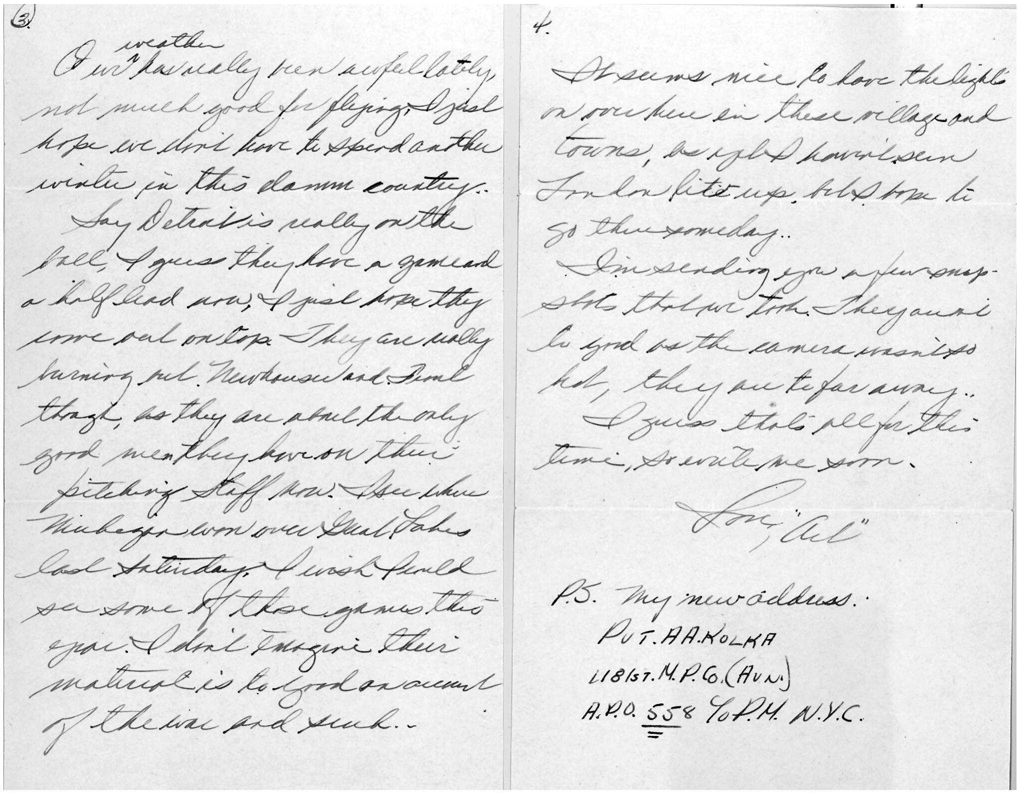


②

Yes, Lee I understand tanks are very effective in that area, as that jungle don't stop those things, you'd really be surprised at the size of those tanks.. They make a jeep looks like a baby-carriage.

It really doesn't sound too good for us guys over here in the air force, they'll probably ship us right to the south Pacific more than likely, we are pretty sure we'll never see the States if we do make a move..

although people are crazy if they think Germany is licked because they are really putting up stiff resistance now, especially to the air invasion of Holland..



③

Our weather has really been awful lately, not much good for flying. I just hope we don't have to spend another winter in this damm country..

Say Detroit is really on the ball, I guess they have a game and a half lead now, I just hope they come out on top. They are really burning out Newhouser and Trout though, as they are about the only good men they have on their pitching staff now. I see where Michigan won over Great Lakes last Saturday. I wish I could see some of those games this year. I don't imagine their material is too good on account of the war and such..

4.

It seems nice to have the lights on over here in these village and towns, but yet I haven't seen London lite up, but I hope to go there someday..

I'm sending you a few snap-shots that we took. They aren't too good as the camera wasn't so hot, they are too far away..

I guess that's all for this time, so write me soon.

Love,
"Art"

P.S. My new address:
Pvt. A.A. Kolka
1181st. M.P. Co. (Avn.)
A.P.O. 558 % P.M. N.Y.C.

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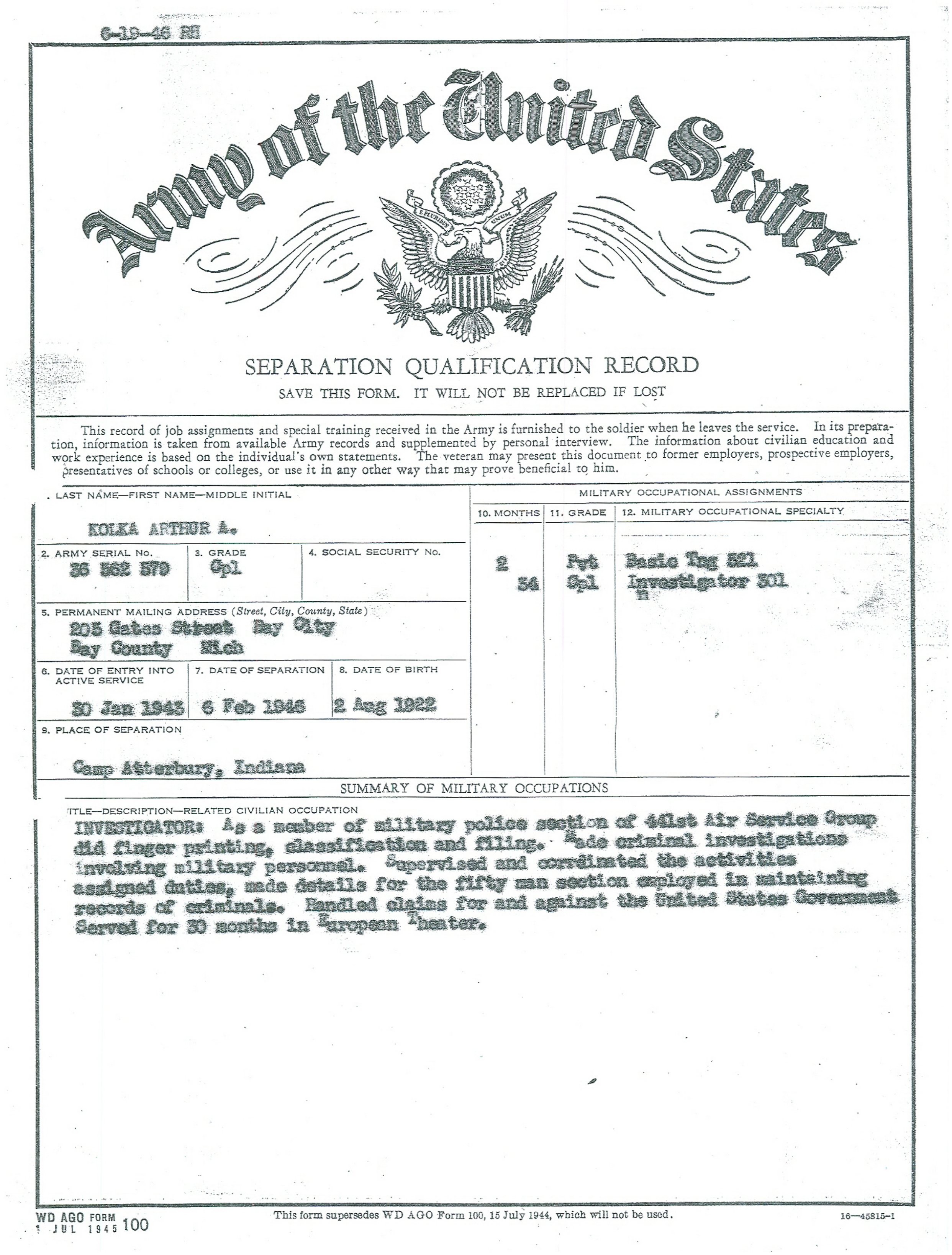
[399] *Art Kolka's Service Records.*



6-19-46 RH

Army of the United States

E PLURIBUS UNUM

SEPARATION QUALIFICATION RECORD

SAVE THIS FORM. IT WILL NOT BE REPLACED IF LOST

This record of job assignments and special training received in the Army is furnished to the soldier when he leaves the service. In its preparation, information is taken from available Army records and supplemented by personal interview. The information about civilian education and work experience is based on the individual's own statements. The veteran may present this document to former employers, prospective employers, presentatives of schools or colleges, or use it in any other way that may prove beneficial to him.

. LAST NAME—FIRST NAME—MIDDLE INITIAL: KOLKA ARTHUR A.

2. ARMY SERIAL No.: 36 562 579

3. GRADE: Cpl

4. SOCIAL SECURITY No.:

5. PERMANENT MAILING ADDRESS (*Street, City, County, State*):
205 Gates Street Bay City
Bay County Mich

6. DATE OF ENTRY INTO ACTIVE SERVICE: 30 Jan 1943

7. DATE OF SEPARATION: 6 Feb 1946

8. DATE OF BIRTH: 2 Aug 1922

9. PLACE OF SEPARATION: Camp Atterbury, Indiana

MILITARY OCCUPATIONAL ASSIGNMENTS

10. MONTHS	11. GRADE	12. MILITARY OCCUPATIONAL SPECIALTY
2	Pvt	Basic Tng 521
34	Cpl	Investigator 301

SUMMARY OF MILITARY OCCUPATIONS

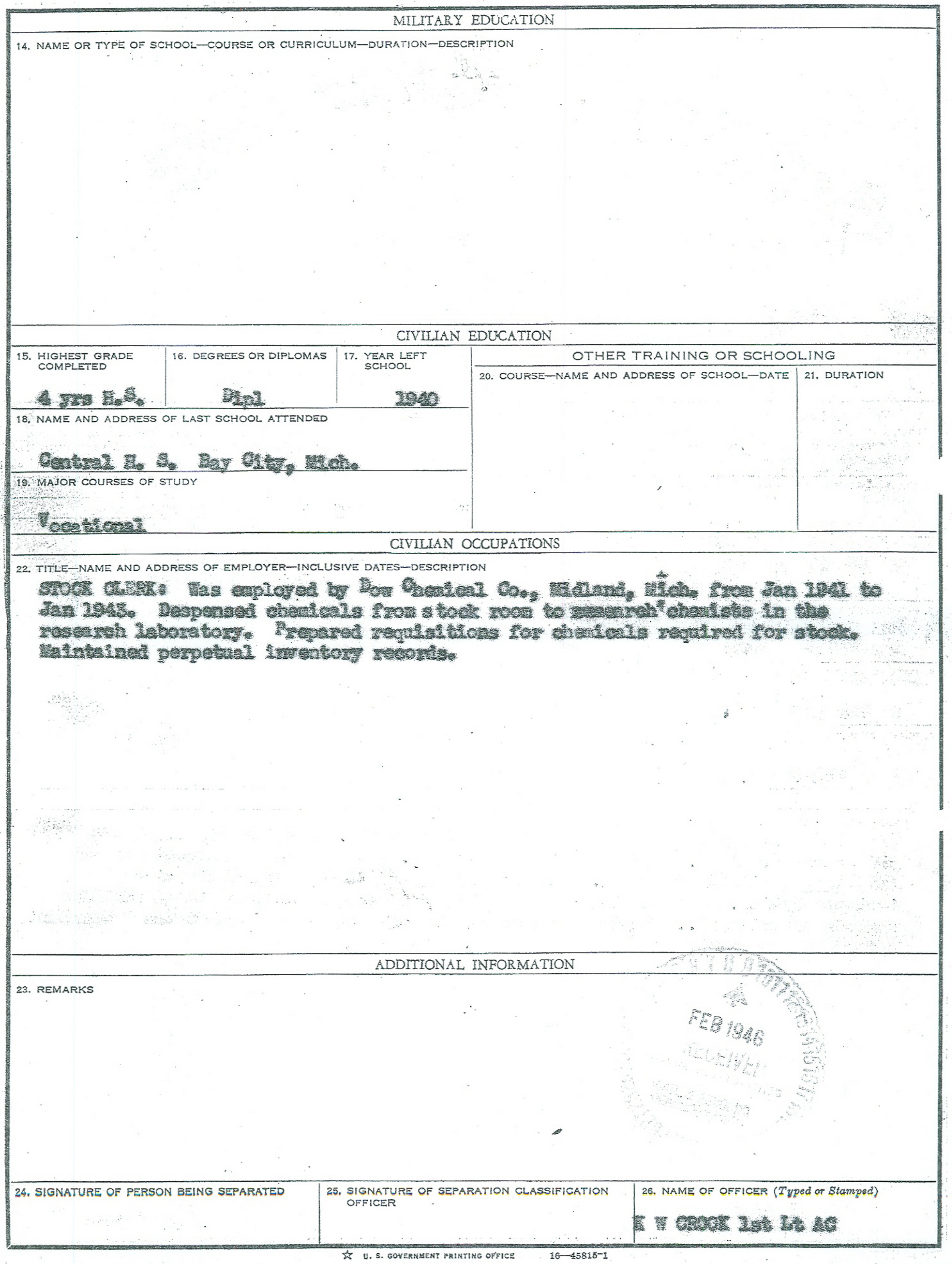
ITLE—DESCRIPTION—RELATED CIVILIAN OCCUPATION

INVESTIGATOR: As a member of military police section of 441st Air Service Group did finger printing, classification and filing. Made criminal investigations involving military personnel. Supervised and coordinated the activities assigned duties, made details for the fifty man section employed in maintaining records of criminals. Handled claims for and against the United States Government Served for 30 months in European Theater.

WD AGO FORM 100
1 JUL 1945

This form supersedes WD AGO Form 100, 15 July 1944, which will not be used.

16—45815-1



MILITARY EDUCATION

14. NAME OR TYPE OF SCHOOL—COURSE OR CURRICULUM—DURATION—DESCRIPTION

CIVILIAN EDUCATION

15. HIGHEST GRADE COMPLETED	16. DEGREES OR DIPLOMAS	17. YEAR LEFT SCHOOL
4 yrs H.S.	Dipl	1940

18. NAME AND ADDRESS OF LAST SCHOOL ATTENDED
Central H. S. Bay City, Mich.

19. MAJOR COURSES OF STUDY
Vocational

OTHER TRAINING OR SCHOOLING

20. COURSE—NAME AND ADDRESS OF SCHOOL—DATE	21. DURATION

CIVILIAN OCCUPATIONS

22. TITLE—NAME AND ADDRESS OF EMPLOYER—INCLUSIVE DATES—DESCRIPTION
STOCK CLERK: Was employed by Dow Chemical Co., Midland, Mich. from Jan 1941 to Jan 1943. Despensed chemicals from stock room to research chemists in the research laboratory. Prepared requisitions for chemicals required for stock. Maintained perpetual inventory records.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

23. REMARKS

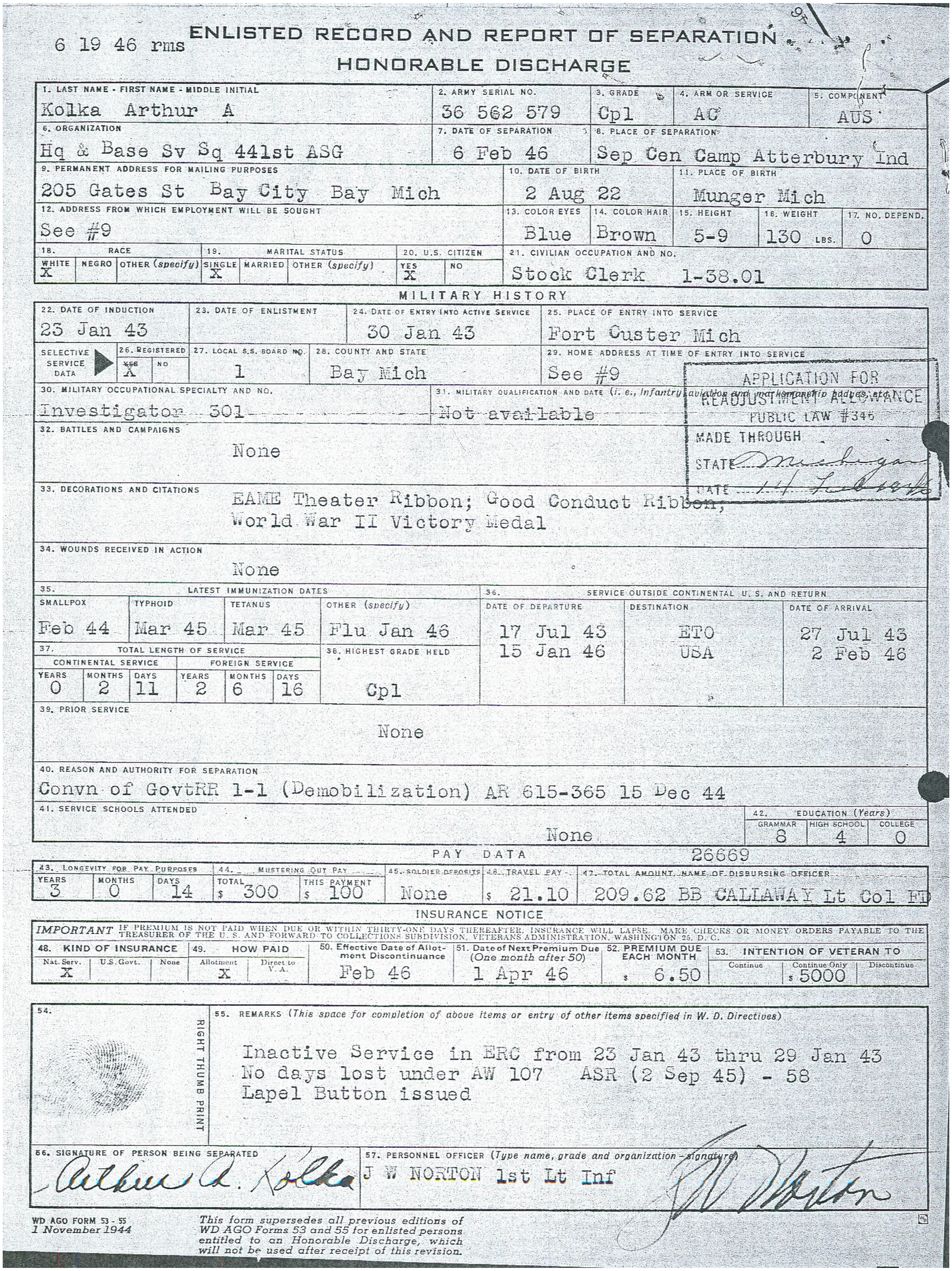
FEB 1946
RECEIVED

24. SIGNATURE OF PERSON BEING SEPARATED

25. SIGNATURE OF SEPARATION CLASSIFICATION OFFICER

26. NAME OF OFFICER (*Typed or Stamped*)
K W CROOK 1st Lt AG

☆ U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16—45815-1



6 19 46 rms

ENLISTED RECORD AND REPORT OF SEPARATION

HONORABLE DISCHARGE

1. LAST NAME - FIRST NAME - MIDDLE INITIAL Kolka Arthur A	2. ARMY SERIAL NO. 36 562 579	3. GRADE Cpl	4. ARM OR SERVICE AC	5. COMPONENT AUS
6. ORGANIZATION Hq & Base Sv Sq 441st ASG	7. DATE OF SEPARATION 6 Feb 46	8. PLACE OF SEPARATION Sep Cen Camp Atterbury Ind		
9. PERMANENT ADDRESS FOR MAILING PURPOSES 205 Gates St Bay City Bay Mich	10. DATE OF BIRTH 2 Aug 22	11. PLACE OF BIRTH Munger Mich		
12. ADDRESS FROM WHICH EMPLOYMENT WILL BE SOUGHT See #9	13. COLOR EYES Blue	14. COLOR HAIR Brown	15. HEIGHT 5-9	16. WEIGHT 130 LBS.
17. NO. DEPEND. 0	18. RACE WHITE: X NEGRO OTHER (specify)	19. MARITAL STATUS SINGLE: X MARRIED OTHER (specify)	20. U.S. CITIZEN YES: X NO	21. CIVILIAN OCCUPATION AND NO. Stock Clerk 1-38.01

MILITARY HISTORY

22. DATE OF INDUCTION 23 Jan 43	23. DATE OF ENLISTMENT	24. DATE OF ENTRY INTO ACTIVE SERVICE 30 Jan 43	25. PLACE OF ENTRY INTO SERVICE Fort Custer Mich
SELECTIVE SERVICE DATA 26. REGISTERED YES: X NO	27. LOCAL S.S. BOARD NO. 1	28. COUNTY AND STATE Bay Mich	29. HOME ADDRESS AT TIME OF ENTRY INTO SERVICE See #9
30. MILITARY OCCUPATIONAL SPECIALTY AND NO. Investigator 301	31. MILITARY QUALIFICATION AND DATE (i. e., Infantry, aviation and marksmanship badges, etc.) Not available		

APPLICATION FOR
READJUSTMENT ALLOWANCE
PUBLIC LAW #346
MADE THROUGH
STATE Michigan
DATE 14 Feb 46

32. BATTLES AND CAMPAIGNS
None

33. DECORATIONS AND CITATIONS
EAME Theater Ribbon; Good Conduct Ribbon,
World War II Victory Medal

34. WOUNDS RECEIVED IN ACTION
None

35. LATEST IMMUNIZATION DATES

SMALLPOX	TYPHOID	TETANUS	OTHER (specify)
Feb 44	Mar 45	Mar 45	Flu Jan 46

36. SERVICE OUTSIDE CONTINENTAL U. S. AND RETURN

DATE OF DEPARTURE	DESTINATION	DATE OF ARRIVAL
17 Jul 43	ETO	27 Jul 43
15 Jan 46	USA	2 Feb 46

37. TOTAL LENGTH OF SERVICE

CONTINENTAL SERVICE			FOREIGN SERVICE		
YEARS	MONTHS	DAYS	YEARS	MONTHS	DAYS
0	2	11	2	6	16

38. HIGHEST GRADE HELD
Cpl

39. PRIOR SERVICE
None

40. REASON AND AUTHORITY FOR SEPARATION
Convn of GovtRR 1-1 (Demobilization) AR 615-365 15 Dec 44

41. SERVICE SCHOOLS ATTENDED
None

42. EDUCATION (Years)

GRAMMAR	HIGH SCHOOL	COLLEGE
8	4	0

PAY DATA

26669

43. LONGEVITY FOR PAY PURPOSES			44. MUSTERING OUT PAY		45. SOLDIER DEPOSITS	46. TRAVEL PAY	47. TOTAL AMOUNT, NAME OF DISBURSING OFFICER
YEARS	MONTHS	DAYS	TOTAL	THIS PAYMENT			
3	0	14	$ 300	$ 100	None	$ 21.10	209.62 BB CALLAWAY Lt Col FD

INSURANCE NOTICE

IMPORTANT IF PREMIUM IS NOT PAID WHEN DUE OR WITHIN THIRTY-ONE DAYS THEREAFTER, INSURANCE WILL LAPSE. MAKE CHECKS OR MONEY ORDERS PAYABLE TO THE TREASURER OF THE U. S. AND FORWARD TO COLLECTIONS SUBDIVISION, VETERANS ADMINISTRATION, WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

48. KIND OF INSURANCE			49. HOW PAID		50. Effective Date of Allotment Discontinuance	51. Date of Next Premium Due (One month after 50)	52. PREMIUM DUE EACH MONTH	53. INTENTION OF VETERAN TO		
Nat. Serv.	U.S. Govt.	None	Allotment	Direct to V. A.				Continue	Continue Only	Discontinue
X			X		Feb 46	1 Apr 46	$ 6.50		$ 5000	

54. RIGHT THUMB PRINT

55. REMARKS (This space for completion of above items or entry of other items specified in W. D. Directives)

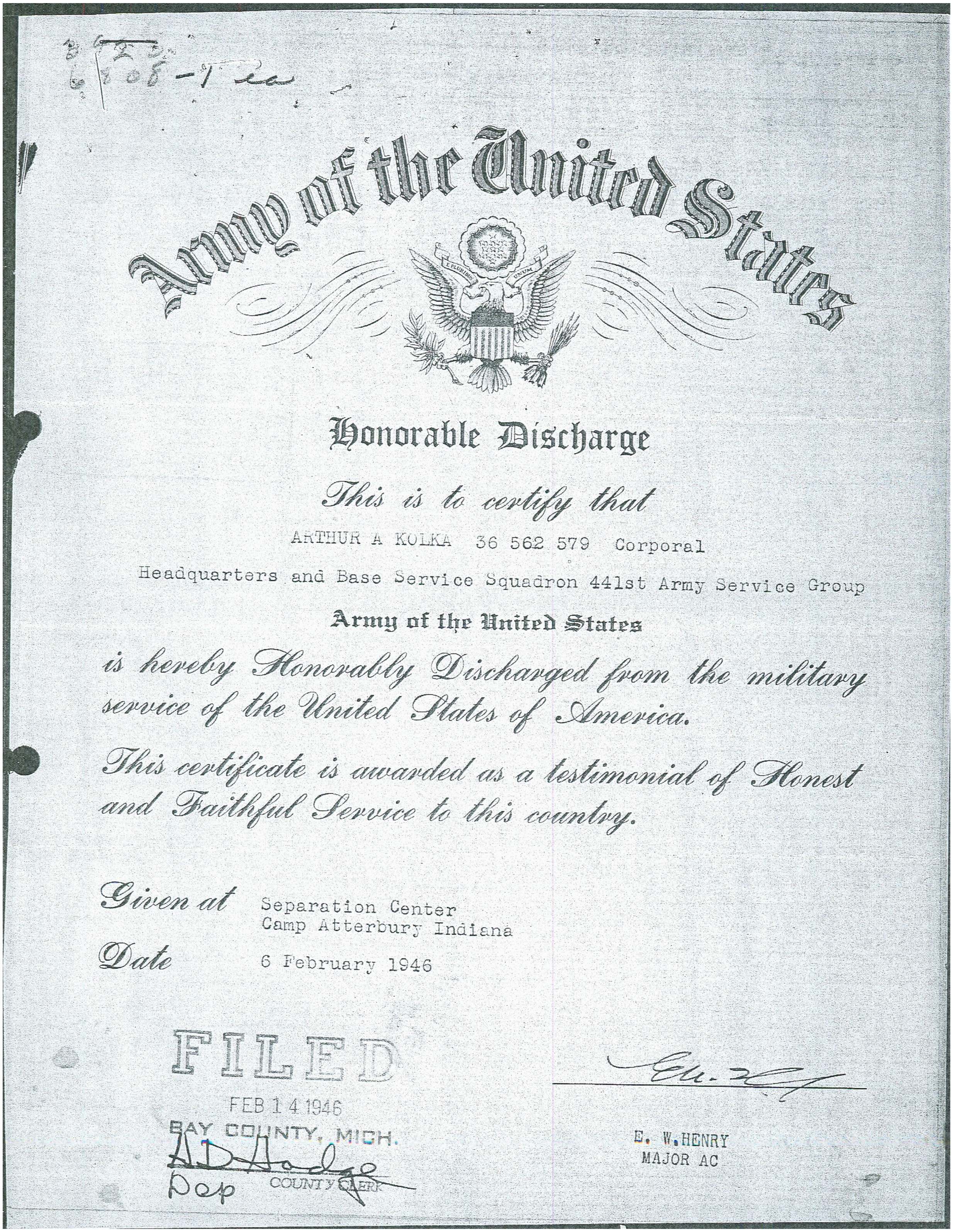
Inactive Service in ERC from 23 Jan 43 thru 29 Jan 43
No days lost under AW 107 ASR (2 Sep 45) - 58
Lapel Button issued

56. SIGNATURE OF PERSON BEING SEPARATED
Arthur A. Kolka

57. PERSONNEL OFFICER (Type name, grade and organization - signature)
J W NORTON 1st Lt Inf
J W Norton

WD AGO FORM 53 - 55
1 November 1944

This form supersedes all previous editions of WD AGO Forms 53 and 55 for enlisted persons entitled to an Honorable Discharge, which will not be used after receipt of this revision.



3 625
6 808-1 ea

Army of the United States

Honorable Discharge

This is to certify that

ARTHUR A KOLKA 36 562 579 Corporal

Headquarters and Base Service Squadron 441st Army Service Group

Army of the United States

is hereby Honorably Discharged from the military service of the United States of America.

This certificate is awarded as a testimonial of Honest and Faithful Service to this country.

Given at Separation Center
Camp Atterbury Indiana

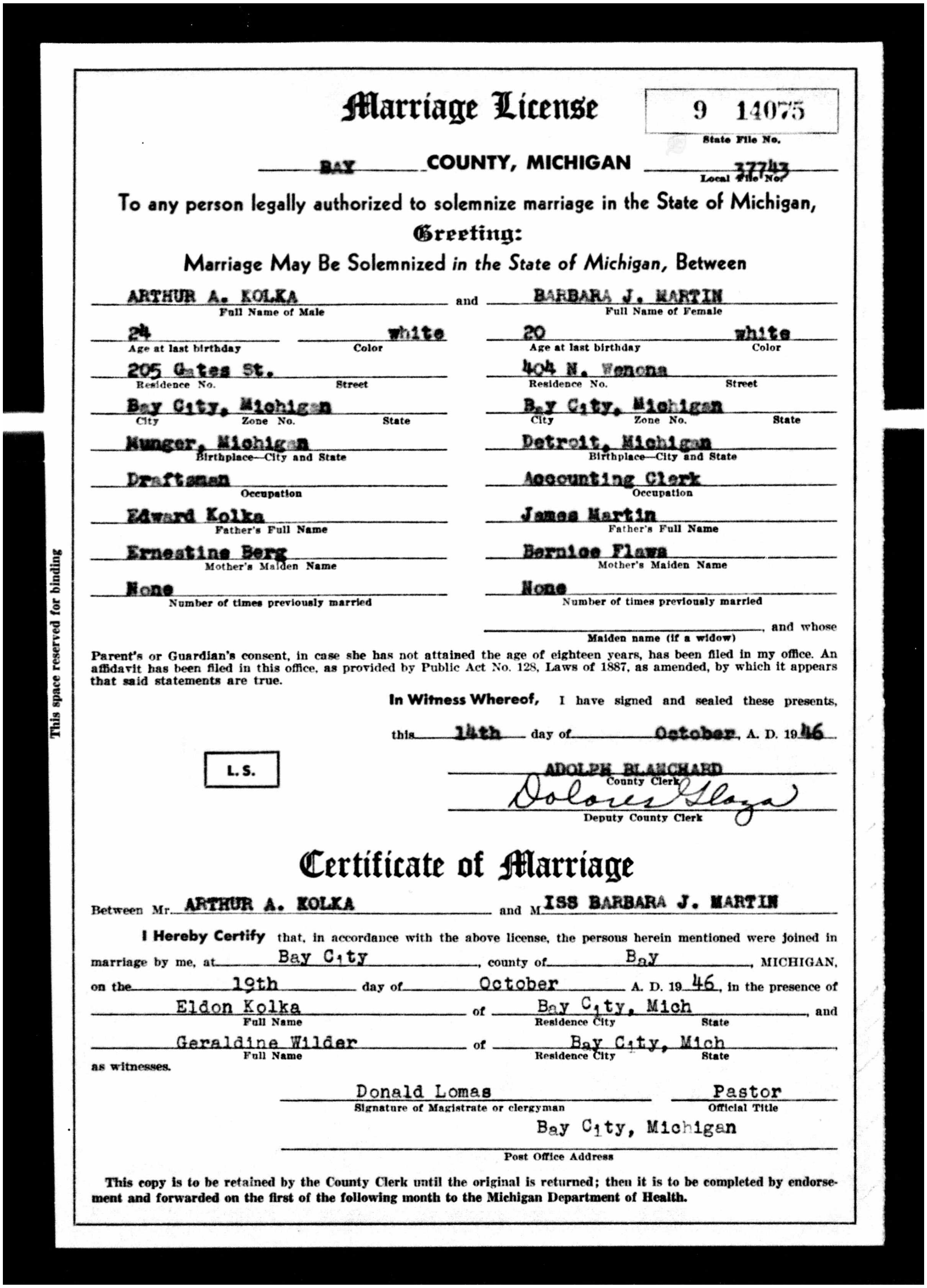
Date 6 February 1946

FILED
FEB 14 1946
BAY COUNTY, MICH.
A D Hodge
Dep
COUNTY CLERK

E. W. HENRY
MAJOR AC

[400] The Martin family history and genealogy is detailed in *Genealogy, Biographies and Histories of the Family of Richard Martin Born Circa 1730 in the Province of New Jersey,* by Mark A. Kolka (2003). *July 8, 1946, The Bay City Times Engagement Announcement; 1946 Bay County, Michigan, Marriage*

Certificate; Westminster Presbyterian Church Marriage Record; and January __, 2023, The Bay City Times Obituary.



Marriage License

9 14075
State File No.

BAY COUNTY, MICHIGAN 37743
Local File No.

To any person legally authorized to solemnize marriage in the State of Michigan,

Greeting:

Marriage May Be Solemnized *in the State of Michigan,* Between

Full Name of Male	ARTHUR A. KOLKA	Full Name of Female	BARBARA J. MARTIN
Age at last birthday	24	Age at last birthday	20
Color	white	Color	white
Residence No. Street	205 Gates St.	Residence No. Street	404 N. Wenona
City Zone No. State	Bay City, Michigan	City Zone No. State	Bay City, Michigan
Birthplace—City and State	Munger, Michigan	Birthplace—City and State	Detroit, Michigan
Occupation	Draftsman	Occupation	Accounting Clerk
Father's Full Name	Edward Kolka	Father's Full Name	James Martin
Mother's Maiden Name	Ernestine Berg	Mother's Maiden Name	Bernice Flawa
Number of times previously married	None	Number of times previously married	None

__________, and whose
Maiden name (if a widow)

Parent's or Guardian's consent, in case she has not attained the age of eighteen years, has been filed in my office. An affidavit has been filed in this office, as provided by Public Act No. 128, Laws of 1887, as amended, by which it appears that said statements are true.

In Witness Whereof, I have signed and sealed these presents,

this 14th day of October, A. D. 1946

L. S.

ADOLPH BLANCHARD
County Clerk

Dolores Gloza
Deputy County Clerk

This space reserved for binding

Certificate of Marriage

Between Mr. ARTHUR A. KOLKA and MISS BARBARA J. MARTIN

I Hereby Certify that, in accordance with the above license, the persons herein mentioned were joined in marriage by me, at Bay City, county of Bay, MICHIGAN, on the 19th day of October A. D. 1946, in the presence of

Eldon Kolka of Bay City, Mich, and
Full Name — Residence City — State

Geraldine Wilder of Bay City, Mich,
Full Name — Residence City — State

as witnesses.

Donald Lomas — Pastor
Signature of Magistrate or clergyman — Official Title

Bay City, Michigan
Post Office Address

This copy is to be retained by the County Clerk until the original is returned; then it is to be completed by endorsement and forwarded on the first of the following month to the Michigan Department of Health.

Obituary

Barbara Martin Kolka was born in Detroit, MI on June 25, 1926 to the late James R. Martin and Bernice D. (Flaws) Martin. She passed away at her home on January 27, 2023. She leaves her children: Margaret (Lou), Jeffrey and Martin (Annette), three grandchildren and seven great grandchildren. Barbara was preceded in death by her husband, Arthur A. Kolka whom she married October 19, 1946 and her son Gregg A. Kolka, two brothers James W. (Elizabeth) and Richard E. (Sharon Lee) and a sister Geraldine (Robert) Wilder. Barbara was a member of Immanuel Lutheran Church.

A private service was held at Penzien Steele Funeral Home on Wednesday, February 1, 2023 with Rev. Chris Garcia presiding. In lieu of flowers, memorials may be made to McLaren Bay Hospice.

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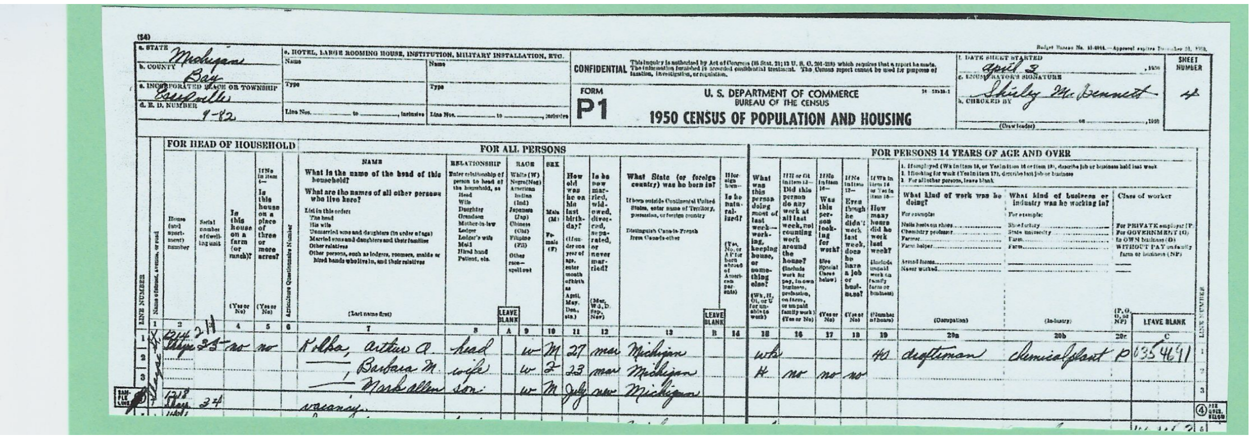
[401] *1947 Bay City, Michigan, City Directory.*

[402] *1950 US Census.*



a. STATE Michigan
b. COUNTY Bay
c. INCORPORATED PLACE OR TOWNSHIP Essexville
d. E. D. NUMBER 9-82

CONFIDENTIAL

FORM P1

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
1950 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING

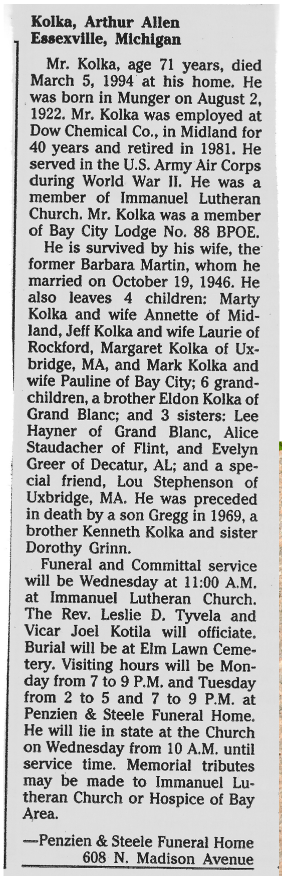
f. DATE SHEET STARTED april 3, 1950
g. ENUMERATOR'S SIGNATURE Shirley McDennett
SHEET NUMBER 4

Line	Street	House number	Serial number of dwelling unit	Farm	3+ acres	Name	Relationship	Race	Sex	Age	Marital status	Birthplace	Activity	Work last week	Looking for work	Job	Hours	Occupation	Industry	Class	Leave blank
1	Hoyer St.	1214	23	no	no	Kolka, Arthur A.	head	w	M	27	mar	Michigan	wk				40	draftsman	Chemical plant	P	635 4641
2						—, Barbara M.	wife	w	F	23	mar	Michigan	H	no	no	no					
3						—, Mark Allen	son	w	M	July	nev	Michigan									
4	Hoyer	1218	24			vacancy															

[403] *1952, 1953, 1955 and 1956 Bay City, Michigan, City Directories.*

[404] *1957 Bay City, Michigan, City Directory.*

[405] *1994 Bay County, Michigan, Death Certificate; 1994 US Deaths; 1994 BIRLS Deaths; 1994 US Apps/Claims; and March 6, 1994, The Bay City Times Obituary.*



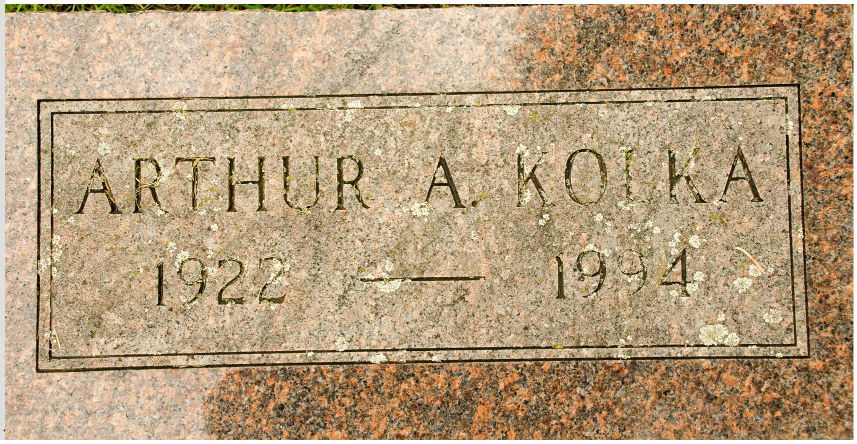
Kolka, Arthur Allen
Essexville, Michigan

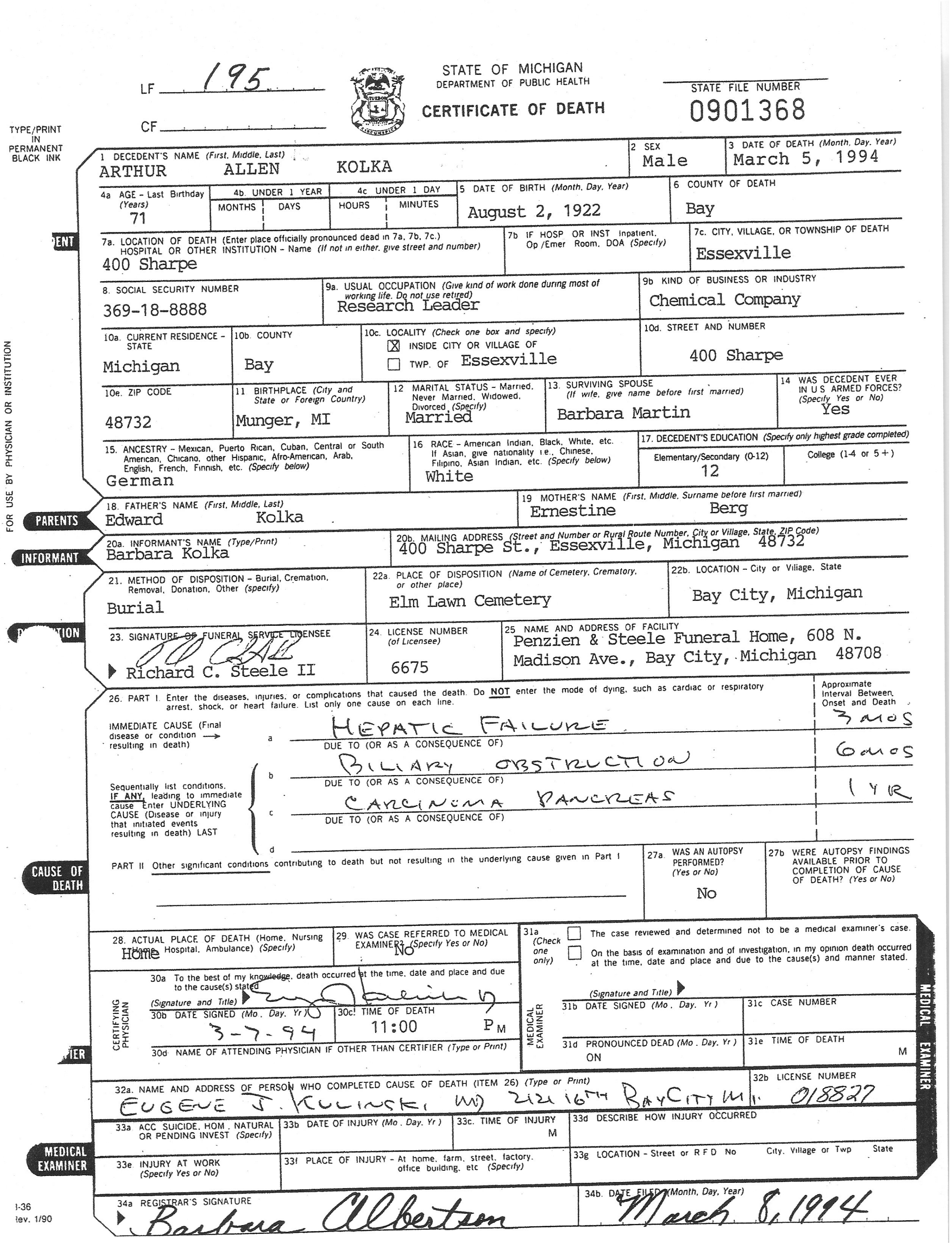
Mr. Kolka, age 71 years, died March 5, 1994 at his home. He was born in Munger on August 2, 1922. Mr. Kolka was employed at Dow Chemical Co., in Midland for 40 years and retired in 1981. He served in the U.S. Army Air Corps during World War II. He was a member of Immanuel Lutheran Church. Mr. Kolka was a member of Bay City Lodge No. 88 BPOE.

He is survived by his wife, the former Barbara Martin, whom he married on October 19, 1946. He also leaves 4 children: Marty Kolka and wife Annette of Midland, Jeff Kolka and wife Laurie of Rockford, Margaret Kolka of Uxbridge, MA, and Mark Kolka and wife Pauline of Bay City; 6 grandchildren, a brother Eldon Kolka of Grand Blanc; and 3 sisters: Lee Hayner of Grand Blanc, Alice Staudacher of Flint, and Evelyn Greer of Decatur, AL; and a special friend, Lou Stephenson of Uxbridge, MA. He was preceded in death by a son Gregg in 1969, a brother Kenneth Kolka and sister Dorothy Grinn.

Funeral and Committal service will be Wednesday at 11:00 A.M. at Immanuel Lutheran Church. The Rev. Leslie D. Tyvela and Vicar Joel Kotila will officiate. Burial will be at Elm Lawn Cemetery. Visiting hours will be Monday from 7 to 9 P.M. and Tuesday from 2 to 5 and 7 to 9 P.M. at Penzien & Steele Funeral Home. He will lie in state at the Church on Wednesday from 10 A.M. until service time. Memorial tributes may be made to Immanuel Lutheran Church or Hospice of Bay Area.

—Penzien & Steele Funeral Home
608 N. Madison Avenue





LF 195

CF

STATE OF MICHIGAN
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

STATE FILE NUMBER 0901368

TYPE/PRINT IN PERMANENT BLACK INK

FOR USE BY PHYSICIAN OR INSTITUTION

1 DECEDENT'S NAME (First, Middle, Last) ARTHUR ALLEN KOLKA
2 SEX Male
3 DATE OF DEATH (Month, Day, Year) March 5, 1994
4a AGE – Last Birthday (Years) 71
4b. UNDER 1 YEAR MONTHS DAYS
4c UNDER 1 DAY HOURS MINUTES
5 DATE OF BIRTH (Month, Day, Year) August 2, 1922
6 COUNTY OF DEATH Bay
7a. LOCATION OF DEATH (Enter place officially pronounced dead in 7a, 7b, 7c.) HOSPITAL OR OTHER INSTITUTION – Name (If not in either, give street and number) 400 Sharpe
7b IF HOSP OR INST Inpatient, Op /Emer Room, DOA (Specify)
7c. CITY, VILLAGE, OR TOWNSHIP OF DEATH Essexville
8. SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER 369-18-8888
9a. USUAL OCCUPATION (Give kind of work done during most of working life. Do not use retired) Research Leader
9b KIND OF BUSINESS OR INDUSTRY Chemical Company
10a. CURRENT RESIDENCE – STATE Michigan
10b. COUNTY Bay
10c. LOCALITY (Check one box and specify) ☒ INSIDE CITY OR VILLAGE OF ☐ TWP. OF Essexville
10d. STREET AND NUMBER 400 Sharpe
10e. ZIP CODE 48732
11 BIRTHPLACE (City and State or Foreign Country) Munger, MI
12 MARITAL STATUS – Married, Never Married, Widowed, Divorced (Specify) Married
13. SURVIVING SPOUSE (If wife, give name before first married) Barbara Martin
14 WAS DECEDENT EVER IN U S ARMED FORCES? (Specify Yes or No) Yes
15. ANCESTRY – Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, Chicano, other Hispanic, Afro-American, Arab, English, French, Finnish, etc. (Specify below) German
16 RACE – American Indian, Black, White, etc. If Asian, give nationality i.e., Chinese, Filipino, Asian Indian, etc. (Specify below) White
17. DECEDENT'S EDUCATION (Specify only highest grade completed) Elementary/Secondary (0-12) 12 College (1-4 or 5+)

PARENTS

18. FATHER'S NAME (First, Middle, Last) Edward Kolka
19 MOTHER'S NAME (First, Middle, Surname before first married) Ernestine Berg

INFORMANT

20a. INFORMANT'S NAME (Type/Print) Barbara Kolka
20b. MAILING ADDRESS (Street and Number or Rural Route Number, City or Village, State, ZIP Code) 400 Sharpe St., Essexville, Michigan 48732
21. METHOD OF DISPOSITION – Burial, Cremation, Removal, Donation, Other (specify) Burial
22a. PLACE OF DISPOSITION (Name of Cemetery, Crematory, or other place) Elm Lawn Cemetery
22b. LOCATION – City or Village, State Bay City, Michigan
23. SIGNATURE OF FUNERAL SERVICE LICENSEE Richard C. Steele II
24. LICENSE NUMBER (of Licensee) 6675
25 NAME AND ADDRESS OF FACILITY Penzien & Steele Funeral Home, 608 N. Madison Ave., Bay City, Michigan 48708

CAUSE OF DEATH

26. PART I. Enter the diseases, injuries, or complications that caused the death. Do **NOT** enter the mode of dying, such as cardiac or respiratory arrest, shock, or heart failure. List only one cause on each line.

		Approximate Interval Between Onset and Death
IMMEDIATE CAUSE (Final disease or condition resulting in death) → a	HEPATIC FAILURE	3 MOS
DUE TO (OR AS A CONSEQUENCE OF) b	BILIARY OBSTRUCTION	6 MOS
DUE TO (OR AS A CONSEQUENCE OF) c	CARCINOMA PANCREAS	1 YR
DUE TO (OR AS A CONSEQUENCE OF) d		

Sequentially list conditions, IF ANY, leading to immediate cause Enter UNDERLYING CAUSE (Disease or injury that initiated events resulting in death) LAST

PART II Other significant conditions contributing to death but not resulting in the underlying cause given in Part I

27a. WAS AN AUTOPSY PERFORMED? (Yes or No) No
27b WERE AUTOPSY FINDINGS AVAILABLE PRIOR TO COMPLETION OF CAUSE OF DEATH? (Yes or No)
28. ACTUAL PLACE OF DEATH (Home, Nursing Home, Hospital, Ambulance) (Specify) Home
29. WAS CASE REFERRED TO MEDICAL EXAMINER? (Specify Yes or No) No

CERTIFYING PHYSICIAN

30a To the best of my knowledge, death occurred at the time, date and place and due to the cause(s) stated (Signature and Title)
30b DATE SIGNED (Mo. Day. Yr) 3-7-94
30c TIME OF DEATH 11:00 PM
30d NAME OF ATTENDING PHYSICIAN IF OTHER THAN CERTIFIER (Type or Print)

MEDICAL EXAMINER

31a (Check one only) ☐ The case reviewed and determined not to be a medical examiner's case. ☐ On the basis of examination and of investigation, in my opinion death occurred at the time, date and place and due to the cause(s) and manner stated.
(Signature and Title)
31b DATE SIGNED (Mo. Day. Yr)
31c CASE NUMBER
31d PRONOUNCED DEAD (Mo. Day. Yr) ON
31e TIME OF DEATH M
32a. NAME AND ADDRESS OF PERSON WHO COMPLETED CAUSE OF DEATH (ITEM 26) (Type or Print) EUGENE J. KULINSKI MD 2121 16TH BAY CITY MI
32b LICENSE NUMBER 018827

MEDICAL EXAMINER

33a ACC SUICIDE, HOM, NATURAL OR PENDING INVEST (Specify)
33b DATE OF INJURY (Mo. Day. Yr)
33c. TIME OF INJURY M
33d DESCRIBE HOW INJURY OCCURRED
33e INJURY AT WORK (Specify Yes or No)
33f PLACE OF INJURY – At home, farm, street, factory, office building, etc (Specify)
33g LOCATION – Street or R F D No City, Village or Twp State
34a REGISTRAR'S SIGNATURE Barbara Albertson
34b. DATE FILED (Month, Day, Year) March 8, 1994

-36
Rev. 1/90

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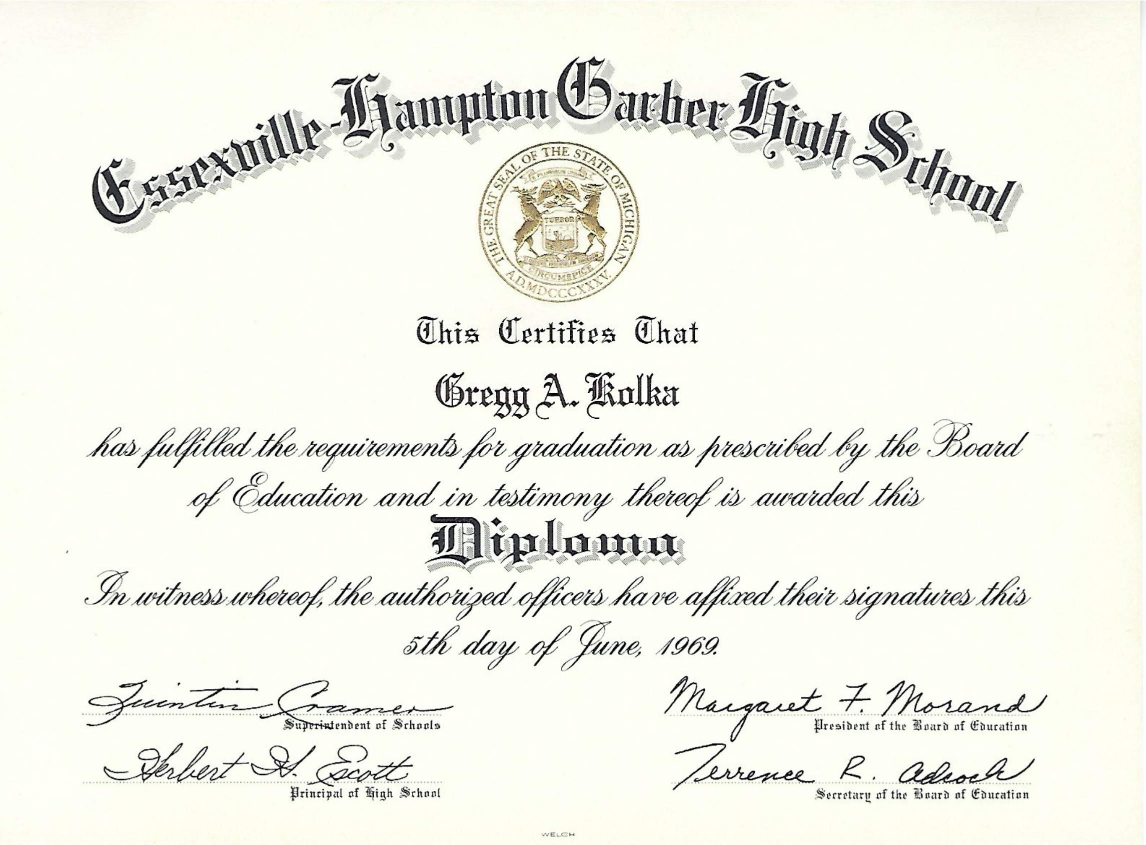
[406] *1969 Garber High School Diploma; July 10 and 11, 1969, The Bay City Times Articles; and 1969 Bay County, Michigan, Death Certificate.*



Essexville-Hampton Garber High School

This Certifies That

Gregg A. Kolka

has fulfilled the requirements for graduation as prescribed by the Board of Education and in testimony thereof is awarded this

Diploma

In witness whereof, the authorized officers have affixed their signatures this 5th day of June, 1969.

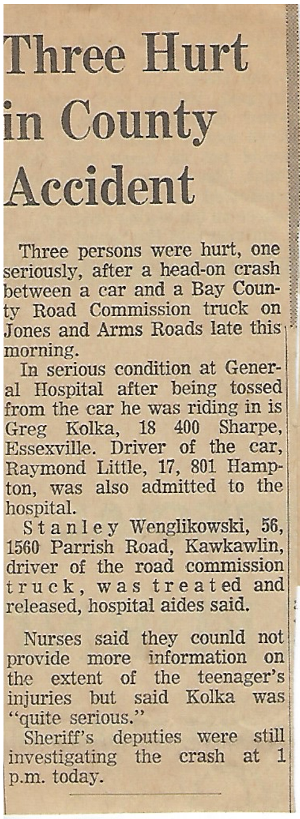
Quintin Cramer
Superintendent of Schools

Margaret F. Morand
President of the Board of Education

Herbert H. Escott
Principal of High School

Terrence R. Adcock
Secretary of the Board of Education

WELCH



Three Hurt in County Accident

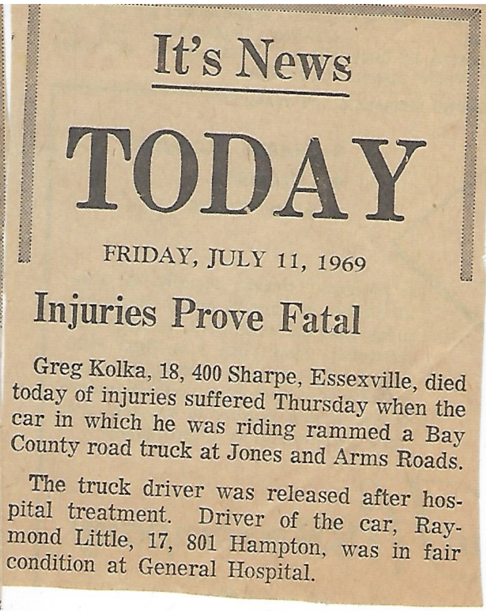
Three persons were hurt, one seriously, after a head-on crash between a car and a Bay County Road Commission truck on Jones and Arms Roads late this morning.

In serious condition at General Hospital after being tossed from the car he was riding in is Greg Kolka, 18 400 Sharpe, Essexville. Driver of the car, Raymond Little, 17, 801 Hampton, was also admitted to the hospital.

Stanley Wenglikowski, 56, 1560 Parrish Road, Kawkawlin, driver of the road commission truck, was treated and released, hospital aides said.

Nurses said they counld not provide more information on the extent of the teenager's injuries but said Kolka was "quite serious."

Sheriff's deputies were still investigating the crash at 1 p.m. today.



It's News

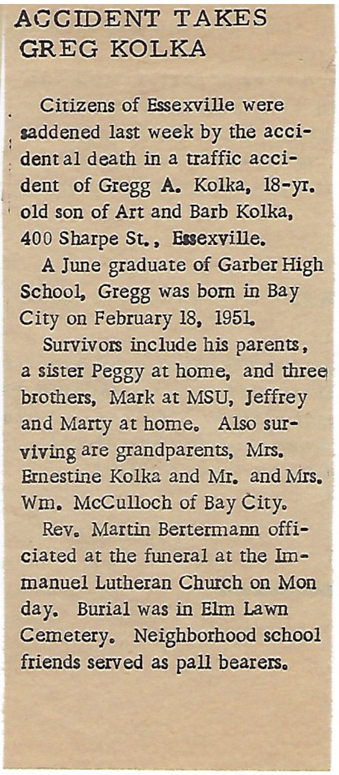
TODAY

FRIDAY, JULY 11, 1969

Injuries Prove Fatal

Greg Kolka, 18, 400 Sharpe, Essexville, died today of injuries suffered Thursday when the car in which he was riding rammed a Bay County road truck at Jones and Arms Roads.

The truck driver was released after hospital treatment. Driver of the car, Raymond Little, 17, 801 Hampton, was in fair condition at General Hospital.



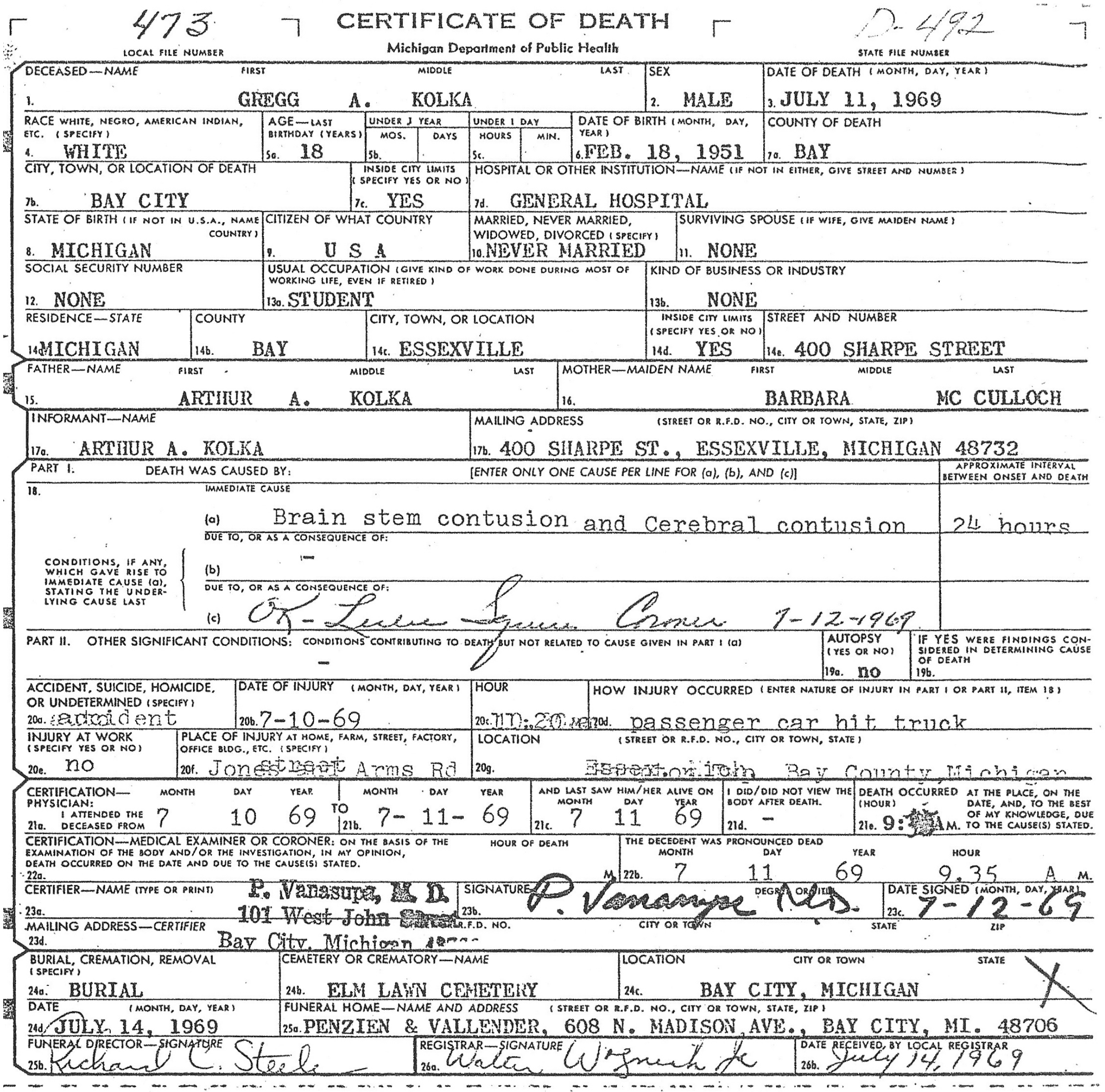
ACCIDENT TAKES GREG KOLKA

Citizens of Essexville were saddened last week by the accidental death in a traffic accident of Gregg A. Kolka, 18-yr. old son of Art and Barb Kolka, 400 Sharpe St., Essexville.

A June graduate of Garber High School, Gregg was born in Bay City on February 18, 1951.

Survivors include his parents, a sister Peggy at home, and three brothers, Mark at MSU, Jeffrey and Marty at home. Also surviving are grandparents, Mrs. Ernestine Kolka and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McCulloch of Bay City.

Rev. Martin Bertermann officiated at the funeral at the Immanuel Lutheran Church on Monday. Burial was in Elm Lawn Cemetery. Neighborhood school friends served as pall bearers.



473 LOCAL FILE NUMBER

CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

Michigan Department of Public Health

D-492 STATE FILE NUMBER

1. DECEASED—NAME (FIRST, MIDDLE, LAST): GREGG A. KOLKA
2. SEX: MALE
3. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY, YEAR): JULY 11, 1969
4. RACE (WHITE, NEGRO, AMERICAN INDIAN, ETC.) (SPECIFY): WHITE
5a. AGE—LAST BIRTHDAY (YEARS): 18
5b. UNDER 1 YEAR: MOS. DAYS
5c. UNDER 1 DAY: HOURS MIN.
6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY, YEAR): FEB. 18, 1951
7a. COUNTY OF DEATH: BAY
7b. CITY, TOWN, OR LOCATION OF DEATH: BAY CITY
7c. INSIDE CITY LIMITS (SPECIFY YES OR NO): YES
7d. HOSPITAL OR OTHER INSTITUTION—NAME (IF NOT IN EITHER, GIVE STREET AND NUMBER): GENERAL HOSPITAL
8. STATE OF BIRTH (IF NOT IN U.S.A., NAME COUNTRY): MICHIGAN
9. CITIZEN OF WHAT COUNTRY: U S A
10. MARRIED, NEVER MARRIED, WIDOWED, DIVORCED (SPECIFY): NEVER MARRIED
11. SURVIVING SPOUSE (IF WIFE, GIVE MAIDEN NAME): NONE
12. SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER: NONE
13a. USUAL OCCUPATION (GIVE KIND OF WORK DONE DURING MOST OF WORKING LIFE, EVEN IF RETIRED): STUDENT
13b. KIND OF BUSINESS OR INDUSTRY: NONE
14a. RESIDENCE—STATE: MICHIGAN
14b. COUNTY: BAY
14c. CITY, TOWN, OR LOCATION: ESSEXVILLE
14d. INSIDE CITY LIMITS (SPECIFY YES OR NO): YES
14e. STREET AND NUMBER: 400 SHARPE STREET
15. FATHER—NAME (FIRST, MIDDLE, LAST): ARTHUR A. KOLKA
16. MOTHER—MAIDEN NAME (FIRST, MIDDLE, LAST): BARBARA MC CULLOCH
17a. INFORMANT—NAME: ARTHUR A. KOLKA
17b. MAILING ADDRESS (STREET OR R.F.D. NO., CITY OR TOWN, STATE, ZIP): 400 SHARPE ST., ESSEXVILLE, MICHIGAN 48732

18. PART I. DEATH WAS CAUSED BY: [ENTER ONLY ONE CAUSE PER LINE FOR (a), (b), AND (c)]

CONDITIONS, IF ANY, WHICH GAVE RISE TO IMMEDIATE CAUSE (a), STATING THE UNDERLYING CAUSE LAST

(a) IMMEDIATE CAUSE: Brain stem contusion and Cerebral contusion — APPROXIMATE INTERVAL BETWEEN ONSET AND DEATH: 24 hours
(b) DUE TO, OR AS A CONSEQUENCE OF: –
(c) DUE TO, OR AS A CONSEQUENCE OF: OK- Coroner 7-12-1969

PART II. OTHER SIGNIFICANT CONDITIONS: CONDITIONS CONTRIBUTING TO DEATH BUT NOT RELATED TO CAUSE GIVEN IN PART I (a): –
19a. AUTOPSY (YES OR NO): no
19b. IF YES WERE FINDINGS CONSIDERED IN DETERMINING CAUSE OF DEATH:

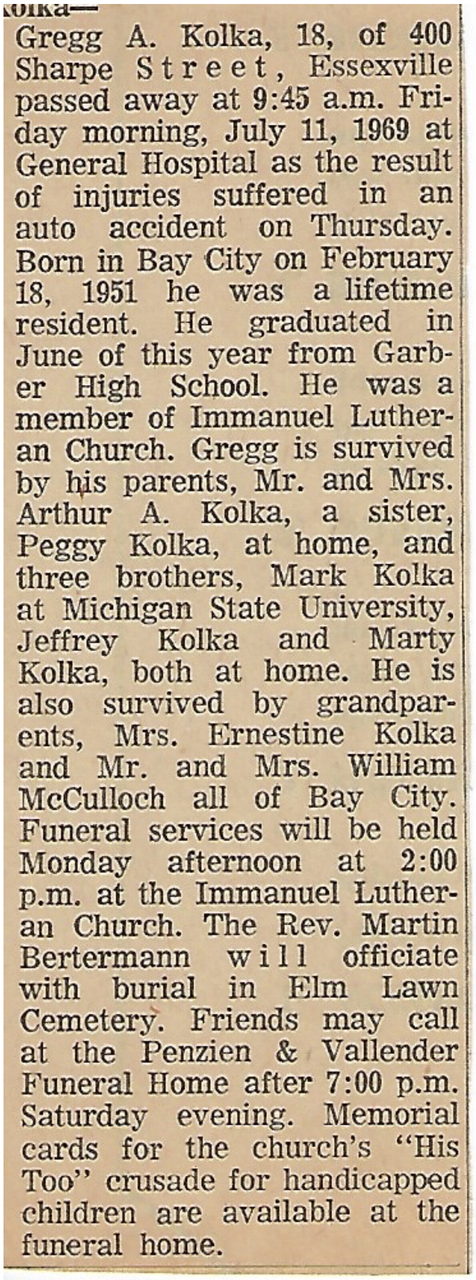
20a. ACCIDENT, SUICIDE, HOMICIDE, OR UNDETERMINED (SPECIFY): accident
20b. DATE OF INJURY (MONTH, DAY, YEAR): 7-10-69
20c. HOUR: 10:20 pm
20d. HOW INJURY OCCURRED (ENTER NATURE OF INJURY IN PART I OR PART II, ITEM 18): passenger car hit truck
20e. INJURY AT WORK (SPECIFY YES OR NO): no
20f. PLACE OF INJURY AT HOME, FARM, STREET, FACTORY, OFFICE BLDG., ETC. (SPECIFY): Jones Street Arms Rd
20g. LOCATION (STREET OR R.F.D. NO., CITY OR TOWN, STATE): Essexville, Mich Bay County, Michigan

21a. CERTIFICATION—PHYSICIAN: I ATTENDED THE DECEASED FROM (MONTH, DAY, YEAR) 7 10 69
21b. TO (MONTH, DAY, YEAR) 7- 11- 69
21c. AND LAST SAW HIM/HER ALIVE ON (MONTH, DAY, YEAR) 7 11 69
21d. I DID/DID NOT VIEW THE BODY AFTER DEATH. –
21e. DEATH OCCURRED (HOUR) 9:[illegible] AM. AT THE PLACE, ON THE DATE, AND, TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE, DUE TO THE CAUSE(S) STATED.

22a. CERTIFICATION—MEDICAL EXAMINER OR CORONER: ON THE BASIS OF THE EXAMINATION OF THE BODY AND/OR THE INVESTIGATION, IN MY OPINION, DEATH OCCURRED ON THE DATE AND DUE TO THE CAUSE(S) STATED. HOUR OF DEATH M
22b. THE DECEDENT WAS PRONOUNCED DEAD (MONTH, DAY, YEAR, HOUR): 7 11 69 9.35 A M.

23a. CERTIFIER—NAME (TYPE OR PRINT): P. Vanasupa, M. D.
23b. SIGNATURE: P. Vanasupa M.D. DEGREE OR TITLE
23c. DATE SIGNED (MONTH, DAY, YEAR): 7-12-69
23d. MAILING ADDRESS—CERTIFIER (STREET OR R.F.D. NO., CITY OR TOWN, STATE, ZIP): 101 West John Street, Bay City, Michigan 48[illegible]

24a. BURIAL, CREMATION, REMOVAL (SPECIFY): BURIAL
24b. CEMETERY OR CREMATORY—NAME: ELM LAWN CEMETERY
24c. LOCATION (CITY OR TOWN, STATE): BAY CITY, MICHIGAN
24d. DATE (MONTH, DAY, YEAR): JULY 14, 1969
25a. FUNERAL HOME—NAME AND ADDRESS (STREET OR R.F.D. NO., CITY OR TOWN, STATE, ZIP): PENZIEN & VALLENDER, 608 N. MADISON AVE., BAY CITY, MI. 48706
25b. FUNERAL DIRECTOR—SIGNATURE: Richard C. Steele
26a. REGISTRAR—SIGNATURE: Walter Wozniak Jr
26b. DATE RECEIVED BY LOCAL REGISTRAR: July 14, 1969



olka—

Gregg A. Kolka, 18, of 400 Sharpe Street, Essexville passed away at 9:45 a.m. Friday morning, July 11, 1969 at General Hospital as the result of injuries suffered in an auto accident on Thursday. Born in Bay City on February 18, 1951 he was a lifetime resident. He graduated in June of this year from Garber High School. He was a member of Immanuel Lutheran Church. Gregg is survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur A. Kolka, a sister, Peggy Kolka, at home, and three brothers, Mark Kolka at Michigan State University, Jeffrey Kolka and Marty Kolka, both at home. He is also survived by grandparents, Mrs. Ernestine Kolka and Mr. and Mrs. William McCulloch all of Bay City. Funeral services will be held Monday afternoon at 2:00 p.m. at the Immanuel Lutheran Church. The Rev. Martin Bertermann will officiate with burial in Elm Lawn Cemetery. Friends may call at the Penzien & Vallender Funeral Home after 7:00 p.m. Saturday evening. Memorial cards for the church's "His Too" crusade for handicapped children are available at the funeral home.

GREGG A. KOLKA
1951 —— 1969

Appendix A: *Ancestry*DNA™ Matches

Michael Kolke (1795-1880)	1	*Michael Kolke* (1795-1880)
Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke (1823-1909)	2	*Ludwig Kolke* (1842/43-1906)
August Kolke (1853-1933)	3	*Eduard Kolke* (1881-1938)
Maria Kolke (1906-2001)	4	*Arthur Allen Kolka* (1922-1994)
Harold Neuman (1931-2012)	5	*Mark Allen Kolka* (1949-____)
Lenore Neuman (99%; 3rd cousin 1x removed)	6	

Michael Kolke (1795-1880)	1	*Michael Kolke* (1795-1880)
Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke (1823-1909)	2	*Ludwig Kolke* (1842/43-1906)
August Kolke (1853-1933)	3	*Eduard Kolke* (1881-1938)
Maria Kolke (1906-2001)	4	*Arthur Allen Kolka* (1922-1994)
Otto Neuman (b1929) (~99%; 3rd cousin)	5	*Mark Allen Kolka* (1949-____)

Michael Kolke (1795-1880)	1	*Michael Kolke* (1795-1880)
Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke (1823-1909)	2	*Ludwig Kolke* (1842/43-1906)
August Kolke (1853-1933)	3	*Eduard Kolke* (1881-1938)
Maria Kolke (1906-2001)	4	*Arthur Allen Kolka* (1922-1994)
Leo Neuman (1930-2018)	5	*Mark Allen Kolka* (1949-____)
Zena Neuman Besner (95%; 3rd cousin 1x removed)	6	

Michael Kolke (1795-1880)	1	*Michael Kolke* (1795-1880)
Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke (1823-1909)	2	*Ludwig Kolke* (1842/43-1906)
August Kolke (1853-1933)	3	*Eduard Kolke* (1881-1938)
Rheinhardt Kolke (1886-1953)	4	*Arthur Allen Kolka* (1922-1994)
Ferdinand Kolke (1921-1992)	5	*Mark Allen Kolka* (1949-____)
Karen Sawyer (95%; 3rd cousin 1x removed)	6	

Michael Kolke (1795-1880)	1	*Michael Kolke* (1795-1880)
Helene Kolke (Treptow) (~1844-____)	2	*Ludwig Kolke* (1842/43-1906)
Heinrich Treptow (1885-1978)	3	*Eduard Kolke* (1881-1938)
Frederick W. Treptow (1913-2003; 3rd cousin)	4	*Arthur Allen Kolka* (1922-1994)
Frederick W. Treptow (1939-2003; 3rd x1)	5	*Mark Allen Kolka* (1949-____)
Katherine Anne Treptow (b1968) (12cM/1 seg; 3rd x2)	6	
William Thomas Harshbarger Jr. (b1994) (12cM/1 seg; 3rd x3)	7	

Michael Kolke (1795-1880)	1	*Michael Kolke* (1795-1880)
Andreas Kolke (~1825-____)	2	*Ludwig Kolke* (1842/43-1906)
Heinrich Kolke (1848-1936)	3	*Eduard Kolke* (1881-1938)
Emil Arnold Kolke (1882-1973)	4	*Arthur Allen Kolka* (1922-1994)
Robert Otto Kolke (1914-1997; 3rd cousin)	5	*Mark Allen Kolka* (1949-____)
Christine Kolke (12cM/1 seg; ; 3rd cousin x1)	6	
Carly Almas (10cM/1 seg)	7	

Appendix A: *Ancestry*DNA™ Matches

Gottfried Wiese	1	*Gottfried Wiese*
Ludwig Wiese	2	*Carl Wiese* (____-____)
Johann Wiese	2	
Johann Martin Wiese (1852-1925)	3	*Wilhelmine Wiese* (1842/43 - ~1916)
m Anna Wiese (1849-1940)	3	
Rudolph Wiese (1875-1946)	4	*Eduard Kolke* (1881-1938)
Sadie Annie Wiese (1905-2005)	4+1	
Jean Hazel Wiese (1926-2006)	5	*Arthur Allen Kolka* (1922-1994)
Thomas W. Thorndike (1953-____)	6	*Mark Allen Kolka* (1949-____)
Andrea Thorndike Major (37cM/2 segs)*	7	

*The level of confidence for 37cm would be about 95%, if based upon the "likelihood of a single recent common ancestor." However, the *Ludwig Wiese* and *Johann Wiese* *Ancestry*DNA™ may be based upon two or four common ancestors. The *Johann Wiese* *Ancestry*DNA™ alone (*see below*) yields a 99% level of confidence (52cM) based upon a single recent common ancestor.

Gottfried Wiese	1	*Gottfried Wiese*
Johann Wiese	2	*Carl Wiese* (____-____)
Charlotte Fredericke Wiese (1845-≥1882)	3	*Wilhelmine Wiese* (1842/43 - ~1916)
Gustav Ephraim Frederking (1870-1961)	4	*Eduard Kolke* (1881-1938)
Leonhard Heinrich Frederking (1909-2000)	5	*Arthur Allen Kolka* (1922-1994)
Robert Frederking (b>1936) (52cM/3 segs / ~99%)	6	*Mark Allen Kolka* (1949-____)
Karin Frederking (27cM/2 segs / ~50%)	7	
Sara Frederking (23cM/2 segs / ~50%)	7	

Gottfried Wiese	1	*Gottfried Wiese*
Johann Wiese	2	*Carl Wiese* (____-____)
Charlotte Fredericke Wiese (1845-≥1882)	3	*Wilhelmine Wiese* (1842/43 - ~1916)
Gustav Ephraim Frederking (1870-1961)	4	*Eduard Kolke* (1881-1938)
Esther Sophia Frederking (1905-1990)	5	*Arthur Allen Kolka* (1922-1994)
Alice Stein (b~1950) (15cM/3 segs / ~15-50%)	6	*Mark Allen Kolka* (1949-____)

The strength of the *Ancestry*DNA™ suggests *Wilhelmine Wiese* may have been the daughter of *Johann Wiese*, but other evidence suggests she was *Johann Wiese's* niece.

Gottfried Wiese	1	*Gottfried Wiese*
Johann Wiese	2	*Carl Wiese* (____-____)
Herman Ludwig Wiese (1846-____)	3	*Wilhelmine Wiese* (1842/43 - ~1916)
August Wiese (1872-1929)	4	*Eduard Kolke* (1881-1938)
Ottilie Wiese (1901-1990)	4+1	
Donald Edward Monson (1923-2017)	5	*Arthur Allen Kolka* (1922-1994)
Jon M. Monson (12cM/1 seg / ~15% to 50%)	6	*Mark Allen Kolka* (1949-____)

*Ancestry*DNA™ *Matching White Paper* guidelines (in the table below) assign confidence levels depending on the approximate amount of shared centiMorgans (cM).

Confidence Score	**Approximate amount of shared cM**	**Likelihood of a single recent Common ancestor**
Extremely high	>60 cMs	Virtually 100%
Very high	45-60 cMs	~99%
High	30-45 cMs	~95%
Good	16-30 cMs	~50%
Moderate	6-16 cMs	15-50%

Appendix B: BIBLIOGRAPHY & ABBREVIATIONS FOR FREQUENTLY CITED SOURCES

1915 Expropriation List

Deportation of Germans in 1915, by Donald N. Miller (excerpt from *The Old Country*)

"When World War I broke out on August 1, 1914, the Germans in Volhynia were not particularly worried about being deported. … But they were concerned about the possibility of losing their land. Already in 1910 the Russian Government introduced legislation in the Duma in an attempt to put a limit on the acquisition of new land on the part of foreigners. … Finally on February 2, 1915, the government issued an Expropriation Decree to liquidate the land of all Russian subjects of German descent within certain boundary zones. This encompassed all of Poland and Volhynia. The land was to be voluntarily sold within a 10-months period. Land not liquidated within that time period was to be sequestered until auctioned off, with the Peasant Land Bank as the privileged purchaser. The bank had the right to fix its own price and terms. …

"In the meantime, with the advance of the German army, the Russian government took advantage of the situation , and ordered the evacuation of all those living in Volhynia (and Poland) on the pretext that the Germans were carrying on espionage for Germany behind Russian lines. It was hoped that this would automatically take care of the 'German problem,' (including land ownership), once and for all. As a result the Germans were thrust out of Poland as early as May and the order for the evacuation of those living in Volhynia was given in the middle of June. The evacuation was to be swift, and the Germans were to be across the border by the tenth of the month. While most colonists were given two weeks to prepare for the trek, some were required to move out in just a few hours' notice. … In a matter of just a few weeks over 7,000 families were expelled.

"… Since there were many hardships and deprivations along the way, many people fell victim to hunger, sickness, especially typhoid fever, and death. … the dead were hurriedly buried by the side of the road.

"The deportees were transported over many thousands of km and eventually unloaded in Siberia, Central Asia and the Ural region … Most of them fared badly, but with the fall of the Tsarist government in 1917, they soon began trickling back home. The majority returned in 1918."

* * *

"The list of those whose land was to be expropriated originally appeared in the Volhyn's *Gubernia News* (No. 56) on June 2, 1916. It is important to remember that this is a land expropriation listing, not a deportation listing, although most, if not all of the people whose land was taken away from them, were eventually deported. …

"The lists identifies the name of the head of the family, including the patronymic name (father's name), and the family name. …"

Appendix B: BIBLIOGRAPHY & ABBREVIATIONS FOR FREQUENTLY CITED SOURCES

Arolsen Archives	*Arolsen Archives, Registration of Foreigners and German Persecutees by Public Institutions, Social Securities and Companies (1939-1947).*
BIRLS Deaths	*Beneficiary Identification Records Locator Subsystem (BIRLS) Death Files,* US Department of Veterans Affairs. This collection is an index of deaths between 1850 and 2020 of US military veterans and their dependents who received benefits from the Department of Veterans Affairs.
Canada Census	*1825 Census for Lower Canada* (June 20 – September 20, 1825) *1831 Census for Lower Canada* (June 1 – October 1, 1831) *1842 Canada East and Canada West Census* (Sept. 1841 – Feb. 1, 1842) *1851 Canada Census* (began January 12, 1852) 1861 (began January 14, 1861) 1871 (began April 2, 1871) 1881 (began April 4, 1881) 1891 (began April 6, 1891) 1901 (began March 31, 1901) 1906 Prairie Census (began June 24, 1906) 1911 (began June 1, 1911) 1916 Prairie Census (began June 1, 1906) 1921 (began June 1, 1921) 1926 Prairie Census (began June 1, 1906) 1931 (began June 1, 1931)
FHL	*Family History Library*
Find-a-Grave	*Find-a-Grave* is used as a source only when a gravemarker, cemetery record or obituary is present. However, dates of birth and death on gravemarkers are frequently incorrect.
Geneteka	*Polish Genealogical Society Geneteka Database* of Births, Marriages and Deaths.
IGI	*International Genealogy Index*
Jack Berg	Jack Berg was the original Berg family genealogist. On June 1, 1981, he mass mailed a letter to Berg family members, based upon his research, asking about interest in a Berg family reunion on the Heinzmann farm in Quanicassee. Michigan. Accompanying the letter was a large strip tree documenting known (to him) descendants of *Friedrich Hermann Berg and Eufrozyna Katarzyna Tober*, to three generations, which I used as a starting point in my Berg family research. I also used *Ancestry's Thru Lines* in conjunction with Jack's tree to identify those Berg descendants with whom I have an *Ancestry™ DNA* connection.

NKVD Arrest #	These lists date from the 1930s and have been extracted from original Russian language KGB documents in the Zhitomir Archives. They include large amounts of data about the people charged with crimes, including where they lived, names of family members, charges brought against them, results of charges, their execution date, etc. The lists are alphabetical by surname. There are over 4,100 persons in the KGB list. Source: *SGGEE KGB Database*.
NKVD Repatriation #	The repatriation documents are less detailed than the *NKVD Arrest* lists, but still include valuable clues. The lists are alphabetical by surname. There are over 13,000 persons in the repatriation list. Source: *SGGEE KGB Repatriation Database*.
Poznań Project	The Poznań Project was created by Łukasz Józef Bielecki and indexes marriages which occurred in the 1800s in the geographic area of Posen, Prussia (Poznan, Poland).
SGGEE	*Society for German Genealogy in Eastern Europe*
SGGEE MPD	*Society for German Genealogy in Eastern Europe Master Pedigree Database* is cited, but information may not have been confirmed or be accurate, unless as separate document or record is identified.
US Apps/Claims	*US Social Security Applications and Claims*. This database picks up where the *Social Security Death Index* leaves off, with details such as birth date and parents' names extracted from information filed with the Social Security Administration through the application or claims process.
US Census	

Year	Enumeration Date
1790	
1800	
1810	
1820	August 7
1830	June 1
1840	June 1
1850	June 1
1860	June 1
1870	June 1
1880	June 1
1890	June 2
1900	June 1
1910	April 15
1920	January 1
1930	April 1
1940	April 1
1950	April 1

US Deaths	The *Social Security Administration Death Master File* contains information on millions of deceased individuals with United States

	social security numbers whose deaths were reported to the Social Security Administration. Birth years for the individuals listed range from 1875 to 2014. Information in these records includes name, birth date, death date, and last known residence.
WWI&II Draft Regs	*World War I and II US Draft Registrations*.

Appendix C: 1857-58 RUSSIAN REVISIONS (CENSUSES) FOR ANNETTE AND JOSEPHINE VILLAGES (WITH ODESSA3 TRANSCRIPTS AND FHL FILM)

Revision of May 17, 1858 in the village of Susly, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia[1]

	Name	Age 1849	Chg. since last Rev.	Cur. age
3	**Gottfried Könke s/o *Jakob Könke***	**54**		**62**
	Gottfried *Jakob* Könke married Rosalie ____ d/o *Andreas* ____			57
	Gottfried *Jakob* Könke and Rosalie ____'s daughter Henriette Könke			9
	Gottfried *Jakob* Könke and Rosalie ____'s sons:			
	1. Johann *Gottfried* Könke	26		34
	Johann *Gottfried* Könke married Rosalie Zandt d/o *Johann Zandt*			34
	Johann Könke and Rosalie/Rosina Zandt's children:			
	• Friedrich Könke	1		9
	• Eduard Könke		B 3/3/1855	3
	• Albert Könke		B 5/14/1857	1
	• Julia Könke			15
	• Justine Könke		B 3/10/1847	11
	• Henriette Könke			7
	2. August *Gottfried* Könke	23		31
	August Könke's children from his first wife Anna Funk (possibly d/o *David Funk*):			
	• Friedrich Wilhelm Könke	1/8	B 2/14/1850	8
	• Carl Könke			2
	• Ernst Könke			1
	• Florentine Könke			10
	• Susanne Könke		B 5/3/1852	4
	M#2 August *Gottfried* Könke married Ernestine Bartz d/o *Michael Bartz*		M 2/25/1858	17
	3. George *Gottfried* Könke	19		27
	George *Gottfried* Könke married Christine Kühn d/o *Johann Kühn*			28
	George Könke and Christine Kühn's child:			
	Josef Könke	1 mo.	B: 3/13/1850	8
	4. Wilhelm *Gottfried* Könke	12		20
	Wilhelm *Gottfried* Könke married Eleonore Weiss d/o *Johann Weiss*		M 9/14/1857	19

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[1] **Bold** indicates head of household; and *italics* denote Patronymic: the person's father's given name. I have reorganized the censuses into family (and sub-family) groupings. Spouse's and their father's surnames have been inserted to enable one to determine relationships between and among the various individuals and families living in Annette and Josepine during this time period. I have supplemented the revision/census' data with information obtained from the *Odessa3* translations and *FHL films* of birth/baptism, marriage and death/burial records from the 1830s, 1840s and 1850s. Color coding matches the descendants of *Michal Kolke and Eleonora Reich*. Gray shaded areas are informational.

Appendix C: 1857-58 RUSSIAN REVISIONS (CENSUSES) FOR ANNETTE AND JOSEPHINE VILLAGES (WITH ODESSA3 TRANSCRIPTS AND FHL FILM)

Revision of November 30, 1857 in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia

H/H	Name	Age 1849	Chg. since last Rev.	Cur. age
1	**Jakob Richert s/o *Peter Richert***	46		53
	Jakob *Peter* Richert married Wilhelmine ____ d/o *Peter* ____			51
	Jakob *Peter* Richert's brother Peter *Peter* Rickert is on HH#7 Annette.			
	Jakob *Peter* Richert and Wilhelmine ____'s children:			
	1. Wilhelm Richert	24		31
	Wilhelm Richert married Maria ____ d/o *Matthias* ____			33
	• Wilhelm Richert and Maria ____'s children:			
	• Michael Richert			5
	• "Elipada" (sic) Richert			6
	• Helena Richert			4
	• Susanne Richert			2
	2. Johann Gottfried Richert	20		27
	Johann Gottfried Richert married Emilie Hebeck d/o *Peter Hebeck*		M 10/11/1850	25
	Johann Gottfried Richert and Emilie Hebeck's daughter Emilie Richter		B 2/25/1859	
	3. Friedrich Wilhelm Richert	15		22
	4. Elisabeth Terese Richert			14
	Jakob *Peter* Richert may have had a brother Franz Richert			
	Franz Richert married Friedricke Meyer		M 9/14/1857	
	Franz Richert and Friedricke Meyer's daughter Anna Richert		B 7/25/1859	
2	**Heinrich Luther s/o *Matthias Luther***	**38**		**45**
	Heinrich *Matthias* Luther married Caroline ____ d/o *Peter* ____			49
	Heinrich *Matthias* Luther and Caroline ____'s children:			
	• Johann Luther	16½	Died 1856	
	• Maria Luther			13
	• Susanne Luther			2
	Heinrich Luther s/o *Heinrich Luther and Catharina* ____		B 1/29/1836 D 4/23/1836	
	Heinrich *Matthias* Luther's brother Johann *Matthias* Luther was on HH#8, Annette	37		44
	Heinrich *Matthias* Luther's mother Marianna ____ d/o *Peter* ____ was also on HH#8, Annette			71

Appendix C: 1857-58 RUSSIAN REVISIONS (CENSUSES) FOR ANNETTE AND JOSEPHINE VILLAGES (WITH ODESSA3 TRANSCRIPTS AND FHL FILM)

3	**Johann Bieberdorf s/o *Gottlieb Bieberdorf***	**51**	**58**
	Johann *Gottlieb* Bieberdorf married Helena Drews d/o *Johann Drews* (HH#4, Josephine).		48
	Johann *Gottlieb* Bieberdorf and Helena Drews' children:		
	1. Christine Bieberdorf		18
	Christine Bieberdorf married Adolf Henke s/o *Andreas Henke and Maria* ____ (HH#36, Annette).		
	2. Susanne Bieberdorf		12
	Susanne Bieberdorf married Gottfried Klein s/o *Johann Filip Klein and Charlotte Juliane Müller* (HH#7, Josephine).		19
	3. Justine Bieberdorf		9
	Justine Bieberdorf married Friedrich Bieberdorf s/o *Friedrich Gottlieb Bieberdorf and Helen Luther* (HH#5, Annette).		14
	4. Maria Bieberdorf (b1824) married Andreas Kolke, s/o *Michael Kolke and Eleonora Reich*, in 1843. They were not members of the *Johann Gottlieb Bieberdorf and Helena Drews'* household as of 11/30/1857. Andreas Kolke's sisters Wilhelmine Kolke (Jakob *Georg* Pekruhl; HH#3, Annette) and Anna Susanna Kolke (Samuel *Filip* Klein; HH#7, Josephine) are also part of the census/revision.		
	5. Florentine Bieberdorf (b1829) married August Maier/Meyer, s/o *Christian Maier/Meyer* (HH#16, Annette).		28
	6. Anna Bieberdorf (b1832) married Friedrich Wilhelm Klebe, s/o Karl Wilhelm Klebe and Dorothea Sophia Stock (HH#15, Josephine).		25
	7. Helene (Magdalena) Bieberdorf (b1835) married Jacob Ströbel son of *Jakob Ströbel and Anna Sorec* (HH#35, Annette).		22
	8. Johann Bieberdorf	13½	20½
	Johann Bieberdorf's first wife was Justine Biberdorf d/o *Peter Gottlieb Bieberdorf and Helen Könke* (HH#4, Annette).		18
	Johann Bieberdorf's second wife was Eva Richert d/o *Peter Richert and Susanna Funk* (HH#7, Annette)		9
4	**Peter Bieberdorf s/o *Gottlieb Bieberdorf***	**48**	**55**
	M#1 Peter *Gottlieb* Bieberdorf and his deceased first wife Helen Könke's (possibly d/o *Jakob Könke*; HH#3, Susly) children:		
	1. Peter Bieberdorf	20	27
	M#1 Peter Bieberdorf married Maria Bieberdorf d/o *Friedrich Gottlieb Bieberdorf and Helen Luther* (HH#5, Annette).		26
	Peter Bieberdorf and Maria Bieberdorf's daughters:		
	• Anna Bieberdorf		5

	• Emilie Bieberdorf			4
	Emilie Bieberdorf married Adolf Maier s/o *August Christian Maier and Florentine Bieberdorf* (d/o Johann *Gottlieb* Bieberdorf and Helena Drews) (HH#s 3 and 16, Annette).			3
	M#2 Peter Bieberdorf's second wife was Dorothea Bieberdorf d/o *Friedrich Gottlieb Bieberdorf and Helen Luther* (HH#5, Annette).			16
	2. Friedrich Bieberdorf	13		20
	M#1 Friedrich Bieberdorf married Charlotte Bieberdorf d/o *Friedrich Gottlieb Bieberdorf and Helen Luther* (HH#5, Annette).			18
	M#2 Friedrich Bieberdorf's second wife was Wilhelmine Klebe d/o *Karl Klebe and Elisabeth Böse* (HH#15, Josephine)			6
	3. Helena Bieberdorf			19
	4. Justine Biberdorf			18
	Justine Bieberdorf married Johann Bieberdorf *s/o Johann Gottlieb Bieberdorf* and Helena Drews (HH#3 Annette).	13½		20½
	M#2 Widower Peter Bieberdorf married widow Ana Sorec Ströbel (HH#35, Annette) d/o *Peter Sorec*		M 5/16/1861	53
5	**Friedrich Bieberdorf s/o *Gottlieb Bieberdorf***	**45**		**52**
	Friedrich *Gottlieb* Bieberdorf and his deceased first wife Helene Luther's (possibly d/o *Mathias Luther* (HH#s 2 and 8, Annette) children:			
	1. Johann Bieberdorf	23		30
	M#1 Johann Bieberdorf and his deceased first wife Helene Richert's, d/o *Peter Richert and Susanna Funk* (HH#7, Annette) son Ephraim Bieberdorf			6
	M#2 Johann Bieberdorf married Maria Tetzlaff d/o *Michael Tetzlaff and Catherine* ____ (HH#1, Annette (1858)).			21
	Johann Bieberdorf and Maria Tetzlaff's daughters:			
	• "Reina" Bieberdorf			3
	• Ernestine Bieberdorf			2
	2. Anna Bieberdorf married Friedrich Müller (33) s/o *Gottfried Müller and Agathe Rosin* (HH#10, Annette)			27
	3. Maria Bieberdorf married Peter Bieberdorf s/o *Peter Gottlieb Bieberdorf and Helen Könke* (HH#4, Annette).			26
	4. Helena Bieberdorf married Daniel Rode (26) s/o *Christian Rode and Elizabeth Barck* (HH#12, Annette).			25
	5. Susanna Biberdorf married Johann Ströbel s/*o Jakob Ströbel and Anna Sorec* (HH#35, Annette).			22

	6. Justine Bieberdorf married Karl Ferdinand Henke s/o *Andreas Henke and Maria* ____ (HH#36, Annette).			23
	7. Charlotte Bieberdorf married Friedrich Bieberdorf s/o *Peter Gottlieb Bieberdorf and Helen Könke* (HH#4, Annette).			18
	8. Dorthea Bieberdorf			16
	M#1 Dorothea Bieberdorf married her sister Maria's widowed husband Peter Bieberdorf s/o *Peter Gottlieb Bieberdorf and Helene Könke* (HH#4, Annette).			27
	M#2 Dorothea Bieberdorf married Karl Rudolf Klein s/o *Johann Filip Klein* and *Charlotte Juliane Müller* (HH#7, Josephine).			17
	9. Friedrich Bieberdorf	7		14
	Friedrich Bieberdorf married Justine Bieberdorf *d/o Johann Gottlieb Bieberdorf and Helena Drews'* (HH#3, Annette).			9
	10. Heinrich Bieberdorf	4		11
6	**Johann Funk s/o *David Funk***	**22**		**29**
	Johann *David* Funk married Eva Gertz d/o *Michael Gertz*		M 8/27/1847	30
	Johann *David* Funk and Eva Gertz' children:			
	• Friedrich Funk			6
	• Ferdinand Funk		B 9/17/1853	4
	• Susanne Funk			8½
	• Eva Funk			1
	• Florentine Funk		B 3/11/1859	
	Johann *David* Funk's brother Peter *David* Funk	15		22
7	**Peter Richert s/o *Peter Richert***	**44**		**51**
	Peter *Peter* Richert married Susanne Funk d/o *Gottlieb Funk*			48
	Peter *Peter* Richert's brother Jakob *Peter* Rickert is on HH#1 Annette			
	Peter *Peter* Richert and Susanne Funk's children:			
	1. Helene Richert (b1829) deceased first wife of Johann Bieberdorf, s/o *Friedrich Gottlieb Bieberdorf and Helene Luther* (HH#5, Annette).			
	2. David Richert	18		25
	3. Heinrich Richert	14	B 3/4/1836 D 7/12/1858	21
	Heinrich Richert married Maria Klein d/o *Johann Filip Klein and Charlotte Julianne Müller* (#7, Josephine)			19
	Heinrich Richert and Maria Klein's children:			
	• Reinhold Richert			3 mo.
	• Auguste Mathilde Richert		B 4/3/1859	

	4. Benjamin Richert	12		19
	Benjamin Richert married Karoline Krüger d/o *David Christian Krüger and Marianna ____ d/o Christoph ____* (HH#9, Annette)		M 2/10/1860	15
	5. Johann Richert	10	B 3/20/1840	17
	6. Andreas Richert		B 1/9/1852	5
	7. Charlotte Richert			15
	Charlotte Richert married Johann Daniel Becker s/o *Johann Becker and Maria Luther* (#1, Josephine).		M 9/30/1862	16
	8. Susanne Richert			13
	9. Eva Richert			9
	Eva Richert married Johann *Johann* Bieberdorf *s/o Johann Gottlieb Bieberdorf and Helena Drews* (his second wife, HH#3, Annette).			20½
	10. Maria Richert		B 1/28/1850	7½
	Peter *Peter* Richert may have had a brother Franz Richert			
	Franz Richert married Friedricke Meyer (HH#16, Annette)		M 9/14/1857	
	Franz Richert and Friedricke Meyer's daughter Anna Richert		B 7/25/1859	
8	**Johann Luther s/o *Matthias Luther and Marianna* ____**	**37**		**44**
	Johann *Matthias* Luther married Henrietta Klebe d/o *Carl Klebe and Dorothea Sophia Stock* (HH#15, Josephine)			31
	Johann *Matthias* Luther's mother Marianna ____ d/o *Peter* ____			71
	Johann *Matthias* Luther and Henrietta Klebe's children:			
	• Heinrich Luther		B 1/28/1843	
	• Martin Luther	2½	B 1/23/1847	9½
	• Friedrich Luther			4
	• Anna Luther		B 8/24/1845	11½
	• Maria Luther		B 5/7/1850	6½
	• Justine Luther			2
	• Henriette Luther		B 1/19/1859	
	Johann *Mattias* Luther's brother Heinrich *Matthias* Luther was on HH#2, Annette	38		45
9	**David Krüger s/o *Christian Krüger***	**53**		**60**
	David *Christian* Krüger married Marianna ___ d/o *Christoph* ____			49
	David *Christian* Krüger and Marianna ___'s children:			
	1. David *David* Krüger	24		31
	David *David* Krüger married Helena Funk (Walter) (M#2) d/o *Gottlieb Funk*		M 9/5/1845	36
	Helena Funk's children from M#1 to Wilhelm Walter:			
	• Henrietta *Wilhelm* Walter			13
	• Johann *Wilhelm* Walter	8		15
	David Krüger and Helena Funks's children:			
	• Friedrich Krüger		B 6/9/1846	

	• Maria Krüger			9
	• Heinrich Krüger	3½	Died 1853	
	• Daniel Krüger	1/8	B 2/2/1850	$7^{1/8}$
	• Friedrich Krüger		B 5/2/1852	5
	• Peter Krüger		B 5/30/1855	2
	• Helene Krüger		B 5/3/1857	
	2. Carl *David* Krüger	21		28
	Carl *David* Krüger married Anna Ziesmann d/o *Jakob Johann Ziesmann and Eva Carl Wagner* (HH#25, Annette)		M 9/5/1859	17
	3. Wilhelm *David* Krüger	17		24
	Wilhelm *David* Krüger married Auguste Block			20
	Wilhelm *David* Krüger and Auguste Block's children:			
	• Caroline Krüger		B 6/23/1857	6 mo.
	• August Krüger		B 8/16/1859	
	4. Heinrich *David* Krüger	15		22
	Heinrich *David* Krüger's wife Luise ____ d/o ____			18
	5. Christoph Krüger	1		8
	6. Charlotte Krüger			19
	7. Caroline Krüger			15
	Caroline/Karoline Krüger married Benjamin Richert s/o *Peter Peter Richert and Susanna Funk* (HH#7, Annette)	12	M 2/10/1860	19
	8. Justine Krüger			13
10	**Teodor Müller s/o *Gottfried Müller and Agathe Rosin***	**35**		**42**
	Teodor *Gottfried* Müller married Anna ____ d/o *Christian* ____			37
	Teodor *Gottfried* Müller and Anna ____'s children:			
	1. Gottfried Müller	11		18
	Gottfried Müller married Anna Wiese		M 9/8/1862	
	2. Adolf Müller	6		13
	3. Maria Luise Müller			16
	Teodor *Gottfried* Müller's mother Agathe Rosin d/o *Johann Rosin* widow of *Gottfried Müller*		D 7/28/1850	61
	Teodor *Gottfried* Müller's brothers and Agathe Rosin Müller's sons:			
	1. Friederich *Gottfried* Müller	26		33
	Friedrich *Gottfried* Müller married Anna Bieberdorf *d/o Friedrich Gottlieb Bieberdorf and Helene Luther* (HH#5, Annette).			27
	Friedrich Müller and Anna Biebordorf's children:			
	• Justine Müller			2
	• Johann Müller	1½		8½
	• Ernst Müller			4
	2. Johann *Gottfried* Müller	22		29
11	**Michael Rink s/o *Filip Rink***	**29**		**36**

	Michael *Filip* Rink married Helena Ströbel d/o *Jakob Ströbel and Anna Sorec* (HH#35, Annette)		M 6/2/1843	34
	Michael *Filip* Rink and Helena Ströbel's children:			
	1. Johann Rink	7		14
	Johann Rink married Reina/Regina Rode d/o *Daniel Rode and Helene Biberdorf* (HH#12, Annette)		M 2/27/1867	6
	2. Andreas Rink			5
	3. Samuel Rink			3
	4. Ludwig Rink			1
	5. Anna Rink			12
	Anna Rink married Teodor Henke s/o *Carl Ferdinand Henke and Susanne Biberdorf* d/o *Friedrich* Gottlieb *Biberdorf and Helene Luther* (HH#36, Annette).			13
	6. Maria Rink			10
	7. Helena Rink			6 mo.
	8. Daniel Rink (b1858) married Pauline Bergsträsser			
	Their daughter Ottilie Rink (b1887) married Emil Arnold Kolke *s/o Heinrich Kolke and Emilie Eleonore Hoffmann*			
	Michael *Filip* Rink's siblings:			
	1. Carl *Filip* Rink	15		22
	2. Friedrich *Filip* Rink	11		18
	3. Christine *Filip* Rink married Heinrich Drude s/o *Jakob Drude and Magdalena/Helena Pansegrau* (HH#2, Josephine)			29
	4. Elisabeth *Filip* Rink married Johann *Paul* Neumann (HH#12, Josephine).		M 5/16/1843	35
12	**Christian Rode s/o *Andreas Rode***	**53**		**60**
	Christian *Andreas* Rode married Elisabeth Barck d/o *Peter Barck*			57
	Christian *Andreas* Rode and Elisabeth Barck's son Daniel Rode	19		26
	Daniel *Christian* Rode married Helena Bieberdorf d/o *Friedrich* Gottlieb *Bieberdorf and Helen Luther* (HH#5, Annette).		M 7/30/1850	25
	Daniel Rode and Helena Bieberdorf's children:			
	1. "Reina" Rode			6
	Reina/Regina Rode married Michael Rink s/o Michael *Filip* Rink and Helena Ströbel	7	M 2/27/1867	14
	2. Helene Rode		B 8/10/1853	
	3. Julius Rode			3
	4. August Rode		B 12/8/1856	1
	5. Justine/Justina Rode		B 1/9/1859	
	Justine/Justina Rode married Friedrich Kolke s/o *Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass*		B ~1851 M 6/7/1878	

	6. Michael Rode		B 9/15/1864	
	7. Ernst Rode		B 11/16/1866	
	8. Heinrich Eduard Rode		B 12/24/1868	
	8. Reinhold Rode		B 3/27/1871	
13	**Martin Buchholz (brother of Michael Buchholz HH#27) s/o *Martin Buchholz***	**42**		**49**
	Martin *Martin* Buchholz married Maria ____ d/o *Jakob* ____			39
	Martin Buchholz and Maria ____'s daughters:			
	• Christine Buchholz			13
	• Eva Buchholz			9½
	• Elisabeth Buchholz			8½
	• Julianne Buchholz			4
	Martin *Martin* Buchholz's sister Christine *Martin* Buchholz		M 7/18/1847	48
	Schmeichel married Friedrich *Friedrich* Rode (HH#18, Annette)	31		38
14	**Jakob Zech s/o *Leonard Zech***	**61**	**Died 1852**	
	Jakob *Leonard* Zech married Maria ____ d/o *Johann* ____			73
	Jakob *Leonard* Zech and Maria ____'s sons:			
	1. Jakob Zech	15		22
	Jakob Zech married Anna ____ d/o *Heinrich* ____			20
	Jakob Zech and Anna ____'s daughter Elisabeth Zech			1
	2. Teodor Zech	13		20
15	**Johann Peters s/o *Friedrich Peters***	**20**		**27**
	Johann *Friedrich* Peters married Justine/Justina Megert d/o *Ephraim Megert and Louisa* ____		B 5/16/1836 M 8/10/1853 D 9/19/1858	21
	Johann *Friedrich* Peters and Justine Megert's sons:			
	• Ephraim Peters			3
	• Johann Ferdinand Peters			1
	Johann *Friedrich* Peters' mother Maria ____			53
16	**Christian Maier (Meyer) s/o *Johann Maier and Rosine* ____**	**25**		**32**
	Christian *Johann* Maier's wife Katherina (Christine) Gebert d/o *Johann Gebert*			29
	Christian *Johann* Maier and Katherina (Christine) Gebert's children:			
	• Heinrich Maier			4
	• Wilhelm Meyer		B 3/11/1855	2
	• Anna Maier			6
	• Emilie Maier		B 8/17/1857	3 mo.
	Christian *Johann* Maier's mother Rosine ____ d/o *Friedrich* ____			43?
	Christian *Johann* Maier's brothers:			

Appendix C: 1857-58 RUSSIAN REVISIONS (CENSUSES) FOR ANNETTE AND JOSEPHINE VILLAGES (WITH ODESSA3 TRANSCRIPTS AND FHL FILM)

	1. Johann *Johann* Maier	23		30
	Johann Maier married Regina (“Reina”) Wenzel d/o *Carl Wenzel*			25
	Johann Maier and Regina Wenzel’s children:			
	• Maria Maier			3
	• Heinrich Meyer		B 9/25/1853	5
	• Carl Maier			3 mo.
	2. Heinrich *Johann* Maier	20		27
	Heinrich Maier married Caroline Streblewski d/o *Jakob Streblewski*			24
	Heinrich Maier and Caroline Streblewski’s children:			
	• Johann Maier/Meier		B 9/13/1857 D 2/1/1858	3 mo.
	• Ephraim Meyer		B 9/13/1857	
	• Ernst Meier		B 5/4/1859	
	3. Friedrich *Johann* Maier	9		16
	Friedrich Maier (Meyer) may have married Anna Neumann d/o ____. His sister Friedericke Meyer married Franz Richter (HH#7, Annette) b/o *Maria/Mariane Richter w/o Daniel Kolke*		M 9/14/1857	
	4. Peter *Johann* Maier	8		15
	5. Samuel *Johann* Maier	7		14
	Christian *Johann* Maier’s nephew August *Christian* Maier			29
	August *Christian* Maier married Florentine Bieberdorf d/o *Johann Gottlieb Bieberdorf and Helena Drews* (HH#3, Annette).			28
	August *Christian* Maier and Florentine Bieberdorf’s children:			
	• Anna Maier			6
	• August Maier		B 7/9/1852	
	• Adolf Meyer		B 4/6/1855	3
	Adolf Maier/Meyer married Emilie Bieberdorf d/o *Peter Bieberdorf and Maria Bieberdorf* (d/o *Friedrich Gottlieb Bieberdorf and Helen Luther*) (HH#4, Annette).			4
	Adolf Maier/Meyer and Emilie Bieberdorf’s daughter Adolphine Maier married Eduard Kolke s/o *Heinrich Kolke and Emilie Eleonore Hoffmann*			
	• Helene Meyer		B 2/27/1858	
18	**Friedrich Rode s/o *Friedrich Rode and Luise Tober***	**31**		**38**
	Friedrich *Friedrich* Rode married Christine Buchholz Schmeichel d/o *Martin Buchholz* (her brother Martin Buchholz on HH#13, Annette; and her brother Michael Buchholz on HH#27, Annette)		M 7/18/1847	48
	Friedrich *Friedrich* Rode and Christine Buchholz’s children:			
	• Michael Rode	9		16
	• Gottlieb Rode	5	B 7/1/1845 Died 1854	
	• Friedrich Rode	2		9
	• Elisabeth Rode			14
	• Amalie Rode		B 4/26/1855	2

	Friedrich *Friedrich* Rode's siblings:			
	1. Daniel *Friedrich* Rode	29		36
	Daniel *Friedrich* Rode married Caroline Drude d/o *Michael Drude* (her brother Jakob Drude is on HH#2 of Josephine)			36
	Daniel Rode and Caroline Drude's children:			
	• Anna Rode			13
	• Euphrosine (Rosina) Rode		B 7/31/1855	2
	• Christian Rode	3		10
	• Heinrich Rode			6
	2. Elisabeth/Elise Rode	24	D 1853	
	Elisabeth/Elise Rode married Samuel *Filip* Klein s/o *Filip Jakob Klein* (HH#7, Josephine)	26	B 4/14/1824	33
	3. Johann *Friedrich* Rode	24		31
	Johann *Friedrich* Rode married Christine Drude d/o *Michael Drude* (her brother Jakob Drude is on HH#2 of Josephine)			34
	Johann Rode and Christine Drude's children:			
	• Rosine Rode			12
	• Maria Rode			
	• Anna Rode			5
	• Friedrich Rode	4		11
	• August Rode			2
	4. Rosine *Friedrich* Rode			46
	Rosine Rode Meyer married Michael *Johann* Ziesmann (HH#31, Annette)	67	M 11/1852	74
	Rosine Rode's illegitimate son Simon Rode	6 mo.		7½
20	**Heinrich Neubauer s/o *Adam Neubauer***	**35**		**42**
	Heinrich *Adam* Neubauer married Euphrosine Neumann d/o *Simon Neumann* (and sister of Gottlieb, Paul. Adam and Ludwig Neumann; HH#s 9, 12 and 13 Josephine)		M 12/1836	36
	Heinrich *Adam* Neubauer and Euphrosine Neumann's children:			
	• Simon Neubauer	9		16
	• Josef Neubauer			6
	• Adam Neubauer		B 7/8/1857	6 mo.
	• Rosine Neubauer			13
	• Dorothea Neubauer			11
	• Anna Euphrosine Neubauer		B 5/16/1853	5
	• Maria Magdalena Neubauer		B 6/18/1855	2
	• Christian Neubauer		B 2/1849 D 11/28/1850	
	Heinrich *Adam* Neubauer's brother-in-law Heinrich Neumann s/o *Simon Neumann* and brother of Gottlieb, Paul, Adam and Ludwig Neumann (HH#s 9, 12 and 13 Josephine) and Rosina Neumann Drews (HH#4, Josephine)	36		43
	M#1 Heinrich *Simon* Neumann married Anna Hammermeister:		B 1822	

			M 12/1836 D 6/13/1850	
	Heinrich *Simon* Neumann and Anna Hammermeister's children:			
	• Eva Neumann			18
	Eva Neumann married Michael Drude (M#2) s/o *Jakob Michael Drude and Magdalena/Helena Pansegrau* (HH#2, Josephine)	21		28
	• Heinrich Neumann	3½		10½
	• Friedrich Neumann	1½		8½
	• Justine Neumann			15
	• Charlotte Neumann			13
	M#2 Heinrich *Simon* Neumann married Maria Pekrul #2 d/o *George Pekrul and Tekla Wasilewska* (HH#3, Josephine)		M 7/28/1850	24
	Heinrich *Simon* Neumann and Maria Pekrul #2's children:			
	• Wilhelmine Neumann		B 4/30/1853	
	• Jakob Neumann		B 7/5/1855	2
	• Euphrosine Neumann		B 4/7/1858	
21	**Johann Lange s/o *Andreas Lange***	**80**	**Died 1853**	
	Johann *Andreas* Lange's second wife Maria ____ d/o *Matthias* ____			49
	Johann *Andreas* Lange's children with his unknown first wife:			
	1. Christian *Johann* Lange (HH#22, Annette)	41	Died 1854	
	2. Johann Lange	39		46
	Johann Lange married Elisabeth Rech/Rach d/o *Conrad Rech/Rach*			37
	Johann Lange and Elisabeth Rech/Rach's children:			
	• Anna Lange			17
	• Helena Lange		B 3/8/1845	11
	• Euphrosine Lange			6
	• Heinrich Lange	2½	Died 1852	
	• Johann Lange		B 2/22/1843	6
	• Ludwig Lange			2
	• Wilhelm Lange			3 mos.
	3. George Lange	37		44
	M#1 George Lange married Elisabeth Könke d/o *Johann Könke*		M 11/1836	40
	George Lange and Elisabeth Könke's children:			
	• Susanne Lange			14
	• Helena Lange			12
	• Maria Lange			10
	M#2 George Lange married Elisabeth Dahlmann			
	George Lange and Elisabeth Dahlmann's children:			
	• Catherine Lange			1
	• George Lange	1½		8½
	• Jakob Lange	1/8		7 1/8

	• Michael Lange			3
	4. Adam Lange	31		38
	Adam Lange married Caroline Trepnau d/o *Martin Trepnau*		M 9/8/1845	30
	Adam Lange and Caroline Trepnau's children:			
	• Elisabeth Lange			10½
	• Euphrosine Lange			6
	• Maria Lange			4
	• Anna Lange			3 mo.
	• Heinrich Lange	1½		8½
	5. Anna Lange			38
	6. Michael Lange	26		33
	Michael Lange married Susanne Ziesmann d/o *Michael Johann Ziesmann* (#31, Annette).			34
	Michael Lange and Susanne Ziesmann's children:			
	• Helena Lange			12
	• Susanne Lange			8
	• Euphrosine Lange			6
	• Christian Lange	3½		10½
	• Michael Lange			3
	• Ephraim Lange			
	• Heinrich Lang		B 3/1858 D 5/28/1858	
	• Karl Lang		B 1855 D 4/24/1859	
	7. Andreas Lange	12		19
	Andreas Lange married Anna Derx d/o *Peter Derx and Anna Neumann*			20
	Andreas Lange and Anna Derx's son Heinrich Lange			6 mo.
22	**Christian Lange s/o *Johann Lange* (HH#21, Annette)**	**41**	**Died 1854**	
	Christian *Johann* Lange and his unknown first wife's children:			
	1. Anna Lange			26
	Anna Lange married Jakob Felbel s/o *Jakob Felbel and Elisabeth* ____ (HH#28, Annette).	26		33
	2. Jakob Lange	17		24
	Jakob Lange married Christine ____ d/o *Ludwig* ____			38
	Jakob Lange's stepdaughters:			
	• Euphrosine ____			6½
	• Caroline ____			5½
	3. Caroline Lange			22
	Caroline Lange married Johann Felbel s/o *Jakob Felbel and Elisabeth* ____ (HH#28, Annette).	15		22
	4. Maria Lange			21

	Maria Lange married Christian Felbel s/o *Jakob Felbel and Elisabeth* ____ (HH#28, Annette).	22	M 12/19/1852	29
	5. Christian Lange	13		20
	Christian Lange married Helene Buchholz d/o *Christian Buchholz* (HH#27, Annette).		M 9/1/1859	15
	6. Michael Lange	11½		18½
	7. Heinrich Lange	8		15
	8. Andreas Lange	6		13
	9. Gottlieb Lange	5		12
	10. August Lange	5		12
	11. Helena Lange			9
	12. Friedrich Lange	6 mo.		7½
	13. Carl Lange			4
	M#2 Christian *Johann* Lange's second wife Sophia ____ d/o *Jakob* ____			44
	Christian Lange's stepsons (wife Sophia ____'s children with Martin Adam):			
	• Samuel *Martin* Adam			17
	• Martin *Martin* Adam			10
	• Ludwig *Martin* Adam			7
	• Heinrich *Martin* Adam			4
23	**Christian Ströbel s/o *Peter Ströbel***	**74**		**81**
	Christian *Peter* Ströbel's children with his unknown wife:			
	1. Heinrich *Christian* Ströbel	42		49
	M#1 Heinrich *Christian* Ströbel married Anna Buchholz probably d/o *Martin Buchholz*			
	Heinrich Ströbel and Anna Buchholz's children:			
	• Paul *Heinrich* Ströbel	15		22
	Paul Ströbel married Maria ____ d/o *Traugott* ____			20
	Paul Ströbel and Maria ____'s son Adolf Strobel			1
	• Euphrosine *Heinrich* Ströbel		B 3/7/1846	
	M#2 Heinrich *Christian* Ströbel married Louise Frederkink		M 1/27/1855	
	Heinrich *Christian* Ströbel and Louise Frederkink's son Heinrich Ströbel		B 2/1/1859	
	2. Paul *Christian* Ströbel	34		41
	Paul *Christian* Ströbel married Eva Rindfleisch d/o *Johann Rindfleisch*			49
	Paul Ströbel and Eva Rindfleisch's son Friedrich Ströbel	3	B 3/16/1847	10
	3. Michael *Christian* Ströbel	30		37

	Michael *Christian* Ströbel's children with first wife Maria Gebhardt:			
	• Wilhelm Ströbel	1 mo.	B 3/18/1850	7½
	• Heinrich Ströbel		B 2/24/1853	4
	• Charlotte Ströbel			13
	M#2 Michael *Christian* Ströbel married Juliane Splett		M 2/17/1859	
	4. Christian *Peter* Ströbel's son Christian *Christian* Ströbel		B 1822 D 10/1/1847	
	Christian *Peter* Ströbel's daughter-in-law, widow Anna Dahlmann d/o *Johann Dahlmann*			42
	Christian *Christian* Ströbel and Anna Dahlmann's daughter Anna Ströbel			12
	5. Christian *Peter* Ströbel's granddaughter Caroline ____ d/o *Friedrich* ____			14
	Peter Ströbel s/o *Peter Ströbel* (brother of Christian *Peter* Ströbel)	74		81
	Peter *Peter* Ströbel's (second) wife Maria ____ d/o *Christian* ____			51
	Peter *Peter* Ströbel's children with his unknown first wife:			
	1. Rosine Ströbel			35
	Rosine Ströbel married George Klein s/o *Filip Jakob Klein and Maria Neumann* (HH#7, Josephine)	33	B 1/6/1813 M 11/20/1836	40
	2. Peter *Peter* Ströbel			
	Peter *Peter* Ströbel's son from his first wife Johann Ströbel	2½		9½
	3. Christian *Peter* Ströbel			
	Christian *Peter* Ströbel's daughters from his first wife:			
	• Rosine Ströbel			15
	• Justine Ströbel			14
	• Euphrosine Ströbel			12
	• Catherine Ströbel			9
	M#2 Christian *Peter* Ströbel's second wife Luise ____ d/o *Adam* ____			24
	Christian *Peter* Ströbel's and Luise ____'s daughter Elisabeth Ströbel			4
24	**Paul Ströbel s/o *Paul Ströbel***	**51**	**Died 1851**	
	Paul *Paul* Ströbel's wife Anna Krüger d/o *Peter Krüger* (M#1)			49
	Paul Ströbel and Anna Krüger's children:			
	1. Josef Ströbel	15		22
	2. Johann Ströbel	14	B 1/12/1836	21
	Johann Ströbel's wife Frederike ____ d/o *Teodor* ____			20

	3. Susanne Ströbel d/o *Paul Ströbel* (HH#24, Annette).			20
	Susanna Ströbel married Christian Pansegrau s/o *Peter Pansegrau and Maria Elsiabeth Blaskowsy* (HH#11, Josephine).	21	D 1861 M 8/10/1853	28
	Peter Pansegrau s/o *Christian Pansegrau and Susanne Ströbel* (HH#11, Josephine)		B 9/8/1856	1
	Peter Pansegrau married *Anna Neumann d/o Maria Georg Pekrull #2 and Heinrich Neumann* (HH#3, Josephine)		B 4/7/1858 M 4/20/1877	
	3. Widow Susanne Ströbel Pansegrau d/o *Paul Paul Ströbel* (HH#24, Annette) married Karl Gottlieb Wiese (1839-1909) *s/o Karl Wiese and Charlotte Mylke/Mielke* (b/o *Wilhelmine Wiese* (*Kolke*)		M 9/12/1862	20
	Paul *Paul* Ströbel's nephew Peter Krüger s/o *Peter Krüger and Christina Wolf*	14		21
	Paul *Paul* Ströbel's niece Maria Krüger d/o *Peter Krüger and Christina Wolf*			18
	M#2 Widow Anna Krüger Ströbel married Michael Kelm (1814-1876)		M 12/11/1857	
	M#3 Widow Anna Krüger Ströbel Kelm married Heinrich Krüger		M 8/24/1878	
25	**Johann Ziesmann (brother of Michael Ziesmann, HH#31) s/o *Johann Ziesmann***	**61**	D 3/25/1879	**68**
	Johann *Johann* Ziesmann's wife Eva ____, d/o *Johann* ____		D 2/24/1866	63
	Johann Ziesmann and Eva ___'s children:			
	1. Michael Ziesmann	33		40
	Michael Ziesmann married Maria Blaskowski d/o *Joachim Blaskowski*			27
	Michael Ziesmann and Maria Blaskowski's children:			
	• Wilhelm Ziesmann	4		11
	Wilhelm Ziesmann married Charlotte Pansegrau d/o *Peter Pansegrau and Maria Elisabeth Blaskowsy* (HH#11, Josephine).			13
	• Elisabeth Ziesmann			9
	• Charlotte Ziesmann			5
	• Adolf Ziesmann			3
	• Julius Ziesmann			1
	2. Jakob Ziesmann	31		38
	Jakob Ziesmann married Eva Wagner d/o *Carl Wagner*			33
	Jakob Ziesmann and Eva Wagner's children:			
	• Anna Ziesmann			17
	Anna Ziesmann married Carl *David* Krüger s/o *David Christian Kruger and Marianna ____*	21	M 9/5/1859	28
	• Justine Ziesmann			13

	Justine Ziesmann married Michael Gripp		M 1/10/1864	
	Son Gottfried Gripp may have married Julianne Kolke d/o Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass		M 9/29/1882	
	Son Karl Gripp married Julianne Kolke d/o Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke and Karoline Grass		M 7/29/1885	
	• Helena Ziesmann			7½
	• Susanne Ziesmann			2
	• Heinrich Ziesmann	8		15
	• Friedrich Ziesmann	5	Died 1851	
	• Carl Ziesmann			4
	• Karoline Ziesmann		B 1/10/1858	
	Karoline Ziesmann married Jakob Drude s/o *Heinrich Drude and Christine Rink* (HH#2, Josephine)		M 12/12/1877	1
	3. Johann Ziesmann Jr.	28	D 3/8/1885	35
	Johann Ziesmann Jr. married Anna Schmidt d/o *Johann Schmidt*			29
	Johann Ziesmann Jr. and Anna Schmidt's children:			
	• Anna Maria Ziesmann		B 4/7/1853	4
	• Johann Ziesmann	4	B 1/26/1846	11
	• Gottlieb Ziesmann	1		8
	• Wilhelm Ziesmann			5
	• Jakob Ziesmann		B 1/22/1852	
	• Daniel Ziesmann		B 8/25/1855	2
	• August Ziesmann		B 6/30/1857	3 mo.
	• Adolph Ziesmann		B 3/23/1859	
	4. Paul Ziesmann	26		33
	Paul Ziesmann's children from his unknown first wife:			
	• Ferdinand Ziesmann			6
	• Heinrich Ziesmann			4
	• Pauline Ziesmann			3
	• Teodor Ziesmann			2
	Teodor Ziesmann married Euphrosine Neumann d/o *Maria Pekrull #2* (*d/o Georg Pekrul and Tekla Wasilewska*; HH#3, Josephine) *and Heinrich Neumann*		B 4/7/1858 M 12/3/1880	
	M#2 Paul Ziesmann married Justine Gall d/o *Friedrich Gall*		M 9/19/1857	18
	Paul Ziesmann and Justine Gall's daughter Susanna Ziesmann		B 1/19/1859	
26	**Benjamin Rindfleisch s/o *Benjamin Rindfleisch and Anna Huebsch/Hutsch***	**14**		**21**
	Benjamin *Benjamin* Rindfleisch married Katherine Luther/Lutter d/o *Heinrich Luther/Lutter and Catharina* ____ (HH#2(?), Annette)		M 11/16/1852	23
	Benjamin Rindfleisch and Katherine Luther/Lutter's daughters:			
	• Maria Rindfleisch		B 7/22/1853	3
	• Anna Rindfleisch			1

	Benjamin *Benjamin* Rindfleisch's siblings:			
	• Anna Rindfleisch		B 8/5/1836	
	• Johann Rindfleisch	9		16
	• Heinrich Rindfleisch	8		15
	• Rosine Rindfleisch		B 1/12/1845	12
	• Elisabeth Rindfleisch			11
	• Susanne Rindfleisch			9
	Susanne Rindfleisch married Gottlieb Grass *s/o Krystian Grass and Anna Krystyna Neumann*		M 11/27/1866	
27	**Michael Buchholz (brother of Martin Buchholz HH#13) s/o *Martin Buchholz***	**46**		**53**
	Michael *Martin* Buchholz married Petronella ____ *Christian* ____			49
	Michael *Martin* Buchholz and Petronella ____'s children:			
	• Johann Buchholz	15		22
	Johann Buchholz married Magdalene Rindfleisch		M 6/12/1858	
	• Ludwig Buchholz	5		12
	• Christian Buchholz			4
	• Peter Buchholz			3
	• Jakob Buchholz			1
	• Euphrosine Buchholz			14
	• Susanne Buchholz			9½
	• Elisabeth Buchholz			
	Elisabeth Buchholz's illegitimate son Jakob Buchholz	3		10
	Michael *Martin* Buchholz's brothers:			
	1. Franz *Martin* Buchholz	31		38
	Franz *Martin* Buchholz married Marianna Neumann d/o *Jakob Neumann*			34
	Franz *Martin* Buchholz and Marianna Neumann's children:			
	• Euphrosine Buchholz			14
	• Rosine Buchholz			12
	• Elisabeth Buchholz			10
	• Maria Buchholz		B 3/8/1852	5
	• Franz *Martin's* son Heinrich Buchholz	6 mo.		7½
	2. Christian *Martin* Buchholz	28		35
	Christian *Martin* Buchholz married Eva Klinner d/o *Christian Klinner*			28
	Christian *Martin* Buchholz and Eva Klinner's daughters:			
	• Helena Buchholz			15
	Helene Buchholz married Christian Lange s/o Christian Lange (HH#22, Annette).	13	M 9/1/1859	20
	• Elisabeth Buchholz			12
	• Anna Buchholz			9½

	• Maria Buchholz			6
	• Christine Buchholz		B 8/23/1853	4
	Michael *Martin* Buchholz's sister Christine *Martin* Buchholz		M 7/18/1847	48
	Schmeichel married Friedrich *Friedrich* Rode (HH#18, Annette)	31		38
28	**Jakob Felbel s/o *Adam Felbel***	**56**		**63**
	Jakob *Adam* Felbel married Elisabeth ____ d/o *Jakob* ____			62
	Jakob *Adam* Felbel and Elisabeth ____' children:			
	1. Elisabeth Felbel			39
	Elisabeth Felbel married Wilhelm Grass s/o *Christian Grass and Anna Krystyna Neumann* (HH#2, Annette (1858))			39
	2. Jakob Felbel	26	D 4/15/1902	33
	Jakob Felbel married Anna Lange d/o *Christian Lange* (HH#22, Annette).			26
	Jakob Felbel and Anna Lange's children:			
	• Heinrich Felbel	1		8
	• Elisabeth Felbel			6½
	• Anna Felbel		B 7/30/1852	3
	• Susanne Felbel			2
	• Maria Felbel			1
	3. Adam Felbel	24		31
	Adam Felbel married Anna Dorothea Pansegrau d/o *Christian Pansegrau and Helene Grön/Gröhn* (HH#11, Josephine).		M 3/22/1858	26
	Adam Felbel and Anna Dorothea Pansegrau's children:			
	• Andreas Felbel			3
	Andreas Felbel married Maria Magdalena/Helena Klein, d/o George *Filip* Klein and Rosine Ströbel (d/o Paul Ströbel, HH#24, Annette) (HH#7, Josephine).		M 10/10/1875	4
	• Luise Felbel			1
	4. Christian Felbel	22		29
	Christian Felbel married Maria Lange d/o *Christian Lange* (#22, Annette).		M 12/19/1852	21
	Christian Felbel and Maria Lange's children:			
	• Susanne Felbel		B 10/6/1853	3
	• Anna Felbel			1
	5. Heinrich Felbel	20		27
	Heinrich Felbel married Anna Klinner d/o *Christian Klinner and Christiana Rode*		M 11/1852	23
	Heinrich Felbel and Anna Klinner's children:			
	• Wilhelm Felbel		B 10/11/1853	3
	Wilhelm Felbel married Rosine Klein d/o *Samuel Filip Klein and Anna Susanna Kolke* (HH#7 Josephine).			2

	• Maria Felbel			1
	• Heinrich Felbel		B 3/12/1860	
	6. Johann Felbel	15		22
	Johann Felbel married Caroline Lange d/o *Christian Lange* (HH#22, Annette).			22
	• Johann Felbel and Caroline Lange's son Christian Felbel			2
	7. Carl Felbel	14		21
	Carl Felbel married Anna Hanelt		M 8/19/1858	
	8. Michael Felbel	12		19
	Michael Felbel married Helena/Helene Hempeck d/o *Andreas Hempeck*		M 8/9/1857	20
30	**Martin Drude s/o *Johann Drude and* ____**	**27**		**34**
	Martin *Johann* Drude married Luise (Louise) Schmidt d/o *Johann Schmidt*			30
	Martin Johann Drude and Luise (Louise) Schmidt's sons:			
	• Heinrich Drude	2	Died 1853	
	• Daniel Drude			6
	• Wilhelm Drude		B 4/2/1855	3
	• August Drude		B 3/15/1858	
	Martin *Johann* Drude's brothers:			
	1. Jakob *Johann* Drude	25		32
	Jakob *Johann* Drude married Caroline Kelm d/o *Andreas Kelm*			26
	Jakob *Johann* Drude and Caroline Kelm's daughters:			
	• Helena Drude			6
	• Anna Drude			4
	• Justine Drude			2
	2. George *Johann* Drude	22		29
	George *Johann* Drude married Anna Charlotte Müller d/o *Gottfried Müller* (*see* HH#10, Annette)		M 11/10/1850	23
	George *Johann* Drude and Charlotte Müller's children:			
	• Anna Charlotte Drude		B 5/1/1853	4½
	• Johann Adolf Drude			3
	• Ferdinand Drude		B __/27/1856	1
	• August Drude		B 3/15/1858	
	• Heinrich Drude		B 4/22/1860	
	• Maria Agathe Drude		B 4/18/1862	
	• Justina Drude		B 9/22/1864	
	Justina Drude married Samuel Kühn		M 3/16/1883	
	• Georg Drude		B 10/14/1866	
	• Eduard Drude		B 11/9/1869	
	• Reinhold Drude		B 8/8/1874	

31	**Michael Ziesmann (brother of Johann Ziesmann HH#25) s/o *Johann Ziesmann***	**67**		**74**
	M#1 Michael *Johann* Ziesmann's children with his unknown first wife:			
	1. Johann *Michael* Ziesmann	30		37
	Johann Ziesmann married Rosine Grass *d/o Christian Grass and Krystyna Neumann*			34
	• Johann Ziesmann and Rosine Grass' children:			
	• Susanne Ziesmann		B 1/17/1850	7½
	• Johann Ziesmann	6		13
	• August Ziesmann	5		12
	• Wilhelm Ziesmann	2		9
	• Benjamin Ziesmann		B 1/2/1852	
	• Heinrich Ziesmann			5
	• Ernst Ziesmann			2
	2. Susanne *Michael* Ziesmann			34
	Susanne Ziesmann married Michael Lange s/o *Johann Andreas Lange* (#21, Annette).	26		33
	3. Gottlieb *Michael* Ziesmann	24	D 5/2/1878	31
	Gottlieb Ziesmann married Susanne Kelm d/o *Johann Kelm*			30
	Gottlieb Ziesmann and Susanne Kelm's children:			
	• Anna Ziesmann		B 9/14/1847	
	• Susanne Ziesmann			10
	• Susanna Ziesmann		B 3/13/1853	
	• Julianne Ziesmann			1
	• Adolf Ziesmann	5		12
	• Emilie Ziesmann		B 2/7/1859	
	4. Benjamin *Michael* Ziesmann	22		29
	Benjamin Ziesmann married Katherine Vogt d/o *Johann Vogt*		M 8/1/1850	26
	Benjamin Ziesmann and Katherine Vogt's children:			
	• Traugott Ziesmann			4
	Karl Traugott Ziesmann married Susanna Pekrull *d/o Jakob Georg Pekrull and Wilhelmine Michal Kolke* (HH#3, Josephine)		M 2/8/1873	6
	• Euphrosine Ziesmann			3
	• Ernestine Ziesmann			1
	• Regina Ziesmann		B 7/9/1859	
	5. Michael *Michael* Ziesmann	15		22
	Michael Ziesmann married Ernestine ___ d/o *Andreas* ____			19
	6. Anna *Michael* Ziesmann			
	Anna Ziesmann married Martin Ehlert		M 11/1836	
	Anna Ziesmann and Martin Ehlert's son Friedrich Elert	11		18

	M#2 Michael *Johann* Ziesmann's second wife Rosine Rode Meyer d/o *Friedrich Rode*		M 11/1852	46
	Michael Ziesmann and Rosine Rode Meyer's daughter Helena Ziesmann			2
	Rosine Rode's illegitimate son Simon Rode Living with her brothers on HH#18, Annette	6 mo.		7½
35	**Jakob Ströbel s/o *Paul Ströbel***	**53**	**D 1861**	**60**
	Jakob *Paul* Ströbel married Anna Sorec d/o *Peter Sorec*			53
	Jakob *Paul* Ströbel and Anna Sorec's children:			
	1. Helena Ströbel married Michael Rink (HH#11, Annette).			34
	2. Christine Ströbel			30
	Christine Ströbel married Johann Friedrich Klebs/Klebe s/o *Carl Wilhelm Klebs/Klebe and Dorothea Sophia Stock* (HH#15, Josephine)		M 7/23/1846	33
	3. Johann Ströbel	19		26
	Johann *Jakob* Ströbel married Susanne Bieberdorf d/o *Friedrich Gottlieb Bieberdorf and Helen Luther* (HH#5, Annette).		M 5/21/1853	22
	Johann Ströbel and Susanne Bieberdorf's children:			
	• Magdalena Ströbel			3
	• Julius Ströbel			2
	4. Jakob Ströbel	16	B 8/4/1836	23
	Jakob *Jakob* Ströbel married Helene/Magdalena Biberdorf d/o *Johann Gottlieb Bieberdorf and Helena Drews* (HH#3, Annette).		M 8/10/1853	22
	Jakob Ströbel and Magdalena Biberdorf's son August Ströbel			1
	5. Susanne Ströbel			19
	Widow Ana Sorec Ströbel married Peter Bieberdorf (HH#4, Annette) s/o *Johann Gottlieb Bieberdorf and Helena Drews*		M 5/16/1861	55
36	**Andreas Henke s/o *Jakob Henke***	**49**		**56**
	Andreas *Jakob* Henke's married Maria ____ d/o *Daniel* ____			46
	Andreas *Jakob* Henke's and Maria ____'s children:			
	1. Carl Ferdinand Henke	16		23
	Carl Ferdinand Henke married Justine Bieberdorf d/o *Friedrich Gottlieb* Bieberdorf and Helen Luther (HH#5, Annette).			23
	Arnold Henke s/o *Carl Ferdinand Henke and Justine Bieberdorf*, married Emma Kolke *d/o Heinrich Kolke and Emilie Eleonore Hoffmann*			
	Carl Ferdinand Henke and Justine Bieberdorf's children:			
	• Eduard Henke			2
	• Emilie Henke			6 mo.

	2. Adolf Henke	11		18
	Adolf Henke married Christine Bieberdorf d/o *Johann Gottlieb Bieberdorf and Helena Drews* (HH#3, Annette).			18
	3. Teodor Henke	6		13
	Teodor Henke married Anna Rink d/o *Michael Rink and Helena Ströbel* (HH#11, Annette).			12
37	**Johann Glaubitz s/o *Johann Glaubitz***	**23**		**30**
	Johann *Johann* Glaubitz married Maria Janke d/o *Christian Paul Janke and Elizabeth ____ (d/o Jakob ____)* (HH#6, Josephine)			27
	Johann Glaubitz and Maria Janke's children:			
	• Ferdinand Glaubitz			1
	• Juliane Glaubitz		B 3/23/1862	
	Juliane Glaubitz's baptism was sponsored by Justina Glaubitz Wagner Kolke w/o Gottlieb Kolke s/o *Michal Kolke and Eleonora Reich*			

Appendix C: 1857-58 RUSSIAN REVISIONS (CENSUSES) FOR ANNETTE AND JOSEPHINE VILLAGES (WITH ODESSA3 TRANSCRIPTS AND FHL FILM)

Revision of May 16, 1858 in the village of Annette, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia

H/H	Name	Age 1849	Chg. since last Rev.	Cur. age
1	**Michael Tetzlaff s/o *Michael Tetzlaff***	*note		**56**
	Michael *Michael* Tetzlaff married Catherine Drude d/o *Michael Drude*			58
	Michael *Michael* Tetzlaff and Catherine Drude's children:			26
	1. Johann *Michael* Tetzlaff			26
	Johann Tetzlaff married Caroline Rink d/o *Michael Rink*			20
	Johann Tetzlaff and Caroline Rink's daughters:			
	• Maria Tetzlaff			1½
	• Anna Tetzlaff		B 8/4/1857	6 mo.
	2. Peter *Michael* Tetzlaff			24
	Peter Tetzlaff married Susanna Pansegrau d/o *Peter Pansegrau and Maria Elisabeth Blaskowsky* (#11, Josephine)		B 7/11/1836	21
	Peter Tetzlaff and Susanne Pansegrau's children:			
	• Friedrich Tetzlaff			1½
	• Heinrich Tetzlaff			6 mo.
	3. Christine *Michael* Tetzlaff married Robert Hoffmann			
	Their daughter Emilie Eleonore Hoffmann married Heinrich Kolke *s/o Jan Andreas Kolke (s/o Michal Kolke and Eleonora Reich) and Maria Biberdorf (d/o Johann Biberdorf and Helene Drews)* (HH#3, Annette).			
	4. Maria *Michael* Tetzlaff married Johann Bieberdorf (b1827) s/o *Friedrich Gottlieb Bieberdorf and Helene Luther* (HH#5, Annette).			21
2	**Wilhelm Grass s/o *Christian Grass and Krystyna Neumann***			**39**
	Wilhelm *Christian* Grass married Elisabeth Felbel d/o *Jakob Felbel* (#28, Annette).			39
	Wilhelm *Christian* Grass and Elisabeth Felbel's children:			
	• Johann Grass			16
	Johann Grass married Charlotte Becker d/o *Carl Becker and Wilhelmine* ____ (#1, Josephine).		M 7/13/1864	13
	• Susanne Grass			14
	• Wilhelm Grass			6
	• August Grass			3
	• Maria Grass			1

Appendix C: 1857-58 RUSSIAN REVISIONS (CENSUSES) FOR ANNETTE AND JOSEPHINE VILLAGES (WITH ODESSA3 TRANSCRIPTS AND FHL FILM)

Revision of November 28, 1857 in the village of Josephine, Nowograd Wolhynsk Uzehd, Volhynia Gubernia

H/H	Name	Age 1849	Chg. since last Rev.	Cur. age
1	**Carl Becker s/o *Peter Becker***	**59**		**66**
	M#1 Carl *Peter* Becker's children from his first wife:			
	1. Jakob *Carl* Becker			
	Carl *Peter* Becker's grandson Johann Becker s/o *Jakob Becker*	11		18
	Carl *Peter* Becker's granddaughter Susanne Becker d/o *Jakob Becker*			16
	Susanne Becker married Jakob Becker s/o *Johann Becker and Maria Luther*	14	M 9/5/1859 B 10/2/1836	21
	2. Johann *Carl* Becker	37		44
	Johann *Carl* Becker married Maria Luther* d/o *Matthias Luther* (#2, Annette).			40
	*Maria Luther was the sister of Helene Luther w/o Friedrich *Gottlieb* Biberdorf (#5, Annette).			
	Johann Becker and Maria Luther's children:			
	• Jakob Becker	14	B 10/2/1836	21
	Jakob Becker married Susanne Becker d/o *Jakob Becker*		M 9/5/1859	16
	• Johann Becker	9		16
	Johann Becker married Charlotte Richert d/o *Peter Richert and Susanna Funk* (#7, Annette).		M 9/30/1862	15
	• Heinrich Becker	2		9
	• Friedrich Becker	1 mo.	B 4/19/1850	7½
	• Ludwig Becker		B 4/28/1852	5
	• Cornelius Becker			6 mo.
	• Helena Becker			13
	• Maria Becker		B 6/27/1846	11
	Sponsored by *Eleonore Reich Kolke*			
	• Justine Becker			3
	• Karl Becker		B 4/17/1857	
	• Gustav Benjamin Becker		B 3/27/1859	
	3. Carl *Carl* Becker	29		36
	Carl *Carl* Becker married Wilhelmine____ d/o *Michael* ____			32
	Carl Becker and Wilhelmine _____'s children:			
	• Charlotte Becker			13
	Charlotte Becker married Johann Grass s/o *Wilhelm Grass and Elisabeth Felbel* (#2, Annette (1858))		M 7/13/1864	16

	• Wilhelmine Becker			7½
	• Johann Becker	4		11
	• Carl Becker	2		9
	4. Cornelius *Carl* Becker			
	Cornelius *Carl* Becker married Anna Christina Biberdorf d/o *Gottlieb Biberdorf and Christine Barck*			
	Cornelius Becker and Christine Biberdorf's son Friedrich Becker		B 7/4/1845	
	5. Michael *Carl* Becker	18		25
	Michael *Carl* Becker married Helena Hammermeister d/o *Michael Hammermeister*		M 7/28/1850	26
	Michael Becker and Helena Hammermeister's children:			
	• Jakob Becker			6
	• Cornelius Becker		B 3/17/1853	4
	• Friedrich Becker			2
	• Rosine Becker			1
	M#2 Carl *Peter* Becker's second wife Christine ____ d/o *Gottlieb* ____			47
	Carl *Peter* Becker and Christine ____'s sons from his second wife:			
	6. Heinrich *Carl* Becker	14		21
	Heinrich Becker married Justina Bartz		M 9/5/1859	
	7. Andreas *Carl* Becker	11		18
	Andreas Becker married Susanna Nachtigall		M 10/7/1864	
	8. Friedrich *Carl* Becker	5		12
2	**Jakob Drude s/o *Michael Drude***	**47**		**54**
	Jakob *Michael* Drude married Magdalena/Helena Pansegrau d/o *Christian Pansegrau and Helene Grön* (see HH#11, Josephine for Magdalena/Helena Pansegrau's brother Peter Pansegrau).			44
	Jakob *Michael* Drude and Magdalena/Helena Pansegrau's children:			
	1. Michael Drude	21		28
	M#1 Michael Drude married Helena Drews d/o *Benjamin Johann Drews and Rosina Simon Neumann* (HH#4, Josephine)		B 1/21/1836 M 6/1/1853	
	M#2 Michael Drude married Eva Neumann d/o *Heinrich Simon Neumann and Anna Hammermeister* (HH#20, Annette)			18
	2. Heinrich Drude	19		26
	Heinrich Drude married Christine Rink d/o *Filip Rink*			29
	Christine Rink's brother Michael Rink s/o *Filip Rink* married Helena Ströbel (HH#11, Annette).	29	M 6/2/1843	36

	Christine Rink's sister Elisabeth Rink d/o *Filip Rink* married Johann *Paul* Neumann (HH#12, Josephine).		M 5/16/1843	35
	Heinrich Drude and Christine Rink's children:			
	• Maria Drude			6
	• Anna Drude			3
	Anna Drude married Christian Pekrull *s/o Jakob Georg Pekrull and Wilhelmine Michal Kolke* (HH#3, Josephine).			3
	• Jakob Drude			1
	Jakob Drude married Karoline Ziesmann d/o *Jakob Ziesmann and Eva Wagner* (d/o *Carl Wagner*) (HH#25, Annette).		M 12/12/1877 B 1/10/1858	
	3. Maria Drude		B 3/18/1836	
	4. Jakob Drude	11		18
	Jakob Drude married Justine Neumann d/o *Adam Neumann and Julianne Wagner* (d/o *Carl Wagner*) (HH#13, Josephine).			15
	5. Peter Drude	7		14
	Peter Drude married Helena Pekrull *d/o Jakob Georg Pekrull and Wilhelmine Michal Kolke* (HH#3, Josephine).			12
	6. Christian Drude	5		12
	Christian Drude married Anna Christine Pekrull *d/o Jakob Georg Pekrull and Wilhelmine Michal Kolke* (HH#3, Josephine).		M 10/13/1866	9
	7. Christine Drude			10
	8. Rosine Drude		B 7/1/1850	
	9. Anna Drude			3
	Caroline Drude d/o *Michael Drude s/o Jakob Drude*			36
	Caroline Drude married Daniel *Friedrich* Rode s/o *Friedrich Rode and Luise Tober* (HH#18, Annette)	29		36
	Christine Drude d/o *Michael Drude s/o Jakob Drude*			34
	Christine Drude married Johann *Friedrich* Rode s/o *Friedrich Rode and Luise Tober* (HH#18, Annette)	24		31
3	**George Pekrull s/o *Peter Pekrull and Eva Grön***	**50**		**57**
	George *Peter* Pekrull married Tekla Wasilewska *d/o Josef Wasilewska and Franziska Wachnik*		M 11/24/1818	58
	George *Peter* Pekrull's mother Eva Grön d/o *Johann Grön*			76
	George *Peter Pekrull and Tekla Josef Wasilewska's* children:			
	1. Jakob *Georg* Pekrull	26		33
	Jakob *George* Pekrull married Wilhelmine Kolke d/o *Michal Kolke and Eleonora Reich*			32
	Jakob *George* Pekrull's and Wilhelmine Kolke's children:			

	• Helena Pekrull			12
	Helena Pekrull married Peter Drude s/o *Jakob Drude and Helena Pansegrau* (HH#2, Josephine).	7		14
	• Anna Christine Pekrull			9
	Anna Christine Pekrull married Christian Drude s/o *Jakob Drude and Helena Pansegrau* (HH#2, Josephine).	5	M 10/13/1866	12
	• Susanne Pekrull			6
	Susanna Pekrull married Karl Traugott Ziesmann s/o *Benjamin Ziesmann and Katherine Vogt* (HH#31, Annette)		M 2/8/1873	4
	• Christian Pekrull			3
	Christian Pekrull married Anna Drude d/o *Heinrich Drude and Christine Rink* (HH#2, Josephine).		D 5/2/1900	3
	Christian Pekrull married Rosine Barz		M 2/13/1902	
	• Rosina Pekrull		B 3/30/1859	
	• Andreas Pekrull		B 9/8/1861	
	• Friedrich Pekrull		B 1865/66	
	• Peter Pekrull		B 11/29/1868	
	• Ferdinand Pekrull		B 11/8/1872	
	Ferdinand Pekrull married Hulda Kolke *d/o Julianne Kolke*		B 12/18/1882	
	2. Elisabeth *Georg* Pekrull			22
	3. Helena *Georg* Pekrull			18
	Helena Pekrull married Johann Grön s/o *George* (*Jakob*) *Grön and Maria Fröhlich* (HH#8, Josephine)	18	M 6/24/1855	25
	4. Maria *Georg* Pekrull #2			24
	Maria Pekrull #2 married Heinrich Neumann s/o *Simon Neumann* and were living on HH#20 with Heinrich *Adam* Neubauer and his wife Euphrosine Neumann d/o *Simon Neumann* Heinrich *Simon* Neumann's brothers Gottlieb, Paul, Adam and Ludwig Neumann lived on HH#s 9, 12 and 13 Josephine)	36	M 7/28/1850	43
	• Euphrosine Neumann (d/o Maria *Georg* Pekrull #2 and Heinrich Neumann) married Teodor Ziesmann, s/o *Paul Ziesmann* and unknown first wife) (HH#25, Annette)		B 4/7/1858 M 12/3/1880	2
	• Anna Neumann (d/o Maria *Georg* Pekrull #2 and Heinrich Neumann) married Peter Pansegrau, s/o *Christian Pansegrau and Susanna Ströbel* (HH#11, Josephine)		B 4/7/1858 B 9/8/1856 M 4/20/1877	1
4	**Johann Drews s/o *Andreas Drews*** Johann *Andreas* Drews wife Katharina ____	**72**	**Died 1854** B 1779 D 8/1/1850	
	Father of Helena *Johann* Drews w/o Johann *Gottlieb* Biberdorf (HH#3, Annette)			48

	Johann *Andreas* Drews and Katharina ____'s sons:			
	1. Benjamin *Johann* Drews	36		43
	Benjamin *Johann* Drews married Rosine Neumann d/o *Simon Neumann*			43
	Benjamin *Johann* Drews and Rosine *Simon* Neumann's children:			
	• Helena Drews		B 1/21/1836	
	Helena Drews married Michael *Jakob* Drude (M#1) s/o *Jakob Michael Drude and Magdalena/Helena Pansegrau* (HH#2, Josephine)	21	M 6/1/1853	28
	• Ferdinand Drews		B 2/1837 D 11/7/1850	
	• Julianne Drews			16
	• Anna Drews			13
	• Wilhelmine Drews			2
	• Benjamin Drews	12		19
	• Heinrich Drews	3	B 2/7/1847	10
	• Friedrich Drews	2	Died 1854	
	• Friedrich Drews			6
	2. George *Johann* Drews	34		41
	George *Johann* Drews married Magdalena/Helene Wagner d/o *Carl Wagner*			38
	George *Johann* Drews and Magdalena Wagner's children:			
	• Justine Drews			17
	• Wilhelmine Drews			3
	• Christine Drews			6 mo.
	• Heinrich Drews	6		13
	• Friedrich Drews	4	B 5/31/1846	11
	• Jakob Drews			6
	3. Christian *Johann* Drews	31		38
	Christian *Johann* Drews married Charlotte ____ d/o *Michael* ____			34
	Christian *Johann* Drews and Charlotte ____'s children:			
	• Helena Drews			7$^{1/8}$
	• Wilhelmine Drews			6 mo.
	• Christian Drews	9		16
	• Friedrich Drews	3		10
	• Anna Drews		B 1852 D 3/14/1853	
5	**Johann Drews s/o *Johann Andreas Drews and Katharina* ____ (HH#4, Josephine)** Johann *Johann* Drews wife was Karoline Neumann possibly d/o *Simon Neumann*	**44**	**Died 1855**	
	Brother of Helena *Johann* Drews w/o Johann *Gottlieb* Biberdorf (HH#3, Annette)			48

	Johann *Johann* Drews and Karoline *Simon* Neumann's children:			
	1. Johann Drews	15		22
	Johann Drews married Frederike ____ d/o *Friedrich* ____			18
	2. Friedrich Drews	11	Died 1851	
	3. Julian Drews	8		15
	4. Karoline Drews		B 6/6/1847	10
	Sponsored by Tekla Wasilewska Pekeruhl (HH#3, Josephine) and Maria Biberdorf Kolke			
6	**Christian Janke s/o *Paul Janke***	**55**		**62**
	Christian *Paul* Janke married Elisabeth ____ d/o Jakob ____			57
	Christian *Paul* Janke and Elisabeth ____'s children:			
	1. Friedrich *Christian* Janke	33		40
	Friedrich *Christian* Janke married Elisabeth Neubauer d/o *Jakob Neubauer*			37
	Friedrich Janke and Elisabeth Neubauer's children:			
	• Julianne Janke			18
	Julianne Janke married Gottlieb Neumann s/o *Johann Paul Neumann* and from his first wife (HH#12, Josephine)	11	M 2/17/1859	18
	• Anna Janke			10
	• Carl Janke	8		15
	• Wilhelmine Janke		B 9/2/1852	
	• Johann Janke			9 mo.
	2. Christian *Christian* Janke	23		30
	Christian *Christian* Janke married Anna Mantek d/o *Michael Mantek*			30
	Christian Janke and Anna Mantek's sons:			
	• Carl Janke	2		9
	• Heinrich Janke		B 4/14/1850	
	• Johann Janke		B 9/13/1852	
	• Heinrich Janke	1 mo.	Died 1857	
	• Michael Janke			1
	3. Maria *Christian* Janke			27
	Maria Janke married Johann Glaubitz s/o *Johann Glaubitz* (HH#37, Annette)	23		30
	4. Johann *Christian* Janke	13		20
7	**Filip Klein s/o *Jakob Klein***	**64**	D 9/13/1862	**71**
	Filip *Jakob* Klein's second wife Elisabeth Fritz (widow Müller) d/o *Johann Fritz*		M 1/3/1857 D 2/6/1864	55
	Filip *Jakob* Klein's first wife Maria Neumann d/o *Simon Neumann**		D 7/3/1855	

Appendix C: 1857-58 RUSSIAN REVISIONS (CENSUSES) FOR ANNETTE AND JOSEPHINE VILLAGES (WITH ODESSA3 TRANSCRIPTS AND FHL FILM)

*Sons of *Simon Neumann* lived on HH#s 9 (Gottlieb Neumann), 12 (Paul Neumann) and 13 (Adam Neumann and Ludwig Neumann) Josephine). Son Heinrich Neumann (married Maria Pekrul #2 d/o *George Pekrul and Tekla Wasilewska* (HH#3, Josephine)) lived on HH#20, Annette, with his sister Euphrosine Neumann Neubauer. Daughters Rosine Neumann Drews (HH#4) and Karoline Neumann Drews (HH#5) lived in Josephine.

Filip *Jakob* Klein's sons from his first wife Maria Neumann:

1. Johann Klein	35		42
Johann Klein married Charlotte Julianne Müller d/o *Gottfried Müller and Agathe Rosin* (HH#10, Annette)		M 5/25/1836	37
Johann Klein and Julianne Müller's children:			
• George Klein	12	Died 1853	
• Maria Klein			19
Maria Klein married Heinrich Richert s/o Peter Richert and Susanna Funk (#7 Annette).	14	B 3/4/1836	21
• Gottfried Klein	12		19
Gottfried Klein married Susanne Bieberdorf d/o *Johann Gottlieb Bieberdorf and Helena Drews* (HH#3, Annette).		M 9/25/1862	12
• Carl Rudolf Klein	10		17
Carl Rudolf Klein married Dorothea Bieberdorf d/o *Friedrich Gottlieb Bieberdorf* and Helen Luther (HH#5, Annette).		M 2/5/1864	16
• Julian Klein (male, possibly "Julius"?)	8		15
• Johann Klein	6		13
• Daniel Klein	2		9
• Julianne Klein			6
• Emilie Klein			6 mo.
2. George Klein	33	B 1/6/1813	40
George Klein married Rosine Ströbel d/o *Peter Ströbel* (HH#23, Annette)		M 11/20/1836	35
George Klein and Rosine Ströbel's children:			
• Samuel Klein	11	Died 1857	
• Julian Klein (possibly "Julius"?)	9		16
• Andreas Klein	6		13
• Justine Klein			11
• Susanne Klein			6
• Helena Klein			4
Maria Magdalena / Helena Klein married Andreas Felbel s/o *Adam Felbel and Anna Dorothea Pansegrau* (#28, Annette) d/o *Christian Pansegrau and Helene Grön/Gröhn* (#11, Josephine).			3
• Friedrich Klein			3

	3. Samuel *Filip* Klein	26	B 4/14/1824	33
	Samuel *Filip* Klein and his first wife Elisabeth/Elise Rode's (d/o *Friedrich Rode and* ____ (HH#18, Annette) children:		D 1853	
	• Anna Klein			13
	• Gottfried Klein		B 11/20/1847	
	• Friedrich Klein	3		10
	• Justina Klein		B 2/4/1852	
	Justina Klein married Samuel Bartz/Barz s/o *Johann Bartz/Barz and* Eva Pekrull (d/o Georg Pekrul and Tekla Wasilewska, HH#3, Josephine)			
	• Johann Klein	1 mo.	B 1/19/1850	7½
	Samuel *Filip* Klein's second wife (Anna) Susanne Kolke d/o *Michal Kolke and Eleonora Reich*		M 6/11/1853	23
	Samuel *Filip* Klein's and Anna Susanna Kolke's daughter Rosine Klein			2
	Rosine Klein married Wilhelm Felbel s/o *Heinrich Felbel and Anna Klinner d/o Christian Klinner and Christiana Rode* (#28, Annette).		B 2/6/1836	3
8	**George Grön s/o *Jakob Grön***	**64**		**71**
	George Grön's sister may have been Helene Grön who married patriarch Christian Pansegrau (HH#11, Josephine)			
	George *Jakob* Grön and his unknown first wife's children:			
	1. Michael *George* Grön	23	Died 1854	
	Michael Grön married Maria Lang		M 8/1/1850	
	Michael Grön and Maria Lang's children:			
	• Heinrich Grön			6
	Heinrich Grön married Justine Neumann d/o *Johann Neumann and Elisabeth Rink* (HH#12, Josephine)		M 11/7/1872	4
	• Maria Grön			5
	2. Eva *George* Grön (probable daughter) married Michael Bartz (d1857)		M 10/29/1850	
	Widow Eva Grön married Michael Menczynski		M 9/12/1857	
	3. Johann *George* Grön	18	D 10/29/1860	25
	Johann Grön married Helena Pekrull d/o *George Pekrul and Tekla Wasilewska* (HH#3, Josephine)		M 6/24/1855	18
	Johann Grön and Helena *George* Pekrull's children:			
	• Heinrich Grön		B 6/7/1857	3 mo.
	Heinrich Grön married Justine Kolke d/o *Gottlieb Kolke*		M 1/12/1877	

	• Anna Grön (born after her father's death and after her mother's remarriage)		B 6/7/1861	
	Widow Helena Pekrull Grön married Anton Richter		M 1/5/1861	
	George *Jakob* Grön married Maria Fröhlich		M 5/12/1836	
	George *Jakob* Grön and Maria Fröhlich's children:			
	1. Peter *George* Grön	15	B 5/12/1836	22
	Peter Grön married Francisca Siegert			
	2. George *George* Grön	13		20
	George Grön married Louise Tscheiskowsky		M 6/19/1861	
	3. Christian *George* Grön	3		10
	Christian Grön married Justina/Christine Mantey/Mantei			
9	**Gottlieb Neumann s/o *Simon Neumann***	**40**		**47**
	Simon Neumann's daughter Euphrosine *Simon* Neumann married Heinrich *Adam* Neubauer and lived on HH#20, Annette.	 35	M 12/1836	36 42
	Simon Neumann's son Heinrich *Simon* Neumann married (#2) Maria Pekrul #2 d/o *George Pekrul and Tekla Wasilewska* (HH#3, Josephine) and lived with his brother-in-law Heinrich *Adam* Neubauer on HH#20, Annette.	36	 M 7/28/1850	43 24
	Simon Neumann's daughter Rosine *Simon* Neumann married Benjamin *Johann* Drews s/o *Johann Andreas Drews and Katharina* ____ (HH#4, Josephine).	 36		43 43
	Simon Neumann's probable daughter Karoline *Simon* Neumann married Johann *Johann* Drews s/o *Johann Andreas Drews and Katharina* ____ (HH#5, Josephine).	 44	 Died 1855	
	M#1 Gottlieb *Simon* Neumann's first wife Justina Wagner possibly d/o *Carl Wagner*			
	Gottlieb *Simon* Neumann and Justina Wagner's children:			
	• Caroline Neumann Caroline Neumann married Gottlieb *Paul* Neumann (HH#12, Josephine).	 18		20 25
	• Justina Neumann Justina Neumann married Peter Neumann s/o *Paul Simon Neumann* (HH#12, Josephine).	 17		18 24
	• Friedrich Neumann	4		11
	• Charlotte Neumann			14
	• Helena Neumann		B 7/20/1847	9
	M#2 Gottlieb *Simon* Neumann married Maria (Salome) Makris/Markis d/o *Johann Makris/Markis*		M 6/19/1852	23

	Gottlieb *Simon* Neumann and Maria (Salome) Makris/Markis's children:			
	• Ferdinand Neumann	6 mo.		7½
	• Eva Neumann			2½
	• Susanne Neumann			1
11	**Peter Pansegrau s/o *Christian Pansegrau and Helene Grön/Gröhn* (sister of Georg Grön, HH#8, Josephine)**	**42**		**49**
	Peter *Christian* Pansegrau married Maria Elisabeth Blaskowsky d/o *George Blaskowsy*		D 1/14/1866	49
	Peter *Christian* Pansegrau's sister Magdalena/Helena Pansegrau married Jakob Drude (HH#2, Josephine)			44
	Peter *Christian* Pansegrau and Maria Elisabeth Blaskowsky's children:			
	1. Christian Pansegrau	21		28
	Christian Pansegrau married Susanne Ströbel d/o *Paul Ströbel and Anna Krüger* (HH#24, Annette).		M 8/10/1853	20
	Christian Pansegrau and Susanne Ströbel's children:			
	• Christian Pansegrau			3
	Christian Pansegrau married Emma Jürgens		M 6/7/1883	
	• Peter Pansegrau		B 9/8/1856	1
	Peter Pansegrau married Anna Neumann d/o *Maria Georg Pekrul #2 and Heinrich Neumann* (HH#3, Josephine)		B 4/7/1858 M 4/20/1877	
	Widow Susanne Ströbel Pansegrau d/o *Paul Paul Ströbel* (HH#24, Annette) married Karl Gottlieb Wiese (1839-1909) *s/o Karl Wiese and Charlotte Mylke/Mielke* (b/o *Wilhelmine Wiese* (*Kolke*)		M 9/12/1862	20
	2. Anna Dorothea Pansegrau d/o *Christian Pansegrau and Helene Grön/Gröhn*			26
	Anna Dorothea Pansegrau married Adam Felbel s/o *Jakob Felbel* (#28, Annette)	24		31
	3. Peter Pansegrau	17	Died 5/8/1853	
	4. Susanna Pansegrau		B 7/11/1836	21
	Susanna Pansegrau married Peter Tetzlaff s/o *Michael Tetzlaff* (HH#1, Annette (1858)).			24
	5. Maria Magdalena Pansegrau			20
	Maria Magdalena Pansegrau married Benjamin Ratzlaw/Ratzlaff		M 9/5/1859	
	6. Eva Pansegrau		B 2/15/1842	15
	7. Charlotte Pansegrau			13
	Charlotte Pansegrau married Wilhelm Ziesmann s/o *Michael Ziesmann and Maria Blaskowski* (HH#25, Annette)	4	M 3/11/1864	11

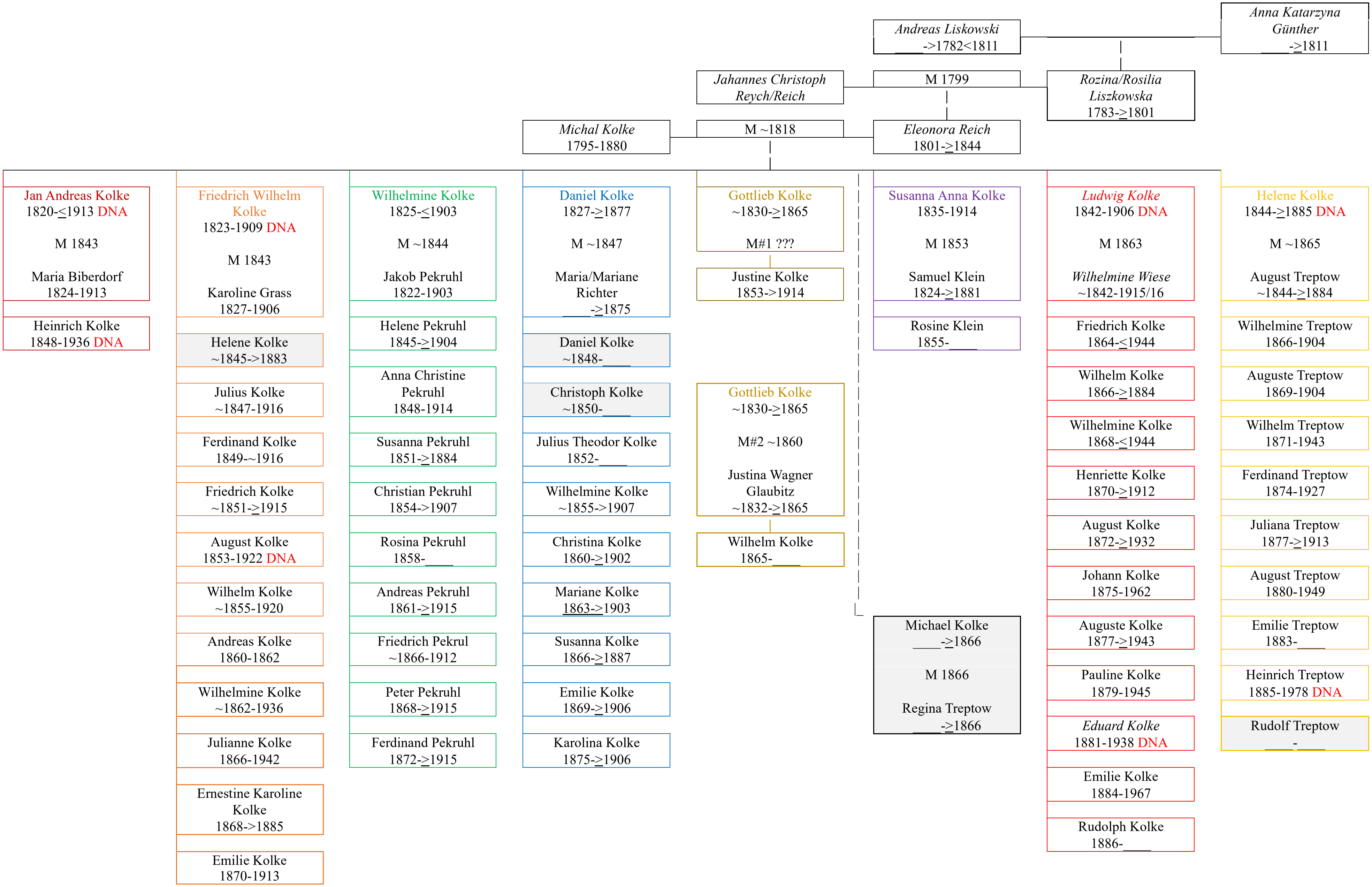
12	**Paul Neumann s/o *Simon Neumann***	**52**		**59**
	Simon Neumann's daughter Euphrosine *Simon* Neumann married Heinrich *Adam* Neubauer and lived on HH#20, Annette.	35	M 12/1836	36 42
	Simon Neumann's son Heinrich *Simon* Neumann married (#2) Maria Pekrul #2 d/o *George Pekrul and Tekla Wasilewska* (HH#3, Josephine) and lived with his brother-in-law Heinrich *Adam* Neubauer on HH#20, Annette.	36	M 7/28/1850	43 24
	Simon Neumann's daughter Rosine *Simon* Neumann married Benjamin *Johann* Drews s/o Johann *Andreas* Drews and Katharina ____ (HH#4, Josephine).	36		43 43
	Simon Neumann's probable daughter Karoline *Simon* Neumann married Johann *Johann* Drews s/o Johann *Andreas* Drews and Katharina ____ (HH#5, Josephine).	44	Died 1855	
	Paul *Simon* Neumann's wife Anna ____ d/o *Christian* ____			61
	Paul *Simon* Neumann and Anna ____'s sons:			
	1. Johann *Paul* Neumann	33		40
	M#1 Johann *Paul* Neumann's son from his first wife: Gottlieb Neumann	11		18
	Gottlieb Neumann married Juliane Janke d/o *Friedrich Christian Janke and Elisabeth Neubauer* (HH#6, Josephine)		M 2/17/1859	18
	M#2 Johann *Paul* Neumann married Elisabeth Rink d/o *Filip Rink*		M 5/16/1843	35
	Johann *Paul* Neumann and Elisabeth Rink's children:			
	• Anna Neumann			12
	• Maria Neumann			6
	• Johann Neumann			5
	• Heinrich Neumann			2
	• Justine Neumann		B 3/1/1853	4
	Justine Neumann married Heinrich Grön s/o *Michael Grön and Maria Lang* (HH#8, Josephine)		M 11/7/1872	6
	Elisabeth Rink's brother Michael *Filip* Rink married Helena Ströbel (HH#11, Annette).	29	M 6/2/1843	36
	Elisabeth Rink's sister Christine *Filip* Rink married Heinrich *Jakob* Drude (HH#2, Josephine).			29
	2. Gottlieb *Paul* Neumann	18		25
	Gottlieb *Paul* Neumann married Caroline Neumann d/o *Gottlieb Simon Neumann* (HH#9, Josephine).			20
	Gottlieb Neumann and Caroline Neumann's daughters:			
	• Helena Neumann		B 11/7/1852	4
	• Caroline Neumann			1

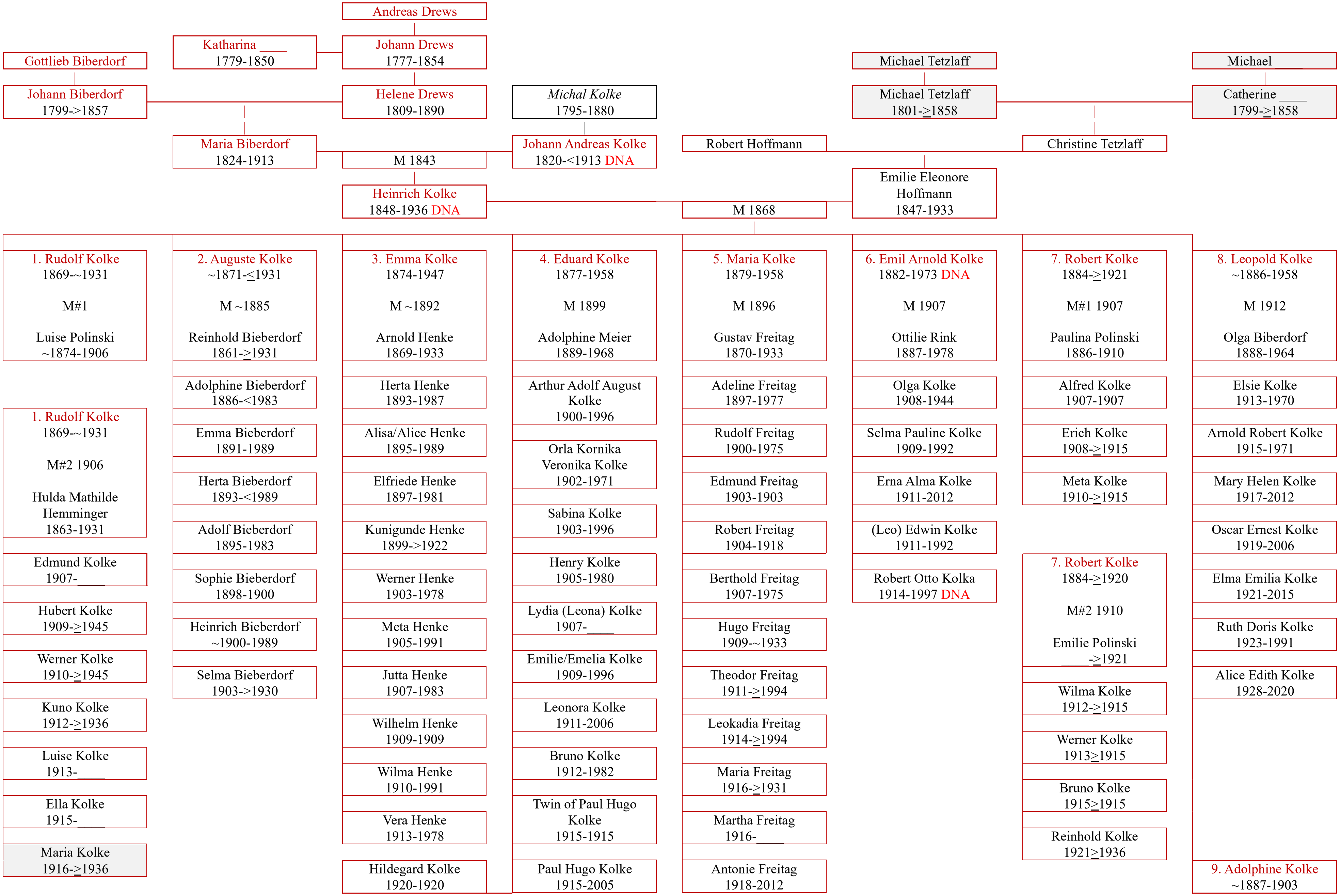
	• Rosina Neumann		B 8/9/1858	
	3. Peter *Paul* Neumann	17		24
	Peter *Paul* Neumann's wife Justine/Justina Neumann d/o *Gottlieb Simon Neumann* (HH#9, Josephine).			18
	4. Simon *Paul* Neumann	14	B 5/24/1836	21
	Simon *Paul* Neumann married Julianne Ziesmann d/o *Michael Ziesmann* (either HH#25 or #31, Annette)		M 8/29/1857	17
	Simon *Paul* Neumann and Julianne Ziesmann's daughter Justina Neumann		B 7/12/1858	
	5. Michael *Paul* Neumann	12		19
13	**Adam Neumann s/o *Simon Neumann***	**46**		**53**
	Simon Neumann's daughter Euphrosine *Simon* Neumann married Heinrich *Adam* Neubauer and lived on HH#20, Annette.	35	M 12/1836	36 42
	Simon Neumann's son Heinrich *Simon* Neumann married (#2) Maria Pekrul #2 d/o *George Pekrul and Tekla Wasilewska* (HH#3, Josephine) and lived with his brother-in-law Heinrich *Adam* Neubauer on HH#20, Annette.	36	M 7/28/1850	43 24
	Simon Neumann's daughter Rosine *Simon* Neumann married Benjamin *Johann* Drews s/o *Johann Andreas Drews and Katharina* ____ (HH#4, Josephine).	36		43 43
	Simon Neumann's probable daughter Karoline *Simon* Neumann married Johann *Johann* Drews s/o *Johann Andreas Drews and Katharina* ____ (HH#5, Josephine).	44	Died 1855	
	Adam *Simon* Neumann married Julianne Wagner d/o *Carl Wagner*			43
	Adam *Simon* Neumann and Julianne Wagner's children:			
	1. Wilhelm *Adam* Neumann	15		22
	Wilhelm Neumann married Elisabeth/Anna Luise/Louisa Reimann d/o *George Reimann*		M 11/7/1853	19
	Wilhelm Neumann and Elisabeth Reimann's children:			
	• Susanna Neumann		B 3/4/1855	
	• Wilhelmine Neumann		B 4/11/1858	
	2. Heinrich *Adam* Neumann	12		19
	3. George *Adam* Neumann	10		17
	4. Justine *Adam* Neumann			15
	Justine Neumann married Jakob Drude s/o *Jakob Drude and Helene Pansegrau* (HH#2, Josephine)	11	M 5/26/1859	18
	5. Maria *Adam* Neumann			13
	6. Carl/Karl *Adam* Neumann	3	B 4/1/1847	10
	7. Adam *Adam* Neumann	1 mo.	B 3/6/1850	7½

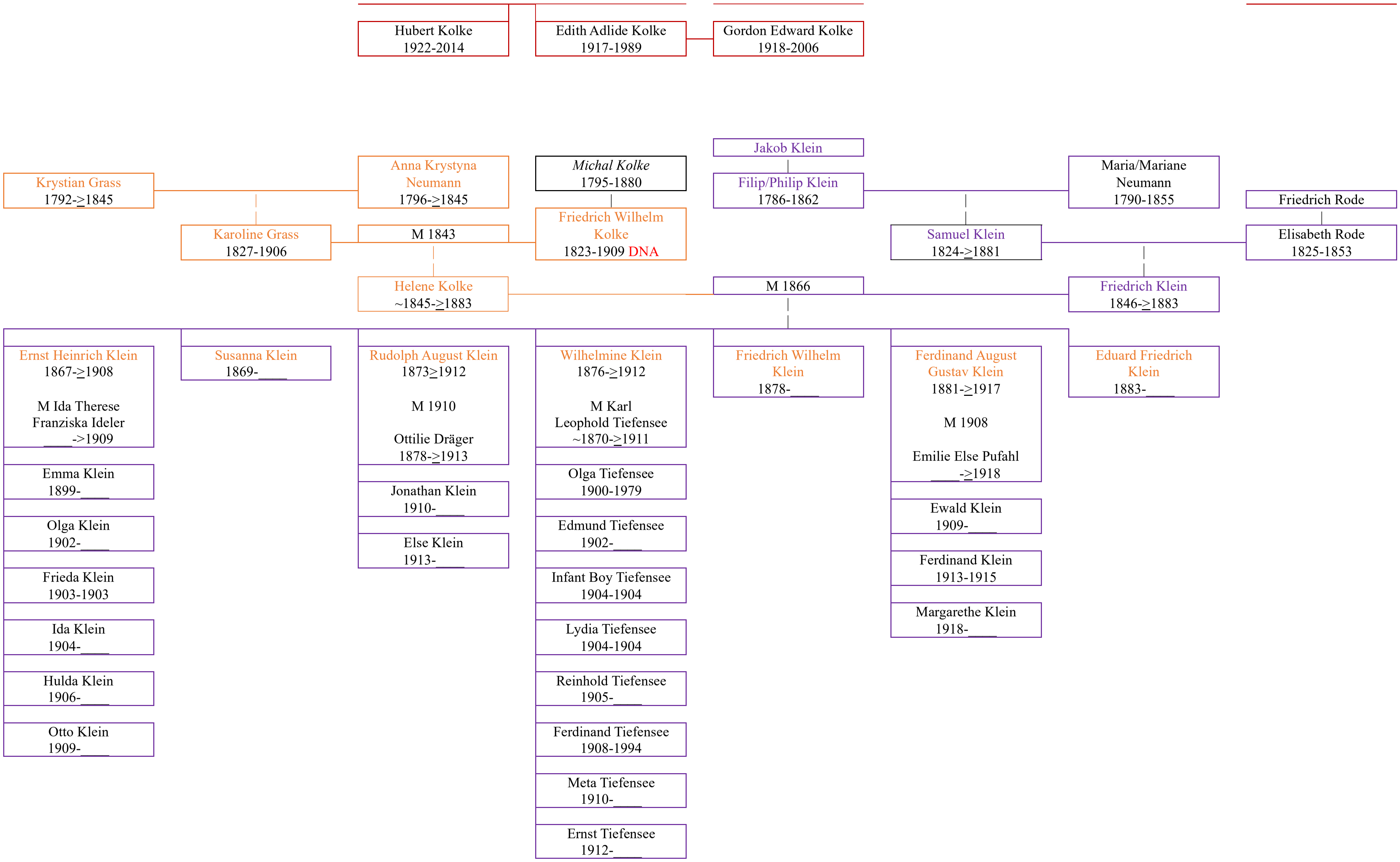
	8. Wilhelmine *Adam* Neumann			5
	9. Euphrosine *Adam* Neumann			3
	10. Matthias *Adam* Neumann			1
	11. Mathilde *Adam* Neumann		B 8/14/1859	
	Adam *Simon* Neumann's brother Ludwig *Simon* Neumann	33		40
	Ludwig *Simon* Neumann's wife Amalie (Salome) Schiller d/o *Johann Schiller*		M 11/1836	47
	Ludwig *Simon* Neumann and Amalie Schiller's son Robert *Ludwig* Neumann	15		22
	Robert *Ludwig* Neumann married Maria ____ d/o *Michael* ____			23
	Robert *Ludwig* Neumann and Maria ____'s children:			
	• Amalie Neumann			5
	• Robert Neumann			3
	• Heinrich Neumann			6 mo.
15	**Carl Klebs (Klebe) s/o *Wilhelm Klebs***	***note**		**70**
	Carl *Wilhelm* Klebs married Dorothea Sophia Stock d/o *Johann Stock*			62
	Carl *Wilhelm* Klebs and Dorothea Sophia Stock's children:			
	1. Carl Klebs			38
	Carl Klebs married Elisabeth Böse d/o *Benjamin Böse*			28
	Carl Klebs and Elisabeth Böse's children:			
	• Johann Klebs			6
	• Friedrich Klebs			1
	• Wilhelmine Klebs			6
	Wilhelmine Klebs was the second wife of Friedrich Bieberdorf s/o *Peter Gottlieb Bieberdorf and Helene Könke* (HH#4, Annette).			27
	• Elisabeth Klebs			3
	2. Johann Klebs			33
	Johann Klebs married Christine Ströbel d/o *Jakob Paul Ströbel and Anna Sorec* (HH#35, Annette)			30
	Johann Klebs and Christine Ströbel's children:			
	• Wilhelm Klebs			5½
	• Friedrich Klebs			4
	• Anna Klebs			2
	• Helena Klebs			6 mo.
	3. Henrietta Klebe			31
	Henrietta Klebe married Johann *Matthias* Luther s/o *Matthias Luther and Marianna* ____ (HH#8, Annette)	37		44
	4. Friedrich Klebs			25
	Friedrich Klebs married Anna Biberdorf d/o *Johann Gottlieb Bieberdorf and Helena Drews* (HH#3, Annette).			25

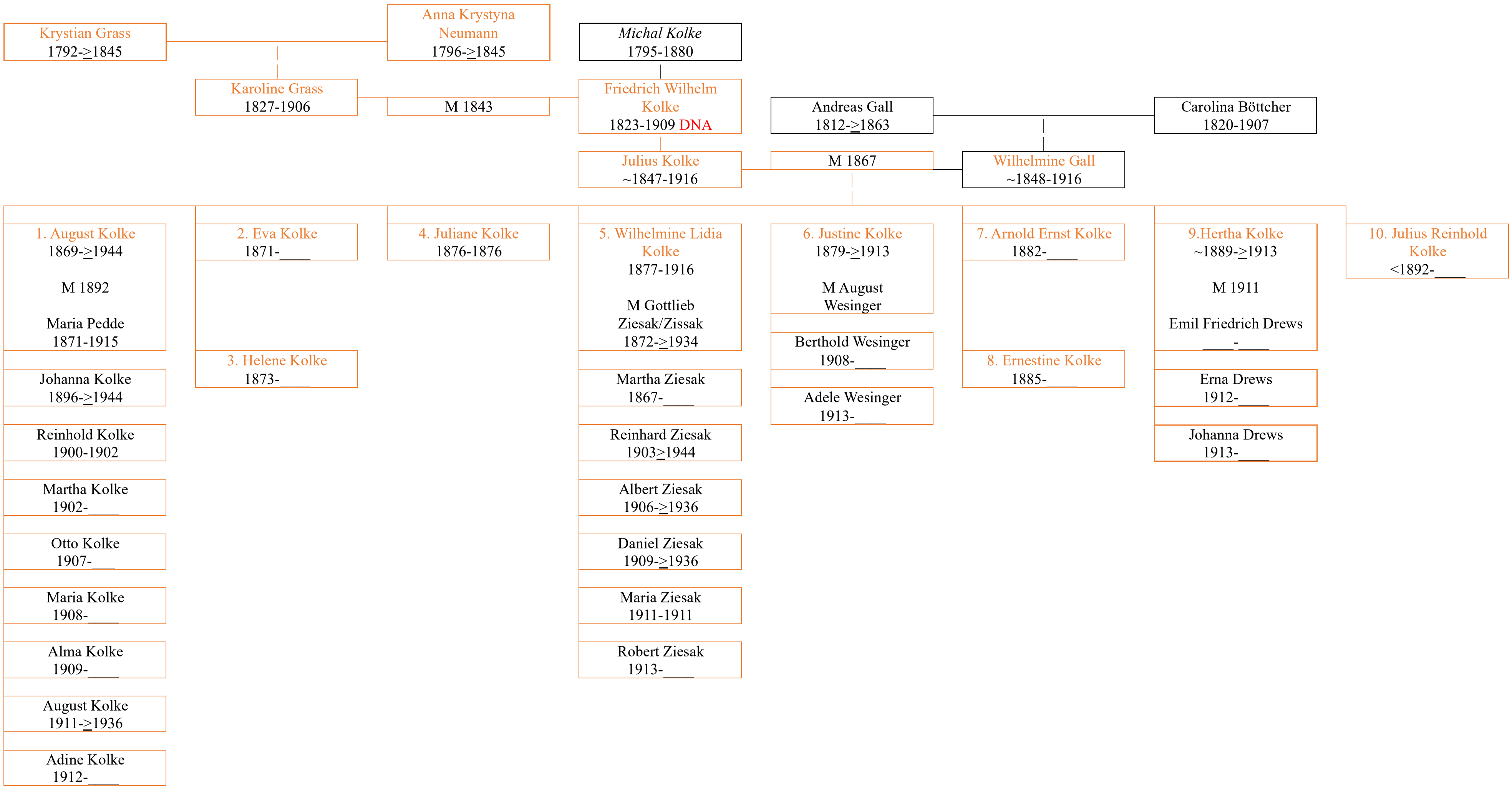
Friedrich Klebs and Anna Bieberdorf’s children:	
• Maria Klebs	4
• Friedrich Klebs	2
5. Christian Klebs	21
Christian Klebs’ wife Eva ____ d/o *Jakob* ____	24

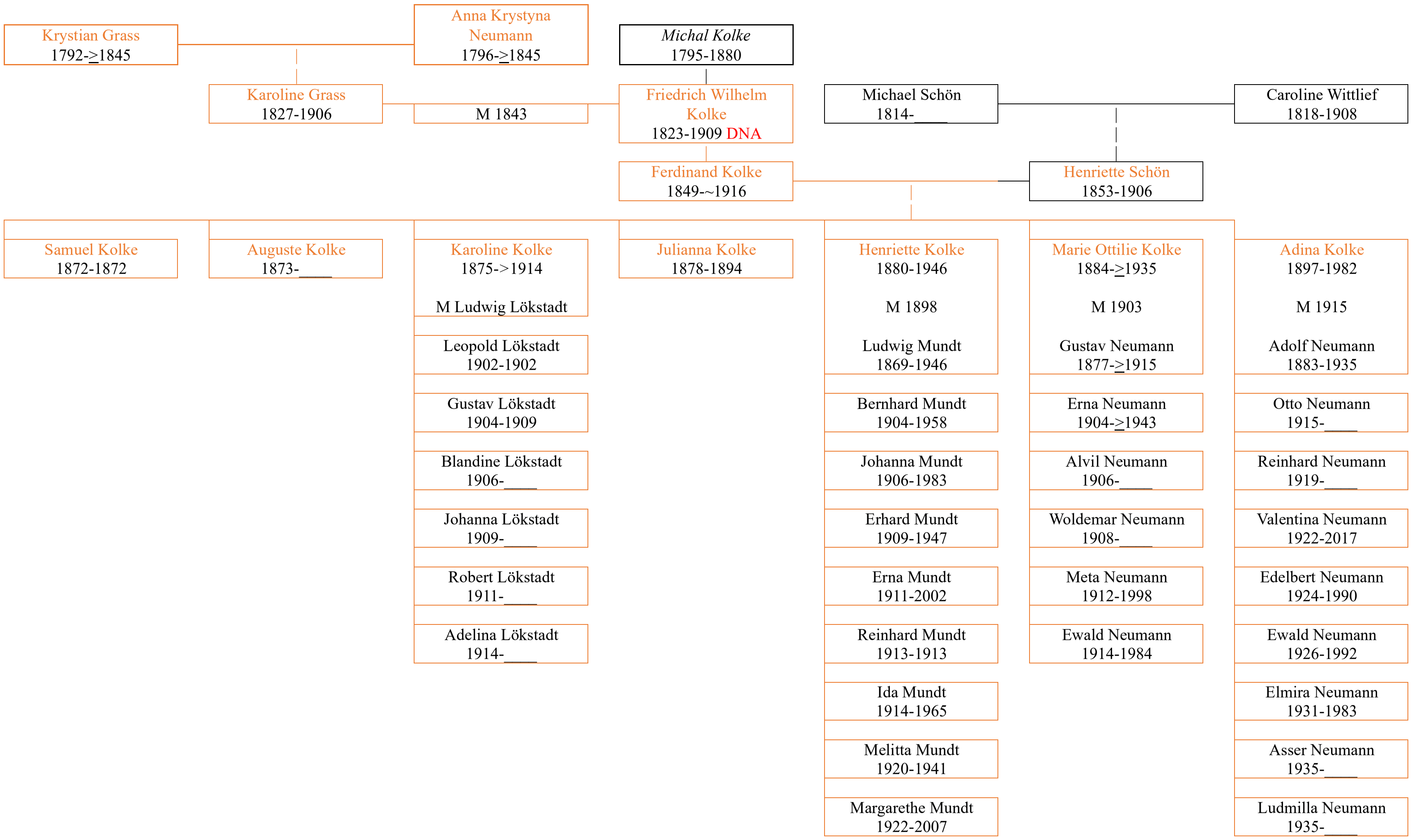
Appendix D: KNOWN AND SUSPECTED (shaded) MEMBERS OF THE KOLKE EXTENDED FAMILIES

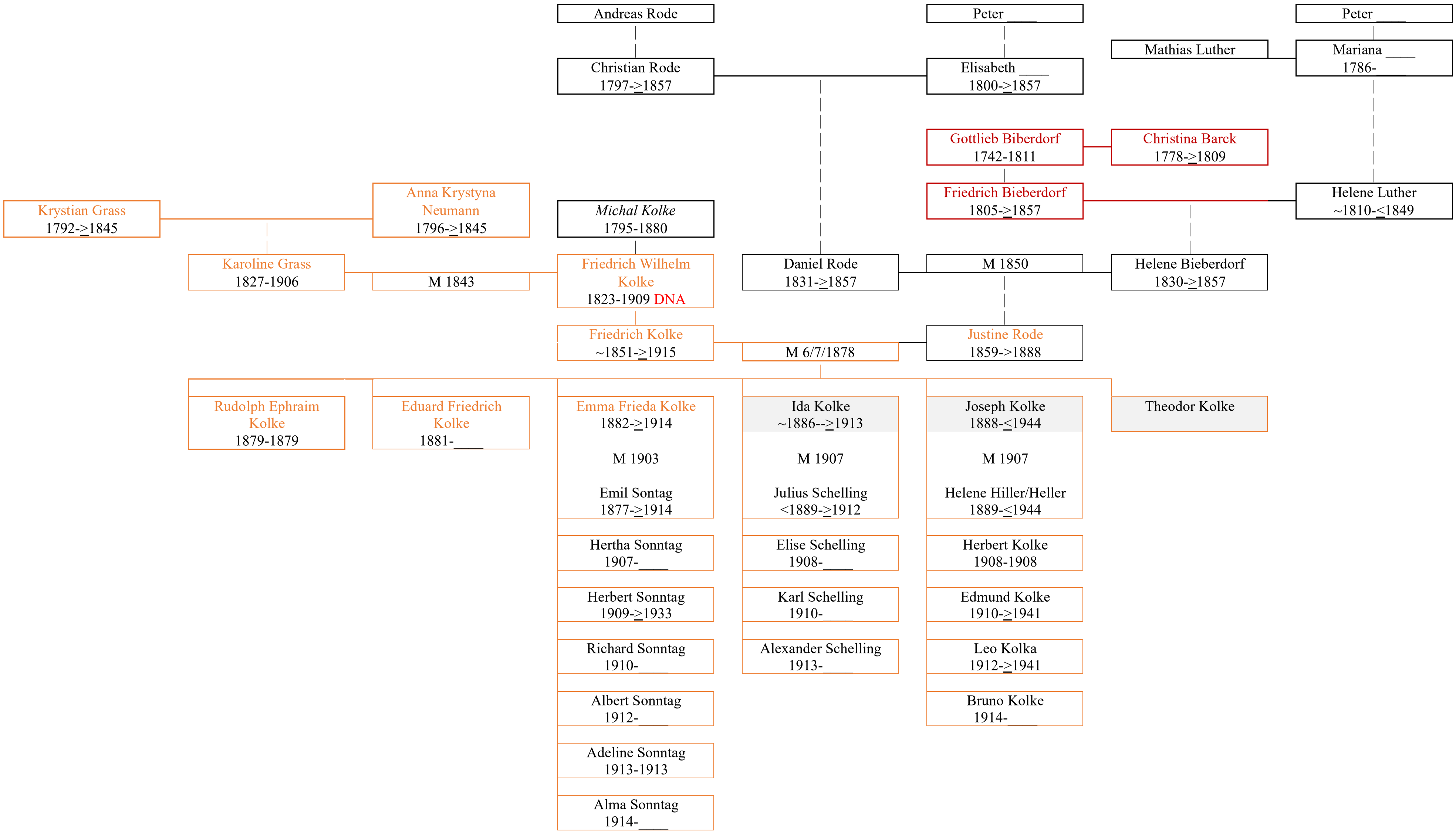

Anna Katarzyna Günther ____-≥1811
Andreas Liskowski ____->1782<1811
Jahannes Christoph Reych/Reich
M 1799
Rozina/Rosilia Liszkowska 1783-≥1801
Michal Kolke 1795-1880
M ~1818
Eleonora Reich 1801-≥1844
Jan Andreas Kolke 1820-≤1913 DNA
M 1843
Maria Biberdorf 1824-1913
Heinrich Kolke 1848-1936 DNA
Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke 1823-1909 DNA
M 1843
Karoline Grass 1827-1906
Helene Kolke ~1845->1883
Julius Kolke ~1847-1916
Ferdinand Kolke 1849-~1916
Friedrich Kolke ~1851-≥1915
August Kolke 1853-1922 DNA
Wilhelm Kolke ~1855-1920
Andreas Kolke 1860-1862
Wilhelmine Kolke ~1862-1936
Julianne Kolke 1866-1942
Ernestine Karoline Kolke 1868->1885
Emilie Kolke 1870-1913
Wilhelmine Kolke 1825-≤1903
M ~1844
Jakob Pekruhl 1822-1903
Helene Pekruhl 1845-≥1904
Anna Christine Pekruhl 1848-1914
Susanna Pekruhl 1851-≥1884
Christian Pekruhl 1854->1907
Rosina Pekruhl 1858-____
Andreas Pekruhl 1861-≥1915
Friedrich Pekrul ~1866-1912
Peter Pekruhl 1868-≥1915
Ferdinand Pekruhl 1872-≥1915
Daniel Kolke 1827-≥1877
M ~1847
Maria/Mariane Richter ____-≥1875
Daniel Kolke ~1848-____
Christoph Kolke ~1850-____
Julius Theodor Kolke 1852-____
Wilhelmine Kolke ~1855->1907
Christina Kolke 1860-≥1902
Mariane Kolke 1863->1903
Susanna Kolke 1866-≥1887
Emilie Kolke 1869->1906
Karolina Kolke 1875-≥1906
Gottlieb Kolke ~1830-≥1865
M#1 ???
Justine Kolke 1853->1914
Gottlieb Kolke ~1830-≥1865
M#2 ~1860
Justina Wagner Glaubitz ~1832-≥1865
Wilhelm Kolke 1865-____
Susanna Anna Kolke 1835-1914
M 1853
Samuel Klein 1824-≥1881
Rosine Klein 1855-____
Michael Kolke ____-≥1866
M 1866
Regina Treptow ____-≥1866
Ludwig Kolke 1842-1906 DNA
M 1863
Wilhelmine Wiese ~1842-1915/16
Friedrich Kolke 1864-≤1944
Wilhelm Kolke 1866-≥1884
Wilhelmine Kolke 1868-≤1944
Henriette Kolke 1870-≥1912
August Kolke 1872-≥1932
Johann Kolke 1875-1962
Auguste Kolke 1877-≥1943
Pauline Kolke 1879-1945
Eduard Kolke 1881-1938 DNA
Emilie Kolke 1884-1967
Rudolph Kolke 1886-____
Helene Kolke 1844-≥1885 DNA
M ~1865
August Treptow ~1844-≥1884
Wilhelmine Treptow 1866-1904
Auguste Treptow 1869-1904
Wilhelm Treptow 1871-1943
Ferdinand Treptow 1874-1927
Juliana Treptow 1877-≥1913
August Treptow 1880-1949
Emilie Treptow 1883-____
Heinrich Treptow 1885-1978 DNA
Rudolf Treptow ____-____

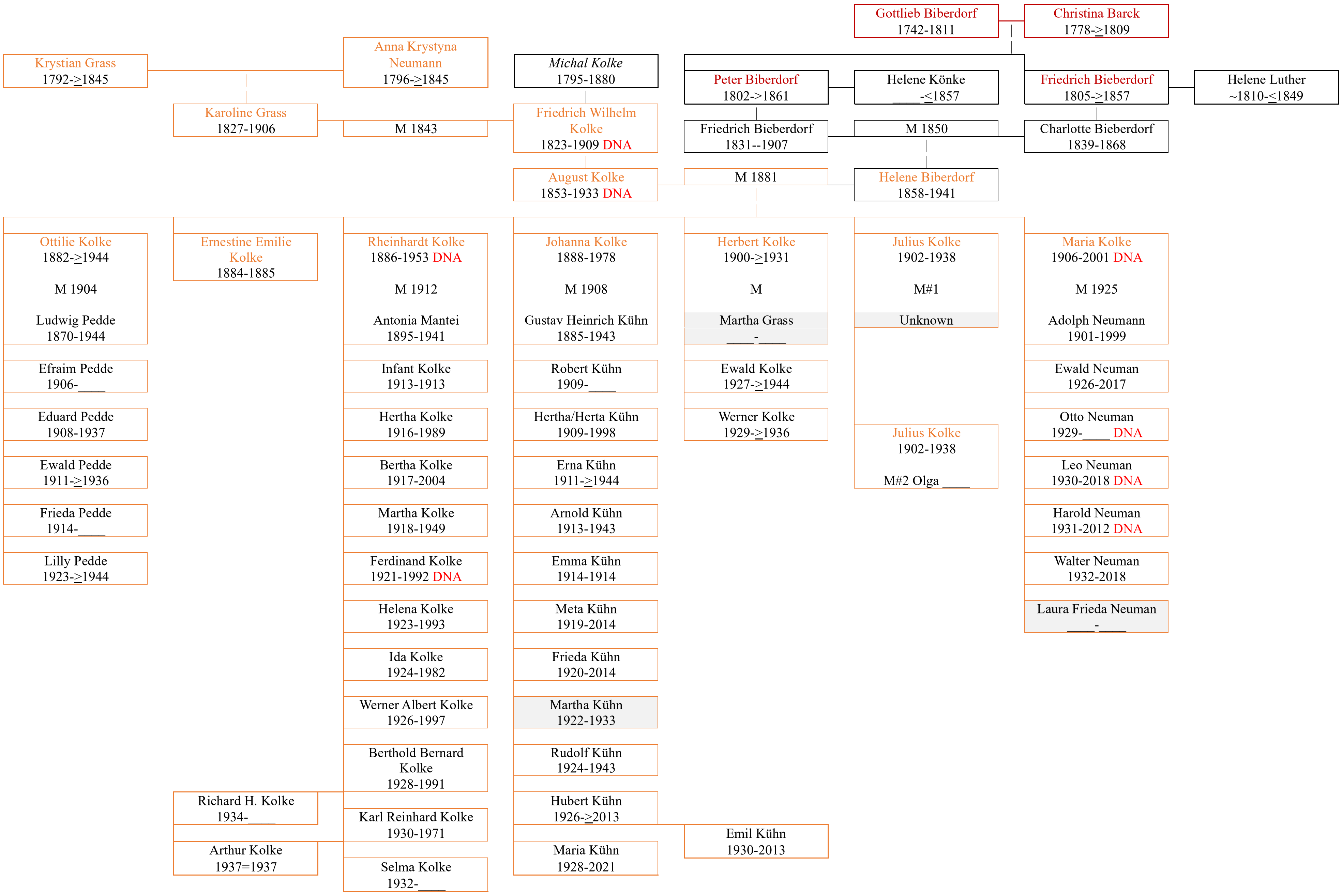

Andreas Drews
Katharina ____ 1779-1850
Johann Drews 1777-1854
Gottlieb Biberdorf
Johann Biberdorf 1799->1857
Helene Drews 1809-1890
Michal Kolke 1795-1880
Michael Tetzlaff
Michael Tetzlaff 1801-≥1858
Michael ____
Catherine ____ 1799-≥1858
Maria Biberdorf 1824-1913
M 1843
Johann Andreas Kolke 1820-<1913 DNA
Robert Hoffmann
Christine Tetzlaff
Heinrich Kolke 1848-1936 DNA
M 1868
Emilie Eleonore Hoffmann 1847-1933
1. Rudolf Kolke 1869-~1931 M#1 Luise Polinski ~1874-1906
1. Rudolf Kolke 1869-~1931 M#2 1906 Hulda Mathilde Hemminger 1863-1931
Edmund Kolke 1907-____
Hubert Kolke 1909-≥1945
Werner Kolke 1910-≥1945
Kuno Kolke 1912-≥1936
Luise Kolke 1913-____
Ella Kolke 1915-____
Maria Kolke 1916-≥1936
2. Auguste Kolke ~1871-≤1931 M ~1885 Reinhold Bieberdorf 1861-≥1931
Adolphine Bieberdorf 1886-<1983
Emma Bieberdorf 1891-1989
Herta Bieberdorf 1893-<1989
Adolf Bieberdorf 1895-1983
Sophie Bieberdorf 1898-1900
Heinrich Bieberdorf ~1900-1989
Selma Bieberdorf 1903->1930
3. Emma Kolke 1874-1947 M ~1892 Arnold Henke 1869-1933
Herta Henke 1893-1987
Alisa/Alice Henke 1895-1989
Elfriede Henke 1897-1981
Kunigunde Henke 1899->1922
Werner Henke 1903-1978
Meta Henke 1905-1991
Jutta Henke 1907-1983
Wilhelm Henke 1909-1909
Wilma Henke 1910-1991
Vera Henke 1913-1978
Hildegard Kolke 1920-1920
4. Eduard Kolke 1877-1958 M 1899 Adolphine Meier 1889-1968
Arthur Adolf August Kolke 1900-1996
Orla Kornika Veronika Kolke 1902-1971
Sabina Kolke 1903-1996
Henry Kolke 1905-1980
Lydia (Leona) Kolke 1907-____
Emilie/Emelia Kolke 1909-1996
Leonora Kolke 1911-2006
Bruno Kolke 1912-1982
Twin of Paul Hugo Kolke 1915-1915
Paul Hugo Kolke 1915-2005
5. Maria Kolke 1879-1958 M 1896 Gustav Freitag 1870-1933
Adeline Freitag 1897-1977
Rudolf Freitag 1900-1975
Edmund Freitag 1903-1903
Robert Freitag 1904-1918
Berthold Freitag 1907-1975
Hugo Freitag 1909-~1933
Theodor Freitag 1911-≥1994
Leokadia Freitag 1914-≥1994
Maria Freitag 1916-≥1931
Martha Freitag 1916-____
Antonie Freitag 1918-2012
6. Emil Arnold Kolke 1882-1973 DNA M 1907 Ottilie Rink 1887-1978
Olga Kolke 1908-1944
Selma Pauline Kolke 1909-1992
Erna Alma Kolke 1911-2012
(Leo) Edwin Kolke 1911-1992
Robert Otto Kolka 1914-1997 DNA
7. Robert Kolke 1884-≥1921 M#1 1907 Paulina Polinski 1886-1910
Alfred Kolke 1907-1907
Erich Kolke 1908-≥1915
Meta Kolke 1910-≥1915
7. Robert Kolke 1884-≥1920 M#2 1910 Emilie Polinski ____-≥1921
Wilma Kolke 1912-≥1915
Werner Kolke 1913≥1915
Bruno Kolke 1915≥1915
Reinhold Kolke 1921≥1936
8. Leopold Kolke ~1886-1958 M 1912 Olga Biberdorf 1888-1964
Elsie Kolke 1913-1970
Arnold Robert Kolke 1915-1971
Mary Helen Kolke 1917-2012
Oscar Ernest Kolke 1919-2006
Elma Emilia Kolke 1921-2015
Ruth Doris Kolke 1923-1991
Alice Edith Kolke 1928-2020
9. Adolphine Kolke ~1887-1903

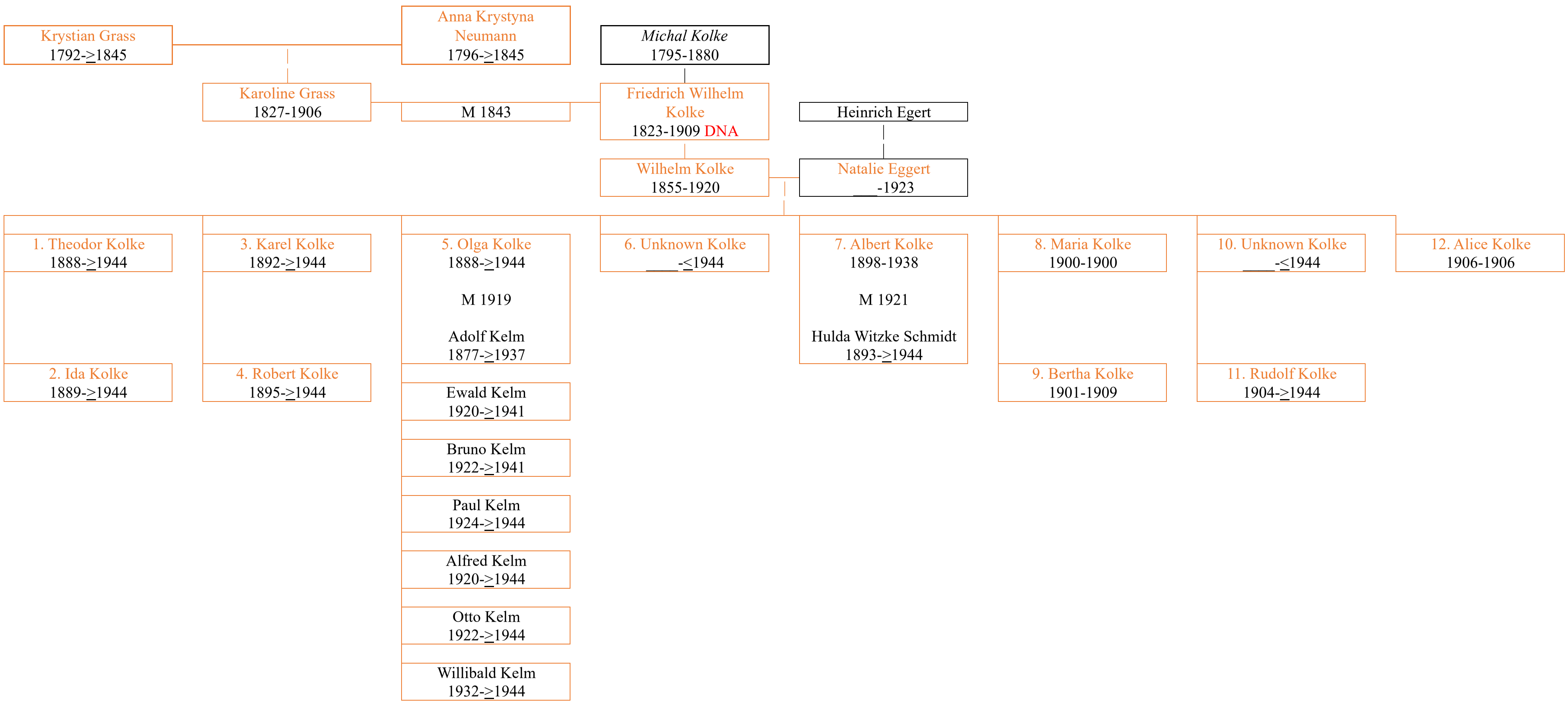

Hubert Kolke
1922-2014
Edith Adlide Kolke
1917-1989
Gordon Edward Kolke
1918-2006
Krystian Grass
1792-≥1845
Anna Krystyna
Neumann
1796-≥1845
Michal Kolke
1795-1880
Jakob Klein
Filip/Philip Klein
1786-1862
Maria/Mariane
Neumann
1790-1855
Friedrich Rode
Karoline Grass
1827-1906
M 1843
Friedrich Wilhelm
Kolke
1823-1909 DNA
Samuel Klein
1824-≥1881
Elisabeth Rode
1825-1853
Helene Kolke
~1845-≥1883
M 1866
Friedrich Klein
1846-≥1883
Ernst Heinrich Klein
1867-≥1908
M Ida Therese
Franziska Ideler
____->1909
Susanna Klein
1869-____
Rudolph August Klein
1873≥1912
M 1910
Ottilie Dräger
1878-≥1913
Wilhelmine Klein
1876-≥1912
M Karl
Leophold Tiefensee
~1870-≥1911
Friedrich Wilhelm
Klein
1878-____
Ferdinand August
Gustav Klein
1881-≥1917
M 1908
Emilie Else Pufahl
____-≥1918
Eduard Friedrich
Klein
1883-____
Emma Klein
1899-____
Olga Klein
1902-____
Frieda Klein
1903-1903
Ida Klein
1904-____
Hulda Klein
1906-____
Otto Klein
1909-____
Jonathan Klein
1910-____
Else Klein
1913-____
Olga Tiefensee
1900-1979
Edmund Tiefensee
1902-____
Infant Boy Tiefensee
1904-1904
Lydia Tiefensee
1904-1904
Reinhold Tiefensee
1905-____
Ferdinand Tiefensee
1908-1994
Meta Tiefensee
1910-____
Ernst Tiefensee
1912-____
Ewald Klein
1909-____
Ferdinand Klein
1913-1915
Margarethe Klein
1918-____

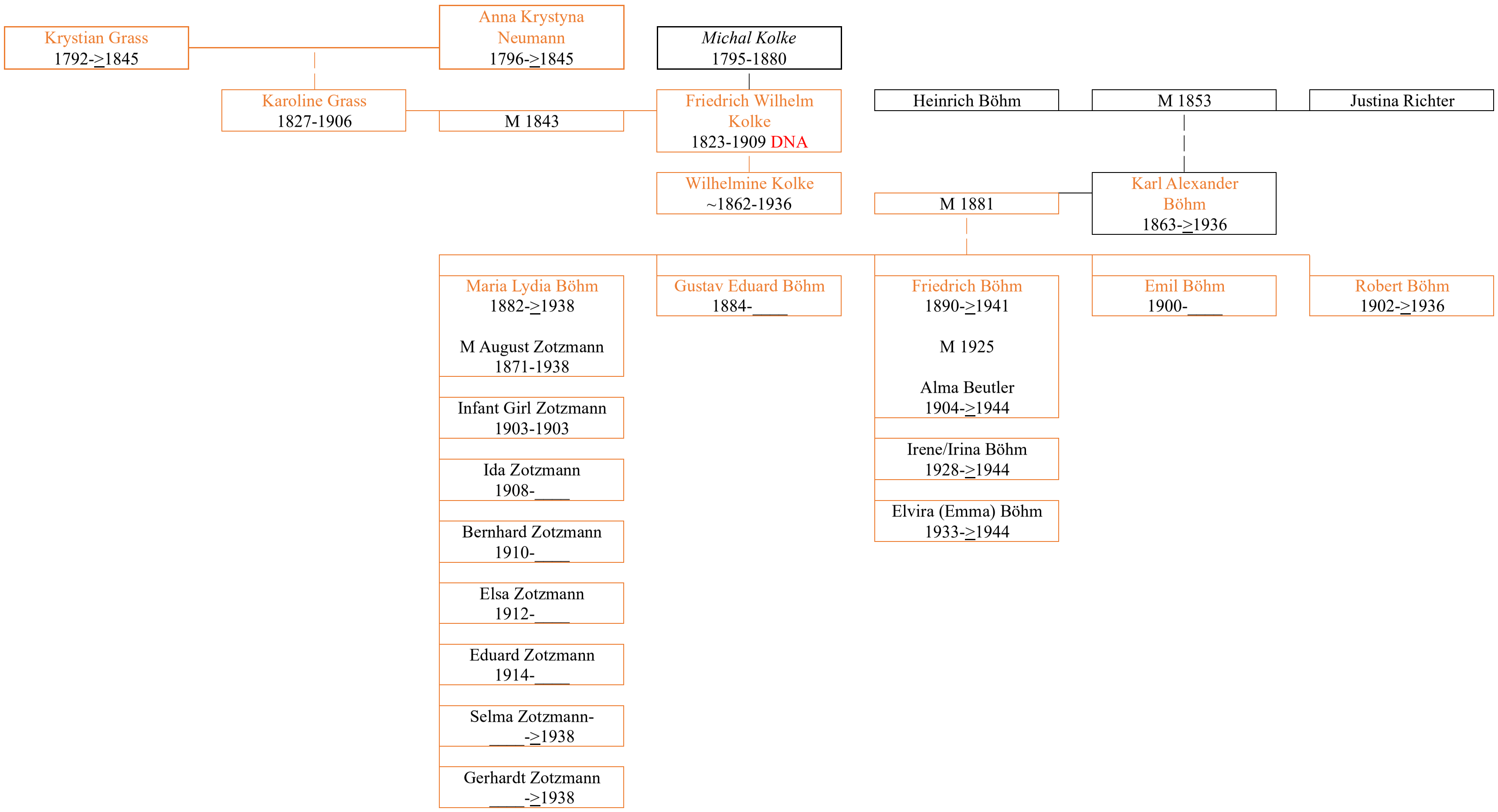

Krystian Grass
1792-≥1845
Anna Krystyna Neumann
1796-≥1845
Michal Kolke
1795-1880
Karoline Grass
1827-1906
M 1843
Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke
1823-1909 DNA
Andreas Gall
1812-≥1863
Carolina Böttcher
1820-1907
Julius Kolke
~1847-1916
M 1867
Wilhelmine Gall
~1848-1916
1. August Kolke
1869-≥1944
M 1892
Maria Pedde
1871-1915
Johanna Kolke
1896-≥1944
Reinhold Kolke
1900-1902
Martha Kolke
1902-
Otto Kolke
1907-
Maria Kolke
1908-
Alma Kolke
1909-
August Kolke
1911-≥1936
Adine Kolke
1912-
2. Eva Kolke
1871-
3. Helene Kolke
1873-
4. Juliane Kolke
1876-1876
5. Wilhelmine Lidia Kolke
1877-1916
M Gottlieb Ziesak/Zissak
1872-≥1934
Martha Ziesak
1867-
Reinhard Ziesak
1903≥1944
Albert Ziesak
1906-≥1936
Daniel Ziesak
1909-≥1936
Maria Ziesak
1911-1911
Robert Ziesak
1913-
6. Justine Kolke
1879-≥1913
M August Wesinger
Berthold Wesinger
1908-
Adele Wesinger
1913-
7. Arnold Ernst Kolke
1882-
8. Ernestine Kolke
1885-
9.Hertha Kolke
~1889-≥1913
M 1911
Emil Friedrich Drews
-
Erna Drews
1912-
Johanna Drews
1913-
10. Julius Reinhold Kolke
<1892-

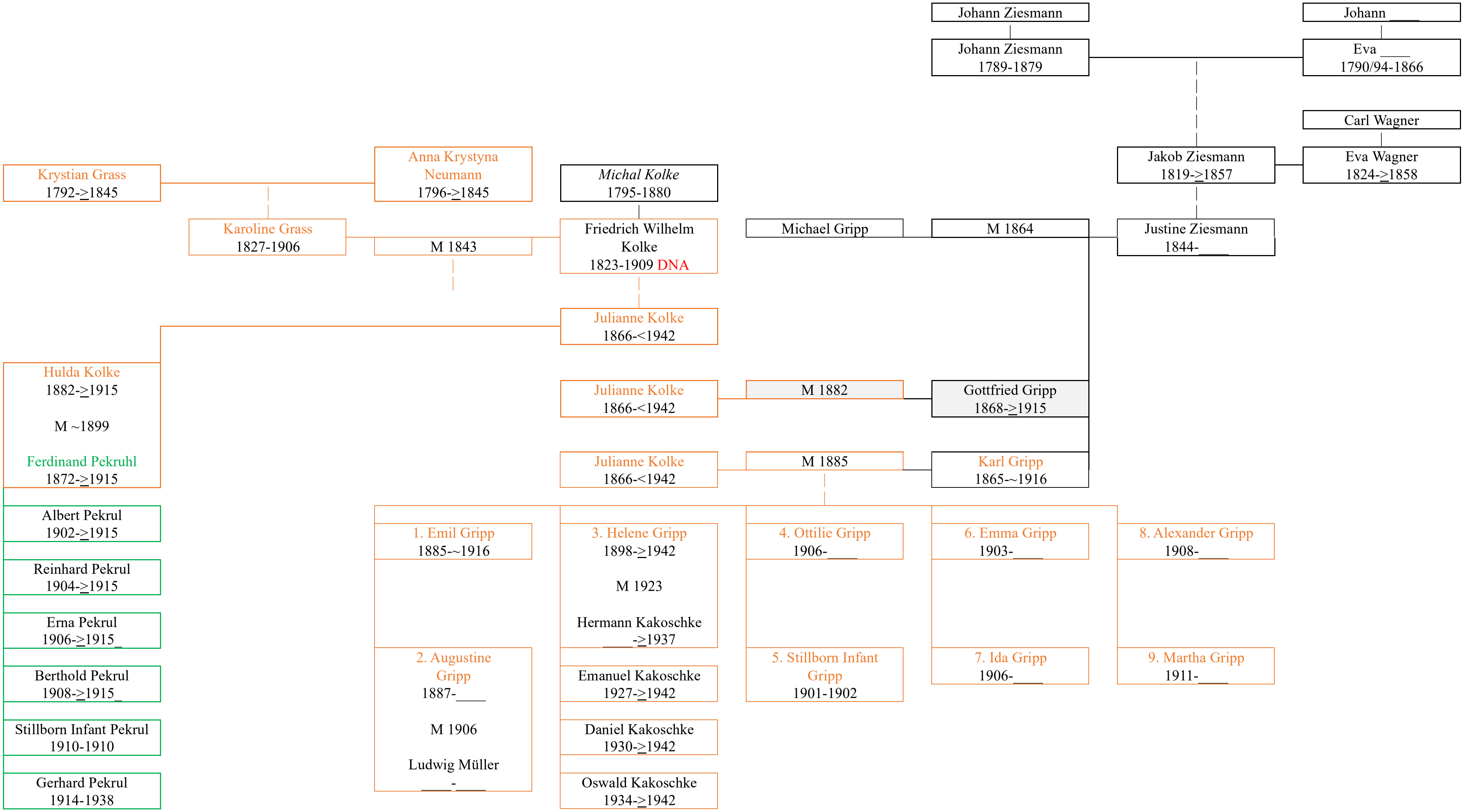

Krystian Grass
1792-≥1845
Anna Krystyna Neumann
1796-≥1845
Michal Kolke
1795-1880
Karoline Grass
1827-1906
M 1843
Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke
1823-1909 DNA
Michael Schön
1814-____
Caroline Wittlief
1818-1908
Ferdinand Kolke
1849-~1916
Henriette Schön
1853-1906
Samuel Kolke
1872-1872
Auguste Kolke
1873-____
Karoline Kolke
1875->1914
M Ludwig Lökstadt
Leopold Lökstadt
1902-1902
Gustav Lökstadt
1904-1909
Blandine Lökstadt
1906-____
Johanna Lökstadt
1909-____
Robert Lökstadt
1911-____
Adelina Lökstadt
1914-____
Julianna Kolke
1878-1894
Henriette Kolke
1880-1946
M 1898
Ludwig Mundt
1869-1946
Bernhard Mundt
1904-1958
Johanna Mundt
1906-1983
Erhard Mundt
1909-1947
Erna Mundt
1911-2002
Reinhard Mundt
1913-1913
Ida Mundt
1914-1965
Melitta Mundt
1920-1941
Margarethe Mundt
1922-2007
Marie Ottilie Kolke
1884-≥1935
M 1903
Gustav Neumann
1877-≥1915
Erna Neumann
1904-≥1943
Alvil Neumann
1906-____
Woldemar Neumann
1908-____
Meta Neumann
1912-1998
Ewald Neumann
1914-1984
Adina Kolke
1897-1982
M 1915
Adolf Neumann
1883-1935
Otto Neumann
1915-____
Reinhard Neumann
1919-____
Valentina Neumann
1922-2017
Edelbert Neumann
1924-1990
Ewald Neumann
1926-1992
Elmira Neumann
1931-1983
Asser Neumann
1935-____
Ludmilla Neumann
1935-____

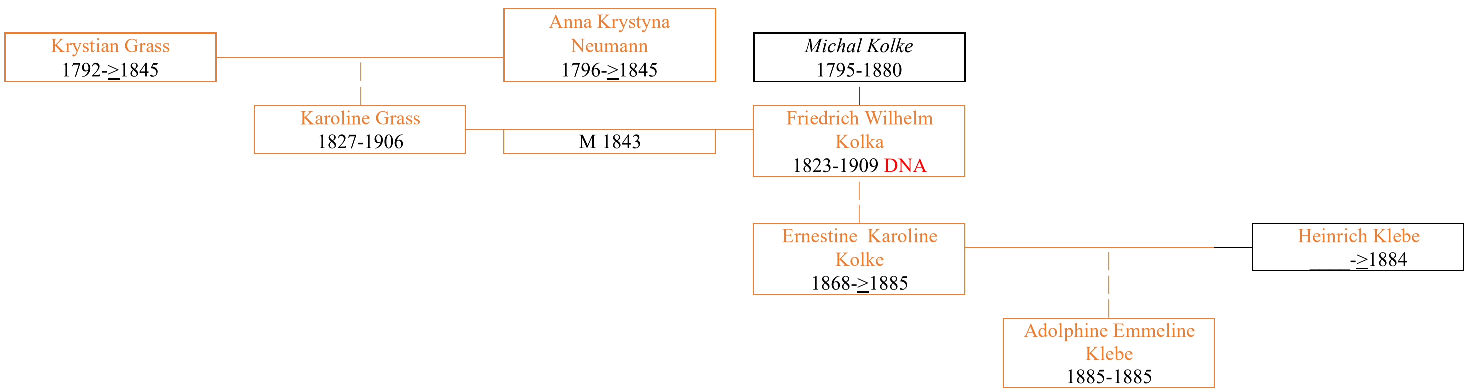

Andreas Rode
Christian Rode 1797-≥1857
Peter ____
Elisabeth ____ 1800-≥1857
Mathias Luther
Peter ____
Mariana ____ 1786-____
Gottlieb Biberdorf 1742-1811
Christina Barck 1778-≥1809
Friedrich Bieberdorf 1805-≥1857
Helene Luther ~1810-≤1849
Krystian Grass 1792-≥1845
Anna Krystyna Neumann 1796-≥1845
Michal Kolke 1795-1880
Karoline Grass 1827-1906
M 1843
Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke 1823-1909 DNA
Daniel Rode 1831-≥1857
M 1850
Helene Bieberdorf 1830-≥1857
Friedrich Kolke ~1851-≥1915
M 6/7/1878
Justine Rode 1859->1888
Rudolph Ephraim Kolke 1879-1879
Eduard Friedrich Kolke 1881-____
Emma Frieda Kolke 1882-≥1914
M 1903
Emil Sontag 1877-≥1914
Ida Kolke ~1886--≥1913
M 1907
Julius Schelling <1889-≥1912
Joseph Kolke 1888-≤1944
M 1907
Helene Hiller/Heller 1889-≤1944
Theodor Kolke
Hertha Sonntag 1907-____
Herbert Sonntag 1909-≥1933
Richard Sonntag 1910-____
Albert Sonntag 1912-____
Adeline Sonntag 1913-1913
Alma Sonntag 1914-____
Elise Schelling 1908-____
Karl Schelling 1910-____
Alexander Schelling 1913-____
Herbert Kolke 1908-1908
Edmund Kolke 1910-≥1941
Leo Kolka 1912-≥1941
Bruno Kolke 1914-____

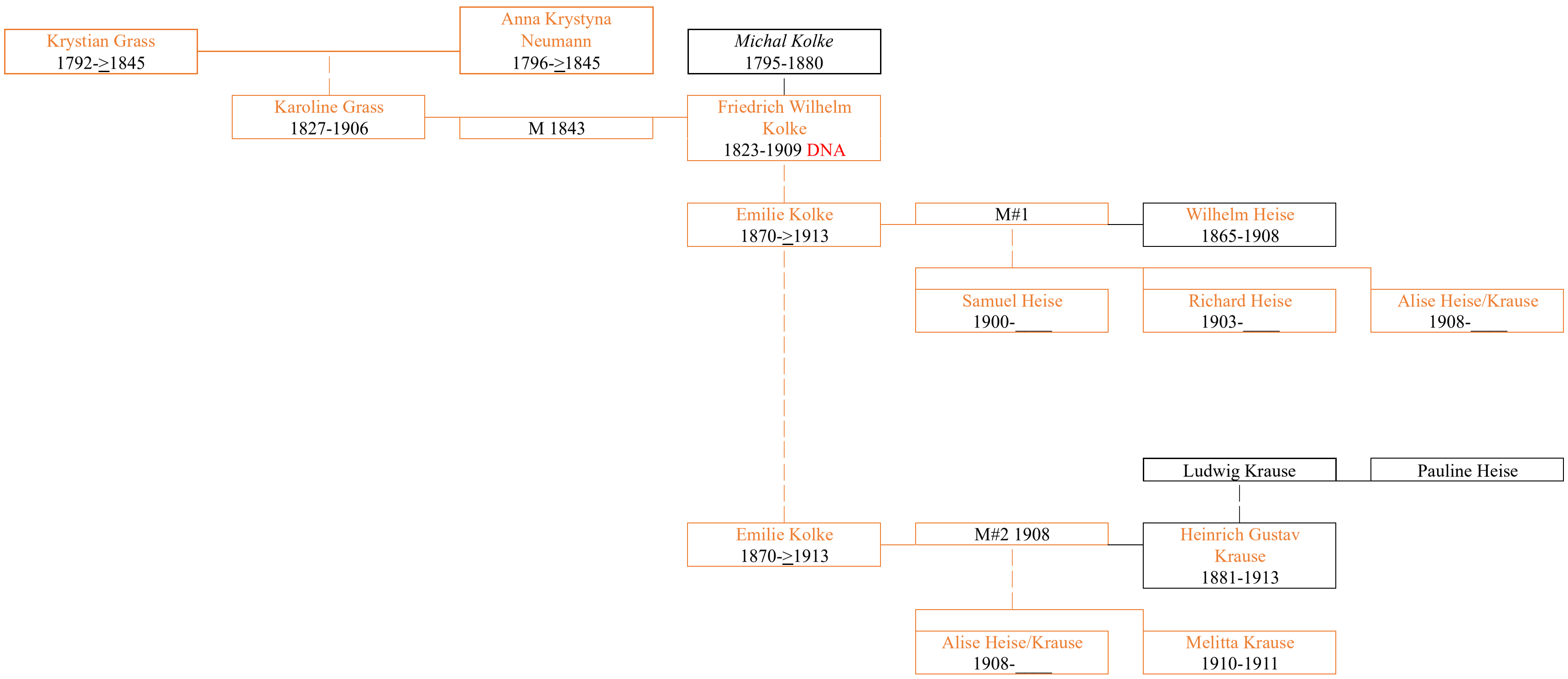

Gottlieb Biberdorf
1742-1811
Christina Barck
1778-≥1809
Krystian Grass
1792-≥1845
Anna Krystyna
Neumann
1796-≥1845
Michal Kolke
1795-1880
Peter Biberdorf
1802->1861
Helene Könke
____-≤1857
Friedrich Bieberdorf
1805-≥1857
Helene Luther
~1810-≤1849
Karoline Grass
1827-1906
M 1843
Friedrich Wilhelm
Kolke
1823-1909 DNA
Friedrich Bieberdorf
1831--1907
M 1850
Charlotte Bieberdorf
1839-1868
August Kolke
1853-1933 DNA
M 1881
Helene Biberdorf
1858-1941
Ottilie Kolke
1882-≥1944
M 1904
Ludwig Pedde
1870-1944
Ernestine Emilie
Kolke
1884-1885
Rheinhardt Kolke
1886-1953 DNA
M 1912
Antonia Mantei
1895-1941
Johanna Kolke
1888-1978
M 1908
Gustav Heinrich Kühn
1885-1943
Herbert Kolke
1900-≥1931
M
Martha Grass
____-____
Julius Kolke
1902-1938
M#1
Unknown
Maria Kolke
1906-2001 DNA
M 1925
Adolph Neumann
1901-1999
Efraim Pedde
1906-____
Infant Kolke
1913-1913
Robert Kühn
1909-____
Ewald Kolke
1927-≥1944
Ewald Neuman
1926-2017
Eduard Pedde
1908-1937
Hertha Kolke
1916-1989
Hertha/Herta Kühn
1909-1998
Werner Kolke
1929-≥1936
Otto Neuman
1929-____ DNA
Julius Kolke
1902-1938
M#2 Olga ____
Ewald Pedde
1911-≥1936
Bertha Kolke
1917-2004
Erna Kühn
1911-≥1944
Leo Neuman
1930-2018 DNA
Frieda Pedde
1914-____
Martha Kolke
1918-1949
Arnold Kühn
1913-1943
Harold Neuman
1931-2012 DNA
Lilly Pedde
1923-≥1944
Ferdinand Kolke
1921-1992 DNA
Emma Kühn
1914-1914
Walter Neuman
1932-2018
Helena Kolke
1923-1993
Meta Kühn
1919-2014
Laura Frieda Neuman
____-____
Ida Kolke
1924-1982
Frieda Kühn
1920-2014
Werner Albert Kolke
1926-1997
Martha Kühn
1922-1933
Berthold Bernard
Kolke
1928-1991
Rudolf Kühn
1924-1943
Richard H. Kolke
1934-____
Karl Reinhard Kolke
1930-1971
Hubert Kühn
1926-≥2013
Emil Kühn
1930-2013
Arthur Kolke
1937=1937
Maria Kühn
1928-2021
Selma Kolke
1932-____

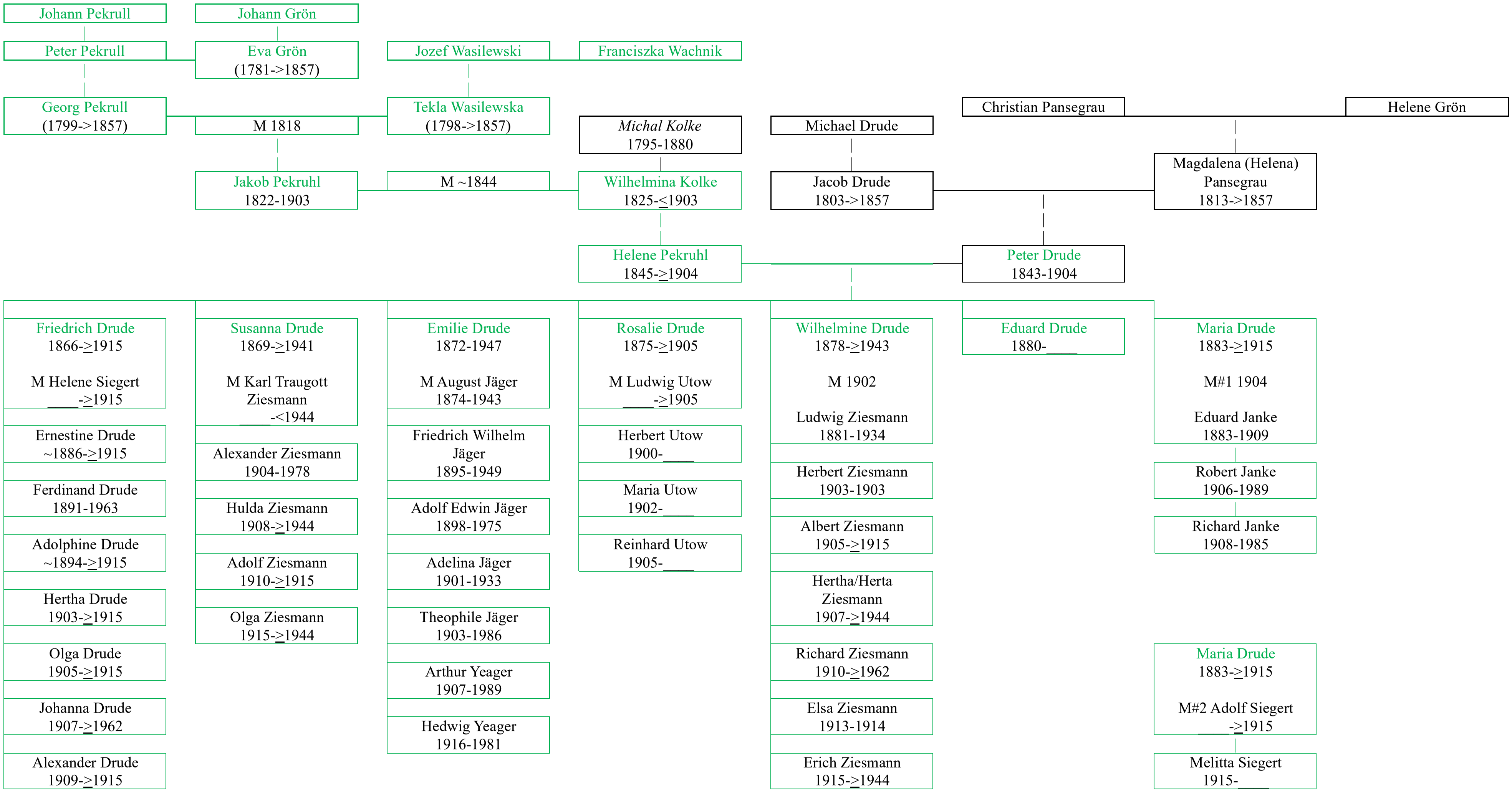

Krystian Grass
1792-≥1845
Anna Krystyna Neumann
1796-≥1845
Michal Kolke
1795-1880
Karoline Grass
1827-1906
M 1843
Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke
1823-1909 DNA
Heinrich Egert
Wilhelm Kolke
1855-1920
Natalie Eggert
____-1923
1. Theodor Kolke
1888-≥1944
2. Ida Kolke
1889-≥1944
3. Karel Kolke
1892-≥1944
4. Robert Kolke
1895-≥1944
5. Olga Kolke
1888-≥1944
M 1919
Adolf Kelm
1877-≥1937
Ewald Kelm
1920-≥1941
Bruno Kelm
1922-≥1941
Paul Kelm
1924-≥1944
Alfred Kelm
1920-≥1944
Otto Kelm
1922-≥1944
Willibald Kelm
1932-≥1944
6. Unknown Kolke
____-≤1944
7. Albert Kolke
1898-1938
M 1921
Hulda Witzke Schmidt
1893-≥1944
8. Maria Kolke
1900-1900
9. Bertha Kolke
1901-1909
10. Unknown Kolke
____-≤1944
11. Rudolf Kolke
1904-≥1944
12. Alice Kolke
1906-1906

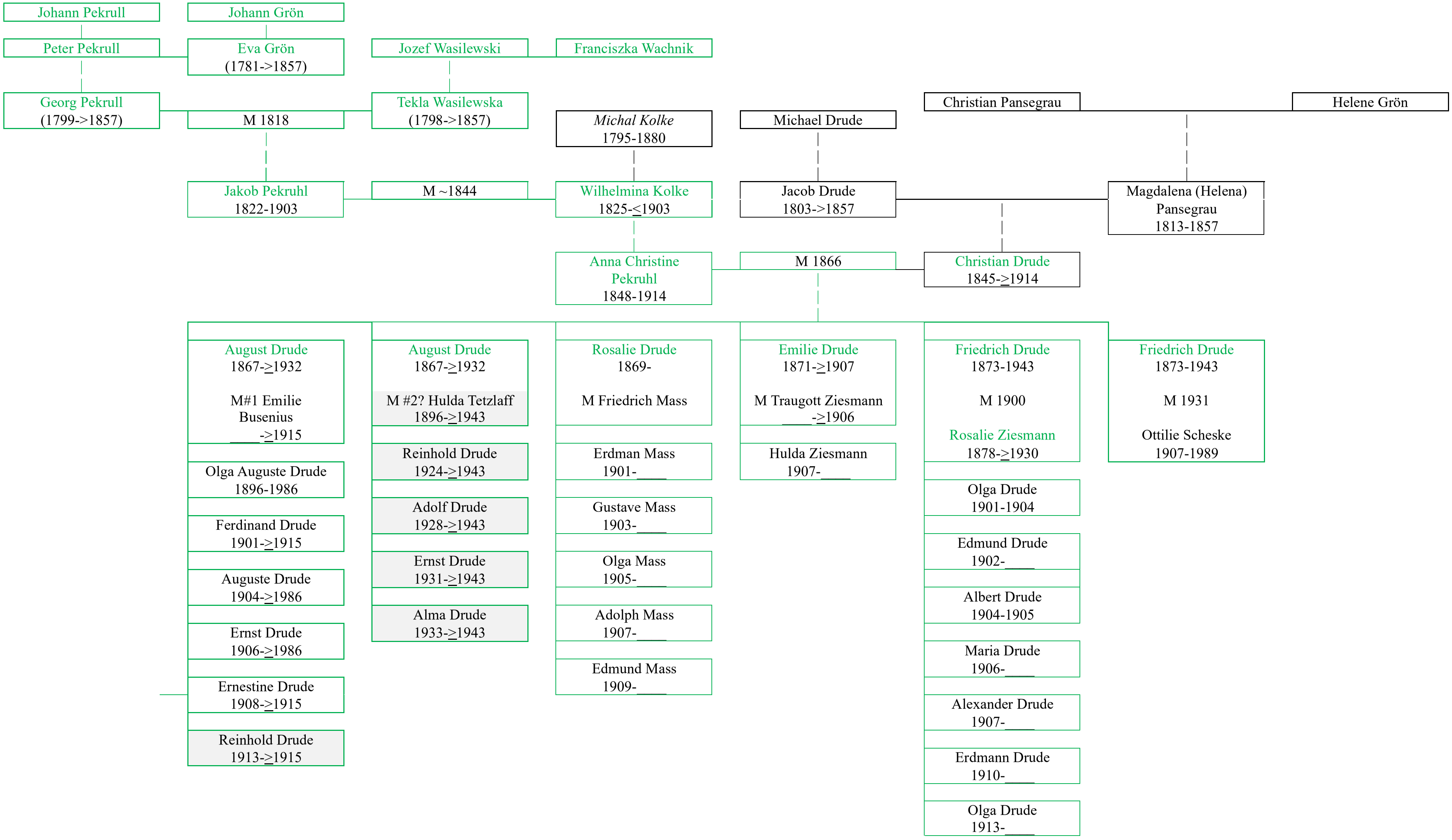

Krystian Grass
1792-≥1845
Anna Krystyna Neumann
1796-≥1845
Michal Kolke
1795-1880
Karoline Grass
1827-1906
M 1843
Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke
1823-1909 DNA
Heinrich Böhm
M 1853
Justina Richter
Wilhelmine Kolke
~1862-1936
M 1881
Karl Alexander Böhm
1863-≥1936
Maria Lydia Böhm
1882-≥1938
M August Zotzmann
1871-1938
Gustav Eduard Böhm
1884-____
Friedrich Böhm
1890-≥1941
M 1925
Alma Beutler
1904-≥1944
Emil Böhm
1900-____
Robert Böhm
1902-≥1936
Infant Girl Zotzmann
1903-1903
Irene/Irina Böhm
1928-≥1944
Ida Zotzmann
1908-____
Elvira (Emma) Böhm
1933-≥1944
Bernhard Zotzmann
1910-____
Elsa Zotzmann
1912-____
Eduard Zotzmann
1914-____
Selma Zotzmann-
____-≥1938
Gerhardt Zotzmann
____-≥1938

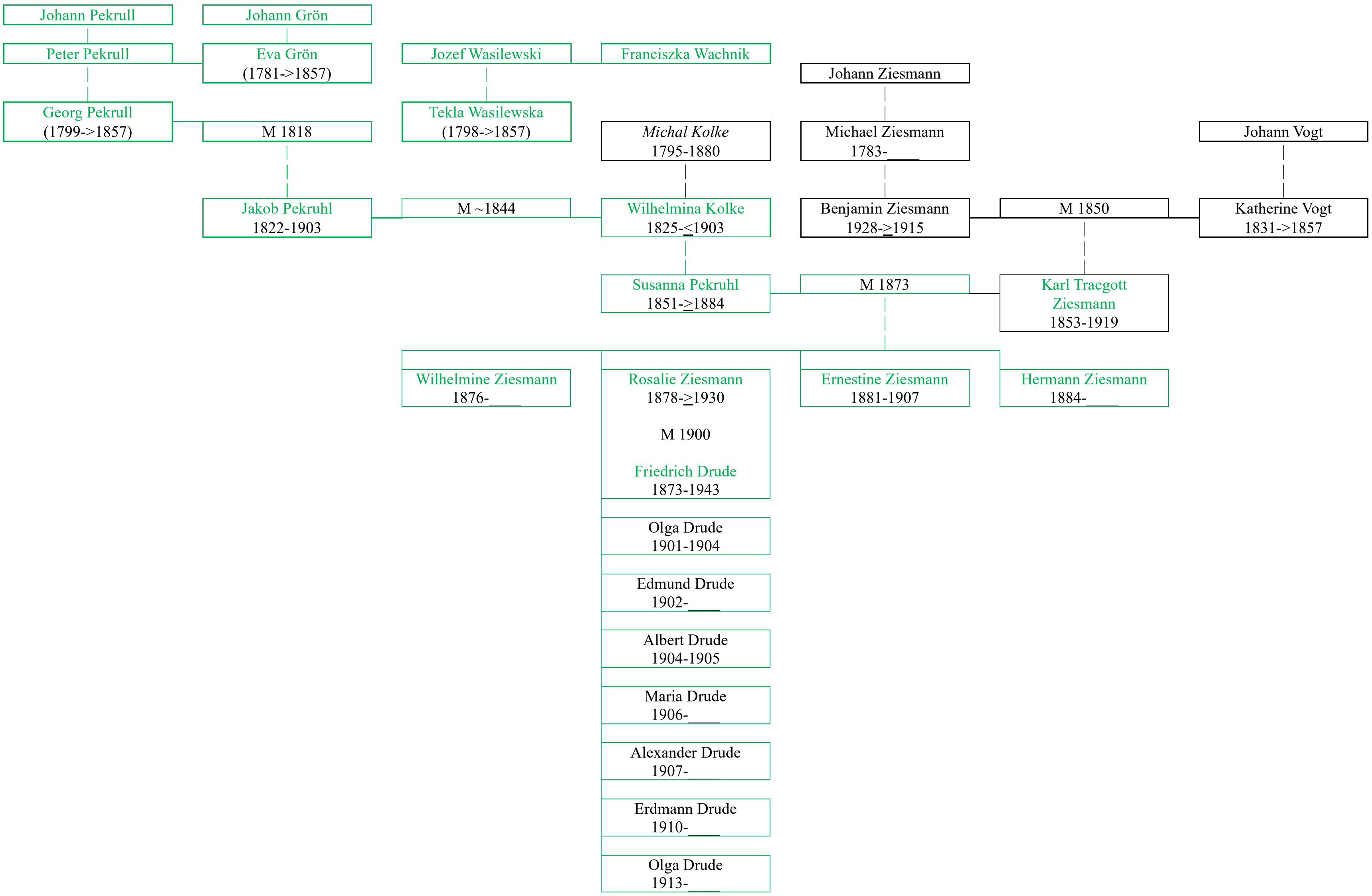

Johann Ziesmann
Johann Ziesmann
1789-1879
Johann ____
Eva ____
1790/94-1866
Carl Wagner
Jakob Ziesmann
1819-≥1857
Eva Wagner
1824-≥1858
Krystian Grass
1792-≥1845
Anna Krystyna
Neumann
1796-≥1845
Michal Kolke
1795-1880
Karoline Grass
1827-1906
M 1843
Friedrich Wilhelm
Kolke
1823-1909 DNA
Michael Gripp
M 1864
Justine Ziesmann
1844-____
Julianne Kolke
1866-<1942
Hulda Kolke
1882-≥1915
M ~1899
Ferdinand Pekruhl
1872-≥1915
Julianne Kolke
1866-<1942
M 1882
Gottfried Gripp
1868-≥1915
Julianne Kolke
1866-<1942
M 1885
Karl Gripp
1865-~1916
Albert Pekrul
1902-≥1915
Reinhard Pekrul
1904-≥1915
Erna Pekrul
1906-≥1915_
Berthold Pekrul
1908-≥1915_
Stillborn Infant Pekrul
1910-1910
Gerhard Pekrul
1914-1938
1. Emil Gripp
1885-~1916
2. Augustine
Gripp
1887-____
M 1906
Ludwig Müller
____-____
3. Helene Gripp
1898-≥1942
M 1923
Hermann Kakoschke
____-≥1937
Emanuel Kakoschke
1927-≥1942
Daniel Kakoschke
1930-≥1942
Oswald Kakoschke
1934-≥1942
4. Ottilie Gripp
1906-____
5. Stillborn Infant
Gripp
1901-1902
6. Emma Gripp
1903-____
7. Ida Gripp
1906-____
8. Alexander Gripp
1908-____
9. Martha Gripp
1911-____


Krystian Grass
1792-≥1845
Anna Krystyna Neumann
1796-≥1845
Michal Kolke
1795-1880
Karoline Grass
1827-1906
M 1843
Friedrich Wilhelm Kolka
1823-1909 DNA
Ernestine Karoline Kolke
1868-≥1885
Heinrich Klebe
____-≥1884
Adolphine Emmeline Klebe
1885-1885


Krystian Grass
1792-≥1845
Anna Krystyna Neumann
1796-≥1845
Michal Kolke
1795-1880
Karoline Grass
1827-1906
M 1843
Friedrich Wilhelm Kolke
1823-1909 DNA
Emilie Kolke
1870-≥1913
M#1
Wilhelm Heise
1865-1908
Samuel Heise
1900-____
Richard Heise
1903-____
Alise Heise/Krause
1908-____
Ludwig Krause
Pauline Heise
Emilie Kolke
1870-≥1913
M#2 1908
Heinrich Gustav Krause
1881-1913
Alise Heise/Krause
1908-____
Melitta Krause
1910-1911


Johann Pekrull
Johann Grön
Peter Pekrull
Eva Grön (1781->1857)
Jozef Wasilewski
Franciszka Wachnik
Georg Pekrull (1799->1857)
M 1818
Tekla Wasilewska (1798->1857)
Michal Kolke 1795-1880
Michael Drude
Christian Pansegrau
Helene Grön
Jakob Pekruhl 1822-1903
M ~1844
Wilhelmina Kolke 1825-≤1903
Jacob Drude 1803->1857
Magdalena (Helena) Pansegrau 1813->1857
Helene Pekruhl 1845-≥1904
Peter Drude 1843-1904
Friedrich Drude 1866-≥1915
M Helene Siegert ____-≥1915
Ernestine Drude ~1886-≥1915
Ferdinand Drude 1891-1963
Adolphine Drude ~1894-≥1915
Hertha Drude 1903-≥1915
Olga Drude 1905-≥1915
Johanna Drude 1907-≥1962
Alexander Drude 1909-≥1915
Susanna Drude 1869-≥1941
M Karl Traugott Ziesmann ____-<1944
Alexander Ziesmann 1904-1978
Hulda Ziesmann 1908-≥1944
Adolf Ziesmann 1910-≥1915
Olga Ziesmann 1915-≥1944
Emilie Drude 1872-1947
M August Jäger 1874-1943
Friedrich Wilhelm Jäger 1895-1949
Adolf Edwin Jäger 1898-1975
Adelina Jäger 1901-1933
Theophile Jäger 1903-1986
Arthur Yeager 1907-1989
Hedwig Yeager 1916-1981
Rosalie Drude 1875-≥1905
M Ludwig Utow ____-≥1905
Herbert Utow 1900-____
Maria Utow 1902-____
Reinhard Utow 1905-____
Wilhelmine Drude 1878-≥1943
M 1902
Ludwig Ziesmann 1881-1934
Herbert Ziesmann 1903-1903
Albert Ziesmann 1905-≥1915
Hertha/Herta Ziesmann 1907-≥1944
Richard Ziesmann 1910-≥1962
Elsa Ziesmann 1913-1914
Erich Ziesmann 1915-≥1944
Eduard Drude 1880-____
Maria Drude 1883-≥1915
M#1 1904
Eduard Janke 1883-1909
Robert Janke 1906-1989
Richard Janke 1908-1985
Maria Drude 1883-≥1915
M#2 Adolf Siegert ____-≥1915
Melitta Siegert 1915-____


Johann Pekrull
Johann Grön
Peter Pekrull
Eva Grön (1781->1857)
Jozef Wasilewski
Franciszka Wachnik
Georg Pekrull (1799->1857)
M 1818
Tekla Wasilewska (1798->1857)
Michal Kolke 1795-1880
Michael Drude
Christian Pansegrau
Helene Grön
Jakob Pekruhl 1822-1903
M ~1844
Wilhelmina Kolke 1825-≤1903
Jacob Drude 1803->1857
Magdalena (Helena) Pansegrau 1813-1857
Anna Christine Pekruhl 1848-1914
M 1866
Christian Drude 1845-≥1914
August Drude 1867-≥1932 M#1 Emilie Busenius ____-≥1915
August Drude 1867-≥1932
M #2? Hulda Tetzlaff 1896-≥1943
Rosalie Drude 1869- M Friedrich Mass
Emilie Drude 1871-≥1907 M Traugott Ziesmann ____-≥1906
Friedrich Drude 1873-1943 M 1900
Rosalie Ziesmann 1878-≥1930
Friedrich Drude 1873-1943 M 1931 Ottilie Scheske 1907-1989
Olga Auguste Drude 1896-1986
Reinhold Drude 1924-≥1943
Erdman Mass 1901-____
Hulda Ziesmann 1907-____
Ferdinand Drude 1901-≥1915
Adolf Drude 1928-≥1943
Gustave Mass 1903-____
Olga Drude 1901-1904
Auguste Drude 1904-≥1986
Ernst Drude 1931-≥1943
Olga Mass 1905-____
Edmund Drude 1902-____
Ernst Drude 1906-≥1986
Alma Drude 1933-≥1943
Adolph Mass 1907-____
Albert Drude 1904-1905
Ernestine Drude 1908-≥1915
Edmund Mass 1909-____
Maria Drude 1906-____
Reinhold Drude 1913-≥1915
Alexander Drude 1907-____
Erdmann Drude 1910-____
Olga Drude 1913-____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Johann Grön
Peter Pekrull
Eva Grön (1781->1857)
Jozef Wasilewski
Franciszka Wachnik
Johann Ziesmann
Georg Pekrull (1799->1857)
M 1818
Tekla Wasilewska (1798->1857)
Michal Kolke 1795-1880
Michael Ziesmann 1783-____
Johann Vogt
Jakob Pekruhl 1822-1903
M ~1844
Wilhelmina Kolke 1825-≤1903
Benjamin Ziesmann 1928-≥1915
M 1850
Katherine Vogt 1831->1857
Susanna Pekruhl 1851-≥1884
M 1873
Karl Traegott Ziesmann 1853-1919
Wilhelmine Ziesmann 1876-____
Rosalie Ziesmann 1878-≥1930
M 1900
Friedrich Drude 1873-1943
Ernestine Ziesmann 1881-1907
Hermann Ziesmann 1884-____
Olga Drude 1901-1904
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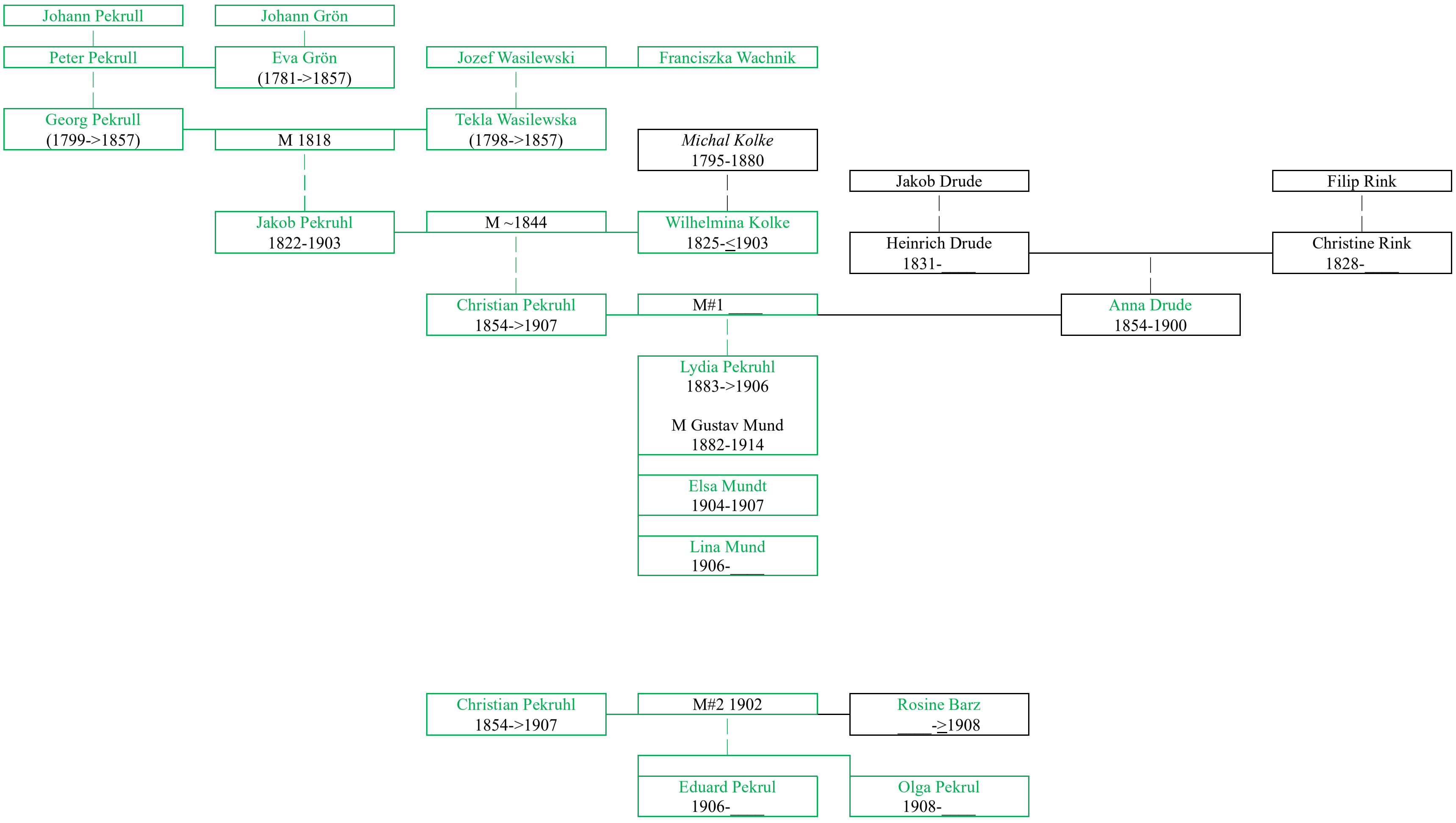
Alexander Drude 1907-____
Erdmann Drude 1910-____
Olga Drude 1913-____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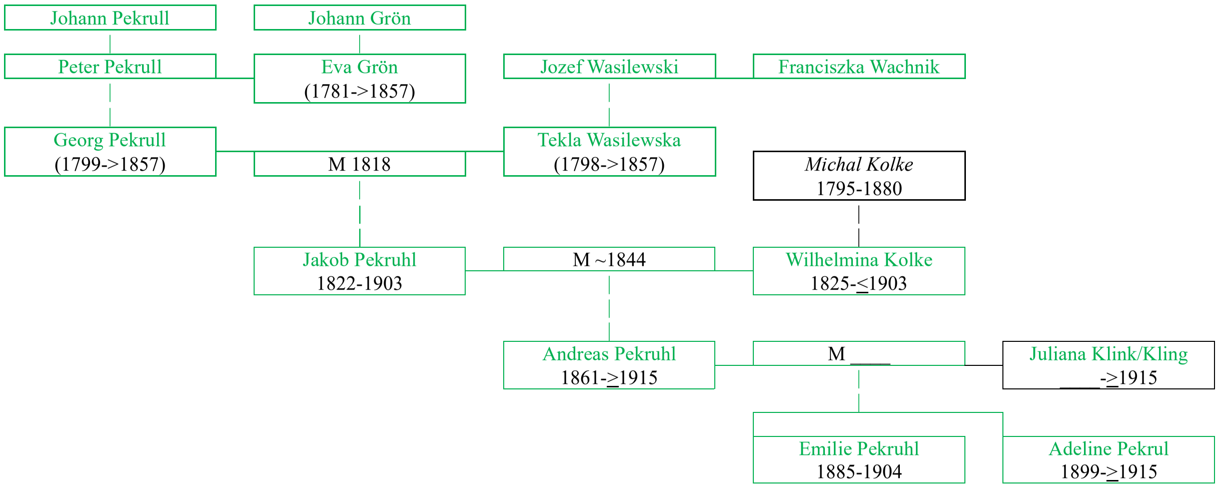
Jozef Wasilewski
Franciszka Wachnik
Georg Pekrull
(1799->1857)
M 1818
Tekla Wasilewska
(1798->1857)
Michal Kolke
1795-1880
Jakob Drude
Filip Rink
Jakob Pekruhl
1822-1903
M ~1844
Wilhelmina Kolke
1825-≤1903
Heinrich Drude
1831-
Christine Rink
1828-
Christian Pekruhl
1854->1907
M#1
Anna Drude
1854-1900
Lydia Pekruhl
1883->1906
M Gustav Mund
1882-1914
Elsa Mundt
1904-1907
Lina Mund
1906-
Christian Pekruhl
1854->1907
M#2 1902
Rosine Barz
->1908
Eduard Pekrul
1906-
Olga Pekrul
1908-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Eva Grön
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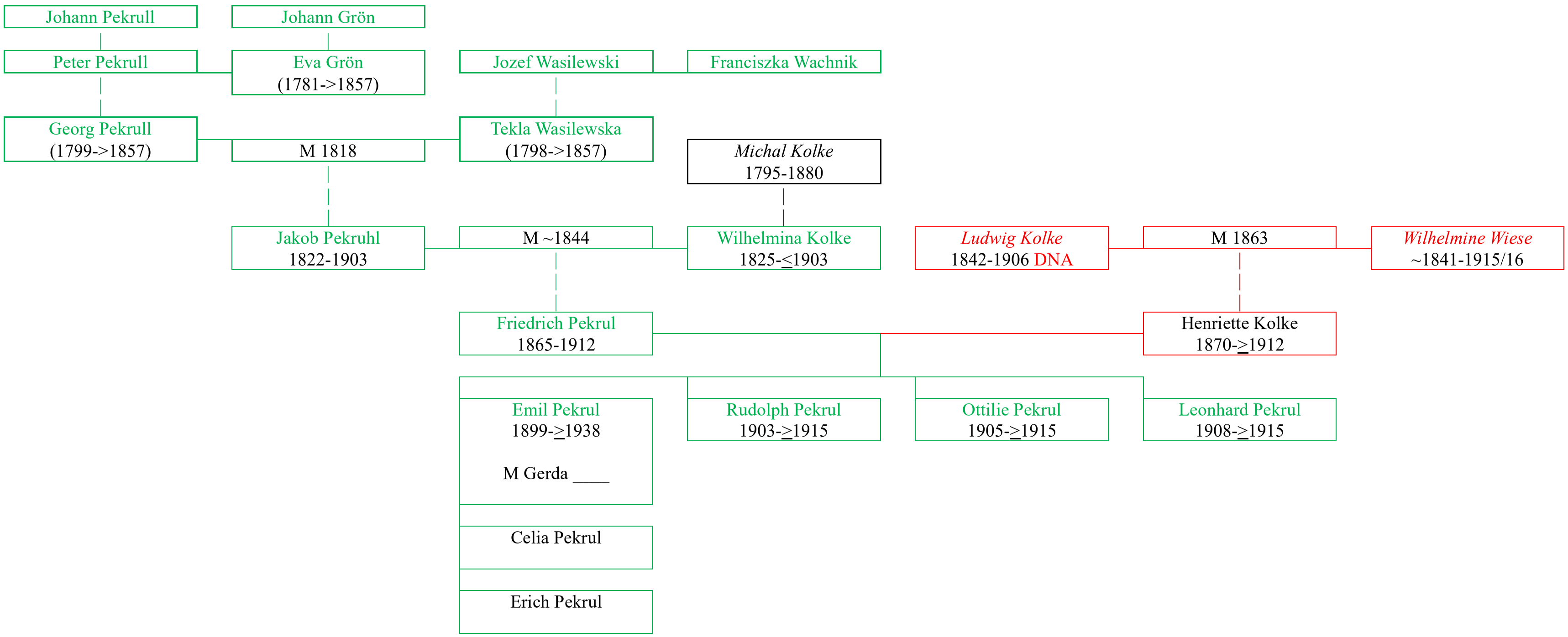
Jozef Wasilewski
Franciszka Wachnik
Georg Pekrull
(1799->1857)
M 1818
Tekla Wasilewska
(1798->1857)
Michal Kolke
1795-1880
Jakob Pekruhl
1822-1903
M ~1844
Wilhelmina Kolke
1825-≤1903
Andreas Pekruhl
1861-≥1915
M ____
Juliana Klink/Kling
____-≥1915
Emilie Pekruhl
1885-1904
Adeline Pekrul
1899-≥1915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Peter Pekrull
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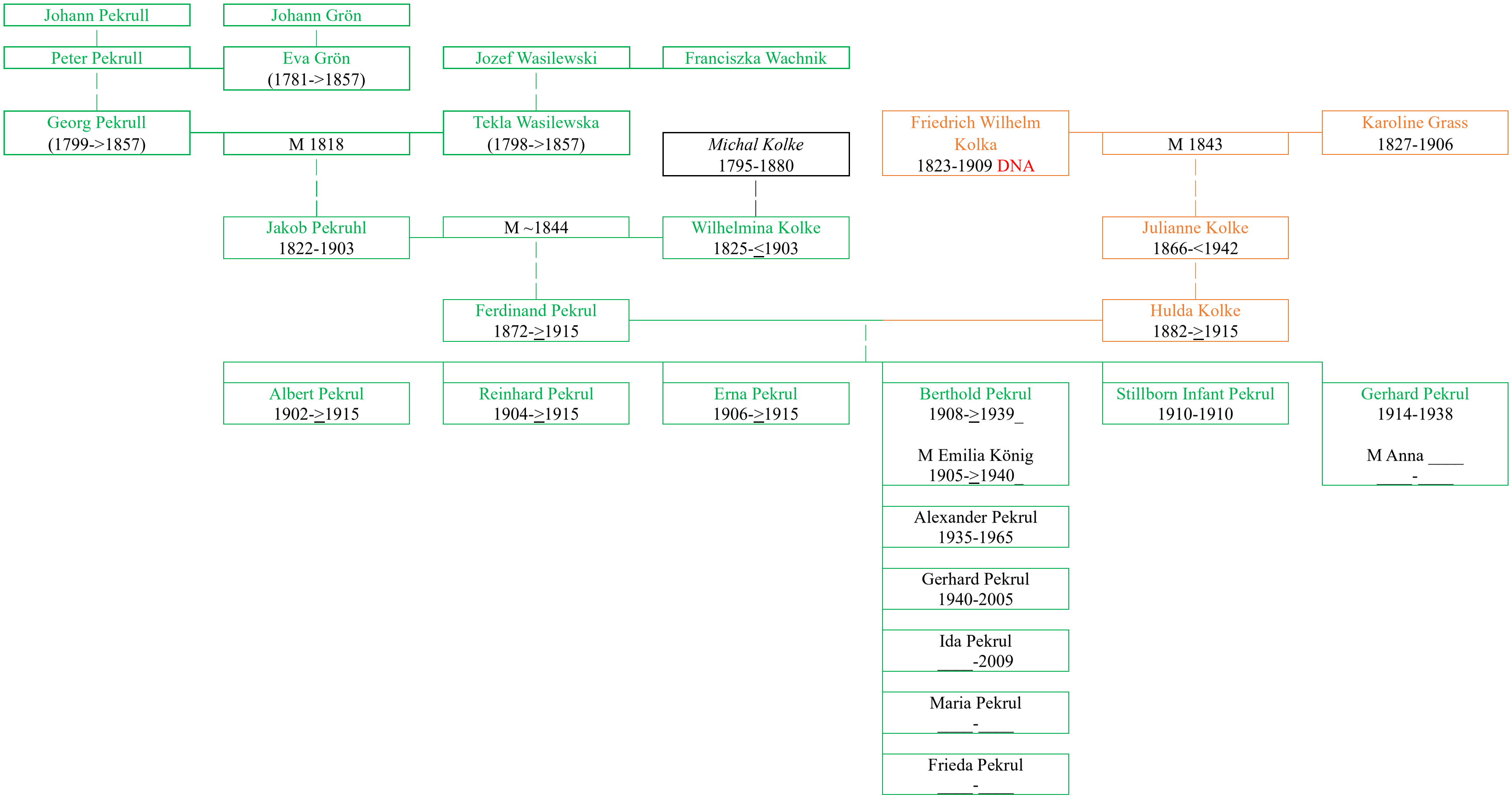
Jozef Wasilewski
Franciszka Wachnik
Georg Pekrull
(1799->1857)
M 1818
Tekla Wasilewska
(1798->1857)
Michal Kolke
1795-1880
Jakob Pekruhl
1822-1903
M ~1844
Wilhelmina Kolke
1825-≤1903
Ludwig Kolke
1842-1906 DNA
M 1863
Wilhelmine Wiese
~1841-1915/16
Friedrich Pekrul
1865-1912
Henriette Kolke
1870-≥1912
Emil Pekrul
1899-≥1938
M Gerda ____
Rudolph Pekrul
1903-≥1915
Ottilie Pekrul
1905-≥1915
Leonhard Pekrul
1908-≥1915
Celia Pekrul
Erich Pekrul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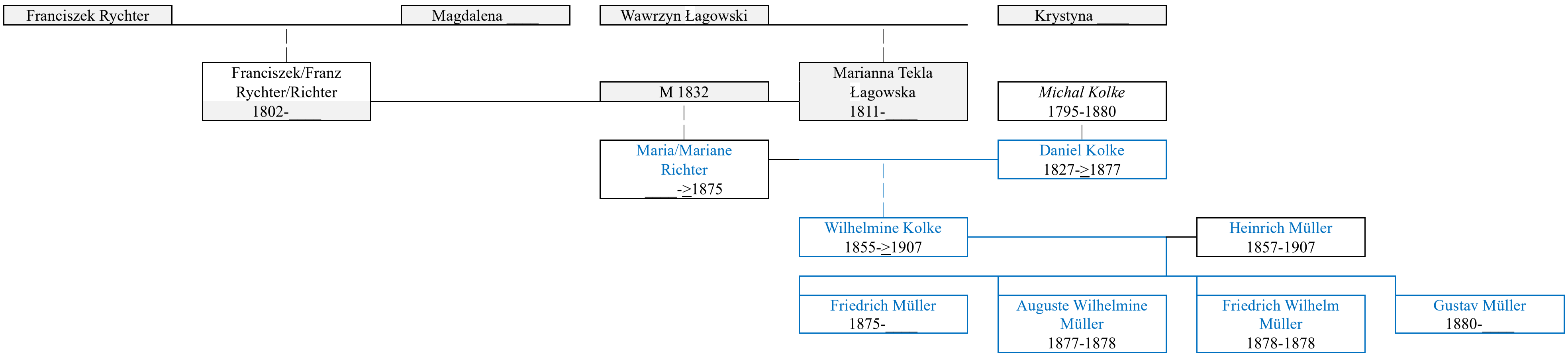
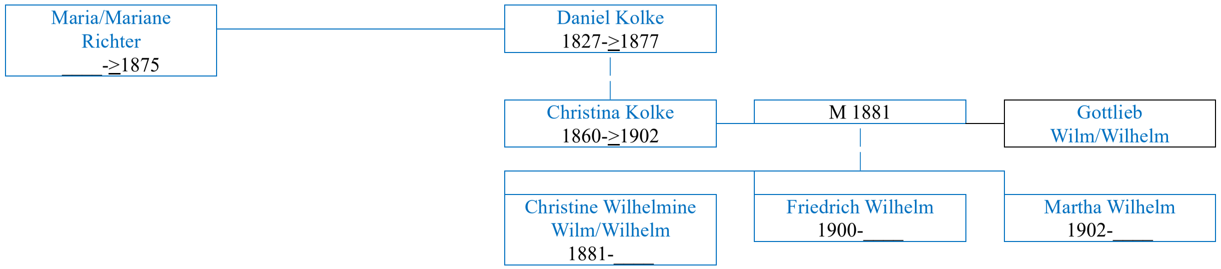
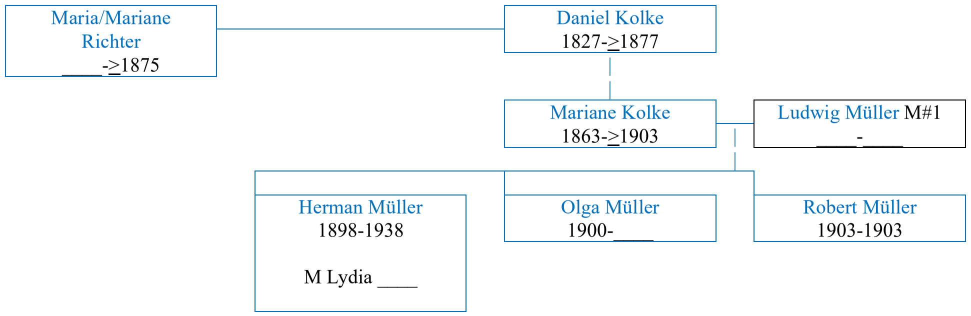
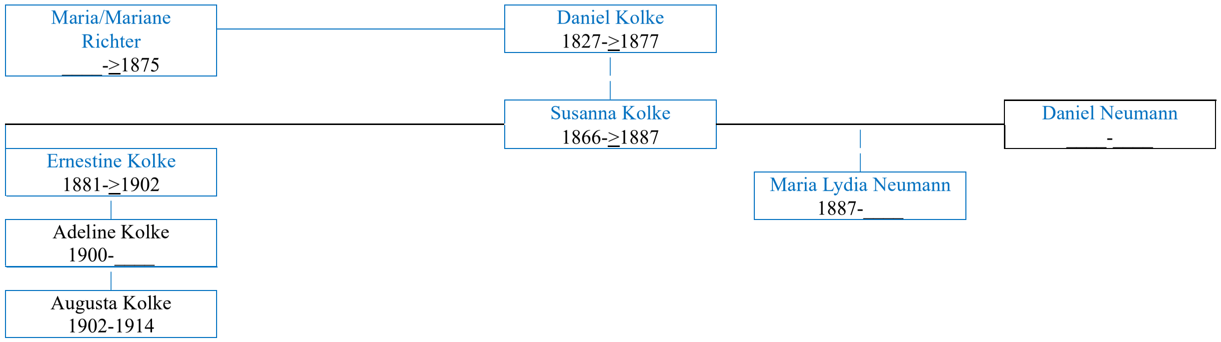
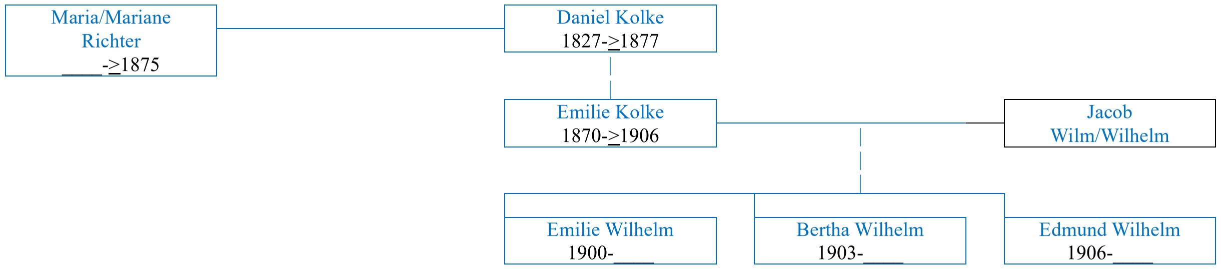
Johann Grön
Peter Pekrull
Eva Grön
(1781->1857)
Jozef Wasilewski
Franciszka Wachnik
Georg Pekrull
(1799->1857)
M 1818
Tekla Wasilewska
(1798->1857)
Michal Kolke
1795-1880
Friedrich Wilhelm Kolka
1823-1909 DNA
M 1843
Karoline Grass
1827-1906
Jakob Pekruhl
1822-1903
M ~1844
Wilhelmina Kolke
1825-≤1903
Julianne Kolke
1866-<1942
Ferdinand Pekrul
1872-≥1915
Hulda Kolke
1882-≥1915
Albert Pekrul
1902-≥1915
Reinhard Pekrul
1904-≥1915
Erna Pekrul
1906-≥1915
Berthold Pekrul
1908-≥1939_
M Emilia König
1905-≥1940_
Stillborn Infant Pekrul
1910-1910
Gerhard Pekrul
1914-1938
M Anna ____
____-____
Alexander Pekrul
1935-1965
Gerhard Pekrul
1940-2005
Ida Pekrul
____-2009
Maria Pekrul
____-____
Frieda Pekrul
____-____

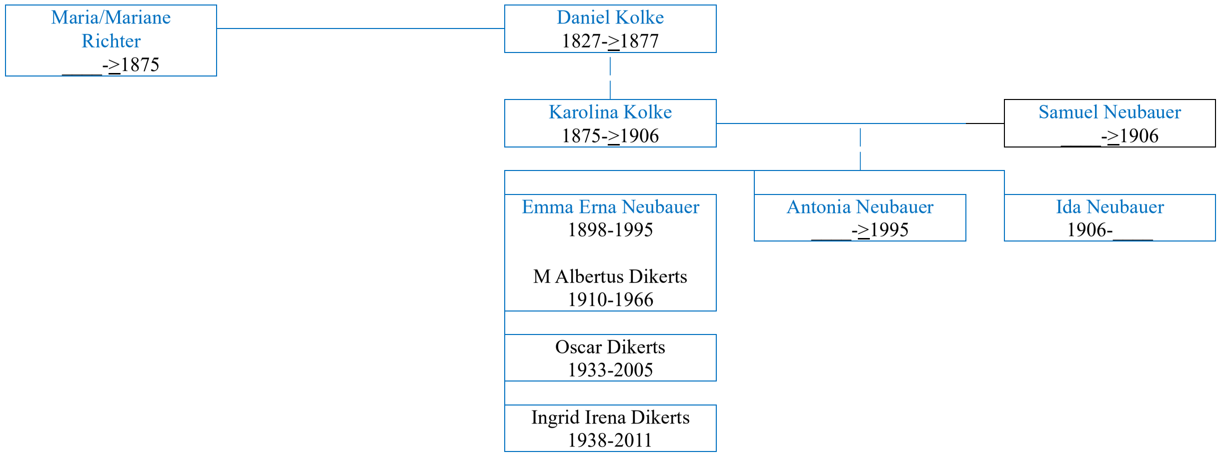

Franciszek Rychter
Magdalena
Wawrzyn Łagowski
Krystyna
Franciszek/Franz Rychter/Richter 1802-
M 1832
Marianna Tekla Łagowska 1811-
Michal Kolke 1795-1880
Maria/Mariane Richter -≥1875
Daniel Kolke 1827-≥1877
Wilhelmine Kolke 1855-≥1907
Heinrich Müller 1857-1907
Friedrich Müller 1875-
Auguste Wilhelmine Müller 1877-1878
Friedrich Wilhelm Müller 1878-1878
Gustav Müller 1880-

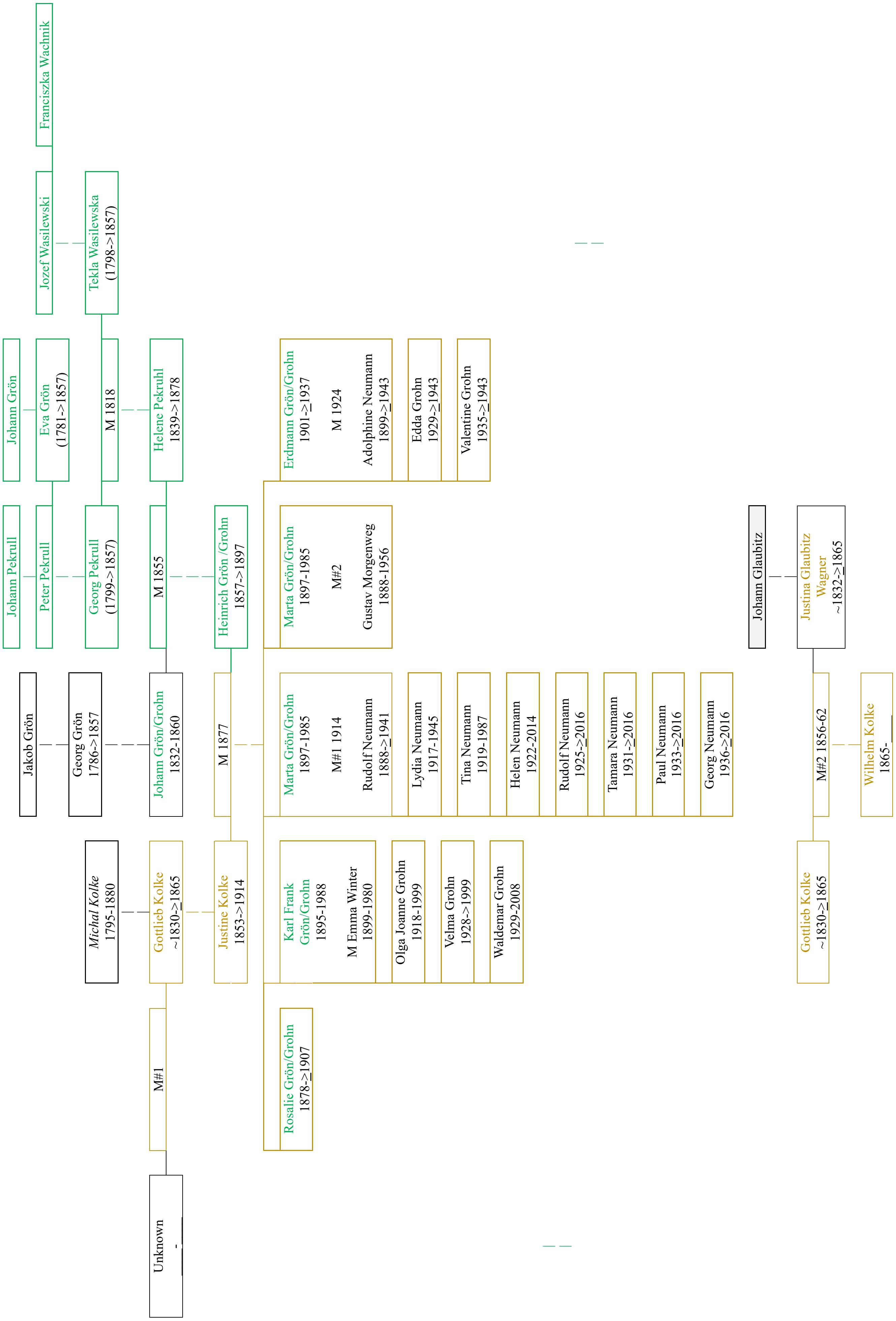

Maria/Mariane Richter -≥1875
Daniel Kolke 1827-≥1877
Christina Kolke 1860-≥1902
M 1881
Gottlieb Wilm/Wilhelm
Christine Wilhelmine Wilm/Wilhelm 1881-
Friedrich Wilhelm 1900-
Martha Wilhelm 1902-

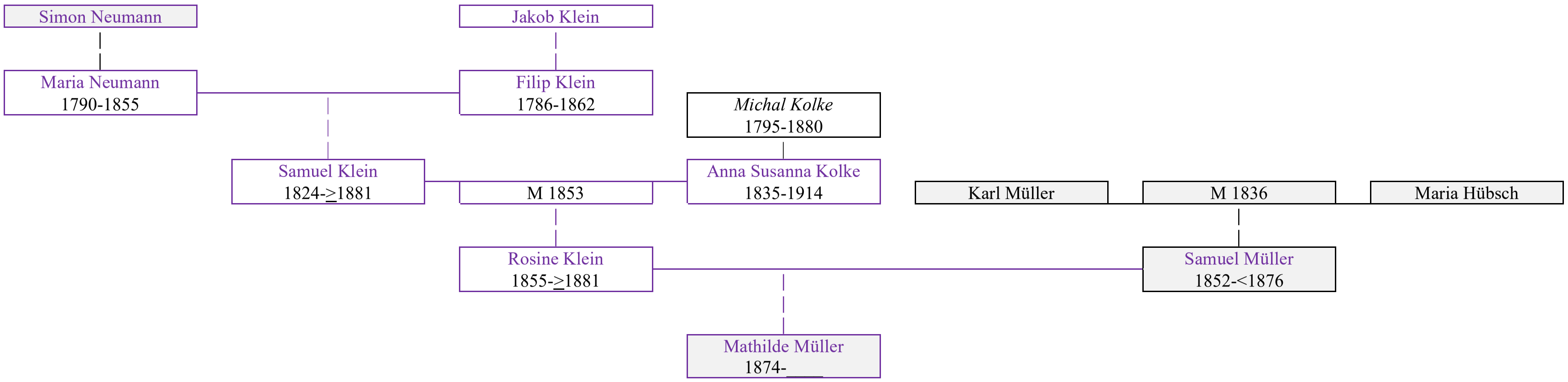

Maria/Mariane Richter
____-≥1875
Daniel Kolke
1827-≥1877
Mariane Kolke
1863-≥1903
Ludwig Müller M#1
____-____
Herman Müller
1898-1938
M Lydia ____
Olga Müller
1900-____
Robert Müller
1903-1903

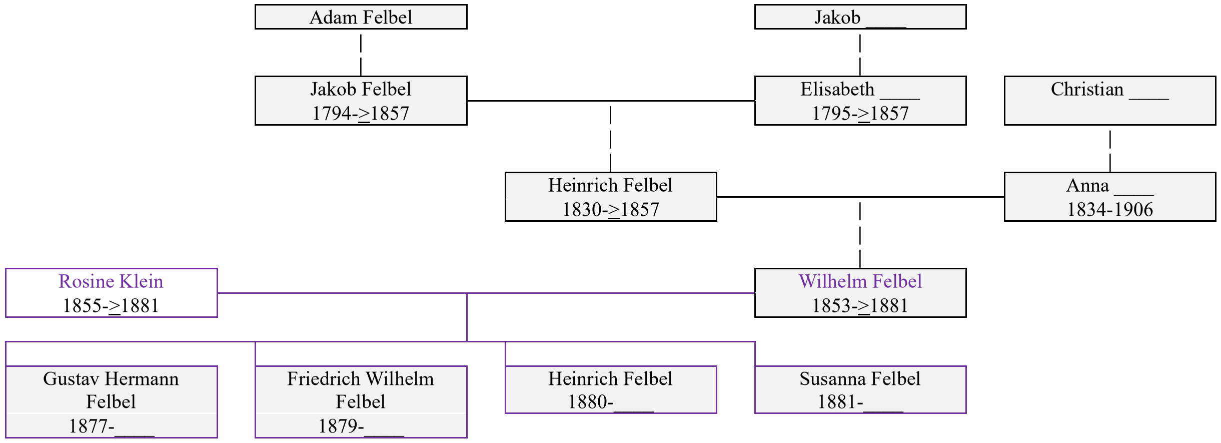

Maria/Mariane Richter
____-≥1875
Daniel Kolke
1827-≥1877
Susanna Kolke
1866-≥1887
Daniel Neumann
____-____
Ernestine Kolke
1881-≥1902
Adeline Kolke
1900-____
Augusta Kolke
1902-1914
Maria Lydia Neumann
1887-____

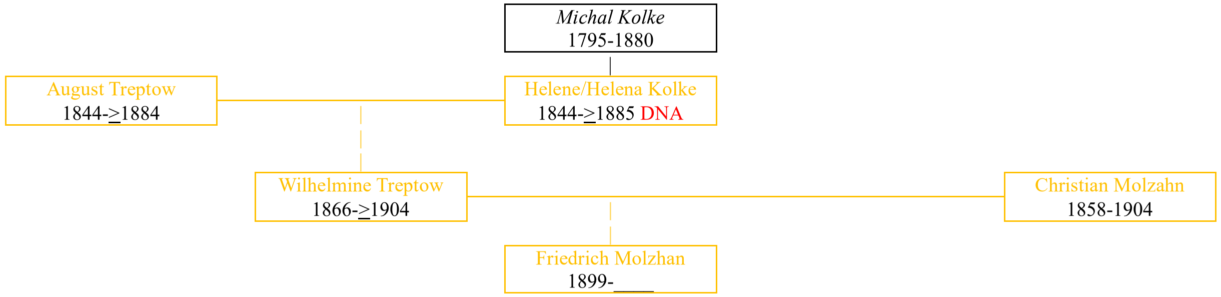

Maria/Mariane Richter
->1875
Daniel Kolke
1827->1877
Emilie Kolke
1870->1906
Jacob Wilm/Wilhelm
Emilie Wilhelm
1900-
Bertha Wilhelm
1903-
Edmund Wilhelm
1906-

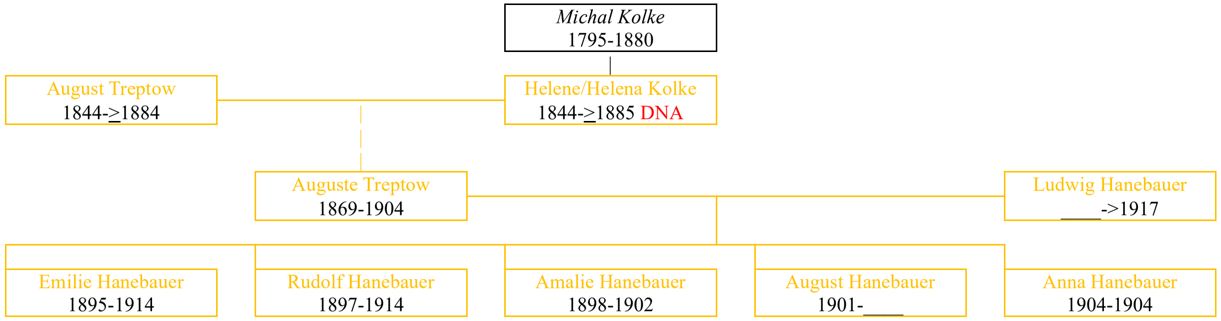

Maria/Mariane Richter
->1875
Daniel Kolke
1827->1877
Karolina Kolke
1875->1906
Samuel Neubauer
->1906
Emma Erna Neubauer
1898-1995
M Albertus Dikerts
1910-1966
Antonia Neubauer
->1995
Ida Neubauer
1906-
Oscar Dikerts
1933-2005
Ingrid Irena Dikerts
1938-2011

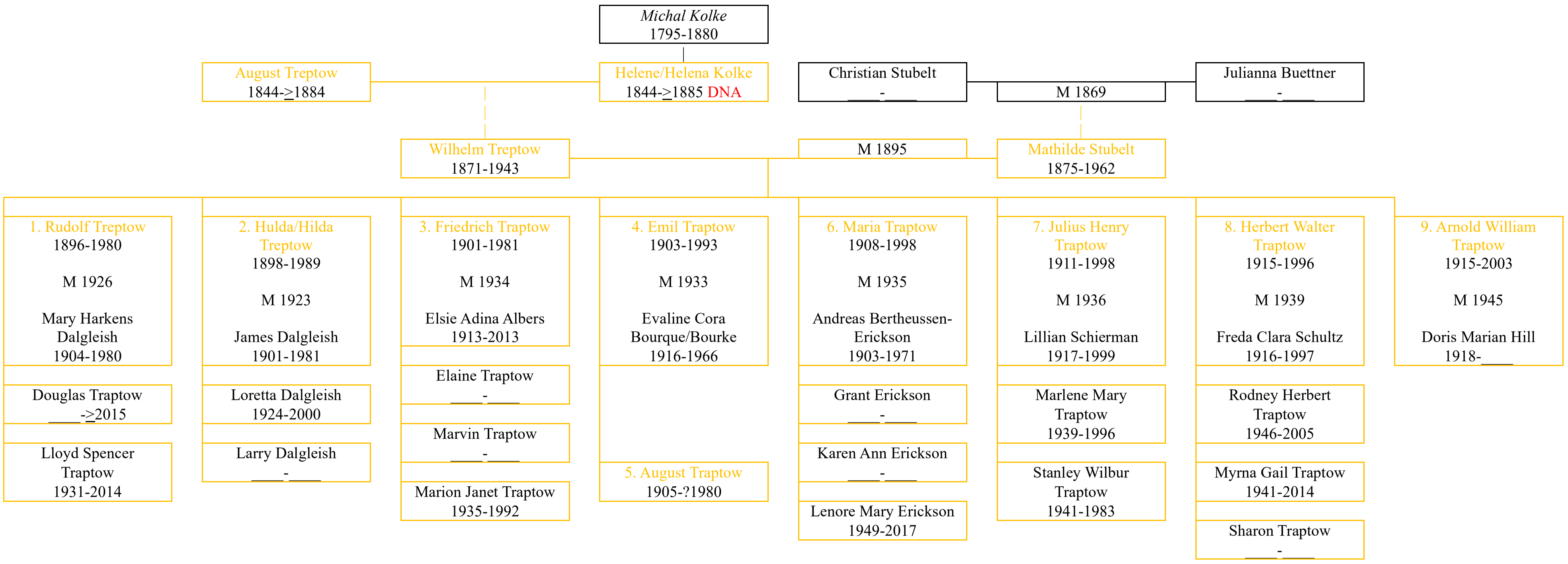

Franciszka Wachnik
Jozef Wasilewski
Tekla Wasilewska
(1798->1857)
Johann Grön
Eva Grön
(1781->1857)
M 1818
Helene Pekruhl
1839->1878
Johann Pekrull
Peter Pekrull
Georg Pekrull
(1799->1857)
M 1855
Heinrich Grön /Grohn
1857->1897
Jakob Grön
Georg Grön
1786->1857
Johann Grön/Grohn
1832-1860
M 1877
Michal Kolke
1795-1880
Gottlieb Kolke
~1830->1865
Justine Kolke
1853->1914
Unknown
-
M#1
Erdmann Grön/Grohn
1901-≥1937
M 1924
Adolphine Neumann
1899-≥1943
Edda Grohn
1929-≥1943
Valentine Grohn
1935-≥1943
Marta Grön/Grohn
1897-1985
M#2
Gustav Morgenweg
1888-1956
Marta Grön/Grohn
1897-1985
M#1 1914
Rudolf Neumann
1888-≥1941
Lydia Neumann
1917-1945
Tina Neumann
1919-1987
Helen Neumann
1922-2014
Rudolf Neumann
1925-≥2016
Tamara Neumann
1931-≥2016
Paul Neumann
1933-≥2016
Georg Neumann
1936-≥2016
Karl Frank
Grön/Grohn
1895-1988
M Emma Winter
1899-1980
Olga Joanne Grohn
1918-1999
Velma Grohn
1928->1999
Waldemar Grohn
1929-2008
Rosalie Grön/Grohn
1878-≥1907
Johann Glaubitz
Justina Glaubitz
Wagner
~1832-≥1865
M#2 1856-62
Wilhelm Kolke
1865-
Gottlieb Kolke
~1830->1865


Simon Neumann
Jakob Klein
Maria Neumann 1790-1855
Filip Klein 1786-1862
Michal Kolke 1795-1880
Samuel Klein 1824-≥1881
M 1853
Anna Susanna Kolke 1835-1914
Karl Müller
M 1836
Maria Hübsch
Rosine Klein 1855-≥1881
Samuel Müller 1852-<1876
Mathilde Müller 1874-____


Adam Felbel
Jakob ____
Jakob Felbel 1794-≥1857
Elisabeth ____ 1795-≥1857
Christian ____
Heinrich Felbel 1830-≥1857
Anna ____ 1834-1906
Rosine Klein 1855-≥1881
Wilhelm Felbel 1853-≥1881
Gustav Hermann Felbel 1877-____
Friedrich Wilhelm Felbel 1879-____
Heinrich Felbel 1880-____
Susanna Felbel 1881-____


Michal Kolke
1795-1880
August Treptow
1844-≥1884
Helene/Helena Kolke
1844-≥1885 DNA
Wilhelmine Treptow
1866-≥1904
Christian Molzahn
1858-1904
Friedrich Molzhan
1899-____


Michal Kolke
1795-1880
August Treptow
1844-≥1884
Helene/Helena Kolke
1844-≥1885 DNA
Auguste Treptow
1869-1904
Ludwig Hanebauer
____->1917
Emilie Hanebauer
1895-1914
Rudolf Hanebauer
1897-1914
Amalie Hanebauer
1898-1902
August Hanebauer
1901-____
Anna Hanebauer
1904-1904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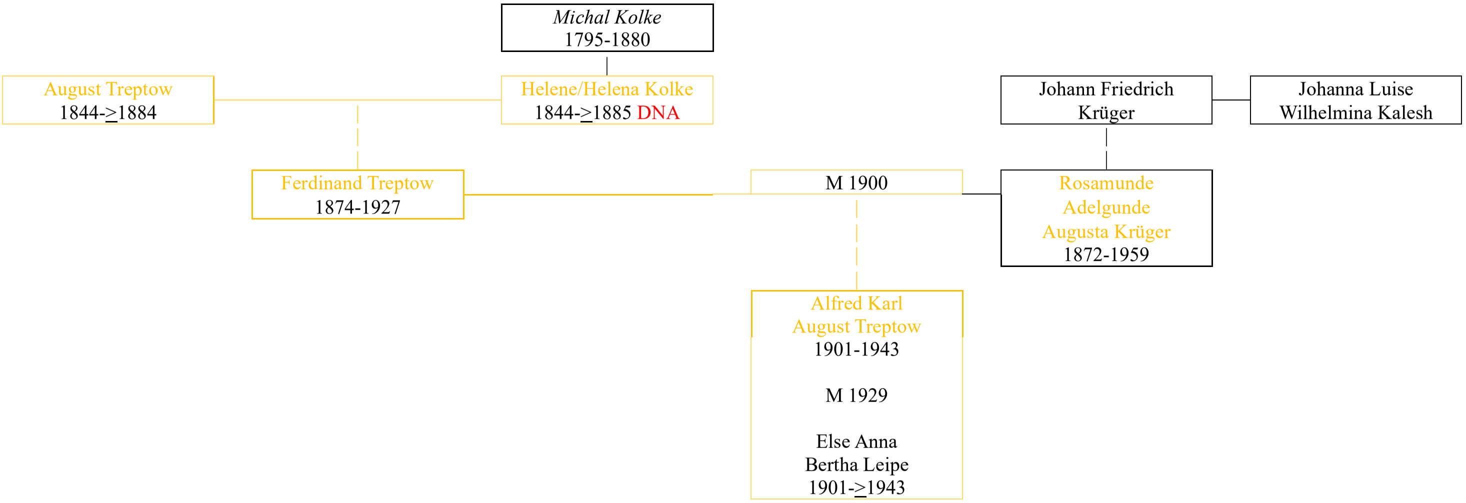
1795-1880
August Treptow
1844-≥1884
Helene/Helena Kolke
1844-≥1885 DNA
Christian Stubelt
-
M 1869
Julianna Buettner
-
Wilhelm Treptow
1871-1943
M 1895
Mathilde Stubelt
1875-1962
1. Rudolf Treptow
1896-1980
M 1926
Mary Harkens Dalgleish
1904-1980
Douglas Traptow
->2015
Lloyd Spencer Traptow
1931-2014
2. Hulda/Hilda Treptow
1898-1989
M 1923
James Dalgleish
1901-1981
Loretta Dalgleish
1924-2000
Larry Dalgleish
-
3. Friedrich Traptow
1901-1981
M 1934
Elsie Adina Albers
1913-2013
Elaine Traptow
-
Marvin Traptow
-
Marion Janet Traptow
1935-1992
4. Emil Traptow
1903-1993
M 1933
Evaline Cora Bourque/Bourke
1916-1966
5. August Traptow
1905-?1980
6. Maria Traptow
1908-1998
M 1935
Andreas Bertheussen-Erickson
1903-1971
Grant Erickson
-
Karen Ann Erickson
-
Lenore Mary Erickson
1949-2017
7. Julius Henry Traptow
1911-1998
M 1936
Lillian Schierman
1917-1999
Marlene Mary Traptow
1939-1996
Stanley Wilbur Traptow
1941-1983
8. Herbert Walter Traptow
1915-1996
M 1939
Freda Clara Schultz
1916-1997
Rodney Herbert Traptow
1946-2005
Myrna Gail Traptow
1941-2014
Sharon Traptow
-
9. Arnold William Traptow
1915-2003
M 1945
Doris Marian Hill
1918-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1795-1880
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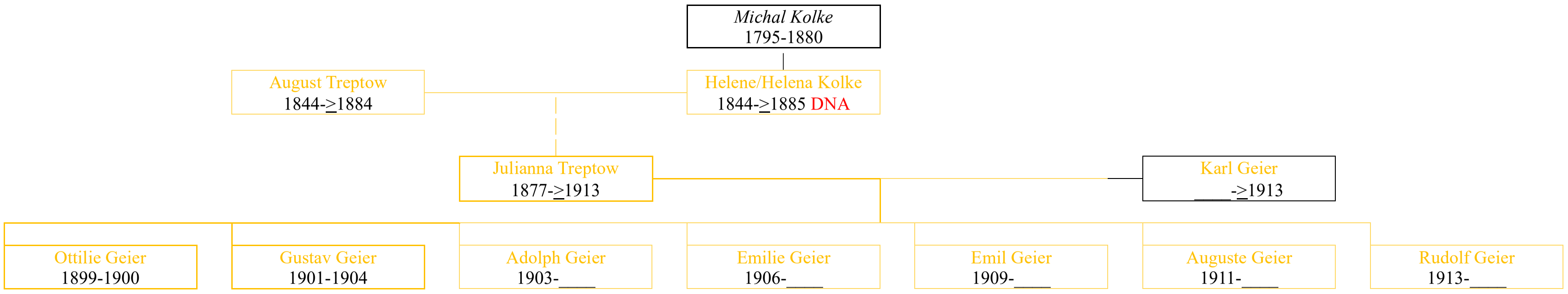
1844-≥1884
Helene/Helena Kolke
1844-≥1885 DNA
Johann Friedrich Krüger
Johanna Luise Wilhelmina Kalesh
Ferdinand Treptow
1874-1927
M 1900
Rosamunde Adelgunde Augusta Krüger
1872-1959
Alfred Karl August Treptow
1901-1943
M 1929
Else Anna Bertha Leipe
1901-≥1943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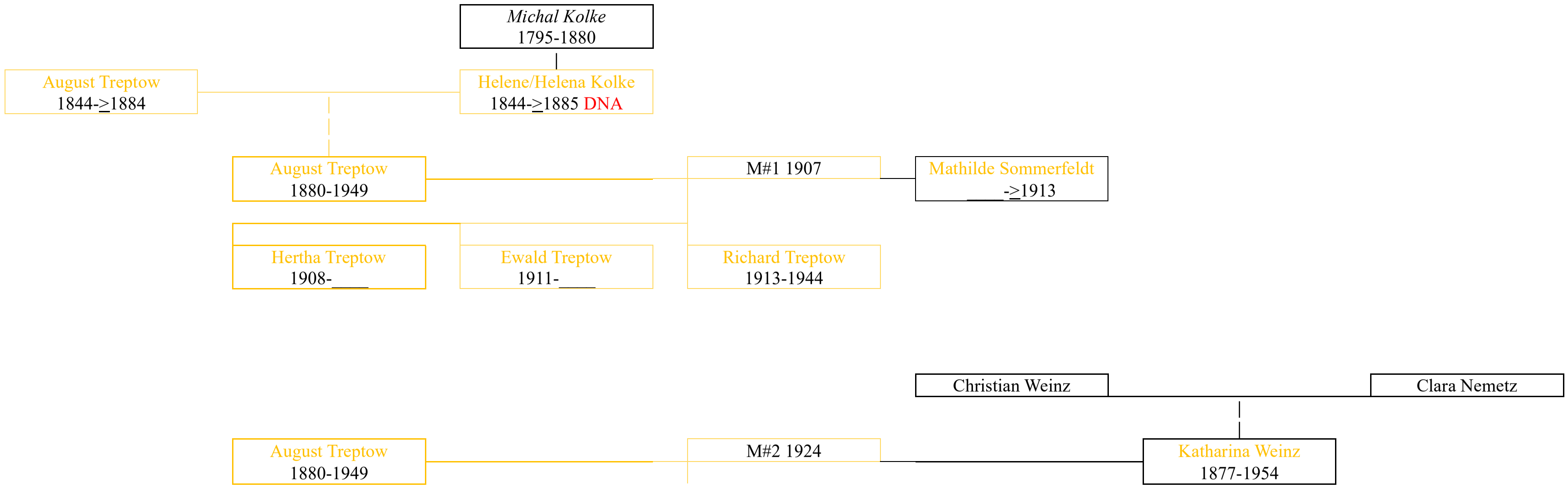
1795-1880
August Treptow
1844-≥1884
Helene/Helena Kolke
1844-≥1885 DNA
Julianna Treptow
1877-≥1913
Karl Geier
____-≥1913
Ottilie Geier
1899-1900
Gustav Geier
1901-1904
Adolph Geier
1903-____
Emilie Geier
1906-____
Emil Geier
1909-____
Auguste Geier
1911-____
Rudolf Geier
1913-____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1795-1880
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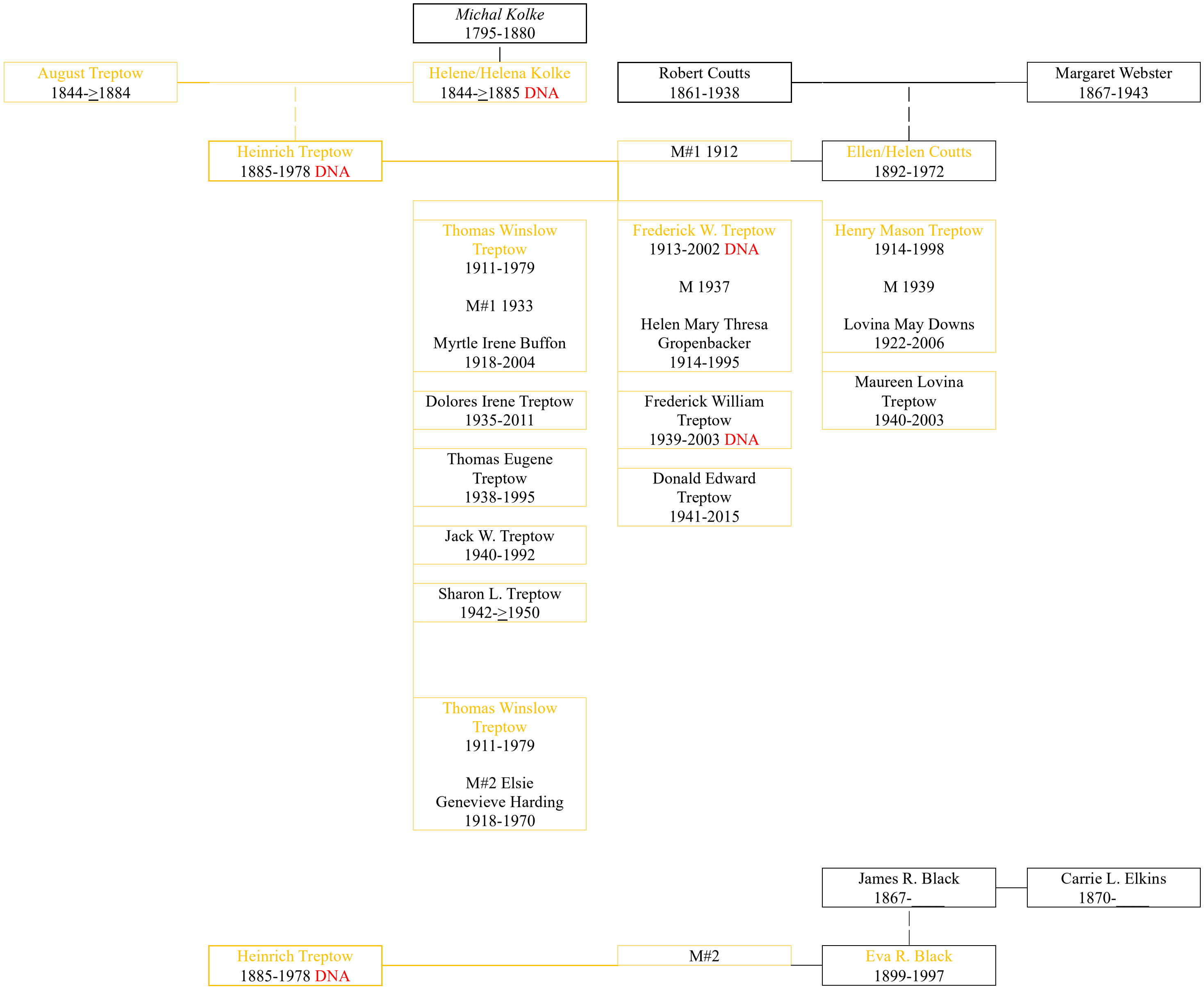
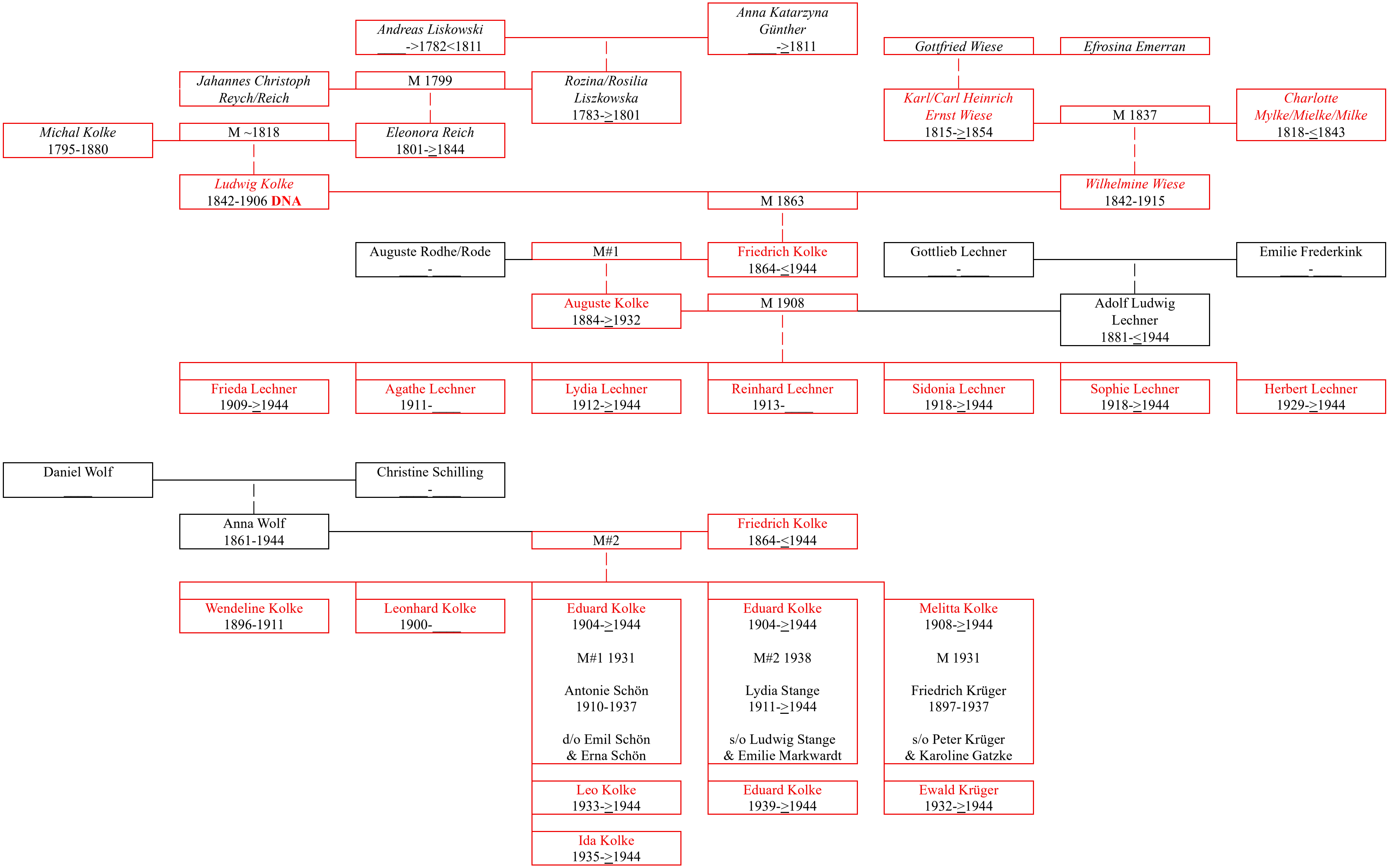
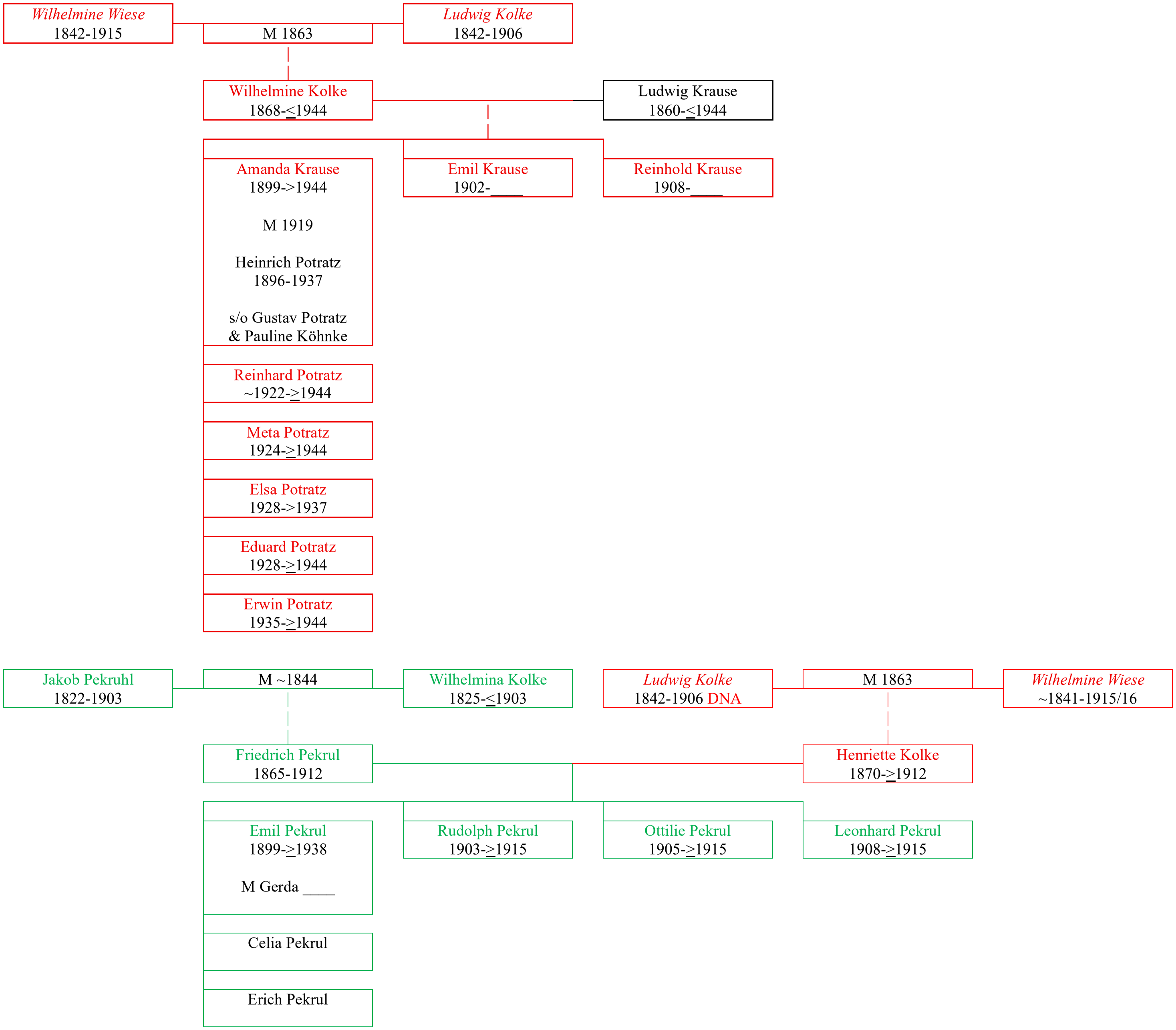
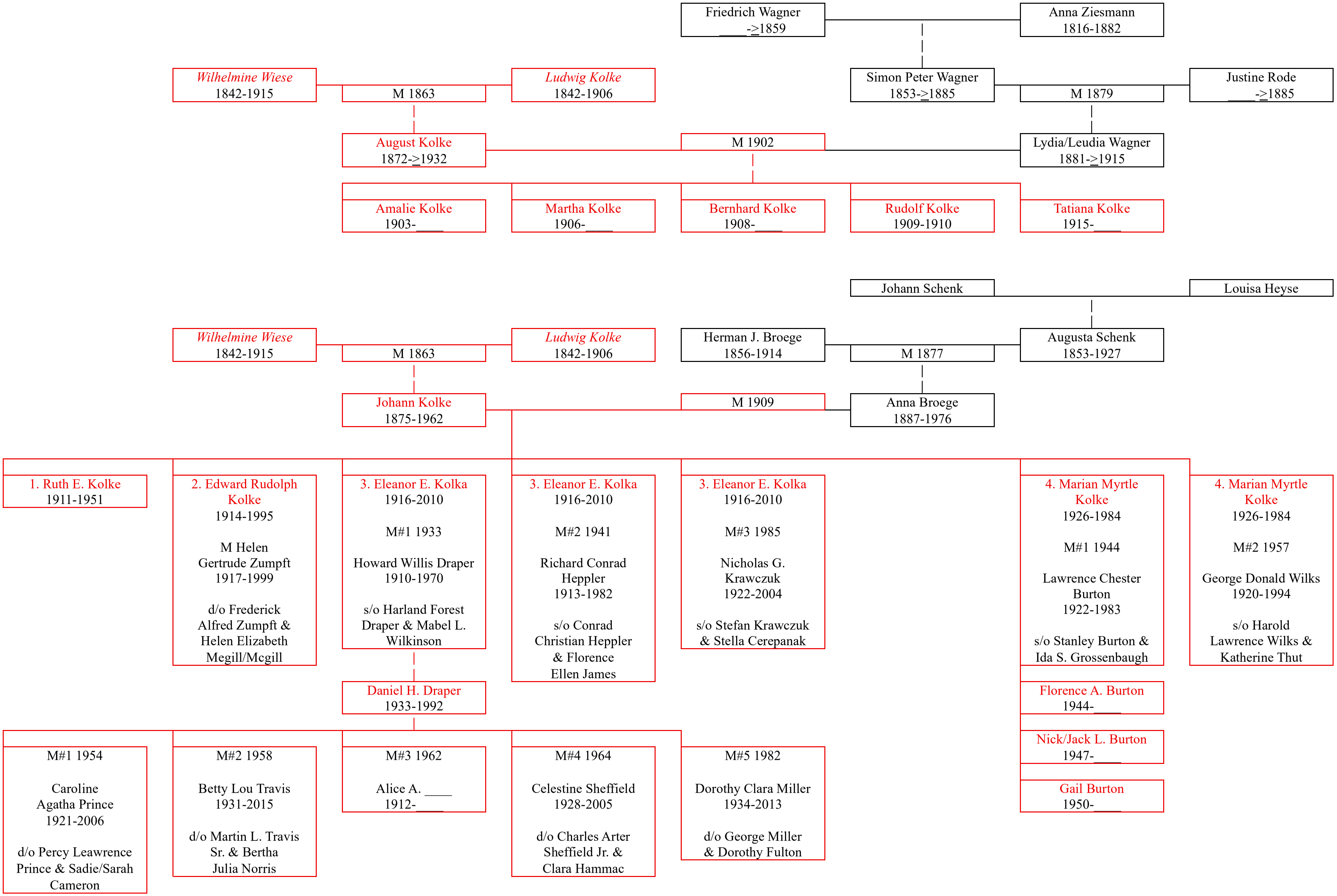
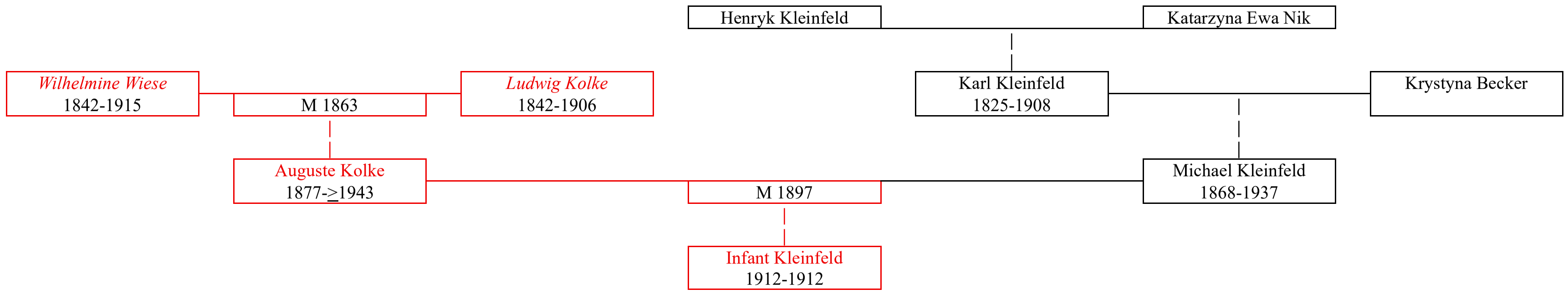
1844-≥1884
Helene/Helena Kolke
1844-≥1885 DNA
August Treptow
1880-1949
M#1 1907
Mathilde Sommerfeldt
____-≥1913
Hertha Treptow
1908-____
Ewald Treptow
1911-____
Richard Treptow
1913-1944
Christian Weinz
Clara Nemetz
August Treptow
1880-1949
M#2 1924
Katharina Weinz
1877-1954

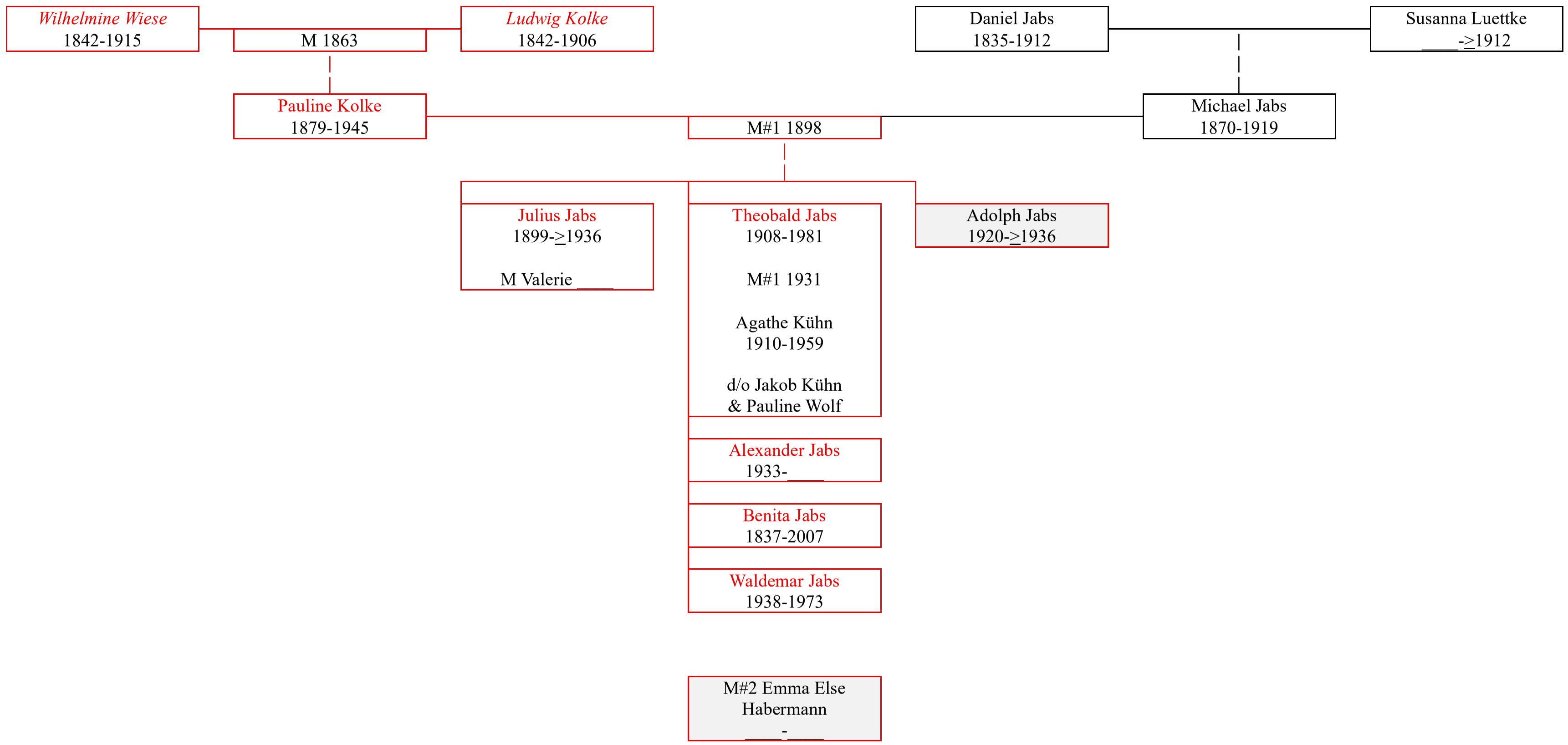

Michal Kolke
1795-1880
August Treptow
1844-≥1884
Helene/Helena Kolke
1844-≥1885 DNA
Robert Coutts
1861-1938
Margaret Webster
1867-1943
Heinrich Treptow
1885-1978 DNA
M#1 1912
Ellen/Helen Coutts
1892-1972
Thomas Winslow Treptow
1911-1979
M#1 1933
Myrtle Irene Buffon
1918-2004
Frederick W. Treptow
1913-2002 DNA
M 1937
Helen Mary Thresa Gropenbacker
1914-1995
Henry Mason Treptow
1914-1998
M 1939
Lovina May Downs
1922-2006
Maureen Lovina Treptow
1940-2003
Dolores Irene Treptow
1935-2011
Frederick William Treptow
1939-2003 DNA
Thomas Eugene Treptow
1938-1995
Donald Edward Treptow
1941-2015
Jack W. Treptow
1940-1992
Sharon L. Treptow
1942-≥1950
Thomas Winslow Treptow
1911-1979
M#2 Elsie Genevieve Harding
1918-1970
James R. Black
1867-____
Carrie L. Elkins
1870-____
Heinrich Treptow
1885-1978 DNA
M#2
Eva R. Black
1899-1997

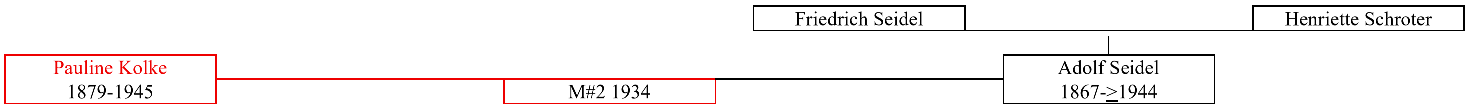

Andreas Liskowski
->1782<1811
Anna Katarzyna Günther
-≥1811
Gottfried Wiese
Efrosina Emerran
Jahannes Christoph Reych/Reich
M 1799
Rozina/Rosilia Liszkowska
1783-≥1801
Karl/Carl Heinrich Ernst Wiese
1815-≥1854
M 1837
Charlotte Mylke/Mielke/Milke
1818-≤1843
Michal Kolke
1795-1880
M ~1818
Eleonora Reich
1801-≥1844
Ludwig Kolke
1842-1906 DNA
M 1863
Wilhelmine Wiese
1842-1915
Auguste Rodhe/Rode
-
M#1
Friedrich Kolke
1864-≤1944
Gottlieb Lechner
-
Emilie Frederkink
-
Auguste Kolke
1884-≥1932
M 1908
Adolf Ludwig Lechner
1881-≤1944
Frieda Lechner
1909-≥1944
Agathe Lechner
1911-
Lydia Lechner
1912-≥1944
Reinhard Lechner
1913-
Sidonia Lechner
1918-≥1944
Sophie Lechner
1918-≥1944
Herbert Lechner
1929-≥1944
Daniel Wolf
Christine Schilling
-
Anna Wolf
1861-1944
M#2
Friedrich Kolke
1864-≤1944
Wendeline Kolke
1896-1911
Leonhard Kolke
1900-
Eduard Kolke
1904-≥1944
M#1 1931
Antonie Schön
1910-1937
d/o Emil Schön
& Erna Schön
Eduard Kolke
1904-≥1944
M#2 1938
Lydia Stange
1911-≥1944
s/o Ludwig Stange
& Emilie Markwardt
Melitta Kolke
1908-≥1944
M 1931
Friedrich Krüger
1897-1937
s/o Peter Krüger
& Karoline Gatzke
Leo Kolke
1933-≥1944
Eduard Kolke
1939-≥1944
Ewald Krüger
1932-≥1944
Ida Kolke
1935-≥1944

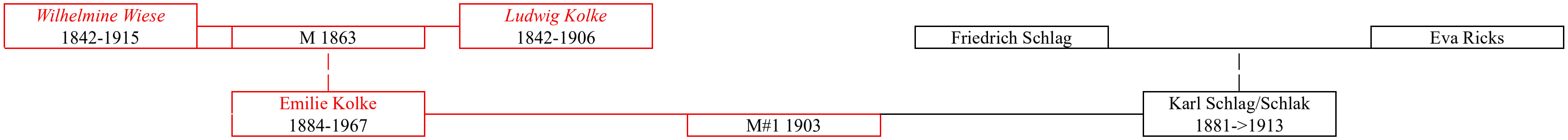

Wilhelmine Wiese
1842-1915
M 1863
Ludwig Kolke
1842-1906
Wilhelmine Kolke
1868-≤1944
Ludwig Krause
1860-≤1944
Amanda Krause
1899->1944
M 1919
Heinrich Potratz
1896-1937
s/o Gustav Potratz
& Pauline Köhnke
Emil Krause
1902-____
Reinhold Krause
1908-____
Reinhard Potratz
~1922-≥1944
Meta Potratz
1924-≥1944
Elsa Potratz
1928->1937
Eduard Potratz
1928-≥1944
Erwin Potratz
1935-≥1944
Jakob Pekruhl
1822-1903
M ~1844
Wilhelmina Kolke
1825-≤1903
Ludwig Kolke
1842-1906 DNA
M 1863
Wilhelmine Wiese
~1841-1915/16
Friedrich Pekrul
1865-1912
Henriette Kolke
1870-≥1912
Emil Pekrul
1899-≥1938
M Gerda ____
Rudolph Pekrul
1903-≥1915
Ottilie Pekrul
1905-≥1915
Leonhard Pekrul
1908-≥1915
Celia Pekrul
Erich Pekrul

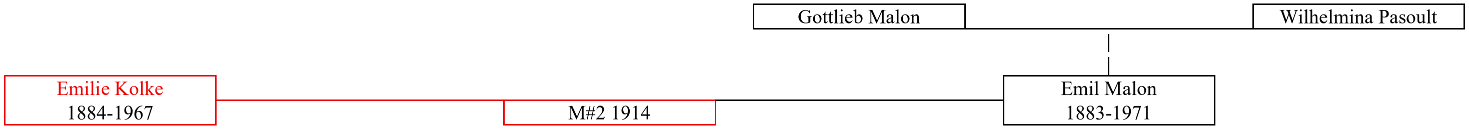

Friedrich Wagner
____->1859
Anna Ziesmann
1816-1882
Wilhelmine Wiese
1842-1915
M 1863
Ludwig Kolke
1842-1906
Simon Peter Wagner
1853->1885
M 1879
Justine Rode
____->1885
August Kolke
1872->1932
M 1902
Lydia/Leudia Wagner
1881->1915
Amalie Kolke
1903-____
Martha Kolke
1906-____
Bernhard Kolke
1908-____
Rudolf Kolke
1909-1910
Tatiana Kolke
1915-____
Johann Schenk
Louisa Heyse
Wilhelmine Wiese
1842-1915
M 1863
Ludwig Kolke
1842-1906
Herman J. Broege
1856-1914
M 1877
Augusta Schenk
1853-1927
Johann Kolke
1875-1962
M 1909
Anna Broege
1887-1976
1. Ruth E. Kolke
1911-1951
2. Edward Rudolph Kolke
1914-1995
M Helen Gertrude Zumpft
1917-1999
d/o Frederick Alfred Zumpft & Helen Elizabeth Megill/Mcgill
3. Eleanor E. Kolka
1916-2010
M#1 1933
Howard Willis Draper
1910-1970
s/o Harland Forest Draper & Mabel L. Wilkinson
3. Eleanor E. Kolka
1916-2010
M#2 1941
Richard Conrad Heppler
1913-1982
s/o Conrad Christian Heppler & Florence Ellen James
3. Eleanor E. Kolka
1916-2010
M#3 1985
Nicholas G. Krawczuk
1922-2004
s/o Stefan Krawczuk & Stella Cerepanak
4. Marian Myrtle Kolke
1926-1984
M#1 1944
Lawrence Chester Burton
1922-1983
s/o Stanley Burton & Ida S. Grossenbaugh
4. Marian Myrtle Kolke
1926-1984
M#2 1957
George Donald Wilks
1920-1994
s/o Harold Lawrence Wilks & Katherine Thut
Daniel H. Draper
1933-1992
Florence A. Burton
1944-____
Nick/Jack L. Burton
1947-____
Gail Burton
1950-____
M#1 1954
Caroline Agatha Prince
1921-2006
d/o Percy Leawrence Prince & Sadie/Sarah Cameron
M#2 1958
Betty Lou Travis
1931-2015
d/o Martin L. Travis Sr. & Bertha Julia Norris
M#3 1962
Alice A. ____
1912-____
M#4 1964
Celestine Sheffield
1928-2005
d/o Charles Arter Sheffield Jr. & Clara Hammac
M#5 1982
Dorothy Clara Miller
1934-2013
d/o George Miller & Dorothy Fulton

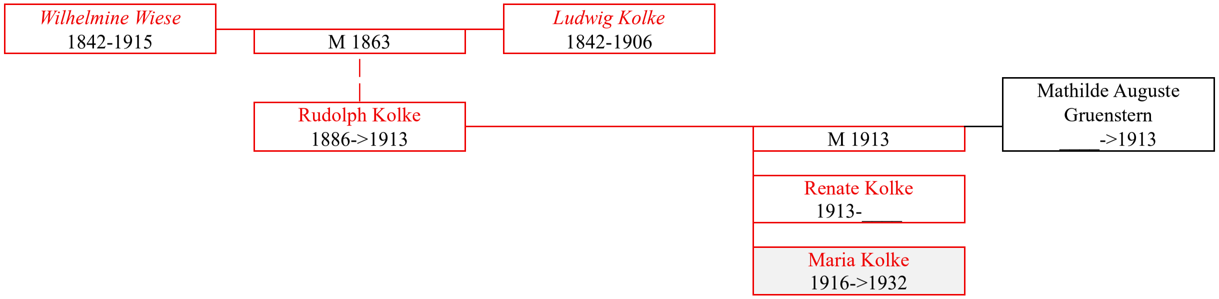

Henryk Kleinfeld
Katarzyna Ewa Nik
Wilhelmine Wiese 1842-1915
M 1863
Ludwig Kolke 1842-1906
Karl Kleinfeld 1825-1908
Krystyna Becker
Auguste Kolke 1877-≥1943
M 1897
Michael Kleinfeld 1868-1937
Infant Kleinfeld 1912-1912

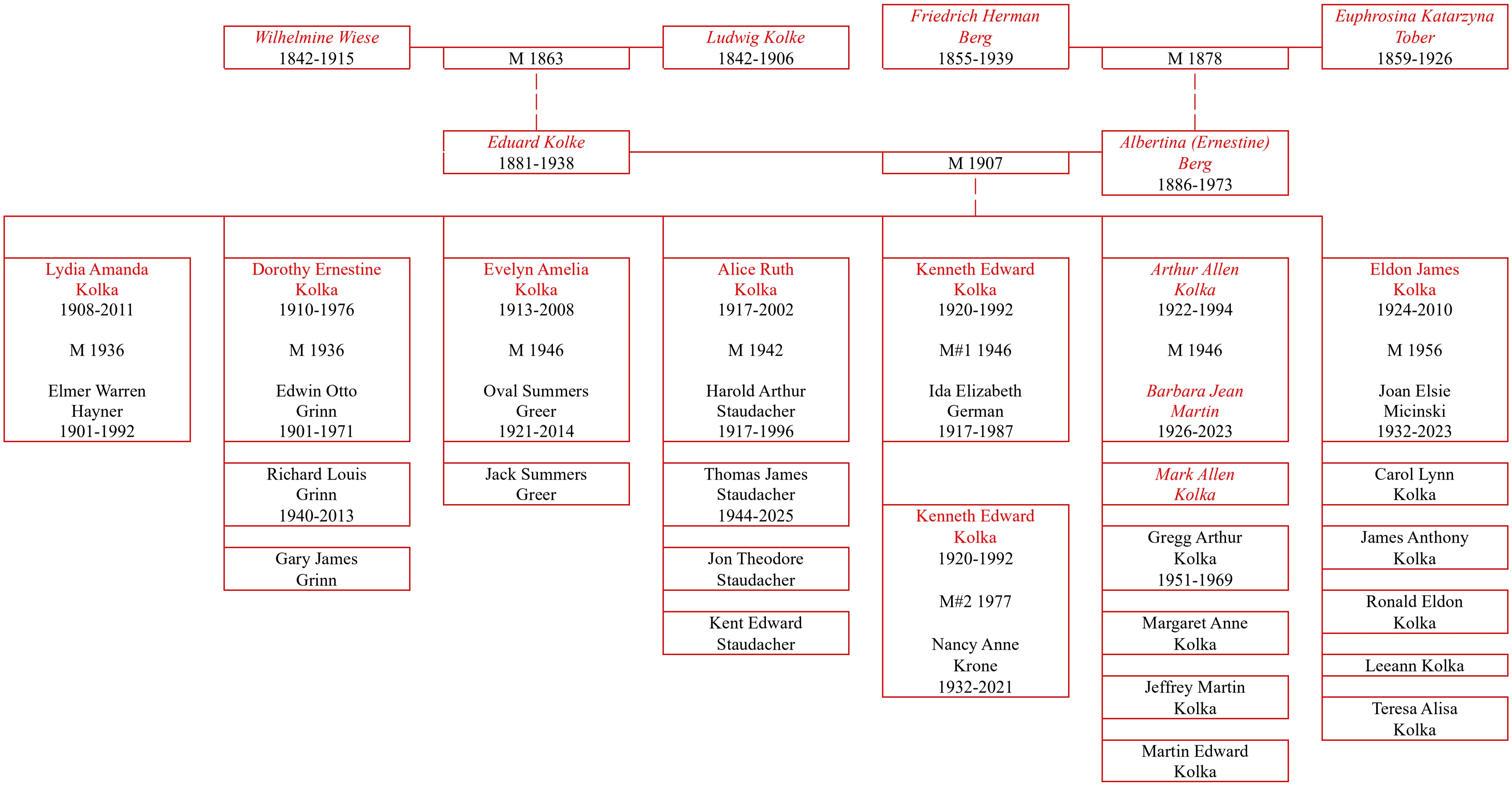

Wilhelmine Wiese 1842-1915
M 1863
Ludwig Kolke 1842-1906
Daniel Jabs 1835-1912
Susanna Luettke ____-≥1912
Pauline Kolke 1879-1945
M#1 1898
Michael Jabs 1870-1919
Julius Jabs 1899-≥1936
M Valerie ____
Theobald Jabs 1908-1981
M#1 1931
Agathe Kühn 1910-1959
d/o Jakob Kühn & Pauline Wolf
Adolph Jabs 1920-≥1936
Alexander Jabs 1933-____
Benita Jabs 1837-2007
Waldemar Jabs 1938-1973
M#2 Emma Else Habermann
____-____


Friedrich Seidel
Henriette Schroter
Pauline Kolke 1879-1945
M#2 1934
Adolf Seidel 1867-≥1944

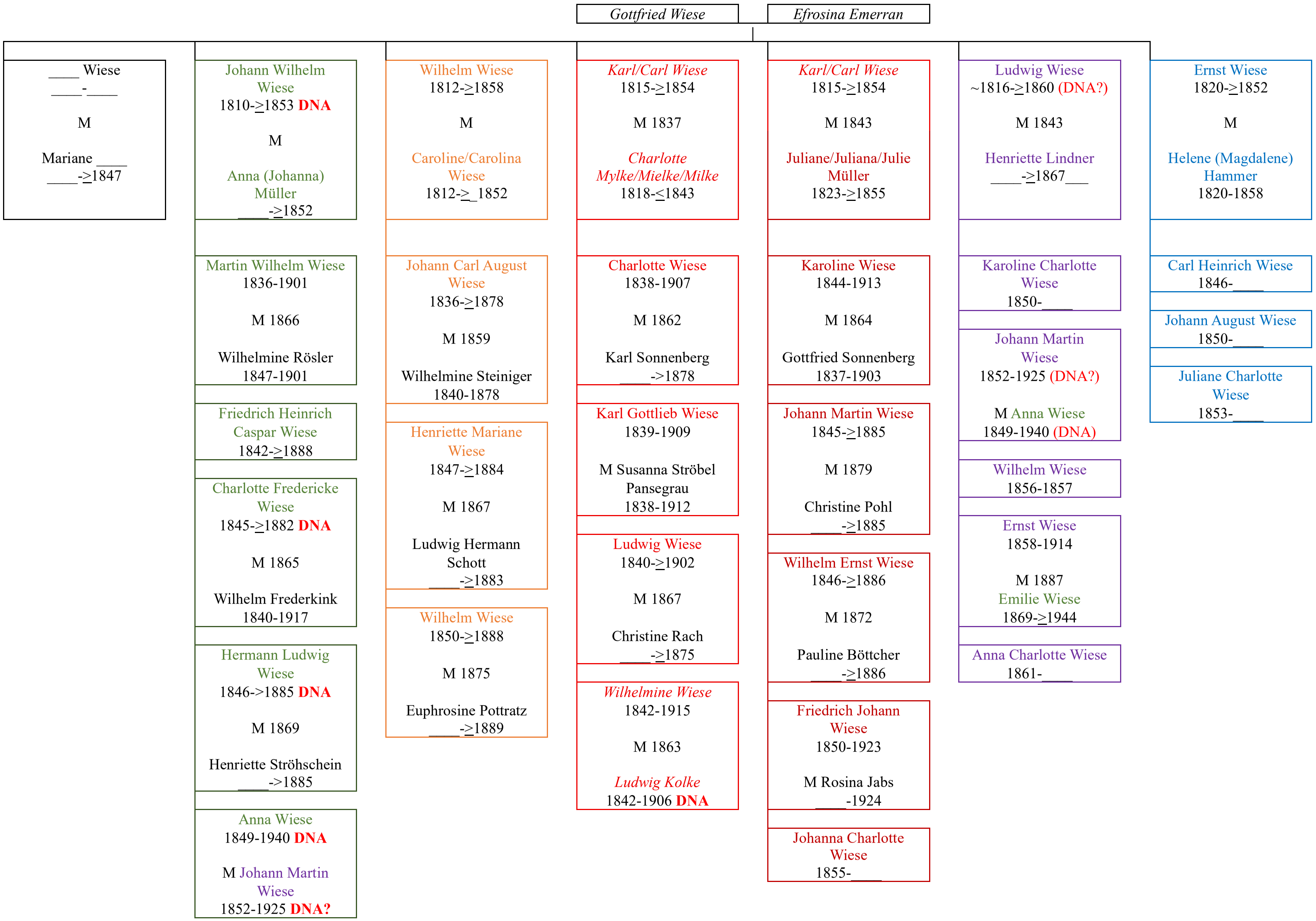

Wilhelmine Wiese
1842-1915
M 1863
Ludwig Kolke
1842-1906
Emilie Kolke
1884-1967
M#1 1903
Friedrich Schlag
Eva Ricks
Karl Schlag/Schlak
1881->1913


Gottlieb Malon
Wilhelmina Pasoult
Emilie Kolke
1884-1967
M#2 1914
Emil Malon
1883-1971


Wilhelmine Wiese
1842-1915
M 1863
Ludwig Kolke
1842-1906
Rudolph Kolke
1886->1913
M 1913
Mathilde Auguste
Gruenstern
____->1913
Renate Kolke
1913-____
Maria Kolke
1916->1932


Wilhelmine Wiese
1842-1915
M 1863
Ludwig Kolke
1842-1906
Friedrich Herman
Berg
1855-1939
M 1878
Euphrosina Katarzyna
Tober
1859-1926
Eduard Kolke
1881-1938
M 1907
Albertina (Ernestine)
Berg
1886-1973
Lydia Amanda
Kolka
1908-2011
M 1936
Elmer Warren
Hayner
1901-1992
Dorothy Ernestine
Kolka
1910-1976
M 1936
Edwin Otto
Grinn
1901-1971
Richard Louis
Grinn
1940-2013
Gary James
Grinn
Evelyn Amelia
Kolka
1913-2008
M 1946
Oval Summers
Greer
1921-2014
Jack Summers
Greer
Alice Ruth
Kolka
1917-2002
M 1942
Harold Arthur
Staudacher
1917-1996
Thomas James
Staudacher
1944-2025
Jon Theodore
Staudacher
Kent Edward
Staudacher
Kenneth Edward
Kolka
1920-1992
M#1 1946
Ida Elizabeth
German
1917-1987
Kenneth Edward
Kolka
1920-1992
M#2 1977
Nancy Anne
Krone
1932-2021
Arthur Allen
Kolka
1922-1994
M 1946
Barbara Jean
Martin
1926-2023
Mark Allen
Kolka
Gregg Arthur
Kolka
1951-1969
Margaret Anne
Kolka
Jeffrey Martin
Kolka
Martin Edward
Kolka
Eldon James
Kolka
1924-2010
M 1956
Joan Elsie
Micinski
1932-2023
Carol Lynn
Kolka
James Anthony
Kolka
Ronald Eldon
Kolka
Leeann Kolka
Teresa Alisa
Kolka

Appendix E: KNOWN AND SUSPECTED (shaded) MEMBERS OF THE WIESE EXTENDED FAMILIES



Gottfried Wiese
Efrosina Emerran

____ Wiese
____-____
M
Mariane ____
____-≥1847

Johann Wilhelm Wiese
1810-≥1853 **DNA**
M
Anna (Johanna) Müller
____-≥1852

Martin Wilhelm Wiese
1836-1901
M 1866
Wilhelmine Rösler
1847-1901

Friedrich Heinrich Caspar Wiese
1842-≥1888

Charlotte Fredericke Wiese
1845-≥1882 **DNA**
M 1865
Wilhelm Frederkink
1840-1917

Hermann Ludwig Wiese
1846->1885 **DNA**
M 1869
Henriette Ströhschein
____->1885

Anna Wiese
1849-1940 **DNA**
M Johann Martin Wiese
1852-1925 **DNA?**

Wilhelm Wiese
1812-≥1858
M
Caroline/Carolina Wiese
1812-≥_1852

Johann Carl August Wiese
1836-≥1878
M 1859
Wilhelmine Steiniger
1840-1878

Henriette Mariane Wiese
1847-≥1884
M 1867
Ludwig Hermann Schott
____-≥1883

Wilhelm Wiese
1850-≥1888
M 1875
Euphrosine Pottratz
____-≥1889

Karl/Carl Wiese
1815-≥1854
M 1837
Charlotte Mylke/Mielke/Milke
1818-≤1843

Charlotte Wiese
1838-1907
M 1862
Karl Sonnenberg
____->1878

Karl Gottlieb Wiese
1839-1909
M Susanna Ströbel Pansegrau
1838-1912

Ludwig Wiese
1840-≥1902
M 1867
Christine Rach
____-≥1875

Wilhelmine Wiese
1842-1915
M 1863
Ludwig Kolke
1842-1906 **DNA**

Karl/Carl Wiese
1815-≥1854
M 1843
Juliane/Juliana/Julie Müller
1823-≥1855

Karoline Wiese
1844-1913
M 1864
Gottfried Sonnenberg
1837-1903

Johann Martin Wiese
1845-≥1885
M 1879
Christine Pohl
____-≥1885

Wilhelm Ernst Wiese
1846-≥1886
M 1872
Pauline Böttcher
____-≥1886

Friedrich Johann Wiese
1850-1923
M Rosina Jabs
____-1924

Johanna Charlotte Wiese
1855-____

Ludwig Wiese
~1816-≥1860 (DNA?)
M 1843
Henriette Lindner
____-≥1867___

Karoline Charlotte Wiese
1850-____

Johann Martin Wiese
1852-1925 (DNA?)
M Anna Wiese
1849-1940 (DNA)

Wilhelm Wiese
1856-1857

Ernst Wiese
1858-1914
M 1887
Emilie Wiese
1869-≥1944

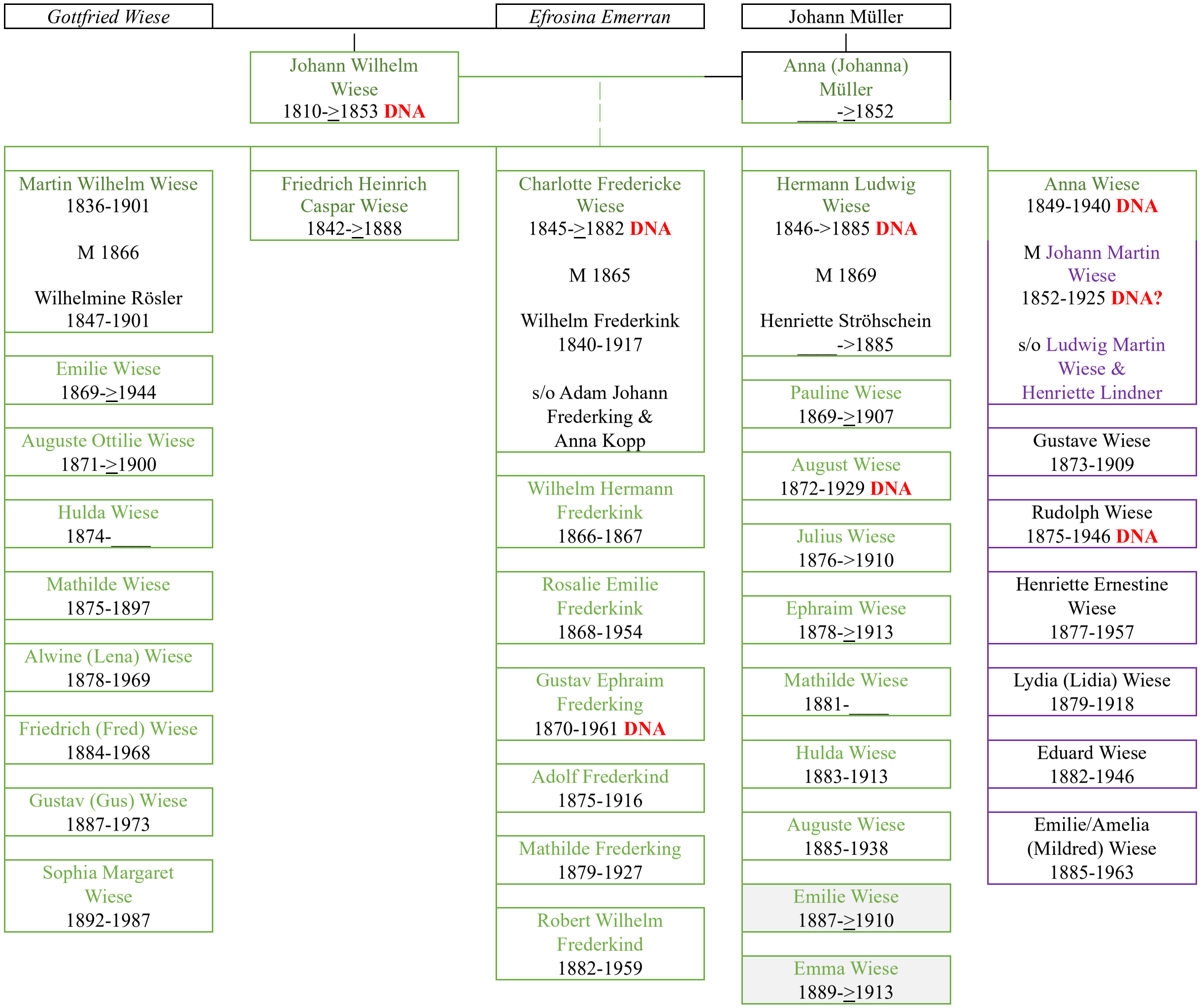
Anna Charlotte Wiese
1861-____

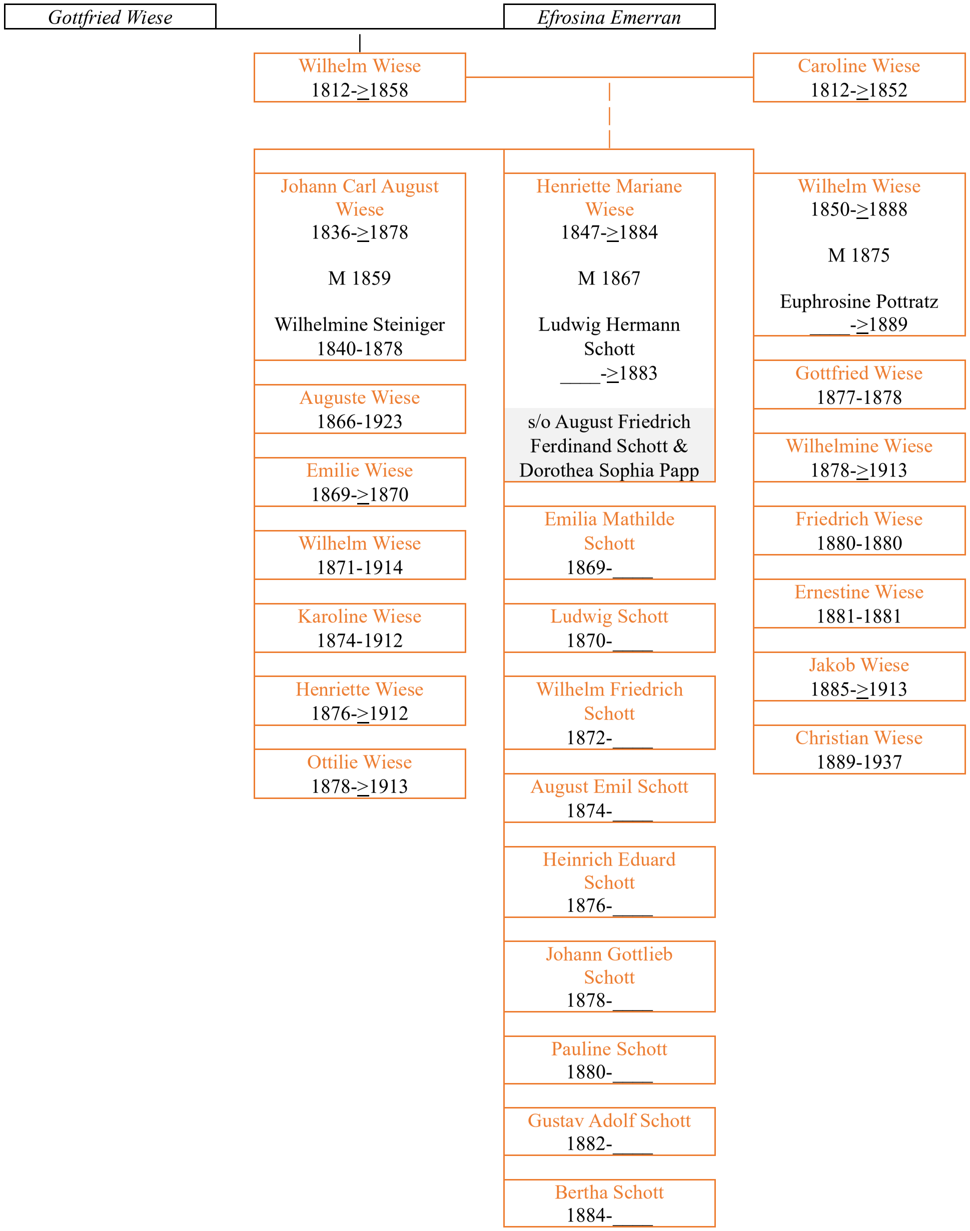
Ernst Wiese
1820-≥1852
M
Helene (Magdalene) Hammer
1820-1858

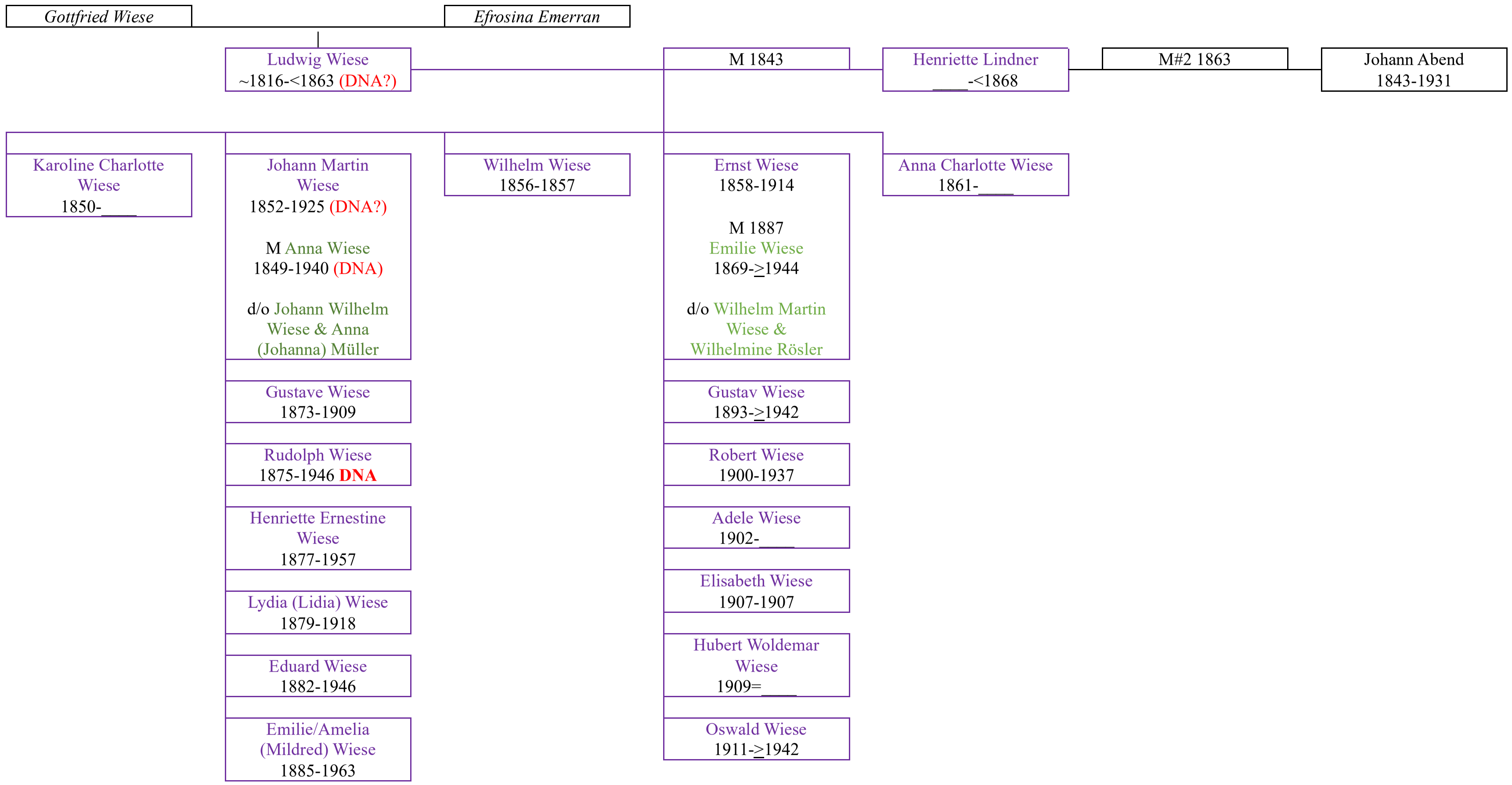
Carl Heinrich Wiese
1846-____

Johann August Wiese
1850-____

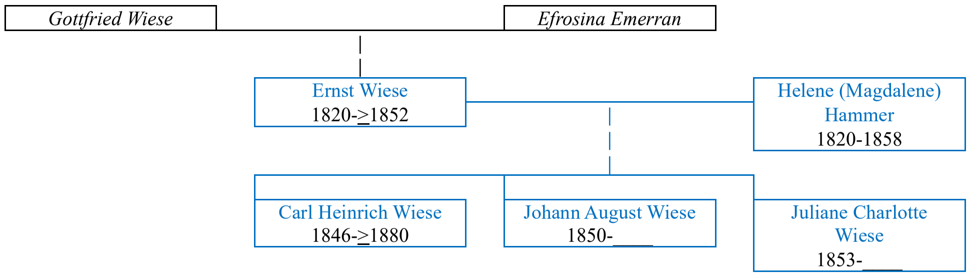
Juliane Charlotte Wiese
1853-____

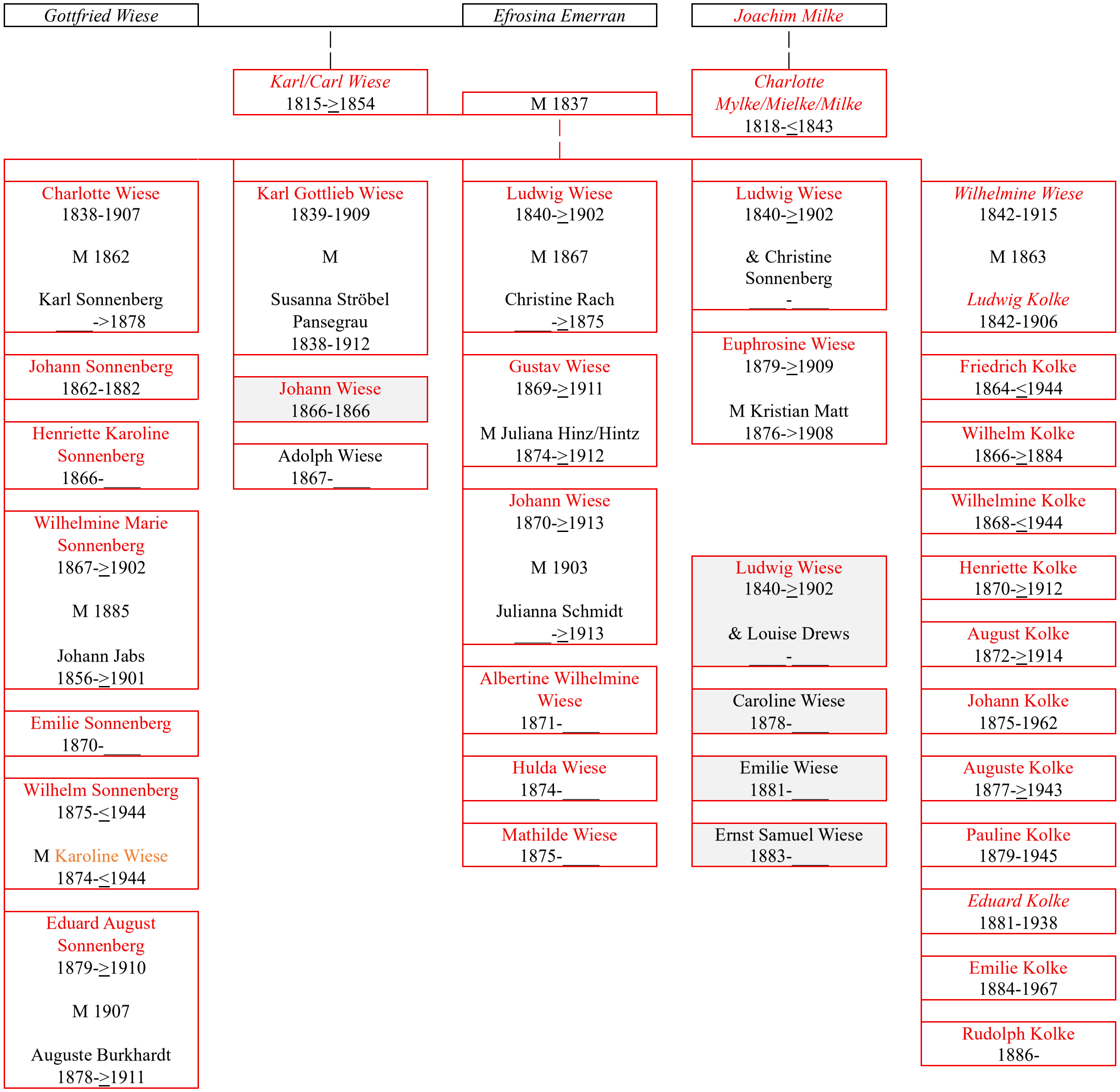

Gottfried Wiese
Efrosina Emerran
Johann Müller
Johann Wilhelm Wiese 1810-≥1853 **DNA**
Anna (Johanna) Müller ____-≥1852
Martin Wilhelm Wiese 1836-1901
M 1866
Wilhelmine Rösler 1847-1901
Emilie Wiese 1869-≥1944
Auguste Ottilie Wiese 1871-≥1900
Hulda Wiese 1874-____
Mathilde Wiese 1875-1897
Alwine (Lena) Wiese 1878-1969
Friedrich (Fred) Wiese 1884-1968
Gustav (Gus) Wiese 1887-1973
Sophia Margaret Wiese 1892-1987
Friedrich Heinrich Caspar Wiese 1842-≥1888
Charlotte Fredericke Wiese 1845-≥1882 **DNA**
M 1865
Wilhelm Frederkink 1840-1917
s/o Adam Johann Frederking & Anna Kopp
Wilhelm Hermann Frederkink 1866-1867
Rosalie Emilie Frederkink 1868-1954
Gustav Ephraim Frederking 1870-1961 **DNA**
Adolf Frederkind 1875-1916
Mathilde Frederking 1879-1927
Robert Wilhelm Frederkind 1882-1959
Hermann Ludwig Wiese 1846->1885 **DNA**
M 1869
Henriette Ströhschein ____->1885
Pauline Wiese 1869-≥1907
August Wiese 1872-1929 **DNA**
Julius Wiese 1876->1910
Ephraim Wiese 1878-≥1913
Mathilde Wiese 1881-____
Hulda Wiese 1883-1913
Auguste Wiese 1885-1938
Emilie Wiese 1887-≥1910
Emma Wiese 1889-≥1913
Anna Wiese 1849-1940 **DNA**
M Johann Martin Wiese 1852-1925 **DNA?**
s/o Ludwig Martin Wiese & Henriette Lindner
Gustave Wiese 1873-1909
Rudolph Wiese 1875-1946 **DNA**
Henriette Ernestine Wiese 1877-1957
Lydia (Lidia) Wiese 1879-1918
Eduard Wiese 1882-1946
Emilie/Amelia (Mildred) Wiese 1885-1963

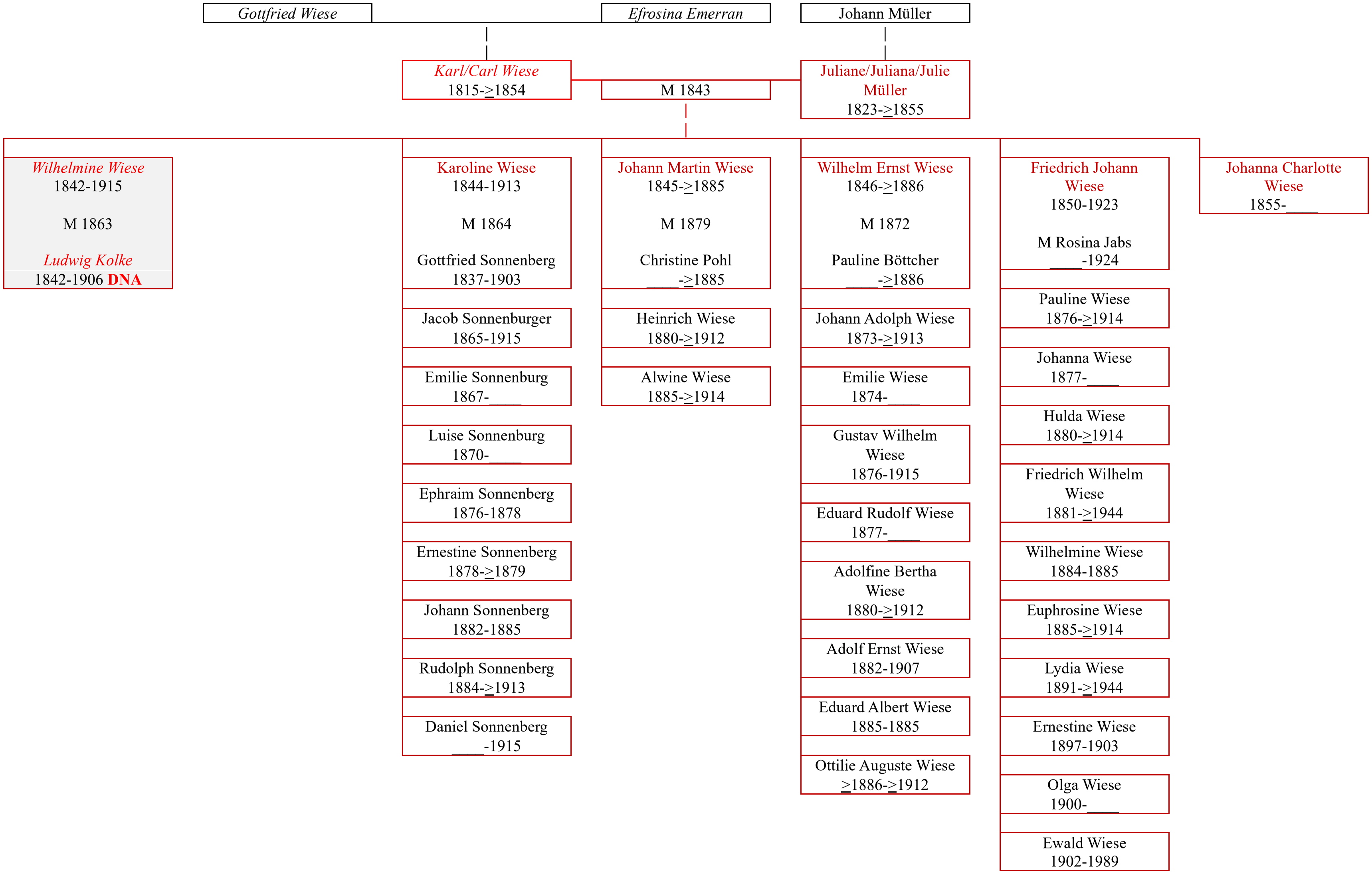

Gottfried Wiese
Efrosina Emerran
Wilhelm Wiese
1812-≥1858
Caroline Wiese
1812-≥1852
Johann Carl August Wiese
1836-≥1878
M 1859
Wilhelmine Steiniger
1840-1878
Auguste Wiese
1866-1923
Emilie Wiese
1869-≥1870
Wilhelm Wiese
1871-1914
Karoline Wiese
1874-1912
Henriette Wiese
1876-≥1912
Ottilie Wiese
1878-≥1913
Henriette Mariane Wiese
1847-≥1884
M 1867
Ludwig Hermann Schott
____-≥1883
s/o August Friedrich Ferdinand Schott & Dorothea Sophia Papp
Emilia Mathilde Schott
1869-____
Ludwig Schott
1870-____
Wilhelm Friedrich Schott
1872-____
August Emil Schott
1874-____
Heinrich Eduard Schott
1876-____
Johann Gottlieb Schott
1878-____
Pauline Schott
1880-____
Gustav Adolf Schott
1882-____
Bertha Schott
1884-____
Wilhelm Wiese
1850-≥1888
M 1875
Euphrosine Pottratz
____-≥1889
Gottfried Wiese
1877-1878
Wilhelmine Wiese
1878-≥1913
Friedrich Wiese
1880-1880
Ernestine Wiese
1881-1881
Jakob Wiese
1885-≥1913
Christian Wiese
1889-1937



Gottfried Wiese
Efrosina Emerran
Ludwig Wiese ~1816-<1863 (DNA?)
M 1843
Henriette Lindner ____-<1868
M#2 1863
Johann Abend 1843-1931
Karoline Charlotte Wiese 1850-____
Johann Martin Wiese 1852-1925 (DNA?)
M Anna Wiese 1849-1940 (DNA)
d/o Johann Wilhelm Wiese & Anna (Johanna) Müller
Gustave Wiese 1873-1909
Rudolph Wiese 1875-1946 **DNA**
Henriette Ernestine Wiese 1877-1957
Lydia (Lidia) Wiese 1879-1918
Eduard Wiese 1882-1946
Emilie/Amelia (Mildred) Wiese 1885-1963
Wilhelm Wiese 1856-1857
Ernst Wiese 1858-1914
M 1887 Emilie Wiese 1869-≥1944
d/o Wilhelm Martin Wiese & Wilhelmine Rösler
Gustav Wiese 1893-≥1942
Robert Wiese 1900-1937
Adele Wiese 1902-____
Elisabeth Wiese 1907-1907
Hubert Woldemar Wiese 1909=____
Oswald Wiese 1911-≥1942
Anna Charlotte Wiese 1861-____

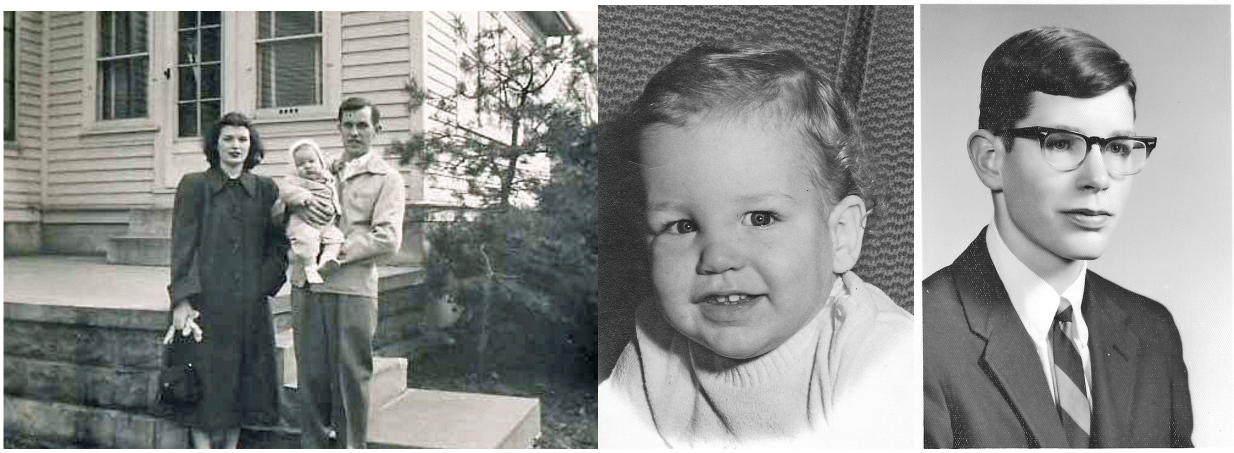

Gottfried Wiese
Efrosina Emerran
Ernst Wiese
1820-≥1852
Helene (Magdalene) Hammer
1820-1858
Carl Heinrich Wiese
1846-≥1880
Johann August Wiese
1850-____
Juliane Charlotte Wiese
1853-____


Gottfried Wiese
Efrosina Emerran
Joachim Milke
Karl/Carl Wiese 1815-≥1854
M 1837
Charlotte Mylke/Mielke/Milke 1818-≤1843
Charlotte Wiese 1838-1907 M 1862 Karl Sonnenberg ->1878
Johann Sonnenberg 1862-1882
Henriette Karoline Sonnenberg 1866-
Wilhelmine Marie Sonnenberg 1867-≥1902 M 1885 Johann Jabs 1856-≥1901
Emilie Sonnenberg 1870-
Wilhelm Sonnenberg 1875-≤1944 M Karoline Wiese 1874-≤1944
Eduard August Sonnenberg 1879-≥1910 M 1907 Auguste Burkhardt 1878-≥1911
Karl Gottlieb Wiese 1839-1909 M Susanna Ströbel Pansegrau 1838-1912
Johann Wiese 1866-1866
Adolph Wiese 1867-
Ludwig Wiese 1840-≥1902 M 1867 Christine Rach -≥1875
Gustav Wiese 1869-≥1911 M Juliana Hinz/Hintz 1874-≥1912
Johann Wiese 1870-≥1913 M 1903 Julianna Schmidt -≥1913
Albertine Wilhelmine Wiese 1871-
Hulda Wiese 1874-
Mathilde Wiese 1875-
Ludwig Wiese 1840-≥1902 & Christine Sonnenberg -
Euphrosine Wiese 1879-≥1909 M Kristian Matt 1876->1908
Ludwig Wiese 1840-≥1902 & Louise Drews -
Caroline Wiese 1878-
Emilie Wiese 1881-
Ernst Samuel Wiese 1883-
Wilhelmine Wiese 1842-1915 M 1863 Ludwig Kolke 1842-1906
Friedrich Kolke 1864-≤1944
Wilhelm Kolke 1866-≥1884
Wilhelmine Kolke 1868-≤1944
Henriette Kolke 1870-≥1912
August Kolke 1872-≥1914
Johann Kolke 1875-1962
Auguste Kolke 1877-≥1943
Pauline Kolke 1879-1945
Eduard Kolke 1881-1938
Emilie Kolke 1884-1967
Rudolph Kolke 1886-


Gottfried Wiese
Efrosina Emerran
Johann Müller
Karl/Carl Wiese
1815-≥1854
M 1843
Juliane/Juliana/Julie Müller
1823-≥1855
Wilhelmine Wiese
1842-1915
M 1863
Ludwig Kolke
1842-1906 **DNA**
Karoline Wiese
1844-1913
M 1864
Gottfried Sonnenberg
1837-1903
Jacob Sonnenburger
1865-1915
Emilie Sonnenburg
1867-____
Luise Sonnenburg
1870-____
Ephraim Sonnenberg
1876-1878
Ernestine Sonnenberg
1878-≥1879
Johann Sonnenberg
1882-1885
Rudolph Sonnenberg
1884-≥1913
Daniel Sonnenberg
____-1915
Johann Martin Wiese
1845-≥1885
M 1879
Christine Pohl
____-≥1885
Heinrich Wiese
1880-≥1912
Alwine Wiese
1885-≥1914
Wilhelm Ernst Wiese
1846-≥1886
M 1872
Pauline Böttcher
____-≥1886
Johann Adolph Wiese
1873-≥1913
Emilie Wiese
1874-____
Gustav Wilhelm Wiese
1876-1915
Eduard Rudolf Wiese
1877-____
Adolfine Bertha Wiese
1880-≥1912
Adolf Ernst Wiese
1882-1907
Eduard Albert Wiese
1885-1885
Ottilie Auguste Wiese
≥1886-≥1912
Friedrich Johann Wiese
1850-1923
M Rosina Jabs
____-1924
Pauline Wiese
1876-≥1914
Johanna Wiese
1877-____
Hulda Wiese
1880-≥1914
Friedrich Wilhelm Wiese
1881-≥1944
Wilhelmine Wiese
1884-1885
Euphrosine Wiese
1885-≥1914
Lydia Wiese
1891-≥1944
Ernestine Wiese
1897-1903
Olga Wiese
1900-____
Ewald Wiese
1902-1989
Johanna Charlotte Wiese
1855-____

Appendix F: ABOUT THE AUTHOR

I am a “Baby Boomer” born to members of the “Greatest Generation,” which I believe remains an accurate label for my parents’ generation as it was when Tom Brokaw used the term as the title for a book. I grew up in the small town of Essexville, located on the Saginaw River in Bay County, Michigan. My father, who learned carpentry from his father, built a 1½ story wood frame home on Orchard/Sharpe Street, a dead end street, mostly by himself, working nights and weekends. Our neighbors were a mix of European ancestries, who worked at different occupations, many having also served during World War II, and had families, which produced over thirty children running around the neighborhood from dawn to dusk, before television with its three channels became widely available. My paternal grandfather Eduard Kolke, a custom home builder, and ethnic German, who emigrated from Marianowka, Volhynia, Russia, died in 1937, when my father was only fourteen years old, leaving his wife with three sons and four daughters; all of whom worked and contributed to the family. My father and both of his brothers served overseas in the armed forces during World War II, while their widowed, immigrant, German alien mother was home in Bay City. Before the war, my father, who had a high school education, worked as a clerk in a chemical storeroom at the Dow Chemical Company, in Midland, Michigan. He retired as a Research Engineer responsible for designing multiple buildings and complex processes in Dow’s Midland facility.



Even though the Cold War with the Soviet Union was ever present, it didn’t affect our daily lives, which mostly consisted of playing in the woods and fields surrounding the neighborhood. We built our own baseball field and played for hours every day we could. By age twelve, I was cutting lawns around Essexville to earn money, and in the winter we shoveled driveways. The neighborhood was close knit and held a 4th of July picnic on the dead end street every year. After a year at Bay City Central High School, I became a member of Essexville Garber High School’s first graduating class in 1967. When I was fifteen, our neighbor Don Bremer, who managed the Kroger grocery store on Euclid Avenue on Bay City’s westside, gave me a part-time job bagging groceries and unloading semi-trucks by hand, which later transitioned into stocking shelves from midnight to 8:00 am during summer “vacations.”

I attended Michigan State University from September 1967 through December 1970. During the school year, I lived in West Shaw Hall and worked on a maintenance crew, finally as a student building supervisor. I had a very unspectacular academic career, awesome social experiences, and did not get drafted to be sent to Vietnam. In June 1970, my friend Chuck Peterson and I jumped in his VW and headed west for the summer. We traveled to Chicago, the Badlands, Yellowstone and Glacier National Parks, the Canadian Rockies, the West Coast from Vancouver to San Diego, the Sierras, Mexico, and the Southwest, returning to East Lansing broke. After over three years, I left MSU when I ran out of money.

In January 1971, with help from family friend Lawrence ("Buck") Gordon, I was hired by the State of Michigan Department of Social Services as a caseworker in Bay City. There I met my wife Pauline Joann Swincicki, daughter of Edwin Swincicki and Marya Lerczak. On January 15, 1972, we were married in St. Hedwig Catholic Church in Bay City. We have two sons and two grandsons.

From 1971 to 1974, I worked in Bay City, until transferring to Midland County, where I was initially a caseworker and fraud investigator, before becoming a casework supervisor. In 1972, I started at Saginaw Valley State College, from which I graduated in 1978 with a BA in History. We bought our first home on Ranch Drive in Bangor Township, Bay County, in 1973.

3952 Ranch Drive

In January 1980, I quit my job with DSS in Midland to attend Thomas M. Cooley Law School in Lansing. I graduated first in my class in January 1983. After working for one year at another law firm, William Allsopp, Arthur Fitzgerald and I became law partners in a new law firm in 1984. In 1985, we purchased and remodeled the former Peoples National Bank building at 509 East Midland Street in Bay City.

I specialized in civil litigation, concentrating on plaintiff's personal injury, construction law and municipal law. From 1987 to 2006, I served as the lead City Attorney for the City of Bay City. Because of my early involvement and experience in successfully litigating against Dow Corning, I was the Michigan liaison counsel for the federal multi-district litigation involving silicone gel breast implants. I also gave presentations in Chicago and Atlanta for the American Trial Lawyers Association.

Appendix F: ABOUT THE AUTHOR

ALLSOPP, KOLKA &
WACKERLY, P.C.

I designed and co-general contracted the construction of our home at 3222 Kiesel Road, Bay City, which the family moved into in November 1999.

3222
07/02/2005

In 2006, I established a solo law practice in an office next to our home, and retired from practicing law in 2012, to spend time traveling and photographing.

I have witnessed the Great Migration in the Serengeti, Tanzania; mingled with mountain gorillas in Rwanda's Volcanoes National Park; photographed the "Big 5" in Mala Mala, South

Africa, and Botswana's elephants and leopards; and trekked the Namib Desert and Skeleton Coast. I have snorkeled with sharks in the Galapagos Islands; climbed to the top of Quito's Basilica; crossed the Drake Passage and kayaked below the Antarctic Circle; snorkeled in Australia's Great Barrier Reef; traveled to the Outback and Uluru, including the famous Erldunda Resort; climbed the Sydney Bridge; and circumnavigated the South Island of New Zeeland. In six trips to Alaska, I have photographed brown bears in the wilds of Katmai and hundreds of humpback whales in the Inside Passage, as well as experienced Lake Clark, Denali and Wrangell St. Elias in Alaska. I have been to Yellowstone National Park over a dozen times, including four winter trips. I photographed polar bears in Churchill, Manitoba. I have visited every state, including over thirty national parks, and most of Canada, including ten national parks.

Around the time I retired, I developed an interest in the genealogy and history of mine and my wife's families, with research and writing becoming an enjoyable past time to this day. I have been extremely fortunate to connect with like-minded researchers who have graciously shared information and given me advice, hints and direction, as well as reviewed what I have written.

BRIDGECLIMB
SYDNEY